Increased in 11 months to Aug. I,

33,923, or an average gain of 100 a

1892-TWELVE

FORTY SEVENTH YEAR.

PITTSBURG SATURDAY, AUGUST 13.

NO BOYCOTT YET ON HOMESTEAD.

day.

The Federation Executive Council Thinks an Order Isn't Necessary,

BUT IT MAY COME LATER.

Dissatisfaction Among the Finishers Over the Scale.

They Claim They Were Not Fairly Represented on the Committee, and May Refuse to Go to Work-They Figure a Cut of 25 Per Cent in Their Wages -Product of the Homestead Mill Considered Poor and Unmarketable-A Big Mass Meeting This Afternoon for Locked-Out Men.

The scheduled quarterly meeting of the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor was held at the Duquesne Hotel yesterday instead of Homestead. No reason was given for the change in programme, and the people up the river were much disappointed. However, an open meeting will be held at Homestead this afternoon at 2 o'clock, when President Gompers and others will address the lockedout men.

on account of the importance of the Home stead trouble. The members of the board went into session at 9 o'clock in the morn-

Samuel Gompers, Secretary Chris Evans, John B. Lennon, Secretary of the Tailors' Union, all of New York; P. J. McGuire, President of the Carpenters' Brotherhood, Philadelphia, and Vice President W. A. Carney, of the Amalgamated Association.

Discussed the Trouble at Homestead. Some business concerning the trades

which Mr. Gompers said would not interest the public was first transacted and then the council took up the Homestead affair. President Weihe, President-elect Garland, Hugh O'Donnell, Burgess McLuckie and all the members of the Advisory Board headed by Acting Chairman Jack Crawford were called into the conference. The situation at Homestead in all its details and bearings das thoroughly discussed. After listening to reports and suggestions all day, the fol-lowing statement was prepared and read to THE DISPLICH man by P. J. McGuire last

After a thorough investigation and review of the situation in Homestead and the other Carnegie mills and after conference with Amaigamated Association, and on consulta-tion with the Advisory Board of the Home-American Federation of Labor do not deem it necessary at present to issue any general boycott on the Carnegie products, for these

The Reasons for Holding Off.

The amount of work now turned out in the Carnegie mills is of such a trifling and inconsequential character that it would be a sheer waste of effort at this time to issue a boycott. Added to this the quality and small amount of product made is so inferior that it is hardly marketable, and will result in a greater loss of trade to the Carnegie Company than would come from any boy-cott we might now impose. In fact, the un-marketable character of the small amount of work done is sufficient boycott against

the Carnegie Company itself. Should it be necessary to issue a general order in the future to let Carnegle's products alone, we will not hesitate to do so, notwithstanding the threats of the firm to use bers of the Executive Council of the Amertean Federation of Labor are not to be swerved from their path of duty by threats of that kind, for the majority of them before this day have stood in courts of justice to defend their rights as American citizens in suits of conspiracy instituted by corporations of conspiring capitalists.

Be it further known to the American peo ple, in general, that this action of the Execu tive Council in declining to issue a general boycott at this time does not prevent sympathizers with the struggling toilers at Homestead from refusing to use structural iron or steel, nails and other products of the Carnegie mills whereever they locally feel inclined to do so. And at the same time every dollar of financial aid which can be raised should be given free to help this struggle of brawn and brain, muscle and heart against the cold-blooded, grasping avarice of well-protected manufacts Ing avaries of weil-protected manufacturers.

To secure financial contributions, the Exceutive Council is now engaged preparing a circular, which will be issued to-morrow, calling on organized labor and the American public for funds to sustain the men on strike at Homestead and giving a full state ment of facts not heretofore published connection with affairs in Homestead.

Open Meeting at Homestead To-Day, Outside of the statement made President Gompers would say nothing. The council will meet the Advisory Board at Homestead this afternoon, and then the open meeting, to which everybody is invited, will be held. Addresses will be made by all the members of the Executive Council, and other labor leaders. The council will return to the Duquesne in the evening, when the circular to be issued will be prepared and given to THE DISPATCH for publication. All Amalgamated men were admitted to the conference yesterday, and Jerry Dougherty

was a frequent visitor to parior F, where the gathering took place.
High O'Donnell, Burgess McLuckie and T. H. Brown, after they had made their report, started to Boston to address a big labor meeting to-night. They will appeal for funds to assist the men at Homestead. strated that he is a good talker and able to take care of himself before a large crowd. McLuckie has already made a reputation for his rough and ready eloquence. They were given a good send off by their brethren at Homestead.

They May Be Gone Some Time, Just when Messrs. McLuckie, O'Donnell and Brown will return to Homestead it is difficult to say. According to the present programme, the Burgess will make an extended tour through New England. The Advisory Board is confident that a dozen speeches by McLuckie will go a great way toward inducing the workingmen of the East to subscribe liberally to the Home-

The Council decided to meet in Pittsburg ing and were busy until 10 o'clock last night, The members present were President

> order to commence rolling this morning but their men would not return to work. They will again attempt to start up Monday. Phillips, Nimick & Co, expect to commence operations Monday but one of the members of the firm said he did not expect one-half the men to turn out. A. M. Byers & Co. will also endeavor to resume Monday.
>
> The Conference Committee which met

Keil, President M. M. Gariand, Fressurer Ed.
Keil, President William Weihe, P. McEvoy, J. Sheenan, H. Hocking, T. Mansell,
B. Yaden, George Markell, John Carey,
George Gassaman, Solomon Jones, Thomas
Jones, — Chapman, Ed Roderick, —
McClor and John Elliott. Of these men only McClor and John Elliott. Of these men only Chapman and Jones are materially affected by the reduction and Thomas Jones and Roderick are slightly affected. "This," said a prominent finisher, who gave the above information, "is why we claim that the representation we had on the committee was not right. It is not natural that a man would come out in a meeting and propose a reduction in his own wages. A reduction had to be made, however, for a compromise, and the painority. thority to sign.

Greeted by an Unpleasant Surprise. work. The soreheads would have so

How the Puddlers Stand.

that it has been increased to 550 pounds. The puddlers are certainly killing them. selves, for they are widening the differ-ence between the price of steel billets and muck iron to such an extent that the pro-duction of iron will be very limited."

men most affected by the scale are those in the 7, 8 and 9 inch mills; the 10-inch mills are affected only slightly on their smallest orders. There are generally more other kind. A member of our committee
has figured out that a roller's average day's
work has amounted to \$28 50, of which onehalf goes to the rougher. This would leave
\$14 25, which would be distributed as fol-

According to the new scale, 2.25 being half of the 50 cents off billets for nine tons, half of the 50 cents off billets for nine tons, this output being represented in \$28.50; then the general 10.7 reduction would amount to \$1.20, and the pay for the crew to \$6.75, leaving a balance for the roller himself of \$4.05 for the day's work, according to the new scale. We will have a meeting to-morrow in the afternoon of all the Southside lodges. We will simply arrange the detailed feeliling We will simply arrange the details to facili-teed relief fund.

Hugh O'Donnell hadn't much to say. He

We will simply arrange the details to facili-tate the actions of the larger meeting to be beid in the evening of all the lodges in the

BOW'S DISPATCH.

better in his life.

W. J. Brennen, the attorney for the association, was on the train. He was going to New York, he stated, to try to get a pardon for somebody. He wanted it understood that his journey to the metropolis had nothing to do with the Homestead affair.

"Any politics in my visit?" he said, with a smile, and repeated the question. "Well, I would hardly go to New York without calling on Harrity."

Mr. Brennen thinks there is great Democratic campaign material in the Pittsburg labor troubles, and he will load up the wily Harrity for future use.

DON'T LIKE THE SCALE.

FINISHERS DISSATISFIED WITH THE REDUCTION.

Claim That It Means a Cut of 25 Instead of 10 Per Cent in Their Wages -A General Meeting to Be Called-They May Bave

The scale question is not altogether settled yet. There is some dissatisfaction among the men as well as the manufacturers. The finishers are not all pleased with the result of the conference, and question the authority of the committee to make the concession granted. They claim that the reduction is more radical than is generally understood, and that the representation of the finishers on the conference committee was not what it should have been.

Meetings were held yesterday afternoon by the lodges composed of the men working in the Clinton, Painter, Oliver's Tenth and Fifteenth street mills and Jones & Laughlins' mill. The situation was discussed, but no action was taken. It was thought best to proceed earefully and not do anything without first fully considering the move. The meeting adjourned to meet with all of the Southside lodges this afternoon at 2 o'clock to prepare for a general meeting of the district in the evening at which the subject will be discussed and the feeling of every man obtained before any more action is taken. Not a few of the men were ready to go to work yesterday morning, but the intelligence imparted by the Conference Committee that the scale agreed upon was not only a general reduction of 10 per cent, but also took 50 cents off billets changed their determination and they returned home.

Wouldn't Go to Work at Painter's. J. Painter Sons Company were all in

with the manufacturers is composed of ex-President M. M. Garland, Treasurer Ed. however, for a compromise, and the minority certainly got worsted. Our committee had no authority to make any concessions whatever. They were sent there with a scale and that is the only thing they had au-

"You can imagine our surprise when the morning's paper prough: the news that the scale had been signed and a general reduc-tion of 10 per cent had been made in the finishing department. The men took this because they thought they had to, and, although there was a deal of dissatisfactio expressed, the men would have gone to brought into line. Of course we had to depend upon the newspapers for our information, for it could hardly be expected of the Conference Committee to go around and notify everyone what had been done. When the committee did go on the streets it was then discovered that the scale agreed upon did not only mean a general re-duction of 10 per cent, but it also took 50 cents off all billets under 1% inch. This was more than the men could stand, and those who had determined to go to work, when this fact was made known, returned to their homes. The reduction is not 10 per cent, but amounts to about 25 per cent. You can now appreciate why we protest. When we make a % round, or common bar iron, we get \$2 90, which is the base price. Now take 50 cents off for the billet, then take 10 per cent off the balance for the general reduction made and you will find that it amounts to a 25 per cent decrease in the finishers' wage scale. As nearly as I can nnishers wage scale. As hearly as I can remember, 18 years ago when as a boy I started at a mill, the output was from 18,000 to 20,000 pounds daily and the heater made about \$110 every two weeks. Now the production averages 25,000 pounds and it keeps a heater scratching to make from \$80 to \$85 in two weeks. You earliese that our venduations weeks. You can see that our production has greatly increased, while our wages have

"Now, take the puddlers. As long as I can remember the greatest number of pounds produced in one heat was 500, and it has only been in the last two years

A member of the Conference Committee, whose name is in the hands of THE DISwhose name is in the hands of THE DIS-PAICH, but who does not wish his name used, said to a reporter: "There is no doubt a great deal of dissatisfac-tion among the finishers. The rep-resentation they had in the commit-tee was not as full as it might have been but the puddlers have always been the strongest class numerically in the Amalgamated Association and it is colled. Amalgamated Association and it is only a question of the survival of the fittest. The guide mills operated in mills than any

Differences in the New Scale.

wasn't sure whether he would return at once, or continue to make speeches in the East. He laughed at the numerous stories told about his movements. He is looking remarkably well and said he never felt better in his life.

W. J. Branner, the story of the content then. It is my opinion that the men will not go back and work at the scale as agreed upon."

A puddler said to a DISPATCH reporter: "I have worked in mills as puddler in every country nearly in the world. Take a mill of 15 years ago and compare it with a mill of to-day and you will not find three improvements in the methods of working. Good iron is appearing to steel and should de-Good iron is superior to steel and should de-mand a higher price. Any extra number of pounds put in a heat makes the work of a puddler the more laborious."

MUST ACCEPT THE SCALE.

A Committeeman Says They Did the Best They Could.

President Welhe, of the Amalgamated Association, was seen at an early hour this morning. When questioned concerning the stand taken by the workmen in the finish-

stand taken by the workmen in the finishing departments he said he did not care to discuss the matter.

One prominent official of the Amalgamated Association said: "The Conference Committee did the best they could under the circumstances and all workmen should appreciate that fact without making any further trouble. There are always some kickers in every organization. These men who are raising the disturbance now would make trouble if they were advanced. The scale having been agreed upon, the members of the association will certainly have to go to work. This is imperative. If they do not take their positions when the mills start their places will be declared open and any Amalgamated man can apply for the vacancies."

TRUE LOVE TRIUMPHS.

St. Louis Man Wins a Bride After Many Difficulties-The Young Lady's Uncle Throws All Sorts of Obstacles in the Lovers' Way.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 12.—[Special.]—Charles A. Lewis was married to Miss Lily F. Buel to-day after overcoming more difficulties than usually fall in the way of a lover. He tells the following story: "My wife's uncle is Paul Buel. He is now a resident of Quincy, Ill. He and her mother, Mrs. Carolina George, have been opposed to our marriage and tried to pevent it. A week ago last Sunday she was on her way to see me from a friend's residence in the West End, where she had been staying, on Lucas avenue. Mr. Buel met her, put something over her head, chloroformed her, and then took her to a residence on South Jefferson avenue. She did not recover from the chloroform until the following Thursday, but in the mean-time she had contrived to send me two letters, asking me to come to her assistance. But she couldn't learn the number of the house in which she was kept, so she could only say that it was near the Saxon Semi-

"It took me a little while to find the Saxon Seminary, and in the meantime she was spirited away. Last Thursday week Mr. Buel had her hair dyed and goggles placed on her eyes, to disguise her, and then he placed her in a carriage and took her to Redbud, Ill., 30 miles from here. He was finid to go with her because I watched that afraid to go with her, because I watched that point for five days. She could not get any letters sent to me from Redbud, but she made her escape last Monday and came here

"I placed her in a private room by her-"placed her in a private from by herself, and prepared for an early marriage,
but to-day I saw that the police were in
search of her, and I decided to marry her
at once. My brother planned to have the
license issued at his place, to escape the
yigllance of the police, but the plan
falled."

Mr. Lewis finally secured the consent of the girl's mother, and the ceremony was nerformed.

RAILROAD ROBBERS

Run Down by Detectives and Arrests to Be Made To-Day.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 12.—[Special.]—There is considerable gosslp in railroad circles tonight over developments to the effect that a systematic line of stealing has been in progress in the freight department of the Big Four Railroad for the past three or four months. The beadquarters of the company are at Cincinnati, and but little in the way of facts can be secured at this point. The local agent, C. F. Evans, has been called to Cincinnati, and the Superintendent of the Cleveland di-vision is also in that division. It is gleaned that the stealing has been principally on the Columbus and Cincinnati division, and has consisted in the stealing of merchandise of various kinds on an extensive scale, with be handled.

The detectives who have been at work on the case have made their report to General Manager Ramsey at Cincinnati, and the information is that a number of arrests are to follow, probably to-morrow, and that some quite large fish will be caught.

CLEVELAND'S SYMPATHY.

Much Surprised to Find That His Letter in King's Behalf Was Published.

BUZZARD'S BAY, MASS., Aug. 12.-Mr. Cleveland was to-night shown his published letter of July 27, written to Mrs. E. K. White, a niece of Colonel H. Clay King. The letter was a personal one, and Mr. Cleveland was very much surprised to find that it was being published broadcast and that it had been filed among other documents with Governor Buchanan.

Mr. Cleveland does not deny writing the letter. The letter received from Mrs. White

was a very pathetic one and certainly de-served an answer. Mr. Cleveland reiterates his statement that he "ought not to interfere by applying to the Governor for a miti-gation of the sentence." Mrs. White's let-ter, which stated the physical condition of her uncle and the circumstances, led Mr. Cleveland to tender his sympathy for her the death sentence might be avoided.

THIRTY RAVING MANIACS

Made So by the Bites of a Mad Wolf Running Loose in Poland,

LONDON, Aug. 13.-Twenty adults, ten children and numerous animals were recently bitten by a mad wolf at Lodz, Poland, and all are now raving mad and beyond recovery. Their howlings are terrible in the extreme.

An Imposing Naval Review Expected. WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.-Under the act of Congress authorizing the President to invite foreign naval powers to participate in the naval review to be held in New York harbor, next April, the State Department has issued invitations, in the name of the President, to the naval powers of the world. The Navy Department will soon take up the plan and scope of the proposed review, and begin preparations to make the rendez-vous the most imposing the country has ever witnessed.

Extradited for a Pennsylvania Murder. MONTREAL, Aug. 12.-Judge Dugas rendered judgment to-day ordering extradition of the two Hebrews, Blank and Rosenweig. arrested for she murder of Jake Marks in Towanda, Pa. The prisoners will be kept in jail here for 15 days, during which time they are at liberty to appeal for a writ of habeas corpus.

MURDER AND PIRACY

A True South Sea Story of the Horrible Work of Two Brothers.

THEY SEIZE A SCHOONER.

Killing the Captain and His Mate and Giving Their Bodies

TO THE SHARKS FOR A BIG MEAL

Heartless Conduct of the Two Villains While Their Victims

DIE WITHOUT BEING ABLE TO CRY OUT

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 12.-Full details SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 12—Full details were received to-day by the brig Galilee, from Tahiti, of the foulest cases of murder and piracy known in the South seas for years. The old California schooner Dolly J., which served for years as a pleasure yacht for King Pomare, of Tahiti, was recently sold at the King's death, and christened the Niulosy. She was fitted out by merchants of Papeeto for a cruise among the South Ser Islands. The vessel was loaded with goods for trade, and besides there was \$5,000 on board, wherewith to buy coprs and pearl shell. Captain Costella was in command and the mate was a man named Roedique; the supercargo was Willie Gib-son, the cook, a Kanaka from the island of Moals, and the remaining four of the crew were Kanakas.

The Captain was not well known in Tahiti, but everybody knew Roedique. He is a man of splendid attainments and can speak English, French, German and all the dialects of the South seas. He has a brother who has been a trader in the Kingswell group. Both men are exact counterparts of Case, the villain in Stevenson's "On the Beach at Falesa."

Ran Away With a Schooner. On the night before the vessel was to sail from Papute she disappeared. The owners were worried and sent out a gunboat, but the search was fruitless. Finally they learned that she was trading in the Permote

From Permoto she went to the Kingswell group, and there Roedique's brother was taken on board as a passenger. Then the deviltry began. The two brothers determined to seize the ship, cargo and \$5,000 in treasure, and in order to do so, got Molai, the cook, to help them, As they were nearing the Marshall group the cook put poison in the food of the four men and they died in great agony.

The Roedique brothers stood over them,

watched the death struggles of the four poor devils, and chuckled because there was no outery. Molai hid himself in the galley and the brothers proceeded to finish the Corpses Fed to the Sharks.

Captain Castella and Supercargo Gibson were sitting in the cabin eating their dinner. Mate Roedique entered the room, his brother following. The mate walked up to the captain and his brother to the supercargo. Like clockwork two pistols were drawn, two shots sounded like one, and the brains of the captain and supercargo mingled on the dinner table. The mess was cleared away and the brothers ate dinner while the cool steered the ship.

After dinner the six bodies were thrown overboard, and the Roediques seemed to enjoy watching the sharks making their dinner off the dead men. Sev eral islands were touched at, and on all of them the three men had a good time. Money was no object, and they had the best of everything. They returned to the Kingswell group, and while on drunken debauch the brothers and Molai had a quar-

The Pirate Brothers Placed in Irons. Molai, after being refused money, went on board a Spanish man-of-war in the harbor, told his tale, and before long the brothers were in irons and a crew from the man-of-war was in charge. On board were found \$3,000 in cash, 60 tons of copra, and one ton of pearl shell, so that the men must cash, have spent \$2,000 in about three weeks. When the Galilee left Tahiti the schoone was on her way to Papute, and the next vessel that gets in from there will tell the fate of the brothers.

The Roedique brothers, it was ascertained to-night, are escaped convicts from New Calidonia. They gained their liberty at Noumea, about two years ago, and reached Australia in a small boat. From Australia they went to Cape Colony, then to the Sandwich Islands, and finally to Tahiti. They are men of fine education, but hardened desperadoes, who have probably committed similar crimes to the butchery with which they are now charged.

HUCKLEBERRY HILL and its Rattle snakes by Ed Mott in THE DISPATCH to-

OF A FAR-REACHING NATURE Is the Eight-Hour Law Passed at the Last Session of Congress.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Solicitor General Aldrich, of the Department of Justice, is preparing an opinion in regard to the application of the provisions of the eight-hour law passed at the last session of Congress to the public service in all the executive departments, but more especially with works under contracts with private firms, such as the building of naval and other vessels, and the construction and repair of There is scarcely any department of the Government that is not affected in some de-

gree by this labor law, and action will be suspended in all cases where doubt exists as to its applicability, until after the law has been construed by the Solicitor General. The opinion will be rendered next week. Bids for the Inman Greyhounds.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 12.-Clement A Griscom, President of the International Navigation Company, is a passenger on the City of New York, which is expected to city of New York, which is expected to arrive from Europe to-day. It is thought that upon Mr. Griscom's return the contracts will be awarded for building the two new ocean greyhounds of the Inman line, and it is generally conceded that William Oramp & Sons will be the successful bidders.



WEIHE AND O'DONNELI

Being Boomed for Congress and the Legislature, Respectively.

THE MISSION OF A PITTSBURG MAN Divined by the Politicians Around Re-

publican Headquarters. BOURKE COCKEAN TO SPEAK HERE SOON

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH, 1 NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—One of the most nteresting stories heard to-day at Chairman Carter's bureau was that T. J. Keenan, Jr., of Pittsburg, had come to town on an important mission. Keenan is personally a Democrat, and yet he is the head of a Re-

publican newspaper. He is here in New York in his individual capacity. It was asserted by the Republicans that Keenan is to be joined here on Tuesday by W. J. Brennen, Chairman of the Allegheny Democratic County Committee, and counsel for the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, and James M. Guffey, the Pennsylvania Democrat who has not always been in accord with Chair-

man Harrity.

This delegation, it was said by the Republicans at Mr. Carter's bureau, would make it their principal business to request Representatives W. Bourks Cockran to open the Democratic campaign in Western sylvania, where William Weihe, Pres rennsylvania, where william weine, Fres-ident of the Amalgamated Association, is to be nominated for Congress against John Dalzell, the tariff war horse in the Key-A further announcement by the Republi-

cans at National Headquarters was that Editor Keenan, Mr. Brennen and Mr. Guffey laid to-day before Mr. Harrity a programme by which Hugh O'Donnell is to be nominated by the Democrats for the Pennsylvania Legislature.

A Retort to a Story of Last Week. This is a sort of Republican retort to the story current when O'Donnell was last, that he was negotiating some deal with the Republican National Committee through John E Millholland. The announcement that Judge Walter Q. Gresham, of Indiana, was to speak for the candidates of the third party, General Weaver and his associates, was not pleasantly received at the Republican National

Chairman Carter at last gathered around him enough of the Executive Committee to held a meeting. It lasted four hours. The most significant result of the meeting was the announcement that there is no lack of money and a number of spellbinders are awaiting opportunities to orate. The Executive Committeemen were informed that the party machinery in all the States has been got in order. Some of the visitors at headquarters beside Whitelaw Reid were Senator Historick and Whitelaw Reid were Senator Hiscock and ex-Senator Warner Miller. These gentlemen also called at Chairman Hackett's

Avenue Hotel. Hon. Whitelaw Reid is to depart on Mon day for the West. He will first visit his aged mother at Xenia, O., and will afterward, on August 18, formally open the cam-paign at the convention of the State League of Republican Clubs at Springfield, Ill.

Cockran's Services at His Party's Call, Representative W. Bourke Cockran, whose Representative W. Bourke Cockran, whose speech at Chicago will be memorable in Democratic history, Senator John G. Carlisle and Senator Ransom were the three most distinguished visitors at Hon. William Frank Harrity's Democratic National camp, at 139 Fifth avenue, to-day. Mr. Cockran called to say that he was at the service of the National Committee to speak whenever and wherever it desired. He added that he expected to take the stump early in Septempected to take the stump early in Septem-ber. Senator Carlisle was on his way to Boston on committee duty.

Chairman F. M. Simmons, of the Demo-eratic State Central Committee of North Carolina, is in the city endeavoring to arrange for a visit by Mr. Stevenson to North Carolina, his native State, during the latter part of August or early in September. Mr. Simmons also hopes to induce Mr. Cleve-land to visit North Carolina at that time.

DECATUR, ILL., Aug. 12 -Mrs. Catherine Grave, of Danville, Ill., died in a Wabash chair car to-day just as the train was pulling into Decatur. She started from New Salem, Ill., this morning. She was ill then and was going home to die, but it was thought she could live several days. The corpse was taken on to Danville in the chair car, which was nearly filled with

Duly on Convict-Made Good WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.-The Treasury Department has denied the application of Rev. George F. Pentecost, of Brooklyn, for the free admission of certain "durries" (Indian cotton carpets), woven to fill the rooms of his house at Northfield, Mass, for the reason that they are the products of convict labor, having been made in one of the prisons of India.

Streator's Dismissal Asked For, HARRISBURG, Aug. 12.-Governor Pattison has received a petition from citizens of Nanticoke, asking the dismissal of Colonel Streater on account of the Iams

BLACK DIPHTHERIA RAGING. Consternation at McKeesport, Where an

Entire Family Threatens to Be Annihilated—A Mt, Pleasant Boasehold as Badly Afflicted-Milk to Be Inspected. McKeesport, Aug. 12. — [Special.] — Black diphtheria is raging here and the city is in a state of consternation. The Board of Health is putting forth every effort to stamp out the disease. It threatens to completely wipe out the family of W. S. Robinson, all of its members being prostrated. Several deaths in the city have been reported. The cases to-day were reported by Dr. W. B. Taylor, of the Board of Health, and immediately the board posted a notice quarantining the infected premises. To-day the board inaugurated the system

To-day the board inaugurated the system of inspecting milk. Six sample bottles were taken from the different dairymen by the health officer and presented to the society, who will have them inspected.

The fatal attack of the disease on the family of Joseph D. Montgomery, near West Newton, is a matter of general comment. One son has already died in the Mercy Hospital, Pittsburg; Frank, aged 13, died one week from vesterday; Maggie died last Monday night. The four remaining sons, Nathan, Joseph, Adam and Finley, were sent to the Mercy Hospital. Miss Lizzie McGrew, a neighbor who nursed the family all through their troubles in a spirit of oharity, is also prostrated.

Mr. Montgomery is down with the disease, and is said to have sent to West Newton for lots in the cemetery, saying, "the last of this week we will all be dead." Nathan, the oldest son, died at the hospital yesterday afternoon, and while his funeral was in progress Findley, aged 17 years, died at the hospital. A very strange feature is that the Robinson family and the Montgomerys are causing.

years, died at the hospital. A very strange feature is that the Robinson family and the Montgomerys are cousins.

FLED AND FAILED. Crooked Acts of a Partner Wrecks a Boston

Commission Firm, Boston, Aug. 12.-Gilman, Cheney & Co., flour and grain commission merchants, assigned to-day to C. P. Searle. Rumor places the liabilities at \$150,000, but

Mr. Searle thinks they will less than that. The assets are not stated. The failure is said to be due to the absconding of the senier member of the firm, J. E. Gilman. T. N. Cheney, the junior partner of the firm, is also the treasurer of the Boston Chamber of Commerce. Gilman was appointed executor of the estate of W. F. Walker, who at the time of his death controlled the bean trade of Boston. Walker left a fortune of \$150,000. Gilman has not yet filed in the probate court for Suffolk county an inventory of the Walker estate, neither has he filed any accounts of money that has come to his hands or what he has paid out as executor. It is said that the greater portion of this estate has been misappropriated by the absent executor. It is said that Gilman had control of his father's estate, which is said to be quite large, and it is hinted that this is in a muddle. On August 2 the firm received a letter from Gil-

man, dated New York, in which he said that he was going to Baltimore. Since that time his whereabouts are unknown. ON TO AFGHANISTAN.

Russian Troops Moving to the Frontier and Fomenting the Rebellion.

ODESSA, Aug. 12.-Russian troops are being rapidly moved from Turkestan to the Afghan frontier. Ishak Khan and his son Ismail, pretenders to the Afghan throne, have taken refuge at Samarkand with 200 adherents. All are receiving handsome allowances from the Russian treasury, and are actively intriguing against the pres-

ent ruler of Afghanistan. A sign of the anti-English feeling in Russia is that all Hindoos have been ordered to quit Turkestan within six months Fresh centers of disturbance have appeared in Afghan Turkestan, probably due to emissaries of the Russian Government.

Washington Of clairy Depleted. WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.-At sunset tonorrow there will be no official head of the Government in Washington and affairs of state will be looked after over Sunday by the officers next in rank. Assistant Secre-tary Soley, in the absence of Secre-tary Tracy, is acting as the head of the Navy Department, and General Grant presides over the War Department. Secretary Foster, of the State Department, intends spend-ing Sunday at Deer Park, and Assistant Secretary Wharton goes to Tuxedo for three weeks. Altogether, officially, the city is well depleted.

Rain Spoils Harrison's Fishing. LOON LAKE, N. Y., Aug. 12.-President Harrison's proposed fishing trip was post poned to-day on account of rain. He break-fasted rather later than usual and afterward went to the cottage in an closed carriage.
The President did not take his usual daily drive, but remained at the cottage with Mrs. Harrison.

BRADFORD, Aug. 12 - [Special.] - Peter Anderson, an oil producer, cut his thros with a pocket knife in a lonely spot in the woods near Rew City this afternoon. He had purchased some oil property a few years ago, but owing to the depreciation of values was unable to pay for it and meet other obligations. He was also in bad health.

A PINKERTON

THREE CENTS.

The Carnegie Officials Were Warned Last Tuesday by the Gotham Agency

TO LOOK FOR AARONSTAMM.

He Has Been Missing for Several Days From His Old Haunts.

POLICE DISCREDIT THE STORY.

But Pinkertons Think the Plot Was Hatched in New York City.

CHAIRMAN PRICK CLOSELY GUARDED

The officials of the Carnegie company have known for three days that Aaron stamm, the Anarchist, was headed this way from New York with the avowed purpose of killing H. C. Frick. They were informed last Tuesday, but what puzzled them most is how the story leaked out. Mr. Frick has no fear of the "ugly duckling," but he was worried yesterday over the publica-

The fact is that the officials of the company received their information and were warned by a report from Robert Pinkerton, Superintendent of the New York Agency. It was turned over to the general counsel of the firm, who, by the way, receives all the inflammatory letters as well, and he thought the secret was locked in his safe. So it was, but somebody leaked in New York, and somebody else dropped a few remarks here, and this is how the report was unearthed. The police in Pittsburg and in New York are doing all they can to ridicule the story, and the impression is gaining ground among those who are posted that it is a trick of Superintendent Byrnes to throw Aaronstamm off the track, and thus lead to

Aaronstamm Was Too Confiding, It appears that Aaronstamm confided his secret to a supposed friend, who told it to the Austrian Vice Consul, and from him it reached Bob Pinkerton. The supposition is that the friend was a Pinkerton man and

reported direct to his chief.

he has had men looking for the would-b

assassin in Dutchtown and other parts of the city haunted by the Anarchists, The Entire Police Force Hunting. Superintendent O'Mara may not think much of the report, but his force of officers and detectives have been carrying around and detectives have been carrying around with them since Tuesday a description of the young villain. They have been keeping a sharp lookout for him, and it is safe to say if he ever puts his foot inside of the city he will not escape the bastile. One of the detectives saw a man on Fifth avenue yesterday afternoon who answered the description of the Anarchist. He said the fellow was a "dead ringer" for Aaronstamm and his heart leaped for joy as he thought he had the chap so badly wanted. His victim soon convinced the detective that he was wrong. He gave a good account of himself and was allowed to go. The suspect was a coal miner from a town up the Monongahela

and was in the city on business.

It is denied quite freely by police and officials of the company that the offices and Mr. Frick's home are guarded. Now, this is the truth. Two detectives from the front office force have been stationed at the entrance to the office on Fifth avenue ever since the shooting occurred. They begin at 9 o'clock, and stay on watch until 6 in the evening. Detective McTighe has been detailed as a bodyguard for Mr. Frick since he returned to work. He has been seen riding on the same car with the Chairman to and from his home, always keeping his eye on his wealthy charge. He did this last night and will continue to do so for some time to

come. Frick Doesn't Like a Guard, Mr. Frick dislikes being closely watched, but his friends insist that such a guard is necessary. Two policemen from the Sec-ond district have also been guarding the home night and day since Berkman fired the shots. They were instructed to keep away

suspicious characters.
In addition after Aaronstamm was heard In addition after Aaronstamm was heard of, from two to three coal and iron policemen were placed inside of the office on the second floor. One of them sits in a big chair at the head of the stairs, apparently taking life very easy, but nobody enters Mr. Frick's office without passing under his searching scrutiny. The detectives at the entrance are equally vigilant, and anyone the least bit suspicious-looking is stopped. Several persons were held yesterday, but they soon satisfied the officers that they had business in the building.

business in the building.

Aaronstamm hasn't shown up in Pittsharonstamm hasn't shown up in Pitta-burg so far as the police know, and Mr. Frick is so carefully guarded that neither he nor any other assassin could come near him without encountering a detective. The Chairman is guarded night and day. It is needless to add that Mr. Frick has no fears for his life. He insists that the precautions taken are unnecessary.

Pinkerton Men Hard at Work.

The Pinkertons have ten men employed here. They spend their time between Homestead and Pittsburg. They are collecting evidence and watching for dangerous people. These detectives report daily to the lawyers. The firm is receiving all kinds of inflammatory letters that are very tiresome. They are handed to P. O. Knox; he glances at them, smiles as he feels like it, and then the office boy burns them.

Secretary Lovejoy laughed at the story. He said: "While I believe Aaronstamm may have left New York, I do not think he Pinkerton Men Hard at Work.

He said: "While I believe Aaronstamm may have left New York, I do not think he is in Pittsburg. If he is here the police will get him. We are not worrying about the fellow or his intentions. No extra precautions have been taken. Of course common prudance would tell us that some guards are required."

The following telegram was received from New York last evening: "Young Aronstamm, the Russian who is a nephew

The following telegram was received from New York last evening: "Young Aronstamm, the Russian who is a nephew of a Harlem druggist, and who was an associate in this city of Berkman, the assassin of Mr. Frick, disappeared from his haunts here a couple of weeks ago, according to Foreman Kramer, of John Most's publication office, to whom Herr Most referred in contrast. A story was published to day quirers. A story was published to-day