

THE END OF FRIDAY

Gladstone Notified That He Will Be Summoned by Victoria That Day.

SALISBURY WILL RESIGN

And the Grand Old Man Will Be Given the Reins of Government.

BLAKE, THE CANADIAN, SPEAKS

France at Last Jumps Upon Poor Little Dahomey With Both Feet.

QUITE AN EARTHQUAKE IN GERMANY

LONDON, Aug. 10.—Mr. Gladstone to-day received a communication from General Sir Henry F. Ponsonby, Private Secretary to the Queen, announcing that arrangements are being made for his reception on Friday at Osborne House, the Queen's residence on the Isle of Wight, whither Mr. Gladstone will proceed in response to a summons from Her Majesty. The object of the Queen in summoning Mr. Gladstone to Osborne House is to entrust to him the formation of a new Government.

Lord Salisbury is expected at Osborne House to-morrow to tender the resignation of the present Government upon the adoption by the House of Commons of the "no confidence" amendment to the address in reply to the Queen's speech.

Hon. Edward Blake, formerly Premier of Ontario, who was elected in the recent campaign to represent South Longford in Parliament, addressed a meeting of the Home Rule Union of London to-night. He spoke in the same general manner as he did during the speech which he delivered at the Eighty Club dinner, given in his honor Thursday.

An Eye to Future By-Elections

He pointed out the necessity of continued work in order to capture all possible by-elections for the home rule cause. Viewed in the light of a curious tendency to equality in popular opinion, he said, the Liberal majority is a substantial one. Conservative advocates of unity had analyzed and cut the majority into sections, declaring the majority had emanated from Ireland, and therefore did not count. Would they have said that if the circumstances had been reversed and Ireland had declared against home rule?

He did not idealize democracy. He believes it is being put to the severest test as to whether it would be able to use its power with wisdom, self-restraint and discernment, but he hopes it will be equal to the task. The English nation are steady in resolution and energy in action to advance slowly and never to retreat. Therefore, English reforms are durable and blessed. Let them advance, and soon the dawn will see the sun of the new day rising over the horizon of the blessed day of reconciliation for joy and regenerated Ireland, no longer the weakness, despair and shame, but the strength, the pride and the glory of the United Kingdom.

QUAKING IN GERMANY

Wild Panics Caused by the Shocks in a Number of Large Cities.

BERLIN, Aug. 10.—At 8:50 o'clock this morning an earthquake was felt at Bonn, Coblenz and Niederlahnstein. The movement lasted for 10 seconds. At Neiderlahnstein the shock was so severe that a number of chimneys were thrown down and the people were in great fear for their lives. The school houses at this place were damaged and the scholars were panic-stricken. Wild rushes were made for the doors and windows, and some of the smaller children were hurt in the scramble to escape from the building, which it was thought would fall.

At Coblenz, when the people realized that an earthquake was prevailing, they precipitately left their dwellings and made their way to the open spaces. Many of the people who are visiting the place for their health were taking their morning bath at the time of the shock. They hastily threw about themselves scanty coverings and left the bathing houses as quickly as possible. By the time they reached the streets, however, the movement had ceased. So far no report of any serious damage has been received.

THE DAHOMEY WAR BEGINS

French Gunboats Bombard Every Coast Town and Land an Expedition.

PARIS, Aug. 10.—A dispatch from Kotonou states that the French forces began hostilities against the Dahomeans yesterday. Every point on the coast held by the Dahomeans, including Whydah, was bombarded. Ahomey and Kalavy were also bombarded. The guns of the fort at Kotonou aided two dispatch boats to sweep the flat country around Kotonou. The expedition inland will start from Porto Novo.

TANGIER IN GREAT DANGER

Moorish Troops Twice Defeated and Driven to the Capital by Tribesmen.

TANGIER, Aug. 10.—This evening 2,000 of the Sultan's troops made two attacks upon the rebellious Angherite tribesmen, and were each time driven back in great disorder. Orders were finally given for the troops to retreat, and the forces, in a badly demoralized condition, made their way to the camp at Tangier.

Quarrels Knock Us Out of a Cardinal

LONDON, Aug. 10.—The Pope's desire to make an American Cardinal at the next consistory has been frustrated by the divergence of the views of Archbishop Corrigan and Ireland. The Pope has resolved

EIGHT MORE BALLOTS

And Still the Twenty-first District Republicans Cannot Agree on a Successor to Huff.

Nebraska Republicans Put Up a Candidate Who Is Not a Citizen.

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LIBERATED BY INGENUITY

A German Prisoner Wins His Freedom by Inventing an Improved Cannon.

BERLIN, Aug. 10.—The inventive genius of an officer named Thomas, of the German artillery, who in 1864 was sentenced at Halle to 11 years' imprisonment for treason, has stood him in good stead in having his sentence commuted, and will probably result in a material improvement in his financial condition. During his leisure moments in prison Thomas devoted himself to the study of artillery devices. He invented a process which is a great improvement on the method now employed in the construction of cannon.

He informed the prison authorities of his invention, and they in turn notified the German officers, and the inventor was allowed to go to the front. He was discharged from the prison, and to-day the papers were reprinted at the prison, giving the prisoner his liberty.

Cholera's Record Yesterday

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 10.—Advices from Teheran, the capital of Persia, show that the cholera is increasing in virulence there. The deaths in the city now average 60 daily. An official report, just issued, shows that on Sunday there were reported from all the cholera districts in Persia 4,261 new cases of the disease. On the same day 2,177 persons died of cholera.

A PASSPORT QUITE HANDY

So Thinks an East New York Hotel Proprietor Who Is Detained in Germany.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—[Special.]—Henry C. Breden, proprietor of the Howard House at East New York, is a native of Germany, and two months ago he decided to visit his old home. A host of friends went down the bay to give him a fitting send-off, and he sailed. In his letters from Germany Mr. Breden has spoken of the fine time he was having. The one before the last said that he would write but one more before starting for home. The last letter came today, and in it was a request that his naturalization papers be sent him at once, as he was detained by the German Government, and unless his papers could be produced he would have to remain under military surveillance.

The Howard House has been turned upside down and inside out, but the naturalization papers cannot be found. The hunt is still going on. Joseph H. Winters, assistant chief of the office of Sessions in Brooklyn, who issues passports, says that he tried to induce Breden, who is an old friend of his, to take a passport and avoid possible trouble, but the latter declined. Mr. Breden was naturalized in this city in 1878.

THE CANADIAN TOLLS

Canal Boats to Be Withdrawn, but No Official Announcement Yet.

TORONTO, Aug. 10.—The Govt. alluding to the conflicting official and semi-official reports on the subject of the intentions of the Government with respect to the canal tolls, says, it will, no doubt, be found that the position is really this: The Government has discussed the subject in Council and has practically decided to withdraw the rebate, but has not yet decided to do so in official form, and is, therefore, unable to announce it. There is a disposition to assail the ministers for what is termed their approaching back-tightening, but the ministers may be blamed for entering upon a policy in respect of which adverse representations from all the national private interests without first counting the cost and determining upon the possibility of continuing it; but it is a matter of course which in the end may lead to further difficulties. If the Government intends, as it is believed it does, to abolish the rebate, it ought to do so before the American flag placing an embargo upon Canadian vessels at the Sault comes into force.

The Collis Train Robbers

REDFIELD, CAL., Aug. 10.—Two men, one named last night as a man in a cart a mile east and north of Dinuba. Two men on horseback joined him. The man in the cart was very lame in the left leg. He said to Ten Eyck that his horse was nearly played out. The three men remained together near the railroad until after dark. They are thought to be the Collis train robbers, but the direction they took has not been ascertained.

Diamonds in California

California mineralogists believe that there is excellent chance of California being a great diamond producing region at some time. Melvin Atwood, one of the discoverers of the Comstock lode and a noted mineralogist, believes that there is great probability of finding in California one or even more of the volcanic pipes containing diamonds like that at Kimberley, Bulfontein, and other famous diamond districts.

Postmaster Gilleland's Condition

Postmaster Gilleland, of Allegheny, who has been seriously ill for some time, but who was said to be improving, was reported much worse last night.

Very True

The demand for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is steadily growing, from the fact that all who give it a trial are pleased with the results and recommend it to their neighbors. We feel sure that the remedy cannot be recommended too highly.

WAGLEY & SNEAD, DRUGGISTS

NEWTON, IA.

People Coming Home

Are now seeking good rooms for the fall. So if you wish your vacant room occupied advertise it at once in the rooms to let center advertising columns of THE DISPATCH.

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Colonel George F. Huff, of Westmoreland, the district candidate at Buffalo, came to Punxsutawney with a band of a dozen or more lieutenants. They are Westmoreland county's best men and will certainly make their wishes felt. The Colonel wants the nomination, and he has as much as at least as good as any one in the field.

The impression is that when the break is made it will be toward Mr. Huff. Indiana is quietly looking after the Indiana Senatorial district, and the Jefferson man is State Senator to elect. The candidates are Captain James Mitchell, of Jefferson, and Hon. M. C. Watson, of Indiana. A month or so ago the Legislature in Indiana proved a failure, and about two weeks ago another was held, but it was less fruitful than the first. It caused more or less hard feeling in the district.

Left to Fight Out the Battle

The two candidates went to Philadelphia last week, and asked the State Committee to act. That body refused and sent them back home to fight it out. At the present time the third and in all probability the last conference is being held in Brookville. The conferees are balloting without coming near a result. It is understood that this will be kept up until the Congressional conference shows what it intends to do, as some people think the one depends upon the other.

It is said the State Committee is a trifle more friendly to Mr. Mitchell, and even though it refused to take a hand in the matter, it is quietly looking after his interests. If he receives the nomination, a damper will be laid on Mr. Bond's Congressional prospects. The county cannot expect to get the two offices.

A SENATORIAL DEADLOCK

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The conference to-day met at 12 o'clock, took one ballot, and adjourned at 12:30 p. m. There was no sign of a break in the afternoon, and the conference adjourned to meet at Condoport, Potter county, next Tuesday.

A COMBINE IN LOUISIANA

Republicans and Farmers' Alliance Fusion in Congressional District.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 10.—The Crusader, the local Republican organ, declares that the Republicans here combine with the People's party or Farmers' Alliance on Congressmen, the understanding being that the Republican party in North Louisiana is to give the candidates which the Alliance will put out in the Third and Fourth districts their note in return for the Alliance support for the Republican candidates in the Second and Third districts in South Louisiana.

The Republicans announce their intention to make the fight in the latter two districts on the sugar bonus issue, and hope to secure two Congressmen. No combination is suggested on the electoral ticket.

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The Republican Nominee for Lieutenant Governor Not a United States Citizen.

OMAHA, NEB., Aug. 10.—It has been discovered that Rev. J. G. Tate, the Republican nominee for Lieutenant Governor, is ineligible. Tate is an Englishman, and he failed to take out his naturalization papers until a year ago. The constitution requires that the Governor and Lieutenant Governor shall have been citizens of the United States two years prior to their election. The State Central Committee will be called upon to fill the vacancy.

Tate's case is similar to Governor Boyd's, the difference being that Tate's father was never naturalized and he was not a resident of Nebraska when it was admitted into the Union.

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WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—Assistant Secretary Crouse, Republican nominee for Governor of Nebraska, will visit that State on the 20th instant, for the purpose of opening the campaign. He will make several speeches. He said to-day that he will not formally resign his Federal office until he has learned the wishes of the President in that respect. It is expected, however, that he will arrange to have his resignation take effect about the 1st proximo.

Rhode Island Prohibitionists Meet

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 10.—The Prohibitionists met in convention to-day at Silver Springs. The National Prohibition platform was adopted. A resolution was adopted, sanctioning the election of lady delegates to conventions. Following the State Convention district conventions were held to nominate candidates for Congress.

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THE BUSINESS WORLD

A Bad Showing of the Condition of the Corn Crop This Month.

ONLY FOUR WORSE YEARS NOTED

C. P. Huntington and Others Building a Railroad Across Honduras.

FIRES, FAILURES AND RAILWAY NEWS

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—The crop returns of the Department of Agriculture show a slight improvement in the condition of corn, raising the monthly average from 81.1 in July to 82.5 in August. Only four years since the initiation of crop reporting has there been a lower August condition. In the year of worst failure, 1881, it was 79, declining to 66 in October. In 1890 it was 73.3, declining to 70.6 in October. In August, 1888, it was 80.7, and in 1887 it was 80.5, declining later only in the latter years.

In the later years a slight improvement is indicated in the States north of the Ohio river, and a greater advance in the States west of the Mississippi river, except Kansas and Nebraska. The condition is high in nearly all the Southern States, nearly the same as in July in the breadth west of the Mississippi; higher in the lower States of the Atlantic coast and slightly lower in Alabama and Mississippi. A small decline is seen in the Middle States, except New York, and in the West, where it is generally high, and in the West the average is higher than in the East.

The following averages of principal States are given: New York, 90; Pennsylvania, 86; Ohio, 85; Indiana, 84; Illinois, 83; Iowa, 79; Missouri, 83; Kansas, 81; Nebraska, 80. Most correspondents indicate a present tendency to further improvement.

The returns relating to spring wheat are lower, declining during the months from a general average of 90.9 to 87.3. The reduction is from 90 to 86 in Wisconsin, 92 to 87 in Minnesota and 90 to 86 in North Dakota. There has been slight advance in South Dakota and Nebraska, with no change in Iowa. In the mountain States the condition is generally high. In Washington a decline is reported, from 90 to 78, as a result of blighting heat, and 1. Oregon from 91 to 78.

The condition of other crops averages as follows: Spring rice, 89.8, instead of 92.7 in July; oats, 86.3, a fall of 1.1; barley, 88.4, instead of 89.4; corn, 82.5, condition 89.2; potatoes, 86.8, declining from 90; tobacco, 88.8, a fall from 92.7; hay, 93.2.

BIENOS CANALS KNOCKED OUT

C. P. Huntington and Others Building a Railroad in Honduras.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—Collis P. Huntington is to furnish a part of the capital for the construction of a railroad in Honduras to complete a line from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Mr. Huntington and yesterday announced that he is to furnish a part of the capital for the construction of a railroad in Honduras to complete a line from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Mr. Huntington and yesterday announced that he is to furnish a part of the capital for the construction of a railroad in Honduras to complete a line from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

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HOW TO GET THE WORKS

An Ingenious Way Which Helps the Fisherman Whenever in Need.

Nobly need work at digging worms for bait unless he is fond of the exercise, for they can be procured in almost any quantity with very little labor whenever they are needed, says a fisherman in the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The process is simple. Take a strong stick four or five feet long and sharp at one end, and go to the ground and dig out a mole from a barn, where the worms are sure to be plentiful. Drive the stick four or five inches into the ground with a hammer or stone, and then begin to twist it with a rotary motion. Every few minutes hit the top of the stick with a hammer, and in a few minutes the worms will begin crawling out of their holes, and all you have to do is to gather them up and put them in your can. They bear the grinding and think it is a mole after them, and know that only on the surface are they safe. So they come out, those nearest to the sound making their appearance first with every evidence of haste and trepidation.

Sometimes they come up for a distance of 10 or 15 feet from the twisting stick, and in places where they are plentiful as many as a bushel can be secured in a few minutes in this manner. Some people think a worm has no sense, and they may be right in general, but a worm knows that a mole is its deadliest enemy and will come scurrying to the top of the ground any time it hears a mole coming in its direction.

HORSES WITH SPECTACLES

Their Principal Use Is to Teach the Horse Pearson's High Stepping.

Although it may seem almost ludicrous to think of horses wearing spectacles, it is nevertheless a fact that they do sometimes wear them. The business of one well-known firm of opticians in London consists largely in the manufacture of horse spectacles.

The object of the spectacles is to promote high stepping. They are made of stiff leather, entirely inclosing the eyes of the horse, and the glasses used are of deep concave and large in size. The ground under the horse to be raised, and he steps high, thinking he is going up hill or has to step over some obstacle.

This system of spectacle wearing is adopted while the horse is young, and its effect on his step and action is said to be remarkable. It has been discovered that the cause of a horse's stying is, as a rule, short sight, and it is now suggested that the sight of all horses should be tested, like that of children.