# A THIRD PARTY BOOM

Being Worked Out in Great Shape on the Quiet at the National Capital.

HUSTLING AFTER VOTES

In a Number of Southern States Heretofore Always Solid

FOR THE PARTY OF FREE TRADE.

The Old Parties' Chairmen Not to Gather in the Funds.

CONTRAST WITH MEN OF FORMER YEARS

WASHINGTON, July 21.-Now that the national committees are made up and the gossip of the work of the campaign is in a way put in substantial form, it is a remarkable fact that the People's party is attracting more real interest than either of the old parties from the experienced politicians. The divisions in the Democratic party, the difficulty the Republicans experienced in organizing after the nomination of Mr. Harrison, the defeat of the silver bill, which was a chief nim of the Third party, has encouraged the element most conspicuously represented by Tom Watson in the House, to hope for what would seem to the rest of the world the wildest results.

During the last few days I have talked with many members of the People's party, and other Southern and Western citizens not affiliating with it, and it is apparent from the information gained, that the work that is being done is something never before attempted by an independent party in this country, and that the move-ment is more formidable by far than would appear from the reports in the press, which is not in sympathy with it, and which does what it can to suppress the truth.

A Sanguine Third Party Lawyer. For instance, Robert M. Smith, a former New York man, but now a prominent lawver in Florida and attorney and partner in one of the wealthiest phosphate companies in that State, who has been here on business this week, tells me that he has had pro-fessional work to do throughout Florida and Georgia in the last few weeks, and has found the movement of the People's party to be carrying everything before it. He tells me that he has seen the most prominent citizens from every part of the South and that in private and non-partisan conversation they well agree that the People's party is likely to carry North Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Tennessee and several other Southern States, in regard to

which the information is not at this time The missionary work, that is being done The missionary work, that is being done here in Washington is remarkable. Not only is the organ of the Alliance, the National Economist, sending out a vast edition weekly, but another newspaper, the National Watchman, published under the auspices of the Third party members in Congress, is having an immense circulation. Its office has the appearance of the headquarters of a national committee the headquarters of a national committee of one of the old parties. A number of typewriters click constantly, girls are busy folding and addressing documents and the newspapers. It resembles one of the document rooms at the Capitol.

Demand for Tom Watson's Book One of the works most in demand is a political hand-book compiled by Represent-ative Tom Watson, which is an astonishing representation of the manner in which Congress and the various administrations of recent years have legislated and operated in the interests of banks and corporations. It is not a crank argument, but a statement of legislative acts and official decisions which must lead members of any party to stop and think. It has had an ise circulation already, and the de-

mand increases every day.

Mr. Dunning, editor and publisher of the National Watchman, is a gentleman of fine education and an orator who fairly magnetizes his audiences, a man without a superior perhaps, in the newspaper publishing busi-

Without going into long and dry de-tails of the work of the People's party campaign, it will be seen-from these statements that it is earnest and from these statements that it is earnest and formidable. While it may not accomplish any victory this year, when party lines are drawn tightly on account of its being a year of the national elections, even the most rigid adherents of the old parties admit that at the next Congressional elections the People's party stands a good show to elect sufficient number of members to hold the halance of power and block all legislation if their peculiar principles are not sub-scribed to and embodied in laws.

The Two New Chairmen.

The selection of ex-Postmaster Harrity, of Philadelphia, as Chairman of the National Democratic Committee, though well anticipated, is not received by Democrats here with any enthusiasm. Indeed, the organization of both committees of the old parties is esteemed as conspicuously weak as compared with other years.

Mr. Harrity is looked upon as having merely a very meager local fame as an or-ganizer. Mr. Carter, of the Republican Committee, was never heard of until he was appointed commissioner of the general land office. Neither can person-ally influence great contributions. Ex-Secretary Whitney is looked to as the financial solicitor for the Democrats and Whitelaw Reid and Chauncey Depew for the Republicans. In 1888 it was Tracy and Gorman, who, as great party maniputors, pulled in the "sinews of war." The hairmen have no influence whatever to induce large contributions, and will be mere party clerks of men who are personally interested in party success. L.

# RETALIATION ON CANADA.

The House Hurriedly Passes the Bill to Bring the Kanucks to Terms-Hustled Over to the House and Sure to Pass and

Be Signed at Once, WASHINGTON, July 21.-The most impertant legislation passed by the House today was the bill to enforce reciprocal commercial relations between the United States and Canada. The President has sent two messages to Congress on the subject, and to-day the House passed the measure without division and sent it at once to the Senate. It was laid before that body just before adjournment and placed on the calendar. This promptness indicates that Congress is very much in earnest in this matter, that the President will be heartily supported and the great interest involved protected.

When the bill was called up in the House Mr. Blount, of Georgia, said that the Presi-dent had in two messages called the atten-tion of Congress to the fact that, notwithstanding treaty rights, American citizens were discriminated against in the matter of transportation through the Welland, St. Lawrence and other canals. A rebate was accorded to Canadian vessels which was not accorded to American vessels. This bill was designed to require that this discrimination should be abolished and that the treaty rights of American eltizens should be preserved.

A Bill of Interest Everywhere. Mr. Hitt, of Illinois, said the pending have bill was one that deeply concerned the peo-

ple of the Northwest and the cities of the East-everywhere that the grain trade concerned American citizens.

The bill was passed without division. It provides that when the President shall be

satisfied that the passage through any canal or lock connected with the navigation of the St. Lawrence river, the great lakes or the waterways connecting the same of any vessels of the United States or of cargoes or passengers in transit to any port of the United States is prohibited or is made difficult or burdensome by the imposition of tolls or otherwise, which he shall deem to be reciprocally un-just and unreasonable, he shall have the power to suspend the right of free passage through the St. Mary's Falls Caual, so far, as it relates to vessels owned by the sub jects of the Government discriminating against the United States.

Rushed Over to the Senate. The sponsors of the bill lost no time after its passage, but hurried it through the hands of the engrossing clerks and had it sent over to the Senate. The action of the House was by no means

as hasty as might appear, for even in the last Democratic administration the diplo-matic officers of the Government had begun to impress upon Congress the ne-cessity of doing something in the nature of retaliation to meet the continued discrimination of the Canadians against American commerce. As the President has nmended the legislation there can be recommended the legislation there can be no doubt of action upon the bill when it reaches him. Moreover, it is only the first step in retaliation on the part of this Government for if it tails of its purpose it may be followed up by the enactment of other pending bills that are much more stringent in terms—for instance, cutting off the immensely valua-ble privilege now enjoyed by the Canadians of shipping goods through the United States in bond and without the payment of duty and imposing discriminating duties against European and Chinese imports en-tering the United States via Canada.

#### TOO MANY WIVES.

Peculiar Allegation Made by a Daughter Against Her Father - A Sharpsburg Family Man Charged With Having a Wife and Children in Ohio,

Sharpsburg has a new sensation resultng from a peculiar interpretation of the laws of society and the married relation by a recent but popular resident. J. M. Paterson moved into the town a year ago as the representative of the Brooks Oil Company, of Cleveland, for Western Pennsylvania, and rented a fine house on Main street. His wife, a grown son and a 3-year-old child were his family, and until a few days ago they were well received among the best people in the town. Patterson made friends rapidly and, incidentally, sold con-siderable oil to business men and manufac-

Last Tuesday, however, there came a hange over the situation. A stylishly ressed young lady, claiming to be Patterson's daughter, went to Sharpsburg and be-fore Justice of the Peace Baird entered a Green. She alleged that her mother, Patterson's legal wife, lived at Wellsville, O., where she has a family of his children and that he frequently visited her there. The daughter charged that the Sharpsburg Mrs. Patterson was really a Mrs. Green, who has a family of children of her own and has ived as Patterson's wife for five years.

When a DISPATCH reporter called at

Mr. Patterson's home last night Mrs. Pat-terson, or Green, declined to talk. Her son, however, talked freely. He said that Mr. Patterson had been arrested at Leetonia, O., last Tuesday on a charge of assault entered by a nephew named Smith, who had asked Patterson for permission to marry one of his Wellsville daughters and when Patterson refused, a fight resulted. Patterson was released a few hours later, but his first wife threatened to sue for bigamy, whereupon, according to the son's story Patterson made a contract with her by which she received all his property at Wellsville on condition that not to disturb him any further, and he was to pay her \$16 per month besides. As the young man states it, Mrs. Patterson violated the contract by sending her daughter to enter another suit against him. The daughter was accompanied by the young man who wants to marry her. Patterson is not visible to the Sharpsburg police, but Mrs. Green's son declares his intention of entering suit against young Smith and the Miss Patterson from Wellsville as soon as he finds them. He says his mother is a respectable woman and entirely blameless in her relationship with Mr. Patterson.

# HO FOR HOMESTEAD.

The Carnegie Company Engaging Many Workmen in Philadelphia, PHILADELPHIA, July 21. - Workmen

are being engaged in this city to replace the striking workmen of the Carnegie Steel Company at Homestead, and for several days past the office of the company has been besieged by those seeking employment. J. Ogden Hoffman, the agent of the com-

pany in this city, said to-day that while the company need not advertise for men, workmen throughout the country, attracted by the labor scale of wages at Homestead, are coming in daily, and all such as gave evidence of being good skilled laborers were being employed by him.

No provisions have been made to trans-port these men to Homestead, and all employed will have to get there as best they can. He declined to state just how many men he had employed, but said the number was considerable, in fact the company had called a halt on him. A specimen of the skilled labor employed was encountered by the reporter as he was leaving the office, and the following conversation took place:

'Are you going to Homestead to work?" 'Yes, I am going to try it.' "What part of the country are you from?"
"I'm just in from Cuba on a sailing

Were you ever employed in any iron and steel works? "No. I ran into Homestead once with a boat load of pig iron."

# GOMPERS GAINS HIS POINT.

Four of His Men to Assist in Heading Off

Contract Laborers. NEW YORK, July 21 .- [ Special. ]-Superintendent of Immigration Weber to-day granted to President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, the privilege of placing four of his representatives on Ellis Island to inspect incoming immigrants. This is practically a confession that the Federal authorities are unable to prevent the importation of contract laborers to take the places of striking American workingmen in the iron, glass and steel mills of Western Pennsylvania. For a long time sturdy looking Germans, French and Englishmen have been landed at Ellis Island, whose appearance would in-dicate that they were skilled laborers and not merely farm hands. These have all anawered the questions put to them satisfactor-ily, and been allowed to depart. Their destination was in nearly every case West-

ern Pennsylvania. It is the intention to pay particular attention to the hands of new arrivals, and if they are hardened from toil and have the they are nardened from toil and have the appearance of belonging to men who worked in steel and iron mills, they will be detained and subjected to a searching examination before they are allowed to depart. The labor representatives will probably report for duty to-morrow.

Paris Invents a Pretty Name for Cholers PARIS, July 21.-The cholers in the suburbs of this city is stationary and exhibits no tendency to extension within the fortifi-cations. Officially the disease is styled epi-demic choleriforme. It develops so slowly that the time for prepartions to combat it can be readily taken. It does not seem to have taken root within the walls of the

# A DARK DON QUIXOTE

Armed With an Ax, a Revolver and a Pile of Detective Stories.

TERRORIZES THE MOUNTAINEERS.

He Vanquishes His Three Pursuers After a Desperate Fight.

NEWSY NOTES FROM NEARBY TOWNS

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH 1 UNIONTOWN, July 21.-The inhabitants of the foothills of the mountains east of Connellsville are terrorized by the presence of a colored man named Abe Holland, who has become violently insane, and who scouts the woods in search of men, women and children, all of whom he considers mortal enemies. His last attack was made upon old man Stubble, a mountaineer, whom he almost dispatched with an ax yesterday. Stubble was saved by two men who succeeded in frightening Holland

The terrified inhabitants induced Stubble to file a complaint. He went to Connellsville yesterday morning and secured a war-rant for Holland's arrest. Accompanied by Constable Campbell and two policemen he started for the cabin of the insane negro. They found him standing outside the door, They found him standing outside the door, armed with an ax and a revolver. He immediately attacked them with the ax. The officers wrenched this weapon from his grasp. Holland then drew his revolve and attempted to shoot, but after a hard struggle this was also taken from him. The negro then became desverate and fought like a tiger, making the woods resound with his unearthly yells. Although he was thrown to the ground repeatedly, he succeeded in rising to his feetbefore the officers could handenff him. He leaped into the laurels and underbrush, closely pursued by the officers, who knocked him down several times.

times.

Holland finally knocked two of the officers down with rocks and escaped. Almost every stitch of clothing was torn from his body in the struggle; even one of his shoes was torn off. The officers returned and raided his hut, which contained several frearms, cooking usensits and a large pile of detective stories. They waited at the hut several hours for Holland to return, but the nearro did not show himself.

several hours for Holland to return, but the negro did not show himself.

Holland has been living in the mountains for a number of years, and until recently was one of the most peaceable residents of the section. It is not known what has driven him insane. During the lest two weeks he has visited Connellsville half a dozen times, and on each occasion he carried the ax and had a big revolver in his belt.

#### HEADED BY AN AMAZON.

Determined Woman and Her Sons Drive Pipe Line Workmen From Her Farm. JOHNSTOWN, July 21.—[Special.]—A riot took place on the farm of Peter Nitch, near here, a few days ago. Nitch objected to the Crescent Pipe Line Company laying pipes through his farm because of a violation of a contract. When the foremen with a gang of workmen attempted to lay the pipes, the farmer's wife appeared with four of her sons, each armed with a shotgun, the old lady herself having a revolver in her belt.

Indy herself having a revolver in her belt. She defied the foreman to put a foot on her ground, and said she would kill the first one who did.

Superintendent Cole heard of the trouble and tried to reason with her, when she struck him a blow on the neck knocking him to the ground. A truce was declared, and the workmen moved to another spot, but two hours after returned to another point on the farm. At the same time the constables appeared with warrants for the arrest of all of the Nitch family, sworn out by the Superintendent, charging them with riot. They were all taken ten miles away to a justice's office, where Mrs. Nitch was put under heavy bail for court. Meantime a large force of men were put to work, and by the time the old lady and her sons returned the pipes had been laid through the farm. Mrs. Mitch had also entered suit against Mr. Cole, the Superintendent, for riot, but when she became aware of the state of affairs, all suits were withdrawn, Mr. Cole paying the costs. Mrs. Nitch connelled an attorner. she became aware of the state of affairs, all suits were withdrawn, Mr. Cole paying the costs. Mrs. Nitch consulted an attorney, who advised her that if the company did not pay her what she thought proper, she could tear up the pipe. There will be trouble, no doubt if Mrs Nitch takes his advice.

# RAW RECRUITS DISCIPLINED.

Young Men Who Joined a Military Company

Grt More Than They Want. LIMA, July 21.—[Special.]—Some time ago, at Celina, a number of young business men were mustered into Company K, Second Regiment, to swell the ranks to a sufficient number to defeat a candidate for one of the higher offices in the company, with the understanding that they would be temporary members and released as soon as the elec-

members and released as soon as the election was over. They did not succeed in defeating the man, however, and at the meeting a call was issued for all members to be present. The new recruits, who did not respond, were sent after and brought into headquarters by a detailed squad.

The matter was looked upon as a good joke until the same thing was repeated by the officers in command, when the young gentlemen began to take the matter in a more serious manner. Yesterday an order was issued from the regiment headquarter, anthorizing the company officers to place the new recruits under arrest and lock them up unless they report for duty and go into camp with the regiment next Sunday at Presque Isle. Those who have got into the difficulty and who are putting forth every effort to get out of it, are Mont Washburne, Pat Schunck, Mike Hemmert, Harry Bryan, W. B. Armstrong, Frank Touvelle (nominee for County Treasurer) Mack Murlin, J. P. Moore (editor Celina Democrat) and Ed Bryson.

5,000 Sunday School Workers. CARLISLE, July 21.-[Special.]-Fully 5,000 Sunday school workers were to-day in atendance at Williams' Grove, this being the third day of the convention. The session third day of the convention. The session this morning was very interesting. "Through Japan and Across the Pacific" was the subject of a lecture delivered this afternoon by Rev. TF. Clark, an Eastern divine. This evening's session consisted of a musical entertainment, followed by a lecture by Rev. J. H. Hector, entitled, "The Story of My Life." To-morrow is Society Day, and many ministers are expected. inisters are expected.

A Constable Charged With Murder, NEWARK, O , July 21 .- [Special.] - This ever ing the preliminary bearing of F. L. Haslet held. Haslet is charged with sho and killing George Swigert while the latter was resisting arrest. The Coroner's verdict was that the shooting was accidental, but it was argued to-day that as Constable Haslet had no warrant for the arrest of his man the offense was plainly that of nurder. Haslet was released on a \$3,500 bond, a charge of manslaughter being finally en-

Robbers Caught After Two Months. Uniontown, July 21.—[Special.]—Albert Herrington, Frank Cagey, James Harrington Herrington, Frank Cagey, James Harrington and William Campbell were lodged in jail here to-day, charged with the robbery of Eberhardt's store at New Geneva. This robbery was committed last May. James Harrington and Campbell were arrested at McKeesport yesterday, and the other two were taken from the mountains along the Cheat river, where they were hiding.

Novel Fire Protection for a Village. MILLERSBURG, July 21.-[Special.]-Nash-ville, this county, has in operation water works of a novel nature as a protection works of a novel nature as a protection against file. A hure tank holding about 300 barrels has been placed on an elevation several feet above the highest building, from which pipes connecting with hose are laid to different parts of the town. The water is forced into the tank by means of an air

A Wild Woman of the Wood. CUMBERLAND, MD., July 21 .- [Special.]-Levi CUMBERLAND, MD., July 21.—(Special.)—Levi Hambleton, living three miles from here, saw a woman supposed to be a lunatic standing near his home to day. She was entirely nude. When he came in sight she ran like a deer. The whole neighborhood turned out, but the search was fruitless. The Sheriff, with some deputies, was also out, but no trace of her could be found.

Water Works for Brownsville BROWNSVILLE, July 31-[Special.]-This town and Bridgeport will be the first towns in Fayette county to be supplied with river water by the reservoir system. Heretofore these places have been supplied with water

rom a reservoir located back of the borough from a reservoir located back of the borong a limits on the bill and fed by the springs on the surrounding hills. The supply thus furnished was found to be insufficient. The Brownsville Water Company and the Bridgeport Water Company were chartered at Harrisburg Tuesday, with a combined capital of \$30,000. These two companies have already combined and will supply both towns with an excellent water system.

### MINOR M'KEESPORT MATTERS.

The Infanticide Case-Two Accident Fined for Cruelty to His Niece. McKersport, July 21 .- [Special.]-Corone McDowell arrived here to-day to investigat the case in which the fully-developed child was found in a vault in the yard of David Gosmer. Mrs. Gosmer's condition was such as to warrant the postponement of the invostigation for one week.

Charlie, the 7-year-old sou of John Wunderlie, of Christy Park, whose leg was broken and crushed while trying toget on a wagon, died this morning.

Charles Jones, aged 30 years, a resident of Pittsburg, and employed on the Ocean Wave, fell between two barges and had his leg so badly crushed that it will have to be amputated.

amputated.
Fred Reimer, of Buena Vista, was fined \$10 to-day by Alderman Douglass, of Boston, for ill-treating his neice, aged 15. The young miss was turned over to the Anti-Cruelty Society of Pittsburg.

#### A WANAMAKER CONTRACT.

Honest John Repainting the State Buildings at Harrisburg. HARRISBURG, July 21.-[Special.]-The con-tract for the painting of the public buildings and Executive Mansion has been awarded to John Wanamaker by Secretary Harrity. The contract was let to Mr. Wans maker one year ago. Five workmen have been at work and are now painting the dome of the Capitol. The contract is worth sev-eral thousand dollars to the Postmaster General, as the wood work of all the public buildings is to be repainted.

The master painters of Harrisburg made a

rigorous protest to the Secretary of State against awarding the contract to the Postmuster General, contending that he did not carry out the provisions of his contract of last year.

Tri-State Brevities.

FREEDOM-Three dwellings were raided by

burglars Wednesday night. McKEESPORT-Churles, son of John Wun der, of Christy Park, died yesterday morn-ing from injuries received last Monday even-ing, when he was caught in a wagon wheel and whirled around.

HUNTINGDON-The walls of the City Hall and fire department headquarters collapsed Wednesday night just after the City Council had adjourned. Excavations for a building adjoining had undermined the foundations. DATTON-Maurice Yuker, a Russian, and Mrs. Bertha Jacobs were married Wednesday night. Mrs. Jacobs has eight children by her first husband and is the aunt of the young husband. Yuker's brother objected to the marriage and became demonstrative but the widow had him arrested and fined for disturbing the peace, and the wedding went on. The couple would never have been licensed to wed but the clerk of the court did not interpret the Russian language correctly, and did not understand that luker wanted to marry his aunt.

#### PEOPLE COMING AND GOING.

The private coach of President McRes, of the Penn Railway, was attached to the fast train last night and carried the official to Philadelphia.

A. Romanoff, a tourist from St. Peters-burg, is staying at the Duquesne while look-ing over the two cities. Thomas Hampton, of East street, Allegheny, left yesterday to spend the summer it Atlantic City.

T. H. Gainer and sister, Mrs. C. B. Howard, of Eastern Maryland, are stopping at the Duquesne. Mrs. E. Griffith and son, of Parker, were

Controller Morrow was one of the excurdon party to the seashore vesterday. John J. Scott, of Stevensville, was at the seventh Avenue Hotel yesterday.

C. Rayburn, of Kittanning, was among the Seventh Avenue guests. F. E. Kelly, of Johnstown, was a guest at the St. James yesterday. A S Pierce and wife, of Lancaster

Charles R. Moore, of Morganza, was St. James Hotel guest. H. S. McClure, of Confluence, was at the Schlosser yesterday. C. W. Dennison was registered at the

Pittsburgers in New York. New York, July 21.—[Special.]—The following Pittsburgers are registered at hotel: ing Pittsburgers are registered at botels here: J. H. McKeley, Fifth Avenue; I. Rhodes, Fifth Avenue; W. Trew, Fifth Avenue; W. Trew, Fifth Avenue; W. H. Trew, Fifth Avenue; Miss Church, St. Denis; A. R. McKain, St. Denis; A. J. Bernstein, Savoy; L. E. Boit, Broadway Central; F. R. Buxley, Continental; R. H. Campe, Plaza; C. H. England, Continental; W. Martin, Imperial; D. McGary, Broadway Central; R. M. McPhee, Gedney; M. W. Mead, Imperial; C. E. Miller, Morton; G. W. Morso, Broadway Central; J. W. Moore, Broadway Central; S. J. Saint, Broadway Central; W. J. Saint, Broadway Central,

Smallpox Stamped's Summer Resorters. NEWPORT, R. I., July 21.—Owing to the discovery of smallpox in a Block Island hotel, there has been a constant hegira of strangers and guests from the island. In some hotels there scarcely any guests re-main, and it is believed that by Saturday the hotels of this resort will be practically

# NO PLACE LIKE HOME,

Providing You Have One of Hamilton

Pianos or Organs.

Hanos or Organs.

How true this is hundreds of our people can attest who are enjoying their summer vacation in this truly rational way. i. e., resting at home; but the hundreds of others who stay at home who are as yet SAVE MONEY.

unacquainted with the satisfying joys of a Decker, or Knahe, or Fischer, or Estey piano or organ. To them this message is specially addressed, for what they save in money (saying nothing of comfort) in money (saying nothing of comfort, by resting at home will almost if not en

by resting at home will almost if not en-tirely, pay for a piano or organ at Ham-OUR MIDEUMMER PRICES.

ilton's. We have some elegant and choice instruments, slightly shopworn, left over from the busy seasons which we are selling at less than half their value; also some splendid second-hand instruments, nearly good as new, or good leading makes, taken in exchange for our Decker SAVE MONEY.

and other superior makes which we alone handle. These pianos have been going

and other superior makes which we arone handle. These pisnos have been going off like "ice cream and strawberries" at \$100, \$125, \$150 and up to \$200, real spiendid bargains and on very easy terms, \$10 to \$25 down and \$5, \$6, \$8 and \$10 per month until paid for, the stool and cover thrown in, Who would or should be without one of Hamilton's instruents? All of you cannot go to the sea tore or mountains to swelter and shake

and waste your money, but you can make the entire family (and friends) happy by securing one of Hamilton's bargains at once. We have only about 50 or 60 of these special bargains remaining, and at the present rate they will not remain very long, so please come early as you can while there is still great variety to choose from. We are also constantly ave Money.

ve Money.

exchanging pianos of all other styles and
makes for our Decker, Knabe and Fischer
pianos and we arrange easy terms of
payment for any part remaining unpaid.
Now is your time to buy at S. Hamilton's
great Hamilton building, 91 and 93 Fifth
avenue, Pittsburg. A NEW MUSICAL INVENTION. The Seven-Octave Plano-Organ.

The Seven-Octave Plano-Organ.

This new invention combines the advantages of the organ and the plano. In tone it is equal to the best organs, while in its case, the number of its keys (7 octaves), its light action and improved pedals it is like an upright plano. It is the only organ made on which plano music can be satisfactorily performed, while it costs but one-third the price of a plano. Send for catalogue and prices to the agents, H. Rieber & Bro., Ltd., No. 506 Wood street, Pittsburg.

Excursion Via the Picturesque B. & O. R.R. To Atlantic City, via Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia, on Thursday, July 28, 1892. Rate \$10 the round trip; tickets good for 12 days from day of sale and good to stop off at Washington City returning. Trains with Pullman parlor and sleeping cars will leave B. & O. depot, Pittsburg, at 8 a. M. and 9:20 THE schedules of John Wesson, New York jeweler and silversmith, show liabilities of

Dr Wirr's Little Early Risers. Best pill for billiousness, sick headache, malaria.

THE BUSINESS WORLD New York and Other Eastern Flour-

ing Millers to Pool Issues.

A LITTLE SENSATION IN SALT.

The Et Louis Exchange Refuses to Kill Anti-Trust Quotations.

FIRES, FAILURES AND RAILWAY NEWS

NEW YORK, July 21. - There was to-day completed an organization of the city flour millers which it is claimed will do away with the sharp competition that has existed for some time, and which had forced prices to an uncertain and low basis. The mills that have agreed to consolidate are Heckers, or Croton Mills, the Jewell Milling Company, the Kings County Milling Company, the Staten Island Mills and Jones & Co.'s Mills. The capital of the organization is \$7,500,000.

The new company will not seek to com pete with the Western trade, it is said, but will confine its efforts entirely to New York and its immediate vicinity. John Hecker, in speaking of the matter to-day, said: "The proposed company is in no sense a trust. The price of flour will not be increased. The reduction will be made in this way: Where we now employ five sets of buyers, one will be found sufficient, and this will be one will be found sufficient, and this will be held good regarding salesmen, bookkeepers and office employes. Of course, the force of men employed will be larger than is now at work in any one of the mills, but nothing like the force employed in all five mills."

"Will you try competition with the Eastern millers?"

"I do not think so. Our trade in the East is a well-established one, and we have enough work to do to supply the home supply."

A dispatch from Albany says: A conference between representative rye flour mil-

A dispatch from Albany says: A conference between representative rye flour millers of the East has been held here. The object of the meeting was to take action which would better the condition of the milling business. Reports showed that not a single miller had made a dollar of profit in his business during the last six months. A basis of profit was discussed, and it was finally adopted as the sense of the meeting, that the millers might reasonably expect an average profit of 30 cents a barrel on the 130 four they make. It was also adopted as the sense of the meeting:

"That it is not the purpose of the rye millers to fix, from time to time, the price to be paid for rye, nor the prices at which the product from milling rye shall be sold. Neither is it their purpose to attempt to prescribe methods of carrying on the business of rye milling or interiere in any way with a miller as to how he shall run his business, but the sole purpose is to endeavor to make the business pay a profit commensurate with its risks."

The fact that many millers were adulterating their products with wheat and other mixtures, which lessened the price, came in for severe consure.

The Northwestern Miller says: "The mills

mixtures, which lessened the price, came in for severe censure.

The Northwestern Miller says: "The mills naturally ground an increased amount of flour last week. The week's output was 188,970 barrels, averaging 32,990 barrels daily, arainst 147,390 barrels the previous week: 125,930 barrels the corresponding time in 1891, and 123,200 barrels in 1890. There were 19 mills running to-day, and the week's work promises to exceed that of last week. The firmness in wheat has still further helped the flour trade, and for a week back the sales by local mills have been a good deal in excess of the manufacturer. Prices have been marked up 10 cents to 15 cents per barrel. Foreigners show the most interest, and at 6d advance they are quite free buyers. The best feature of the situation is that bakers' are being bid for more.

### A SALTY BUBBLE BURSTS.

One of the Stockholders of a Non-Paying Kansas Well Refuses to Pay Up. BEVERLY, MASS., July 21.-Some time ago citizens of Boston, Lynn, Salem and Beverly secured control of the Crystal Sait Mining Company of Kingman, for \$150,000. The agent, A. E. Smith, represented that the mine would pay big dividends from the start and that it is in a section who

could supply the market, which included the whole Northwest.

The dividends not forthcoming, Austin Whitcomb, a stockholder, went West to ex-amine the company's property. He found that the mine was not paying expenses; that there were several salt mines in the vicinity in full overstion. in full operation, any one of which could lurnish all the salt needed in the country. Mr. Whitcomb, on his return, gave up his stock, which he had paid for with notes, but Smith refused to receive it. The notes went to protest and the agent has brought suit to recover.

Anti-Whisky Trust Ogotations Hold. Sr. Louis, July 21.—Agent Bevis, of the Whisky Trust, in this city, demanded yesterday of Secretary George H. Morgan, of the Merchants' Exchange, that the quota the Merchants' Exchange, that the quotation of \$1 10 per gallon on high wines inaugurated by the Central Distillery Company be erased, and the trust price, \$1 15, be substituted. After consultation with the Quotation Committee, Secretary Morgan refused to comply, as the members held the antitrust quotation to be perfectly regular. Mr. Bevis then went to T. Carroll Taylor, Chairman of the Quotation Committee, and entered an emphatic protest. Mt. Taylor, however, declined to change the quotation. This action of Mr. Bevis is quite generally regarded as the first move of a war to be made upon the Central Distillery by the trust.

Investigating the Coal Combine. New York, July 21.-Four members of the committee appointed by the State Senate to investigate the Reading Railroad coal deal met again this afternoon. The first witness examined was E. P. Holden, Second Vice President of the Delaware and Lackawanna. He considered that the average advance in the price of domestic coal since January 1 the price of domestic coal since January I was 50 to 60 cents per ton. His company produces some 16 to 18 per cent of the anthracite production, while the Philadelphia and Reading, Jersey Central and Lehigh Valley, that form the coal combine, control about 70 per cent of the product. The purpose of the combine is to prevent overproduction.

Shutting Down on Brick Boycotts. New York, July 21.—At a meeting of the Associated Brick Company and brick barge owners to-day the following resolution were adopted: "That we will not submit to were adopted: "That we will not submit to dictation by the Brick Handlers' Union or any other union; that we, who are owners of barges or vessels engaged in the brick carrying business, will hereafter employ only such men as will unload and deliver our brick to any party or at any place where they may be ordered by their employers or their agents."

# operations yesterday afternoon. For the present one set of baths is employed, turning out 500 boxes of roofing sheets per week. Other baths are under way, however, and the number will be increased to six, so that the total capacity of the plant will be 3,000 boxes per week.

BUSINESS BREVITIES.

A New Tipplate Plant,

Norrisrows, July 21.—The Edwards tin-plate plant in Plymouth township began

A CHICAGO paper says: "Not one firm in It is expected that the Russian Govern ment will authorize the export of rye and bran August L

THE American Flint Glass Workers in ses sion at Elmira, N. Y., have adjourned to meet next year at Marion, Ind. THE Metropolitan Gas Company's entire plant at Elizabeth, N. J., will be sold by the Sheriff on August 24 to satisfy creditors. GRAND RAPIDS carpenters refused to lay idewalks with spikes from the Carnegie

mills. Spikes of a different brand were then

A RECEIVER has been appointed for the

George H. Schastry Company, Limited, furniture manufacturers of New York. Lia bilities, \$80,000; actual assets, \$85,000. THE Lackawanna Iron and Steel Com THE Lackawanna Iron and Steel Company's mills at Wilkesbarre, which have been idle for six months, will resume operations to day, giving employment to 500 men.

THE worthless assets of the Vincennes National Bank will amount to \$190,000 in round figures, and officers, directors and stockholders will be required to raise \$50,000 to \$50,000 to pay off liabilities. \$231,719; nominal assets, \$141,840; actual assets, \$43,880. Of the liabilities, \$153,918 are NO ADOPTED SONS GO. secured, and \$107,801 unsecured.

THE Hugh McCollum, Jr., Company, Cincinnati, plumbers and dealers in plumbers supplies, has assigned. Assets and liabili-ties about \$20,000. The cause is said to be a disagreement among the stockholders.

Ax alleged combination among wholesale drygoods firms for reinstating the old rates allowed on discounts in sales, is creating much excitement in business circles. It is understood that the syndicate includes the New York and Philadelphia houses in the business.

AT a meeting of the creditors of the Leste Shoe Company and Lester & Co., Bingham ton, N. Y., in Boston Wednesday, the Com-mittee of Investigation reported the total liabilities to be \$253,000, with assets nomi-nally aggregating \$218,000. An offer of 35 cents on the dollar was submitted to the meeting.

Final action was not taken. The total production of pig iron in the United States in the first half of 1892 was 4,799 058 gross tons against 4,911,763 tons in the second half of 1891, a decrease of 112,707 tons. Adding the production of the two half years, there was a production of 710,819 gross tons in 12 months, or 508,116 tons in excess of 1899. THE puddling department at the mills of

the Crum Creek Iron and Steel Company, in Ridley township, near Chester, Pa., resumed operations Wednesday with non-union men, paying the new Amalgamated scale, which is \$2 per ton for wrought scrap and \$5 per ton for half wrought scrap. A number of the old hands returned to work. The molders' strike, which has been in progress at Hamilton, Ont., since February,

appears to have failed, as the foundries are all running with non-union men. Most of the latter are outsiders. The wages now paid range from \$1.50 to \$3 per day, instead of a general scale for all hands of \$2.50. Over 100 union men have left and 50 are yet in the A crisis is threatened in the Lancashire cotton trade. The Federation of Master Cot

reduction be made in the wages of the operatives, and that mills be run on short time. It is thought that the Amalgamated Association of Operative Cotton Spinners will refuse to accept a reduction in wages, and that a strike or lockout will rollow. Tux American Wheel Works were disposed of at public sale in Indianapolis Wednesday.

ton Spinners recommends that a 10 per cent

of at public sale in Indianapolis Wednesday. The company had plants in Indianapolis, Terre Haute, Ft. Wayne, Miamisburg, Sandusky, Sidney and Kaiamazoo. Only one bid was received, that being from D. W. Minchell, of Terre Haute, who secured the works at 80 per cent of their appraised value, the purchase price approximating over \$1,000,000.

#### RAILWAY INTERESTS.

THE fight of the railroads and the Texas State Commission began in the United States Court at Dallas, Tex., and will continue several days.

Ir is reported that on account of the re fusal of the Western Traffic Association to carry out the agreement, the Chicago, Bur-lington and Quincy will withdraw from the association in October.

THE Atchison has announced that it will make a rate of \$12 from Chicago to Denver and return for the Triennial Conclave of the Knights Templar. This startling cut filled the other roads with dismay. THREE HUNDRED employes of the Great Northern Railroad struck at Red Lake Falls, Minn., for \$2 a day Wednesday. Their de-mand is a raise from \$1.75 to \$2 for men, and \$3.70 to \$4 a day for teams. A compromise is

expected. THE reorganization of the Internation al and Great Northern Railroad, recently released from the receivership, includes the issue of \$17,000,000 of certificates of debt, \$3,000,000 of third mortgage bonds, and the payment into the company's treasury of \$1,000,000 in cash by the stockholders.

MAJOR WATHAN, Chief Engineer of the Texas Pacific, accompanied by Engineer McWillis, is making a thorough inspection of the Denison, Bonham and New Orleans Railway, which was graded from Denison to Bonham, but never operated. It is stated the Texas Pacific will operate the road at

THE FIRE RECORD. Akron-The large brick plant of the Akron Stoneware Company. Loss, \$35,000; insur-ance, \$20,000.

Memphis—The Cottonwood Lumber Manufacturing Company's sawmill. about \$100,000; partly insured. North Conway, N. H.—The Boston and Maine bridge and trestle work over the Saco river, between here and Conway Center, is burning.

Zanesville—The Drakes lumber yard. The first people on the ground say that the fumes of burning oil could be easily distin-guished. Loss about \$20,000, covered by in-surance.

Freehold, N. J.—The livery stables of Samuel Forman and R. C. Erickson. Thirty-six horses were sufficated or burned to death. The residence of Mrs. Conover, adjoining, was damaged by water. Loss, \$12,000. was damaged by water. Loss, \$12.000.

Rio Vista, Cal.—The bu-iness part of the town was consumed Wednesday. Odd Fellows' Hall, Knights of Pythias' Hall, the postoffice, the office of the News, the general merchandise store of Stern & Co., and a large number of other buildings, including 15 or 20 dwellings, were also destroyed. Losses estimated at \$150,000; insurance \$20,000. Moosup, Conn.—The greater part of the pusiness section, including the New York and New England Railroad passenger station and freight house, King's Hotel and two stable buildings, two new dwellings, Hyde's meat market, the old Masonic Hall building, in which was A. H. Miller's store, an under-taker's shop and two other business build-

# SHORT STORIES OF CITY LIFE.

THE condition of Captain Frank C. Calnoun, who was stabbed by a drunken militiaman was reported much better last night, and a speedy recovery is looked for. REV. J. A. BALLANTYNE, of the Bingham street M. E. Church, will deliver a lecture on "Scenes in Palestine" to-night before the Epworth League of the Union M. E. Church, Aliegheny.

DEPUTY SHERIPY JOHN DOYLE Vesterday deied he had withdrawn his name from the candidacy for Sheriff in order to run for the office of Prothonotary. He said he was sure of his nomination. MISS ALETHA HARMAR, a resident of Philadelphia, while making a tour of the Court

House yesterday, lost her pocket book containing \$15 in money, two railroad tickets to Philadelphia and some papers of value only For the benefit of the Grand Army veterans who are going to attend the re-union at Washington, the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad yesterday issued a neat little guide to the Capital City, with a map, for free distribution.

ANDREW MERQUISER, a widower about 45 rears of age, was sent to the Poor Farm by Chief Elliott yesterday. Merquiser is a car-penter, but is in ill health and of late has not been able to secure work. His landlord turned him out and he was obliged to apply

BEN AUSTEN, an ex-constable of O'Hara township, has entered suit against the Citizens' Traction Company because they re-fused to recognize a transier ticket from their Sharpsburg line to the cable line in Lawrenceville and compelled him to pay an

#### PICKED UP BY THE POLICE WILLIAM OWENS, of the Southside, was

extra inre.

upon a telegram from Cleveland, saying he was wanted for robbing hotel guests in that JAMES TOWNSEND was committed to fail by Magistrate Gripp yesterday for threatening the life of Mrs. Townsend, who earns a liv-ing by working in a hotel. She says Town-send won't work, demands air her money and abuses her because she lias no more.

ALBERT MURRAY, a contractor, and Alvin lissell, a plasterer, both of Braddock, were robbed yesterday while working on a house at Copeland. The theft occurred while the nien were at work. Murray lost upward of \$500 and a watch, and the plasterer is out a Irish Point Embroidered Swiss and Nainsook Flounding Half Price.

85c, formerly 70c; 40c, formerly 85c; 50c, formerly \$1; 75c, formerly \$1 50. You must

me at once if you want any.

A. G. CAMPRELL & Sons, 27 Fifth avenue. DIED LANIGAN-On Thursday, July 21, at 10:25 r. M., Michael Lanigan, at his residence, Stanton avenue, Milivale borough. Notice of funeral hereafter.

They Cannot Become Apprentices of Window Glass Houses

ONLY UNDER CERTAIN RULES.

A New and Radical Measure Passed at the Convention

TO PREVENT THE ABUSE OF AN OLD RULE

To those not immediately concerned probably one of the most interesting resolutions ever offered by any labor assembly, and yet of vital importance to one organization at least, was a new and radical measure adopted yesterday afternoon at the sixth annual convention of the Window Glass Workers' Association. The new resolution, which was carried after a long argument and in which a large number of delegates took an active part, provides that hereafter no window glass worker can take an adopted son as an apprentice unless the boy is at least 12 years old and has been under his foster fother's care for one year previous to the time he makes an application for an apprenticeship in the Window Glass Workers' Association. The old rule is to the effect that a father

can take a son and a brother can take a brother as an apprentice whenever he thinks proper, while all other boys are compelled to seek an apprenticeship through the regular channels and run the risk of having their applications refused. It seems now that this rule has been

abused and some of the members in order to secure apprenticeships for boys have adopted the lads and therefore met with few obstacles in securing them work in glass houses. By the enforcement of the new measure the father will be compelled to board, lodge and clothe his adopted son

to board, lodge and clothe his adopted son for one year, providing at the end of the 12 months he is a dozen years old or more.

The afternoon session at the convention was devoted to new resolutions governing apprenticeship work. One of the more important and nearly as effective as the "adopted son measure" was a resolution that when the Board of Examiners refused an acceleration of an expension that the same content of the same than the same of the same than the same acceleration. an application of an apprentice the same must be sent to the association and placed upon the regular minutes, and the applica-tion shall not be granted by any other Board of Examiners in the several districts. This resolution was also carried.

In the morning President Eberhardt gave a ruling on the laws of the association per-taining to the liquor question and an-nounced that any member entering the liquor business or acting as a barkeeper at any time loses his membership. A resolution to allow the blowers one hour for meals was carried, but the resolution to have the Just before the noon adjournment a measure was introduced that on the death of a member his widow, orphans or dependents shall receive his pro rata share of all moneys in the treasury, the President and council to determine the amount. This resolution was also under discussion during

the afternoon, and after considerable debat-ing was lost. The convention has almost finished all the important business upon the schedule and will finally adjourn this afternoon. NO FOREIGN IRON WORKERS.

An Organization to Be Formed to Prevent Importation of Labor.

On Wednesday morning next, under the auspices of the Socialistic Labor Society, a convention will be inagurated in Sallers' Hall, this city. The object is to establish an international labor correspondence bureau. his bureau will make a business of ing information of men who go to take workmen's places in mills where strikes have been declared and to get information regarding laborers coming to this country in answer to advertisements inserted in

European newspapers.

The branch in this country will, through this system, be enabled after its organiza-tion to furnish at once information regarding the shipment of workers of any class from Europe to this country. Another duty of the European agents will be to try to dis-suade all classes of workmen from coming here. The delegates to next Wednesday's convention will represent nearly all the large cities of the United States, and every

#### lass of trades unions. RIGHTY SIGNERS IN ALL

The Cherry Valley Iron Company Accepts

the New Iron Scale. Eighty signatures have now been received by the Amalgamated Association to the new western scale of prices. The last firm to sign was the Cherry Valley Iron Company. The works are situated in Leetonia, O., and were formerly owned by the

Lectonia Iron and Coal Company. The plant was built in 1871 and contains one double and 16 single puddling furnaces, one scrap and three heating furnaces and three train of rolls. The product is muck and merchant bar, with an annual capacity of 15,000 net tons. Five hundred men are employed.

Horseshoers Going to Cleveland. On Saturday the master horseshoers of this city will go to Cleveland over the Lake Erie Railroad. It is expected that about 400 ot their brethern will join them. The object is to meet in Cleveland and form a National

B. & B. ENGLISH CORDUROYS

For Forest Skirts, in the regular Corduroy colors, also Navy. Fashion has decreed that Corduroy Forest Skirts, severely plain with a silk shirt waist, is the correct thing for your mountain or outing suit, for the

morning. So few yards and so little time required to make this simple skirt that even if you are about ready to go you can get one made yet. Best of all, so little money buys these extra

good English Corduroys-75c a Yard.

BOGGS & BUHL,

At Velvet Department

ALLEGHENY.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

CTABLEMEN-Four good men who underwind the care of horses; none but sober men and ones wanting steady employment need apply, Schenicy Riding Academy, Bayard and Neville sta.