MARTIAL LIFE IN A SUMMER CAMP.

The Old Poor Farm's Hills Transformed Into a City of Snowy Canvas.

GUARDED ON BOTH SIDES.

Eminences on Each Bank of the River Lined by State Guards. .

Boys in Blue Put in the Day Erecting Their Tents-Philadelphia Men Hustle for Better Food-A Thunder Storm Plays Havoc in Camp and Kills a Cow -Colonel Hawkins' Provisional Brigade Does Real Campaign Work-How the Fourteenth Boys Were Quartered-It Was a Peaceful Day-Many Letters of Condolence for the Homestead Men.

All things considered, the blue coated men guartered at camp Sam Black in Homestead pot in a fairly profitable day yesterday. To be sure, they worked, and worked hard from the very moment that the ponderous voice of the sunrise gun awoke the slumbering echoes of the morning until the shades of eventide. The average soldier is at times an industrious creature, and there was but little grumbling among the rank and file. To the minds of the dazed but observant natives, the building of the great



Cavalry Arresting Infantry Stragglers. white walled city of tents formed a spectacle worth going miles to see, but to the pompous military man it was a dull and personal affair.

These long delayed and much abused tents arrived early in the morning. Directly they had been unloaded from the cars the task of her perfecting the camp was begun. Squads of the heavy-eyed privates raised their canvas houses, and after engirdling them with shallow trenches proceeded to furnish them with blankets and the thousand and one things necessary to camp life.

Sixteenth in command of Colonel Willis J. Hulings. On the extreme right of this swarm of ents is a very crooked and exceedingly rocky road. Beyond is an under sized hill, and on the brow of this eminence is an aged school house. It is in this venerable structure that General Snowden has established his and the divisions' headquarters. Grouped before the open door of the house are the cannon of Battery B. There are three brass guns with their muzzles pointed toward the deserted works in the valley below. They gleam and glisten like so much burnished gold, and give a decidedly war-

like aspect to the surroundings. To the stranger accustomed to the ways of war, it is like unto a scene from a realistic war

drama. The inhabitants of Comp Black are exclu-sive, and unless one had a pass signed by the General in command he or she will find it impossible to pass the irresistible barrier which guards the entrance to the camp. The sentinels are an inquisitive group of gentlemen, and, as they have an un-pleasant trick of enforcing their remarks at the point of the bayonet, it is the best plan not to irritate them.

Franks Played by the Lightning. About 3 o'clock in the afternoon, just when the men were putting on the finishing touches to the camp, Dame Nature took a hand in the proceedings, and for a time made things unpleasant for everybody. First came a furious gale of wind, which wrecked more than 20 tents. This was followed by a terrific thunder storm. The lightning was vivid and the thunder terrific, but aside from a brindle cow, which was struck by an electric bolt and died a sudden and sensational death before the very tent of the Provost Marshal, there was no damage done. The best of order is main-tained and the Provost Marshal had an easy time of it aside from talking to newspaper men. General Snowden spent a quiet and

uneventful day. To the unbiased outsider camp life is very duli and prosaic, but the General, in a burst of confidence, informed THE DIS-PATCH man yesterday that, everything considered, a soldier's life was really the only one worth living. When the sunset gun was fired at even-tide the second day of Camp Black was brought to an official close. To-day there will be parades and music, and livelier times generally.



ised Immunity From Arrest in the Future-They Want Things as They Are. [FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.] HOMESTEAD, July 14 -- 2 A. M -- It is rumored on the streets this morning that

TALK OF MARTIAL LAW.

n Officious Policeman Nearly Makes

Matters Desperate-Newsgathers Prom-

General Snowden is seriously considering the advisability of placing Homestead under martial law. The alleged cause for this sudden move on the part of the commanding officer, so the gossips said, were the troubles of a few newspaper men and some outsiders in securing legitimate news in Homestead.

One correspondent had been arrested by an officious policeman and taken before a few members of the Advisory Committee. He was immediately discharged from custody, but the incident created a deal of talk on the street, and finally reached the ear of General Snowden. That gentleman

sent for the correspondent at once, and ordered him to make a written statement of he affair. Shortly after this row a drunken man

created a disturbance in the telegraph office under the headquarters of the Amalgamated Association. He was arrested by the civil authorities, and placed in the lockup.

Late in the evening the newspaper men held a meeting at which it was decided to request General Snowden to leave things as they are, as the reporters are satisfied with the promises of Burgess McLuckie and a Titusville expressed their sympathy and

THE PITTSBURG soldiers. Many of the others had slept out

n the open air. The Tenth Regiment was quartered much The feath Regiment was quartered much in the same way as the Fourteenth and the Fourth Regiment which lays to the rear of the Tenth is ditto. The rough life seems to agree with the men, for Dr. D. G. Foster says they never had a camp where there was so little sickness at the start.

Colonel Hawkins on Martial Law.

Colonel Hawkins on Martin Law. Colonel Hawkins had his headquarters yesterday in the little tool shed on the place of Engineer Byers, of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Right in front of the residence Battery C is drawn up in a position to sweep Homestead. Colonel Hawkins pro-poses to move his corps back about 200



The Gward, Corner Eighth Avenue and Ferry

Street.

treme circumstances. In this case it was little worse than mob rule. No body of cltizens have the right to dictate who shall

enter or leave a town."

PAINTERS INDORSE PALMER In His Attitude Upon the Strike at the Hom-stead Mills

At the regular meeting of the local union No. 72, Painters and Decorators of Americs, Monday evening, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That Local Union No. 72 Painters and Decorators of America, having read with great interest and pride the re-marks of Senator Palmer on the late trouble at Homstead, we wish to emphasize that same language as correctly representing the rights and claims of all honest workers in

l communisies. Resolved, That local Union No. 72 heartily Resolved, That local Union No. 72 heartily indorses one resolution from the Amalga-mated Society of Engineers and Machinists, requesting fittsburz Councils to return to Andrew Carnegie the money donated by him for a free library for Fittsburg and that local Union No. 72 looks at it in the same light as nothing less than blood-stained money, wrung from the poor workingmen to fill the coffers of such capitalists; therefore, be it I Resolved, That local Union No. 72 extend to the Homestead strikers both moral and financial aid if and when needed, and con-gratulate them upon their gallant and de-

financial sid if and when needed, and con-gratulate them upon their gallant and de-termined scand made on behalt of their righteous cause on last Wednesday, and we heartily sympathize with them for the loss of their co-workers who lost their lives while fighting for their just cause, and those who were otherwise injured. Resolved, That we also commend Gov-ernor Pattison for his wise decision in not ordering military interference during the disgraceful scenes caused by the appearance of armed men on behalf of the Carnegie Steel Company at Homestead on last Wednesday. Resolved, That we denounce the actions

Wednesday, Resolved, That we denounce the actions of said Carnegie Steel Company and its heartless agent, H. C. Frick.

CARPENTERS AND JOINERS RESOLVE. fliey Decide It Is Time to Take Indepen-

yards to a big open field owned by the Black estate. He will begin batdent Political Action. Black estate. He will begin bat-talion drill this morning. All are well satisfied that this is to be the State encampment, and the Colonel said he At a meeting of Local Union 142, Carpenters and Joiners, last night at Seller's Hall, resolutions were passed denouncing Carnegie and the Pinkertons in unmeaswas willing to stay all summer. Speaking of affairs at Homestead, he said: "The ured terms. Since, they say, the Carnegie of analys at Homestead, he said: "The placing of Homestead under martial law by the Advisory Board was the greatest as-sumption of power that I ever heard of. Martial rule means the abrogation of all civil laws, and is a thing only to be resorted to in times of war, and then only under ex-treme circumstances. In this case it was people have taken the ground that laborsaving machinery is only for the benefit of the capitalist and existing laws, it seems

to the capitalist and existing laws, it seems to the carpenters and joiners to have been made for the capitalists by the capitalists, they resolve at some length that there is an urgent need for all laborers to unite for independent political action, in order that the laborer may get the product of his

toil. This union has 600 members. A resolu-tion was also adopted asking the Mayor and Councils not to accept Carnegie's gift of a public library for Schenley Park.

GONE TO MT. GRETNA.

The Governor's Staft Leaves Homestcad to Attend the Inspection There,

The Governor's military staff, which has been in Homestead since the occupancy of the town, left on the 10 o'clock train vesterday for Mt. Gretna, where they assist in the inspection of the troops at that place. They will return to Homestead early in the coming week, when the Governor is also expected to be present.

THE WOMEN AT WORK.

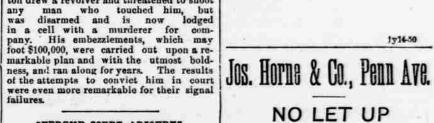
They Propose to Raise Money Enough to Keep the Locked-Out Men's Families for a Year-May Take a Hand in State Politics.

FROM & STAFF CORRESPONDENT 1 WASHINGTON, July 13.—"The Woman's National Industrial League intends to give structed, immediately the elections are over, especially to watch the registration of the women and children of Homestead voters, which concludes at the end of financial and moral support," said Mrs. August. Local electoral organizations are Charlotte Smith, President of that organization, to THE DISPATCH correspondent today. "I have received a number of teleimmensely strengthen the Liberal vote, the Gladstone Government is likely to intrograms from Homestead and from patriotic and public-spirited women throughout the country," continued Mrs. Smith. "I am not at liberty to make public the nature of



435-MARKET STREET-437 against him. When officers went to arrest him, Clonston drew a revolver and threatened to shoot

7



In our great

from Secretary West, in which admiration for the position assumed by the Amalgamated Association was warmly expressed. The check was received, and its acknowl-

The check was received, and its acknowl-edgement will be sent to-day. A Virginia minstrel company petitions the association to sanction a benefit performance for them. Last night Chairman O'Don-nell was undecided what steps he will take regarding the matter, but it is probable the kindly offer will be declined until a more mercing time. declined until a more pressing time ar-rives. The Coopers' International Union of

for the proverbially rainy day. As a result the people are living comfortably as

can be expected under the circumstances. Hugh O'Donnell said last night that the

some time to come. "The Amalgamated As-

THE GERMAN PRINTERS RESOLVED.

They Pledge Themselves to Ald the floma-

stead Workers.

The German-American Typographical

Union No. 16 Tuesday adopted resolutions

in reference to the Homestead troubles. It

was unanimously resolved to extend to the

Homestead strikers its hearty sympathy

and to pledge its moral and financial sup-port. They condemned the Pinkerton sys-tem and demanded legislation effacing it.

can cafe for our own."

SYMPATHY FOR THE MEN Expressed by Letters and in More Substantial Manner-A Check From Ellwood-No Poverty in Homestead-Workers Amply Abie to Care for Their Own. Communications of all kinds are pouring in upon the officers of the Amalgamated Association at Homestead offering resolutions of hearty sympathy, testimonials in financial shape, legal advice from lawyers, sympathy from clergymen and condolences from women who admire the stand taken

Hugh O'Donnell, Chairman of the Advisory Committee, received a half hundred missives yesterday, and was busy during the greater part of the evening in properly assorting them. The Plate Glass Workers' Union, of Ellwood, Ind.. sent a check for \$104 for the

benefit of the locked-out men, with a letter

The work of arranging and raising the tents occupied several hours, and it was close on to 2 o'clock in the afternoon when the last stake had been driven home. Although the arrangement of the camp is simple the general effect is picturesque.

Arrangement of the Troops.

Down at the foot of the hill, and not 100 yards from the headquarters of that muchtalked-about Advisory Committee, are three big tents. They belong to the Provost marshal and his solemn-faced guard. In the rear of these tents and half way up the sloping side of the grass-carpeted hillock are the quarters of the cavalry. To the left are the 40 tents and the 60 horses of the City troop of Philadelphia. These citizens of Quakerville are, like them all, in all a very imposing lot. They are all of them very tall men of athletic build and dignified manners. It is pretty generally considered that they constitute the crack troop of cayalrymen in the State, and they act as a unit in maintaining and guarding their tremendous reputation. They spent the most part of their time yesterday in watching their horses and hunting up milk and eggs. When at home these gentlemenly horsemen are in the habit of eating well and having plenty of it. Naturally they find the camp fare rather tough, and are doing their best to improve both the quality and the quantity of their rations. Just at the end of their row of tents is a rough shanty with its naked walls, the lares and penates of the Quartermaster of the troops.

Hustling for Finer Food.

This official has a luxuriant mustache and the manner of a diplomat. Yesterday he was beyond all manner of doubt the most popular man in camp. His comrades pleaded with him to find fine food, cost what it would and as all of them had plenty of money and the Quartermaster is an obliging fellow, he found little difficulty in satisfy-

ing their distress. It may be well to state right here that when this encampment is over it will be recorded in the history of the campaign that the city troops fared as well if not better, in the way of eatables, than other commands in the division. They wore the florid glory and grammatical eloquence of known as a provisional brigade and is made their former commander, the famous Colonel Grubb; but this loss will be more than made good by the excellence of their amateur chief.

To the right of the Philadelphians are the Sheridan Troop and further on the tents of the Governor's Troop. These cavalrymen are a fastidious lot as regards their horses cover every point in Homestead with their and spare no pains to make the equines rifles and ordnance. comfortable. The horses are tethered closely together and, considering the fact that they are for the most part thoroughbreds, have behaved remarkably well so far. On the crest of the hill and a hundred yards in the rear of the cavalry is the infantry.

It is a Magnificent Camp Ground,

The unmounted men are nicely located as position. regards location, as their tents are pitched on a beautiful patch of grass land and command a magnificent view of the works and Homestead village.

The troops are located in this order: The Third Brigade, General P. S. Gobin comtrying to escape from the rain. Colonel manding; the Eighth Regiment, Colonel Frank D. Magee; the Ninth Regiment, Colonel M. J. Keck; the Twelfth Regitent. Last night, however, the tents ar-rived and the whole brigade slept under ment, J. B. Coryell; the Thirteenth Begiment, Colonel E. H. Ripple. The Second Brigade is located in the rear and is composed of the Fitteenth Regiment, in command of Colonel W. A. Kreps; the Eightcenth, Colonel Norman M. Smith; the Fifth, Colonel Theodore Burch, and the



number of the leaders of the mill men that they would be protected. This committee visited the camp, but was

unable to see the General in person. However, Colonel Elliott, the officer of the day, stated that martial law had not been de clared, and, as far as he knew, would not be for the present. He promised to present the request of the newspaper men to General Snowden. Herafter, according to Burgess McLuckie, the members of the Homestead

Correspondents' Association will not be mo lested by the minions of the law. TURNER

SLEPT ON THE GROUND.

ment the regiment moved to its present

Huddled Under Gum Blankets,

Well

They also resolved to join other organiza-tions in the demand that the city of Pittscenes at the Camp of the Provisional burg return to Carnegie the money for the free library for this city, and for all people to shun the Carnegie Hall in Allegheny as a parody on philanthrophy, and to request their co-workers and friends to do the same. Brigade-Its Commanding Position-Colonel Hawkins on the Advisory Board-Men Stand the Rough Life Oo the heights across the Monongahela

It was decided to transmit copies of the reso-lutions to the Mayor and Councils of Pittsriver from Homestead the men enjoyed the experiences of real campaign life. There burg. are over 1.500 men camped there. It is LOOKING FOR AN INVASION.

up of the Tenth, Fourteenth and Fourth Non-Union Workmen Expected to

Regiments and Battery C. This brigade is Taken to Homestead To-Day. in command of Colonel Hawkins, of the At the headquarters of the workmen in

Tenth Regiment, who is the senior Colonel of Homestead it was reported shortly after the Second Brigade. The troops are spread midnight that 400 non-union men were gathalong the front of the bluff in position to ered in Pittsburg to be brought into Homestead to-day. The unusual activity among the troops on the hill was supposed to have some connection with the incoming train-The camp is directly back of Swissvale

The Fourteenth is the first regiment on the south. Between it and the Tenth there is a oad, and much anxiety was expressed as to when and how the men would be brought in. The generally accepted theory was that if deep myine. The Fourteenth on Tuesday the non-union men were coming, which was night had camped there with the Tenth, but doubted, they would be got in under a heavy escort about daybreak. vesterday when the news came that this was to constitute the regular State encamp-

BRADDOCK WILL NOT GO OUT.

Workers There Not in Sympathy With the Homestead People.

Yesterday afternoon the men were shelter-A telegram from Braddock last night said ing themselves in improvised tents made of the men employed in the Edgar Thomson gum blankets stretched on poles. Others mill show very little sympathy with the were gathered in groups under the trees locked-out men at Homestead and reports otherwise are fictitious. Perchment, with Lieutenant Foster, of the The men have no intention of going out, and as they have nothing to do with the Amaigamated Association no trouble is medical staff, had headquarters in an open looked for from that source.

cover. The deserted quarters of the Fourteenth Wounded Pinkertons Slowly Recovering. were a strange looking sight. There were a number of little lean-tos made out of rails Only five Pinkerton men remain at the West Penn Hospital, the rest all having and then covered with weeds and grass for a roof. Under these could be seen the little piles of hay that had served as a bed for the been sent to their homes. The five still there were wounded worse than the rest

hearty accord of the method pursued by the Amalgamated Association. The Little Miama division of the Brotherhood of these telegrams, nor to expose the details of the system we intend to pursue. But that the women of this country do intend to Locomotive Engineers of Columbus O.; the International Association of Machinists of take a hand in this affair I can safely Beardstown, Ill.; Bakers' Local Unions No. 27 and 110, of Allegheny; Teamsters' Assembly No. 1577, of Pittsburg, and the Farmers' Alliance of Minnesota sent letpromise.

"How do you expect to arouse interest in the movement among the women of the country?"

ters of condolence or sympathy, and one nameless individual of Pittsburg, whose rhythm of thought was marred by a curtail-ment of his English, sent an alleged poet-ical inspiration immortalizing the Home-stead strike in sumetored some "How do we expect to arouse interest?" repeated Mrs. Smith, with a pitying smile. "Interest is already roused. No sooner was the correspondence between Mr. Hugh O'Donnell and myself published through stead strike in unmetered song. Much has been said about the poor and the medium of the Associated Press, than the telegrams of sympathy, condolence and Much has been said about the poor and poverty-stricken ones of Homestead, but a thorough search of the entire city has resulted in another failure to find a real case of destitution. The people here are thrifty and economical, and long experience in labor towns has taught them the advisa-bility of laying aside some of their earnings for the proceedially reint day the of assistance began pouring in. The women and children of Homestead shall not suffer, depend upon it. It is too early, of course, to form or rather to make public definite plans. The first step will probably be a woman's monster mass meeting in New York City. Meetings in all other large cittes will rapidly follow. All sorts of women are interested in this movement. We have heard from mechanics' wives, millworkers' wives, street car drivers' wives, shop-keepers' wives, professional men's association was ably prepared to meet the demands of poorer people, and they could be furnished with the necessaries of life for wives, seamstresses, and even rich men's wives. They pledge their moral sup-port and financial aid. Individual contrisociation cares for its dependent ones," sociation cares for its dependent ones," said he, "and are prepared with sufficient money to meet all requirements at present. We are not in financial distress nor any-where near that unfortunate period, and butions may be small, but they will aggregate no inconsiderable sum. We figure to have at the outset enough money to keep the wives and families of the locked-out

men for at least a year." "Suppose the firm replace the locked-out en by non-unionists?" "We shall be in favor of the locked-out

men staving right in Homestead and retain-ing their houses in the hope of ultimately getting back their positions in the Carnegie works, with the Amalgamated Association recognized by the firm. In the event of there being a prolonged contest we should open headquarters in Pittsburg and Home-stead. The success of this movement will not be handleapped by a lack of women workers. If necessary we will take a hand workers. If necessary, we will take a hand in the State politics of Pennsylvania."

GILLESPIE HAS A PLAN.

He Is Preparing an Anti-Pinkerton Bill for the Next Legislature to Act Upon-It Would Affect All Societies That Carry

Arms, WASHINGTON, July 13.-Representative Gillespie, of the Twenty-fifth Pennsylvania district (contiguous to the Congressional district in which Homestead lies, and better known as "Quay's district"), left for Pitts-burg to-night. Mr. Gillespie said to-day that he was engaged in dratting a State law to be presented at the next session of the Pennsylvania Legislature and which would Pennsylvania Legislature, and which would have for its object the suppression of the practice of armed bodies patroling the

streets. "Had there been such a State law in existence," said Mr. Gillespie, "the killing at Homestead would never had occurred. at Homestead would never had occurred. This law, were it passed, would not inter-fere with the law now in force, and which permits corporations and firms to police their own works. Pinkerton forces, under the law I propose, would have no legal standing until they are actually in posses-tion of the works they are to police."

sion of the works they are to police." "What good effect would that have?" "It would result in firms and corporations

Agency for watchmen, or guards, or what-ever they pleased to call them. Members of the local community would be hired for the purpose. For instance, in the Homestead affair, the Pinkerton guards would have affair, the Pinkerton guards would have been subject to arrest for going abroad with weapons displayed. They would not have been recognized by the law as special police-men until they had entered the works."

The proposed State law of Mr. Gillespie would also prevent secret and other societies from publicly parading with swords and muskets. M. F. I.

Our of town visitors—If you have a suit to be cleaned or pressed leave them at Chas. Pfeifer's, the men's clothing cleaning offices, 443 Smithfeld street, Pittsburg, 100 Federal street, Allegheny. Tels. 1264, 3469. TTSu

duce a "one man one vote" measure, which the House of Lords could not venture to reject: The next session, according to ideas surrent at the National Liberal Club to night, will see the adoption of registration reform, but will also see home rule thrown out of the House of Lords, followed by the

dissolution of Parliament. The Independent Laborists mean to em-phasize their freedom from party ties by sit-ting in the House with the Conservative op-position The Liberal Unionists, mainposition The Liberal Unionists, main-taining their position as Liberals, though dissidents, will cross the floor of the House with the Liberals, but will be no longer able to sit on the front benches with the and decrees affimed: Stuart's appeal Duffield versus Rosenswig from Warren

Campaign Machinery to Be Kept Up.

Party agents on both sides have been in-

o be maintained in full working order. As the reform of registration is certain to

men whom they are actively opposing. The Conservatives consider that county; Everett versus Bailey from Tioga county; Hartley versus Anderson, Bedford th county; Ingels versus Ingels, Fayette county; so much of the order as set aside change of Mr. Gladstone's former majority of 4,631 into a majority of only 690, is the greatest triumph scored by either side throughout the elections. The Conservathe confirmation was affirmed and a pre-cendo awarded; city of Erie versus Brady, tives say that if the contest is renewed next Erie county. Reversed-Buck versus Pennsylvania year, Colonel Wanchope will again stand against Mr. Gladstone, with added chances of ousting him from his seat. Railroad Company, Clearfield county; Stover versus People's Mutual Accident Company,

Gladstone is Less of a Hero Now.

The chief significance of the event is the vidence it gives of the revulsion of feeling in Scotland toward the Liberal Unionists. and of the fact that Mr. Gladstone's person ality is losing weight with the electors ality is losing weight with the electors throughout the country. Prior to his de-parture for Braeman, Mr. Gladstone made the customary address to the electors of Midlothian.

Midlothian. I gratefully thank you that you have chosen me under circumstances of special stress and difficulty in your own county the sixth time as your representative in Parila-ment. It is my earnest hope not to tall be-hind you in the desire and effort to minister to the happiness of the people of the three kingdoms and the strength of the solid union of the empire.

Though the result of the Midlothian election has a tendency to make the Liberals downhearted, they have much to console them in the figures from the other districts, which show that they have ousted Unionists in the Colne division of Yorkshire, the Gainsborough division of Lincolnshire, in Radnorshire, Wales; the Houghton-Le-Spring division of Durham, the Frome division Somerset in Ratburghshire, Scot-land; the Lonsdale division of Lancashire, the East division of Norfolk, the Darwen division of Lancashire in Dunbartonshire, Scotland; in the Waldon division of Essex, in the Circarceter division of Cloneatter ists in the Colne division of Yorkshire, the M. F. I. in the Cirencester division of Gloucester shire and in the South division of Avreshire, with other districts yet to be heard from. Amid these gains there is one Lib-eral loss to report. That is in the Hexham division of Northumberland.

A Candidate and Police Chased Four Miles. A savage election riot occurred to-day at

Ffestiniog, in Merionethshire, Wales, When the Conservative candidate for the district attempted to address a meeting a mob stormed the platform, overpowering and maltreating the police. The police, together with the Conservative candidate, at once took to their heels, and were pursued for four miles out of town. The canlidate's carriage was smashed to pieces, the windows of the Pengwern Hotel were shat-tered, and many civilians were badly injured.

The aggregates of the polling now are: Ministerialist, 1,725,966; Opposition, 1,851,-546. Of the 137 seats still to be filled, the Conservatives held 42, the dissident Liber-als 15, the Gladstonians 49 and Irish Nationalists 31.

AMERICAN GOLD IN IRELAND.

A McCarthylte Spaaker Crows Over Parnellites and the Peace Mission.

National Federation in this city to-day, Matthew J. Kenny charged that the Parnellites were being subsidized by the agents of the English Tories. spirit of the Parnellites, he clared, is not political. They seem to be possessed of some devil. Mr. Kenny an-nounced that since the last meeting he had been advised from America and Australia that £20,000 had been subscribed to the Federation fund—the largest sum ever re-

SUPREME COURT ADJOURNS.

pany, from Blair county, the injunction was limited to continue until the termination of

failures.

Two Quite Important Allegheny County Cases Are Decided. PHILADELPHIA, July 13 .- The Supreme

July Clearance Sale. Court met to-day to render judgments, and when that had been done the court arose, not to meet again until its regular session in TO-DAY Pittsburg in the fall, Judgments

All-Wool Suitings at from Cumberland county;

25 Cents, 50 Cents, 75 Cents,

Suitable in weight and coloring for Summer and early Fall wear.

IN SILKS.

Huntingdon county; Hackett versus Em-porium School District, Cameron county. In Martinsburg Bank vs Telephone Com-One lot 24-inch Check Surah Silks reduced to

75 Cents,

the contract by notice in accordance with its provisions, and with this modification the decree was affirmed, the costs of the ap-Were \$1.25; these Silks have both peal, as well as the cost below, to be paid quality and width.

equally by the parties. Affirmed-First National Bank versus Hall, from Crawford county; McCormick versus County of Fayette, from Fayette JOS. HORNE & CO.'S county. Reversed-Baker versus Lewis. In Cor-

nelius versus Hambay, from Common Pieas No. 1, of Allegheny county, judgment was reversed and a venire facias de novo was awarded. In McConnell versus Wright, from PENN AVENUE STORES. Common Pleas No. 2 of Allegheny, judg-ment was reversed and judgment was en-tered for the plaintiff in the case stated in the sum of \$4,443 50 with interest-Justice PROPOSALS.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE. CUSTOM House, Cincinnati, Ohio, July II, 1192. -Sealed proposais for furnishing coment, lumber, tie rods and washers, required for lock and movable dam No. 6, Ohio river, near Beaver, Pa., will be received at this office until 230 r. w., AUGUST 1, 1892, and then publicly opened. Specifications, blank forms, and all available information will be furnished on application to this office. AMOS STICKNEY, Major of Engineers, U. S. A.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS-

Norrice to contraint the second secon

NOTICE TO COAL DEALERS - THE Thirty-second Ward School Board will receive scaled proposals until 3 P. M. TUES-DAY, July 19, 1892, for five thousand (5,000) DAY, July 19, 1922, for five thousand (5,000) bushels, or two hundred (200) cars, of the best black lump coal, three thousand bushels to be delivered to the Prospect Street School-house, and two thousand bushels to the Bertha Street Schoolhouse. Bidders will be required to name the mine from which the coal is taken, and musp put it into the cellar. Bids must be sent to and full information may be obtained from O. S. HERSHMAN, Secretary, care Chronicle Telegraph, No. 43 Fifth av., Pittsburg.

JAS. M'NEIL & BRO.,

BOILERS, PLATE AND SHEETIRON WORK.

PATENT SHEET-IRON ANNEALING BOXES.

With an increased capacity and hydraulic machinery, we are prepared to furnish all work in our line cheaper and better than by the old methods. Repairing and general machine work. Twenty-ninth street and Allegheny Valley Hailroad. feld-60-rrs

TAILORING.

Correct Spring Suitings and Overcoatings H. & C. F. AHLERS, Merchant Tailors. 420 Smithfield a

finement.

From Pittsburg to the Pacific Coast in Palace on Wheels.

Sterrett dissenting. Cowhided and Returned to Jail. FAIRBURY, NER., July 13 .- Simon Wilson, who was under arrest for wife beating, was taken from the jail last night by a mo and severely whipped with cowhides, after which he was returned to his place of con-

AN IDEAL VACATION TRIP.

A number of prominent Pittsburgers have arranged for a vacation trip that will be highly instructive and interesting, as well as a source of great enjoyment for all participants. The party will leave this city on August 5 in a Pullman perfected vestibule car embodying all the comforts of a richly furnished home. The car will be run through to Denver. Col., where a stop of several days will be made for sightseeing and for attending the Knights Templar conclave. From Denver the car will be run to San Francisco, where sight-seeing will be in order. From thence the

seeing will be in order. From thence the journey will continue northward to Port-land. Ore, from which point the homeward trip will commence. About six weeks will be consumed in making the round trip, during which time the excursionists will be carried in the special car to principal points of interest in the West and Northwest and

have ample time to view the country. The list of excursionists who will constitute the party is not quite complete, there be-ing room for several more, and Mr. Sam-nel Moody, of the Pennsylvania Lines, un-

nel Moody, of the Pennsylvania Lines, un-der whose chaperonage the excursionists will leave Pittsburg, is desirous of adding to the number. Inquiries addressed to him will be given prompt attention, as it is the intention to have plans perfected at an early date. It is probable that no excur-sion party will leave Pittsburg this sum-mer who will have in store as much enjoy-ment as will denser 4 negative 5 one interactions who will denser 4 negative 5 ones interactive the store as the store as much enjoy-

who will depart August 5 on a journey to the Pacific Coast in "a palace on wheela."

You can save from \$25 to \$50 by attending

The de-

DUBLIN, July 13 .- At the meeting of the