Councilmen Don't Wish to Act Hurriedly in Returning Carnegie's Gift.

MAY NOT HAVE THE POWER

Since This City Has Already Entered Into a Contract.

MIGHT REPEAL THE ORDINANCE,

But It Is Not Known Whether That Would Have Any ! ffect.

NOT POLICY TO DECIDE AT PRESENT

Pittsburg Councils will meet in special session to-morrow or Wednesday. It was reported vesterday that a meeting would be held to-day, but as none of the members had received the customary notice up until last night it is not believed possible a meeting can be held before to-morrow.

The special object of the meeting seems to be the passage of street ordinances approved by the Corporation Committee on Saturday, improvement ordinances approved by the Public Works Committee, several other measures of minor importance and a number of contracts let by the department chiefs.

It is likely a communication of interest from the Mayor will be a feature of the meeting, but the most interesting subject at this time expected will be a proposition to return to Andrew Carnegie the \$1,000,000 he gave to the city to be used in erecting a free library at Schenley Park.

How Councilmen View the Gift, Various labor organizations have within the past three days passed strong resolutions demanding that Councils take such action, and it was stated yesterday that a member of councils had already volunteered to present a resolution to that effect. An effort was made to find out who the member was and what the character of the pro posed resolution would be, but it proved ineffectual. In visting various members of Councils their opinions were asked as to the

probable fate of such a resolution. Councilman John J. King is enthusiastic in his support of the measure and says: "I shall certainly vote to refund the money if it is possible to do so. I am opposed to raising monuments to Carnegie with money that represents the sweat of the workingmen. It would only be erecting a memorial to Carnegie which the people of Pittsburg will literally have to take care of, while he will get all the glory of it. The events at Homestead justify us in returning the money. The differences be tween capital and labor should be settled in a business-like way, and not by shooting men down. There is no excuse for bringing Pinkertons to Homestead and Carnegie de-

serves this rebuke. King Wants the Money Returned. "The library is to be located in Schenley

Park where it will be out of the way of the working people, and those whom it would most benefit would not be able to avail themselves of it. It would be a good business move to give the money back, because the city cannot now really afford to give the money to keep it up. It is more

"I heartily indorse the action of these workingmen," said Councilman James Mc-Hugh. "In 20 years the city will have as much money invested in the library as Carnegie, yet the city will get no credit for it. I say give it back and in time some one who is really philanthropic will give us a If otherwise we could appropriate each year the money it would cost to main-tain the one offered, and in 20 years we could build a library that belonged to the people and it would not be an advertisement for any particular man.

Councilman Donghue spoke in the same strain, and said he was willing that the city should return the money. He did not bemade by cutting down wages of working-

## Bayond the Power of Councils,

Councilman W. A. Magee, a member of the Library Commission, took a different view of the matter, and said he doubted whether Councils had power to return the control of the money. It is in the har of the Library Commission and Councils has signed a contract to give \$40,000 a year. We cannot break the contract and as Mr. Carnegie controls the board, they will not. They can build the library, and if the city does not pay up they can go into court, mandamus the controller, and compel him to pay the

"It is not a question that should be settled just now any way. The entire gift for the library and the endowment for an art gallery and museum amounts to about \$2,100,000. No matter how Mr. Carnegie got this money, he has it. If it belongs to the working people this is a good way of getting it people this is a good way of getting it back, and why not take it." John S. Lambie, also a member of the commission, said:

Might Repeal the Ordinance. "I doubt whether the agreement with the

Library Commission can be called a con-tract. Councils could repeal its ordinance of acceptance, but I don't know just what effect that would have.
"At all events I doubt whether it is advisable at this time to take hasty action. There

is too much feeling just now and this matter should be done deliberately. The money is now in the hands of Mr. Frick as secretary Select Councilman John Laughran, of the

Select Councilman south that he had not given the matter any thought and was not considered to say what he would do. "The prepared to say what he would do. "The sentiment I have heard expressed," he said, is against receiving the gift, but as to what I think, will require some deliberation."
Councilman William Nolden, of the
Thirtieth ward, said: "The idea of erecting

a million-dollar monument to Carnegie will be a blot on this community forever." Common Councilman Russell and O'Donnell were both backward about discussing the subject, prefering to think it over before saying what they would do. Mr. O'Donnell's manner suggested that he was not hostile to such a resolution though he would not talk for publication.

Mayor Gourley also declined to talk but in response to the direct question, "Would you sign the resolution if Councils passed it?" he answered, "I believe I would."

## NO MORE PINKERTONS.

Important Conference Between City Of-

At H. C. Frick's office on Saturday afternoon there was an interesting conference. Mayor Gourley, Chief Brown, City Attorney Moreland and two or three other officials called on Mr. Frick without previous arrangement to discuss the Homestead situation. Mr. Frick received them cordially. The City Attorney, as spokesman for the party, opened the business of the conference by stating that as officials of the city he and the gentlemen with him desired to say that if any more Pinkerton detectives were to be brought to Homestead they must be kept out of Pittsburg. If the men were brought to this city to be grouped, massed,

armed or otherwise prepared for a bestile demonstration at Homestead or elsewhere every man of them would be looked up as

every man of them would be looked up as breakers of the peace and further proceedings instituted if necessary. The reason given for this statement was that the presence of the Pinkertons in this city would be offensive to the majority of the people in the city and might precipitate a riot within the city limits.

Mr. Frick, after some discussion, promised the officials that he would not, for the present, introduce any more Pinkerton men at Homestead and that therefore the wishes of the officials would be respected. He stated further that he had no quarrel with the Homestead strikers. He had simply discharged them and there was no further communication between them and the company. the company.

### LETTERS TO THE WORKMEN.

Encouraging and Suggestive Episties Received by Hugh O'Donnell-Proposition for a Legal Contest From a Washingto Lawyer-Anarchist Letters.

Despite the fact that Homestead's postmaster is a firm believer in the Sunday closing law and religiously retrains from distributing any mail on the first day of the week, Mr. Hugh O'Donnell materialized at the official press bureau at early eventide yesterday, literally loaded down with letters and official looking documents. After exchanging the conventional courtesies of the day with the assembled scribes, Mr. O'Donnell, who wore a white cravat and a ministerial air, deposited his burden on one of the marble-top tables, and prefaced his remarks with the age-stained announcement that the situation remained unchanged and that there was really "nothing new." "I have, however," continued O'Donnell, 'a number of letters and telegrams which I propose to read to you."

A Washington Lawyer's Surgestion. One letter was from Horace L. Stiles, a lawyer of Washington, D. C., urging that "The Advisory Committee reorganize, legally incorporate and then, filing a bill in equity, claim a legal lien upon the company's property." "As you are in possession," says the letter, "the company could not eject you as summarily as they seem disposed to do. Let your committee announce that your possession is under color of title and demand of the Sheriff that he show legal warrant for your dispossession. Get the best legal talent of Pittsburg, Harrisburg and Philadelphia, and give them a battle royal and institute criminal process against Mr. Frick for murder and transco."

This letter was read with considerable in-terest, and at its conclusion Mr. O'Donnell stated as the Amalgamated Association was represented by three of the leading lights

of the Allegheny county bar, the suggestion would be referred to them.

A New York Anarchist wrote a letter suggesting that the existing difficulties could only be adjusted on the lines of eternal fitness by 100 pounds of metal being tied to Manager Frick and that individual cast into the Monongahela river. Another man enclosed a drawing of a cheap and effective dynamite gun which "anybody can use on short notice," "which letters and suggestions," said O'Donnell, are calculated to injure our cause. "The world knows I have no anarchistic tendencies. A fair field and no favor is my idea."

Urging Arbitration and Peace. Another letter was as follows:

PHILADELPHIA, PA , July & Hugh O'Donnell, Esq., Homestead, Pa.:

RESPECTED SIR—On behalf of the Universal Union, in the interest of peace through justice and arbitration, I write you to ascertain if you and those you represent will not submit your grievances to wise and impartial arbitration? The Peace Union has a committee of arbitration and has had remarkable success in many controvaries. mittee of arbitration and has had remarkable success in many controversies. We may be of use to you in this critical juncture. We have addressed Carnegle, Phipps & Co. in the same spirit. In the interest of instice, humanity and peace, how much better to refer this difficulty to arbitration and thus conciliate all conflicting matters. Shall he pleased to hear from you if you receive our letter and you can bring about the reference I sefer to for the good of all.

Yours truly,

President of the Universal Peace Union.

The proprietor of a general store in Iowa wrote that under no circumstances would be sell any stuff stamped with the Carnegic trademark, and in his anxiety to show his sympathy entirely lost sight of the fac that as a rule country stores do not deal in steel bars or armor plate. A man in Milwankee urged the strikers to hold out forever, and a woman in Portland, Me., covered four pages of dainty note paper in volcing her feelings on the subject of labor. A telegram from the Central Labor Union of Chicago stated that that organization, consisting of more than 20,000 working-men, extended its sympathy, and was ready on call to furnish financial support to the locked-out men of Homestend. After the serious letters had all been read, Mr. O'Donnell drained a glass of lemonade, and, with

a smile, produced a big roll of letters. Contributions From Cranks. "These," he said, as he undid the fastenings, "are contributions from cranks, An-archists, etc. I will only read one, which to my mind contains sufficient humor to lighten up the gloom of your reports. Here is the letter:

NEW YORK, July 9.

o the People of Homestead; I would suggest that if any more barges are brought to homestead with Pinkertons are brought to Homestead with Pinkertons on board that you get a good sized iron boat and cover it over with sheet iron heavy enough to be bullet proof, and have a small hole in the bow for a nozzle and also a row of o.e-eighth holes for peep holes. Start the boat down the river with the tide and have two men on board, one with the oars and the other with a hand pump and a barret of oil. Make fast to the barges and pump oil on them through the nozzle on the bow, then shove out a torch of flaming oil waste and set fire to them. Then pull out and drift down the river with the tide.

P. S.—Study the idea.

P. S .- Study the idea.

A Pinkerton Man's Gratitude.

The last letter read by O'Donnell was one signed by one of the Pinkerton men who participated in last Wednesday's battle on the river tront. The letter was a personal one to O'Donnell, and, despite the pleadings of the newspaper men, that gentleman would only read one extract from it. The latter was given out:

was given out:
Hugh O'Donnell:
DEAR SIE—I wish to thank you for the courtesy which you unconsciously extended to me last (Wednesday) evening. You must pardon my saying that while walking along by your side I was not only talking to you but a close observer of the surroundings. I wish to say that I have spent several years of my life, no matter how many, in what is familiarly known as the lawless West, and am a slight judge of nerve and pluck. I make no excuse for saying—

At this interesting juncture O'Donnell blushed, and in a pleasant voice said: "Gentlemen, I am a modest man, and do not desire to read further. It relates only to me and to what I did in protecting the man from the crowd."

## CHICAGO LABOR IS MILITANT.

man from the crowd."

The Typographical Union Seconds the Idea of Companies to Resist Pinkertons. CHICAGO, July 10 .- Chicago Typographical Union No. 16, at a meeting to-day

adopted the following: Resolved, That Chicago Typographical

past to oppress, overawe and defeat the fair and equitable request of workingmen in their efforts to maintain their rights, and recognizing the Pinkertons as an unlawful, armed body of men in a State of free citizens, Chicago Union No. 16 hereby pledges its sympathy, support and hearty encorsement of the recent suggestion that workingmen organize armed military companies to protect themselves against invasion of the said Pinkerton detectives and the disastrous effects of the presence of these unacrupulous and unpatriotic mercenaries in times of labor trouble.

A telegram was ordered sent to Hugh

A telegram was ordered sent to Hugh O'Donnell, one of the leaders at Home-stead, to the above effect.

### A CYNICAL ANARCHIST

is the Epithet Bostowed on Carnegie by the Ohlo River Trades and Labor Assembly at Wheeling-A Resolution of Sympathy for Homestead Men.

WHEELING, July 10 .- The Ohio Valley Trades and Labor Assembly, composed of all the trades and labor unions in the Ohio Valley, at is regular meeting to-day adopted the following resolutions:

Valley, at is regular meeting to-day adopted the following resolutions:

We, the Ohio Valley Trades and Labor Assembly, view with alarm and regret the present state of affairs at Homestead, Pa, where the introduction of armed men provoked a conflict and loss of human life. We consider the presence of such mercenaries a shameful represence of the Feudal times, with the Baron and his retainers; yet in every wrong there is a remedy. If the agitation of organized labor, of science and progress are unable to arouse the masses there are men like Frick who will bring them about. The whole country, ringing with indignation, protests against the doing of the cynical millionaire Anarchist, who, with his electricity and Winehester rifles, is certainly accomplishing what we have failed to do. Wherein lies the remedy is the question that presents itself. The theory enunciated by Chief Justice Waite, namely, that the State has the right to revulate the conduct of any business affected with a public interest, certainly throws a gleam of light on the situation. As the State is bound to protect the individual citizen in his property right, and the workman's labor is his property, it must not permit to any business the power to interfere except with the proviso that it, the State, reserves the right to such control as will enable it to prevent such injustice; and even when special franchises are not conferred, we must not forget that a greater power than the State—modern civilization itself—has given franchises no less valuable to other enterprises of great magnitude, and which, if not under control of the people, gives them the power to extort; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we, the Ohio Valley Trades and Labor Assembly, send greeting to

### MT. TROY CORNER STONE LAYING.

he Services at the Reserve Township German Catholic Church Yesterday.

The corner stone for a new German Catholic Church was laid on Mt. Troy, Reserve township, yesterday with interesting exercises. The site of the prospective shurch is located on the Mt. Troy road about three miles from the city line of Allegheny. The Jot is prettily situated and was the gift of John Neider.

At 2 o'clock in the afternoon a number of German societies, including the C. M. B. A. of Mt. Troy, and several delegations from Knights of St. George formed in line at Father Mollinger's church and preceded to the place where the stone was to be laid. Following in carriages were several priests and members of the building committee. Preceding the parade was the Mt. Troy band. At 4 o'clock the ceremony was begun. Father Myer preached the German sermon, and Father Suhr the English sermon. The latter laid the stone, placing in the opening a parchment containing the date of the organisation of the congregation and its history, papers, and a Bible were also placed in the stone.

Rev. Father Lounier made a stirring address, and the ceremony was concluded with the ritual of the Catholic Church inci-

dent to such an occasion.

The church, when built, will be a handsome frame structure, costing about \$12,000, and will be used partly for school purposes.

John P. Ober presented a very handsomely engraved bell to the church.

As the parade was returning Frank Gas-burger rolled an empty beer keg into their ranks. Officer Snyder arrested him and sent him to the Allegheny Central station.

## A NEW CATHOLIC CHURCH.

The Corner Stone Laid With Appropriate Ceremonies.

The corner stone for a new German Catholic Church was laid on Mt. Troy, Reserve township, yesterday. The site of the prospective church is located on the Mt. Troy oad, about three miles from the city line of Allegheny. The lot is prettily situated, and is the gift of John Neider.

At 2 o'clock in the alternoon a number of

German societies, including the C. M. B. A. of Mt. Trov and several delega-tions from Knights of St. George, formed in line at Father Mollin-ger's church and proceeded to the place where the stone was to be laid. Following in carriages were several priests and members of the Building Committee. Premembers of the Building Committee. Fre-ceding the parade was the Mt. Troy Band. At 4 o'clock the ceremony was begun. Father Myer preached the German sermon and Father Suhr the English sermon. The latter laid the stone, placing in the opening a parchment containing the date of the organization of the congregation and its history, coins, papers and a Bible. Rev. Father Lonnier made a stirring address. and the ceremony concluded with the ritual of the Catholic Church incident to such an occasion. The church when built will be a ne frame structure, costing about \$12,000, and will be used partly for school purposes. Mr. John P. Ober presented a very handsome engraved bell to the church.

### TWO PEOPLE DROWNED. Willie Lundy, a Widowed Mother's Sup-

port, Meets His Fate in the Allegheny. Willie Lundy, a 16-year-old boy, was drowned yesterday afternoon while bathing in the Allegheny river under the Fortythird street bridge. Lundy resided with his widowed mother at 218 Taylor street, Bloomfield. He was her only support and worked in Carnegie's Thirty-third street mill. Up to a late hour last night the body had not been recovered, although a number

At noon yesterday Frank Bauer, 27 years years old, was drowned in the Monougahela river at Beck's run. Bauer with some others went in bathing, and was seized with cramps and drowned before assistance could reach him. The body was shortly after-ward recovered and removed to his home on Arlington avenue.

## TWO SPEAK-BASY RAIDS.

Police Find Plenty to Drink in Mike Redgers' and Mrs. Kaine's House. Inspector McLaughlin and Lieutenant Cramer, of the Second district, arrested Michael Rodgers and Mrs. Mary Kaine for keeping "speak-easies" yesterday morning. At Rodger's house on Canton street the officers found 35 men, 11 quarters of beer and four gallons of whisky. This is the

second time Rodgers has been arrested on the same charge within the last month. The At Mrs. Kaine's house, No. 776 Fifth avenue, the officers found 7 quarters of beer, a 10-gallon keg of whisky and 16 pint bottles of whisky. Hugh Moran was arrested for interfering with Mrs. Kaine's arrest. The

## CHAIRMAN

Sam Fessenden Refuses to Manage the President's Campaign.

SENATOR SAWYER NOW SLATED.

Though General Michener May Have to Undertake the Job.

HARRISON TO BE HIS OWN CHAIRMAN

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW YORK, July 10 .- Hon. Sam Fessen den, of Connecticut, has been invited to become Chairman of Harrison's Nationa Campaign Committee. Mr. Fessenden sent a reply to-day, declining to accept the honor. General Michener's name had been mentioned for a week, but no word comes from him as to his intentions. Talk about Hon. Tom Carter's taking the place has been revived. He is a Federal officeholder, and the President has a claim upon him. The President's hold on General Michener is not so direct, though General Michener would, it is said, do anything in reason to oblige his old partner, Colonel W. W. Dudley, who for two years now has been permitted to bask in the warmest

corners of the pension bureau. The situation is becoming almost ludicrous. This is the comment of Republicans quite as much as of Democrats. Republicans say that the President has only to offer the place to a Republican not directly connected with his administration to meet with a courteous and yet positive declination. He is practically at odds with all the old warhorses who won his battle for him four years ago. He must now rely upon a Republican who, as beneficiary of his administration, could scarcely refuse to give value received.

Sawyer May Have to Take It. The majority of the Executive Committee just appointed by Mr. Campbell favor the appointment of "Uncle" Philetus Sawyer, of Oshkosh, the lumber king. He is 76 years old, robust and hearty, a keen politi-cian of the old Vermont school, and thor-oughly familiar with the crafty ways of the Republicans of the woolly Northwest.

Senator Sawyer's experience has been prodigious. Originally a Green Mountain boy, he made the first progress toward his present eminence in Wisconsin in 1847. He was a member of the Wisconsin Legislature in 1857 and 1861, Mayor of Oshkosh in 1863 and 1864; was a delegate to the National Republican convention at Baltimore in 1864 where Abraham Lincoln was nomi-1864, where Abraham Lincoln was nominated the second time; at Cincinnati in 1876, where Hayes was nominated, and at Chicago in 1880, where Garfield was nomi-nated.

The further record of "Uncle Philetus, as he is familiarly known in Washington, is that he was a Representative in the Thirtyninth, Fortieth, Forty-first, Forty-second and Forty-third Congresses. He was elected to the United States Senate to suc-ceed Angus Cameron, took his seat March 4, 1881, was re-elected in 1887, and his present term expires March 3 next. He is a busy man, to be sure, being Chairman of the Senate Committee on Postoffices and Postroads, and is a member of the Con tee on Commerce, Pensions and Revolu-tionary Claims, and also of the select committee to investigate the condition of the Potomac river in front of Washington.

Uncle Philetus a Popular Man, It is not known whether Senator Sawver cares to undertake the task of running Harson's campaign. His friends in New York to-day said he was not one to brook unwar-ranted interference and meddling, especially on the part of the little coterie which surrounds the President, Senator Sawyer would work in barmony with General Clarkson, Mr. Manley, Mr. Fessenden, Mr. Payne and Mr. Sutherland, and it is believed that Mr. Hobart, Mr. Kerens and Mr. Bradley will not kick over the traces should Uncle Philetus assume command. "Everyting rests with the President, though," said one of the Executive Committee, "and it may be that he prefers General Michener, of Indiana. I knew as a matter of fact, though, that not even the President is aware who is to run his cam-

paign. I heard directly from him to-day, and he is as much in the dark as any of The selection of General Michener, it was added, might provoke jealousies in In-diana. Consul General John C. New had leclined positively and peremptorily to acdeclined positively and peremptorily to accept the Chairmanship, His friends be-lieve that he gaye value received for his place while at Minneapolis, when he worked day and night to keep the Federal officeholding delegates and the delegates from Southern Democratic States in line for Harrison. Without the sturdy services of New the defeat of the President was by

no means impossible, even with the solid line of his beneficiaries at his back, Peculiarities of Indiana Politics. J. N. Huston and General Michener did great work along with Mr. New. It is said, though, that the selection of General Michener would not be altogether congenial to the majority of the Executive Committee just appointed. Indiana politics is like no politics on earth. It abounds in cut-throat ealousies. However, the President will hardly consider the predictions of Mr. Campbell's committee. He says he intends to run his own campaign. This is a solemn, serious truth. "I intend to give a great part of my time to the work of the c ee," the President said to Mr. Clarkson,

the last time they met.

In fact, the President intimated that
he would be the real chairman. These remarks, and the setting aside of General Clarkson in so unceremonious a fashion, have inclined eminent Republicans to the opin-ion that the President is not sufficiently grateful for the work done for him by Quay, Clarkson, Dudley, Fassett and others four years ago.

## SENATORS ARE BARRED

and so Are Congressmen-The Civil Beryice Laws Against the Chairmanahip Being Beld by a Member of Either Board of Congress.

WASHINGTON, July 10 .- [Special. ]-The natter of selection of a chairman of the Republican National Committee continues to be one of serious consideration by the leaders of the party, and its discus members of Congress has led to the important conclusion that all members of Congress are ineligible to appointment-that no Senator or Representative could serve as chairman of the National Committee. This conclusion grew out of the discussion occas-

ing one of the most active Republicans in the Senate replied:

ing one of the most active Republicans in the Senate replied:

Why, certainly, it is true that for obvious reasons no Congressman can serve as Chairman of the National Committee. That is palpable; susceptible to the argument. The eleventh and fourteenth sections of the civil service law are so broad and explicit on this subject as to leave no room for doubt or cavil. Section II of that haw provides that no Senator, or Representatives, or territorial delegate of Congress, or Senator, Representative or delegate-elect, or any officer or employe of either of said Houses, and no executive, judicial, military or naval officer of the United States, and no clerk or employe of any department, branch or bureau of the executive, judicial, or military, or naval service of the United States, shall, directly or indirectly, solicit or receive, or be in any manner concerned in soliciting or receiving any assessment, subscription, or contribution for any political purpose whatever from any officer, clerk, or employe of the United States, or any department, branch, or bureau thereof or from any person receiving any salary or compensation from moneys derived from the treasury of the United States.

In addition to that comprehensive prohibition it is provided, in Section 14, that no officer, clerk or other person in the service of the United States or hand over to any other officer, clerk or other person in the service of the United States, or to any Senator or members of the House of Representatives, or territorial delegate, any money or other valuable thing on account of or to be applied to the promotion of any political object whatever.

"It is quite certain," the Senator added, "that the National Committee Chairman-

"It is quite certain," the Senator added, "that the National Committee Chairman-ship will be filled by the appointment of somebody who is not in any way connected with the Government service." Of course this broad application of the law had not been coneived when Senator Quay was at the head of the National Com-

### THE SUNDAY VICTIMS.

Police Magistrates Sonk Offenders Against the Law-A Number of Workhouse Sentences-The Strong Man Fined \$50 for Beating a Woman.

Only six prisoners faced Judge Gripp at Central station yesterday morning. John McGee was fined \$50 and costs for beating and abusing a women at 25 Ross street, on Saturday night. McGee claims to be the strong man who breaks chains and iron bars at dime museums. Harry Swearingen was fined \$10 and costs for driving recklessly over the crossing at Sixth and Liberty streets. Peter Manion got 30 days and Thomas Sheeney 10 days for insulting

Magistrate Leslie had four cases at the Seventeenth ward station. William Reed was arrested Saturday night on car 101 of the Citizens' Traction Company. He insisted on standing on the platform and tried to assault Police Captain Brophy. He was fined \$10 and costs. James Peart raised a row on an Allegheny Valley Railroad pas-senger train at Forty-third street for which he was fined \$25 and costs.

he was fined \$25 and costs.

Frank Hurley was among Magistrate Succep's list of prisoners at the Twenty-eighth ward station hearing yesterday morning. Hurley was charged with attacking Josephine Ulmer, and when she attempted to make an outcry he is alleged to have pulled out a revolver and threatened to shoot her.

He admitted he had a quarrel with the girl, but denied he used a revolver. One was found on him, and he was fined \$50 and

Mayor Kennedy had two cases in Allegheny. Samuel Davidson was sent to the workhouse for 30 days for striking George Anderson in the face.

Magistrate McKenna had ten offenders at the Twelfth Ward police station. All with the exception of two were common drunks. Martin Morrisy got intoxicated Saturday night, followed James McCormack along Penn avenue, swearing at him and brandishing a butcher knife. He was fined \$10

Magistrate Hyndman disposed of 13 cases at the Fourteenth ward station and five cases at the Nineteenth ward station. At the Fourteenth ward station Daniel S was fined \$25 and costs for striking Lieuten-ant Duncan with a stone. John Wayman and his wife were sent 30 days to the work-bouse for fighting. John Murphy paid \$10 and costs for throwing a cobblestone through a window at 819 Forbes street.

## TROUBLE AT ST. STANISLAUL

Polish Catholics Take Advantage of Father Miskiewicz's Absence The Polish congregation of St. Stanislaus Church, on South Fifteenth street, is once

more excited. Last week Rev. Father Mis kiewicz, the pastor of the church, left for a trip to Europe, and his going caused some of the factions in the church to kick up a muss. Bishop Phelan filled Father Miskiewicz's place with a young man who is a professor in a Detroit seminary, who read his first mass yesterday. Several members of the congregation called on the new priest yesterday and demanded from him the books showing the financial condition of the church.

Rev. Father Miskiewizy, before leaving, had anticipated such a move, and he left the books so that they could be openly inspected by any member of the church. These books were turned over to the members, who demanded them, A meeting was held in the basement of the priest's residence yesterday afternoon was quite stormy, but just what it was about could not be learned.

The members became quite excited and officers had finally to be sent for. Captain Stewart and Detective Corrigan visited the place and drove off those who were wrangling on the outside. The new priest says that he will stand no trouble from the congregation, and if they get to quarreling he will shut up the church and go back to Detroit. Bishop Phelan will again be called on to settle the trouble.

## CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORERS ADJOURN.

The Last Day's Proceedings of a Remarkable Religious Convention.

NEW YORK, July 10. - The last day of the great convention of Christian Endeavor began at 9 o'clock this morning with a prayer meeting in the Madison Square Garden, conducted by H. B. Pennell, of Boston. About 10,000 delegates were present, and after several prayers and much hymn

singing the meeting took a recess.

At the afternoon session reports were received from the Committee on Conferences, under the direction of William Shaw, under the direction of William Shaw, Treasurer of the United Society, who reported that the greatest enthusiasm had been manifested by the delegates at the different denominational railies held during the convention. At one of them \$1,500 had been subscribed for the completion of a missionary church in Salt Lake City. The friends, or Quakers, he also said, formed a Christian Endeavor Society at yesterday's raily of their delegates. Ira D. Sankey spoke on the subject of Christian Endeavor in Great Britain. He had just returned, he said, from a six-months' campaign with Mr. Moody in Scotland and England. Moody in Scotland and England

ioned by the fact that several prominent Senators had been suggested as appropriate for appointment to the vacant chairmanship. These included Senator Aldrich, of Rhode Island, Senator Proctor, of Vermont, and Senator Sayer, of Wisconsin.

When asked about this matter this even-

Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U. S. Gov't Report.



NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

We call particular attention to the fact that this lot includes NO CHEAP, SHOWY, TRASHY GOODS; at this sale we offer nothing but FINE GOODS, FINE IN QUAL-ITY, WORKMANSHIP AND DESIGNS.

# Prices Are Reduced From 25 to 40 Per Cent SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY!

### Prices Marked in Plain Figures. SKIRTS. **NIGHT GOWNS.**

Tucked Yoke, trimmed with Hamburg embroidery, high sleeves, reduced from \$1 ..... Fine Cambric and Muslin Gowns, trimmed with Val. lace and embroidery Fine Muslin Gowns, solid

yoke of Hamburg embroidery, reduced...... Fine Muslin Gown, trimmed with fine torchon lace and tucks, reduced from

\$1.40..... Fine Cambric Gown, trimmed with Val. lace and edging, reduced from \$1.00 Extra fine Muslin Gown, V yoke, trimmed back

and front, with fine Hamburg edging, reduced from \$1.75..... Fine Muslin Gown, solid yoke of emproduced St from \$2 to.....

Ladies' fine Muslin Gown, surplice neck, turned collar and trimmed back, S1 reduced from \$2.25.... Extra fine Sack Gown, fine tucks front and back, turn-down collar, re- \$1 duced from \$2.25 to.....

Fine Cambric Gown, surplice neck, solid yoke, fine torchon lace, reduced from \$2.75 to..... \$1 Fine Cambric Gown, solid yoke, extra fine embroidery, turned collar, reduced from \$3.50 to... \$2.50

# CORSET COVERS.

Fine Cambric Corset Covers, slightly soiled, high and low neck, an assorted lot, former prices

75c and 98c..... Fine Cambric Sailor Collars, reduced from 98c., Fine Cambric Corset Covers, embroidered back and front, reduced from \$1 to..... ine Cambric Corset Covers, trimmed with Val.

lace, reduced from \$1 to One lot Cambric Corset Covers, high neck, solid yoke of embroidery, reduced from \$1.38...... One assorted lot extra fine Corset Covers, V back

and front, reduced from \$1.38..... Fine Cambric Corset Covers, square neck, trimmed back and front, reduced

## from \$1.38 to..... CHEMISE.

Cambric Chemise trimmed with Val. lace, tucked yoke, reduced from 75c to.....

Muslin Chemise, V neck, trimmed with embroidery, reduced from 98c... Cambric Chemise, V neck, reduced from \$1.25..... Fine Cambric Chemise, round yoke of embroid-ery, reduced from \$1.50 Fine Cambric Chemise,

round yoke of Val. lace, reduced from \$1.50 to.... \$1.13 Fine Cambric Chemise, square yoke of embroidery and insertion, re-\$1.25 awn Skirt Chemise, trimmed with fine torchon lace, tucked skirt, \$1.13

reduced from \$1.75..... xtra fine Cambric Skirt Chemise, trimmed with fine thread lace, ruffled skirt, reduced from \$2.38

ine Cambric Skirt Chemise, trimmed with fine Val. lace and insertion, \$2.50 reduced from \$3.50 to.

One lot plain Muslin Skirts, extra wide, 2 cluster of tucks, reduced from 89c

One lot Muslin Skirts, flounce of embroidery and cluster of 12 tucks, reduced from \$1.50 to ..... Cambric Skirt, with wide flounce of val lace, re-

duced from \$1.75 to ..... Fine Muslin Skirt, with · deep flounce of embroidery and insertion, reduced from \$1.75 to ..... \$1. Fine Muslin Skirt, with deep flounce of embroid-

12 tucks, yoke band, reduced from \$2...... \$1.33

dust ruffle, reduced from \$1.98 Extra Fine Muslin Skirt, trimmed with cambric

band, a superior article

Extra size plain Muslin duced from \$1.25 to .... Extra size Muslin Skirt, cambric ruffle, cluster of

One assorted lot Cambric Drawers, trimmed with thread and torchon lace, reduced from \$1 to......

broidery, reduced from \$1.38.....

and Muslin Drawers, deep ruffle of embroidery and insertion, reduced from \$1.69 and \$1.75 to.....

Extra size Muslin Drawers,

# reduced from \$1 to.....

One lot Norfolk Waists, made of fine French Gingham, reduced from \$1.25.....

worn, former prices \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2 and \$2.50. The only size we have left is 40-in., and the price is re-

Ladies' Lawn Aprons, with open work, reduced from 18c to..... Ladies' Lawn Aprons, hemstitched and lace trimmed, reduced from 20c to Ladies' Fine Lawn Aprons, deep hem, wide insertion of lace and embroid-

ery, 2 clusters of tucks, reduced from \$1.89..... \$1.2 Fine Muslin Skirts, flounce of embroidery, cluster of Fine Cambric Skirt, with deep flounce of Val. lace, 2 clusters of tucks and

ruffle and torchon lace, \$2.20 reduced from \$3 50.... Fine Muslin Skirt, trimmed with extra wide flounce torchon lace and insertion, tucked, yoke

in every respect, re- \$2.98 Skirts, deep hem, re-

tucks, reduced from \$1.50 .....

# DRAWERS.

Fine Muslin Drawers, tucked and trimmed with fine Vandyke em-

Fine Muslin Drawers, deep ruffle of embroidery, reduced from \$1.50......

One assorted lot Cambric

75° Fine Muslin Drawers, with deep ruffle of beautiful deep ruffle of beautiful

# LADIES' WAISTS.

One lot White Lawn Waists, soiled and shop-

duced to.....

# APRONS.

ery, reduced from 35c to