

Costing you Ten Cents each time will usually bring you the tenant you desire for your spare rooms.

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DAVE HILL'S BOO NOT IN SIGHT

And Grover's Two-Thirds Said to Be Assured on the First Ballot.

STATISTICIANS AT WORK

Juggling With the Votes to Nominate Their Favorites.

Boomers for Campbell, Boies and Gray Due to Arrive Early in the Convention City—Hard Labor Expected on Behalf of Selected Sons—New York's Snappers and Anti-Snappers Out in Full Force—Candidates Mentioned for the Vice Presidency—Limits to Which the Second Choice Will Be Confined—Big Forces Fixing Up the Wigwag—It Will Be in Readiness.

CHICAGO, ILL., June 14.—With the exception of the huge barn on the lake front, called a wigwag for want of a better name, there are few signs yet that Chicago is to be the scene of a national convention next week. And even this building is without a roof since the storm of last night, and those superstitious Republicans who objected to a nomination on Friday can offset that feature with the misfortune that has overtaken the Democratic Convention hall, even before it is occupied.

Hundreds of men are hard at work and it is expected that by laboring night and day, the structure will be again under roof and complete in all respects by the close of the week. The hall is larger than the one at Minneapolis and will hold 20,000 people. As convention honorees were thrust on Chicago, the local committee figures on having 6,000 tickets at its disposal, which, at \$20 a piece, will enable the Chicago Committee to build, furnish and tear down the wigwag and defray all incidental expenses. By the terms of agreement the wigwag is to be torn down and the debris removed 15 days after the convention adjourns. But it is expected that enough will be realized from salvage to meet all the campaign clubs of the Democracy that will be organized in Chicago this year, thus combining entertainment with profit in true Chicago fashion. The building is 500 feet long and 350 feet wide.

Figures Are Hard at Work. Though there are practically no delegates yet on the scene, the figures are already at work. To-day a table was given out which purports to show that Hill has 336 votes against 463 for Cleveland and the balance scattering. To obtain this result the New York Senator is credited with 8 votes in Pennsylvania, 6 in Kansas, 8 in Tennessee, and so on through a list of State delegations which were instructed to vote as a unit and which are confidently expected to go solidly for the ex-President. An analysis of the delegates already elected and the indication as to the few still to be chosen falls to show that Hill will have 800 votes at any stage of the proceedings, let alone on the first ballot.

Secretary Sheerin, of Indiana, is here as the representative of the Democratic National Committee. He is for Cleveland, but declines to express any personal opinion as to the ticket, saying the duty of the National Committee at present is simply to make arrangements for the Convention.

The sub-committee having charge of the arrangements will meet Friday. It is composed of Chairman Calvin S. Brice, of Ohio; Secretary S. P. Sheerin, of Indiana; Senator Gorman, of Maryland; Michael Dolan, of Minnesota; O. B. Holt, of Texas; and Arthur Sewell, of Maine.

Meetings of the Committees. After the meeting, the committee reports will be received by the local committee and a general conference will be held. The full meeting of the National Committee will be held Monday. The sub-committee, headed by Mr. Ranson, of North Carolina, has been appointed to select the temporary officers of the Convention. Adlai Stevenson, of Illinois; Henry Watterson, of Kentucky; ex-Governor Campbell, of Ohio and Governor Abbott, of New Jersey, have been mentioned for temporary Chairman. F. M. Rebell, of South Carolina, is the first delegate to arrive from that section of the country.

He is rather of the idea that no New York candidate will be named, and says: "I have the utmost faith in the wisdom of the delegates who will assemble here June 21. I am satisfied that the delegates from the South will not attempt to boom any candidate, but will leave it to the doubtful States to settle on a candidate who will be acceptable. Mr. Cleveland is not personally strong in the South, but, if the New York delegates say they will support him if nominated, his candidacy will be acceptable to the delegates from my section. If, on the other hand, the New York men say they will not support Mr. Cleveland, in my opinion the nomination will either go to Gorman or Palmer. I do not consider Hill a possibility, and those who keep talking about him are doing him an injustice, as he is not a candidate. I feel sure whoever is nominated will receive the support of the entire Democracy of the country, for this coming convention will be made up of wise men who will see to it that only such a candidate is nominated."

Favorite Sons in the Race. The Illinois Democrats are busily engaged in discussing the merits of their favorite sons, of whom they have a goodly number, who they regard as worthy of either first or second place on the National ticket. Congressman Fitzhugh is booming Colonel Morrison, of horizontal tariff bill fame, as the man for the honor if Cleveland is not named.

Mr. Fitzhugh speaks of the situation thus: "It can be truthfully said of Colonel William R. Morrison that he was the original tariff reformer of them all. He took advanced grounds in favor of tariff reform many years in advance of the leading statesmen of to-day, and he has persistently waged war against tariff robbery both in and out of Congress. He never allowed defeat to discourage him, and, like the brave soldier that he is, at every political contest was always found in the thickest of the battle, fighting for the people's cause. My information is that the Illinois delegation will cast the vote of the State for Cleveland, but there should be a chance to nominate Morrison I have every assurance

that our delegation will cast the vote of the State for him. The delegation is instructed to vote as a unit."

The majority of the delegates are Colonel Morrison's friends. It is a mistake to suppose that Morrison or Palmer would stand in each other's way, if either could be nominated. I personally know the contrary to be the fact. Without speaking disparagingly of any of the other Western men who are candidates, I am of the opinion that Colonel Morrison is the most available candidate at this time. This Congress has not met the expectations of the people in dealing with the tariff and the Democracy will not be so easily deceived as to take a platform in himself and that Colonel Morrison would be. He was a soldier in two wars and was wounded while in active engagement, leading the Union forces against the enemy in the late war.

Talk for the Vice Presidency. There is already more talk about the Democratic nomination for Vice President than was heard at the Republican gathering at Minneapolis up until a few hours before the candidate was named. It is practically conceded that if Cleveland secures the first place, a second will not go farther east than Ohio, nor farther west than Iowa. Ex-Governor Campbell would be a formidable candidate, were it not understood that he does not desire the position mentioned.

The outlook is that either Gray, of Indiana, or Boies, of Iowa, will be awarded the coveted prize, though General Adlai Stevens, of Illinois, is mentioned by political men as a possible second choice from inside. Big crowds of Boies' boomers are scheduled to arrive from the Hawkeye State. About the first delegation to come will be the New York anti-Snappers, and they will be closely followed by the advance guard of Hill's friends representing the mid-winter convention. Secretary Schofield, of the Cook County Democracy, announces that the Pennsylvania delegations and friends of the Young Men's Democratic Club, of Philadelphia, will arrive Saturday afternoon and will be met by a band, which has been engaged to furnish music for the Keystone Democrats, during their stay, as though the adherents of Guffey and Hartley would not provide enough diversion.

TAMMANY DROPS HILL

Whitney Secures Its Support for Cleveland—The Anti-Snap Strength Scared the Big Indians—Grover Now Said to Have a Sure Thing.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—[Special.]—The Hill boom is disintegrating and Cleveland is practically assured of the support of Tammany and the nomination at Chicago. These statements are not speculative. They are founded upon well authenticated facts. Outwardly the Hill movement may go on for a week longer without any apparent sign of weakening, but internally it is fast going to pieces. Mr. Croker, McLaughlin, Sheehan and other Tammany bosses have made invaluable concessions to the Cleveland faction. Within a week past the Tammany leaders secretly met a delegation of Cleveland men in New York to talk over the situation. The go-between was ex-Secretary Whitney. Between him and Boss Croker exists a bond of intimacy which is strengthened, it is said, by certain financial obligations on the part of the Tammany chief. Beginning with Boss Croker, it was not difficult to reach other leaders.

Tammany has for some time past been in dread that the 200,000 enrolled Democrats who met at the recent Cleveland convention might carry out their threat to dispute with the Tammany organization the control of the patronage in New York City, and possibly prevent it from having its own in the election of the municipal ticket. That would mean ruin to Tammany. Mr. Whitney, therefore, found the mind of Tammany well prepared to revive the impressions. The meeting was brought about without much trouble, and it was agreed that, in consideration of the Cleveland leaders abandoning the idea of disputing the domination of Tammany in New York City by setting up a rival organization, the Tammany chiefs would not only stop their fight upon Cleveland now, but aid in carrying New York for him in the election if, as now seems certain, he should get the nomination.

CARLISLE FOR CHAIRMAN

Mr. Stealey Says a Cleveland Cyclone Will Sweep Everything Before It. CHICAGO, June 14.—Mr. O. O. Stealey, the Washington correspondent of the Louisville Courier-Journal, is in the city to attend the convention. In his dispatch to the Courier-Journal to-night he states that the Cleveland cyclone here next week will sweep everything before it, and that Cleveland will be nominated by acclamation before the roll call is half finished. He also states that there will be no organized opposition to the nomination of Mr. Cleveland outside of New York.

He concludes his dispatch as follows: Since we cannot have John G. Carlisle for President this year, let us make him permanent President of the greatest Democratic Convention that has ever met in this country. He is the man of all others to answer McKinley's Minnesota speech, and he will make a tariff reform argument that will ring from one end of the country to the other. In addition to all of this he is splendidly equipped for the position, being the ablest parliamentarian in the country and a man always fair and impartial in his rulings."

INDIANA UNDECIDED YET

To Vote for Cleveland or for Gray Is the Important Question. CHICAGO, June 14.—R. E. Lenthall and C. L. Wall, two of the Indiana delegation, arrived at the Palmer House to-day. They declare that a meeting will be held to consider the advisability of casting a solid vote for Cleveland, though many of the delegates have been instructed for Gray.

NEW YORK IS COOLING DOWN

The Fight There Is Not So Intense as It Has Been Reported. CHICAGO, June 14.—Amos J. Cummings, of New York, who is at the Leland, says that the fight in New York is not so intense as reports would indicate, and that either Cleveland or Hill would get the full Democratic vote.

PEACE REIGNS AT TONAWANDA

The Proposition of the Striking Lumber-Shovers Accepted by the Employers. TONAWANDA, N. Y., June 14.—The labor difficulties which have resulted in riots and bloodshed were settled here to-night. The proposition of the lumber-shovers was accepted and the men will go to work in the morning. Stevedores are done away with and men deal directly with captains, dividing money equally. The militia will be disbanded. Both sides are well pleased with this result.

DEFEAT FOR GROVER

Anti-Cleveland Forces Win the Day in the Buckeye State.

HOT AND BITTER STRUGGLES

Make Matters Lively in the County and District Meetings.

BRICE TAKES A HAND IN THE CONTEST

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.)

COLUMBUS, O., June 14.—There is an unusual amount of guessing being done to-night as to who will be the delegate at large to the Chicago Convention. The district meetings were held this afternoon and there were a number of surprises in store for the Cleveland men. Senator Brice arrived shortly afternoon and apparently took charge of the forces and directed the manner in which things should be done. There is no doubt about the paramount Cleveland sentiment among the delegates and especially among the people whom they represent, but the opposition seems to be the better organized and are taking everything in caucus.

The anti-Cleveland men won about everything there was any contest in the district meetings this afternoon, and it is safe to state that not more than one-third of the 46 delegates are pronounced Cleveland men, while about an equal number are anti-Cleveland and the balance have a leaning to Cleveland, but are for the strongest man at Chicago. What might have been a solid Cleveland delegation, or substantially so, has been changed to that not more than one-half of it will be for Cleveland when he needs the votes. Senator Brice is an anti-Cleveland man, and is apparently in favor of any one as long as there is a chance left for himself.

INDICATIONS FOR DELEGATES AT LARGE

The indications to-night are that the delegates at large will be Brice, Campbell, and possibly Robert Bleck and L. T. Neal. There is some talk to-night of John R. McLean being a candidate for delegate at large, and if he is, there is not much doubt that he will be elected. There are a number of moderate Democrats who would be satisfactory to the rank and file of the Farmers' Alliance but candidates are not being much talked about. The members of the Farmers' Alliance are not taking any part in the contest, but the office must seek the man and candidates are rather chary of proclaiming their candidacy.

Jerry Simpson's renomination for Congress has been discussed with probably his little gubernatorial boom. That boom was started by some of his more enthusiastic admirers, and against Simpson's express desire.

NEWS WORK COMPLETED

He Sets Sail for His Consulship Office in London—Harrison Was Nominated and That Was What He Came Over the Pond For.

NEW YORK, June 14.—[Special.]—John C. New, who left his post as Consul General at London to come home and assist in renominating President Harrison, will sail on the steamship City of New York tomorrow morning, to resume his interrupted official duties. He was at the Gilsey House this evening, proudly displaying a silver "grandfather's hat" on the lapel of his coat, by which he became made too big a factor in this thing. I don't want and am not entitled to so much credit. The fact is that the people and not the politicians wanted Ben Harrison and that's why you couldn't stop his nomination. He is the best of all the people in the country behind him and he's going to win.

HOT STRUGGLES IN COUNTY MEETINGS

Columbians and Mahoning counties have 19 delegates and Stark 13. Columbians instructed its delegates for Al Carlisle as a Chicago delegate to Cleveland. The latter instructed its 10 delegates to vote for Cleveland men as delegates to Chicago. This was the condition of affairs when the district delegates met in caucus this afternoon to agree upon delegates. The three counties were divided, but the Cleveland ticket showed Warwick 20 votes as before and he was nominated.

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Another hot fight was among the delegates from Adams, Pike, Selma, Jackson, Lawrence and Gallia. For delegates to Chicago, the names of H. L. Chapman, of Jackson; Michael Stanton, of Selma; W. P. Shober, of Gallia, and Colonel Frank O'Connell, of Lawrence, were presented. The latter were presumed to be desirable to Cleveland's nomination and were knocked out, Chapman and Stanton being elected. Colonel O'Connell and E. W. Ellison, of Adams, were chosen by the vote of John W. Washburn, of Pike, selected elector.

Two more anti-Cleveland delegates were chosen from the Eleventh, viz: Judge Huffman, of Perry, and A. B. Cole, of Ross. There was no opposition. The alternates are Thomas H. Hall, of Athens, and John McNamara, of Vinton.

Another tussle of delegates was in the Fifteenth district composed of Muskingum, Guernsey, Morgan, Noble and Washington. The President's delegates were not drawn particularly plain here, the selections being made simply for the purpose of shutting Washington out. Washington county's delegates did not arrive until 3 p. m. when they found a combination by Muskingum, Guernsey, Noble and part of Morgan to bag all the honors. An effort to get an adjournment was unsuccessful and the combine selected the following delegates: Hon. Frank H. Southard, of Muskingum; James T. Cain, Guernsey; Alternates, W. L. Findley, Noble; Henry Rolser, Washington; Elector, Hon. Henry Bohl. The delegates were required to personally pledge themselves to go to Chicago for the purpose of choosing a man who could be elected. Neither of them are for Cleveland.

Delegates and Committees. The Sixteenth district selected the following delegates to Chicago: George W. McCook, Jefferson; George McKee, of Belmont; Alternates: N. A. Hanna, Harrison; Lewis Hoeller, Monroe; Elector: J. V. Lawler, Carroll. These men are supposed to favor Cleveland's nomination.

The First district selected the following anti-Cleveland delegates: Michael Devenary, Louis Beeslin; alternates: J. White, James M. Rice.

Among the committees selected at the district meetings this afternoon were the following: First district, Henry L. Leman, Hamilton; Second, W. B. Barnes, Hamilton; Third, John A. McWhorter, Montgomery; Fourth, D. Marsh, Mercer; Fifth, John W. Winn, Deane; Sixth, E. M. Ditty, Highland; Seventh, A. R. Hancock, Fickaway; Eighth,

Henry W. Seney, Hardin; Ninth, Elmer White, Lucas; Tenth, James W. Newman, Adams; Eleventh, James W. Newman, Adams; Twelfth, William Kommler, Franklin; Thirteenth, E. B. Finley, Crawford; Fourteenth, W. W. England, Hamilton; Fifteenth, David O'Key, Washington; Sixteenth, A. J. Pearson, Monroe; Seventeenth, Agulla W. Lee, Adams; Eighteenth, J. J. Gannon, Adams; Nineteenth, Thomas F. Walsh, Summit; Twentieth, W. A. Caster, Medina; Twenty-first, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Twenty-second, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Twenty-third, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Twenty-fourth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Twenty-fifth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Twenty-sixth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Twenty-seventh, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Twenty-eighth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Twenty-ninth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Thirtieth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Thirty-first, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Thirty-second, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Thirty-third, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Thirty-fourth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Thirty-fifth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Thirty-sixth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Thirty-seventh, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Thirty-eighth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Thirty-ninth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Fortieth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Forty-first, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Forty-second, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Forty-third, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Forty-fourth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Forty-fifth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Forty-sixth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Forty-seventh, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Forty-eighth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Forty-ninth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Fiftieth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Fifty-first, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Fifty-second, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Fifty-third, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Fifty-fourth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Fifty-fifth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Fifty-sixth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Fifty-seventh, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Fifty-eighth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Fifty-ninth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Sixtieth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Sixty-first, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Sixty-second, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Sixty-third, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Sixty-fourth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Sixty-fifth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Sixty-sixth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Sixty-seventh, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Sixty-eighth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Sixty-ninth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Seventieth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Seventy-first, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Seventy-second, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Seventy-third, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Seventy-fourth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Seventy-fifth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Seventy-sixth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Seventy-seventh, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Seventy-eighth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Seventy-ninth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Eightieth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Eighty-first, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Eighty-second, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Eighty-third, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Eighty-fourth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Eighty-fifth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Eighty-sixth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Eighty-seventh, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Eighty-eighth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Eighty-ninth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Ninetieth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Ninety-first, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Ninety-second, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Ninety-third, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Ninety-fourth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Ninety-fifth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Ninety-sixth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Ninety-seventh, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Ninety-eighth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; Ninety-ninth, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga; One hundred, J. J. Sullivan, Cayahoga.

FUSION IN KANSAS

Part of the Plan Carried Out Between the Alliance and Democracy—Jerry Simpson Renominated for Congress and Room for Governor is Now Completely Done.

WICHITA, KAN., June 14.—Delegates to the Farmers Alliance State Convention, which meets to-morrow to nominate a full State ticket, are discussing only one question: "Shall the Farmers' Alliance fuse with the Democrats?"

At a recent conference of Farmers' Alliance and Democratic leaders at Kansas City, a plan of fusion was arranged which provided for the nomination of three Democrats on their State ticket by the Farmers' Alliance, while about an equal number of Justice of the Supreme Court, Attorney General and also two district Congressmen. A part of the plan was carried out to-day at Emporia, when the Farmers' Alliance nominated J. V. Wharton for Congress, an ex-Democrat, whom the Democrats at their convention subsequently nominated.

The question is now, will the rest of the plan be carried out. There is a strong fusion sentiment among the more conservative Farmers' Alliance members, but the more radical Democratic agitator they cannot hope for success, knowing that it was the Democratic votes two years ago that carried their ticket to victory. It looks to-night as if the fusion plan would prevail. There are a number of moderate Democrats who would be satisfactory to the rank and file of the Farmers' Alliance but candidates are not being much talked about. The members of the Farmers' Alliance are not taking any part in the contest, but the office must seek the man and candidates are rather chary of proclaiming their candidacy.

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A TROPIC GLACIER

California Adds a Geologic Wonder to the World's Big Collection.

MILES OF MOVING ICE

Discovered in San Bernardino County's Mountain Fastness.

CANONS DISCLOSE THEIR SECRETS

To an Adventurous Exploring Expedition in the Golden State.

TRUTH OF AN OLD TRADITION PROVEN

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.)

LOS ANGELES, CAL., June 14.—The discovery of an active glacier in Southern California of such heroic proportions as to justify comparison with the minor continental glaciers of the Alps, Andes and Himalayas, is, in fact, the largest, if not the only glacier in the temperate confines of the United States. It is one of the wonders which the inhabitants of this marvelous region, from a geographical standpoint, can add to the local category of stupendous works to be found in sub-tropical California.

The story of the existence of a moving river of ice buried in the deep canons of the San Bernardino range of mountains is an old one, and among the earliest settlers in this section it has been handed down as a tradition. At times the more venturesome of the army of argonauts penetrated these deeper recesses of the range in the search for yellow metal and came back again into the haunts of men and told tales of the great gorge choked up with a mighty mass of ice, and the very exciting momentary interest in those days gradually became a memory's tradition, a tale of the hills.

Old Reports of the Ice River.

Among many of the older residents of San Bernardino county the existence of a great ice gorge of the upper levels of Grayback Mountain, the monarch of the San Bernardino range, has been known and vouchered for during the past 30 years. Mr. C. Haskell, of San Bernardino, received the story from many different sources and only two years ago Mr. F. Gilman, at present a school teacher in North Ontario, while on an exploring tour in the section mentioned found his way to this marvel and came back with wondrous tales of an immense body of ice, locked up in a mighty canon that was pressing immense masses of granite down into valleys below with the titanic accumulative force of nature. The frequent iteration of these stories prompted the Herald to make up a party of investigation to see how the thing stood in view of an exploring expedition was organized.

Securing a suitable outfit, the party, under command of Colonel M. M. Congdon, left Los Angeles over the kite-shaped track of the Santa Fe road Monday, June 6. At Highland station they boarded the Bear Valley stage, and at Pine Lake mustangs and burros were procured to go to the headwaters of the Santa Ana river, and there make the ascent of Gray Back Mountain.

Sub-Tropic Snow Storm in June

One of the features of the stop at the Bear Valley Hotel was a June snow storm with a fall of six inches, the altitude being 7,700 feet. Ice formed in the water pitches in the morning a quarter of an inch in thickness. A start was made at 6 o'clock the next morning and a climb of 3,000 feet was made to the summit of the range south of Pine Lake. The aneroid barometer indicated an elevation of 8,029 feet. The descent from this point to the Santa Ana valley was made in a single day. There is an almost abrupt fall of 3,000 feet like the chasmic declivities that are to be found along the eastern Sierras.

Slowly and cautiously threading their way over immense masses of rounded granite boulders at an altitude of 10,000 feet a grass-covered plateau, half a mile wide was crossed, and then the party turned into a canon that was apparently impassable, but a thrashing machine was used to clear the rugged and forbidding mountain side always stretching upward toward the clouds. After four hours of very slow climbing a rocky peak was reached beyond which turned the snowy tops of Gray Back Mountain. Beyond this point are other peaks of the higher range. As the party proceeded up the canon the masses of snow along the sides and in the old torrent bed became more frequent, and at many points had drifted into great banks, 20, 30 and 50 feet in depth.

Great Drifts of Frozen Snow.

After a brief rest the ascent of the mountain began in earnest. A stretch of table land half a mile in width, sparsely covered with rather high and gigantic granite boulders was crossed with considerable difficulty. Snow drifts abounded here in great profusion. As the ascent continued the difficulty of breathing increased and frequent stops for rest became imperative.

The ascent was up a steep incline, and on either side were great ravines in the mountain side that extended upwards for hundreds of feet to points near the summit. These ravines were oblong in shape, half a mile in length and about an eighth of a mile in width were filled full of snow. They ran into a canon that would spirally downward tending in a southerly direction. Although these great fissures in many respects resemble the heads of glaciers still they were not of sufficient dimensions to indicate a permanent existence and the party followed the trend of these ravines in a southerly direction crossing a ridge here and there, and at last the main body of the mountain fully 2,000 feet.

The Discovery of the Glacier.

They came to the main or mother gorge, which extended from the summit downward for fully 2 1/2 miles. The gorge was wedge shaped. It was fully an eighth of a mile in width at the summit and widened to three-quarters of a mile at the base. The snow at the crest of the gorge at the top of the mountain lay in strata, there being one deposit in each of the immense canyons, each secure hundreds of feet in depth. On one side of this fissure the strata is sharply defined, the snow strata each representing the accumulation of a single year, here and there and most dense approaching the blue color of ice.

About half a mile downward from the summit the three gorges heretofore described as containing immense deposits of snow and ice meet in one common channel and descend into the main gorge. At the point of juncture there were fragmentary indications that at some long past period the smaller channel had been a active glacier. On both sides of the main gorge were lateral moraines formed of earthy matter and detritus which had been detached from the mountain sides and fallen upon the surface of the moving snow and ice.

Moves Fifty Feet a Year.

Close study of the stratifications led to the belief that the glacier moves somewhere at the rate of 50 feet a year. The ice is blue-black laminated, and is brittle to the touch. The glacier proper is fully four miles

long to the point where it debouches into a valley where the sun can bring the full force of its rays to bear on the snow. Here it melts away and unravels an immense body of water, which in a few hundred yards sinks into the ground to rise later on and form the Santa Ana river.

WEDDED IN A CEMETERY.

Queer Marriage Ceremony in Baltimore—Bride and Groom Stand on Graves and Are Made One—The Happy Pair Belong to the F. F. From Way Beach.

BALTIMORE, June 14.—[Special.]—Six carriages drove into Green Mount Cemetery to-day, and as they entered the gates those in the neighborhood looked intuitively for the hearse. They saw none, however, and those who followed soon discovered that it was not a funeral cortege but a strange bridal party.

The choice of a graveyard for the performance of a marriage ceremony was due to the sentiment of the happy bride and her devotion to the memory of her parents, who for two decades have lain buried in Green Mount. The groom was Colonel Hendric Von Stamp, of Washington, D. C., and the bride Miss Mildred Hammond, daughter of the late General Howard Hammond. The party proceeded to the Hammond burial place, where the ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. J. V. Slinger, pastor of German Street M. E. Church, pronounced them man and wife. The lot was handsomely decorated with flowers.

The witnesses to the marriage certificate were Major Morris Jackson and his wife, Mattie Jackson, and Harold Jackson, Colonel of Denmark in Baltimore, and Mr. Julius Jackson. The bride is of one of Maryland's oldest families, being a remote descendant of George Washington. The party immediately after the marriage ceremony proceeded to the Hotel Bennett, where a reception was held and a dinner was served.

DRAMATIC CHURCH SCENE

A Demoralized Congregation Excommunicated by a Bishop. CLEVELAND, June 14.—[Special.]—There was a highly dramatic scene at St. Stanislaus Church to-night when Bishop Horstmann denied the rights of the sacraments to nearly the entire congregation. There has been serious trouble in the church for two weeks, culminating in a riot Saturday and numerous fights Sunday and Monday. The Bishop has been out of the city. He returned to-day and at once sent the congregation word that he would address them tomorrow night.

The church was jammed with people. After stating to the members that no power on earth could remove Father Kosinski, the pastor objectionable to a faction