

ENGLAND'S GOOD NAME

At Stake Over Troubles Between an Agent and Missionaries. SALISBURY DOUBTS THE REPORTS. Believes No Officer Showed Hostility to Uganda Catholics.

Setting a Date for Parliament's End. LONDON, June 13.—In the House of Lords today Lord Harris (Liberal) asked that a Commission be sent to Uganda to examine into and report upon the recent troubles in that country between Captain Lugard, the representative of the British East Africa Company and the French missionaries. He claimed that the honor of England was at stake in the matter.

Lord Salisbury replied that a telegram had just been received from Zanzibar which gives letters from Mungaa, at the southern end of the Victoria Nyanza, dated March 31, reporting the arrival of Captain Williams, an agent of the British East Africa Company, who stated that the fighting in Uganda had ended and that Captain Lugard had come to terms with Mungaa, King of that country. The English missionary in Uganda is a nineteen French missionaries were in the Bukoba district. All were safe and well. This intelligence, Lord Salisbury said, would diminish the anxiety of the Government as regards the self-sacrificing devoted men who had appeared to be exposed to great dangers and suffering.

Salisbury Discredits the Reports. Continuing, Lord Salisbury said: "If I believed for a moment that British agents had been guilty of attacking Catholic establishments, or had in any way taken hostile action against other Europeans in Uganda, I would heartily condemn their conduct, but I cannot condemn British officers unheard. From what I know of Captain Lugard I am sure he would never mediate propagandist actions or use his forces to injure any other religion or nation. The reports previously received were probably exaggerated. Although the geographical position of Uganda, which would entail a six months' journey, renders the dispatch of a commission to that country an onerous and costly one, I will make every inquiry and call vigorously to account any person whose conduct deserves censure."

In reply to a question asked by the Earl of Kimberley, Lord Salisbury said it was true that Captain Jones had been instructed to withdraw from Uganda to a point midway between that country and the coast. He added that although it was a very arduous task to hold Uganda under existing conditions, he believed that the making of a railway would dispose of the difficulty.

Setting the Date for Adjournment. In the House of Commons today Mr. Balfour, the Government leader, stated that Parliament would be dissolved between June 19 and June 25. Mr. Balfour added that the Government would introduce the Irish Education and several other bills before Parliament is dissolved, but it would be impossible to proceed with the Irish local government bill.

The Hon. G. N. Curzon, Parliamentary Secretary of the Foreign Office, stated that the Government of India had decided that it was needless to be officially represented at the Chicago Columbian Exposition, or to make a grant for an Indian exhibit. The Government would, however, support the Calcutta Tea Association in forming a section for the exhibition.

Mr. James Stuart, (Radical) member of the Hoxton division of Shoreditch, asked whether the Government would take care that the bill for the election of members of the New Parliament would reach the boroughs, so as to enable the elections to be held on a Saturday.

Mr. Balfour replied that it was not only the members of the House of Commons, but of the House of Lords also, that concluded before fixing the exact date of dissolution. He, therefore, could not fix the date so that the elections would take place on Saturday.

No More Immigrants Wanted. Mr. Howard Vincent (National Conservative), member of the division of Sheffield, called attention to the fact that 2,285 immigrants had entered England from the continent in a month, of which number 373 did not intend to proceed to America. Mr. Vincent asked the Government in view of the present depression of trade, to name a day for the introduction of a measure of restriction.

The Rt. Hon. Henry Matthews, the Home Secretary, admitted that thus far in 1892, 5,950 immigrants more than in 1890 had entered the country. The destination of many of these immigrants was not stated. Mr. Matthews said he understood they had proceeded to America. In conclusion, he said the Government could not name a day for the purpose specified by Mr. Vincent.

RIVALRY OF PARNELLITES. They Attempt to Break Up a Meeting and a Free Fight Follows. DUBLIN, June 13.—In addition to the encounter at Tralee yesterday, the rival factions of the Irish National League broke out at Limerick. The battle began in an attempt by the anti-Parnellites to break up a Parnellite meeting. The latter had heard rumors of the intended attack, and were fully prepared with shillelahs and other weapons for their antagonists. This was the signal for the battle. The anti-Parnellites rushed forward to rescue the coat tail. Others dashed at the band, while the main body, with shillelahs flourishing and bows of rage, intermingling with cries of pain, were soon mixed up in a confused mass.

As the fight progressed the police assembled in force and charged the mob, but the struggle was at such close quarters that the police could hardly make any impression. This is the third fight of the campaign, preparatory for the general election, the first, or opening fight, having occurred at Navan, in the County of Meath, a few days ago, when the anti-Parnellites held a convention to select candidates to oppose Messrs. Mahony and Shiel.

BI-METALLISM IN INDIA. The Movement to Secure a Reform in the Currency Receives Strong Support. SIMLA, INDIA, June 13.—At a largely attended meeting here to-day it was unanimously decided to memorialize Parliament to reform the Indian currency by an international agreement establishing bi-metallicism or the establishment of a gold standard.

The President of the Calcutta Chamber of Commerce made an effective speech in which he urged that energetic action should be taken to attain the end desired. The movement to secure a reform in the currency is receiving strong support throughout India.

The Blue Danube Overflowing. BUDA PESTH, June 13.—The Danube river has risen 1 1/2 inches here since last night. At Raab, which is situated 67 miles northwest of this city at the confluence of the river Raab with an arm of the Danube, the waters of the Danube commenced rising and the town is already isolated from the surrounding country by the flood.

Irish Against the Education Bill. LONDON, June 13.—Mr. Thomas Sexton (McCarthyite), member for West Belfast, declared in the House of Commons that the Irish would strenuously oppose the Irish education bill at every stage.

Eighty Houses Go Up in Smoke. PARIS, June 13.—Eighty houses have been destroyed by fire in the town of

RIGHTING THE WRECK. Gangs Hard at Work Removing the Debris From the Flood.

Congress To Be Asked to Aid. Oil Creek Flowing Out of Its Course and Needs to Be Put Back. THEORIES AS TO THE FLOATING OIL. OFFICIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. TITUSVILLE, Pa., June 13.—The work of clearing up the ruins has been pushed with rapid vigor to-day, 250 being employed. There have been divided into four gangs and apportioned to their regular districts. The men received their pay to-night for the first week's work. The roll was a large one, the amount footing to nearly \$4,000 for labor alone. Superintendent Jones says that a number of men will be laid off soon. The first to go will be those from outside. The work will still necessitate the employment of 100 men for some weeks, and that is the number those in charge propose to retain.

It is now thought that all the missing have been accounted for with the exception of possibly one. This doubt arises from the blunder made by those who took the Bingenheimer and Whalen families from their burned home. It is positively known that one at least of the Whalen children was buried as a Bingenheimer. The feet, hands and other pieces of anatomy found in the Bingenheimer house two or three days after the first bodies were removed have always been figured as a body. This has accounted for the correct number known to have been in the two houses at the time of the catastrophe.

Reasons for the Floating Oil. The opinion is, however, entertained by many that the parts mentioned belonged to a single body, and that as several of them were badly mutilated and unrecognizable. It will require the finding of either another Whalen and Bingenheimer body to completely clear up the matter.

Mr. C. N. Payne, of the National Transit Company, one of our leading citizens and a veteran in the oil business since 1862 when he landed at Petroleum Center, in a conversation with the reporter, corresponded today advanced an idea as to the cause of so much oil, benzine and naphtha being scattered on the face of the flood which seems to be a good one.

You will notice, said Mr. Payne, "that near the top of the oil is a solid and well-rolled still stands in almost as good condition as before the disaster, with its contents intact, while those which loosely constructed and carelessly built coverings are silted with debris and are scattered along the creek bank and bed between this city and Oil City. My theory is that when the water became high enough it ran in over the top of the leaky topped tanks and took the place of the lighter contents, forcing the oil into the tanks and down to the flames. Go through any of the refinery yards and my theory is confirmed at once, for the solid topped tanks are standing there to-day with their contents intact."

To Interest the Public for Aid. A public meeting of merchants and business men will be held at 7 o'clock to-day, Exchange with the object of devising means to interest the outside wholesale firms with whom they have business relations in raising funds to send to Titusville's relief. The meeting was largely attended and arrangements were made for the purpose.

One of the leading questions of the hour is how to provide means for turning Oil Creek once more into its proper channel. Just below the railroad bridge the flood seemed to sever from its natural course and bear to the left in the direction of the creek in some manner compelled to assume its former course. Meantime these large works employing 100 and more men are under way and shut down.

Asking Congress to Right the Creek. At a meeting held yesterday to debate this question a committee was appointed consisting of Messrs. Rogers, Sherman, Mayor, C. Emerson, H. Blos, J. E. Jones, Jesse Smith and A. B. Howard to act in conjunction with a committee from Oil City in the matter of determining on the feasibility of applying to Congress for aid to right the creek by the proposed plan.

Consolation for the Lazy. It is Now Announced That Early Rising Tends to Shorten Life. Buffalo Enquirer.

Health careers seem never to tire of framing rules on how to attain long life, but several recent writers on dietetics have set to work unsetting many of the dearest creations of these cranks.

Early rising and sponging have always been considered essential to good health and long life. Authorities now pronounce this a superlativity. They say eight out of every ten persons over 80 whose cases were investigated never went to bed until well into the small hours and rose correspondingly late next day. Early rising tends to exhaust the physical powers and shorten life, it is said, are always persons who habitually abstain from bathing. Here is consolation for the lazy and drowsy.

COLUMBUS AND THE SLAVES. He Loaded His Empty Caravels With Them but Isabella Protested. Whatever may be said in palliation it is a historic fact that Columbus was a slave.

He came to the New World with the expectation of finding measureless treasure. On one of his voyages it was necessary to return to his caravels. To return them empty was to acknowledge the poverty of his new possessions. In this extremity he thought of slaves. Many years before the Portuguese had driven a thriving trade by capturing the unfortunate negroes of Africa and selling them as slaves in Spain.

Queen Isabella's heart was immediately touched, and she promptly ordered the traffic stopped.

Where Women Have the Last Word. Burmah has developed the woman's right principle to the top notch of perfection. Women have the privilege of selecting their own husbands, and the happy men whom they honor with their choice have no right to say "no," unless they can prove previous engagements. Of course, there is a slim chance for the man. His wife is free to him the gets more and turns him out. This makes life worth living to him.

Mrs. Augusta Wilson's Favorite Book. Mrs. Augusta Wilson Wilson has written novels enough to fill a long library shelf. Her favorite book is "Beulah," which brought her financial independence at a time when her circumstances were not exactly pleasant.

SOME SHARK LORE.

Are They Man-eaters?—That They Are Is Proved by the Record of the War and Navy Department. Bits of Emphatic Evidence Produced. WASHINGTON, June 13.—Scientific men, novelists, and historians have long been in dispute over the question whether sharks are or are not man-eaters. There is a well-grounded belief in the minds of people generally that they are, and many practical illustrations of the correctness of this belief have been presented from time to time. Writers without number have taken the opposite view. An extract from an ancient volume of the War Department records bears unique and apparently convincing testimony on the cannibalistic side of the shark question. It is taken from the medical journal of the United States ship Falmouth, dated July 13, 1845, and reads as follows:

Dead: Griffin.—About 8 o'clock last night a noise was heard as if some object fell overboard. A boat was sent in search, but no person was seen, and on muzzling the crew this morning at daylight J. Griffin was found missing, and it is supposed he must have fallen overboard last night and been drowned. His body has not been found.

July 19, 1845 (six days later).—A shark was seen to strike the ship's stern, and a crew member was carried down. Edward H. Tibbets, O. S., aged 13. The crew of the boat which pulled down the shark three fathoms under water slowly descending, the water being perfectly calm.

WHAT IS BEAUTY? Some Queer Ideas of Loveliness Which Prevail in Different Countries. It is remarkable to learn the extraordinary ideas of female beauty which characterize different nations says a writer in the *Jessie Miller Monthly*.

The ladies of Arabia stain their fingers and toes red, their eyebrows black and their lips blue. In Persia they paint a black streak around their eyes, and ornament their faces with representations of various figures.

The Jananese women adopt the singular method of gilding their teeth, and those of the Indians paint them red. In some parts of India the pearl of the tooth must be dyed black before it can be beautiful. The Hotentot women paint their entire body in compartments of red and black. In Greenland the women color their faces with blue and yellow, and frequently tattoo their bodies by saturating threads of soap, inserting them beneath the skin, and then drawing them through.

Hindoo families, when they wish to be particularly lovely, smear themselves with a mixture of saffron and grease, and in the East Indies the women of the Pacific and Indian oceans the women, as well as the men, tattoo a great variety of figures on the face, the lips and the tongue.

In New Holland the women cut themselves with shells, keeping the wounds open long time, so that they are in the flesh, which they deem highly ornamental. Another mark of beauty consists in having finger nails so long that casings of bamboo are necessary to protect them from injury. The women of the Pacific and Indian oceans have small eyes, thick lips, a large, flat nose, and a skin beautifully black. In New Guinea the nose is perforated and a large piece of wood or bone inserted. On the northwest coast of America, the women have earlobes so large that the lower lip is pulled into the mouth and the head of the horn being inside the mouth and the point resting on the chin.

FREAKS OF FISH AND FROG. Specimens Have Been Found Which Hatch Their Young in Their Mouths. Fish of the genus *Chromis*, found in the Sea of Galilee, and also of the genus *Arius*, allied to the catfish, have the very peculiar habit of carrying their eggs about in their mouths, where they appear to be safely lodged during the period of hatching in the large and capacious pharynx or hinder part of the mouth cavity. The eggs of these remarkable fishes having been hatched by artificial means, the young ones continue until they are able to feed for themselves, until they are able to feed for themselves, and have been observed during that stage of their existence swimming in and out of their mouth-dwelling.

A frog which is found in Chili, *Rhinoderma Darwinii*, has the same habit. It possesses two vocal sacs, which have, however, become divided from their original use, and are now utilized as brood pouches. Into these sacs or pouches the males, while in the act of mating, insert the eggs, and there they are protected and undergo development, and within them the young are kept until able to forsage for themselves.

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The Merchants' Bank of Canada, has obtained judgment against Edward M. Field and Daniel A. Lidley, of New York, for \$119,824 in debt of \$200,000.

Duroso May the exports of breadstuffs from the United States was \$19,410,394, against \$12,330,231 in May of 1891; of provisions, \$10,561,262, against \$7,098,056 in 1891; and of minerals, \$8,117,925, against \$3,955,275 in May of 1891.

On Saturday last the London, Paris and American Bank, of San Francisco, filed an attachment for \$18,000 on the wholesale liquor house of Alfred Greenleaf & Co., and to-day an attachment for \$8,000 was levied on the firm by S. W. Levysand.

About one-half of the departments in the Boston Iron and Steel Company, of McKeesport, are in operation owing to the many improvements now being made. A new engine will be put in the plant in place of the old one which was disabled some time ago.

East-bound shipments of freight from Chicago last week by all roads amounted to 53,778 tons, against 49,000 tons for the preceding week, and 48,389 tons for the corresponding week of last year. Lake shipments amounted to 6,603 tons, against 5,904 for the week previous.

The following companies were chartered yesterday: Westmoreland Gas Manufacturing Company, of Philadelphia, to operate in Hempfield township, Westmoreland county, capital \$1,000; Pennsylvania Gas Manufacturing Company, of Philadelphia, to do business in Penn township, Westmoreland county, capital \$1,000; North Huntingdon Gas Manufacturing Company, of Philadelphia, to do business in North Huntingdon township, Westmoreland county, capital \$1,000.

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SOME EASTERN MERCHANTS. A Decree in a Southern Case of Interest to Some People. ATLANTA, Ga., June 13.—Before Judge Marshall J. Clark to-day a decree was taken in the case of Stephen A. Ryan, doing business as John Ryan's Son, who failed some months ago and who has since been in jail for contempt of court. This is the nature of the settlement between the secured and unsecured creditors by which the fund in the hands of the receiver, \$175,000, is divided between the two factions. The secured creditors, consisting of their mortgages, the face value of which is something like a quarter of a million dollars. This decree does not affect the contempt case but does secure some money for the unsecured creditors, most of them Eastern merchants.

STRIKE ON THE N. Y. CENTRAL. Switchmen Refuse to Accept the New Time and Wage Schedule. LOCKPORT, N. Y., June 13.—(Special.)—The New York Central switchmen, of the Lockport, New York, yards, refuse to accept the new schedule issued by Vice President Webb, increasing the hours of labor to 12 and reducing the wages. Their act shut down shipments on the Central to-day.

It is supposed that all the Knights of Labor left the employ of the Central in this vicinity in August, 1889, and since that time have been here to-day to see whether the men who went out to-day belong to the order or not, or whether the walkout is to be general.

BUSINESS BRIEVITIES. The offers of silver to the Treasury Department yesterday aggregated \$34,000,000. The amount purchased was \$34,000,000 at \$207.8590.

The Merchants' Bank of Canada, has obtained judgment against Edward M. Field and Daniel A. Lidley, of New York, for \$119,824 in debt of \$200,000.

Duroso May the exports of breadstuffs from the United States was \$19,410,394, against \$12,330,231 in May of 1891; of provisions, \$10,561,262, against \$7,098,056 in 1891; and of minerals, \$8,117,925, against \$3,955,275 in May of 1891.

On Saturday last the London, Paris and American Bank, of San Francisco, filed an attachment for \$18,000 on the wholesale liquor house of Alfred Greenleaf & Co., and to-day an attachment for \$8,000 was levied on the firm by S. W. Levysand.

About one-half of the departments in the Boston Iron and Steel Company, of McKeesport, are in operation owing to the many improvements now being made. A new engine will be put in the plant in place of the old one which was disabled some time ago.

East-bound shipments of freight from Chicago last week by all roads amounted to 53,778 tons, against 49,000 tons for the preceding week, and 48,389 tons for the corresponding week of last year. Lake shipments amounted to 6,603 tons, against 5,904 for the week previous.

The following companies were chartered yesterday: Westmoreland Gas Manufacturing Company, of Philadelphia, to operate in Hempfield township, Westmoreland county, capital \$1,000; Pennsylvania Gas Manufacturing Company, of Philadelphia, to do business in Penn township, Westmoreland county, capital \$1,000; North Huntingdon Gas Manufacturing Company, of Philadelphia, to do business in North Huntingdon township, Westmoreland county, capital \$1