# THE BUSINESS WORLD.

Western Floods Still Having Their Effect on General Trade.

IRON IS STILL THE UNDER DOG.

What Has Been Doing in Wall Street and the Produce Exchanges.

## FIRES, FAILURES AND RAILWAY NEWS

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) NEW YORK, June 3 .- Special telegrams to Bradstreed's indicate that the Central Mis-Bissippi River Valley, as well as that in Louisiann, has again suffered from rising water, with a consequent check to trade and interference with transporation. Serious damage is threatened from the overflow in the sugar district north of New Orleans. General trade in the region affected by overflows may be unfavorably affected for a little time to come.

The customary slackness of business a this season, is making its appearance in some staple lines. Leather, petroleum, sugar, lumber and rubber are in some better demand, and sugar and rubber will probably advance. Boots and shoes are in fair re quest, but hides, tobacco, cigars and groceries are quite dull.

The depression which has bung over iron and steel has not been raised, sales of iron having been made at the lowest prices of the year at Chicago and at Pittsburg, but recent industrial troubles of moment are in a fair way to be settled.

Live Stock, N. Y. Stock and Grain Stock. Live cattle are lower at Kansas City, but higher at Omaha. Unfavorable weather has revailed in Missouri and Kansas. Duluth, ago and St. Paul don't find that check to business from prolonged rains and bad roads which has been noticed elsewhere. At the New York Stock Exchange only one-half as many shares have been traded in this week as last, but from January 1 to date the number is 43,000,000 against 26,000,000 by table

L lings in cotton are steady, with 14,000,-est utures and 32,000 bales of spot for ear to data, as compared with 8,300,000 of futures and 26,460 bales spot in five fis of 1861. Like totals for local trading ent are 686,000,000 bushels futures and 000 bushels of spot, arginst 754,225,000 le of futures and 16,706,000 bushels of vibest from January 1 to June 3, 1891. Ites to Bradstert sats to grain stocks doubestic and Canadian supplies equal June 1, 1888, though larger than

dates in intervening years. For five supplies fell away only 36,000,000 , against 44,000,000 bushels four years ur own and official data point to 27,-ushels to be exported in the cereal ing June 3), with reserves amo to 65,000,000 bushels July 1 next, twice

e quantity carried over July 1, 1891.

The Financial Review of the Week. Our telegrams from 69 bank clearing ases show a May total of \$4,953,000,000, a crease of 11 per cent as compared with the total for January last. In 1891 the May al was only 3 per cent less than that for January, while in 1890, a year of business activity, the May total was 34 per cent in more than in January, and in 1880, 1 per cent larger than in January. Bank clear-bus for May 1892, are smaller than in May.

being the first monthly aggregate this to fail beland any like total for three eding years. For the week, clearings 1 \$1,010,000,000, about 11 per cent less hast week, but 6 per cent more than in like week in 1851. At the New York & Exchange the settlement of \$59,350,000 emerican was affected by checker for tions was affected by checks for

transactions was affected by checks for BM/STI, an apparent reduction in the 6% hank clearings total of S57,415,129. Survey gold shipments, accompanied by distance and hearish tendencies, check killy and produce a tendency to lower res. Rains and doubts regarding the crop reditrond prospects are also responsible heatation and declines. Leading Indus-is attract increased attention and show wavement on disincilination to trade in coment on disinclination to trade in ad securities. The attack in New 55 Conl stocks.

in good demand. Foreign ex. is firm at or close to the gold shi int, and the eningements of specie int, \$1,250,000, tell short of expectation, ints of specie for Drygoods, Raw Wool and Cotton,

The active season in drugoods is over, as

rtland, Ore. Sait Lake City. New Haven.... Portland, Me... ingfield Fort Worth Wilmington, Del Lowell Grand Rapids. Des Moin Los Angeles Lexingto ew Bedford. wannah . Great Falls... Total United States ..... \$1, 019, 455, 8 Outside New York. ......\$ 431,590,7 Dominion of Canada -7, 582, 150 1, 215, 559 5, 831, 255 065, 529 15.8 .....

## CUMBERLAND'S GOOD THINGS.

A New Steel and Tin Plate Company Will Increase Its Industries. CUMBERLAND, MD., June 3.-[Special]-The Cumberland Steel and Tin Plate Company

will, on Monday, open the works and prepare for business. The products of the plant will

for business. The products of the plant will be steel rails, fences, tool steel, railroad spikes, car wheels, etc. The steel mill will at once be put in operation with 100 hands employed, and by the time the mill is in full operation they will keep 500 men constantly at work. The fin plate mill will be in operation in-side of 90 days, with 200 hands employed there. The entire output of the tin plate mill has beencontracted for by a large beef company in Chicago. The Lehighton Car Spring Company, an adjunct to the above plant, will begin the construction of a building here at once, and will employ nearly 100 men. The combined forces of these industries will aggregate 1,000 men.

## BUSINESS BREVITIES.

LOUISVILLE marble cutters have struck for nine hours a day with ten hours' pay. Tonoxto brickmakers have been starved

back to work after a two months' strike. A TOTAL of \$1,750,000 in gold coin will be shipped from New York to Europe to-day. THE Russian Government has raised the duty on coal and coke at Black Sea and Azof seaports.

D. M. ALEXANDER, drygoods, Vernon, Tex., has failed with \$25,000 liabilities and about \$15,000 assets. LEOPOLD WAITZFEAT, MANUfacturer of cot-

has failed. General liabilities estimated at \$50,000. NEW ENGLAND granite manufacturers, not

being able to settle with the unions, have decided to open yards to individual appli-cants for work. PETITIONS to Governor McKinley are being

irculated and signed by the miners of the Tuscarawas Valley asking the removal of R. M. Hazletine, Chief Inspector of Mines.

THERE were chartered vesterday the Journal Publishing Company, of Washing-

ed in advices from New England and PHILADELPHIA capitalists, supposed to be

				THE
673 557 530 161		25.0 :5.9 11.1 10.3	PLATFORM	POINTERS
875 435 378 399 687 829 128	9.0 30.0 2.2 7.6 7.9	14.2	To Appear in the Republican Declara- tion of Principles.	
276 128 871 350 024 852	6.5	2.2 56.5	AMERICAN ALL TH	IE WAY THROUGH
617 005 320 072	16.3 3.6 21.0	10.4	Protection and Reci the Stru	
773 025 321 173 442 870	8.2 3.0	12.4 16.8	NICARAGUA STEAL	TO BE INDORSID
813 047 718 727 348	11.9 3.0	4.4	which the Republican the country the issues	on which it appeals
685 500 940 779	_		to the voters for their the standard bearer to convention is a	suffrages in favor of be selected by the subject of earnest
573 728	6.1 5.1		consideration among t arrived at Minneapol believe the platform	is. Many of them as important as the
6676	32741		noming of the man to l	hand the ticket On

naming of the man to head the ticket. On the platform there is substantial unanimity, except to two or three planks. The silver plank is the one which will receive the most careful consideration to meet

the divergent views prevailing in different sections, and the precise extent to which declaration shall be made relative to Federal elections is also a matter on which dele gates differ.

A number of the most important men now here, including many delegates who here are likely to be chosen to represent their States on the Committee on Resolutions, have been consulted by the repre-sentatives of the Associated Press, and as a result the principal features of the platform can now be given. Here they are:

Principal Features of the Platform.

The keynote will be "American" through out, and in everything. Many of the meas ures for which the Republican party in the past has contended were enacted into law in the Fifty-first Congress, so that all that now remains to be done on these questions

In the Fifty-first Congress, so that all that now remains to be done on these questions is to point to the record of achievements since the platform of 1888 was adopted as an exnest of the faithfuness with which the Republican party has kept its pledges, and this will be contrasted with the Demo-cratic policy of deluding the country with promises that are never fulfiled. The platform will begin with a general recital of the record of the Republican party, and the fact that it has always been in favor of freedom and the protection of the rights and liberties of the American people at home and abroad. President Harrison's administration will be indorsed as honest, able and conscien-tious, and as having promoted the peace of the country and the prosperity and safety of its business interests. The firm, dignified and patriotic conduct of foreign relations by President Harrison and Secretary Blaine will be especially commended for fits main-tenance of the rights of the United States and of American elitzens, and the vigorous assertion of the protection of the life and liberty of Americans everywhere. The de-votion of the Republican party to the prin-cirles of protecilon will be reaffirmed, and the McKinley tariff law as a clear enuncia-tion of these principles will be indorsed and attention drawn to the fact under it many new industries have been established giving employment to American labor.

new industries have been established giving employment to American labor.

#### **Reciprocity to Get Full Credit.**

The reciprocity section of the bill will be mentioned as a means whereby there has Journal Publishing Company, of Washing ton, Pa., capital, \$7,000: the Caskey Boat Store Company, of Pittsburg, capital, \$300: the Caskey Boat Store Company, of Pittsburg, capital, \$300: the Caskey Boat Store Company, of Pittsburg, capital, \$300: the Caskey Boat A CHICAGO syndicate were outbild at Ra-venna, O., yesterday by local capitalists on the mammoth shoe plant of Jordon & Good rich. It was bid in by a new concern called the Ravena Shoe Company, banks at Clinton, Md., have given notice they will stitke to-day unleas the rate of the general tariff policy of the Gord nate of 20 cents per ton. The miners at Clinton, Md., have given notice they will stitke to-day unleas the rate of the section and pielous sufficient to preserve will still be associated to be an actempt to destroy an indus try of the American farmer, built up by a the Bepublican painters at Clinton, Md., have given notice they will stitke to-day unleas the rate of the section and restored the Republican argureerate of 1967 to barrels, reaching 1497 barrels in 1890. The dividends on sugar certificates should be acted upon next Friday, but it is und store of the center of 1892 that the index the approaching money. Tux dividends on sugar certificates should be acted upon next Friday, but it is undex in the the approaching money. Tux dividends on sugar certificates should be acted upon next Friday, but it is und 93770 barrels in 1890. Tux dividends on sugar certificates should be acted upon next Friday, but it is undex in the approaching money. Tux dividends on sugar certificates should be acted upon next Friday, but it is undex in expectation of the administration a quorum of the directors can ad 355 per centor the correred will be declared just as soon as a quorum of the directors can be obtained. For Liberal Naval App-opriations. been an extension of the foreign trade of

For Liberal Naval Appropriations.

Liberal Pensions for Veterans.

the United States. "No State shall pass any law respecting an establishment of re-ligion or prohibiting the free exer-olse thereof, or use its property or authorize, either to be used for the purpose of founding, maintaining or alding by ap-propriation, payment for services, expenses or otherwise, any church, religious idenomi-nation or religious society or any institu-tion, society or undertaking which is wholly or in part under sectarian or ecclesiastical control.

PITTSBURG DISPATCH.

Nothing Sectarian About It.

The memorial sets forth that this amendment has been introduced into the Fifty second Congress in both Houses, and is sub stantially in accord with a similar one proposed in 1876, by President Grant, introduce posed in 1876, by President Grant, introduced by Mr. Biaine, passed in the House by an overwhelming vote, by a majority of 28 to 16, incking few votes of the necessay two-thirds. This same proposition was indorsed by both the Democratic and Republican conven-tions of 1876, by 21 State conventions, and has received the autographic approval of over 250,000 nrominent citizens in all parts of the country, 90 patriotic organizations, with a membership of 1,500,000 voters, and a number of religious bodies. The proposition has no sectarian tinge; it includes among its most active sup-porters Charles P. Dalley, ex-Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of New York, a promi-nent Catholic layman; Rabbi Gottheid and John Jay, who is President.

THE BLAINEITES' PLATFORM.

ieneral Alger's Following Get Out Blainc-Alger Circular - Eight Strong Reasons Why Harrison Shouldn't Be Preferred to His Prime Minister Now.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] MINNEAPOLIS, June 3.-That General Alger is at heart for Blaine, and that his wn State delegation is now for Blaine for the Presidency and Alger for the Vice Presidency, no one any longer doubts. If there had been any skepticism upon this point it was removed to-night by the distribution of a circular from the Michigan

headquarters bearing the portraits of Blaine and Harrison, and reading as follows: UNDER THE OAKS AT JACKSON.

UNDER THE OAKS AT JACKSON. Fromont and Dayton, 1836. Blaine and Alger, Minneapolis, 1892. The Republican party and the people de-mand the nomination of Blaine: Because he commands the confidence and admiration of our entire population in a greater degree than does any other living American to day. Because the cardinal principles of the Republican party - "Reciprocity." which he originated, and "Protection," the unvielding champion of which he has been for more than a quarter of a century--would be best administered in his hands. Because he can carry all the silver States without a pledge or a doubt. Because he can bring back to the Repub-lican fold the hundreds of thousands of farmers who have been drifting from their moorings. Because a large number of thoughtful, con-

norrings. Because a large number of thoughtful, con-servative Democrats, who understand and appreciate Mr. Blaine's great ideas as to reciprocity and protection, and who most earnestly commend and indorse his views as to the rights and duties of American citizen-ship, will cast their vote for him this year. Because a great majority oi the Republican party believe that one term in the Presidental chair is honor enough for any man, and that this policy should be adhered to except in cases of great emergency or na-tional danger, which does not exist at this time.

Because Mr. Blaine most keenly realized the necessity for the enactment of legisla-tion and judicious enforcement of laws that will secure to the enfranchised colored men of the South their constitutional right to cast one ballot at every election, and have that ballot honestly counted.

VERY PLAIN TALK WANAMAKER'S REPLY. He Forestalls Investigation by Giv-

SATURDAY, JUNE 4. 1892

ing the Correspondence

IN THE PNEUMATIC TUBE MATTER.

A Positive Denial Inclosed From a Transit

Company Attorney.

NO STOCK WAS USED FOR CORRUPTION

WASHINGTON, June 3.-Postmaster Gen-

eral Wanamaker has sent a communication

part:

gather information.

The Government Is Not Committed.

Backed Up by Complete Denial.

ferred to in the Leake affidavit as authority

The Cases Which Usually Come Under the Observation of a Specialist, Old Chronic Diseases, Generally Considered Incurable.

Drs. Copeland, Hall and Byers' Method

to Representative Henderson, of the House It has no doubt often been said that while Drs. Copeland, Hall and Byers publish each week cures accomplished they say nothing of their failures. In this they only follow out the usual American custom of putting their "best foot foremost." That they have failures goes without saying, what phy-sicians have not? They do not claim to cure Committee on Postoffices and Postroads, in answer to the sworn statement of Samuel F. Leake, President of the Pneumatic Transportation Company of Philadelphia, in which he charges irregularities on the part of the Postmaster General in connection with the pneumatic tube service of Philaevery case submitted to them, they do not claim to be in allible, but they do claim that delphia. The Postmaster General says in the percentage of cures under their method of treatment is greater than under any Without waiting for a formal call from

your committee, but in accordance with the statement alleged to have been made by other known method. Treating as many patients as Drs. Copeyour chairman, that the Postmaster Gen and, Hall and Byers do, it is but natural that eral would be called upon for information, they should be subjected to adverse critand to save time and unnecessary trouble to icism at times on the part of those who do not take time to consider the gravity of the cases which come under their treatment, your committee, I beg to lay before you the correspondence between the department and Samuel F. Leake, and between the de-Come, let us reason together for a short time; it will do us all good. In the first Come let us reason together for a short time; it will do us all good. In the first place, the majority of cases coming under the treatment of Drs. Copeland, Hall and Byers are old chronic cases given up as in-curable by the family physician, who has exhausted his skill and patience and pre-scribed every article in the materia medica ever known of for the cure of such diseases. Not only has the regular family phy-sician for miles around has been consulted and failed; besides this the patient has gone the rounds of all the patent medicines, etc. the he comes to Drs. Copeland, Hall and Byers, of whom he has heard and read so much, with the idea in his head that if they cure him at all it will be by some spe-cies of witch-craft, magle or voodooism, and that he ought to be cured in a new weeks or a month. Now, isn't it unreasonable to expect a cure of a long standing aliment, which has for years baffled the best physicians in your neighborhood, in so short a time? Truly it is, it was to cover just such cases that Drs. Copeland, Hall and Byers a few months ago reduced their fees to \$5 per month, medicine included. Experience had taught them that these chronic catartha iaffections, especially the ear complications, could not be cured any other way than by a thorough syste-matic and continuous course of treatment, running through three or four months. They reasoned that if they could get enough patients to stay with them through this pre-scribed course of treatment they could afford to treat them for \$5 a month and fur-nish all necessary medicine free, and cur-such old curonic diseases as had baffled the partment and Hon. John Field, the Postmaster at Philadelphia, in relation to the same; also correspondence between the department and James G. McHenry in relation to pneumatic tubes, which, without further statement is sufficient to give your committee a clear understanding of the whole mat-I may add that, inasmuch as no appropriations have been made specifically for pneumatic service, and no authority exists for the expenditure of public funds to investigate it, the department has not been able to do more than receive propositions and

I have thought it proper to study the subject from every standpoint, and have encouraged all parties to submit to the department whatever they pleased bearing upon this new and interesting method for the transmission of mail matter. I have endeavored to avoid, either verbally or otherwise, any committal to any respon-sibility for the Government. While, as no doubt you have observed the proposition, under uo circumstadces would have favored the granting of a contract at the city of Philadelphia without opening it to competition by public advertisement. T submit, also, the letter of the attorney of the Pneumatic Company, which was unsolicited and unsuggested. I have only to add that I never heard of any Govern-ment official having any interest in either of the Pneumatic Tube Companies until a newspaper reporter called upon me after the publication of the memorial which was presented to your committee. I shall be pleased to answer any call that the com-mittee desires to make upon me, personally of otherwise. upon this new and interesting method for

afford to treat them for \$5 a month and fur-nish all necessary medicine free, and cure such old obronic diseases as had buffled the skill of the family physician, because the latter could not afford to give the proper attention they required. The large measure of success met with by Drs. Copeiand, Hall and Byers proved the correctness of their assumptions; and a talk with the large crowds that fill their offices from morning till night will also prove that they do cure these old chronic affections. They perform no sorceries and work no miracles. They surely cure the diseases of their specialty, but it is by patient, pains-taking, and continuous treatment, and un-less patients are willing to submit to a thorough and systematic course of treat-ment they might as well not begin, for they will only be wasting their money and time and injuring the hard-carned reputation of these physicians. P. S .- Since writing the above I am in receipt, through the Postmaster of Philadel-phia, of a statement of George Bratton, re-

for certain statements, in which he makes an unqualified denial of the statements at-tributed to him. SLOWLY STARVING TO DEATH.

Mr. Bratton was reported by Mr. Leake in his statement, as saying that the Post-master General was financially interested in the companies which owned the Clay system; the companies which owned the Clay system; that by reason of his interest the Clay sys-tem was certain to be adopted by the Post-office Department, and that 7,500 shares of the capital stock of the Pneumatic Transportation Company had been deposited in the National Bank of the Republic for the benefit of Mr. Wana-maker and others subject to their delivery maker and others subject to their delivery when the Pneumatic Transportation Com-pany should have secured the right to con-struct the pneumatic tube line between the

CAIRD'S SHOE STORES are the largest and most popular in Pittsburg. The finest goods, the latest styles and the ut-

of Treatment Superior to All Other Known Methods - Read To-Day's Testimonial, the Wonderful Cure of Mrs. Gorman. 1.00

This Was the Condition of Mrs. Mary Go man Previous to Consulting Drs. Copeland, Hall and Byers-Now She Is Well and Strong and Doing Household Work for a Family of Eight. "It almost borders on the miraculous

"It almost borders on the miraculous the success Drs. Copeland, Hall and Byers had in my case," says Mrs. Mary Gorman, who resides on Sawyer street, Eighteenth ward. "I had been troubled a long time with ter-rible neuralgic pains in my head and face, ulcerated mouth and deranged stomach. The inside of my mouth was all covered with ulcers, my appetite was poor and I had not enten any solid food for weeks before consulting them, on account of my mouth and stomach. I vomited

Mrs. Mary Gorman, Sawyer street, city.

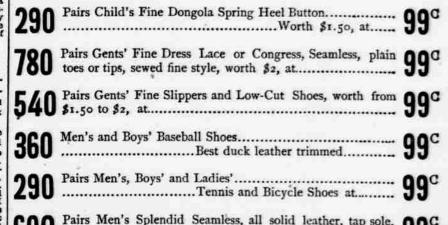
Mrs. Mary Gorman, Sawye street, city. everything I ate, could not even retain beef tea or milk on my stomach. I was very much reduced in fiesh. Indeed, had it not been for the relief Drs. Copeland, Hall aud Byers afforded me, I would have soon starved to death. "I could not lie down for the smothering sensation caused by the accumulation of gas in my stomach and bowels. It also caused shortness of breath, palpitation and flutter-ing of heart, cold hands and feet, etc., etc. I had to often waik the floor all night belch-ing up gas from my stomach. This would give me temporary relief until it would form again.

Treatment by Mail,

TO THE PUBLIC: The system of mail treat-



NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.



We are and ever since it

points above referred to. The letter of the attorneys of the Pneumatic Transit Com-

pany, referred to by the Postmaster Gen-eral in his communication, says:

other points. Exceptions are at Cincinnati and Omaha. Print cloth mills are sold advand in some instances, stocks being exmusted. Fall ginghams are being shown, lanket mills are sold ahead. Popular hes of woolen goods are in fair demand.

elphia wool spinners have received

olds more active, manufacturers taking y of old and new. Raw cotton is up 360 pound on renewed confluence shown al, hused, doubtless, on damage by nd reduced cotton acreage.

s were reported this week, against 177 week and 255 in the week a year ago. tese 56 per cent were of concerns with al not to exceed \$5,000 and 9 per cent capital between \$5,000 and \$20,000.

control between \$3,000 and \$20,000. cports of wheat and flour as wheat from consts of the United States this week, equated to *limitarized's*, equal 2,891,356 rels, about 602,000 bushels more than wrat, due to increase from the ports of York and Baltimore, but only 100,000 hels more than in the like week of 1891. treat exported the equivalent of 800,000 hels of wheat not included in the fore-it.

## The Corn Storm Local at Chicago.

Official figures and our own totals indisate a probable total of exports this cereal car of 227,000,000 bushels of wheat and flour wheat, about 40,000,000 bushels more than before in a like period. California new heat will not go forward freely prior to my L. Wheat has eased off on the week. The Albien; o collapsed corner in corn has plisfied the trade of the existence of ample

piefied the trade of the existence of ample mpiles. The storm was local at Chicago. R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review says: The amp of commercial reports from various proof the country indicates that business is better, and, excepting the bursting of a seculative corner at Chicago, there has non-expected excitement of any kind in partoes. The fictitous prices established record at Chicago lasted just long enough bring into that market enough of the simal grain to houry the speculators, and e corner broke with great losses, not wrely to the operators, but also to the owner.

Total at Pittsburg and Philadelphia pig on is weaker, and there are doubts action the bottom has been reached, ough at Chicago the market is consideracago the market is consider-r, and authorities hold that the ig iron in the country are now lower than they have been. for bars is weak at the lowest known, and the new demand d iron is not quite as large as wetted.

expected. reasury has been reducing its balduring the past month, paying out noney than it has taken in, and in purters attention is called to the fact ts cash balances are lower than at any since the resumption of spec sonts; but the supply of money abroad abundant, and the demand in foreign ries so moderate, that it seems so obable that the drain from this atry will be large at any time this sea

## Pittsburg Eighth in Bank Clearings

The following table, compiled by Brod cet's, gives the Clearing House returns for week ending June 2, 1892, and the perentare of increase or decrease as compared

Inc. Dec. 6.9 12.8 10.5

2.4

27.7

0.5 5.1 7.0

36,2 49,2 14,8 13,7

35.9 36.2 14.5 14.5 14.9 14.9 15.1 40.3 7,3

6.5

29.5 9.0

11.4

.....

7.6

3.5

and the second se

\$567, 576, 145 91, 000, 521 84, 300, 583 54, 503, 563 34, 577, 542 34, 577, 542 34, 577, 542 34, 452, 705 12, 452, 544 344, 970 12, 552, 560 7, 134, 557 8, 782, 048 7, 440, 885 7, 549, 148 7, 549, 148 7, 549, 148 7, 549, 148 7, 549, 148 7, 549, 558 7, 55 telohila sourge . trienus, as Clity faio 1, 304, 755 4, 775, 122 4, 251, 560 4, 134, 435 5, 875, 160 2, 904, 538 2, 902, 549 2, 908, 736 1, 978, 140 3, 878, 800

Company, have purchased 2,650 acres of choice coal land in Westmoreland county belonging to the Markie heirs. The Baltinore and Ohio will be extended into the field

CHARTERS were issued yesterday, as lows: The New Kensington Steel Railway orders. If not overcome by the June 14 dom wool sales, the outlook is for higher as for wool than has year. New clip is ng West above a parity with Eastern from Parnassus to New Kensington; capital stock, \$15,000: Samuel E. Moore, of Pittsburg, President. The James P. Witherow Com-pany, of Pittsburg, to manufacture steel, The Portage Creek and Rich Valley Railroad Company, of McKean county; to run from Liberty to Keystone Junction, nine miles; capital stock, \$90,000; B. H. Parkhurst, of Elkiand, President.

RAILWAY INTERESTS.

THE annual meeting of the National Association of Railway Claim Agents is in session at Detroit. THE Chicago and East Illinois Railroad Company has declared the regular quarterly

dividend of 1% per cent on the preferred stock. PRESIDENT VAN HORN, of the Canadian Pa-

cific, says his company will establish a fast line of steamers between British Columbia and Australia

THE Pennsylvania Company will probably buy the only remaining undeveloped coal lands in the vicinity of Tamaqua not already controlled by corporations. THE Boston and Maine Railroad Company

has closed a contract for the erection of a grain elevator at Boston. Over 3,000,000 feet of spruce lumber will be used.

A NEW railroad company, the Chicago, Evansville and Southern, which is to be built parallel to the Evansville and Terre Haute, has been formed with Dr. A. M. Owen as President. President Porter, of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois, is backing the enterprise. enterprise.

THE FIRE RECORD.

Detroit-The Michaels machine shop dam aged \$25,000.

Dundee, Scotland-A fire among the docks and warehouses destroyed thousands of tons of flax and jute. Loss on goods alone, \$150,000.

Williamsport, Pa. - During a thunder-storm last night an oil tank containing 5,000 barrels of petroleum was struck by lightning and set on fire. By hard work 3,000 barrels were pumped out of the tank and saved. The tank was the property of the Tide Water Company. Company.

Brooklyn—Fire broke out in the cotton in the forchold of the freight steamship St. Pancras, lying at the Columbia stores. The St. Pancras belonged to the British and For-eura Steamship Company. The St. Pancras was to sail yesterday afternoon for Liver-pool. Her cargo was valued at \$100,000. Dam-ages, \$75,000.

## AN OFFICER SHUFFLES OFF.

#### He Left a Check Sufficient to Guarante Decent Burial,

different sections of the country closer to-gether, and aid in the maintenance of our predominance in this hemisphere. Among the measures of importance to the good of the country which became laws during the Fifty-first Congress there will be enumerated the meat inspection bill, under the provisions of which, seconded by vigorous efforts on the part of Secretary Rusk, the administration and the American Ministers abroad, the meats and other products of the United States have now been admitted to the countries of Europe, after having been excluded during the supine administration of foreign affairs by a Democratic President; the anti-trust bill, to restrain monopolies and combinations of capital; the copyright bill; the bill revising the land laws in the Interest of agtual settlers; the alien lands bill; the private land claims bill, providing for an adjust-ment of disputed land titles which have hindered the progress of States and terri-tories in the far West; the customs adminis-trative bill, framed to prevent under valua-tion and an evasion of the protective tariff laws; the anti-lottery bill; the bill to pro-vide for an exposition to celebrate the iour hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America, and a long list of other important measures. SAN ANTONIO, TEX., June 3 .- [Special.] Some time on Thursday night First Lieutenant Wilbur Loveridge, of the Third Home Rule May Have a Show.

Artillery, U. S. Army, shot himself through Home rule for Ireland may possibly also find a place in the platform. the heart in his quarters at Fort Sam Hous-

On the question of civil service a square, open declaration in favor of it will be one ton, this city. The body was found at 9 o'clock this morning. He lay in front of of the things incorporated in the platform. The platform will see to it that no charge the fireplace with his right hand against the The platform will see to it that no charge be made against the Republicans as a party in connection with the Bennett school law, which in State elections has caused many Germans in Illinois and Wisconsin, who are naturally Republican, to boit. The plank on this subject will be drawn carefully, but in such terms as to show that the party is in favor of personal liberty and against inter-ferences with that right. A vigorous effort is to be made by Chicago and those who are working with them in the World's Fair project to have the conven-tion indorse the grant of Government aid to the Fair. wall. He had been dead five or six hours. His home is in Rochester, N. Y. He has a brother in the army, Second Lieutenant E. L. Loveridge, of the Eleventh Infantry, who is at the Whipple barracks, Arizona. The act was intentional. His bank book was tound, showing that he had deposited over \$100 in the Lockwood National Bank of this city. He had written on the inside of the book the following:

Notice-Fort Sam Houston, May -. To as-sist in planting me anyone is authorized to fill up this check. WILBUR LOVERIDGE the Fair.

sist in planting me anyone is authorized to fill up this check. WILBUR LOVERIDGE. Lieutenant Loveridge was 32 years old and unmarried. His death is due to ex-opssive use of liquor. A memorial to the Republican National Committee has been prepared in which the indorsement in the platform of the conven-tion is asked for the following proposed six-teenth amondment to the Constitution of

sent to a number of ministers by the President deploring the outrages committed Ever mindful of the promotion of the wel-fare and glory of the United States, the nesgainst the negroes in the South, but statcessity for the rehabilation of the American ing that the Constitution prevented the merchant marine to its former high place on President from taking any steps to prevent the outrages.

merchant marine to its former high place on the seas will be set forth, and the laws passed in aid and encouragement of American shipping will be approved. In this connection attention will be drawn to the progress which has been made toward the restoration of the American navy, and a continuance of the policy of liberal appro-priations for the navy will be advocated with an allusion to the policy of the House in nizgardly naval appropriations. The com-pletion of our coast defenses will also be urged as necessary to the protection of the country. Mr. Langston declared that his people hold the balance of power in Illinois, Ohio and Pennsylvania, and might disastrously exert it if Harrison was nominated. He as-serted that Attorney General Miller, the President's law partner, had proved the most unfriendly man to the colored people who could have been named for that place, and that President Harrison had snubbed the colored people in the Wold's Fair ap-As a part of the Republican policy of pro-motion of home industries, encouragement will be recommended to ship builders, to the end that American ships made in Amer-ican shipyards, of American material, and pointments.

## LEW WALLACE IS OUTSPOKEN.

He Says Blaine's Letter Was an Official Document and Must Be Respected. MINNEAPOLIS, June 3 .- The author of "Ben Hur," the chivalrous Lew Wallace, and himself a delegate, said to-day:

ican shipyards, of American material, and manned by American seamen, may once again fly the American flag in every part of the seas, carrying American manufactures, and protected by an American navy with guns of American manufacture. A careful supervision of immigration will be recommended to prevent undesirable persons landing on our shores, and approval will be given to the exclusion of contract and of Chinese labor as necessary to the protection from degradation of American labor. American homes for Americans and the honest and industrious of other nations who come here to become American citizens will ring in this or in other parts of the platform. Harrison will be nominated on the first ballot. Blaine's name will not be mentioned

ballot. Blaine's name will not be mentioned before the convention. A count of the dele-gates will show this to any sensible man. Binne's letter was an official document, ent to the Chairman of the National Committee, and meant just what it said. There will be an effort to stampede the Harrison dele-gates. This, I am satisfied, will be one of the strong cards in the hands of the antis. But it won't succeed. The Harrison men know about that scheme and are prepared for it. An effort may also be made to pack the gallerics and devote them to Blaine criers. But this, also, will fail of its purpose. As for the opposition to Harrison, allow me to say if you go to the bottom in every case yon will find a personal grievance. Part the hair of each of these malcontents in the middle and you will see a sore spot. The party will renew its acknowledgment of obligation to the soldiers and sailors who fought for the Union, and reference will be made to the dependent and disabil-ity pension bill by which the party re-deemed its pledge to keep from the poor-house the veterans of the war and their families who had become helplesss through no fault of their own own. Appropriations will be recommended for all international improvements necessary to provide easy and cheap facilities for in-tercourse between the people. The Nicaragua Canal project will be in-dorsed as a measure which will bind the different sections of the country closer to-gether, and aid in the maintenance of our predominance in this hemisphere. fought for the Union, and reference middle and you will see a sore spot.

## FOUR STEAMBOATMEN DROWNED.

The John Matthews Goes to the Botton but the Passengers Are Saved.

VAN BUREN, ARK, June 3.-The steamer John Matthews, loaded with corn, bound for Pine Bluff, ran against the pier of the bridge over the Arkansas river, at 1 o'clock this morning and sank. Fourteen passengers were aboard the steamer, but all were saved. Following is a list of the drowned: George Hall, night watchman; Ed. Camp-bell, Wallace Aikens and Tom Taylor, roustabouts.

Captain Blakeley, the pilot and two roustabouts were picked up a mile from the scene of the accident, having saved themselves by clinging to a log. Engineer Hath-selves by clinging to a log. Engineer Hath-away and his family, consisting of three children, were taken out more dead than alive. The boat is a total loss. It is owned by the Merchants' Transportation Company, of this City.

## Contract for a New Market House, Chief Bigelow yesterday awarded the contract for the erection of the Southside Market to Fred Benz for \$33,700.

Highest of all in Leavening Power .- Latest U. S. Gov't Report. Baking ABSOLUTELY PURE

We are, and ever since its organization have been counsel of the Pneumatic Transit Company. The stock books of the said com-pany are in our possession. Not a share of stock has ever been issued. The state-ment which has recently appeared in the newspapers, made in the interest of the Leake system, to the effect that 7,500 shares of the stock of the company have been placed in the hands of a banking house for the benefit of officers of the Postoffice De-partment, is absolutely false. No person in any way connected with the postoffice is in any manner, directly or indirectly, inter-ested in our company.

### BLACK MATES WHITE

In Three Moves, Which Were Simply Love, Courtship and Marriage.

NEW YORK, June 3. - [Special.] - An event unusual in this country took place on Thursday night in the African Methodist Episcopal Church in Paterson, N. J., and drew to that unobtrusive building a great crowd of persons both white and colored. It was the wedding of the colored pastor of the church and a white woman. The bridegroom, the Rev. J. D. Bloice, is a Southerner. He is a graduate of a North Carolina college, and he studied theology in Boston. He was a missionary to India and atterward he preached in Manchester, Eng-

It was while he was in Manchester eight years ago that he met Miss Maria Granger. Miss Granger was born in Manchester about 30 years ago. At 16 she wanted to be a missionary and a rich woman. Miss Hadfield, a daughter of the late Hon. J. Had-field, M. P., became interested in her, and adopted her. Miss Granger and Mr. Bloice fell in love at first sight, and finally atter he was settled in Paterson he proposed and she accepted him. She arrived from England fore her wedding day, and spent the inter-vening time at the house of one of his colored parishoners.

The bride is a blue-eved blonde. She wore

give me temporary relief until it would form again. "I tried everything I could hear of, but found no reliet. Reading three months ago of the remarkable cure of Mrs. Lewis Zoi-linger, whose symptoms were identical with mine, excepting the mouth trouble, I deter-mined to consult Drs. Copeland, Hall an. Byers, and place myself under their treat-ment. I thought as they had cured her they could at least afford me some relief. My hopes were more than realized, for to-day I am a well woman and doing the housework for a family of eight, where three months ago some one had to wait on me. You can-not make this statement too strong, for the half has not been told, and cannot be realized. I will gladly tell any one who may call upon me what Drs. Copeland, Hall and Byers have done for me." a steel-gray satin costume and bonnet. The colored folks and white folks shook hands with the couple after the ceremony, and Mrs. Bloice kissed all the colored babies that came up in'arms to congratulate her.

### WORKING FOUR DAYS & WEEK.

ment pursued by Drs. Copeland, Hall and Byers guarantees the same effective results to those who desire to submit their cases The Reading Railroad Company Carrying Out Its Declared Policy.

POTTSVILLE, June 3 .- The employes of the Reading Railroad car shops at Palo Alto to-day received notice that hereafter they will be required to work but four days week. This is not on account of a lack of work, as there are over 200 freight and over 100 coal cars on hand awaiting repairs. The shops closed this evening until Monday. This is carrying out the policy adopted on other divisions, where all shops are put on the same time. The collieries are working.

to those who desire to submit their cases through correspondence as to those who come in person. Their "question blank," if properly filled out, will diagnose your case in a thorough way, and, as medicines are promptly shipped, those living out of the city have the same advantages as those who come to the office. Write for the \$5-amonth treatment by mail, medicane free, and rid yourself of the most painful and annoying disease in the catalogue of human ills. The time for you to take treatment for any catarrhal difficulty is now. Now you may obtain a result in two or three months by a treatment continued through the severe weather of trying win-ter. Climatic conditions favorable for a com-piete and absolute cure are now present.

GATH will give Minneapolls gossip THE DISPATCH for to-morrrow.

Drs. Copeland, Hall and Eyers treat successfully all curable enses at 66 Sixth avenue, Pittsburg, Pa. Office hours, 9 to 11 A. N., 2 to 5 r. M. anu 7 to 9 r. M. Sundays, 10 A. M. to 4 r. M. Specialites-Catarrh and all diseases of the eye, car, throat and lungs; dyspepsia cured; nervous diseases cured; skin diseases cured. Many cases treated successfully by mail. Send 2-cent stamp for question blank. Address all mail to DRS. COPELAND, HALL & BYERS, 66 Sixth avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

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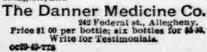
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