COLD WATER PEOPLE.

State Prohibitionists Select Their Presidental Electors.

A DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

They Touch Upon the Tariff and Other National Questions.

PAULTS FOUND WITH EXISTING LAWS

SCRANTON, PA., June 1 .- The Prohibi tion State Convention was called to order in this city by Chairman H. D. Patton, of Lancaster, at 9:30 o'clock this morning. The decorations of the Academy of Music. where the convention met, were pretty but not elaborate, and the attendance throughout the day was not as large as was expected. There were 680 delegates present and about as many spectators from a distance. F. Mullen, of Cumberland county, was chosen Temporary President. On motion the Chair appointed the following committees: On Credentials-J. W. Wickenhan, Allegheny; S. C. Watt, Clearfield; B. B. Cannon, Northumberland; Robert Cameron, Mont-gomery; William Snyder, Chester; Jonatian Brome, Waynes; Hiram Dewalt, Philadel-

plria.
On Permanent Organization—Lewis D.
Vail, Esq., Chairman; J. A. V. Gross, Northamption; J. G. Zook, Lancaster: C. A. Jones,
Philadelphia; A. H. Hall, Petter; N. S. Baker,
Mifflin; Renton Dennis, McKean; George H.
Cormick, Allegheny; J. Ziegler, Center; J.
J. Stauffer, Dauphin; C. W. Parsons, Lackawanna; E. D. Nichols, Luzerne; F. H. Hater,
Cumberland; A. N. Viven, Lebauon; J. H.
Reichert, Schuylkill; Dr. C. W. Huntingdon,
Lycoming.

Judge S. J. Hanna, of this city, delivered the address of welcome, which was an eloquent effort. Miss Lilly Runals, of New York City, sang "The Ninety and Nine," and Miss Annie Parke, of Boston, gave a

While the Convention was awaiting the ganization, a delegate arose and said that, in order that a minute should not be lost, he thought that the Baker ballot law might be discussed. He characterized the new system of voting as outrageous and "worse than the rebels."

Permanent Officers Are Named. The report of the Committee on Perma-

nent Organization recommended the appointment of the following permanent offi-

Chrisman, Judge S. J. Hanna; Vice Presidents, James Black, Lancaster; A. A. Baker, Cambria: A. A. Szephens, Blair; A. Ricketts, Luzerne; W. W. Hague, Warren; George Drayton, Delaware; James D. Gill, Westmoreland; H. T. Ames, Lycominz; Amos Briggs, Philadelphia; L. L. Grumbline, Lebanon; C. C. Swallow, Dauphin; J. G. Bean, Allegheny; G. W. Norcross, Cumberland; D. C. Irish, Lawrence, The temporary secretaries were made permanent.

The first three Vice Presidents were directed to escort the President to the

directed to escort the President to the chair. Judge Hanna was then introduced as the Permanent Chairman. There was a gen-eral cheer that shook the house and then followed a waving of bandkerchie's amid a great display of enthusiasm.

The following were appointed members of the Committee on Finance: A. M. Viven, G. D. Hendrseks, E. D. Nichols, J. D. Simon and W. H. Zweisig.

The following were appointed on the Committee on Resolutions: A. G. Ricketts, Chairman; A. A. Stephens, James Black, D. C. Irish, H. L. Castle, A. A. Barker, Jacob Grimm, Honoirus Briggs, P. G. Welsh, S. W. Murray, G. W. North, S. P.

water in a licensed saloon next door and was burned down. Next three barns were set afire from the same cause. A better hotel and better barn went up. His son was led by these people from the path of temperance, but thanks to the Keeley cure and to the Lord, he was brought out of the slough of despendency.

Electoral Delegates Are Chosen. While waiting for the Committee on Cre-dentials to report Mr. Briggs arose and moved that the motto "Our platform, the masses against the classes," be taken down,

reversed, improved and amended so as to "Our platform, the masses and This caused a clamor, which continued for several minutes, but a majority of those

present were of the firm conviction that the motto was all right. At 1:40 o'clock Judge Hanna called the afternoon Convention to order. The Convention suspended the regular order of business to hear the result of the various caucuses held during the noon hour and to have reported the names of the delegates to

dental electors. The names were handed into the secretaries. The following are the Presidental electors chosen:

the National Convention and the

The following are the Presidental electors chosen:

First district, George E. Goble, Philadelphin: Second, John B. Jones, Philadelphin: Third, F. G. Percival, Philadelphia; Fourth, F. H. Taylor, Philadelphia; Fifth, W. F. Boyd, Philadelphia; Sixth, Colonel Charles E. Hyatt, Chester, Seventh, A. F. Morgan, Montgomery, Eighth, E. R. Gearnardt, Effeort, Monroe county; Ninth, George B. Greiss, Alburtes: Eleventh, A. G. Thompson, Scranton; Twelfth, Benjamin Harding, Pittston; Thirteenth, A. G. Pilgrim; Fourteenth, R. F. McLean, New Bloomfield; Flifteenth, J. C. Batesone; Sixteenth, C. W. Huntington, M. D. Williamsport; Seventeenth, Robert Montgomery, Turbotville: Eighteenth, W. N. Wallis, Patterson; Nineteenth, A. F. Mullin, Mt. Holly Springs; Twentieth, James P. Thompson, Johnstown; Twenty-first, D. M. Fair, Blairsville; Twenty-second, W. B. Brickel, Pittsburg: Twenty-fourth, Edward Campbell, Unionville; Twenty-fluth, Frank S. Larrimore, New Brighton: Twenty-sixth, W. G. Weeks, Northeas; Twenty-seventh, Elisha Kent Kane, Kane, McKean county; Twenty-eighth, Dr. W. S. Bigelow, Phillipsburg.

A collection was taken up to defray the expenses of the convention, a little over

\$350 being raised. George H. Gobie, of Philadelphia, moved that some other methods be used to obtain money than the methods employed in Sun-day schools. A great many objected to being compelled to stand up and tell how much they gave. The motion was seconded and about to be put when Mr. C. H. Ben-jamin, of Scranton, moved to lay the motion on the table. The motion to table was

passed. While the money collected was being counted Mr. Francis E. Baldwin, Secretary of the New York State Committee, delivered an encouraging address on the condi-

tion of the party in the State. The Platform That Was Adopted,

The platform adopted by the convention was read by Agib Ricket, of Wilkesbarre, and is as tollows:

and is as follows:

The Prohibition party of Pennsylvania in convention assembled acknowledges Almighty God as the source of all true Covernment and His revealed word as the standard to which human enactments must conform to secure the blessings of peace and prosperity; returning thanks to Him for his goodness to our State and nation, we devoutly ask His guidance to our deliberations in convention and the performance of our political duties as cities.

Second—The traffic in intoxicants is so pernicious in its bearings, so inimical to honest

second—The traffic in intoxicants is so per-pictous in its bearings, so inimical to honest rade, so repugnant to the moral senses, so njurious to the peace and order of society, a martial to the home, to the church and to he body politic and so utterly antagonistic of all that is precious in life that the only proper attitude toward it is that of relent-mess hostility.

less hostility.
Third—License laws are the liquor traffic's bulwark of detense. They are wrong in principle and impotent for good. We are unalterably opposed to the enactment of laws that propose by license taxing or otherwise

to regulate the drink traffic, because they provide for its continuance and afford no protection against its rawage.

Fourth—That the State in tolerating liquor traffic for a money consideration is guilty of wicked complicity with a business whose awful work of destruction brands it alike as an enemy to God and man. Nor should any candidate for public office, who either directly or indirectly sustains this ungody traffic, receive the suffrages of good citisens.

Agrees With the Supreme Court. Fifth-We rejoice in the clear declaration of law by the Supreme Court of the United States on the drink saloon question as follows: "That the State cannot by any contract limit the exercise of he' power to the prejudice of the public health and the public morals." No Legislature can bargain prejudice of the public health and the public morals." No Legislature can bargain away the public health or the public morals; the public itself cannot do this, much less their servants. Government is organized with the view of their preservation, and cannot divest itself of the power to provide for them. There is no inherent right in a citizen to sell intoxicating liquors by retail. It is not the privilege of a citizen of the State or a citizen of the United States. The statistics of every State show a greater amount of crime and misery attributable to the use of ardent spirits obtained by these liquor saloons than to any other sources.

By a general concurrence of opinion of every civilized and Christian community there are few sources of crime and misery to equal the dramshops, where intoxicating liquors in small quantities, to be drunk at the time, are sold indiscriminately to all marties applying. The great principle of the common law, which is equally the teaching of Christian morality, is to so use property as not to injure others. We declare it to be a chief purpose of the Prohibition party to administer the Government upon the principles thus enunciated by the Supreme-Court of the United States for the promotion of public health and public morals by suppressing the drink traffic and protecting citizens against its destructive effects.

All Moneys to Be Equal in Vaine.

All Moneys to Be Equal in Value. Sixth-That our circulating medium whether gold, silver or paper should be of

equal value and sufficient to meet the de-mands of business. Its issue in payment of the obligations of the Government should the obligations of the Government should be direct to the people and not through in-dividuals or corporations.

Seventh—Our tariff should be so levied as to furnish adequate revenue for the needs of the Government economically adminis-tered, relieving necessities of the mass of the needle and for the benefit of labor by protecting American productions and manprotecting American productions and man-ufactures against the competition of foreign nations. The details of our tariff laws having become the football of party politics to the great disturbance and damage of our the great disturbance and damage of our productive industries and commerce, we believe that such details could be better adjusted by a tariff commission to recommend to Congress duties to meet the wants of the Government so graduated as to protect American skill and labor against the competition of the world.

Eighth—Producing, transporting and communicating public corporation being created for the common good should be under the control of the State and held to a strict exercise of the powers and privileges conferred.

cise of the powers and privileges conferred, which while securing to them a just return for skill and capital employed would protect the people from exorbitant charges which may be imposed by unscrupulous

which may be imposed by unscruptions managers.

Ninth—That foreign immigration has become a severe burden upon industry and is a chief factor in depressing wages and causing discontent and demands a revision of our immigration laws, especially excluding criminals, naupers and those physically and mentally disqualified for self support.

Declarations for Equal Rights, Tenth-That all men should be protected by law in their right to one day of

Eleventh-Our common school system free Eleventh—Our common school system free to ail children of the Commonwealth without interference by or diversion of public funds to sectarian uses should be promoted. Twelfth—Taxation should be equal upon all species of property. Our present system bears most heavily upon farmers and owners of homes, and should be so changed as to bear equitably upon each citizen according to his sbility to pay.

Thirteenth—That equal labor should receive equal wages without regard to sex.

Fourteenth—No citizen should be denied the right to vote on account of sex.

the right to vote on account of sex.

Fifteenth—All officials should be

Warner, S. R. Chase, George Drayton, L. D. Walton.

Several of the delegates arose and announced the names of persons who had secured large numbers of signers to the "Million Name" petition. Mr. Eldred Dennis, of McKean county, a hotel keeper, procured 195 names to the petition. He arose to speak, and when he introduced himself, a call came from all over the hall, "Take the stage," Mr. Dennis obeyed the call and the convention looked at the curiosity who kept a beerless hotel.

Mr. Dennis told how three years ago he resolved to run a hotel and bar out the bar; how the said hotel took fire from the fire water in a licensed saloon next the suppression of wage carners, and the prevallence of six of grave political concern and londly call for correction. These evils largely growing out of special and unjust legislation demand reform which will secure to every citizen, rich or poor, equal rights, equal protection and equal opportunities.

Against the World's Fair on Sunday.

That the suppression of the liquor traffic is the dominant political issue of the Nation

and State and we invite all those who on this one issue are with as agreed, regardless of their personal nabits as to the use of intoxicating figures to vote with the Prohibition party for the complete destruction of the liquor

Charles E. Temple, of Jefferson county, wanted to add to this a clause recognizing Jesus Christ as a part of the Godhead. This was vigorously opposed to by the members of the Christian Church present and was finally defected. and was finally defeated.

A resoultion was adopted opposing the opening of the World's Fair on Sunday. Francis Baldwin, Chairman of the State Central Committee of New York, brought greetings to Prohibitionists of Pennsylva-nia. Rev. Mrs. Amanda Deyo, of this city, also made an address.

Hon. Amos Briggs, of Philadelphia, was unanimously selected as the nominee of the Convention for Supreme Court Justice. Rev. J. D. McCreary, of Pittsburg, and Simon B. Chase, of Northampton county, were the Convention selections for Cor

A FUSION IN KANSAS.

Democrats Join the Third Party People in an Attempt to Defeat the Republicans-They Will Divide the Offices Between Them if Successful,

KANSAS CITY. Mo., June 1,-A joint

meeting of the Democratic and People's parties of Kansas was held here to-day which may result in not only defeating the Republicans again at the coming State election but also in transferring Kansas from the list of Republican States to the doubtful column. The meeting to-day decided that it would be well for the Democratic and People's parties to form a coalition against the Republicans in the coming eleclarge attendance of privates of both parties. The meeting went into secret session, and the whole matter of fusion was thoroughly discussed and a resolution was adopted giving the sense of the meeting as in favor of fusion. The preamble of the resolution sets

forth the advantages of fusion and arranges the details of the deal as follows: The Democrats are to be given the candidates for Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and Congressman at large. The rest of the State ticket is to be given to the People's party. The matter of Presidental electors was discussed thoroughly, and it was de-cided that a coalition should be formed also in that direction. The details of the fusion in that quarter, however, were not definitely decided upon. It is believed the differences between the two parties on this question will be amicably settled.

The general sentiment of the meeting was "anything to beat the Republicans." The representatives of both parties were willing to make almost any concession to attain that end. Judge John Martin, a Democrat, was mentioned as favorite for the nomination as Chief Justice of the Suprem Court. Another meeting will be held shortly to arrange the details which were

left incomplete at the meeting to-day. CONNECTICUT'S PIRST GUN

It Was Fired Last Evening by an Enthus astic Cleveland Club.

PLAINFIELD, CONN., June 1 .- [Special.] -The Democrats, under the auspices of the Cleveland Club, fired the first gun of the campaign this evening by a rousing mass meeting. Hon. W. C. Warner, of New York, spoke for two hours on the tariff question. Every seat was filled and hun-dreds turned away.

Hon. John L. Hunter, of Williamantic, is the unanimous choice for member of Con-

gress, and all are in for a Constitutional Convention. During the coming two weeks rousing meetings will be held in Mossup,

Sterling, Canterbury, Central Village and Brooklyn. A big fight will be made for the legislative ticket and Hon. David A. Wells for United States Senator to succeed

MORE CLEVELAND DELEGATES. occats in West Virginia Send Thre

for the Solid Man, PARKERSBURG, W. VA., June 1.—
[Special.]—At the Democratic Convention held to-day at Ravenswood, to select delegates from the Fourth Congressional district, and two delegates at large for Chicago, the following were chosen: John H. Russell, of Cabell county, and Dr. T. P. Carpenter, of Putnam district, delegates, with E. R. McGugin, of Jackson county, and R. H. Browse, of Pleasants county, as

Hon. J. M. Camden was selected delegate at large, and Hon. A. B. Wells, of Roane county, as alternate. The entire convention and delegates chosen were pronounced for Cleveland, and strong resolutions favoring him were unanimously passed.

Wisconsin to Be Redistricted. MADISON, WIS. June 1 .- Governor Peck to-day issued a proclamation calling a special session of the Legislature June 28 to reapportion the State into Senate and Assembly districts, a move made necessary by the declaration of the Supreme Court that the apportionment by the Legislature of 1889 was inconsistent.

ALL THREE ORGANIZATIONS MEET.

The Plate Associations Are Brought To gether and a Scale Arranged.

The Iron and Sheet Steel Association, Tin Plate Manufacturers' Association and the Galvanized Iron Manufacturers' Association held a combined meeting yesterday. There were 46 representatives present and they represented the whole United States. The three organizations were brought together at yesterday's meeting, and John Jarrett was made Secretary of all three. The organizations are each to preserve their distinctive features.

The Tin Plate Association elected the fol-The Tin Plate Association elected the following officers: President, J. W. Britton, Cleveland; Vice President, T. G. Neidringhaus, St. Louis; Treasurer, Alfred Marshall, Philadelphia, and Secretary, John Jarrett, Pittsburg. The national headquarters will now be in Pittsburg.

The Iron Sheet Steel Association agreed

upon a scale to submit to the Amalgamated Association. In speaking of their scale Mr. Jarrett said: "The scale is prepared on very generous lines and does not include a general reduction of wages. I think it will be satisfactory to the Amalgamated Association."

READY TO MAKE THE SCALES.

The Committees From the Iron and Stee

Departments Meet To-Day. The Iron Wage Committee of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers will meet to-day. The following are the men who will compose the com-

mittee:

Pittsburg, William A. Carney, George
Markley. Thomas L. MeHugh, William
Evans, M. P. Sullivan, Emanuel Schells,
Stephen Madden, William Weihe; Allegheny, Edward A. Keil, John P. Shinn;
Wheeling, Harry Hocking; Bridgeport, O.,
George D. Evans; New Albany, Ind., George
Roberts; Milwaukee, J. D. Hickey; Joliet,
Ili., L. D. Williams; Muncie, Ind., Thomas
Hanley; Youngstown, Patrick H. McEvey;
Canal Dover, O., Edward W. Roderick; Hazelton, O., William K. Chatman, Bridgeport,
Ala., Thomas Cunningham; Canonsburg,
Pa., James McCluskey.

The Steel Wage Committee will also

The Steel Wage Committee will also The Steel Wage Committee will also meet. It is composed as follows:

Pittspurg, Cornelius O'Shea, Edward Jones, John P. Shamer, Patrick A. Farrel, M. M. Carland; Allegheny, James Mahoney; Homestead, William T. Roberts, John Miller, George Champer; Mingo Junction, James Bowman; Bellaire, O., J. N. Fowkes; Belleville, Ill., J. J. Haggerty; Chicago, James Dunn; Uniontown, J. M. Bechtel; Apollo, Thomas J. Myers.

A NEW SCHEME,

Deal Out Transfers,

The Pittsburg Traction Company does not allow its conductors to give out transfers for any of the branches this side of East Liberty. The passenger is still transferred for the same price. Men are now stationed at Craig and Atwood streets, and they give out

The new scheme is inaugurated solely to place the responsibility in the hands of one or two men instead of all the conductors of the two roads. The change was made be-cause selling transfers and keeping the

CONFIRMED THE ASSESSMENTS.

The Court Approves the Viewers' Report

on the Thirty-Third Street Sewer. In Common Pleas No. 1 yesterday the report of the viewers on the Thirty-Third street sewer was confirmed absolutely. No exceptions had been filed and almost every one interested has been well satisfied with

one interested has been well satisfied with the assessment made by the viewers. The assessment is considered equitable, and is far below the preliminary assessment.

The report of the viewers on the opening of Forbes street, from Boyd to Diamond street, was filed in court yesterday. The damages awarded amount to \$50,618 (2, which will be paid by the city.

The viewer's reports were also filed on the grading, paving and curbing of Park avenue, costing \$31,985 75; grading, paving and curbing Halket street, costing \$45,841 49, and paving and curbing Holmes street, costing \$7,495 70.

Many Sewer Contracts Opened. Chief Bigelow opened 298 bids yesterday

afternoon for laying sewers and paving streets. There were 30 sewer contracts and the bidders numbered from six to twelve on each contract. It required nearly five hours to open them all and read them. It will require considerable work to ascertain which were the lowest bidders, but Ott Bros. seemed to be lower than the others in a majority of cases. The prices averaged lower by five to ten per cent than last year's figures. The contracts are for small sewers generally, none being over three or four blocks in length,

Fears He Cannot Raise \$10,000. The contributions to the Fourth of July fund up to date amount to only \$1,709, and

the Mayor is growing apprehensive that he will not be able to reach the \$10,000 mark to which he attains. He asks that all who can will send in their contributions as quickly as possible, no matter how small, as he cannot proceed with the arrangements until he knows how much money he has to spend. Yesterday's contributions were: Wolff, Lane & Co., \$10; Black & Baird, \$5; Evan Jones, \$10; Police Magistrate Leslie,

Only a Few Hundred Left,

Only a few hundred of those \$5 men's suits are left. If you want one of them be quick; come to our store to-day. They are regular \$12 and \$15 suits, now selling for a \$5 bill each. Don't wait; don't put it off. You can't always buy a \$12 to \$15 strictly sll-wool suit of clothes for \$5. There are only a few hundred left, remember, so don't blame us if you are too late. We notify everybody to call at once and get a light-colored suit, a dark mixed suit or fancy cassimere suit worth \$12 to \$15 for \$5. Sack style, square out or frocks, price \$5. cut or frocks, price \$5. P. C. C. C., Clothiers, corner Grant and Dia-

Absence of all vibration in "The Worth" jointless spring frame bicycle has made the hearts of many warm toward the health and pleasure giving recreation of 'cycling. See the "Worth" at Harry D. Squires', 428 Wood street, city salesroom of Pittsburg 'Cycle Company The Eighth Wonder of the World Can now be seen at the city salesroom of the Pittsburg 'Cycle Company, 428 Wood street. It is the "Worth" jointless spring frame bicycle.

Absence Makes the Heart Grow Fond,

THE BUSINESS WORLD.

Again the Electric Sugar Scandal Gets Attention in Court.

RAW SUGAR NOT IN CONTRACTS. Recent Heavy Rains Make Corn Planting Very Late in Kansas.

FIRES. FAILURES AND RAILWAY NEWS

ANN ARBOR, MICH., June 1 .- The de fense in the electric sugar cases was begun yesterday, with Henry Hack on the stand. He told of Cotterill urging that Friend's death be kept secret. Hack met Cotterill at Ypsilanti by agreement to try and effect a compromise and have the prisoners released from the Tombs. He told of going to the secret rooms in the factory with Cotterill, Howard and McDonald from Scot-

Mrs. Olive Friend, the defendant, was placed on the stand. She said that Friend was a German and that they were married at Niles, Mich., in February, 1883. They went to Chicago, and in a few weeks to New York. That summer Friend told her about his secret process; took her to a place he had rented, and showed her the machinery and demonstrated the method. She claimed the machinery was different from the models shown by the plaintiff, and had electric wires attached. Friend used some preparation on the sugar before it was placed in the crusher, that made it spark-ling white and purified it. Her attorney asked her to explain what this was, and she

refused, claiming that this was her secret.
She said their claim was to purify all grades of refined sugar, but not raw sugar.
Cotterill drew all the contracts which witness and her husband signed and they never all the contracts the article is called "material," but in several original drafts made by Cotterill the words "raw sugar" were used. His triends objected to this and they were changed. Several such drafts of con tracts were presented, showing that Cot-terill knew that the Friends would not contract to refine raw sugar.

THE KANSAS OUTLOOK.

A Fair Prospect for Wheat and Oats, but Corn Work Delayed.

Topeka, June 1.-The Kansas Farmer pub lishes to-day crop reports from its correspondents throughout the State. They indicate a wheat acreage about equal to that of last year. The condition of the wheat crop has improved generally since the last report. Very few counties report insects of

report. Very few counties report insects of any kind. In some counties the wheat on bottom lands has suffered from washing out by floods, but in general the damage to this crop by the excessive rains has been less than was to be expected. The harvest will be later than usual, but unless some injury not yet developed comes upon wheat, the prospect is that a fairly crop will be har vested. Harvest will begin in the Southern counties about June 20.

The acreage of oats is rather lighter than heretotore, on account of the lateness of the season and excessive rains. This crop is later than usual, but otherwise in good condition. Corn is very backward on account of cool, wet weather. The acreage will be larger than usual, even the planting has to be extended well into June. The growth of the plant has been slow. Ample time remains, however, to get a corn crop, with a favorable season from this time forward. The several crops are below the average.

WISE MEN ON TAXATION

The Second Session of the State Conference Takes No Definite Action.

HARRISHURG, June 1 .- Colonel J. A. Price of Scranton, promoter of the State Tax Con ference, to-day presided at the second session ference, to day presided at the second session of the conference. Partial reports of the committees on data, of assessment and systems of other States were submitted.

It was finally decided to take no action looking to the calling of a convention or the drafting of a bill until the next meeting of the commission the first Monday in October. It was stated by Mr. Clark that there is no disposition to fight the Boyer bill or antagonize any interest. From information alonize any interest. From information al-ready gathered it is manifest that great in-equalities exist in assessments and valua-

tion of property.

A Colorado Bank Smashed, PURBLO, Col., June 1 .- The Bank of Pueblo assigned to-day to A. J. Quaid, formerly cashier. The amount of the liabilities is un-known. Fred Rohner is the owner of the bank. The cause is due to extreme dull times and inability to make collections on overdue accounts.

A Set-Back for the Wall Paper Trust, New York June 1 -The reported combine of the wall paper manufacturers, which was to go into effect to-morrow, has been post-poned, owing to the withdrawal of several large firms.

BUSINESS BREVITIES.

THE Niles Tool Works at Hamilton, O. will be sold to a syndicate for \$1,000,000, and will be extended.

THE Allen firm operating the steamship line has been reorganized at Montreal under the title H. & A. Allen.

D. T. HUFFEINES, wholesale dealer in boots and shoes, Hillsboro, Tex., has assigned. Assets and liabilities unknown. GEORGE WESTINGHOUSE, JR., is in Chicago in connection with the World's Fair light-

ing contract. He protests against the size of the \$1,000,000 bond required. KALAMAZOO (Mich.) capitalists organized yesterday evening a stock company with \$125,000 capital to manufacture vehicle wheels. It will fight the Wheel Trust.

THE case at Boston of Jordan, Marsh & Co. and C.H. Hovey, appealing from the decision of Collector Beard in the matter of assess ment of duty on certain articles of wearing apparel, has been decided against them. DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL STANHAN has asked the court at Harrisburg for an order

restraining the Order of Fraternal Guardians at Philadelphia from making the first disbursement of over \$100,000 by THE Edison General Electric Company and the Thomson-Houston Electric Company have ceased to exist under these titles. Tuesday they became merged in the Gen-eral Electric Company, formed two months ago in New York.

THE stockholders of the Edison Electric Illuminating Company at New York vesterday voted to authorize an increase in the capital stock of \$2,000,000 to \$6,500,000. The new money is to be used for extensive betterments on the company's system.

ALL the 400 employees of the New England Granite Works at Concord, N. H., went on a strike Tuesday night, the bill of prices which was signed on May 31, 1891, having expired and the company refusing to renew it except on condition that it terminate with the calendar year.

the city of Cleveland has gained valuable concessions. The price has been fixed at 80 cents, 6% per cent of which goes into the city treasury. This price extends back over the time of contention, and the companies pay the costs of litigation. THE cotton movement during May, as shown by Secretary Hester's monthly New Orleans report, makes a deficit of 8,672 bales as compared with May last year. Compared

with the April movement, there has been a decrease of 6,123 bales in the number of bales marketed, while on the other hand last year May was 117,101. The monthly total of cotton brought into sight reaches 188,833, against 197,535 bales last year. A notice has been posted in the office of the Franklin sugar refinery of E. C. Knight & Co., Philadelphia, recently absorbed by the Sugar Trust announcing that no more orders will be taken from purchasers of sugar, as the firm had oversold for all grades, and that the refinery was running night and day to fill what orders had been taken. This is taken as a move on the part of the trust

to facilitate the rise in sugar. FERDINAND AND WILLIAM S. CHELSINGER, Of Milwaukee, yesterday purchased of William Vanderbilt and M. A. Hanna the Chapin tron mine near Iron Mountain, Mich., and the Menominee Transit Line, which includes six steamers engaged in the ore trade between Escanaba and Lake Eric ports. The Chelsingers were forced to dispose of the Chapin mine and the other properties last year because of the stringency of the money market, and are now obliged to pay a big bonus to get them back. 200 MINERS MISSED

BAILWAY INTERESTS

Suirs for damages aggregating \$57,000, have been begun at Keokuk, Ia., by various parties.

TRACK laying on the Ohio River Railroad extension in West Virginia is rapidly progressing. THE Huntington and Big Sandy sent its first train over the Twelve Pole bridge into Ceredo and Kenova, W. Va., Tuesday even-

A TRUST deed of the Duluth Transfer Rai way Company, to the Metropolitan Trust Company, of New York City, for \$2,000,000, was filed Tuesday.

THE Western Passenger Association at Chicago took 43 ballots yesterday without electing a Chairman to succeed Finley. They will try again to-day. J. W. BAIRD has resigned as Auditor of the

Newport News and Mississippi Valley Rail-road Company. President Huntington has appointed C. F. Krebs. LITTLE doubt now exists that the Atchison will put into effect its notice reducing the second-class rate from Missouri river to California points to \$14 70.

The old directory of the Rock Island was re-elected yesterday. Hugh kiddle is President for the ensuing year. The net earnings of the year were \$5,543,018, an increase of \$483,179.

THE consent of 1,576 stockholders repre senting 234.630 shares of the stock of the New York and New England Railroad Company, for the Issue of \$25,000,000 worth of bonds, was filed yesterday.

Another sensation in the affairs of the San Antonica sensation in the analysis of the San Antonio and Aransas Pass receivership was caused yesterday by the Beorganization Committee of that road filing a petition in which they represent that during the cam-paign of 1890 over \$20,000 was drawn from the funds of the receivership and used for campaign purposes. THE Cincinnati, Jackson and Mackinsw

Railroad, which runs from Battle Creek, Mich., to Franklin, O., has leased the Cincinnati, to Frankin, O., has leased the Christian and Northern Railway, which runs from Cincinnati to Dodds, but the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad will control both these lines, and is about to extend to Toledo to give a connection with the Canadian Pacific.

JUDGE LACOMBE, in the United States Circuit Court at New York, yesterday denied land Railroad Company to dismiss the petition of the New York and Northern Railroad Company for a commission to appraise damages for injuries sustained by the latter company, because of discriminations made against it by the New York and New England Railroad in favor of the Housatonic Railroad

Illinois Railroad Company held their annual meeting yesterday afternoon in Chicago. The following directors were elected: H. H. The following directors were elected: H. H. Porter, M. J. Carpenter, O. S. Lyford and C. W. Hillard, of Chicago; A. R. Flower, Benjamin Brewster, R. M. Hoe and Henry Seibert, of New York; H. H. Stevens and George H. Ball, of Boston, and J. G. English, of Danville, Ill. The Board of Directors afterward elected M. J. Carpenter President. A dividend of My per cent was declared on the predend of 134 per cent was declared on the pre-

THE FIRE RECORD.

Melbourne-The business premises o Hon. James Service. Loss, £50,000, Trinity, Tex.—All the business houses of north side of Main street. Loss, \$30,000. Colquitt City, Ore.—Three-fourths of the business section. Loss, \$100,000; partly in-

Ullanow, Galicia-Two hundred houses were consumed and two persons burned to death, Louisville—The New Albany cotton bat-ting mills, owned by Lawrence Bradley and others. Loss, \$35,000: insurance, \$18,000. The fire was caused by friction.

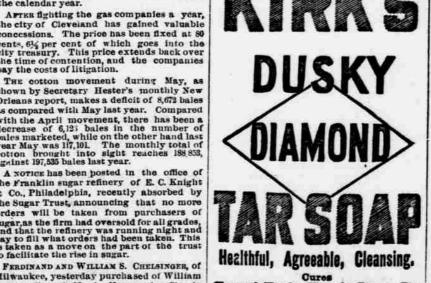
Mays' Landing, N. J.—A flerce forest fire has been raging in the timber between this place and Egg Harbor since morning. It has aiready burned over several hundred acres of valuable timber, and is still raging. The little hamlet of Cormantown is in danger of destruction.

Entertained 15,000 People.

The Marshall Kennedy Milling Compa ny did itself proud yesterday when they entertained a concourse of 15,000 people at their mammoth mills and elevator. This firm always lead in anything they undertake and yesterday was no exception. Spring openings heretofore have been ex-clusively used by milliners and drygoods men, but this firm departed from the well-beaten path of milling ethics and had an opening of their own. had an opening of their own.
Their new mill was thrown open
to the public and their friends,
and customers invited to attend. The attendance was beyond all expectation, some 15,000 partaking of their hospitality. The mills were running as usual, showing the visitors how flour was manufactured. The employes in handsome white duck uniforms were stationed on every floor ready and willing to show the visitors how flour was made. The roller floor was especially fine, and called forth unlimited praise from those who visited it. The mill itself, from cellar to roof, was scrupulously clean, and visitors were as clean when they left the mill as when they entered it. The process of miling was fully explained by Mr. Thomas Sopher and his able assistants. The engine room was in charge of Mr. George Show, chief engineer, who explained the workings of the automatic stokers and smoke consumers, whereby all smoke is avoided. The elevator was in charge of Mr. Thomas Connoran, their wheat expert, who showed the modus operandi of unloading wheat from cars into an endless belt, which carries the grain up an incline, much to the surprise of the visitors. After examining into the workings of the mill the visitors were taken in charge by Caterer Hagan, who had prepared a dining hall beautifully festooned with flags and bunt-ing, which seated 500 guests at one sitting. The hall was crowded the entire time of the reception, from 9 to 4 o'clock, and visitors were entertained by the sweet strains of music of the Great Western Band, under the leadership of Prof. Charles B. Weis After the reception a dinner was spread for the employes by the firm, after which speeches were made by the employes and members of the firm teeming with good

feeling. The Iron City Brewing Company uses nothing but the choicest qualities of malt and hops in the manufacture of its favorite brands of lager and Pilsner beer. This beer is guaranteed to be four months old, unadulterated and a most delicious beverage. Fifty thousand barrels of it on hand in the vaults of the Iron City Brewing Company. Purity, age and quality combined.

SNALL in size, great in results: De Witt's Little Early Risers. Best pill for constipation best for sick headache and sour stomach.



Removes and Prevents Dandruff.

AMERICAN FAMILY SOAP.

Best for General Household Use.

The Bohemian Silver Mine Accident

Hourly Growing in Horror. MORE THAN A SCORE OF CORPSES

Now Recovered, and the Death Pealing Gases Retard the Work.

SAID TO BE OF INCENDIARY ORIGIN

PRAGUE, June 1.-An appalling accident occurred last night at the famous Birkenberg silver mine, near Przibram, in Bohemia. The timbers used in supporting the roof of the mine caught fire, and the flames spread from part of the workings to another until the whole interior of the mine was afire. The way of escape was oon cut off, and many of the men were imprisoned in the burning mine.

After a long struggle the fire was extingnished and volunteers went down into the mine to rescue anyone who might have lived through the conflagration. The first rescuing party found no trace of life, but they discovered 12 bodies, which were sent to the surface. The work of rescue was suspended during the night, owing to the suffocating gasses, but was resumed at an early hour this morning. Five hundred men were working in the mine at the time, and the list of missing numbers is 200. At last accounts 25 burned and blackened corpses had been recovered from the mine, and 25 of the miners were rescued from the death trap in a very precarious condition, the un-fortunate men being shockingly burned and crushed. It has been found that most of

the victims, including three men who lost their lives while bravely engaged in the work of rescue, died of suffocation. The presence of noxious vapors greatly retarded the work of rescue. Until arrangements were made for forcing currents of pure air into the mine it was extremely hazardous for anyone to enter the burned passages. It is believed that the fire was caused by the recklessness of a miner. This passages. It is believed that the fire was caused by the recklessness of a miner. This man, it is said, in spite of the stringent rule framed to avoid just such an occurrence, carried a naked light into one of the chambers, and the gases coming in contact with the light caused an explosion and in-

stantly set fire to the timbers.

Another rumor which prevails at the mine, and which finds some believers, is that the fire was of incendiary origin. It is claimed by these persons that the calamity was due to the act of some conscienceless person or persons, who, probably from mo-tives of revenge, took this means of obtaining satisfaction for an alleged grievance. Large crowds of excited persons, consist-ing mainly of the families of the unfortunate miners, are pressing closely about the entrance to the different shafts. Their grief

is growing more and more uncontrollable. RARE bargains in silverware this week at Stienmann's, 105 Federal street. Trsu

REFUSED TO AMALGAMATE. Chamber of Commerce Declines to Enter

the National Board of Trade.

At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday, the Executive Committee reported negatively on the request of Mr. Price, of Scranton, asking the Chamber of Commerce to join the National Board of Trade. A vote of thanks was tendered the banquet committee also the press of Pittsburg for the complete and accurate reports published of the proceedings. A paper was read from the Woman's Health Protective Association, of Pittsburg, asking that the Chamber of Commerce use its influence and recommend the compulsory use of smoke consumers under stationary engines and on ailroad engines. This was referred to the Executive Committee.

A communication was read from Captain C. F. Palfrey, of the Mississippi River Com-mission, with headquarters at St. Louis, asking if the Chamber could furnish him with any statistics relative to the amount of traffic that left Pittsburg and went below of traffic that left Pittsburg and went below
Cairo on the Mississippi. He stated that
he would like to have it divided
up if possible—the amount that went
below Cairo, the amount that went below
White river, below Red river and to New
Orleans. The paper was referred to the
Committee on Rivers and Harbors.
Major A. J. Logan, E. Z. Dravo and W.
B. Scaife were appointed to preserve.

B. Scaife were appointed to prepare a printed report of the banquet for distribution among the members. The following new members were elected: Clarence H. Swearingen, Thomas J. Keenan, Jr., Dr. J.
O. Flower, Isanc Wilberg, L. K. Lipman,
P. M. Shannon, Stewart & Corse, J. H.
Silverman, Colonel E. J. Allen, H. T.
Davis and M. H. Danzinger. The meeting

Will Fight for an Estate.

Within a few weeks the suit will be comnenced to secure the property of the late John McKeown, of Washington, Pa., by the brothers of the deceased, Michael and Arthur McKeown. The contestants claim the deceased was never divorced from his first wife to whom he was married in 1865 and that there are no legal heirs but she, who cannot be found, and themselves.

Old Volunteers to Meet,

There will be a meeting of the members of the old Columbia Volunteer Fire Company at Miller's Hotel, 25 East Diamond street, Allegheny, on Tuesday evening, June 7. All the old members are requested to be present. An effort will be made to revive interest in the old organization, which in its time was substantial and use-

Pittsburgers in New York.

NEW YORK, June 1 .- [Special.]-The follow-Nzw Yosk, June L.—[Special.]—The following Pittsburgers are registered at hotels here: Mrs. T. H. Dickson, H. C. Fry, A. L. Inman, J. S. Kulinc, Fifth Avenue: Pittsburg Basebail Club. Sturtevant; F. G. Bishoff, Marlborough: P. Dugan, Sweeney's, G. Gregory, E. P. Groetzinger, Astor: G. McKee, O. Miller, Hotel Normandie; T. M. Rees, Astor: Mrs. Reinhart, H. G. Shaunon. St. Denis; H. Sterlitz, Astor; A. W. Black, Westminster; G. W. Hoffman. G. W. Mason, Earle's; W. L. McConway, Grand Union; W. L. McCord, H. W. Neely, St. Denis; C. H. Weinhaus, Metropolitan.



THREE WONDERFUL

BRILLIBIEDV ADPAINTER

8,000 Straw Hats and Bonnets

Ladies and Misses.

This lot includes some extra fine Hats, principally in Blacks; some with Milan Crowns; some with fancy lace brims; some are of all Lace. In brief, it is a lot which includes some of the best shapes and qualities of the season, which have been sold at 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50. We shall sell all at

25 Cents Each.

Can such a bargain be surpassed? No; but we have a bargain in ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS that will match it. We offer

SAMPLE SPRAYS OF FLOWERS,

No two alike, worth from 50c to \$1 a Spray, at

25 Cents Each.

REMEMBER, THE FIRST COMERS HAVE THE FIRST CHOICE. 120 FINE FRENCH WREATHS, worth

\$1 to \$2 each, only 50 Cents Each.

504, 506 & 508

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO