reference of the underground wire ordinance. Mr. Lambie presented it and moved to refer it to his committee, and Mr. Robertson wanted it referred to his. The debate was hot and both gentlemen worked themselves into a white heat of anger, but Mr. Lambie won the fight, and the ordinance was sent to the Safety Committee.

DOWNED THE VETO.

Select Council Passes the Exchange Railway Ordinance Over the Mayor's Head—Messrs. Perry and Donahue Enjoy a Lively Little Tilt.

A lively little tilt between Messrs. Perry and Donahue was one of the features of the street railway vetoes in Select Council. Mr. Perry early in the afternoon moved to postpone action on the Mayor's message until 4 o'clock, and in response to a pointed inquiry from Mr. Donahue, said there were two or three members who desired to vote on it who could not be present until that time.

Mr. Donahue became indignant at the explanation, and exclaimed: "The reason is that if the matter was voted on now you would be licked, and you know it."

Mr. Perry resented the remark by raising a point of order, and after some further discussion between the two men the motion was adopted.

Consideration of the veto of the Exchange Street Railway ordinance was first taken up. Mr. Robertson was the first to take the floor against the veto. He said: "I believe the Mayor is right in performing the functions of his office, one of which is to sign or veto any measure which in his judgment would interfere with rights and privileges of the people or be a violation of the laws of State or city.

Might Differ With the Mayor.

"In this case the Mayor's judgment had been that the rights and privileges of citizens in a certain section would be held at naught. But members of Councils have the same right to their opinion and expression of judgment. The greatest good to the greatest number is the factor in all the city's laws. The conditions of the subject under discussion should be understood. The Mayor argued that Market street was too narrow to permit of a car track. Yet Fourth avenue is the same width and is traversed by four street car lines, and still there is no hue and cry of business being crowded off that street. The hue and cry against a road on Market street is made by those with selfish ends, who in fact stand in their own light. In the remonstrance filed by these people I know of several persons who have regretted it. Gusky and Himmelrich refused to sign it because they want the line on their street and others are of the same opinion. The Gusky firm, doing more business than all others on the street, sent a man to the Mayor with a speech in favor of the ordinance.

"One of the objections raised is that people in carriages could not get to the market and the stores along the street. Are we to legislate in the interest of those who own carriages or those who are compelled to use the street car, the 5-cent carriage? It is reasonable to suppose that the 40,000 people who pass up Market street daily from Sixth street would ride further up into the city if they could, thus relieving the foot travel at that point.

Building Up the City.

"The street railways have built up the city more than any other agency, not only benefiting the city by adding millions to the taxable value of the suburbs, but making a great convenience to the people everywhere. Thousands have been spent by the street car companies in paving miles of streets. Ninety per cent of the populace have been benefited, and 75 per cent are of that class who do not own carriages. The poor little woman from Soho, or the West or the East End, has been benefited and will be more benefited by running cars right to the Market House door, as this ordinance provides."

Mr. Donahue characterized Mr. Robertson's argument as worthy of a school boy. Said he: "Because street railways have benefited the East End does not prove that a street car line is feasible on Market street. The two propositions have no connection. A railway on Market street would be ruinous, dangerous and should not be tolerated."

Mr. Donahue insisted on the reading of the remonstrance presented to the Mayor, signed, he said, by all but two property holders on Market street; but he objected when the reading of the names began, though his objection was not sustained.

Mr. Warmcastle talked for the ordinance, because he thought a street railway on Market street a good thing for the people, though he declared full belief in the conscientiousness of the Mayor in vetoing it.

The vote on the question, "Shall the ordinance be passed, notwithstanding the objections of the Mayor?" was then taken up, and the veto failed by 23 to 7. Messrs. Baum, Donahue, Epping, Evans, O'Malley, Reilly and Schertzinger voting in the negative. The Manchester ordinance was then acted upon, without debate, and the ordinance passed over the veto by a vote of 24 to 6, Mr. Baum voting with the affirmative and the others voting as before.

Common Council had adjourned before the veto had been considered in Select Council.

NEW BUSINESS INTRODUCED.

All Kinds of Public Improvements Demanded From Councils.

The following new papers were presented:

In Select Council—Ordinances granting the United States Baking Company the right to lay a switch on Liberty street; providing for levying a tax on bicycles; petition for grading Dithridge street and laying sewer and water pipes thereon; a communication in relation to the regulation of pawnshops and the lease of the garbage furnace; petition for water pipe on Ophelia street; ordinances for grading Fifty-fourth street; sewer on Donegal alley; placing lamps on Woodlawn street; grading, paving and curbing Walnut street; ordinance and petition for the prevention of driving cattle on Fifth avenue from Penn to Oakland avenue and on Fifth avenue from Center avenue to Baum street; ordinance for grading, paving and curbing Aurelia street; locating a portion of Arlington avenue; extending the time for the completion of the Hill Top, Grandview avenue and Mt. Washington street railways.

In Common Council—An ordinance for a system of sewers in the Sixteenth ward, including sewers on Torley street, Friendship avenue, Main street, Liberty avenue, Cayuga street and several pieces of private property; ordinance authorizing Ed Magian to erect a glass and iron awning at 913 Liberty street; ordinance granting Phillips Mining Company right to lay switch on Mary street; ordinances fixing the sidewalks on Castleman street; for locating Tripod and Speer alleys; for relocating Breckinridge street; for fixing the grade of Euclid street, South Negley avenue, south of Fifth avenue, and Fifty-fourth street; for opening Smith street; for grading and paving Lotus alley and York alley; for grading, paving and curbing Smith street; for sewers on Smith street, Kosciusko alley and Josephine street, Morgan street, Holden street, O'Hara street and McPherson street; resolution to pay M. J. Dunn $240, damages for opening Kirkwood street.

Going Abroad for Experts.

Chairman Holliday's audit ordinance providing for the employment of experts to go over the city accounts was passed and the resolution authorizing Chief Bigelow to employ two civil engineers from New York was reconsidered and adopted, it being claimed that none could be secured in this city.

Taking Care of the Streets.

Mr. Wainwright's resolution notifying street railways to repair the streets traveled by them, between the tracks, was passed and Chief Bigelow's repaving contracts were approved.

The Controller Has Leave to Fight.

A resolution authorizing the Controller to act for the city in the action against the State to recover taxes paid to the State on the city's railroad compromise bonds was passed.

A COMBINE PROBABLE.

The Tin Plate, Sheet Steel and Galvanized Iron Associations to Be in It.

The Tin Plate Manufacturers' Association will hold its annual meeting to-day. The principal matter to be brought up to-day will be the election of officers. In all probability John Jarrett will be chosen Secretary.

The main offices of the association are now in Cleveland, but it is thought wise to remove them to Pittsburg. If this is done the Association of Iron and Sheet Steel Manufacturers, Tin Plate Manufacturers' Association and Galvanized Iron Manufacturers' Association will be made to work together, as their interests are so clearly identical. The distinctive features of each will be preserved, however. It is then intended to place Mr. Jarret in charge of all three.

Webster Miners to Reorganize.

The river and railroad miners in and around Webster will be reorganized this week. The men number about 500 and had a strong organization some years ago. With these men in line, the district is in pretty good shape.

PITTSBURG'S GROWTH

Is the Text for a Congratulatory Report by Chief Bigelow.

COMPARISON WITH OTHER CITIES.

Free Bridge to the Southside Held to Be Necessary, and Its

SITE MAY BE DECIDED BY A VOTE

With the annual report of the Department of Public Works presented to Councils by Chief Bigelow yesterday there was an interesting introduction by the Chief himself relating to the work under his care. He makes some significant remarks concerning the proposed free bridge to the Southside, briefly comments again on the extraordinary consumption of water in this city, and devotes considerable space to his hobby, the parks, or, as he calls Schenley Park, "Pittsburg's Play Ground."

The Chief says: "In this review of the year's work, I would call attention, briefly, to the immense growth of the city, both in population and increased number of residences, alike in the city proper and suburbs, and the consequent necessary increase in highway and sewer construction, water supply and lighting facilities.

Economical and Eminently Satisfactory.

"The work of this department in these lines has been eminently satisfactory as well as economical, and done in as short a time as the weather and the means at our disposal would permit. The work in all these branches was far in excess of that performed in 1890. The repairing on improved streets alone amounted to 129,867 square yards at a cost of $55,409 61, and the repaving to $269,382 19, a total of $324,791 80 expended in construction.

"The comfort and convenience of the citizens has been enhanced through this department, having been enabled by enlarged appropriations to do more and better work than in any previous year, and I trust the same liberal policy will in the coming year strengthen so important a department of the city government. The improvement manifested by cleaner and better lighted streets is so marked that it merely needs inspection and a slight exercise of comparative memory to demonstrate itself. In these respects and in a reasonable rate of taxation, Pittsburg will compare favorably with any of the larger cities of the country, and are in themselves eloquent testimonials to her progress and status in the sisterhood of municipalities.

Too Much Good Water Wasted.

"The sanitary condition of the city is certainly very much improved, both by the new and effectual appliances for street cleaning and the heavy additions to and improvements of the sewerage systems. While on the subject of sewerage and pipes, attention is called to the report of the Water Supply Bureau, which shows us to be the heaviest consumers of water, in proportion to population, in the country. Although this is commendable from the standpoint of cleanliness, it is a fact that nearly 20 per cent of the water is absolute waste, through carelessness or worse, on the part of consumers. Some idea of the work done by the Water Bureau may be gained from the average daily number of gallons pumped during the past year, which was 38,762,000 or almost the entire maximum capacity of the pumps. The limit will no doubt be reached during the coming summer.

"To check the waste it should recommend the adoption of the meter system, to provide for an adequate supply, the placing of additional pumps in service at the earliest moment possible. The subject of fuel is also one which commands careful attention. In fact our whole provisions for water supply, although as carefully administered as possible, are not what they should be in view of the rapid growth of the city in the last few years.

Waiting for a Decision on Location.

"Provision has been made for the erection of a free bridge across the Monongahela river, and the only cause of delay is the lack of a decision as to its location. Beyond the generally conceded necessity that one end of the structure shall rest on the Southside, no agreement has yet been reached by the citizens of that end of the division of the city, and it is possible that the matter will have to be decided by vote. One thing should be kept in mind, however, that a structure, such as a bridge, is not erected for a day only, and the future trend of population should be largely taken into consideration in locating the bridge.

"Surveys and construction have been in progress during the past year in Schenley, Highland, Bedford and Herron Hill Parks. There are a number of good driveways now in the two large parks, the stone for which was furnished from the quarries on the ground. During the present year a large and attractive section of Schenley Park will be opened up by the construction of new roads, and it will be made accessible to residents of the southeastern part of the city and the Southside by connecting the existing system of roads with a bridge over Forward avenue.

Pittsburg's Favorite Playground.

"The area of Schenley Park, including the last acquired entrance tract, is 439 acres. Even to-day with the small appropriations and time available for its embellishment and improvement it is the favorite playground of Pittsburg. Equestrian parties are seen daily on the newly finished roads, and applications for permission to hold picnics are as plenty as the available dates, while the thousands upon thousands who flock thither to breathe pure air and enjoy nature's works is simply incredible.

"The more attractive this magnificent breathing spot is made the more visible will be its effects for good upon the community. With the prospect of a conservatory second to none in the world, a nucleus already upon which a good zoological collection can be formed, and its natural attractions in the shape of romantic and picturesque scenery, Schenley Park will have within a very few years a reputation equal to that of Central Park, New York, although the latter cost millions where our park will only need thousands, owing to the numerous and wonderful advantages we possess.

A Lake in Highland Park.

"The property recently purchased and now included in Highland Park makes its present area 219 acres. The old basin will be converted into a lake during the present year and a number of new roads and bridle paths constructed. The views from Highland Park are second to none in the country. The improvements in Bedford and Herron Hill Parks have kept pace with the others, and altogether the immense number of visitors to Pittsburg's various breathing places shows that such a provision is appreciated by all the people. It is also noticeable and creditable to the city and the people that with such great multitudes as here gathered from time to time in these resorts, few, if any, arrests have been necessary, thus showing that, if the beauties of nature, enhanced by art, have not of themselves a moral effect, they are at least enjoyed by a good and reputable class of people for whose benefit and enjoyment no stone should be left unturned when it would add to the comfort and recreation of the park projectors."

To Repair the City Streets.

Thirty-seven contracts for repairing city streets were let yesterday by Chief Bigelow to Booth & Flinn and Sloan & McIlwaine. Three hundred thousand dollars is the aggregate sum of the contract amounts. Among the bids for repaving was one for $2 71 a cubic yard; the lowest for a number of years. Thirty-five more contracts will be let to-day.

Hasn't Been Home for a Week.

Charles Moore, a glass worker, living on Bradford street, Southside, has been missing from his home for nearly a week. He left one morning last week with considerable money in his pockets, and, as he has not returned, it is feared some injury has befallen him.

Highland Park Beautified.

The work of putting in shape Highland Park has been completed, and the beautiful site is more attractive than ever before. Several additional animals have been received and caged in the zoological gardens.

Insurance for His Sisters.

Superintendent of Police O'Mara is endeavoring to find Jennie and Nellie Wilson. Their brother, a locomotive engineer, was killed at New Castle, Wyo. The sisters are named as beneficiaries for $3,000 insurance on his life.

LYNCHINGS MUST STOP.

Colored People to Make a Bold Stand Against the Slaughtering of Their Brethren in the South—A Mass Meeting Held Last Night and Resolutions Adopted.

In accordance with the suggestion made in an appeal recently issued by prominent colored men, yesterday was the day set apart by the colored people as a day of fasting and prayer because of the outrages inflicted upon their race in the Southern States. Services were held in the colored churches and a mass meeting was held in the Wylie avenue A. M. E. Church last night under the auspices of Washington Camp No. 575, P. O. S. of A., S. J. Wilkison presiding. The meeting was called to order at 9 o'clock and opened with the singing of the "Battle Hymn of the Republic," which was followed with a prayer by Rev. G. W. Clinton. The call was read and the following committee on resolutions was appointed: J. W. Anderson, L. L. Allen, Dr. Brady, Robert Day, Jr., C. Tarter, H. Anderson and W. T. Barks.

The committee retired to the ante-room to consult. During their absence W. M. Randolph, the popular young colored attorney, was introduced and made a stirring speech. During his remarks he said: "The time has come when something must be done to alleviate the sufferings of the colored people of the South. The fact that 121 colored people were lynched in the past year and nothing done to the perpetrators of the outrages is appalling, to say the least. When an adopted citizen was killed in a foreign land, was not our navy prepared to enforce reparation, and yet the President says he can do nothing unless called on by the Governor of the State." The speaker said that special legislation was not needed as the present laws were sufficient if they were only enforced. All that the colored race asked is that if any colored man commits a crime he shall have the right of a trial by jury.

Broadax Smith was the next speaker. He seconded the remarks of Mr. Randolph, but thought they ought to act first and pray afterward. Rev. R. S. Laws made an address, in which he scored President Harrison for ignoring the colored race, and claimed that ex-President Cleveland while in office did more for the colored race than any President since Lincoln.

The Committee on Resolutions reported a series of resolutions in which they commiserated with the colored people of the South from causes which had their rise in ante-rebellion times. Attention was called to the fact that neither the local or State authorities manifest a desire to correct these abuses, and that the Federal authorities plead a lack of power, thus leaving the colored people as helpless victims in the hands of their enemies. This lamentable condition in a country whose proud boast was "Liberty, equality and justice to all men before the law" was deplored. The attention was directed to section 5, article 14, of the Constitution, which gives them the power to enact such legislation as shall make it possible for the President to protect the colored people in all their rights as citizens. All law-abiding and liberty-loving citizens were appealed to join with them in their efforts to dissipate the prejudice and proscriptions which hamper the negro in his endeavors to rise to a complete citizenship.

These resolutions were amended providing for a special committee of nine to be appointed from different parts of the State for the formation of an organization for the purpose of carrying out the spirit of the resolutions; also that the President submit a message to Congress suggesting a remedy for the suppression of crime in the South.

A PLEASANT HOUSE-WARMING.

The Times' New Home Thrown Open to the Public Yesterday.

The doors of the new *Times* building on Fourth avenue were yesterday afternoon thrown wide open and the public invited to enter on an extended tour of inspection. The structure is a model both in point of beauty and architecture, and is eight stories in height. From 2 to 6 o'clock last evening the pavements in front and rear of the new establishment presented the appearance of a gala day. Large crowds of people were continually coming and going, and the doorways were blocked with the mass of invited guests, many of whom had come from quite a distance to pay tribute to the new home erected for the *Times* and its corps of workers.

From the basement, where the presses are placed, to the eighth floor where the editors hold forth, the whole building was gaily decorated with tropical plants, exotics beautiful flowers and flags and banners. The main floor probably presented the finest appearance with its large and flowing palms and ferns arranged on each side of the aisle and making a veritable bower for the guests to pass through. The upper floors were the first to be inspected and as the crowd entered the elevator they were entertained by sweet music superbly rendered by three orchestras. The last place visited, but not the less acceptable, was the basement. Here the mysteries of the new presses were explained to the strangers, after which they were taken to the rear of the apartments and invited to partake of a bountiful supply of refreshments.

TRIED TO HOODOO A GIRL.

Ogle's Efforts to Win Back an Old Sweetheart Get Him Into Trouble.

Hamilton Ogle, a colored resident of the hill, has gotten himself into jail in his efforts to win a girl through the art of voodooism. The girl is Josephine Dickson, a comely colored lass, of whom Ogle became enamored. The girl received his attentions for awhile, so she alleges in a suit before Alderman Cahill, but, becoming tired, she gave him the go by. This seemed to make the young man angry, and he determined to try voodooism, and consulted a colored doctor who is supposed to be a master of the art. The result was that the girl received a letter from Mr. Ogle informing her that he had consulted the doctor, and that she was bound to come back to him, otherwise the voodoo would be placed on her. This did not alarm the girl very much and she paid no attention to the letter.

A few days later she met Ogle on the street and he attempted to follow out some voodoo instructions in getting a stated number of hairs from the girl's head, but he went at it wholesale and tried to pull out a handful. To make matters worse Miss Dickson received a letter from Ogle, the contents of which were not pleasant to her. She then had him arrested on a charge of criminal libel and assault and battery. He was held for a court trial.

GROUND TO PIECES.

A Brakeman Knocked Off a Car and Killed—Other Accidents Reported.

William H. Boals, a freight brakeman on the Pittsburg and Western Railroad, met with a terrible death last night. Boals was standing on the top of a freight car as it was passing Bennett's station when he was struck by the projecting arm of a switch block and knocked from the car. The man fell under the cars and was literally ground to pieces. The deceased had a wife and two children living at Millvale. An inquest will be held to-day. Several other accidents were reported. The list is below.

WILKINSON—Lawrence Wilkinson, an employe of the Pennsylvania Railroad, was struck by an engine at Turtle Creek last night and was injured so badly that he died on the way to the hospital.

JOHNSON—Willie, the 5-year-old son of Police Lieutenant Johnson, of the Southside, was run over by Hohman's baker wagon. His jaw and leg were broken.

LUDWIG—WHALEN—Andrew Ludwig and Peter Whalen, employed at the Edgar Thomson Steel Works, were badly burned by an explosion of gas at the works yesterday. They were removed to the Mercy Hospital.

UNKNOWN—A colored employe of the Braddock Wire Works fell into an annealing pot yesterday and was badly burned. His name could not be learned.

Smallpox Out Penn Avenue.

Another case of smallpox has been discovered on Penn avenue. The patient, Mrs. Albert Skeldom, now lies at the West Penn Hospital in a serious condition. Yesterday forenoon Dr. J. J. Green was called in to see Mrs. Skeldom. He found all the symptoms of smallpox. He sent for Dr. Elder at the West Penn Hospital. Dr. Elder confirmed his diagnosis, and advised that the woman be taken to the hospital.

Two Insane Prisoners.

The Department of Public Charities was notified yesterday that D. Frazier and Charles Miller, both prisoners at the workhouse, had become insane. Frazier was committed by Magistrate Gripp for vagrancy and Miller was sent up from the Criminal Court for larceny. Chief Elliot will go into court to-day, and ask to have the prisoners committed to the City Farm.

Trusses, Etc.

Careful fitting of trusses supporters, shoulder braces, artificial limbs, etc. Artificial Limb Co., 909 Penn avenue, near Ninth street, Pittsburg. Open on Saturday evening until 9 o'clock.

SECEDERS TALK BACK.

They Assert That They Are Maintaining the Organization of

THE EAST END R. P. CONGREGATION.

Refuse to Admit the Jurisdiction of Any Ecclesiastical Body.

ANSWER TO A FAMOUS CHURCH SUIT

An answer was filed yesterday by the defendants in the suit of the East End Reformed Presbyterian congregation against the Rev. O. B. Milligan and others. The defendants are the seceders from the Reformed Presbyterian Church into the U. P. Church as a result of the fight over the famous "East End platform," and the suit is a contest for the church property. In their answer they first insist that the plaintiff has not made such a case as entitles it to the relief sought for, and also that the Court has not equitable jurisdiction in the case. Continuing they said:

"First—That it is true that the East End Reformed Presbyterian congregation was incorporated, but the defendants deny that the corporation was or is subordinate to the Pittsburg Presbytery or other church court of the Reformed Presbyterian Church of North America; on the contrary, it appears by the bill and charter of the plaintiff that the oversight and management of the corporation is vested in a board of six trustees and not in J. C. Calderwood or his associates, who assume without right or authority to prosecute this suit in the name of the corporation.

They Deny Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction.

"Second—The allegations contained in the second paragraph of the bill are denied as stated. The corporation, being a civil and not an ecclesiastical organization, acquired title to the property and has been and is in the possession of the property, but not in subordination to the courts of the Reformed Presbyterian Church. The property and all the property of the corporation is held to insure subject to the control and disposition of the lay members of the corporation under and in accordance with the constitution and laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and not otherwise.

"It is true, as stated, that Rev. O. B. Milligan was duly installed as pastor of the ecclesiastical organization styled the East End Reformed Presbyterian congregation and that on or about December 11, 1890, he was suspended by the Pittsburg Presbytery of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, but not wholly disqualified to exercise ministerial functions, and it is also true that subsequently upon his appeal from the action of the Presbytery to the Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, his appeal was dismissed, but the defendants aver that the action of the Presbytery and the Synod was wholly arbitrary, without right and contrary to law, and they also deny that the Synod in adjudicating the dismissal of his appeal and affirming the decree of suspension, acted in accordance with the laws and usages of the Reformed Presbyterian Church. While it is true that the Presbytery and Synod had jurisdiction over the ecclesiastical body known as the East End Reformed Presbyterian congregation, defendants deny that the church courts had any rightful or lawful jurisdiction of the corporation plaintiff, or any control of its property."

Milligan Is Still Their Pastor.

Continuing, bylaws were cited showing the powers of the Board of Trustees of the congregation as having full control of the real and personal property and the financial matters. Further, the answer says:

"Defendants deny that the East End Reformed Presbyterian congregation was without a pastor. The members were almost unanimous in deciding to allow the Rev. O. B. Milligan to continue in the church, and in so allowing and determining more than three-fourths of the members of the corporation united and but a few individuals left, and the defendants claim that the members of the congregation and a large majority of the trustees in so deciding acted in due conformity with the charter and bylaws of the corporation. The Rev. H. H. George, D. D., never had the consent of the members of the corporation or the Board of Trustees to the use and occupancy of the church property.

Defendants deny that the Pittsburg Presbytery had or have power to occupy the property (including the church building) of the corporation; on the contrary, the members of the corporation and the Board of Trustees have absolute control of the property of the corporation, and the attempt of the Presbytery to control property is a mere usurpation of authority and a violation of the provisions of the charter and bylaws.

"The facts alleged in the seventh paragraph of the bill are denied. The corporation seal of the corporation and its papers, records and bylaws are in the lawful custody of the officers of the corporation, who, in holding and controlling the same, are acting regularly, properly and in strict accordance with their duty and the will of a large majority (more than two-thirds) of the corporation.

Still Maintains Its Organization.

"While it is true that many members of the East End Reformed Presbyterian congregation have united with the United Presbyterian Church of North America, it is not true that the civil incorporated body called the East End Reformed Presbyterian Congregation has abandoned the corporation or in any manner changed its charter or constitution.

"The allegations in the ninth paragraph of the bill are denied. The corporation styled the East End Reformed Presbyterian Congregation is not subject to the discipline of the Pittsburg Presbytery or the Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church of North America.

"The defendants deny that the suit was brought by the corporation or by any one or more persons having authority to represent the corporation or to act for it. J. C. Shorts, J. C. Calderwood and William Blair instituted the suit and are prosecuting it in the name of the corporation, but without authority or power to do so.

"Membership in the corporation is not affected or controlled by any ecclesiastical connection with or membership in any church, but is merely a matter of regular policy and power pertaining to the corporators or members of the corporation who may by a majority vote admit, exclude, expel or suspend members of the corporation, independently of any ecclesiastical body, association or tribunal.

"The defendants are all members and a majority of them officers of the corporation, and they have in all respects acted in accordance with the will of a majority of the members of the corporation and the officers thereof.

"Wherefore defendants pray to be dismissed with their reasonable costs in this behalf sustained."

Burglars on Troy Hill.

The bakery of J. B. Straub, at No. 66 Lowry street, was entered by burglars Monday night, and $45 and a gold watch was taken. The marauders then entered the boarding house of Miss Pickle in the same neighborhood and also the Hotel Frankenstein at Lowry and Overhill streets. Nothing of value was taken from the latter places.

A Tunnel Caves In.

Tunnel No. 6, on the Panhandle road, caved in Monday night and delayed traffic for several hours. No lives were lost and the damage was not great.

CONVENTION NEWS FROM MINNEAPOLIS.

GEORGE ALFRED TOWNSEND,

✻ "GATH," ✻

Has been engaged by

THE DISPATCH

To wire a special

Telegraphic Letter

Prior to and during the Republican Convention.

All the news and gossip will be found in THE DISPATCH.

TO THE UNKNOWN DEAD.

The Monument to Mark the Graves of the Unidentified Victims of the Johnstown Flood Unveiled—How the Third Anniversary Was Observed.

Yesterday was the third anniversary of the Johnstown flood, and in the afternoon 20,000 people gathered in Grandview Cemetery to witness the last act of that awful drama—the unveiling of the monument to the unknown dead. There are 771 of these unknown graves in Grandview Cemetery. This mass of granite, which marks the graves of the unknown and stands as a memorial to the greatest outpouring of wealth for charity's sake, represents the three graces. On it is inscribed the words, "To the memory of the unidentified dead lost by the flood of May 31, 1889."

In attendance at the ceremony were Governor Robert E. Pattison, Secretary J. B. Kremer, of the Flood Commission, James B. Scott, the Dictator of the Flood, a member of the commission and the builder of Memorial Hospital, and Superintendent Robert Pitcairn, of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

The other members of the Flood Commission present were Reuben Miller, S. S. Marvin, Robert C. Ogden and ex-Governor James A. Beaver. Among the others who took an active part were Dr. W. B. Lowman, A. J. Haws, James McMillan, City Treasurer George P. McCreary, of Philadelphia, and Rev. Dr. McConnell, of Philadelphia. Major A. J. Logan, of Pittsburg, and Robert M. McWade, city editor of the Philadelphia *Public Ledger*.

Mayor W. Rose, of Johnstown, was master of ceremonies. Governor Robert E. Pattison made the opening speech. Robert C. Ogden, of Philadelphia, made the address for the flood commission. After his speech the veil was withdrawn and then ex-Governor James A. Beaver closed the speech-making.

Last night the National Johnstown Flood Correspondents' Association held its annual banquet at the Duquesne Hotel. The Pittsburg members were nearly all in attendance, and the Eastern contingent was largely represented. Most of the flood commission was present, and several other gentlemen prominent in the work of relief at Johnstown. In all there were about 60 gentlemen gathered around the tables.

The election of officers resulted as follows: President, T. J. Keenan, Pittsburg *Press*; Vice President, W. J. K. Kenne, New York *Herald*; Secretary and Treasurer, A. S. McSwigan, *South Pittsburger*; Executive Committee, Alexander C. Kennally, W. J. Ellis, Harry P. Weiser, of New York City, A. R. H. Morrow, Philadelphia, J. S. Ritenour, Robert Simpson and Colonel W. C. Connolly, of Pittsburg.

A GREAT SUCCESS.

Enlargement of the Smith Typewriter Works a Necessity.

Syracuse Herald.]

For some time the manufacturers of the Smith Premier typewriter have contemplated the erection of an additional building to accommodate their rapidly increasing business. The company is now in the twenty-seventh month of its existence, having been organized in February, 1890, and at present is shipping in the sixteen thousands. When the present five-story building was erected, Lyman C. Smith, the general manager, believed that he was making provisions for many years to come, but already they have outgrown their present quarters and ground has been broken for a new building adjoining the present one. E. W. Baxter, the architect, prepared the plans, and work will be pushed as rapidly as possible. It is expected that the new building will be ready for occupancy by September 1 at the latest. The building will be 130 by 60 feet, and eight stories high. A part of the old Gun Works building will be utilized. The company is now fully 2,000 machines behind orders, and this fact together with the constantly increasing business makes additional room necessary. It is estimated that the increase of the last year over the business of 1890 was more than 100 per cent. There are employed at present between 350 and 400 men, and when the new building is completed the number will be increased to 800 or 900. The company has been in existence only 27 months and is manufacturing a new machine.

The company has 15 branch offices, employing more than 100 people. Between 70 and 80 salesmen are sent out from the factory and the branch offices. It has recently secured an order from the Government for 150 machines to be used in the War Department after an expert examination. Three of the five daily newspapers in the city are using the Smith machine in their editorial rooms. The present monthly output is between 1,000 and 1,500 machines, and this number will be doubled when the new building is completed. This company has an office at 214 Wood street, Pittsburg, Pa., A. W. Koch, Manager.

ONLY 4 DAYS MORE

In Which to Take Advantage of Our Great $10 Men's Suit Sale, P. C. C. C., Clothiers.

Never before and probably never again will the public have an opportunity such as this to buy a real fine suit of clothes for $10, equal to regular $18, $20 and $22 qualities. Inquire for the advertised suits.

These suits come in straight and round cut sacks, also cutaway frocks, strictly tailor-made and trimmed in the best manner. A perfect fit guaranteed. The fabrics are whipcords, homespuns, imported and domestic cheviots, plain and fancy worsteds, tweeds, sawyers, wool diagonals, cassimeres, etc. All the latest shades and patterns, light and dark tans, blues, browns, grays, blacks, plaids, checks and mixtures.

Only four days left in which to benefit by this great sale. Come at once.

P. C. C. C., Clothiers,
Cor. Grant and Diamond streets.

How to Cure Rheumatism.

My wife was confined to her bed for over two months with a very severe attack of rheumatism. We could get nothing that would afford her any relief, and as a last resort gave Chamberlain's Pain Balm a trial. To our great surprise she began to improve after the first application, and by using it regularly she was soon able to get up and attend to her house work. E. H. Johnson, of C. J. Knutson & Co., Kensington, Minn. wsu

Vibration Overcome

In the Worth bicycle, to be seen only at Harry D. Squires', 428 Wood street, city salesroom of the Pittsburg Cycle Company. Agents wanted everywhere in Western Pennsylvania. Send for catalogue.

Walker's Family Soap

Is used by the Pennsylvania Railroad to wash their cars because it contains no alkali. MWF

ITALIAN AWNINGS, perfectly fast colors, at Mamaux & Son's, 539 Penn avenue. wsu

An Object

Worthy of your attention is the "Worth" bicycle now on sale at Harry D. Squires', 428 Wood street, city salesroom of the Pittsburg Cycle Company.

NEGLIGEE Madras and cheviot shirts. JAMES H. AIKEN & Co., 100 Fifth avenue.

For tender and perspiring feet use Feeticura. At druggists.

LOCHINVAR AWNINGS at Mamaux & Son's 539 Penn avenue. Tel. 1972. wsu

DR. WITT'S Little Early Risers. Best pill for biliousness, sick headache, malaria.

GREAT bargains in fine wall paper, this season's goods. WM. H. ALLEN, 517 Wood street, near Fifth avenue.

Vibration Overcome

In the Worth bicycle, to be seen only at Harry D. Squires', 428 Wood street, city salesroom of the Pittsburg Cycle Company. Agents wanted everywhere in Western Pennsylvania. Send for catalogue.

No one in passing through the new Times building yesterday could fail to admire the lavishness of the decorations. The tall, graceful palms and tropical plants of all descriptions were arranged with the taste and skill for which the designers, Messrs. John H. & A. Murdoch, of 508 Smithfield street, are noted. Conspicuous were several magnificent heads of the Grand New Canna, the Madame Crozy.

Agents Wanted

In Western Pennsylvania for "the Worth," the only jointless spring frame bicycle in the world. Send for catalogue to Pittsburg Cycle Company, East End, or Harry D. Squires, 428 Wood street.

What We Offer You

Is this: if you are troubled with piles (no matter what kind), go to the druggists named below and get a package of Hill's Pile Pomade. No danger of being humbugged. Relief in 15 minutes, and a positive cure. A bona fide guarantee with each package. By mail $1, six packages $5. wsu

NEAPOLITAN AWNINGS, warranted sun fast, at Mamaux & Son's, 539 Penn avenue. wsu

THE greatest spring and summer beverage is the Iron City Brewing Company's lager beer.

HUSBAND AND MONEY MISSING.

Mrs. William Otto Fears That Her Better Half Has Deserted Her.

Mrs. William Otto called at police headquarters last night and asked aid in a search for her husband. She thinks he has deserted her. He was a boiler maker and worked steadily at his trade, while she operated a little restaurant at 20 Water street. Some few days ago his brotner, Jacob Otto, who lives on Walnut street, Altoona, came to visit them. Last Saturday the husband resumed a talk they had been having about the husband taking out an insurance policy on his life, and the talk wound up by Mrs. Otto getting $200 of her own money out of a bank and giving it to him for that purpose. On Monday he started out, but he has not returned.

Yesterday Mrs. Otto left the house to get some provisions and was gone two hours. When she came back Jacob Otto, the brother-in-law, was also gone, and so were all of his clothes and a valise. Three children, those of Otto by a former marriage, were also gone, as were a lot of their clothes. Mrs. Otto concluded from all these circumstances that the whole maneuver was prearranged and a scheme to desert her was carried out. One child was 12 years of age. An elderly one, a girl of 15, left the household last week with a view to joining an opera company in the East. Mrs. Otto has been left in a sad predicament, as her rent falls due to-day, and she has but 20 cents left to her name. Besides, she says, the restaurant is not paying for itself at present, and she fears she will have to sell what she has to supply her immediate wants.

UNCONSCIOUS SIX HOURS.

A Nineteen-Year-Old Boy Assaulted by Highway Robbers.

At the West Penn Hospital a peculiar story is told by Albert Barr, aged 19, who was taken there in an unconscious condition Monday night. Officers Bailey and Mitchell found Barr walking along Penn avenue, near Twenty-eighth street, in a dazed condition. Upon taking hold of him he fainted away and did not recover until six hours afterward at the hospital. The doctors at the institution were at loss to account for his peculiar ailment until he had regained his senses, when he said his name was Albert Barr and lived on Ferry street.

On Decoration Day he went to Sharpsburg, and before returning home in the evening he sprang from a car at Twenty-eighth street and Penn avenue to see some friends. While walking down Smallman street he had just passed a group of men when he was dealt a crushing blow upon the head. He fell to the pavement, and subsequently struggled to his feet. He made his way to Penn avenue, where he again fell and knew no more until he found himself in the hospital. Upon looking in his pockets he stated that about $15 and a watch and chain were missing, all of which he had when assaulted. The doctors at the hospital confirm the boy's story, inasmuch as they state that Barr's head shows marks of a heavy blow delivered recently.

SAY IT AIN'T SO.

Carnegie Bros. & Co. Deny the Story of a Compromise.

Carnegie Bros. & Co. yesterday denied the statement that there was to be a compromise on the suit of the Philadelphia Natural Gas Company.

One of the members of the firm said: "There were several inaccuracies in the published statement. There is no suit pending for $750,000. The Philadelphia Company asks for about $500,000 for gas furnished, which is not admitted by the Carnegies, who claim an almost equal sum from the Philadelphia Company for overpayments and for gas under the contract and damages for failure to comply. There is no dispute about the basis of settlement, as that was established some years ago, and payments have at all times been made on this basis. The gas company did not make its claim until suit was brought against it to restrain them from violating their contract and for damages. There is every probability of the case going to trial."

OPENING.

E. P. ROBERTS & SONS'

NEW

ART DEPARTMENT.

4 BEAUTIFUL ROOMS.

RED ROOM: Statuary and Art Furniture.

DRESDEN ROOM: Pottery, China, Bric-a-brac.

BLUE ROOM: Rich Cut Glass.

ONYX ROOM: Cabinets, Clocks, Lamps.

SPECIAL DISPLAY ALL THIS WEEK.

FIFTH AVE. AND MARKET ST.

Elegant Bridal Gifts. my30-MWF

PATENT LEATHER SHOES

AT

SIMEN'S.

Ladies', $2.50 to $4.
Men's, $2.50 to $5.
Boys', $2. Youths', $1.50.
Misses', $1.75 and $2.
Children's, $1.25 and $1.50.

AT

SIMEN'S,

78 OHIO ST., ALLEGHENY, PA.

Store closes at 6 P.M., except Saturdays.

my30-MWF

HUGUS & HACKE

DRESS GOODS.

It will pay you to look through our splendid assortments in this department and note the GREAT REDUCTIONS in prices.

All-wool FRENCH DRESS PLAIDS, $1 goods reduced to 60c A YARD.

VIGOREAUX SUITINGS, checked chevron and mottled effects, $1 goods reduced to 75c A YARD.

CHOICE NOVELTY SUITINGS that have been $1.25 and $1.50, reduced now to $1 A YARD.

ALL-WOOL solid color Suitings, diagonal and chevron