

STRUCK A BIG SNAG.

Henry Watterson Totally Upsets the Idol of the National Democracy.

HIS SCHEME A SUCCESS.

In Spite of Kentucky's Great Preference for the Ex-President.

NEW JERSEY IS HOT FOR GROVER.

And Instructs Her Delegates to Stick Close by Him to the End.

POORMAN WINS HIS BITTER FIGHT.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 25.—The idol of the national Democracy was shattered against the iron will of Henry Watterson in the Bourbon State to-day. It was Grover Cleveland on the one hand and Henry Watterson on the other, and alternately the influence of both swayed the convention, but in the end the counsel of the great Kentucky editor prevailed against the admiration of all Kentucky Democrats for the distinguished ex-President.

Until the very opening of the convention it seemed that the enthusiastic Cleveland men would win the day in their fight for unqualified instructions for the ex-President. When the first test came, however, on the selection of a temporary chairman, the effect of Mr. Watterson's counsel of past weeks became apparent, for by a vote of 427 to 290 Charles J. Long, of Louisville, the candidate who stood as the representative of the anti-Cleveland forces, defeated the Cleveland or rather instruction candidate.

The People Still for Cleveland. Mr. Long responded to the vociferous applause that followed the announcement of the result by a lengthy speech. There were loud cries for Bronson, the defeated candidate, and that gentleman responded in a long speech in which he said his friends had fallen in a great cause and that the people of Kentucky were for Grover Cleveland.

About this time the demands for Watterson, which began immediately after the triumph of his forces, grew uproarious, and this gentleman was forced to respond. Delegates jumped to their feet and cheered and waved their handkerchiefs wildly at his appearance. It was fully a minute before the enthusiasm subsided, and Watterson, who had fallen in a great cause and that the people of Kentucky were for Grover Cleveland.

Colonel Poorman Wins. Eighty-five ballots necessary to decide the sixteenth Ohio district congressional contest—A Deal That Sends Taylor to the Minneapolis Convention.

STURBEVILLE, O., May 25.—Colonel Poorman was nominated to-day for Congress by the Republican Convention of the Sixteenth district on the 85th ballot, and the third ballot after assembling at 10 o'clock. Eighty-two ballots were taken yesterday afternoon and evening, the vote at adjournment standing the same as it was at the end of the first: Poorman, 78; Hollingsworth, 34; Richards, 43; McCoy, 23.

Carroll county made a proposition this morning to nominate Taylor, and if he could poll one solid delegation, but the Hollingsworth men would not give in, so that the Jefferson vote was emasculated right on the first ballot on reassembling. The eighty-third ballot, on which Taylor, 25; Poorman, 69; Hollingsworth, 38; Richards, 43. On the eighty-fourth ballot Poorman gained one from Hollingsworth. On the eighty-fifth Carroll landed nine to Poorman, as per agreement, and the contest was made between L. H. Taylor, of Carroll, and Poorman last night. Chairman Deford, of Carroll county, previous to this ballot, withdrew the name of Judge McCoy.

By this deal Belmont is sent to J. H. Taylor to the Minneapolis Convention, and these votes were given to Poorman. Colonel Hollingsworth then came out on the stage and withdrew his own name. Here where the Ninety-ninth Ohio volunteer infantry got in its work. Colonel Pearce voted Harrison solidly, 26 votes, for Poorman. Jefferson saw that the jig was up and cast her 47 votes for Poorman, while Monroe voted for Poorman, as well as Taylor, 159; Hollingsworth, 10; Richards, 4.

The nomination was made unanimous and a committee waited on Colonel Poorman and escorted him to the hall, where, in a few well chosen words he thanked the convention for the high honor.

Dr. G. A. Keepers, of Monroe, I. M. Taylor and Colonel H. C. Sherrard were named as candidates for the two delegates to Minneapolis, which were named out by agreement. Keepers and Taylor were chosen. R. E. McDonald, of Carroll, and Dr. A. C. Armstrong were chosen as alternates. Hon. Robert Sherrard, Jr., was chosen as President and secretary, after which the convention adjourned.

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DENVER, May 25.—The Democratic State Convention was held here to-day. John McMichael was made Permanent Chairman and T. M. Patterson, Dr. Paul, J. M. Orman and Theodore O'Donnell were chosen delegates at large to Chicago.

The report of the Committee on Resolutions was lengthy. It denounced the policy of the present administration in relation to the removal of the Ute Indians to their reservation in Utah; asked for a modification of the existing tariff laws and demands as a right the free and unlimited coinage of silver. It was resolved that the delegates to the National Convention do every endeavor to secure a free silver plank, demanding the restoration of silver and free and unlimited coinage, and it was declared as the sense of the Democrats of the State that they could have little hope of the election of Chicago nominee unless such declaration was made. Every mention of Senator David B. Hill's name was loudly applauded.

Tennessee Solid for Grover. Instructions for the Ex-President Expected at the Convention To-day.

NASHVILLE, TENN., May 25.—Delegates to the State Convention of the Democratic party to be held to-morrow are already arriving in this city. The overwhelming sentiment is that the convention will be a Cleveland convention, and will instruct the delegates selected for Cleveland, although some of the delegates and party leaders are opposed to instructions.

In the primaries held yesterday in Davidson county Nashville, Cleveland delegates were selected in most of the wards and districts, and will have a large majority in the delegation.

Nominated for Congress. L. A. STOCKWELL was nominated for Congress at Martinsville, Ind., yesterday by the People's party of the Fifth Indiana district. J. M. STONE, Republican, of Hardin county, O., was yesterday nominated on the sixty-third ballot at Kenton, for Congressman.

Clarkson Announces a Meeting. WASHINGTON, May 25.—Chairman Clarkson, of the Republican National Committee, announces that a meeting of the committee will be held at the West Hotel, Minneapolis, Saturday, June 4, at 11 A. M.

Hogan, H. J. Snively, M. J. Maloney, H. S. Stanford, W. H. Dumphy and J. H. Mundy.

NEW JERSEY FOR CLEVELAND.

The Delegates From Grover's Present Residence State Bound to Vote for the Ex-President—Ironclad Resolutions Adopted by the State Convention Yesterday.

TRENTON, N. J., May 25.—Chairman A. L. McDermott, of the State Executive Committee, this afternoon called to order the Democratic State Convention, to choose delegates at large to the Chicago Convention. Judge H. Beasley was selected Temporary Chairman. He spoke ten minutes. The mention of Cleveland's name brought the delegates to their feet, and great cheers erupted the convention. A second later the name of David B. Hill was hissed. An approval of Governor Abbot's course as Governor met with some applause.

Committees were then named and a recess was taken until 2 P. M., the Credentials Committee having a stormy session in the interim. The platforms of the national Democracy in 1884 and 1888 are reaffirmed in the resolutions; tariff reform should be pushed until the principle should be embodied in the United States Statute; the McKinley bill it denounced and the declaration made that reciprocity is a feeble step toward tariff reform, and upon it Republicans loudly claim support; the present administration is charged with reckless extravagance, jobbery and scandal; Governor Abbot's veto of the Reading lease bill is commended; State affairs are touched, and the record of Grover Cleveland as President is held up as a standard by which the Republican administration is measured, with unfavorable results to the latter. The following are the two most important planks in the platform:

Resolved, That with a full recognition of the responsibility of the Democracy of New Jersey toward the national Democracy, we name as our candidate for the Presidency the statesman who boldly took the decisive step in the way of tariff reform; and to emphasize our preference we instruct our delegates to the selection of a temporary chairman for Cleveland as long as his name is before the convention.

Resolved, That we condemn the policy of free coinage of depreciated legal tender silver, and also further purchases of silver until the National Republican Congress of 1890, and we believe that the whole matter of the use of silver as a money metal should be relegated to the future concerted action of the commercial nations.

For four delegates at large to the Chicago conference, Senator John R. McPherson, Governor Abbot, James Smith, Jr., of Essex, and Miles Ross, of Middlesex, were elected by acclamation. It is stated that of the four delegates at large, Ross, McPherson and Smith agreed to pledge their votes for Cleveland, but Governor Abbot declined on the ground that he desired to take no part in a higher role than a mere messenger.

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BRIGGS' CASE TO-DAY.

The Issue Now Fairly Joined, as Well as the Question of the

RELATIONS OF UNION SEMINARY.

A Majority Report Would Hold the School to the Compact of '70.

MOST OF THE DAY GIVEN TO MISSIONS.

PORTLAND, ORE., May 25.—This is the day in the session of the Presbyterian Assembly known as "Foreign Mission Day," but it will be more memorable as that on which resolutions were introduced looking toward the tightening or the loosening of the bonds between the Assembly and the Theological Seminary at New York. Action is deferred until a supplementary report can be presented by the standing committee on the Theological Seminary based upon all the papers relating to the case, which have been referred to that committee for the purpose of reducing the conflicting propositions to a more harmonious resolution.

One resolution declares that the Assembly insist upon the interpretation of a year ago; another proposes to submit the question at issue as to that interpretation to arbitration, while a third looks to a peaceful withdrawal of the Union Seminary from its relation to the Assembly, and the formation of a new compact.

The Briggs Hearing is Commenced. The other thing for which the day will be memorable is the commencement of the hearing of the parties in question of an appeal from the action of the Presbytery of New York, in dismissing the case against Dr. Briggs for heresy. Thus far papers have only been read. The case is to proceed to-morrow to a finish.

The statement is made by one of the most prominent men in the Assembly that he and a large number like him are in favor of remitting the case to the Synod of New York, according to the recommendations of the majority report. The man who has authorized for a statement that the Committee on Prosecution is anxious that it be sent back to the Presbytery of New York for retrial on an order of the Assembly. His words were: "That the committee presenting finds that it cannot manage this Assembly as it did the last."

There is a great deal of ill-suppressed excitement, which threatened to break forth at any moment, but the Moderator will allow it. The ruling of the Moderator that only the parties to the appeal can be heard, has cut off many speeches which would have taken days to deliver. It seems probable, with the limitations of time, that a vote will be reached early in the afternoon session to-morrow.

Covering the Missionary Field. Devotional exercises were led this morning by Dr. Roberts, of Pennsylvania. The regular order of the day was "Foreign Missions."

The report was presented by Dr. Allison, of Philadelphia. The year's work was reviewed and appropriate resolutions were introduced looking toward furtherance of the board's efforts. The principal facts are as follows: The Board of Christian Missions last year asked for \$1,000,000 and made its appropriation on the basis of \$1,000,000. The receipts amounted to over \$930,000. The board maintains 210 orphan asylums, 100 hospitals, 100 schools, and 255 licensed active workers, sustaining 384 churches with 30,497 communicants. Additions to the mission churches have aggregated 3,430; lay workers number 1,494. Schools are 20 supported, containing 29,000 pupils, with 167 candidates for the ministry. The contributions from native churches have amounted to nearly \$40,000. The missions of the board are located in 15 different countries.

The Record of the Briggs Case Distributed. During the reading of this report and subsequent speeches, attendants were busily engaged distributing an octavo volume of 372 pages, containing the "record of the case" against Dr. Briggs, prepared by the Prosecuting Committee.

Dr. Gillespie, Secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions, addressed the Assembly, referring to his recent visitation trip around the world. The Commission recommends that the board be authorized to raise \$1,000,000 for this purpose, and to have the same next year. Special attention was called to the fact that the cost of administration of this board amounts to less than 6 per cent.

Resolutions disapproving of the recent Chinese legislation by the Government were referred to a committee.

At the afternoon session the report of the Theological Seminary Committee was considered. Chairman Mutchmore read it. With reference to the Union Seminary, it stated that in view of the Detroit Assembly, the retention of Prof. Briggs in his chair must be regarded as not only a failure to comply with the expressed action of that Assembly, but also with an agreement in the compact of '70, and in view of this, the Chair of Biblical Theology is still "de jure" vacant.

The Minority For a Release of the Compact. Resolutions were also offered that the Assembly regard the maintenance of the existing compact as a failure to comply with the expressed action of the General Assembly of the character of the instruction in theological seminaries as vital to the welfare of the Presbyterian Church.

The minority report, signed by Messrs. Taylor, Baldwin, and Sherrard, was presented. It approves the report of the majority as a correct representation of the facts viewed in the light of the last Assembly's interpretation of the Compact of '70, but expresses the conviction that some relief from the present difficulties should be had. As the directors of the Union Seminary express a desire to be honorably released from the Compact of '70, the report suggests that the board be allowed to withdraw from the compact, and further, that a committee be appointed by this Assembly to confer with all the theological seminaries under its supervision touching their views of the Compact of '70 and any new compact that might be devised, and to formulate a new compact with view to happily uniting all the seminaries, the same to be submitted to the next General Assembly.

The Committee to Be Re-Formed. After some debating it was decided to reform the Committee on Theological Seminaries, and that the committee retire for consultation. After hearing the report of the Committee on Publication and Sunday School Work, the consideration of the report of the Judiciary Committee on the appeal of the Committee on Prosecution from the action on the New York Presbytery in dismissing the case of Dr. Briggs was taken up. There was a long wrangle over the matter, and a motion was finally adopted, on a vote of 100 to 90, that the case be referred to a committee of three, one from each side. A proposition that but one speaker be allowed to each side was ruled out on a point of order.

After reading the judgment, the Assembly adjourned until to-morrow, when the Prosecuting Committee and Dr. Briggs will be heard.

HARRISON MEN HUSTLING. To Hold Their Own Against the Blaine Sentiment in Ohio.

COLUMBUS, O., May 25.—[Special.]—Two Republican Congressional Conventions were held in Ohio to-day, one in Kenton, in the Eighth, where McConica, of Hancock, and Seaver, of Logan, were elected as delegates to Minneapolis. The first is a Blaine man, and the second favors Harrison for President. In the Sixteenth two Blaine delegates were elected, though Judge Taylor, of Monroe, is rather weak on the man from Maine.

and the Harrison hustlers are working with a will doing all the missionary work possible.

There is a very strong Blaine sentiment all over Ohio, and the burrah and enthusiasm are apt to carry the Harrison delegates off their feet. Blaine carried Ohio in 1884 by 31,000 majority, while Harrison got 19,000 majority only in 1888. "Fire Alarm" Foraker wants the honor of putting Blaine in nomination, which he would do in one of his pyrotechnic speeches. It is doubtful, however, if the Planned Knight would allow Foraker to have this honor. The Harrison men are now getting their fighting clothes on here, for they see the need of coming up to the scratch for their chief.

THE FARIBAUT PLAN.

Its Allowance by the Sacred Propaganda Published to the Roman Catholic Bishops of America—An Answer to Those Who Opposed Archbishop Ireland.

ROME, May 25.—The Sacred Congregation of the Holy See has addressed a letter to each of the Roman Catholic Bishops in the United States concerning the arrangement made by the Archbishop of St. Paul, regarding the two parochial schools at Faribault and Stillwater. The letter states that several prelates have become convinced that the Archbishop of St. Paul's manner of acting in the two mentioned cases of Faribault and Stillwater did not conform to precedent, and they have, therefore, not hesitated since to condemn the Archbishop's action, while others have approved it. The letter says in part: "The discussion has become embittered, and what is much to be regretted, the animated debate of the question in the public press has shown that the judgment of the Bishops does not appear to be identical and unanimous on this subject. The examination of the question has introduced several of the revered fathers of the Sacred Congregation of the Propaganda, who, after a long and careful study on April 21, 1892, have considered it their duty to give out the following decree, approved this day by the sovereign pontiff: 'While firmly maintaining the force of the decrees of the Council of Baltimore regarding parochial schools, the convention concluded by the Rev. Father John Ireland relating the school of Faribault and Stillwater, can, taking all circumstances into consideration, be allowed.'

Taking advantage of this opportunity, the reverend fathers earnestly recommended to the venerable bishops of the United States to continue as they have done hitherto, to work with one accord for the salvation of the souls entrusted to their care, and for the good of the religion that by the grace of God they have so honored in the Christian Republic.

A CHRONOLOGICAL ODDITY. The Number of Combinations Possible With the Figures of the Year 1881.

The year 1881 was a chronological oddity of the oddest kind, besides being a mathematical curiosity seldom equaled. From right to left and left to right it reads the same. Eighteen divided by 2 gives 9 as a quotient; 81 divided by 9 gives 9, if divided by 9 the quotient contains a 9, if multiplied by 9 the product contains two 9's, 1 and 8 are 9, 8 and 1 are 9. If the 18 is placed under the 81 and added the sum is 99. If the figures be added thus, 1, 8, 8, 1, it will give 18 as the result.

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CROWDING CONTESTS IN BELGIUM. Music Furnished by Roosters Entered in a Regular Competition.

Recently there was a very interesting crowding contest between roosters in Belgium. The poultry-raisers of the vicinity of Liege are such admirers of the music which their roosters furnish that they decided to hold a competition at Liege, in order to prove definitely whose rooster was the champion crowder. All the birds entered in the competition—and there was a great number—were placed in cages, one in each cage, with a trustworthy man in front of each to induce crowding. The contest lasted one hour, and the cock which crowed the greatest number of times in that period received a valuable prize.

The winner of the prize crowed 134 times, or more than twice a minute. Anyone who has seen a young rooster mount a barbed-wire fence and throw a milk pan at him will not be inclined to impeach the accuracy of this count, unless he thinks it is an understatement. It is possible that the Liege cock was embarrassed by the strange surroundings, and did not do themselves justice.

A BAR UPON THE ROOF.

The Sharp Dodge of a Montreal Man to Escape Paying a Liquor License.

Mail news from Montreal states that another novel method of selling liquor without a license will be heard in the Recorder's Court. For several months past Sergeants Gauthier and Spedding have been trying to discover how men got drunk at a private house. The place has been raided several times of late. Each time the officers had to retire discomfited. They found many men in the place, but never a drop of liquor, although the house was searched minutely.

Recently the mystery was solved. The sergeants were told to search the roof. They did so. There they found a regular bar with all kinds of liquors. By the aid of small pipes liquor was conducted from the bar, through the walls, into a certain little room, where it was let out by a small concealed tap. The police carted the liquors away, but are still wondering what will be the next dodge of liquor sellers to escape from paying the license fee.

His House Was Never Erected.

In the course of examining a witness from the backwoods recently, Solicitor Long asked "when was the house erected?" "Don't know," he replied. "Now, sir," said Mr. Long, "do you have no idea when the house was built?" The fellow brightened up and said: "Yes, I built it myself, I did, but I don't think it was ever erected—not since I been livin' there, no how."

Tiger Shooters Discarding Platforms. The Indian tiger shooters are beginning to abandon their platforms as a means of attack and platforms in trees, and hunt on foot. Prince Vokhatsinghi, who is credited with killing 200 tigers and panthers, not only goes on foot, but all alone.

8:50 P. M. SATURDAYS

Is the latest moment at which small advertisements will be received at the ALLEGHENY BRANCH OFFICE.

For insertion in the SUNDAY DISPATCH. On week days the office will remain open until 9 P. M., as usual.

TWO ROBBERS KILLED.

Vengeance Overtakes a Couple of the Florida Express Bandits.

SHOT BY DETERMINED PURSUERS.

The Third Member of the Gang Being Chased With Bloodhounds.

WRITTEN FAREWELL OF ONE DESPERADO.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., May 25.—At 3 P. M. to-day two of the gang that held up the Jacksonville, Tampa and Key West Railway last Saturday and killed Express Messenger Saunders were killed at Buffalo Bluff railroad bridge, four miles south of here, by a posse from this place, and at this writing bloodhounds and a full posse of men are after the third member of the gang.

Shortly after noon a hatless negro staggered into the Court House and said: "Come to Buffalo Bluff! Robbers!" Deputy Sheriff Dyson aroused his posse and a special train soon left with them. At 11:30 A. M. George Wurtz and T. H. Wigg, the guards placed at Buffalo Bluff bridge, saw the three men coming from the south on the railroad track. As the first passed three feet ahead of the others, the guards called "hands up!" and the first one obeyed. The second and third drew their revolvers, and the guards knew that the desperate robbers were within five feet of them.

The firing began by the robbers, and a bullet grazed Wigg. Wurtz fired his shotgun, loaded with buckshot, and Williams fell. The bullets plowed holes in the little bridge where Wurtz had leaped for his revolver. The man in advance then ran toward Wurtz. The other man ran backward and was shot in the leg by Wurtz's revolver.

Determined Men on the Trail. An engine load of young men composed the "special," and among them was Dr. Benjamin E. Morgan and Mr. Willard, of the express company. This now arrived on the scene. The big man of the robbers had taken to the swamp. They pursued him and suddenly a ball ripped through Dr. Morgan's vest. He saw the robber behind a fallen tree, and fired his shotgun, loaded with buckshot, and with a struggle Saunders' murderer had met his doom.

The bodies were laid on the bridge, and afterward brought into town on a passing freight train. In the car lay the ghastly bodies, accompanied by the guards who had shot Williams, and by Superintendent Myers, who happened at the bridge about the time of the occurrence. The big murderer's name and thoughts as he heard the guards coming, and knew that he was about to die, are interesting. Here they are, as they were written on the leg of a map as the culprit lay behind a tree:

DEAR MOTHER—The time has come when you and I shall part, and I hope you will give after me, for I have no fear. I would write more, but I have no time. Kiss the children for me, and tell them to do better than I have done, and they will live longer than I have. Farewell, mother, send this to Susan Beadgood, Arabi, Dooly county, Ga. I never expect to give up a thing, and I ask you to send me home to Arabi, Ga. So, with this, I close forever. Please send my body to Arabi, Ga.

A Desperate and Cruel-Looking Man. On him was found a piece of bacon, and on Williams an oleo clock hat taken from a fisherman last night. Williams' face is desperate and cruel-looking, and some recognize him as a flagman on the J. T. & K. W. road, "Black Diamond," porter of a J. & T. train, said he was the man who judged him Saturday morning when he came forward to the express car. He had a J. T. & K. W. pencil and 5 cents in money in his pocket. The murderer of Saunders had his face covered with gore, and his face and mouth blackened with powder. He said that being desperately wounded he shot himself in the mouth with his pistol.

By the side of the car stood the tall form of Marshal Preston, of Orlando, recalling his prediction made several days ago that the robbers would be caught by to-night. A posse with deer hounds and residents of Penial are pursuing the other men, and Superintendent Myers and a party are going on a special to their assistance. A capture is almost certain. It is expected every minute.

Buffalo Bluff and Penial are about 5 miles from here, and this city is of course in a great state of excitement.

Going After Maggie McNabb.

Detective Fitzgerald will leave this morning for Erie to bring back the child Maggie McNabb, who is alleged to have been enticed from her home here by Arden Chappel, and who was caught in Erie by the police.

THE MURDER OF NILAND.

A Wilkesburg Man on Trial for Murder at Somerset—Only One Eye Witness to the Tragedy, and His Evidence Doesn't Seem Conclusive.

SOMERSET, Pa., May 25.—[Special.]—A jury in the Niland homicide case was secured at 3 o'clock this afternoon. A ripple of amusement was created during the calling of the jury when a juror from the south of the county appeared before the chair of justice wearing a wide-rimmed straw hat and a seersucker coat. After he had been sworn and was being examined as to his qualifications to sit upon the case he suddenly exclaimed:

"I have made up my mind about this matter, and I dressed myself to stay out all summer in case I was put on this jury. The only material evidence adduced so far is that of Evinger Daugherty, on whose engine the tragedy took place. Daugherty was the only eye witness of the murder and he claims to have heard very little of the quarrel between Fuhrer and Niland which immediately preceded the shooting. Daugherty told a very straight story, but it differed in a few minor details from the story he told before the Coroner's jury. He says that Niland wanted Fuhrer to assist him in pulling down coal in the tender of his engine, and when the latter refused Niland called him an approbrious name and told him that he would not ride on his side of the engine. Fuhrer retorted that he would not advise Niland to put him off. The fatal shot was fired a moment afterward, and when the engineer turned toward the tank he saw Niland fall dead and Fuhrer putting his smoking revolver into his pocket. A number of immaterial witnesses were called and testified as to the occurrences following the murder.

The Commonwealth had almost exhausted their testimony when court adjourned this evening and it is more than likely that the evidence will all be in by noon to-morrow. The defendant will go on the stand and tell practically the same story as Engineer Daugherty told in regard to the killing of Niland.

AT LATIMER'S. CARPET Remnant Week. 1-2 YEAR'S---6 MONTHS' ACCUMULATION.

More than 9,500 YARDS of SHORT LENGTHS, ODDS and ENDS. SHORTEST PIECE 2 YARDS—LONGEST, 47 YARDS.

Price 1-2 and Less.

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS (retailed all season at 85c and 95c) AT 48c

BODY BRUSSELS and INGRAINS are offered at this week's sale on same basis.

365 Odd Yards MOQUETTE REMNANTS (regular \$1.25 quality) GO AT 65c.

LACE CURTAINS, ODD PAIRS—ODD PRICES.

\$4 PAIRS AT \$2.50.

SMYRNA RUGS. (A LIMITED QUANTITY).

\$2.50 Rugs for \$1.50.

\$4.25 Rugs for \$2.50.

\$6.00 Rugs for \$3.25.

You will buy HERE this week cheapest Remnants ever offered.

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