A GRAND NATIONAL UNION.

Gov. McKinley Throws Hot Shot Into the Democratic Fort and

ALGER MADE A GOOD ADDRESS.

The Crowd So Large That an Overflow Meeting Was Necessary.

THIRTY COLLEGES WERE REPRESENTED

ANN ARBOR, MICH., May 17.-The first guns of the campaign of 1892 were fired here to-day by Governor McKinley, Hon. John M. Thurston, General Alger, Hon. J. Sloat Fassett and other prominent Repub-lican leaders. The occasion which brought all these men together in Ann Arbor was the organization of the National League of College Republican Clubs, for which delegates were present from 30 colleges from

Maine to California. Those colleges which were represented in the convention this afternoon by from two to five delegates are as follows: Amherst College, Bates College, Maine: Boston University, Bowdoin College, Brown University, Collegiate University, Hamilton, New York; Dickinson Cotlege, Carlisle, Pa.; Indiana State University, LaFayette College, Leland Stanford University, Oberlin College, Northwestern University, Ohio State University, Ohio Wesleyan University, Peansylvania State College, Princeton College, Purdee University, Iowa State University, Syracuse, (N. Y.) University, Trinity College, Conn.; University of Nebraska, University of Vermont, University of Wisconsin, Harrand, College, and 19 of Wisconsin, Harvard College and 10 Michigan colleges.

The Convention Goes to Work,

The convention was called to order about moon by President Burke, of the University of Michigan Club. Delegates from 30 different colleges in this country were present.

A. E. Ewing, on behalf of the Republicans of the University of Michigan, welcomed the delegates. Following the address of welcome, R. P. Draper, of Albion, was chosen temporary chairman, and J. W. Noel, of Purdee University, temporary secretary. The Chairman appointed the usual committees and a recess till 2 o'clock was taken. The mention of Blaine's name in the address of welcome was the signal for an ovation.

At 2 this afternoon the convention met and perfected an organization by adopting a constitution and electing the following

President, James F. Burke, of the University of Michigan; First Vice President, J. C. Iregloam, of Leland Stanford; Secre-tary, James M. Perkins, Harvard College; Treasurer, McAlpin, Princeton.

One of the principal objects of the organ-ization of these college Republican clubs, as stated in the platform, is to counteract the general impression that college men are free traders, and to toster the development of a healthy study of political economy from a practical rather than a theoretical standpoint; to encourage young men to take a more prominent part in political work by encouraging pure methods, and place politics on a higher plane.

An Overflow Meeting Was Necessary. An overflow meeting was held at University Hall to accommodate the immense crowd of people who could not obtain an opportunity to hear Governor McKinley speak at the banquet. The Governor's made at the banquet later, was frequently interrupted with hearty applause. The banquet hall, where the main exercises of banquet hall, where the main exercises of the evening were held, was professely dec-orated, and presented a splendid scene when the long tables were occupied by the 1,000 guests for which plates had been laid. The galleries of the banquet hall were crowded, and the presence of many ladies added greatly to the beauty of the scene, and inspired the speakers to their best efforts.

efforts.

The first speaker of the evening was General Russell Alger, who responded to the sentiment, "The Republican Party on Guard." General Alger congratulated the

To Replace the Old Veterans "You have come to take the place of us, who are now in the sere and yellow. You may not realize it, but it is a fearful thing to be a young man. When you take your parch-ment and leave college you go forth to enter life's battle. Before you are many tempta-tions, which you can never know until you meet them. Young men, it will be your duty to guard the heritage of your fathers, and I hope as you go forth from college it will be with forth from college it will be with strong hearts, ready and willing to fight the fight of honesty, in political, as well as in business methods. The laws which guard the interests of this country to-day are the work of Republicans, assailed by Democrats on every possible occasion. It is the duty of every Republican to defend these laws; we are bound to guard this nation against all nations in the world. The Republican party has a mission and it will never be entirely fulfilled until such laws. tirely fulfilled until such laws are enforced as will guarantee to every man, no matter what is his color or his race, perfect equality and liberty to make use of the rights given him by the Constitution."

Cheers for Ohio's Gallant Governor. When Governor McKinley rose to speak he was greeted with applause which lasted for fully five minutes. The Governor opened his speech with a recommendation opened his speech with a recommendation of the work of the young men who had undertaken the organization. He then proceeded to give a history of the work of the Republican party and the predecessors who had outlined the policy which it now followed. The Democratic party, he declared, is a mighty force in negation, but it is weak and trifling in practical levislation. It is braye—no no practical legislation. It is brave-no, no brave; only blustering after a victory-bu brave; only blustering after a victory—bu loses all of its courage in the presence of a great national contest. It has the statesmanship of destruction, but lacks every element essential to constructive legislation. Its wast majority in the House, after five months of trial, is convicted before the American people as weak and vaccilating, as cowardly and cringing, as wanting both the capacity and the courage to carry into practical legislation what they have professed for the people and upon which they allege they won the victory in 1890. They are the party of yesterday and day before, not of to-day or to-morrow. The speaker declared that protection to American industry and American labor against all the world without is as essential and fundamental in the code of Republican principles as it ever was in that of the old White are the party of the cold without as a sessential and fundamental in the code of Republican principles as it ever was in that of the old White are the party of the cold without as the cold with the col Republican principles as it ever was in that of the old Whig party. Opposition to all these constitute the armor and arsenal of the Items of the Ite the Democratic party.

A Charge to the Young Men. J. Sloat Fassett, of New York, responded to the toast "The duty of citizenship," and after keeping his audience in laughter for about ten minutes, he finally concluded

ask that society protect him in every one of his undertakings and is not willing to give anything in return is a drone in the hive and not fit to be free. Every one of the rights and liberties which you now enjoy have been bought at the price of pain, of the blood and the lives of others. Over and against every privilege or right which we may enjoy stands the duty of protecting our reighbor in those same rights."

Hon. John M. Langston, the colored orator of Virginia, responded to the toast, "Republicanism in the South." He said he had long ago given up all hopes of using

"Republicanism in the South." He said he had long ago given up all hopes of using this priceless heritage of American citizen-ship until assistance came to him from with-out, and that being the case the question is, "Shall the American ballot live or shall it die in New Orleans, and if it does in New Orleans, shall it not die in New York?"

THEFT OR BLACKMAIL

A Prominent Chicago Lawyer on Trial for Making Way With Fully \$10,000-A Railroad Deal Alleged to Have Been Blocked by His Embezziement,

CHICAGO, May 17 .- A sensational case, in which one of the best-known young lawyers in this city and New York is charged with the embezzlement of \$10,000 in connection with a big railroad deal, was opened in court to-day. Isaac E. Adams, of the legal firm of Adams & Hamilton, was arraigned to answer to a charge brought against him by James H. Wheeler, a real estate dealer of the firm of Wheeler & Petty.

James H. Wheeler was placed on the stand and asserted that on the date named he paid Adams a check for \$10,000 as part purchase for the Pontiac, Oxford and Northern Railroad. On October 13 a contract for the purchase of the road had been made by Henry J. Godrich and signed by Isaac E. Henry J. Godrich and signed by Isaac E. Adams as attorney for the road. By the terms of this contract \$10,000 was to be paid down and \$740,000 before March 10, 1892, at which time all stocks property of the road was to be transferred to the purchasers in Pontiac, Mich. In return for the \$10,000 Adams gave a receipt, setting forth the conditions, namely, that before the contract was closed the propositions were to be submitted to the stockholders of the company in New York, and if not accepted within the time stated money was to be refunded. Said Wheeler: money was to be refunded. Said Wheeler:
About the 15th of January Mr. Gregory, one of the purchasers, went to New York to nexotiate the new bonds. He encountered some difficulty touching Mr. Adams' authority to make such a contract. I told Mr. Adams of this, and went on to New York. He was to follow me but did not. While there I saw Mr. Debevois, the President of the road, and he was astounded when I told him of the contract and the payment of \$10,000. I told Adams of this, and he said he had evidence to prove his authority. We went on to New York, and at the meeting at which Mr. Porter said Adams was not and never had been the attorney of the road with power to sign such a contract.

sign such a contract. The hearing was continued until Thursday. Mr. Wheeler's main contention will be that some time early in May he de-manded the payment of the \$10,000 and that Adams refused to return the money. On his part, Mr. Adams declares that the whole thing is a blackmailing scheme, and that the \$10,000 was forfeited by reason of

the failure of the Chicago men to pay over the \$740,000 by the 10th of March. A SPLENDID PRIZE

To Be Competed for by Young American Art Students-Money to Go Abroad to Study-A Memorial to Artist Jacob A. Lazarus.

NEW YORK, May 17 .- [Special.]-The Metropolitan Museum of Art has received a gift of \$24,000 as an endowment fund, the interest of which, about \$12,000, is to be awarded annually to the most proficient male student in a special class in painting in the art school to enable him to pursue his studies abroad.

The gift comes from Mrs. Amelia B. Lazarus and Miss Emilie Lazarus, the widow and daughter of the late Jacob Lazarus, a widely known artist, and is in the nature of a memorial. The prize is to be known as "The Jacob A. Lazarus Traveling Scholar-This is by far the most liberal prize yet offered young American artists. The famous 'tprize of Rome," of the School of

The special class to which competi-tion for the scholarship is open will be organized this summer by the trustees. A year's course of instruction will be pursued, and the most proficient and promising students will compete each spring for the prize, under conditions to be arranged by

prize, under conditions to be arranged by the trustees, the school committee and the instructor in charge.

The winner of the prize will go abroad and study for a year or more, according to circumstances, sending home his work from time to time to indicate his progress. The class will be begun next fall.

THE DOCTOR'S LOVE VALUABLE.

It Was Worth \$20,000 to Miss Carslake, Who Asks That for Its Loss.

TRENTON, May 17.-[Special.]-Papers were served to-day in a breach of promise suit against Dr. Mozart Jenkins, of this city. The plaintiff is Miss Emma Carslake, and she demands \$20,000 damages. Miss Carslake has been an invalid for four years. Her sister, Miss Anna Carslake, told a reporter that Miss Emma and the doctor had been engaged a long time, but the doctor was desirous of casting her off in favor of a Bordentown lady who, in his estimation, is more fascinating than his fiancee. The marriage, according to Miss Anna Carslake, has been deferred because of Dr. Jenkins' close application to business and his desire to build up a heavy precise.

close application to business and his desire to build up a heavy practice.

Dr. Jenkins is one of the leading physicians of Treuton, and gained considerable celebrity two years ago through his attendance upon Mrs. Delia Stewart Parnell, when a story was current that she was ill and poor and being neglected by her illustrious son, the great Irish leader, now deceased. Dr. Jenkins said to-night that it was true the papers in the breach of promise case had been served upon him, but he indignantly denied the engagement and other assertions of Miss Carslake.

NO PLACE FOR REFORMERS.

Rough Treatment of an Alaska Preacher by Whisky Smugglers.

FORT TOWNSEND, WASH., May 17 .- Dr. J. E. Connette, who has charge of Quaker mission on Douglass Island, Alaska, was inveigled from home by unknown parties and subjected to a coat of tar and feathers on April 23. This culminated from trouble between the whisky snugglers of Alaska and the missionary element, which originated in the killing of Charles H. Edwards, a school teacher, on January 10 by drunken Indians at Kake Island.

Two whisky smugglers from Juneau City appeared on the scene and disposed of a large quantity of liquor. Edwards remonstrated, and some drunken and infuriated savages killed him and his interpreter. Connette took up the case and endeavored to bring the sungalers to institute. connecte those up the case and endeavored to bring the smugglers to justice. He published an account of the trouble in Eastern papers, which displeased the liquor element on Douglas Island. For this he was treated to a coat of tar and feathers and dangerously injured. ously injured.

Pittsburg Well Represented. New York, May 17 .- The twelfth ann ual meeting of the American Water Works Association, which will last five days, was begun this morning. Among those present are George M. Riley, of Pittsburg, and W. A. Alexander, of Wilkinsburg.

with the following charge to the young men in regard to the duties of citizenship:

"It is the duty of every American citizen to become a practical working politician. You have no right to participate in the protection offered by that flag of our nation unless you are willing to pay the price. You have enjoyed the privileges of an American citizen in every direction. The man who will

JUST AS IN POLITICS

Negroes Get the Resolutions but Not the Votes of the Methodists.

BOOK CONCERN AGENTS CHOSEN.

Hunt and Eaton Retain Their Positions, but Dr. Stowe Is Beaten.

A BOMB IS PROMPTLY STAMPED OUT

OMAHA, May 17.-Bishop Bowman was presiding officer to-day in the Methodist Episcopal General Conference. Dr. Moore, of the Central Christian Advocate, wished to take up the matter of allowing the Bishops to select their residences with reference to their seniority, but the conference would not depart from the regular order, which

was the calling of committee reports. The Committee on Itinerary brought in a report recommending abolishing the fiveyear limit on the appointment of pastors. The report favored the idea of permitting the Bishops to appoint pastors every year without reference to the place to which the ministers had been assigned the year pre-

The Committee on the State of the Church brought in a report calling upon the Government, the State officials, the Methodist Episcopal Church and all good citizens "to arise in their might and abolish the indignities and outrages that are put upon the colored people and all white people who love to work for the elevation of the colored race in the Southern States."

All Vote for the Negro's Rights.

The resolution declared that the colored people were treated shamefully on the railway trains and at hotels. They are shot down like dogs, and the law of the land is trampled under foot by people who despise the colored race. The resolution was the signal for tremendous cheering. Dr. Queathy, Dr. Payne and others made vehement speeches, calling upon the Metho-dist Church to stand firmly for the rights of the colored race.

Dr. Myley advised the Conference to be moderate in the language employed. "We are not perfect ourselves, brethren, except in words," said Dr. Myley. The report was adopted by a rising vote, every delegate in the Conference rising to his feet.

The order of the day was the election of officers, and the choice of agents for the Book Concern at New York were first taken up. Dr. Myley nominated Dr. Sanford Hunt and Dr. Homer Eaton as agents for the New York Book Concern. These gentlemen have been the agents of that concern

for some years.

Mr. Fields, of Philadelphia, wanted to ask some questions. The Chairman decided he was out of order. He persisted in the demand that he should be heard on a question of privilege. A Bomb That Was Stamped Out.

He was called to order by the Chair. If he had been given the floor he would have exploded a bomb. It was a business bomb, touching the management of the New York Book Concern. Mr. Field had figures in his possession showing that the great Book Concern New York with a control of \$20. Concern at New York, with a capital of \$2,-000,000, had only made a net profit of \$40,-000 per annum during the past four years.

Mr. Field wished to ask if that was con-

sidered good business ability? Would it not be better to save some money at 6 per cent in the West, and make secure an income from it af \$120,000 per annum? Another strange fact in the business of the Book Concern, Mr. Field holds, is that while the house did a business of \$900,000 last year, the amount of money on the books and uncollected was over \$600,000. In other words, two-thirds of the business

In other words, two-thirds of the business of the year is still outstanding.

Dr. Hunt said he can explain all this matter to the satisfaction of all reasonable men if he had a hearing. A large amount of the capital of the New York Book Concern, he says, is locked up in a building that is used by other departments of the church and brings in no rent. He says that the whole capital of the concern has been the whole capital of the concern has been made from nothing by the concern, and the debt does not represent money sunk.

Hunt and Eaton Are Re-Elected The first ballot for election for the New York Book Concern resulted in the election of Eaton and Hunt with practically no

opposition.

The report of the ballot for book agents of the Cincinnati concern was then brought in by the tellers. The whole number of ballots cast was 479. It required 272 to make a choice. Dr. Earl Cranston received 405 yets, and was the collective described to the contract of the c 405 votes, and was the only man elected on the first ballot. Mr. Knox, a colored man, from Kentucky, got one vote. He with-drew from the contest. Dr. Hammond was the other colored man in the race. The second ballot was taken, and the tellers on missionary secretaries not being ready to report, the call of committee reports went

The Committee on Church Architecture recommended that the churches best suited for worship were those built all on one floor. The committee recommended that careful study be given to the best style of buildings to secure grace and practicability of the structures. They recommended that provisions be made for the kneeling of the

audience in worship.

More Room Needed for Kneeling. It provides for good light, good ventila-tion and good heating. Dr. Mealy de-clared, in presenting the report, that the people would kneel if the pews were far enough apart. Churches in these latter years are being built too much like opera

Judge Lawrence was given leave to pre-sent the following: Resolved, That the constitution of the M. E. Church can only be altered or changed by the mode authorized.

by the mode authorized.

Judge Lawrence said that there is but one way to amend or alter a constitution. Dr. Kynett, the speaker said, had said there is two ways, but this is revolutionary. Dr. Kynett's plan to have the constitution amended by representative men from the people of the Church as a legislative act is not in accordance with the constitution. The resolution was referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

The second ballot on the election of book agents for the Cincinnati Book Concern resulted in no choice.

The Colored Candidates Not In It, The result of the ballot for Missionary Secretaries was then announced. It stood as follows: Total number of votes cast, 479, as follows: Total number of votes cast, 479, of which Dr. Peck got 381; Dr. Leonard, 248; McCabe, 412; Dr. Neely, 75; Dr. Hamilton, 202; Dr. A. T. Palmer, 73; Dr. Baldwin, 13, and the rest scattering. The colored men were not "in it." Hammond, the colored candidate, got but 2 votes. Mc-Cabe, Peck and Leonard, the Secretaries for the past quadrennium, were declared to be elected. The conference then took another ballot on the second agent on the Book Concern, and adjourned without getting a result from the tellers. result from the tellers.

After conference adjourned, the teller gave it out that Dr. Curts, of Chicago, had been elected. This is not official, as the ballot will not be announced until to-morrow morning. Dr. Stowe, who is deteated, if this is true, has been agent of the Book Concern for a great many years.

A TELLER IN HIS SECOND SCRAPE. Too Fast Living Induced Him to Embe

\$10,000 From His Bank. CHICAGO, May 17 .- Richard Kyle, teller of the defunct Western Trust and Savings

Bank was indicted to-day for embezzlement, his alleged stealings being \$10,000.

Kyle came from Cincinnati, where he is said to have had similar trouble. Fast live ing is the supposed cause. The offenses here were committed some time ago, but remained undiscovered. Kyle is somewhere in the West.

A JACK THE STABBER

Terrorizes the Female Portion of Cam bridge, Mass.-Three Women Knifed and Balf a Dozen Assaulted-An Un

known Frenchman the Assailant. CAMBRIDGE, MASS., May 17 .- [Special.] Three women stabbed since Friday last, and half a dozen assaulted, is the "record against an unknown wretch who has, by his actions, completely terrorized the women in that section of Cambridgeport known as Reardon's Village. His latest victim was Mrs. Annie L.

Young, who is lying dangerously wounded at her home, at 273 Putman ave-She was stabled through the fleshy part of the leg, and so many arteries were severed that she nearly bled to death before medical assistance arrived. She was attacked on her own doorstep. The man looked like a Frenchman, she says. He made indecent proposals and her refusal nearly cost her her life, for the villain instantly drew a stiletto and stabbed at her body. The blade passed en-tirely through her leg. Her screams brought the neighbors, but her assailant had disappeared as completely as if the ground had swallowed him.

Mrs. Walsh, another young married woman, was also attacked by the same man, who, folled in his wickedness, tried to stab her as he afterward stabbed Mrs. Young. She was slightly cut in the neck. Mrs. Mc-Keugh, of Somerville, was also attacked, but her brawny muscle saved her from a like fate. She was seized by the waist and dragged a short distance toward a marsh, but broke away and put the fellow to flight. Half a dozen other women have complained of similar assaults and the same man has committed all of them. Thus far he has escaped arrest. The community is so stirred up over the outrages that it will go hard with the fellow if he is caught. Many believe the stabber to be an escaped lunatic, who, learning of the deeds of "Jack the Ripper," takes it upon himself to imi-tate the Whitechapel fiend.

MEXICO A GOOD PLACE FOR HIM.

The Detroit Embezzier, Released on a Tech nicality, Thinks It Best to Stay.

EL PASO, TEX., May 17.-Randolph Chandler, formerly cashier of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad at Detroit, who was arrested by the Mexican authorities at Juarez at the instance of the Pinkerton Detective Agency on the charge of having absconded with \$8,000, was released by order of the court to-day. He has been confined in the soldiers' barracks since last February, awaiting the hearing of

his case. The requisition papers were decided to be technically incorrect by the Mexican court, and the prisoner was ordered released. He was seen by a correspondent as he emerged from the prison a free man, but he would make no statement further than that he intended making Mexica his future. ended making Mexico his future home.

GEORGIA IS RED HOT.

The Cleveland and Hill Factions Are Fighting Hard and

BOTH SIDES ARE CONFIDENT.

CHEERS ARE EQUALLY DISTRIBUTED

Fach Favorite Gets a Good Send Off, and

So Far

ATLANTA, GA., May 17 .- Every prominent Democratic politician of Georgia is in the city to-night, and the breach between the two divisions of the party in the State is growing wider and wider. A few farseeing politicians are on the ground counseling moderation and compromise, but their warnings are unheeded in the mad rush that is being made by the Cleveland and anti-Cleveland men to control the convention. The result of the few primaries held yesterday and to-day was such as to give encouragement to the Cleveland men, but the activity of their opponents has more than counterbalanced this result, and the Cleveland faction is to-night very fearful that they may be outgeneraled by the astute politicians of the other side. Hon. Evan P. Howell, Senator Colquitt and Congressman Livingston, as the leaders of the anti-Cleveland forces, have been circulating among the delegates all day, and appear to have made considerable progress in their contest against instructions for the ex-President.

Cleveland Men Compelled to Hedge. Indeed, if outward manifestations are to be relied upon, the Cleveland men have been to-day compelled to change their programme and recede from their demand for an instructed Cleveland delegation. During the afternoon the anti-Cleveland men issued a call for a meeting to-night of such delegates
"as tavor an unpledged, uninstructed and
untrammeled delegation to the National
Convention, who shall favor measures, not
men, who will hold that the party is greater
than any man and with whom Democratic

success shall be the watchword."

Immediately after this, the Cleveland mediately after this, the Cleveland people came out with a committee call. Their circular was headed: "Uninstructed and undisguised," and named the hour for a caucus of "All delegates who are opposed to the election of Hill delegates to the Chicago Convention." The circular consider as follows: "All steinvited who favor cluded as follows: "All are invited who favor an uninstructed delegation in fact as well as in name." This seemed to indicate a radi-cal change of position, as the Cleveland men up to this time had been uncompromising in their fight for an instructed Cleveand delegation.

Will Fight to a Finish. The anti-Cleveland men made the most of this apparent weakening of their oppo-nents but Hon. Hoke Smith, of Atlanta,

"We purpose," said he, "to fight for a pro-nounced Cleveland delegation, but will probably not ask for instructions. We will elect such emphatic Cleveland men that they will not need instructions." Many of the other prominent Cleveland men state, however, that if their strength seems sufficient, a resolution will be to-mor-row introduced intstructing the delegation for Cleveland, and it is probable that the fight for instructions will be contingent en-tirely upon the outcome of the contest for

delegates at large.

In this State, where the press has always been such a power in politics, the fight has become largely a contest between newspapers. The Atlanta Constitution and the Augusta Chronicle, both of which papers have always been friendly to David B. Hill, and the average of the anti-Cleveland. are the organs of the anti-Cleveland faction, while the Atlanta Journal and the Savannah News present the Cleveland

An Editorial Gives Consolation.

Considerable excitement has been created by the following editorial which this even-ing appeared in the Atlanta Journal, the recognized leading Cleveland paper:

There is no foundation whatever for the assertion that the Cleveland men in the convention are disposed to act in a spirit of "rule or ruin." They are of course in favor of electing delegates who are favorable to Mr. Cleveland's nomination, but they do not desire that they should be bound up by instructions.

The anti-Cleveland and Hill people find great consolation in this editorial, which they claim is an evidence that the Cleve-land people have been forced to abandon their fight for an instructed Cleveland dele-The rival meetings to-night were largely

attended, and as about 160 delegates participated in the proceedings of each it could not be seen that either had an advantage from a numerical point of view. United States Senator Colquitt was the principal speaker at the anti-Cleveland meeting, and excited much supplements by his arrangement. excited much applause by his arguments for an uninstructed delegation. He said:

for an uninstructed delegation. He said:

I hope that our convention will send an uninstructed delegation to Chicago—a delegation that will help to select as a Presidental candidate a Democrate who will believe so strongly in Democracy that he will believe in relegating the Republicans out of office when he comes to making the selection of his appointees. [Applause.] We believe there are more men than one in the Democratic party who combine capability, character and honesty. [Applause.] If that be true, let us select a man who can win, It is ridiculous for men to come to us and say that we are circumscribed and that there is but one man in the United States who is available as a candidate when, as a matter of fact, the very man of whom they speak cannot possibly win. [Renewed applause. A voice—"Hurrah for Hill."] The Cleveland Crowd Enthused.

At the Cleveland meeting, Hon. H. F. Richards, editor of the Atlanta Journal, was

the principal speaker. He made a ringing speech, in which he contended that the nomination of Cleveland was the best way nomination of Cleveland was the best way to insure Democratic success. He said that while his opponents claimed there were more available men, they could never be induced to name them. One day they would fight Cleveland with one man, and Bargains in Wall Paper.

Great clearance sale of this season's fine goods.

Ww. H. ALLEN,

517 Wood street, near Fifth avenue.

Bargains in Wall Paper.

the leader of the Cleveland faction, to-night stated that the fight for a Cleveland delegation would be maintained, no matter whether instructions were demanded or not.

for one man-Grover Cleveland. [Cheers.] He praised Cleveland's courage in standing up to the professions of the party on the reform of the tariff and civil service, and attributed the Democratic which Cleveland had sown. He firmly believed, if appeal were taken to a plebiscite, the Democratic masses of Georgia, in common with those of other States of the Union, would be a unit for Cleveland. [Great applause.] He expressed the confident belief that the representatives of the victories since 1888 to the fruits of the seed

fident belief that the representatives of the people to assemble in convention to-morrow, while holding party success above that of any man, and disregarding personal considerations of any kind, would voice the choice of the people for Grover Cleveland.

The Cleveland meeting selected ex-Senator Pope Barrow as the Cleveland candidate for Chairman of the convention, and decided unanimously to present Dupont Guerry, F. H. Richardson, Fleming Dubignon and J. M. Smith as the Cleveland candidates for delegates at large. The anti-Cleveland meeting selected Hon. J. M. Robertson, ex-Railroad Commissioner, as its candidate for Chairman of the convention, but decided to hold another meeting at 10 o'clock to-morrow to select the candidates for delegates at large. dates for delegates at large.

AN ALLIANCE CONFERENCE

Held at Raleigh in Which Harmony Was a Small Factor.

RALEIGH, N. C., May 17 .- The conference of Alliance men called by President Marion Butler to meet here to-day, in advance of the State Democratic Convention to-morrow, convened this morn-It was rumored that there ing. were some stormy scenes in the conference and that a man named Laughinghouse, from Beaufort county, made a speech denouncing some of the Alliance leaders and attempts to disorganize the Democratic party. As a result the conference was forced to adjourn over till

NEW B'NAI B'RITH OFFICERS.

to-night.

The Next Meeting of the Grand Lodge to Be Held in Dayton.

CLEVELAND, May 17 .- District Grand Lodge No. 2, Order of B'Nai B'Rith, closed its session to-day after postponing for a year the question of increasing the endowment dues of all members who are over 51 years old. Dayton was chosen as the next place of meeting. Officers were elected as

Jacob Frost, of Cincinnati, President; Gabe Felsenthal, of Louisville, First Vice President: Philip W. Fry, of Evanston, Ill., Second Vice President; M. Bower, of Ill., Second Vice President; M. Bower, of Cincinnati, Treasurer; A. Abrams, of Cincinnati, Secretary; Scl Strauss, of Cincinnati, Sergeant-at-Arms; Joseph Myer, of Cincinnati, Messenger; Victor Abraham, Nathan Ducker and F. S. Spiegel, of Cincinnati; Lewis Newberger, of Indianapolis, and Peter Zucker, of Cleveland District Court; and Moses Schwab, Henry Harmann, I. Bloom and B. Frieburg, of Cincinnati, Isaac Daid of Louisville and L. Levy, of Columbus. General Committee.

THE DAY

SATURDAY, MAY 21,

SECOND PUBLIC SALE

TUE Wonderful success attending the first public sale of lots at the new town III of ALIQUIPPA, at which 110 lots were sold on a dismal, rainy day, and the great interest of the investing public in the new town which has manifested itself in an average sale of ten lots daily for the past four weeks, has induced the company to hold a second public sale at the grounds on the above date. Trains Will Leave the P. & L. E. Station at 7, 8, 12:30 and 2:55, CITY TIME. EXCURSION RATE TICKETS CAN BE SECURED AT THE STATION OR AT THE COMPANY'S OFFICE, ROOM 30, WESTINGHOUSE BUILDING.

THE RECORD OF A MONTH.

The growth of Aliquippa in the past month exceeds all precedents. Almost one-half of the property has been sold. Five big factories have located there, whose working population will insure a town of 4,000 people, and new factories coming. The lots average but \$300 apiece, affording a splendid investment. Purchasers are already holding their lots at an advance of 50 to 80 per cent, while the original prices asked by the company remain the same. Aliquippa offers a safe investment that will double or even treble present prices within a year. Aliquippa needs homes. Buy a lot at \$300; build a house for \$1,000. It will be a sure renter for \$200 a year or more. This means a \$1,300 investment paying over 15 per cent in addition to the enhancement on the value of the property. Can savings banks or building and loan associations do as well? Many choice lots are still left, but they are going every day. Your golden opportunity will be at the sale, SATURDAY, MAY 21. Don't miss it. Call at the office in the meantime for plans and information. We want you to thoroughly investigate the prospects and strength of Aliquippa before investing a dollar.

ALIQUIPPA STEEL CO., WESTINGHOUSE BUILDING.