Rooms to let advertisements

more than doubled last month!

more than doubled last month!

THREE CENTS.

RUSSIA IN NEED OF ALL IT GETS.

America Furnishing Twice as Much Relief as Anv Other Country.

MINISTER SMITH RETURNS

And Talks Interestingly of Affairs in the Czar's Dominion.

The Russians Grateful for the Money and Food Received From Americans -The Czar Shows His Appreciation-Terrible Straits of the People in Famine Districts-Every Carload of Grain Sent Where It Will Do the Most Good-Closing Down on Emigration-Mr. Smith Getting Posted on Home Politics-He Really Thought Harrison Had a Walkover Till He Heard of the Platt-Quay Combination.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) NEW YORK, May 4.-Hon. Charles Emory Smith, United States Minister to Russia, was a passenger on the Teutonic, which arrived here this afternoon, shortly after I o'clock. A number of well-known Republicans were waiting on the wharf to receive him. Mr. Smith appeared in the best of health and spirit, and answered the greetings of his friends by assuring them that he never felt better in his life. When the greetings were over he and his wife were driven to the Fifth Avenue Hotel, where they will stay until to-morrow afternoon before proceeding to his home in Philadelphia.

Mr. Smith said to a DISPATCH reporter that he had not yet sent in his resignation. and he did not feel it would be courteous to make any direct statement on the matter, until he had conferred with the President. He intimated, in an unmistakable way, however, that he had come to America to remain. In case of his resignation, he said he would immediately resume his usual vocation as editor of the Philadelphia Press, and direct its policy in the coming Presidental contest.

All Russia Grateful to America "The warm feeling that Russia has always

had toward the United States was very much deepened and strengthened by whatour people have done this year," continued Mr. Smith. "In contributing their assistance I understand there were some missivings here as to how Russia would receive our contributions of grain and money for the famine, but there was no occasion for any such misgivings. The Bussian people, from the Emperor down to the lowest serf, greeted the American aid and American sympathy with the greatest appreciation and entrugiasm. The whole country is profoundly grateful. In all my experience I never saw any ship received with greater onors that the Indiana, on her arrival at Libau from Philadelphia, bearing her cargo of grain. The cargo was loaded into 20 cars and started for Samara. Arriving there, the cars were decorated with American and Russian flags and were welcomed by the Governor of the Province. Then a grand religious procession was formed, headed by religious pictures and banners.

"I was telegraphed for as soon as the Indiana reached Libau, and, hurrying from St. Petersburg, I was met by nearly 3,000 Russians who, one by one, expressed their thanks for the generosity of the American people. All through Russia, as the contents of the cars were distributed, the transports were met on their way by the firing of guns.

America the Most Cheerful Giver. "The American contributions amounted, up to the time I came away, to nearly \$80,-000 in cash and the two cargoes of grain which had arrived on the Indiana and Missouri. I understand that another vessel, the Tynehead, left yesterday with more grain for Russia. I hoped I should be in time to see her off, especially as I had some advice I wanted to give, but I am too late. These contributions made by America amount to over twice as much as those of all the other countries of the world put to. gether. England sent \$150,000 in cash, most of which was furnished by the English Quakers, but she sent nothing else. The contributions of other countries were very much less.

"The American contributions were all distributed directly under American supervision; every carload of grain, every dollar of money was sent exactly where the Americans determined it should go. The Russian Government was glad to co-operate and render every service in the distribution, and it showed in all instances the utmost confidence in the American organization.

Presents for the Two Captains "Great receptions were given to the sailors of the Indiana and Missouri, when they arrived with their precious cargoes, and the Emperor gave handsome presents to both Captains. Captain Finley, of the Missouri, received a handsome tea service, which was presented to him in behalf of the Emperor by Count Bobrinsky. The other gift for Captain Sargent, of the Indiana, an enormous goblet of the characteristic Russian enamel ware, was not ready when the Indiana left, so the Emperor sent it to me to forward to the Captain. I intrusted it to Captain Finley, and he took it back on the Missouri with him. It will go to the State Department, which will present it to Captain Sargent from the Russian Emperor. accounts of the famine have not been exaggerated. It was a daily occurrence

to see whole families die from disease or hunger. I cannot say what percentage of provisions was delivered to each needy person, but from my inquiries I think that not much more than one-third of the supply has yet been furnished.

"The question of the Russian-Hebrew refugees and their migration to America has interested me deeply, and I have given much time and study to it. I do not believe that there will be as large a number of refugees this year as last, owing to the ac-tion taken by Germany, just before I left, closing the frontiers against them.

Closing Down on Emigration. "If natural causes were allowed to oper ate, the emigration next year would probably be larger than ever, but it is expected that Austria will follow Germany's example and close her frontier against the refugees, and that will practically shut off the egress, The reason for Germany's action was that if her territory many of them would be shipped arrested on the premises.

back on her hands, and she would have to take care of them. England will not re-ceive them, and the United States is begin-

ceive them, and the United States is beginning to be more watchful.

"The rule is that emigrants are sent back to the ports whence they embarked. Russia will not take them back again, and if Germany once lets them on her territory she finds herself saddled with them. She will allow travelers to come through the country, of course, but they have to submit to a careful examination, and prove that they have money and are not refugees. It is very probable that an evasion of some sort will be attempted to escape the consequences of Germany's action, but emigration will become a far more difficult and dangerous matter than it has been. Within the last three months, in fact, the representatives of Baron Hirsch's enterprise have begun warning the Russian Hebrews of the danger of attempting to emigrate at of the danger of attempting to emigrate at the present time. The general tendency now is to discourage and restrain those that were previously urged to leave the land."

Mr. Smith on Home Politics. Coming to home questions and politics.

Mr. Smith said: "I have read the files of American papers continuously, and have kept myself well informed as to all that is going on. My interest in home affairs is of course very large. I am naturally not in a position to judge of the political situation from the inside, because there are so many sidelights and undercurrents that only appear from personal contact. I have not pear from personal contact. I have not supposed that there was any question about Harrison's renomination at Minneapolis. That seemed a foregone conclusion. I have just been informed that Platt and Quay have formed an alliance to defeat Harrison, and they are certainly both men of a good deal of strength. I did not expect, however, that the New York delegates would be instructed for Harrison, and I do not regard the feat each had each gard the fact as a bad omen

gard the fact as a bad omen.

"I think the prospects of Republican success have very much improved within the last three months, owing to the action or non-action of the majority in the House of Representatives, to the increased impression of the sound and judicious characteristics." ter of President Harrison's administration and to what looks to an observer from abroad very much like a serious factional difference among our friends, the enemy, in New York. Three months ago it looked as if Clevelend were as dead as a dead cock in a pit, but lately he seems to have gone at it

"It is quite remarkable that in the heat of a coming campaign there should apparently be such friendly relations among the editors on all sides of the question. Mr. Whitelaw Reid's candidacy for Vice President, for instance, is spoken of in a most friendly way by papers that one would expect to have no special sympathy with the

PRITTS' STILL CAPTURED.

It Is the Largest in the Moonshine Coun try - How General Siegel Miller Re ceived the News-Pritts' Brother-in-Law Arrested as an Accessory.

SOMERSET, May 4 - [Special.] -At a late hour this afternoon Special Revenue Officer Schlosser and Chief of Police Gilbert drove into this place in a wagon with one of the largest illicit stills ever captured. The still was spotted by Gilbert three or four days ago while he was searching the mountains back of Trent for Murderer Pritts. It had been dismantled and was concealed in a clump of bushes about half a mile from

clump of bushes about half a mile from Pritts' home. Officer Schlosser says the capacity is not less than 180 gallons, and he believes it to be the largest unregistered still ever captured in the United States. "General Siegel" Miller laughed heartily when told that Pritts' still had been found. "It was the largest one in the moonshine country," he said, "and I didn't think it would ever have been found."

Jacob Sautemever. a brother-in-law of

Jacob Sautemeyer, a brother-in-law of Bill Pritts, was arrested and brought here to jail vesterday, charged with being acces-sory after the fact to the murder of Jonathan Hochstetler. Santemeyer admidss that he took Pritts to his home at Mt. Pleasant the day following the murder, and that he started West with him. He claims that when they reached Pittsburg, Pritts left the train to buy some tobacco and that he had not seen him since. Santemeyer proceeded to Chicago, where he waited for three days for his father-in-law, and when he failed to appear Santemeyer returned to Pritts' house, where he was arrested. Santemeyer's story is not credited by the authorities here, who believe he took Pritts as far west as Chicago and there set him adrift.

A MASSACRE OF INNOCENTS.

Six Hebrews Convicted of Murdering 65 Babes of Unnatural Parents.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 4.-At Vilna, today, six Hebrews, men and women, were convicted of murdering babies that had been intrusted to their charge, and were sentenced to from six to 20 years' penal servitude. In many cases the murders were committed with the connivance of the mothers of the little victims.

The first clew to this wholesale conspiracy

to murder was obtained in April, 1890, when some one discovered in a cesspool of a wretched hovel in Vilna the bodies of six small children. This led to further searches, and in the end the remains of 65 infants were found. Forty men and women were arrested, and 350 witnesses were summoned to testify against them. The dispatch from Vilna does not state whether all the prisoners were tried and only six convicted, but the supposition is that, as the evidence is so the supposition is that, as the evidence is so strong against the accused, only the six condemned were tried. The prisoners had gained the colloquial title of "angel makers," from their practice of killing children whose existence was inconvenient or distasteful to parents.

SENSATION AT NIAGARA FALLS.

The Scion of a Well-Known Family Kicked by a dotelkeeper.

NIAGARA FALLS, May 4.—[Special.]—A sensation has been caused here by Robert P. Murphy, the manager of the Hotel Porter, one of the new kotels here, kicking Clement Porter, a well-known society man and son of R. D. Porter, a wealthy citizen, one of the famous Porter family. The elder Porter owns the hotel, and his son, on a pretense of looking after his father's interests, made a general loafing place there. He was accustomed to drink heavily, and yesterday made a disgraceful scene at the hotel, using

vile and profane language.

Murphy proceeded to fire the young man, and thereupon brought down on his head the ire of the entire Porter family. He was arrested for assault, and a big trial, with a heavy array of witnesses, will be the re-

TWELVE VICTIMS OF THE FIRE.

The Remains of Three More People Found

in the Philadelphia Ruins, PHILADELPHIA, May 4.-Two more of the injured at the Pennsylvania Hospital died to-night from the effects of their burns, making 11 victims of the fire beside the owner of a burned foot found this afternoon in the dump pile taken from the ruins of the Times annex. The latest to succumb were Rand Patterson, 14 years old, and Charless Beiggs, aged 28, both of whom

were burned while escaping from the gal-lery of the Central Theater.

It is now believed that the foot found today was part of the remains of one of the homeless wanderers who frequently sought the shelter of the Times building at night. The owners had experienced much trouble from this source, and many tramps had been

ONLY SMILES

At the Delegate Bulletin Issued by Harrison's Bureau.

HOW HE SIZES IT UP SO FAR.

New York Republicans Say Elkins Is at the Bottom of the Fake.

FIGURES THAT WON'T STAND ANALYSIS

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW YORK, May 4 .- Ex-Senator Thomas G. Platt and other influential Republicans of this State were interested and amused yesterday by the bulletin sent out from Washington announcing that already 302 delegates to the Minneapolis Convention had been instructed for Harrison, and that the President's renomination was assured on the first ballot. Accompanying the announcement was a table of States which, in the words of the pronunciamento, "have, up to this time, instructed delegates to vote for the renomination of Harrison." The list of States, with the number of delegates so "instructed," making the total of 302, is as follows:

Alabama, 22; Arkansas, 16; California, 2; Florida, 8; Illinois, 6: Indiana, 30: Kansas, 8: Centucky, 26; Maryland, 4; Michigan, 4; Mississippi, 18; Missouri, 34; Nebraska, 16; New York, 26: Ohio, 6; South Carolina, 18; South Dakota, 8; Tennessee, 2; Texas, 30; Virginia, Wisconsin, 10.

Platt Says It's Very Absurd. All that Mr. Platt cared to say about the list was that the statement, so far as it concerned the alleged 26 delegates from New York State, was "absurd, and evidently had been sent out by a literary bureau in Washington . engaged in booming the President for a renomination. Not one delegate from the State of New York has been instructed, and any statement to the contrary is without a foundation," added Mr.

Other New York State Republicans familiar with the situation in Washington delared that Secretary Elkins was in charge of the Harrison bureau. The New York State Republicans do not like Secretary Elkins any more. They say he is responsi-ble for many misleading assertions concern-ing the President's chances at Minneapolis. Included in the list are some Southern States which do not mean to run an electoral ticket, on the ground that there is no possi-ble chance of the Republicans carrying the States. The delegates from these States are made up of Federal officeholders under the

Some Figures Worth Remembering. The first State on the Washington list is Alabama, which Harrison lost by 60,123;
Arkansas was lost to the President by
26,210; Florida by 12,304; Indiana he
carried by 2,348, and the President's
closest friends say that with the right kind
of Democrats in the field he would lose the

of Democrats in the field he would lose the State by 10,000. Harrison lost Kentucky by 28,606, Maryland by 6,182, Mississippi by 55,375. Missouri by 25,701, South Carolina by 5,208, Tennessee by 19,791, Texas by 146,161, Virginia by 1,539.

The experts, in dissecting the statement sent out from Washington, were thus convinced that the "instructed" delegates from Alabama, Arkansas, Florids, Kentucky, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas and Virginis, making a total of 188 out of the 302 claimed, should not be accepted as factors in determining the wishes of the Republican party at Minneapolis. Indiana should also be disregarded, say the wise New York Repubdisregarded, say the wise New York Republicans, as it is conceded that a strong Democrat could easily defeat the President in his

Out of the 302 only 84 "instructed" delegates must therefore be considered factors in determining the situation at Minneapolis. Pennsylvania is in the same boat with New York on the Harrison question, and in the faithful Buckeye State there is a sadly divided delegation.

A Table That Can Be Studied. The Electoral College this year has a membership of 444, making 323 votes necessary for election. The delegates by States

STATES.	1892,	1886	STATES.	1894.	189
Alabama	11	10	Nebraska	. 8	3
Arkansas	8	7	Nevada	. 3	. 3
California	9	8	New Hampshire	. 4	1 6
Colorado	4	3	New Jersey	. 10	- 3
Connecticut		6	New York	. 38	. 3
Delaware		3	North Carolina.	. 11	1
Florida	4	4	North Dakota	. 3	1.7
Georgia			Ohlo		2
Idaho		- 53	Oregon		2.5
Illinois	24	22	Penusylvania	32	: 3
Indiana	15	15	Rhode Island	- 4	
Iowa			South Carolina.		- 3
Kansas		10	South Dakota		- 2
Kentucky		13	Tennessee	10	
Louisiana	B	- 3	Texas	15	1
Maine			Vermont	4	2
Maryland		2	Virginia	10	1
Massachusett	4 15	14	Washington		
Michigan		13	West Virginia		115
Minnesota	9	70	Wisconsin	10	1
Mississippi		ó	Wyoming		-
Missouri	17	16		. 0	
Montana	***** 11	10	Postala		200
Montana	0	***	Totals	. 999	40

CLEVELAND INTERVIEWED.

He Thinks the Public Schools America's Best Institution. NEW YORK, May 4 .- The World to-mor-

row will print the following interview with ex-President Cleveland, relative to a national public school celebration of Columbus Day, October 12: "It is a grand idea. It is admirably con-

ceived, and very timely. I've always been a friend of the public schools. I believe they are the greatest feature of American They can't be put forward too much, I think. This movement to make the school system the center of all the local celebrations of Discovery Day ought to be pushed pretty vigorously just now; there is

He thought there might possibly be some difficulty in getting some of the municipali-ties to make the public school the dominant feature of the civic celebration of the day.
"But they ought to,,' he added. "The public school is the greatest thing they've got, and to make a chain of local celebrations all connected by the schools is a noble plan. New York City, as the metropolis of the country, should take the lead in this, by making the schools a feature of the celebra tion here. The Board of Education should see to this. Get New York to adopt the

plan, and you get the rest." INGALLS ON TOP AGAIN.

The Fiery Ex-Senator Once More the Biggest Man in Kansas-He Will Head the Delegation to Minneapolis-Another Indorsement, but No Instructions

HUTCHINSON, KAN., May 4.-The Re publican State Convention to elect delegates at large to the Minneapolis Convention and to nominate a Congressman at large will be held here to-morrow. The issues this year seem to overshadow everything in politics, and national issues are almost lost sight of in the scramble for places on the State ticket. The Republicans expect to reverse the Alliance majority of two years ago, and are so confident of success that a nomination on the State ticket is regarded by them as almost the same thing as an election. There are, therefore, but very few candidates for delegates to the Minolis Convention or for the nomination

Four delegates at large will be selected,

and there are eight candidates. Among them is John J. Ingalls, whose return to active political life will be made at this convention. Mr. Ingalls is now probably the most popular with his party of all the Kansas Republican leaders. His popularity a year ago began to ebb, the charge having been made that after his defeat for realection to the Sanuta he withdraw to his re-election to the Senate he withdrew to his tent and sulked there, not caring, so long as he had been turned down, what became of the party in Kansas.

Mr. Ingalls allowed this charge to pass machellessed for nearly a war. Finally he

Mr. Ingalls allowed this charge to pass unchallenged for nearly a year. Finally he proved it false, showing that the party managers had not asked him to participate in the campaign a year ago, and had ignored him in all their councils and plans. This showing not only restored him in the affections of the rank and file of his party, but carried him far beyond the creat of his former reportletts.

ormer popularity.

The sentiment of the delegates now on the The sentiment of the delegates now on the ground seems to be against instructing the Minneapolis delegation. The resolutions will indorse the national administration, and will make special mention of President Harrison. They will declare in favor of a protective tariff, reciprocity and honest

A SOFT CENSUS SNAP

Unearthed in Philadelphia—The Examiner Compiled His Work From His Imagination and a City Directory-He Forged

Many Signatures During His Visits, PHILADELPHIA, May 4 .- Henry Huson, 60 years old, a Census Examiner under Special Agent Thompson, who was some ime ago removed from the control of the industrial census in this city, was arrested here to-day on a warrant issued at the in-stance of Frank R. Williams, Chief Agentof the Industrial Census. Agent Williams stated this morning that the charges against the man were of a very serious nature, consisting of fraud against the United States

Government, forgery and perjury, growing out of a fraudulent performance of his duties as Census Examiner.

In substance, the accused examiner's returns were the product of his own imagination, with the city directory as the basis of his operations. He prepared a sworn list of returns, but had made no examination to base them on. As an instance of his derelic-tion, Mr. Williams gave one case where he returned the name of a man as a carpenter and builder doing a business of \$410,000 a year. The signature and address of the man were on the sheet to which the accused had affixed his own signature, besides swearing to the truth of the contents. On investigating the case the alleged carpenter and builder turned out to be a foreman in an uptown dye works, who had never been a carpenter or builder, and who declared that the signature was a forgery.

Another instance cited was similar to the

above in many points. The occupation was given as that of a carpenter and builder, and the business was rated at \$800,000. When the Washington authorities went to the address named they met the widow of the alleged builder, who said that her husband had been dead over three years, and that in his lifetime he was a college professor, not a carpenter and builder. Huston was held in \$2,000 bail for a further hearing to-mor-

A MAY SNOW STORM.

The Northwest Is Well Covered, and the Beautiful Is Still Falling.

MINNEAPOLIS, May 4. - Dispatches from various points in Minnesota, Wisconsin and the Dakotas, show that the ground is covered with white, and snow is still falling. In some places the snow is 214 inches deep on a level. The covering will help

Reports just received from Winnipeg and the Northwest Territory indicate that last week's storm in Manitoba, in which two settlers lost their lives, was quite as severe in the Northwest. The McLeod mail, which started from that town Monday, has not yet been heard from, the driver no reaching the first stopping place, 50 miles from McLeod, and it is supposed he has been lost on the prairie. Dr. Lovinghart, who left nearly two weeks ago for Knee Hill Creek, has not been heard of since, and is thought he has been lost in the storm. A party of mounted police have gone in search

HUSBAND OF 121 WOMEN.

John Andersen, the Champion Marryist, o

Trial at Last for Bigamy. CLEVELAND, O., May 4 .- [Special.]-The trial of John Andersen, the alleged Danish bigamist who has been claimed as husband by 121 women, began here to-day. The first witnesses to testify were from Elmira, N. Y., where Andersen is charged with marrying Miss Dors Dawes. She was present in the

court room and the prisoner started perceptibly when he beheld her.

The complainant against Andersen is Mrs.
Ellen Purcell, of St. Louis, who was his latest victim. He attempted to desert her here after securing her money, but was ar-rested at Albany, N. Y. The testimony elicited to-day developed the fact of his marriage to Miss Dawes at Elmira.

AFTER THE CATTLEMEN'S BLOOD.

Rustlers Think They Have Evidence That Will Launch Their Foes Into Eternity, CASPER, WYO., May 4.-Rapidly the chain of testimony is being tormed that will bring the prisoners now at Fort Russell at least under the shade of the gallows. Jones and Walker, the two trappers who witnessed the killing of Champion and Ray at the "K. C" ranch, have been here for

several days.

Recently it was developed that the stockmen had sent two men from Cheyenne to get them out of the way, either by means or by foul trickery. To-day Under Sheriff Kimball came up and took Jones and Walker to Douglas, where they will be

SENTENCED AND HANGED IN A DAY.

An Unusual Proceeding That Will Head Off a Troublesome Lawyer.

TRENTON, N. J., May 4.-Edward Hallinger, the negro wife murderer, of Jersey City, who has been sentenced to hang twice. but was saved each time through his lawyer, Charles J. Peschall, who asked for writs of habeas corpus, will, it is reported, be sen-tenced in the Hudson County Court tonorrow morning and hanged in the after-

This unusual proceeding will be taken, it is said, to prevent Lawyer Peschall from appealing the case again, as one appeal has just been set aside by the United States Supreme Court.

CARL PRETZEL DEAD.

The Famous Humorist Passes Away at His

Home in Chicago, CHICAGO, May 4 .- Charles Henry Harris (Carl Pretzel), editor of the National Weekly, died at his residence in this city to-day. He was 51 years of age.

Wyoming Rustlers Checkmated, CHEYENNE, WYO., May 4 .- Judge Ryner this morning granted a temporary injunction restraining the ranchmen in Northern Wyoming, especially in Johnson county, from making their round-ups. Marshal Joe Rankin, with a large number of deputies, will leave in the next train for the scene of the trouble.

Leads an Inquisitive Officer Into a

BUSY ANARCHISTS SURPRISED.

Liege Found to Be the Center of Revolutionary Conspiracy.

MORE THAN FORTY HOUSES RAIDED

BRUSSELS, May 4.—The police at all the industrial centers in Belgium have not in the least relaxed their vigilance in the search for Aparchists. Detectives are at

erful dynamite cartridges, and it is believed if he had not talked so freely Mons would in a short time have been startled by a series of disastrous explosions. It is expected the other four men will shortly be arrested.

Investigating a Daugling Rope. A gendarme patrolling his post on the outskirts of the city to-day noticed a rope hanging from a loft. Under ordinary circumstances no attention would have been paid to the matter, but now every incident is examined into on the supposition that it may have some connection with the Auarchists. The sight of the dangling rope led the gendarme to wonder what was going on at the upper end of it. He grasped the swinging end and found that the other end

was fast.

He tested the rope cautiously and found that it would bear his weight. He deter-mined to take a look into the loft, and climbing up and peering through an open-ing he found his vigilance rewarded. In the loft was a man printing the Anarchist paper Misery, the location of the publica-tion office of which had long been a mys-tery to the police. The gendarme entered the loft and placed the printer under ar-

rest.

The vicinity is a hotbed of socialism, and detectives have long been watching the residents thereabouts, but none of them had discovered the pigeon loft printing office. The gendarme has been highly complimented for his action. A Passerby Finds a Burning Fuse,

A dynamite cartridge, bound with stout wire, was found to-day upon a window sill of a house in Waremme, a town 13 miles west of Liege. The attention of a passerby was attracted by a thin curl of smoke he saw ascending, and upon approaching closer found that the smoke came from a burning fuse attached to the cartridge. He at once quenched the fire and notified the police.

The magistrate who is inquiring into the explosion that wrecked the residence of Count Minette, at Liege, says the bombs were charged with 25 kilograms of fordite. Fourteen kilograms more of the explosive have been stolen, and fresh outrages can be expected. The authorities had no doubt that Beaujean and La Croix, the two men who were arrested vester lay on susnicion of who were arrested vesterday on suspicion of having caused the explosion at Count Minette's residence, were guilty. A search was made of Beaujean's lodgings, and there were found concealed a number of tridges and a quantity of dynamite.

Beaulean Makes a Clean Breast of It. When Beaujean learned of this discovery he made a full confession of his guilt, and incriminated a number of other Anarchists, who were arrested today. A number of cartridges have been found in the house of a man who was arrested at Stoumont. The police declare that in their raids on the houses of the Anarchists they have discovered evidence of a most formidable conspiracy, the headquarters of which are in Liege. The conspirators, they say, are a Liege. The conspirators, they say, are a thoroughly organized body, and their aim is to terrorize the law-abiding population by means of explosions. The police say that with the information that has come to them they will be able to arrest many of the men

engaged in this plot.

A later dispatch from Liege says that La Croix, one of the Anarchists arrested to-day, has confessed that he was one of the leaders of the explosion at the residence of Count Minette. The police of Liege have to-day searched over 40 houses in which

Anarchists live.

A dispatch from Paris says: Baron Moh-renheim, the Russian Ambassador, has congratulated President Carnot upon the peace ful observance of May Day. In the course of the conversation he expressed the Czar's opinion that only a court martial can adequately deal with Anarchists. Diplomats here are mooting international action against

WON'T REMOVE DR. BRIGGS,

Although the Pressure on Union Seminary

Directors Is Immense. NEW YORK, May 4.—[Special.]—The ma-jority of the directors of Union Theological Seminary are known to be in favor of annulling the agreement of 1870, by which the seminary gave the right to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of vetoing the appointment of professors chosen by the Board of Directors. It is understood that the directors, at their last meeting, passed resolutions asking the General Assembly, which meets in Portland on May 19, to annul the agreement. None of the directors admit that such action has been taken. The majority, however, believe that the veto power granted to the General Assembly is not in accordance with the institution's charter, which places the control absolutely in the

hands of the directors.

The directors have refused to remove Dr. Briggs from his chair of Biblical Theology, in spite of the General Assembly's vote of last May, and only two directors, William A. Booth and his son, the Rev. Dr. R. R. Booth, opposed this stand of the board when the vote was taken. If the Assembly refuses to annul the agreement it is expected that the seminary will then take matters into his own hands.

THE GRANITE WORKERS' STRIKE Now Assuming Proportions That Are

More Than Threatening. Boston, May 4.-[Special.]-The strike

of the granite workers in Quincy, New Bedford and other places doubtless precipitated the meeting of the New England Association of Granite Manufacturers held at the Quincy House to-day. There was a large attendance and millions of capi-tal was represented. The main topic of discussion was the trouble between themselves and their employes, growing out of the demand for an increase of wages and shorter hours, and the manifest determination of the men to have the matter adjusted at

It was after a long discussion voted that unless the granite cutters would consent to defer the matter in dispute to January

DOORWAY OF ROPE

ads an Inquisitive Officer Into a
Secret Printing Office.

Secret Printing Office.

Secret Printing Office.

ANAPCHISTS SUPPRISED.

14. The importance of this step on the part of the granite manufacturers, not only as regards the stone workers and their employes, but also the labor market and building interests generally, is strikingly apparent. It involves between 1,500 and 2,000 granite cutters, together with a complete tie-up of millions of capital and a partial stagnation of building enterprise.

MILBANK'S ANTAGONIST

Was a Frenchman Below the English Standard of Social Distinction-That's the Reason the Name of the Clipped Bud Isn't Given.

[BY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH.] LONDON, May 4.—The story that Harry Vane Milbank's antagonist in his last due in Belgium was an English duke was a canard. It is an open secret among club men here that Milbank fought with an ob-

work among the miners

atives, and to-day at Mons a ms
creetly divulged to one of his
men, presumably a disguised Isalication
he was concerned in an Anary of the was concerned in an Anary of the police.

The prisoner, with four other men, had made arrangements to blow up the houses of MM. Raulier and Belloye, bankers at of MM. Baulier and Belloye, bankers at of MM. B onist, because the latter had no claims to be his social equal, or a man of honor, as the term is understood here. That is, the Frenchman was of birth and reputation that rendered him incapable of giving satisfac-tion to gentlemen on the field of honor.

"Now, Milbank, when in New York, was ridiculed and insulted persistently. When he returned to England, however, he ex-plained his failure to challenge any man who attacked him by saying that they used language which showed them to be beyond the pale of the gods. He said he intended to horsewhip or kick two or three of them when he returned to the United States, but, in consideration of their behavior, he would not descend to meeting them. If he was to acknowledge now that he fought with an obscure person of no standing, whom he never saw before the offense was given, he would be left without an excuse for his negligence to fight the men who practically called him out in America. "Be assured that if Milbank had fought with a man of high social standing we would all know something about it. The canard was got up by Milbank's friends, undoubtedly, to help his reputation, which has been badly damaged by his conspicuousness in the Borrowe-Drayton fiasco."

AMERICANIZED FRANCHISE

Demanded by the Episcopal Address at the Methodist Conference - Anti-Chinese Legislation Denounced-The Church on the Side of Labor-Sectarian Progress,

OMAHA, May 4.-Bishop Warren, of Denver, presided at this morning's session of the Methodist Episcopal conference. Two hours were given to the Episcopal address by Bishop Foster. The past quadanium, the report stated, has been prosperous for the church. There have been no deaths among the Bishops. Fifty thousand assignments of ministers had been made with but little dissatisfaction. Work in the foreign field had been given special care. The book concerns of the church are the largest in the world. There have been no discussions in the church, and there is more intelligence and less bigotry in the pulpit.

No man should be allowed in the chairs of theological schools, the report says, whose loyalty to Methodist doctrines is not steadfast. The Church wants no trators. The Epworth League received great praise as a mediator between the Sunday school and the church. The National University at Washington is announced as a certainty,

and liberal endowments are asked for, millions being necessary for its equipment. The woman's college in Baltimore was also commended. The Bishop continued:

The Church demands an Americanized franchise, as well as a naturalized franchise, The continuation of toreign languages and customs in this country is wrong, and we are opposed to the teaching of foreign languages in our schools. We believe that the franchise should be more guarded, and foreigners should be required to serve a longer apprenticeship to secure it. We regard the legislation in Congress, to exclude Chinese, as inhuman, and recommend that petitions to Congress be prepared by this conference as inhuman, and recommend that petitions to Congress be prepared by this conference to not pass the measure. The centralization of wealth, if it is not arrested, will be dangerous to the social and State functions. The Church must act. It cannot side with wealth; it must go with the toiling masses. Total abstinence is imperative, and complete State prohibition is urgent.

The report declares that the union of the Church North and South is drifting closer, and is not an impossibility, and the North still holds out its hand of welcome.

THEIR LAST FLOUR GONE.

Ravages of the Grip Cause a Terrible Famine in Newfoundland.

HALIFAX, N. S., May 4.-Information from the northern coast of Newfoundland depicts a wretched condition of affairs there. Owing to the ravages of the grip last year, the miserable inhabitants were unable to gather their usual catch of fish. Just before navigation closed the Government sent he people of Flower Cove 60 barrels of flour to save them from perishing during

the winter.
For five months they have been cut off From the outside world by ice. Early in February the people watched with horror the consumption of the last handful of flour. Whole families had not a crust of read. There is not a barrel of flour on the whole coast between Bonne Bay and St. Anthony. Some people have already per-ished from starvation, and at the date of last advices, March 36, a terrible condition of affairs existed.

STABBED IN 115 PLACES.

Medical Testimony Increases the Horror of the Chicago Murder,

CHICAGO, May 4.—The Coroner held an inquest in the Walsh murder to-day, and the jury recommended that Thomas Walsh, the murderer, be held to the grand jury. Dr. Ludwig Hektoen testified that Mrs. Walsh died from shock and hemorrhage tollowing 115 incised, lacerated and stab rounds the fracture of 14 ribs, the tearing of the intestines in several places and of th diaphragm and the liver, the puncture in two places of each lung and in one place of the heart. Any one of 20 of the 115 wounds would have proved fatal, he said.

THIS MORNING'S NEWS.

Minister Smith on Russia. Platt Analyzes Harrison's Figures Anarchists Still Alive in Europe...... Discussing the Burial of Wires............ Stories of Nerve in the Oil Field........ Editorial Comment and Miscellaneous The Government and the Trusts..... Pittsburg and the General Assembly..... Black Art Leads to a Tragedy...... Ohio Republican Leaders Fighting...... A Daring Scientific Feat..... Fun in the English Commons..... President Roberts on Freight Rates The Work of the County Courts......

Threatened if Dr. Cyrus Teed Carries Out His Pro-

DUSS HAS DISAPPEARED.

posed Plans.

He Makes a Sudden Departure on a Very Mysterious Mission.

ECONOMITES ARE AFRAID OF HIM.

Bill in Equity to Secure the Reinstatement of Feight.

WANTS A REASON FOR HIS EXPULSION

A rebellion that "will shake the Economite society to its very core, if not com-pletely shatter it, will be declared if Dr. Cyrus Teed arrives with his contingent of angels, to feast on the fatted calves of the Economites, as it is reported he is likely to

Such is the ultimatum, expressed in vigorous language by the members of the society who are opposed to Dr. Teed, his creed and his angels, so-called, and these dissenters seem to be in anything but a minority at that. Teed may be all right in Chicago or any other out-of-the-way place, but he cannot be in Economy.

As one very aggressive Economite expressed t, there are enough Lord High Executioners in Economy without calling upon one of the Lord's anointed to be Lord High Executioner of the Lord High Executioners.

and Teed had best remain away. Economy's serenity of expression was marred vesterday. Did it not sound sacrileyious, one might say the town was agog with excitement on account of the unwelcome report that Dr. Teed with a band of his California converts had mysteriously disappeared from Chicago and were en route to Economy where Dr. Teed's angels had been promised a home by the Board of Elders.

John Duss Mysteriously Disappears. To make matters worse, or, to give an air of veracity to the report was the fact that Economy's uncrowned king, Mr. John H. Duss, had quietly left the village upon a morning train, and had told none of his destination or his mission. Consequently the throbbing heart of the village, the people, was exercised and perturbed. After the sun went down and the people had left their daily tasks, the the people had left their daily tasks, the matter was discussed. The demure little waitresses at the excessively economical hotel slyly broached the subject and then, becoming heated over it, waxed eloquent. A crowd of a score of men congregated in a whitewashed corner and talked of the treasonable things that should be done. The dissenters talked about it. The dissenters' wives dittoed and altogether it was a rather elocutionary night.

a-rather elecutionary night.

Dr. Flight, whose ancestors helped to found the society, descentised upon it to a DISPATCH man. "The report does not surprise me in the least," said he. "When Mr. Duss left in the mysterious way he did, I have been suppressed in the mysterious way he did, I have been I thought something was up, and later on this report confirmed my theory, and I shall not be at all surprised if that impostor Teed arrives here with a number of his poor deluded converts which he most on account of their ignorance, calls his

angels. Rebellion Against Duss Threatened. "But I can assure you of one thing," continued the physician, "and that is that the people will rebel, and rebel most effectively if Duss does succeed in bringing Teed into our midst. The people are even now in a our midst. The people are even now in a state of the most intense dissatisfaction with the young upstart, and this move will arouse them to their very depths, and Duss will find his millenaium. I presume the Teed faction will be installed in the handsome hotel Duss completed a heart time are and for which he gave out. short time ago and for which he gave out the weak excuse that it had been built for the hands of the sawmill, a class of men, by the way, who have been accustomed nearly all their lives to a humble cottage or worse. At the time I heard that excuse I concluded that Duss had said the first thing that came into his head. Duss is no fool and when he does a thing he has a motive in it. That has been shown and proven times without number, and that is one of the reasons that the people have become suspicious of him. The house he built is the handsomest edifice about the village and is more suited to frivolous summer tourists than the hard working people of the mill who now board

there. The house is well adapted for the use of these poor, benighted females of the Pacific coast who have been stolen from un-developed homes by Dr. Cyrus Messiah Teed." A Change in Economite Methods, Among the people seen by THE DIS-PATCH man there was evidently some dark and unseen power tying their tongues, as it was almost impossible to induce them to allow their names to be quoted. A prom-inent member of the society, presumably under the same power, as he positively de-clined to permit his name being used, said the people were really afraid of the influ-ence of Duss, and stood in awe of his anger. "During the last several months there has been a surprising number of changes here," he said. "Men and women, fully compe tent for the tasks assigned to them, have been sent away. Sometimes a reason was given, but generally there was not. Apparently they were undesirable to the society. In reality, they knew too much of certain things, and fearful lest their tongues should find movement, they have been expelled. There is ment, they have been expelled. There is no use talking and arguing, Duss is in power and we must abide by what he says and does. But I can assure you of one thing," and the eyes of the speaker sparkled unwontedly, "and that is, that the people of the society will not stand Dr. Teed's arrival with his people

to live on our bounty." Teed Will Not Be Tolerated.

Elder Riedmiller, who succeeded the late Mr. Fisher to a seat in the council, said he had not heard of Dr. Teed's proposed dehad not heard of Dr. teed's proposed de-scent upon Economy, but could say emphat-ically that the people of the society would not tolerate either he or his people. "We do not want him here," said people. "We do not want him here," said the old German, as his gray eyes snapped excitedly. "He is not for us and we will strenuously object to his coming among us with his people. The Economites are strong enough as it is and we are not designed of heritag any such persons about desirous of having any such persons about us. Dr. Teed has been threatened with tar and feathers in Illinois and if he comes here there is no telling what the people

will do. "Have any orders been given you about clearing the new hotel, of which you have charge, for the arrival of anyone?" queried

the reporter.

"No, I have received no such order," returned Mr. Riedmiller, "and I hope I will not receive any. I object to Dr. Teed, as do a great many of the other Economites," and Mr. Riedmiller shook his hand excitedly in the air and walked away.

Teed Disappears From Chicago. The origin of the ruction-inspiring report