

TIRED OF TARIFF TALK.

Congressmen Now Make No Pretense of Listening to Each Other.

BINDING TWINE ON THE FREE LIST. And Senator Vets Talk About Sunday and the World's Fair.

ROOSEVELT'S ROAST FOR WANAMAKER

WASHINGTON, May 2.—That tariff oratory is at a discount in the House was manifested to-day when Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska, moved the passage of the free binding twine bill. Though under the rules but half an hour is permitted for debate it was only after a good deal of skirmishing that a sufficient number of members could be mustered to occupy that brief space of time. The Democrats were not enthusiastic and the Republicans were apathetic.

No interest was taken in the vote, and only 47 Republicans responded to their names, and of these three voted in favor of the bill. One hundred and eighty-three Democrats responded, three of whom voted against it. But beneath this apparent indifference there was a strong undercurrent, because with the binding twine bill out of the way, the anti-option bill has precedence on the calendar over all other revenue measures.

There was the first time this session an air of weariness apparent. The warm weather was beginning to make itself felt, and the chronic objectors seemed to be inoculated with the bacillus of lassitude, and many of them were permitted to go through which would ordinarily give rise to serious opposition, if not protracted debate.

The Free Binding Twine Bill Passed. The rules were suspended and a number of minor or local bills were passed, after which Mr. Bryan moved to suspend the rules and pass the free binding twine bill.

Mr. Burrows inquired whether it was the gentleman's intention to pass the bill in this way, without having had notice to the minority of that intention.

Mr. Bryan replied that it was his intention to pass the bill.

Mr. Burrows demanded a second, and objected to Mr. Bryan's request that a second be considered as ordered.

Messrs. Burrows and Bryan were appointed tellers, but no Republican passed between them, nor on. After a brief debate, however, the Democrats managed to muster a quorum and the second was ordered. After a brief debate the House suspended the rule and passed the bill, yeas 185, nays 75.

Three Republicans for the Bill. Mr. Covert, of New York, Mr. Coburn, of Wisconsin, and Mr. Cadmus, of New Jersey (Democrats), voted in the negative, and Messrs. Broderick, of Kansas, and Pickler and Jolley, of South Dakota (Republicans), in the affirmative.

On motion of Mr. Blount, of Georgia, the rules were suspended and the bill was passed appropriating \$150,000 to enable the President to fulfill the stipulations contained in the treaty between the United States and Great Britain, signed February 28, and April 18, 1892, in regard to tribunals of arbitration at Paris. There was neither opposition, nor discussion of the measure.

The House then went into committee of the whole on the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill, but without action upon it in the committee room and the House adjourned.

The Senate and Sunday Closing. Numerous petitions were presented in the Senate to-day against legislation for the closing of the World's Fair on Sunday. Also, one from a Methodist church in New Hampshire, arguing that the proposed further adverse legislation against the Chinese. In presenting a petition for legislation for the closing of the World's Fair on Sunday Mr. Vest described it as "a machine petition, and he was, in fact, a machine."

He said that he was a member, and was addressed to the two Ohio Senators, and it contained a remarkable resolution, pledging the signers to refuse, henceforth, to support for any office or position, of trust, any Senator or member who should vote for further aid of any kind for the World's Fair except on the conditions named in the memorial.

Whatever might be his vote, Mr. Vest said, on the question, he should certainly pay no attention to that sort of resolution. As to closing the World's Fair on the Sabbath, that question was before the committee of the whole, and he was, he said, being considered very carefully. A much more serious question, however, was as to the expenditures that had already been made in the Exposition, and he hoped that the committee would investigate the question to see whether that expenditure was necessary and how it was expended.

A Regular 1-Told-You-So. Mr. Vest had expressed the opinion, when the bill was first presented in the Senate, that after an expenditure of \$5,000,000 the city of Chicago would come to Congress and say that it was necessary for the honor of the entire country that the Exposition should be worked by the people of the United States. The result, he was sorry to say, had proved that he was correct in his anticipation. His vote on the subject should be governed not by the question whether the Exposition was to be closed on the Sabbath day, nor by the question what was to be sold on the grounds, but whether the honor of the country was involved in the reckless expenditure of money which he believed, taken place.

The calendar was then taken up and after an executive session the Senate adjourned.

ROOSEVELT'S LITTLE ROAST.

It is on Time, and Mr. Wanamaker Gets the Full Benefit of It—He Is Certain the Baltimore Postoffice Employs Are Gullible.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The House committee on Civil Service Reform to-day resumed its investigation into the conduct of certain officers of the civil service in Baltimore. Secretary Foster was the first witness. He had heard of the charges made by Commissioner Roosevelt against two men connected with the customs service in Baltimore and collecting money for political purposes, and he had been reprimanded by the Collector, and he was inclined to think the punishment sufficient, but finally said he should very much doubt if it was consistent with the good of the public service to keep such men in office, but he should want to know all the facts in the case before taking action.

Commissioner Roosevelt was next examined. He said he had made an examination of the witnesses, and he was absolutely impossible to upset his conclusions, for they were based on the confessions of the accused persons, made at the very time the events took place.

Wanamaker's Own Words Quoted. Hearing on the statement of the Postmaster General, that it is the duty of the commission to make any report to the head of a department, Mr. Roosevelt produced two letters from Mr. Wanamaker examining the commission and report to him. Mr. Roosevelt quoted from the testimony of Mr. Wanamaker when, in speaking of the accused men, he said: "When they declare to the post office inspectors that they have not made such statements, and they do that under oath, you are bound to take their statements."

"It seems to me," said Mr. Roosevelt, "that if in a private business of large size an investigator into one of its branches should disclose that 21 men were cheating, the men being caught red-handed and confessing their guilt, it would be very unwise to accept the oaths of these same men, six months later, when they were innocent and had lied when they made their confessions."

As to the implications in the statement of Mr. Wanamaker that the accused parties were not fairly reported, Mr. Roosevelt said it seemed hardly necessary to meet such an accusation as this, and insisted that the stenographer's report was the only proper record of what the men said.

Mr. Roosevelt's Little Roast. Mr. Roosevelt concluded his statement by saying: "The amount of it is that all of these men are plainly guilty upon their own confession; that they have made this confession in terms which it is impossible to misunderstand and equally impossible to retract; that nothing they have said since or can say in any way explains away this confession, and that their subsequent conduct, as implied in the report of the postoffice inspectors, shows a deliberate and unrepentant failure to retract their confession, after reading the evidence, and if these men are not guilty, then it is absolutely impossible for them to have been guilty under the civil service law; and if they have not deserved punishment, then it is impossible for them to have been guilty under the law which will derive punishment from this confession, and I do not believe that it is necessary to consider whether the law is or is not wise. It is on the statute book, and I am appointed to see that it is enforced, and I have simply done my plain duty in pointing out its violation and in recommending the punishment of the wrong doers."

The Law Must Be Obeied. Important Decisions Rendered by the Interstate Commerce Commission. WASHINGTON, May 2.—The Interstate Commerce Commission to-day, in an opinion rendered by Commissioner McMillen, announced its decision in the cases brought by the Anthony Salt Company and other Kansas salt manufacturers against the Missouri Pacific, Union Pacific, Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific, Atchison Topeka and Santa Fe, St. Louis and San Francisco, Chicago, Santa Fe and California, and Gulf Colorado and Santa Fe Railway companies, on complaints of relatively unreasonable and discriminating rates on salt from Kansas fields to various points, as compared with rates to the same points from the fields of Michigan. It is held that any advantage which inures to Michigan salt manufacturers from rates to points in Iowa, Illinois, Missouri and Nebraska is an advantage arising from natural situation, and that the low rates to Missouri river points is influenced by conditions which are beyond the defendants' control and existed before Kansas salt was discovered. As to these rates the complaints are dismissed without prejudice.

It is held further that rates on salt to points south and southwest of Hutchinson, Kansas and St. Louis, do constitute undue preference in favor of Michigan, as against Kansas salt, and that they should be readjusted by the Santa Fe system, so that while observing the law as to the long and short haul, the advantage of distance between the Kansas salt field shall be given to them in a territory supplied by lines which lie as near or nearer to Hutchinson than St. Louis.

Russell Harrison's Deep Water Scheme. WASHINGTON, May 2.—Charles E. Gibson was examined to-day, by the House committee on Public Lands investigating the Yellowstone Park lease, regarding forfeiture of leases. He came to Washington, he said, in connection with the leases, and he was called by the committee, Attorney General Shields, about the time he had been introduced to Russell Harrison, and after Mr. Harrison had left the room, General Shields told him that Harrison called to see him concerning a deep-water harbor in Texas.

American Silver for Americans. WASHINGTON, May 2.—A bill was introduced in the Senate, today, entitled a "bill for the protection of the silver-mining industry." It provides that the Secretary of the Treasury, in the purchase of silver under the provisions of the act of 1890, shall purchase such silver bullion only as is produced in the United States, or from ores smelted within the United States.

Another Italian Matter to Settle. WASHINGTON, May 2.—Senator Mendenhall to-day introduced a joint resolution requesting the President to take amicable measures to obtain from the Italian Government a suitable indemnity for the injuries inflicted by the authorities of Italy upon citizens of the United States, who, while on a visit to Italy, were imprisoned and afterward compelled to serve in the Italian army.

McDONALD DECLINES.

Its Production Drops Lower Than It Has Ever Been Before.

THE WELLS WHICH ARE NOW DUE. An Important Test Well in Advance Due on the Cabbage Farm.

NO NEW WELLS AT SISTERSVILLE

There were few new wells developed in the McDonald field yesterday, and those that did make the test were very light. In consequence the production fell off 1,000 barrels, or to 29,000, which is lower than it has been since it passed that point early last fall on the upward course. There is no doubt but that the field is rapidly declining, and it will be only a question of a few months when its output rests down among the hundreds.

Woodward at one time had a daily output of more than 15,000 barrels, but within a few weeks it dropped from 18,000 to less than 1,800 barrels a day. The same thing is expected at McDonald as soon as the new wells cease to come in, and the old ones cannot be sagitated.

Greene's No. 3 on the National Coal Company's property, reached the Gordon salt yesterday, and is good for 100 barrels a day from that stratum.

The same parties' No. 2 on the McMurray lot was on top of the fifth sand at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. It was drilled into the pay streak some time this morning.

Lynch, Buchheit & Co's well, on the Meise farm, located one mile and a half due south of Willow Grove, was drilled deeper into the Gordon sand yesterday, and increased to 20 barrels a day.

An Important Advance Well. The Devonian Oil Company's well, on the Cabbage farm, located almost two miles west of south from the Meise well, is due to get the fifth sand this week. It should be in the Gordon sand to-day or to-morrow, and the fifth should be tapped by Friday or Saturday.

This is an important well, as it is in advance of everything in that part of the field, and it is expected to open up something in the Gordon sand.

The Royal Gas Company has been compelled to shut its No. 4 on the Sauter farm, near McDonald, and its No. 5 on the McDonald heirs' farm. The same company is drilling the No. 6 on the Sauter farm, and the No. 7 on the Harper farm around Vienna.

The wells which they are drilling around Vienna for the Annesco-Coke Co. No. 2 on the Annesco-Coke farm, located south of Willow Grove, is down 1,500 feet.

The Royal Oil Company's test well on the Devine farm, and the Philadelphia Company's well on the Spear farm, both located on the Sauter farm, are expected to get into the fifth sand to-morrow or Thursday.

The Royal Oil Company's No. 4 on the Campbell farm is down about 800 feet.

Should Get the Fifth This Week. The Forest Oil Company's test well on the Greig farm, located south and west of the pump station at Greig station on the Panhandle Railroad, is in the Gordon sand and filled up with oil. It should be in the fifth sand by Thursday. They have had a streak of four barrels in this well, and expect to get it in before next week.

Benning, Guffey & Co's No. 4 on the Matthews heirs' farm, located about a mile up the hollow from the old Matthews No. 1, was in the fifth sand yesterday and will be in the fifth by Thursday.

The Okladka Oil Company's Nos. 2, 3 and 5 on the Gormley farm, located south and west of the Wetmore pool, are expected to get into the fifth sand to-morrow or Thursday.

The Royal Oil Company's No. 4 on the Campbell farm is down about 800 feet.

The Little Oil Company's well on the Little lot, north of No-tel-stown, was reported yesterday to have been drilled to the fifth sand, and is expected to be in the fifth sand to-morrow.

Two wells were dropped from the list of those to be drilled in the McDonald field yesterday. They were the Forest Oil Company's No. 1, and the Royal Oil Company's No. 1.

SISTERSVILLE.—There were no new wells drilled in this place Saturday or Sunday, and no developments are expected before the end of the week.

The McDonald tanks. The following estimates were submitted by the owners of the Southwestern Pennsylvania Pipe Line Company:

The production of the field was 22,000, 1,000 less than the day before. The hourly gauges were as follows: Matthews' No. 2, 300; Devonian Oil Company's No. 2, 3 and 5, 1,000; Forest Oil Company's No. 1, 1,000; Greig's No. 4, 1,000; Lynch & Co's No. 1, Meise, 300; production, 22,000. Stock in field, 37,000.

The rules of the Southwestern Pennsylvania Pipe Line Company from McDonald Friday night to Monday morning were as follows: Matthews' No. 2, 300; Devonian Oil Company's No. 2, 3 and 5, 1,000; Forest Oil Company's No. 1, 1,000; Greig's No. 4, 1,000; Lynch & Co's No. 1, Meise, 300; production, 22,000. Stock in field, 37,000.

Trading aggregated about 15,000 barrels. Clearances were heavy. The market was steady, closing strong on bullish news from Sistersville and McDonald. The June option opened at 38 1/2, highest 38 3/4, lowest 37 1/2, closed 38 1/2. Hedged wheat unchanged. Average runs, 79.89; daily average 57 1/2, closed 57 1/2.

NATIONAL TRANSIT.—National Transit certificates opened at 38 1/2; highest 38 3/4, lowest 38 1/2, closed 38 1/2. Sales, 33,000 bbls. Clearances, 60,000 bbls. Shipments April 30, 72,810 bbls. run; April 30, 125,700 bbls. shipments; May 1, 15,912 bbls. run; May 1, 16,741 bbls.

New York, May 2.—Petroleum opened firm for June option, trading in which commenced to-day, and the price, after declining 3/4, declined 1/4, and then advanced 1/4, and remained so until the close. Pennsylvania oil—Standard, 1 1/4; June option opening at 58 1/2; highest, 58 1/2; lowest, 57 1/2; closing, 58 1/4. Lima oil—No sales. Total sales, 10,000 bbls.

LATEST NOVELTIES FROM PARIS AND NEW YORK in ladies' and children's hats, bonnets and toques. MRS. E. DREYER, 64 Penn av.

Boys' coats you get 25 cents a bottle. It costs any reaches, bedbugs, etc., that come near their lives. Try it.

The Home's. Policies provide against forfeiture during the latter period of the contract. T. S. 331 Wood street, Pittsburg, Pa.

Baseball. Two games to-day for one admission. Games call at 5 and 4.

REAL ESTATE SAVINGS BANK, LHM. 461 Smith-street, Cor. Fourth Avenue. Capital, \$100,000. Surplus, \$75,000. Deposits of 5c and upward received and interest allowed at a per cent.

MANY FARMS ILLEGALLY SOLD.

A New Tangle for the Careless North D. Legislature to Unravel.

JAMESTON, N. D., May 2.—The startling assertion is made that the last sale of school lands in the counties of Cass, Grand, Forks, Towner, and Wells, Pembina and Richland, aggregating 68,000 acres, was directly contrary to the State constitution. It is probable the purchasers will refuse to make further payment, and demand the return of the money already paid.

The necessity for Legislative relief has been suggested to certain leading officials of the legislature by the extra session of the Legislature, now being urged for the ostensible purpose of arranging for the electoral vote and the World's Fair appropriation.

EITHER A BOMB OR A JOKE

The Police Director of Cleveland Finds a Suspicious Gas Pipe on His Desk. CLEVELAND, May 2.—A suspicious piece of gas pipe, six inches in length, from which protruded the charred end of a fuse, was found under the office desk of Colonel Gibbons, the Police Director, in City Hall this morning.

It was handled with care by an officer, and on investigation was found to contain a whitish colored powder. Whether it was an attempt to blow up the Colonel or only a practical joke can only be determined by further investigation.

Do You Know That during rebuilding you can buy the finest harness and saddles at prices you have been paying for the cheapest? Now we will advise you that it is at No. 428 Wood street, where Harry D. Squires is fitting up the finest saddlery establishment in this section. During rebuilding he will sell what you need at prices which you will think he cannot stand, but he knows how and where to buy his stock, and we do say he makes the finest hand-made harness in the city. Livery men and large buyers will be much pleased if they give Harry D. Squires a call at No. 428 Wood street.

Better Than a 81 Bottle of Hood Purifier. Dr. W. H. Evans, the leading druggist of Santor, Fla., says: "I always feel safe in recommending St. Patrick's Pills. I sell more of them than any other pills I carry in stock." There are none better, and one dose of them will often do more good than a dozen of any other blood purifier in the market. For sale by druggists. TRSU

Boys All Wear Suits \$2 50. In all colors, shapes and styles, also to 14. Put a guess on the snail, watch at Satter & Co's, corner Smithfield and Diamond streets.

Oil Well Supplies. HAYS & INNES, Contractors. We make a specialty of building NATURAL GAS LINES AND WATER MAINS. Room 410 Hamilton Building, PITTSBURGH, PA. Correspondence solicited. Telephone, 21. M33-46-778

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After 19 Years of Trial, ELAINE, THE FAMILY SAFEGUARD OIL, is conceded to be the Best and Safest Oil Known.

ELAINE NEVER VARIES IN QUALITY. Cannot be Exploded. It is the very highest grade of refined petroleum, from which, in the process of manufacture, every impurity has been eliminated.

Elaine is free from benzine and paraffine; it will never chill in the coldest temperature known on this continent. In color, Elaine is as pure as water, and its "fire test" is so high as to make it as absolutely safe as any illuminant known.

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WHY IS THE W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY? Because it is made of the best calf, stylish and easy, and because we make more shoes of this grade than any other manufacturer. It equals hand made shoes which cost from \$8.00 to \$12.00.

\$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for \$5.00; equals French made shoes which cost from \$8.00 to \$12.00.

\$4.00 Hand-sewed Welt Shoe, equals French made shoes which cost from \$8.00 to \$12.00.

\$3.50 Police Shoes; Farmers, Railroad Men and Letter Carriers' wear them; fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, heavy three soles, extra long. One pair will wear a year.

\$2.50 fine calf, no better shoe ever offered at this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

\$2.25 and \$2.00 Workmen's shoes, lumpy and serviceable. Those who have given them a trial will wear no other make.

Boys' \$2.00 and \$1.75 school shoes are made by the boys everywhere; they sell on their merits, as do the increasing sales show.

Ladies' Dongola, very stylish equals French made shoes which cost from \$8.00 to \$12.00.

Caution.—See that W. L. Douglas name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.

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Good Until Used.

That's the history of the worthless locks with small keys that some people confuse with the "YALE." The genuine "YALE" lock, like genuine love, laughs at locksmiths, and stands the world over for the greatest convenience, the greatest strength, and the greatest security.

Be sure you get the genuine, by being sure that the word "YALE" is stamped on every Key. Sold wherever locks sell.

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