RIVER NEWS AND NOTES.

the Movements of Boats.

CEPTOTAL TELEGRAMS TO THE DISPATOR.

What the Upper Gauges Show.

ALLEGHERY JUNCTION-River 6 feet 10 inc

The News From Below.

Picked Up Along the Levees

THE river registers 9 feet and stationary.

THE B. D. Wood is having a new shaft put in.

THE Courier went out yesferday for Parkers

THE Frank Gilmore arrived at Cincinnati veste

THE Germania is the Morgantown packet due

THE Adam Jacobs went out yesterday for Mor-

THE Keystone State is the regular Cincinnati

THE Nellie Walton went out for Louisville yesterday with 14 barges.

THE Venice will begin her regular trips between here and McKees Bocks Monday.

THE Congo went out yesterday with a good list of passengers. Among them were Judge Charles E. Hogg.

CAPTAIN HARRY GOULD left for Cincinnati last tight to purchase a towboat for the excursion boat. M. Gusky.

THE J. M. Gusky has been repainted and a new dancing floor is being put in preparatory to enter-ing the excursion business.

THE following letters are at Arnold's boat store for rivermen: Hod Mauck, H. R. Holmes, George Dawson, Lomon Sextony. Jim Lyous, Charles Mangue, W. T. Campbell, Charles Brothers.

SATURDAY IN THE CITIES.

SCARLET fever is prevalent in Lawrence

THE Thirty-third street U. P. congrego

tion will occupy its new building to-day. BELLEVUE Councils have given the Pleas-

ant Valley permission to lay tracks in th

THE Journeymen Horseshoers' Local

Union No. 9 will give a reception and dance in the Auditorium on Friday evening. The Fourth M. P. Church, Park avenue,

will hold a business man's jubilee and bazaar in Orphew's Hall, Luna streeton June

A FINE setter dog was run over by a car at

Fourteenth and Carson streets, Southwide, last night and seriously injured. Officer

THOMAS BOYD, 83 years old, of No. 34 Man

hattan street, fell to the sidewalk yesterday from exhaustion. He has been an employe of Allegheny City for 30 years.

TEN carloads of immigrants arrived in Pittsburg over the B. & O. road yesterday. There were 600 in the party, and all but 109 remained here. The bulk of them were Italians.

REV. H. W. DAVIS, of Charleston, Ill., the

official lecturer of the Associated Keeley Bi-Chloride of Gold Clubs, will lecture in the Smithfield M. E. Church on Thursday

THE Salvation Army was out last night a

Twenty-first and Carson streets, Southside, and drew a big crowd. It was something new in that vicinity, and consequently was quite a drawing card.

THE stockholders of the Pittsburg Gas

Engine and Manufacturing Company held a

meeting yesterday afternoon for the purpose of increasing the capital stock of the company to \$250,000. The company is a new organization formed to manufacture gas engines and petroleum engines.

The graduating class of the Pittsburg

Female College consisted of the following young ladies: Mary Bracken, Clara Clark, Ellanor Carhart, Flora Dunlap, Laura Graff, Laura Hughes, Minnie Ludwick, Emma Luty, Adah Manchester, Neilie Menges, Carrie Powellson, Laura Secrist, Helen Smith, Laura Taggart, Clara Voegtly, Gertrude Cummins.

PURSUED BY THE LAW.

John Yerzwan was remanded to jail last

STANI KURAPSKI was held in \$500 bail fast

night before Alderman Succop for assault

PATRICK O'BRIEN was found in the kitchen

of a hotel near the Union depot last evening, and was locked up.

WILLIAM THOMAS, a one-armed colored

man, was sent to the workhouse yesterday for 60 days on suspicion of robbing drunken

MRS. RICHARD HARTJE, of 43 Liberty street,

Allegheny, had her pocket picked of \$15 at Union Station yesterday as she alighted from a train.

M. H. Lucas, colored, was held in \$500 ball

yesterday before Alderman McKenna on the charge of larceny, preferred by Max Liden-man, of 42 Wylie avenue.

Where from

New York ..

Notes of the Amateurs.

THE East End Gyms had a practice game yester day. The grounds are getting in good shape.

Wyoming

night in default of \$300 bail for assault and battery.

For Western Parnsylva

nia, West Virginia and Ohio:

Generally Fair, Followed by

ern Ohio; Warmer, Varia-

ble Winds, Becoming South-

Light Local Showers in West-

By the Ton Being Dumped Into the Congressional Record Daily.

NONSENSE RUNNING RIOT

While One Political Party Keeps Even With Its Opponents.

THE EMPTINESS OF THE TREASURY

And Some Peculiar Schemes Worked to Avoid Paying Debts.

A CABINET OFFICER BIG AS CONGRESS

[SPECIAL TELEGRAPHIC LETTER.]

BUREAU OF THE DISPATOR, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 16. The Congressional Record of this morning was a sight to delight the eyes of those members who are violently opposed to any curtailment of the privilege of "extending" remarks in that most extraordinary daily newspaper of the world. The Republicans were true to their threat, made on Thursday, that if the chapters of Henry George's free trade work, "Protection and Free Trade," were not expunged, they would print in the Record whole books in favor of

The Record of this morning accordingly came out containing the entire contents of a pamphlet issued by the Protective Tariff League entitled "From Plymouth Rock to McKinley," making 13 closely printed pages. Another protection effusion was made up of extracts from the New York Tribune in answer to a letter of Roswell G. Horr, and on the free trade side there appeared the three concluding chapters of Henry George's book which had not before been printed. Each of these innovations was attached to a speech supposed to have been delivered about two weeks ago, and which the speakers, Milliken, of Maine, Dolliver, of Iowa, and Simpson, of Kansas, had the privilege of extending.

Only One Result Possible. Ot course, an abuse of the Record in this manner can have but one result. It was egun by young members, who claimed they could not get recognition for the speeches they desired to make. It will be continued by old members, who can get all the time they want, for the purpose of bringing about a reform of the expensive abuse of leading up the Record with speeches that were never made, epic poems which could secure publication in no other way, and whole volumes containing opinions in sympathy with those of members who have not the brains to originate those opinions or the gift to put them into words.

"Protection and Free Trade" is now cor pleted by serial publication, and with From Plymouth Rock to McKinley" com plete in one issue, the opposing works will be sent at the cost of the Government in franked wrappers, to hundreds of thousands of voters during the campaign. Chesp Political Education.

National committees can have them set up and stereotyped and so printed at trifling cost, wrapped by Government employes, and franked to swindle the mails, and whole tons of the matter distributed at a trifling wrapping and postage were not paid for by

Just what grotesque tricks will yet be played no one can tell. Each morning the Record will be scanned eagerly for scientific, philosophical, economical, social, poetic and dramatic publications, and it would not be at all surprising if young novelists, daughters of members, possibly, devoted to the very latest erratic styles, were to succeed in having their works, rejected elsewhere, immortalized in the Record. Already one very radical member, who is opposed to any extension of the remarks in the form of matter spoken, threatens to publish complete in one issue Tolstoi's "Kreutzer

It hardly seems possible that the impetus given to this abuse of the Record can resuit in anything else than a prohibition of all matter not spoken on the floor. The pity is that all matter except the official record of finished business cannot be ex-

The remark of Senator Hoar a day or two ago, that the United States Treasury is now bankrupt, is, as the Senator hastened to explain, not to be taken in a literal sense. He merely meant that it was to all intents and purposes bankrupt, when it wighheld the payment of honest claims in an unwarranted manner. Just what claims the Senator referred to I do not know, but it is a fact well known here, though no special ex-position of it has been made, that for two ears past a desperate effort has been mad by treasury officials to avoid paying out any money except that which was unavoid-

This has extended to matters so trivial as to be astounding. In making up his esti-mates for expenses of the many and various bureaus that are controlled by the depart ment for the next fiscal year the Secretary refused to recommend an increase of force in many instances where such increase was absolutely necessary for the proper transaction of business simply because he was determined that no increase of expenses should be made. In the bureau where the tobacco rebates and sugar bounties must be settled the clerks have been overworked in the most scandalous manner that the small sum necessary to pay for additional clerks might not go with other things to con-tribute to a possible deficit in the Treasury. Honest Claims That Are Not Paid.

Add to this the delay of work upon public structures, the influences brought to bear upon Republicans in Congress to subscribe to and assist the petty sixpenny policy of the majority in the House, and the honest claims adjudicated and undisputed, lying in the Treasury unsettled, apon one pretext or another, and one gets a mint idea of the desperate condition of the finances, the necessarily deceptive character of the statements of the condition of the Treasury, and the niggardly policy of public expenditure rendered imperative to avoid a new issue of bonds to meet the expenses of

government.
Probably the extraordinary shifts to avoid payments of claims which have been passed upon and which have reached the Treasury Department for payment may best be illustrated by a brief outline of the curious history of the claim of ex-Governor Rodman B. Price, of New Jersey. In 1849, he having been a purser in the navy for nearly ten years, Mr. Price was ordered to San Francisco. In August of that year he was detached from the navy and turned his accounts and money to his successor.

Out of Pocket Many Thousands. In addition to the money of the Government he turned over a large sum, about \$75,000, of his private funds, to meet payments which it was necessary to make at once, and for which there were not funds His successor defaulted in his office, left his papers in confusion, and no record could be found there of a large portion of the

While returning to Washington on the steamer Orline St. John, the vessel was burned in the Alabama river, and most of Price's vouchers destroyed. On account of the malteasance of his successor at San Francisco the duplicates of the youchers and the record of the loan of private funds could not be supplied.

Mr. Price made the best possible state-ment of his case, and put in a claim for the 270,000 paid to his successor. At the Navy Department it was decided the appointment of this successor was illegal, a protext which was an illustration of what seems to be the was an illustration of what seems to be the policy of the Government, never to allow a claim if it can be avoided. Finally it was decided that the appointment was legal, but the Government then ignored the claim in regard to the transfer of private funds, and brought suit in 1857, in the United States District Court of New Jersey, to compel Price to pay all moneys for whose payment or transfer he could not show the youthers.

Uncle Sam Beaten at Every Point, The late Judge Bradley, of the Supreme Court of the United States, was Price's counsel, and the Government counsel was assisted by William L. Dayton, who was the previous year the Republican candidate for Vice President. The Government was defeated at every point. A clean verdict was given for Price, and the jury stated over their own signatures that if it were possible under the law they would bring in the Government a debtor to Price in the sum of \$75,000. sum of \$75,000.

Judge Bradley, after he was elevated to the Supreme bench, declared that there never was a more just claim than that of Price's, and often urged its allowance while it was pending in Congress.

The period of the war, the confusion of the "reconstruction" years and than the

the "reconstruction" years, and then the repeated misfortune of a failure to reach the bill in either one House or the other before the close of a session prevented the aging claimant from getting his just dues. From being rich, Price became a poor man, but he has been always esteemed as a gentle man of the highest honor. He assisted to bring California into the Union, and was a member of the first Constitutional Convention of that State. He was elected Governor of New Jersey, was a member of the Thirty-seventh Congress, and is now held in the highest esteem by all who know him. He is in his old age and straitened circum-stances, a genial, lovable gentleman of the old school, such as it does one's heart good

The Claim Thoroughly Sifted. The Claim Thoroughly Sifted.

The Fifty-first Congress, Republican in both branches, passed the claim of ex-Governor Price by large majorities, though Price has always been a Democrat. The claim was thoroughly sifted and discussed by both Houses. The President examined it and expressed a personal pleasure in attaching his signature to the bill, the pleasure being the greater for the reason that several valued and very intimate triends were among the closest friends of ex-Governor Price. The claims went to the Treasernor Price. The claims went to the Treas-

ury Department, Second Comptroller's office, for payment. It would seem that after the passage of the bill by Congress, and after it had re-ceived the signature of the President, no discretion was left the Treasury authorities but to pay, yet it was "held up." Clerks, mere ordinary accountants, mysteriously were led to the decision that the claims should not be paid. As no amount of money was designated in the bill, which only directed a settlement of the accounts of ex-Purser Price, of the Navy, the excase was made that the account was settled, though a suit had been brought in 1857 to compel Price to settle. The accountants finally brought out the Government in debt to Price in the amount of \$46,000, but it was decided that it must be the entire \$75,000 or

Closed Up by the Comptroller. After making several conflicting decisions, the Comptroller, the Solicitor General and the clerks seeming to grow more and more confused about the matter, the Comptroller closed the case with the astonishing assertion that Congress had passed the law under a misapprehension of the facts. The Solicitor General agreed with the Comp

Treasury vetoed a bill passed by Congress and signed by the President after the most careful investigation of the facts.

Then came a climax which is probably unmitted and expert accountants had found the Government indebted to Price, the Secretary of the Treasury addressed a letter to Congress stating that the accounts of Price had been balanced and closed in 1857, the very year in which suit was brought against Price for a settlement, and so the matter was referred back to Congress "for such

additional legislation as may be necessary. Some Most Extraordinary Juggling. I doubt if in the history of the country another instance can be found of such extra-ordinary juggling with a solemn act of leg-

by department officials. The letter of Secretary Foster was referred to the Committee on Claims. A sub-committee was appointed to consider it. I am informed to-day that the sub-committee will report to the committee that there is nothing further for Congress to do in the matter. It is probable, therefore, that the Treasury Department will continue to assert that the accounts of ex-Governor Price have been balanced and closed, in the that the act of Congress signed by the Presi-dent will be vetoed by the Treasury authorities, and that the venerable ex-Governor will be cheated out of his \$75,000 for the purpose of keeping that amount in the Treasury.

THE FIRE RECORD.

Burlington, Ia.—The Prospect Scott Hotel. Loss, \$15,000. Brooklyn-The Brooklyn Sash and Blind Factory. Loss, about \$80,000.

Martinsville, Va.—The loss at Friday night's fire amounted to \$30,000; insurance ess than half. St. Catherines, Ont.—Five small dwelling houses and the Palace Skating Rink. Loss \$15,000; insurance, \$19,000.

Prussia—Forest fires are prevalent and causing an immense amount of damage. On Count Ballestrem's estate in Silesia 120 acres of forest have been destroyed. Second avenue—A slight fire in the house of Edward Scanlon, at No. 528 Second ave nue, caused an alarm from box 44 at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Damage slight.

Lanark, Ont.—The Clyde Milling Com-pany's establishment, which included flour, satureal, cuts and barley mills. Caldwell & Son's saw mills. Loss, \$30,000; insurance, Colorado—A disastrons prairie fire is raging in the northwestern part of Kit Car-son county. The region is settled with ranchmen, and the damage will be very

Port Carbon, Pa.—The carriage factory of Henry Krebs, the blacksmith shop of John Illingsworth, the cigar store of William E. Wilson and the shoe store of Daniel Paul. ncendiary origin.

Grazier street—An alarm from box 272 at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon was caused by a fire in the house of William Owens, on Grazier street, Homewood. The house was completely gutted. Loss \$1,500.

PEOPLE COMING AND GOING.

J. D. Hicks and J. L. Leisenring, Altoona, are registered at the Anderson. W. C. Negley, of Butler, and W. N. Sturges, of Chicago, are at the Duquesne. F. H. Oliphant, of Oil City, and Frank Burns and wife, of Greensburg, are stopping at the Seventh Avenue Hotel. Colonel Willis J. Hulings, of Oil City, and Theodore G. Gordon, of Columbus, put up at the Duquesne last evening.

Lloyd Mahaney, proprietor of the hand-some new hostelry at Uniontown bearing his name, was in Pittsburg yesterday. Judge Logan, General Solicitor for the Pennsylvania road, was in the city yester-day. He returned to Philadelphia last even-ing.

China Mattings. An extra bargain at \$5 a roll, worth \$8, Forty yards to the roll. Groetzinger's, 627 and 629 Penn avenue. Tusu

New Goods for April Weddings. New Goods for April Weddings.
We display a splendid collection of cut glass, pottery, cabinet lamps and bric-a-brac, All new and fresh this year. A superb collection of sterling silverware. Chests of silver in abundance. Steles are correct. Our prices are very moderate.

E. P. Roberts & Sons,
Fifth avenue and Market street. NOW FOR OKLAHOMA.

The Next Great Race for Homes Takes Place There on Tuesday.

EASTER SERVICES ON THE BORDER As in the North, the Willy Red Man Gets

the Best of the Bargain. SISSETON BOOMERS SETTLING DOWN

EL RENO, April 16.-About 500 people, seekers of homes in the Chevenne and Arapahoe reservation, which will be opened to general settlement next Tuesday, will pass over Sunday along the line. There are a number of divines who expect to preach on Easter Sabbath on the new

Although their white-topped wagons are getting away from the towns, some places are still filled to overflowing with people who have come in on the trains. A man needs to have a special dispensation to obtain a place to sleep, and must eat what he can get. A large part of the late arrivals expect to get lots in the new towns. They are not so numerous as when Oklahoms was opened. There are men who ex-pect to enter into every kind of business-butchers, bakers and candle-stick makers; preachers, gamblers, editors.

Besides the county seat there will be several new town laid out in the eastern part of the new country near the Rock Island.

and Railroad. A station has already been established 15 miles north of Ebrene, called Okarche, and a town will be built there. A Town Name Spliced Together. The name of Okarche was built up out of abbreviations of "Ok" for Oklahoma, "ar" abbreviations of "Ok" for Oklahoma, "ar" for Arapahoe, and "che" for Cheyenne. Major Ashley, Indian Agent at the Darlington Agency, received a telegram from the department to-day, telling him to use his force to see that the Indians were protected on the opening day. He has 40 Indian police under Tall Bull, a Cheyenne chief, who sports gloves and uniform of officer's blue. He won't have much to do Thursday, how-ever, as but few of the Indians will be on

their claims.

Monday will be ration day at the agency and a large number of Indians will come in after their beef, and few will go back until after the rush. Those who can talk with the Indians at the agency say many of them were advising their brethren to stay away from their allotments and let the white men settle on them, as the whites will make im-provements and the Indians can make them get off any time. This shows that the "poor Indian" is looking for the best of it. The department has decided to pay the Indians the second installment due them in

cash, instead of supplies, as had been pro-posed. This amounts to \$75 for each man, woman and child, and they will probably get it within the next 60 days, and then the world will be rosy for them for a few weeks. Some of the Redskins Are Mossbacks. A few of the Cheyennes, however, are so much opposed to giving up their land that, although like all Indians they want money,

they have refused to draw their first install-

Major Lee, U. S. A., arrived at For Major Lee, U. S. A., arrived at Fort Reno yesterday to inspect the Darlington agency and the condition of the Cheyennes and Arapahoes. He will make an investigation of the spread of the Messiah craze. The Indians at first held three dances openly, but since they have found that the white people do a great deal of talking about them they use every means to prevent roller, and as it seems, the Secretary of the anyone from finding out when and where they will be held. A Sioux Indian from Treasury was powerless in the hands of his inferior officers. So these two officers of the

> A dispatch from Brown's Valley, Minn., says: The situation here-to-day presented nothing to justify the slightest apprehension nothing to justify the slightest apprehension of trouble from claim-jumping or any of the causes which usually make mischief in similar occurrences. The Sisseton reservation, so far as heard from, has been thrown open without the firing of a shot or a squatter's row or anything of a serious character.

> The First-Comers on the Ground. A few minutes before 1 o'clock the leaders A few minutes before 1 o'clock the leaders in the town-site race arrived on the chosen ground. Half an hour afterward 200 men and a few women were on the spot. There ensued a discussion as to the exact locality of the section line. The first care of the locators was to settle the women. Miss Burnett, of Minneapolis; Miss Sharpe, Mrs. Osborne, Miss De Hart and other venture-one sounters of the fair say were premater. some squatters of the fair sex, were promptly installed on good lands close to the town-

The site of the town is on an elevation. Half an hour later a restaurant and grocery store were running fall blast, while a dozen frame shanties were in course of construction. Inspector Callahan, of the Quarter-master's Department of the Army, sta-tioned at St. Paul, rode a fast horse, and was on the ground early.

The outlook for water and other neces-

saries is good. There will be no suffering. Excellent water flows from numerous springs. The site is close to the intersection of three proposed lines of railway.

Stragglers Coming Back Discouraged.

The crowd is increasing at the town site, but all is quiet. Officials who have just returned from the reservation say the crowd at that point is slightly increasing, and there is liable to be trouble there, though not of a serious character. They have found stragglers in every direction. In the last two hours they passed 50 people on their way back here, discouraged, bedraggled and way cack here, discouraged, bedraggied and exhausted. A few are now arriving and have not a word to say. They became lost on the prairie and thereby lost their claims. The number will steadily increase. The Indians have picked up quite a number and guided them back to town. Soldiers have the property of the property run across others and brought them here.

CUBA GETS THE CONTAGION.

Bomb Thrown by an Unknown Hand Explodes in a Church Door-Priests and Parishioners Flee in a Panic, but No One Is Hurt.

HAVANA, April 16 .- An explosion occurred here Thursday evening, and it is thought that the numerous reports of dynamite outrages received here from various places in Europe have prompted activity on the part of Anarchists in Havans, or else have so inflamed the mind of some irresponnave so innamed the mind of some irresponsible person that he has been tempted to imitate the example set him Europe.

The day had been observed in the manner that obtains in Havana. Religious sentiment was everywhere displayed, more particularly at the Cathedral of San Cristobal

ticularly at the Cathedral of San Cristobal de la Habana and the many parish churches. At the Church of San Nicolas evening services were held, and the church was thronged with worshipers. Suddenly there was a most terrific explosion at the entrance of the church, and consternation prevailed among the worshipers, who huddled together in fear, not knowing what was about to happen. The priest, who was in the pulpit, immediately withdrew. Soon the congregation left the church amid the greatest consternation.

An investigation was at once made, and

An investigation was at once made, and it was found that some one had placed a bomb at the entrance of the church, and that the explosion had done some damage to the structure, but nobody was hurt. The austructure, but nobody was hurt. The authorities will take prompt-action. The Anarchists, if the deed was committed by them, have never before caused any trouble here. In some quarters the San Nicolas explosion is taken to indicate that the party in Spain have sent out missionaries to Cuba, and that this is only the first of a series of outrages to come.

BAU-MAN WILL SECEDE.

to Will Probably Form a Congrego Church of His Own Adherents ROCHESTER, PA., April 16.-The following is posted at the front entrance to the postedice here: "Boy. J. H. Bausman will preach in the Young Men's Christian Association Hall Saturday next. A Sabbath school service will be held at 9:30 in the same place. At 3 o'clock P. M. a meeting will be held in Leaf's Hall to take into considera-

held in Leaf's Hall to take into consideration the organization of a Congregational Church in this town."

For months past it has been known that a movement was on foot which, in a certain contingency, would result in taking this step. This contingency was the final act of Presbytery in dissolving the pastoral relation existing between Rev. Mr. Bausman and his people. Since this was decided upon last Tuesday, 55 members of the church here have applied to James H. Ewing, the clerk of the church session, for letters of dismissal, which have been granted. Not all of these will go into the new organization, but it seems likely that a large percentage of them will do so.

A FUGITIVE'S STRANGE DEFENSE

Williamsport and Italian Authorities Both Want the Same Man.

WILLIAMSPORT, PA., April 16 .- Negotiations are now pending between District Attorney Ely and the County Commissioners of Elk county, and the Italian authorities for the extradition of the alleged murderer of Goise Capailo. He fled from this derer of Goise Capailo. He fled from this country after the murder, and on arriving in his native land was at once picked up by the police as an escaped criminal, having once been sentenced by an Italian court for some crime, but fled to America.

He claims before the authorities in Italy that he and Goise Capailo were in the old house at the mouth of Mill creek, about two miles below Ridgway, on the R. A. & P. railway, and while there they were both attacked by a mob. After a desperate fight he managed to escape, but no trace of his companion, Goise Capailo, could be found by him afterward.

A Big Row Among Coal Speculators. NEWARK, O., April 16 .- [Special.]-A most sensational suit was commenced here to-day, the result of coal speculators falling out and the \$10,000 defalcation in the township a few years ago. W. D. Lee was dsman for the Treasurer. He was sued bondsman for the Treasurer. He was sued and the old Birkey property, coming into his possession, was sold to satisfy the judgment, then amounting to \$17,000. He now sues A. B. Clark, J. M. Welch and Eli Hull for \$10,000, claiming he advanced the sum to Clark to pay the claim, but that instead of doing so he retained \$5,500 and bought a farm, while he loaned the balance to Welch and Hull. All were prominent coal speculators, Lee claiming to have in his company Hon. James G. Blaine.

A River Captain Held for Burglary. KITTANNING, April 16.-[Special.] Three men, Harvick, Miller and Donaldson, were arrested here last night, charged with larceny and attempted burglary. The trio had tried to open several residences, but had been rebuffed in each instance. At the hearing this morning Harvick pleaded guilty, but the others claimed they were innocent. All were bound over to court. Miller claims he has been victimized. He says he is a resident of Allegneny, and has been running the boat Pacific between Pittsburg and Louisville for years.

Survivors of the First Volunteers. READING, April 16.-Thirty-one year ago to-day the Ringgold Light Artillery left Reading for Harrisburg to be sworn into the United States service in response to the north arrived at the Arapahoe agency yesterday. He professed to be a member of the Catholic church, but is said to be a disciple of the Messiah, with new words from the fountain head of the craze in the Ringgolds, together with four other comps-Ringgolds, together with four other compa-nies, arrived in Washington April 18, the dest troops of the war.

Robbed a Village Parsonage MANSFIELD, O., April 16.-[Special.]-Last night the residence of Rev. William C. B. Schulenberger, German Reformed pastor at Shelby, this county, was robbed, the burglars securing about \$1,500 in money and valuables. Late this evening Ted Hafer, a Shelby tough, who has been spend-ing the day in saloons of this city, was ar-rested on suspicion and taken back to Shelby for trial.

A Strike Riot on a Bridge. ALLENTOWN, April 16 .- During a fight on the Lower Catasaqua bridge at 7 o'clock this evening between striking employes of the Catasagua Manufacturing Company and men filling their places, James Hayden was kicked and beaten to death and his com-panions roughly handled. The assailants are known and arrests will be made.

POTTSVILLE, April 16 .- Pine Forest Colliery, at St. Clair, which has been idle for over a month, will start work on Monday. This colliery is one of the largest operated by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, and gives employment to over 700 men and boys.

Fell Into a Burning Brush Pile. MILLERSBURG, April 16 .- [Special.]-A small child of Harry Pennell, of this city, while playing around a burning brush pile, fell into it and was so hadly burned that it died this morning. This is the second case of the kind which happened here within the past week.

Drank an Ounce of Carbolic Acid. STEUBENVILLE, April 16 .- [Special]-A 2-year-old child of James Robinson, living on Fisher's Hill, drank an ounce of carbolic acid this morning, and was frightfully burned. Physicians used a stomach pump, and the child may recover.

A Detective Bureau for McKeesport. MCKEESPORT, April 16. -[Special.]-Mo Keesport and vicinity, which has formed good field for burglars, safe crackers and house burglars during the past five years, is soon to be protected with a first-class detective bureau.

The Wooster Presbytery. MILERSBURG. O., April 16 .- [Special.]-The sessions of the Wooster Presbytery, which commenced Tuesday afternoon, closed this morning. About 100 ministers and elders were present.

Tri-State Brevities. CHARLES STUCHELL, of Indiana, Pa., was thrown from a horse and killed yesterday. GENERAL FRANKLIN SAWYER, & WAT Veteran of Norwalk, U., lies in a dangerous condi-tion, having suffered a stroke of paralysis last night. Peter Radigan, a Baltimore and Ohio em

pioye, lay down on the tracks at Connells-ellie early yesterday morning, and was in-stantly killed. THE Woman's Relief Corps trouble at Canton may be revived by the trial of Mrs. Clark, ex-Department President, on the charges preferred against here by Mrs. Koons, ex-Department Treasurer. A MIDDLE-AGED woman stopped at the door of the Aliam House at Waynesburg Wednesday, and left what she called "a basket of meat for Mrs. Aliam." The "meat" turned out to be a richly-dressed boy baby, and is suspected to come from some local aristogratic source.

suspected to cratic source. Anarchists, if the deed was committed by them, have never before caused any trouble here. In some quarters the San Nicolas explosion is taken to indicate that the party in Spain have sent out missionaries to Cuba, and that this is only the first of a series of outrages to come.

China Mattinga.

An extra bargain at \$5 a roll, worth \$8. Forty yards to the roll. Groetzinger's, 677 and 629 Penn syenua.

The election at Grafton, W. Va., was won by the anti-license people, but Charles Stolzenfelz on the coll zenfelz continued to sell anyway, and constable McDaniel began firing, and shot Mrs. Stolzenfelz in the shoulder. This enraged the salconist, and seizing a shotgun he started in pursuit of McDaniel, who fied down the street. Stolzenfelz shot several times, but without effect. McDaniel gave himself up. The injuries to Mrs. Stolzenfelz were not serious. THE election at Grafton, W. Va., was won

A FIGHT FOR A NAVY.

Holman Protests Against the Building of Battleships.

OPPOSITION IN HIS OWN PARTY To the Economy That Extends to Defense-

MORE PENSION OFFICE PECULIARITIES

lesaness of Country.

WASHINGTON, April 16.-After the dis posal of routine business to-day, the House went into committee of the whole, Mr Shively, of Indiana, in the chair, on the naval appropriation bill. Mr. Pendleton, of West Virginia, opposed the motion made by Mr. Holman, to strike from the bill the clause for the construction of one armed cruiser, and also Mr. Brutelle's amendment for the construction of two battleships and

Mr. Holman spoke in support of his motion. He criticised the appropriations made for the construction of the navy dur the past few years, and for the mainter of the naval establishment. He asked who was demanding a great navy; who was was demanding a great navy; who was asking for it; what class of our people; what was the emergency that required the expenditure of this vast sum; what reason for this building of new ships; who were the gentlemen afraid of?

Mr. Holman said that our war vessels which had been so successful in former wars were built on the spur of the moment, and in case of snother war this process could

in case of another war this process could and would be repeated. A Send-Off for Yankee Shrewdness. He contended that in a brief space of He contended that in a brief space of time American ingenuity and American industry could improvise vessels that could meet the most powerful ships in any navy in the world. The people of this country who wished for a plain Government would not approve of the policy of taxing them for a navy which was beyond their needs.

Mr. Fellows, of New York, was glad the issue had been drawn on this question. Mr. Fellows, of New York, was glad the issue had been drawn on this question. He hoped that the country, through its representatives here, would be compelled to place itself on record at once and forever as to whether it desired to stop the work which was designed to sustain the honor of the flag, protect the honor and dignity of the American name, and which was a measure of true; economy than any other measure of truer economy than any other that could come before Congress. The party of which the gentleman from Indiana (Mr. Holman) and himself were proud to be members dared not go before the country on the issue of stopping the building of an American navy. [Applause.] For every dollar now expended in the construction of an adequate navy \$10,000,000 would be saved in the future.

An Oratorical Flight Taken. "Give us such a naval force," he said, "as will preserve when the hour of trouble comes (as come it will) every star on our flag with its luster undimmed,"

flag with its luster undimmed," [Applause.]
Mr. Watson, of Georgia, saw no necessity for an increase of the navy. What the people of Georgia wanted, he said, was retrenehment, economy, fair dealing in the laws and a return to the old Jeffersonian doctrine of equal rights.
Mr. Cummings, of New York, spoke in favor of the amendment of the gentleman from Maine, and against the motion of Mr. Holman to strike out the clause of the bill providing for the construction of a new

providing for the construction of a new eruiser. What sort of a figure would the Democratic party cut if it abandoned this project? Economical it would be; frugal it would be; but let it draw the line at nig-Mr. Baker, of Kansas, opposed the in

creasing of the navy, contending that the greatest bulwark of American independence was in the happy homes of the people.

Pending further discussion the committee

PENSION OFFICE ODDITIES. Quite an Advantage in Being a Son of the

· Commissioner. WASHINGTON, April 16. - In the Pension Office investigation to-day Mr. McCullough, a clerk in the Pension Office, testified that it was a matter of general talk in the Pension Office that John Raum, the Commissioner's son, had an unusually large number of the earlier cases take: up on the completed files order, but said e had no infornation on the subject of his own knowledge. John B. Peyton testified that he had heard he had been discharged 'rom the Pension Office for offensive partisanship, aiding the Democratic party in getting up its campaign book, and neglect of duty. Witness denied that the charges were true, as his record would show. He complained that Secretary Noble had testified that he never dismissed persons without giving them an opportunity to answer charges, when he (Peyton) had never been permitted to re-

fute the charges made.

Warden Burke, of the United States jail, and a commander of Meade Post, G. A. R., testified that he had endeavored to have reinstated a Pension Office clerk, an old oldier, named McGinnis, who had been dismissed on no other ground than that he was a Democrat, but Commissioner Raum said this was a Republican administration, and refused to recommend his reinstate-

Preparing for Pelagic Scaling. WASHINGTON, April 16.—The Secretary of the Treasury has ordered the revenue steamers Rush and Bear, at San Francisco, to proceed at once to Port Townsend and await further orders. This action indicates that an agreement has been reached bein regard to pelagic sealing in Bering Sea, and that the instructions to the vessels of this country are now in course of preparation. These instructions will be mailed to

The American-German Copyright Law. WASHINGTON, April 16.—The Secretary of State and Mr. Von Holleben, the Ger man Minister, exchanged on the 15th instant, the ratifications of their respective Governments of the copyright agreement, concluded between the United States and Germany at Washington, January 15, 1892. The agreement will go into operation at the expiration of three weeks from the date of the exchange of its ratification, and will be applicable only to works not published at the time it shall have gone into operation.

Captain Bourke in No Great Hurry. WASHINGTON, April 16.—General Schofield said this afternoon that the military authorities would take no action in the ease of Captain J. G. Bourke, Third Cavalry, until after the civil authorities had disposed of the proceedings instituted by them against his accusers for violation of the neutrality laws. He said the men who had preferred charges against Captain Bourke while residing in Texas were really citizens of Mexico, but are not in sympatny with that Government.

The Mohican All Right Again. WASHINGTON, April 16.—The Navy Department is informed that the United States THE St. Paul's Baseball Club would like to play any 16-year-old club in Western Pennsylvania. Address all challenges to r. B. Reilly, 77 Diamond street, city. ship Mohican has been taken out of the British dry dock at Esquimalt, B. C., fully repaired. She has been ordered to cruise

British dry dock at Esquimalt, B. C., fully repaired. She has been ordered to cruise in Puget Sound for a short time, visiting the ports of Tacoma and Seattle.

A Bill to Make Indians Citizens.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—A bill was reported favorably to the House to-day, to declare all Indians citizens who have attended school ten years at the Government's expense, provided they are 21 years of age.

Address all challenges to P. B. Heility, 77 Diamond street, eity.

RECREATION PARK has been secured for the inter-collegiate field day to be given May 28. Harry McDonald has the renting of the park for field days and other evecuts.

The Young American Haseball Club, of Braddock, is again on deck, and would like to hear from the best amateurs in Western Pennsylvania. Walter Williams is secretary.

THE Strawberry Blondes have organized for the season with the following players: William Brownile, c.; Henry Henskie, p.; P. J. James, s. s.; George Wilcherlie, Br. A. Scholes, 50; B. Williams, Str. Henry Houser, r.; Peter Houser, I; Oscar Tolley, m; Shortie Hasel, N. James, extra.

RUSTLERS MEAN WAR

They Are 1,000 Strong and Intend to Lynch Their Cowboy Foes.

SEVEN WIVES, AND ALL ALIVE.

Modern Solomon.

NEWARK, N. J., April 16 .- [Special]-

Mrs. Kate Stevenson, the seventh living wife of James F. Stevenson, alias Charles

Stevens, alias James Abbott, charged him with bigamy in the First Criminal Court in

Newark to-night. Her brother, Jos. Burch,

charged him with larceny. Stevenson, who

is 45 years old, and a paperhanger by trade,

married Mrs. Kate Rapp, a widow, in New-

ork, March 20. He lived with her a few weeks, and then suddenly disappeared, taking with him her diamond ring and diamond brooch and her brother's new overcost. About ten days ago he began sending her anonymous letters from Brooklyn, request-

anonymous letters from Brooklyn, requesting her to meet the writer.

Mrs. Stevenson enlisted the services of Captain Duly, of the Fourth precinet, and Stevenson was decoyed to Jersey City and arrested. He pleaded guilty to the charge of bigamy, but denied that he had stolen the overcoat. He said the garment was loaned to him. He will be tried in the Court of Special Sessions this week. Mrs. Mary Abbott, of Brooklyn, who married him in 1873, was present in court last night.

him in 1873, was present in court last night. She said Mrs. Rapp was his seventh wife, and that he had served four years in Sing

Bogardus Wins a Match.

and Rextroat had their third shooting match

here to-day, Bogardus winning. Fifty live birds were shot at, Bogardus killing 44 and

An Enidemic of Rabies Possible

WHITE HOUSE, N. J., April 16 .- A mad

hound dog that passed through here this

morning bit James MacDonald and G. B. Striker. The frenzied animal also bit seven

HAVE you noticed that THE SUNDAY

DISPATCH contains the largest number of

advertisements of Rooms to Let in the cent a word columns? This fact insures you the

A BURNING SORE LEG

Ulcers Form, Hospitals and Doctors Use

less, Crazed With Pain, Cured

by Cuticura Remedies.

About eight years ago I wrote you from Wilkesbarre, Pa., describing how your wonderful remedies completely oured me of a terrible case of eczema or sult rheum. I must now tell you what CUTICURA REMEDIERS have again done for me. On the 22d of last September, I had the misfortune to bruise my leg, and I put a piece of sticking plaster on it. Inside of a week I had a terrible leg. My wife became frightened and advised me to go to a surgeon. I went, and doctored for two months, but no good was done me, besides costing me big money. My leg had by this time formed into an ulcer, and god worse every day. I could not stand it any longer, and indee up my mind to go to a hospital and see if I could be helped, I went to several here in the city, in turn, but noue could do me any good. I had a terrible leg, with a hole in it as big leg, with a hole in it as big leg, with a hole in it is as big rot scared shout it, and determined to try CUTICURA REMEDIES. I obtained a set, and inside of five weeks my leg was healed up as well as it ever was, except the terrible scar it left for a reminder of what was once a terrible sore leg. These REMEDIES are worth their weight in gold.

JOHN THIEL, 235 E. 30d Street, New York.

Cuticura Resolvent

The new Blood and Skin Purifier and greatest of Humor Remedies, internally (to cleanse the blood of all impurities and poisonous elements, and thus remove the cause), and CUTICERA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICERA Soar, an exquisite—kin Reautifier, externally (to clear the skin and scalp and restore the hair), speedily and permanensly cure every species of itching, burning, scaly, crusted, pimbly, scrotulous and hereditary diseases and humors, from infancy to age, from pimples to scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, Soc.: SOAF, 25c: RESOLVENT, \$1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64

MUSCULAR STRAINS

and pains, backache, weak kidneys, rheumatism, and chest pains relieved in one minute by the Cutteura Anti-Pain Planter. The first and Anti-Pain Planter.

VIRGINIA, ILL., April 16 .- Bogardue

Sing for bigamy.

Man With Several Aliases an

WILLING TO FIGHT THE TROOPS.

The Acting Governor of Wyoming Is Very Badly Frightened.

TEMPERATURE AND RAINFALL A. M. 22 Maximum temp.
N. 45 Minimum temp.
T. M. 46 Maximum temp.
T. M. 50 Mange.
D. M. 69 Proc. SOLDIERS TO BE ATTACKED EN ROLTS

CHEYENNE, WYO., April 16 .- To-day' news from Johnson county predict another outbreak of the "rustler" war. The rustlers are greatly excited and very bitter against the cattlemen who are now prisoners at Fort McKinney, whom they threaten LOUISVILLE, April 18.—Business good. Weather cloudy. The river is falling, with 7 feet 8 inches on the falls, 10 feet in the cansl, and 22 feet 3 inches below. The Mariner, the Walton, the Josh Cook and the J. C. Risher came in from Pittaburg last night and went back this morning. The John K. Speen is due up to-night. Departures—For Cincinnsti, Big Sandy; for Evansville, James Guibrie; for Carrollton, Big Kanawha, and for Kentucky river, City of Clarksville. to lynch if they can capture them. The prisoners are to be moved to Fort Douglas, near Salt Lake City. Colonel Van Horn has been warned that his troops will be attacked en route. He is preparing for and

expects an engagement.

The plan of the rustlers is to fortify themselves in the mountains. If they make the attack it is almost sure to be a make the attack it is almost sure to be a sanguinary one. The rustlers now number over 1,000, and all are well armed with Winchesters and six-shooters. They insist that Hess, Ford and Elliott, the imprisoned cattlemen, be delivered to them. If they get the prisoners in their custody they will certainly be hanged. Colonel Van Horn hesitates to remove the prisoners to Fort Douglas, fearing that on the way his troops will be overvowered.

The News From Below.

WHEELING—River 9 feet 2 inches and rising. Departed—Iron Queen, Checimant: H. K. Bedford, Pittsburg: Courier, Pittsburg. Baining. Cincurnatt: H. R. Bedford, Pittsburg: Courier, Pittsburg: Paining. Cincurnatt: Here 21 feet 4 inches and falling. Departed—Hudson, Pittsburg: Ohio, Memphis. Fsir and pleasant.

Calico-Arrived—Ferd Herold, St. Louis, Departed—Ferd Herold, Memphis. River 52.2 feet and falling. Cloudy and cool.

MEMPHIS—Departed—Future City and tow, Ohio river: Backeye State, Cincinnatt; John F. Walton, New Orleans; Henry Londry, New Orleans; Joe Williams and tow, New Orleans. River 33 feet 5 inches and rising. Clear and pleasant.

NEW ORLEANS—Clear and pleasant. Departed—City of New Orleans, St. Louis.

St. Louis—Arrived—Sidney Dillon and Charley Brown, Cairo; R. F. Frisbee, Cincinnatt. Departed—Sidney Dillon, Cairr; City of Sheffield, Tennessee river. Cloudy and cool. River 21 feet 5 inches. Douglas, fearing that on the way his troops will be overpowered.

The leader of the rustlers is M. A. Rider, a young Methodist preacher. He is the incarnation of a warrior. As a fighter he has already won his spurs. He can shoot with the skill of a Dr. Carver. The rustlers regard him as a god and invincible in a fight.

The acting Governor of Wyoming. Amos

The acting Governor of Wyoming, Amos G. Barber, is much concerned over the situation. He has telegraphed Sheriff Angus, of Johnson county, that under no circumstances will the prisoners be delivered to the civil authorities until their safety and a fair trial is assured them. Barber has also requested Colonel Van Horn to obtain the custody of the five members of the invading party now in the Buffalo jail, who were captured prior to the engagement at "T. K." ranch, where the other invaders surrendered to the troops. THE Acorn leaves to-day for Louisville with 12

A special from Cheyenne, Wyo., says: Dr. Penrose was brought in last night from Douglass. He had accompanied the stock-men to Tisdale's ranch and there left them. the was making his way across to Cheyenne when arrested. Judge Scott issued a writ of habeas corpus, which was placed in the hands of United States Marshal Rankin. Both hands of United States Marshal Rankin. Both men arrived in town last night. Penrose is in the custody of Rankin at the Cheyenne Club. He will be given a hearing Monday. A telegram from Gillette states that Ed. Towse, city editor of the Cheyenne Sun, was arrested there yesterday and held as a witness. He also accompanied the invading party as far as Tisdale's ranch, and there was taken sick. A writ of habeas corpus has also been issued in his case.

A dispatch from Philadelphia says: State Senator Boics Penrose returned here from

A dispatch from Philadelphia says: State Senator Boles Penrose returned here from Washington to-night and exhibited a tele-gram from his brother, Dr. Charles Bing-ham Penrose, whose arrest as a cattle bandit was recently reported from Wyoming. The dispatch says: "I am safe at Cheyenne. Have a lawyer. Newspaper stories up to date untrue.

Former Partners Quarrel. W. R. Rainey was arrested by Officer Sullivan yesterday on a warrant charging him with assault and battery. S. M. Goldberg, a Sixth street chiropodist, is the prosecutor in the case, and charges that Rainey attacked him and beat him about the face. It appears that the men were formerly in business together and the assault grew out of partnership difficulties. Rainey was

Trouble After a Sheriff's Sale.

Sheriff this afternoon. It was bought by H. M. North, for \$60,000 subject to a mortgage of \$50,000. D. Ramsey Patterson, of Philadelphia, gave notice that the machinery did not pass with the property. The purchaser claims that it does, and there will be litigation over the dispute.

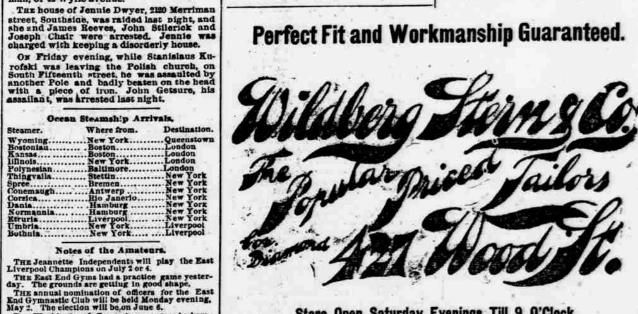
LANCASTER, April 16.—The Keystone PLES, black-heads, red, rough, chapped, and olly skin cured by Curicura Soar. natch factory property was sold by the





The above figure will be the magnet that will draw the trade to us this week. The reason, therefore, is as follows: During the past week we received five cases of woolens which we closed out from an Eastern manufacturer at a very low figure, and we are determined to give our customers the benefit of our lucky bargain. There is not a pattern among them that is not worth at least \$25 to \$28 when the suit is made up, and plenty of them as high as \$30 and \$35. So come in now while they last and leave your order, as at this popular price they cannot last long.

Perfect Fit and Workmanship Guaranteed.



Store Open Saturday Evenings Till 9 O'Clock.

To show our appreciation for the patronage bestowed upon us we will for this week only present a PITTSBURG OR ALLEGHENY SOUVENIR SPOON with every purchase of One Dollar or over.

SMIT'S, SOLE AGENT FOR CHEMICAL DIAMONDS, COR. LIBERTY AND SMITHFIELD, AND 311 SMITHFIELD ST.