FORTY-SEVENTH YEAR.

MIXED RESULTS

Both Sides on the

Eve of Election.

ALL ARE CONFIDENT

Wager Much Money on It.

Re-Election of Aldrich.

Head of the Ticket Anticipated-

Using the Ex-President's Name-

mates and Claims of State Chair-

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT, 1

our trust in Providence," say the Demo-

cratic leaders to-night. By this, though, it

is not meant that these practical politicians

expect any miraculous assistance in to

morrow's contest, but that they largely de-

pend upon the vote of this city to secure a

a majority in the State. Chairman Owen,

of the Democratic Committee, said to THE

"Outside of Providence the vote for the

two candidates for Governor will be about

evenly divided. In this city we confidently

expect a lead of about 3,000 for Wardwell.

This will give us a majority over all of the

other candidates, and insure a victory with-

out the choice being thrown into the Legis-

lature. As for the complexion of this

latter body, the situation is so complicated

and the apportionment so outrageous that predictions are idle. I hope for

Republicans More Than Confident.

ticket," said Chairman Goodwin, of the Re-

publican Committee, "and carry both

branches of the Legislature by a heavy ma-

jority. We will certainly lead the Demo-

erats throughout the State, and I think

Brown will have more votes than all the

other candidates for Governor combined.

"The Republican prospects are very bright

dence to the Democrats at all."

of them, "too doubtful to be true."

the present contingency.

who is still on the ground, says:

A Struggle for Electoral Votes.

tempt to carry the country without depend-

ing upon New York, the votes of this little

State might fill an important gap. It is for

The investigation made by THE DIS

PATCH indicates a divided result as a more

than possible outcome of to-morrow's ballot-

ing. The Democratic chances of a lead in

the popular vote are a shade the best, while

the Republicans hold all the vantage ground

for the choice of the Legislature and the re-

Chief Hopes of the Republicans.

very much disappointed if they do not

secure a popular indersement of the pro-

tective system and an assurance that the

State will be in line as usual in the fall. It

is for this that they have labored as never

before, and their work has manifestly had

some effect. The Democratic campaign

reached its climax on Saturday, and since

then whatever changes have been ac-

complished have been in favor of the Re-

Searcely anybody goes to the trouble of

denying that boodle has been, is being, and

The Republican leaders, though, will be

November we are laboring now.

election of Senator Aldrich.

publicans.

Very Few Bets Made or Offered.

tainty as to the outcome, or can find a more

"We will elect every man on our State

DISPATCH correspondent:

PROVIDENCE, R. L. April 5 .- "We put

WEDNESDAY 1892-TWELVE PITTSBURG. APRIL BRAZEN BOMBITERS. METHODIST SNARLS

000-and this for a State with a population only about two-thirds of that of Allegheny county. It is this feature which makes all IN RHODE ISLAND predictions hazardous and renders complete surprises possible. ruprises possible.

Every point is now being watched. Yes-

terday a Democratic town Council in the interior of the State bounced an election supervisor because he was supposed to have in charge a lot of French Canadians whom he Predicted by Leaders on was going to vote in a bunch for the Republican ticket. To-day the Supreme Court reinstated the supervisor.

Counter-Charges Against Democrats.

The Republican have produced affidavits that the Democrats have been illegally registering ex-convict and other persons not authorized to vote. A circular attacking Catholics is one of the eleventh-hour becomerangs, the responsibility for which each party is endeavoring to place upon the But Few Feel Certain Enough to

The final rallies of both parties were held to-night, and were largely devoted to exhortation to vote as early, and presumably as often, as possible. The principal meeting was at Newport, which city FINAL CLAIMS ON BOTH SIDES. the Democrats confidently expect to carry, but which ex-Speaker Reed attempted to-night to rescue from the free trade toils. Among other things Mr. Reed Republicans on Easy Street as Regards the

Did you ever see a Democratic orator who wasn't attacking something, and did you ever see a Republican orator who wasn't defending something. The Demo-crats surely do not attack any-thing which they do, and the Republicans do not defend something The Legislature Almost Conceded by Democrats to Their Opponents-A Small Democratic Plurality on the which they are not responsible for. When the United States wants something they Red-Hot Rallies at a Number of call in the Republican party; and if they call in the Democratic party, it is when they want a halt. The Democratic wanted free silver to give 70 cents for \$\frac{1}{2}\$. They outnumber us three to one in Congress, and yet have they given the country free silver? No, they sneaked out of it until after the Rhode Island election. They haven't passed it, and I'm not sorry. The fortunes of the wicked are always a sweet savor in the nostrils of the righteous. When we're in power we make a tariff. When the Democrats are in power they make nothing. Now, remember they have got three Democrats to every one Republican in Congress, and have every opportunity in the world to do whatever work they desire, and why do they not do it?" call in the Republican party; and if they Places on the Last Night of the Campaign-Reed Rouses Hearty Cheers for Cleveland and Is Obliged to Quit Charges of Big Boodle Thick and Fast on Both Sides-The Latest Esti-

Reed Rouses the Clevelandites Again. At one of the Reed meetings the exSpeaker mentioned ex-President Cleveland
by name. Immediately there were three
hearty cheers, which seemed to represent
the views of a majority of those in the hall.
Mr. Reed said, "That's right, he'll need
em," and attempted to go on again, making
use of Cleveland's name. The cheers were
repeated, too, and Reed changed the subject.
At the closing Democratic rally at Woon-

At the closing Democratic rally at Woon-socket to-night Hon. Josiah Quincy, of Massachusetts, was the chief speaker. Re-ferring to the importance of the contest he

Sometimes when two weights are very evenly balanced a very small weight will tip the balance, and the condition of parties today is such that the little State of Rhode Island, with her four electoral votes thrown into the weight at this time, may have a wonderful effect in deciding the election of President of the United States. You have it in your power to raise the hopes of the Democracy throughout the country. Show the sountry that your vote can be counted upon.

The polls in Rhode Island open at 5:20 A m., and the voting, or spring auction sale, as the case may be, continues until 7 P. M. The names of the victorious statesmen, whom some jealous individuals may call the highest bidders, will not be definitely known until some hours later.

BANCROFT.

DALZELL JUMPS ON QUAY. RED-HOT SARCASM AND AN AWFUL

He is sure of a plurality, at least, and, in that event, will be speedily seated by the CAMPAIGN ROAST. Legislature. We do not concede Provi-He Tells Why Pennsylvania Is Not Pointed

Governor Ladd, who has been taking a to With Pride-How an Enemy of the very active part in the canvass for the Administration Compels the Friends of choice of his successor, said this evening: the Administration to Stab It in the Of course, we never can tell what 24 hours WARREN, PA., April 5 .- [Special.]-Over

will bring forth, but the outlook for a 600 voters assembled in the Opera House tosweeping indersement of protection is now night to hear Dalzell, W. M. Lindsey was better than at any stage of the campaign. elected President, and J. H. Donley opened As a matter of fact the managers of both the meeting with a good address. Mr. parties are more than dubious, and many of Dalzell followed, introducing a speech them are whistling to help up their courage. that was loudly applauded by saying: The result is really, in the language of one "I do not feel like a stranger among you, having had the honor to address you three years ago during the campaign which gave us that matchless, brilliant, peerless, It is certainly true that very few wager have been recorded. The politicians of a and clearest of American statesmen, Benjamin Harrison." Mr. Dalzell then consporting turn either feel too much uncer-

tinued:

practical use for their available funds in On the subject of the United States Sens. torship I speak with some embarrassment, owing to the relationship I bear it. My can-There are two important points of really didacy did not originate with me. I consider it an honor, none greater, than to not as the representative of my people in the Lower House, but I received letters from prominent Republicans from almost every county in the State urzing me to do battle against practices—so said the letters—which bring disgrace upon the Republican party and make us the byword in our sister States, which brought defeat to our party, and eventually, if not overthrown, will destroy the same; also, that the junior Senator from Pennsylvania was dictator of this system in Pennsylvania polities. What we do complain of is that individual voters no longer control the Republican party nor select candidates, but the party itself is controlled and its power exercised through patronage in the interests of one man. didacy did not originate with me. I connational interest in the contest. The first is the election of a successor to Senator Aldrich, and the second, and most vital, is a demonstration as to whether the Republienns or Democrats are the most numerous in the State. It is admitted on all sides that purtisan ties will be closely drawn, that a full vote will be out-probably larger than ever before-and that the party which leads in the count to-morrow night is practically assured of Rhode Island's electoral vote in Ex-Congressman Turner, of New York, one of the visiting Democratic statesmen

Why Pennsylvania Is Unpopular,

For thirty years or more the political system of Pennsylvania has been a byword and reproach in the eyes of honest men all over "We care nothing for the paltry State offices to be filled, but we do want to add anthe Union. Members from every State have the Union. Members from every State have asked me how we can be free men of Pennsylvania, living as we do under boss rule. The dictator controls our legislative bills. Some he sees fit to pass, and the others die the death. Think of this tremendous power in the hands of one man. The emoust power in the hands of one man. The immortal Lincoln said we are a Government of the people, for the people, and by the people. In God's name, fellow citizens, are we not a Government of the boss, for the boss, and by the boss. Stranger that I am to you, I want to say that no man in the past 25 years has been Speaker of the Pennsylvania Legislature save by the grace of Matthew Stanley Quay. other New England State, even though its electoral vote be small, to the column of the National Democracy. If Candidate Wardwell leads Candidate Brown by a fair pluralisy we will be satisfied, and there are many contingencies in which the Rhod Island vote might decide a Presidental election. It would nearly offset the loss of West Virginia, in case the Republicans should happen to break the solid South at that point. In the event, which is barely possible, that the Demberacy should at-

The speaker then paid his respects to Quay's grip on Federal patronage and the control of placing State money in banks. He continued:

In a neighboring county where they lately had an expression of what they called the voice of the people on the Senatorship, every Postmaster had literature to distribute eulogizing one candidate and abusing the other, both Republicans—one the friend and the other the enemy of the administration. Administration postmasters stabled in the back the administration's friends and leined the administration's renemy. Is helped the administration's enemy. Is there any county where the boss has no the machinery of its primaries under his

A Voice-Warren, I congratulate you, then,

Most First Ask Quay's Consent. Mr. Dalzell-But the Warren County Con vention recently changed its primary rules at the dictation of the boss. If you want the Congressman or a Governor of this State, you must first ask the permission of Quay.

He then spoke of the overthrow of the oss who dictated nominations in 1883 and 1890, and said it was not true, as reported, that he—Dalzell—voted for Pattison, but the could see the handwriting on the wall.

Then Mr. Dalzell, in one of his flowing periods of rhetoric, described the greatness of the State of Pennsylvania, and said that from the State of Pennsylvania, and said that from this State is sent to the Senate Matthew Stanley Quay. Loud and hearty ap-plause greeted the bitter sarcasm of the adwill be most extensively used. The most conservative estimate of the campaign ex- dress.

penditure of both parties is placed at \$100,-

Lead to Explanations and Hard Feelings in New York's Conference.

ANOTHER LIVELY QUARREL

Breaks Out in a Fresh Spot Over Some Cold Cash.

DR. E. M. WOOD SPEAKS OUT.

He Says the Conference Is a Very Close Corporation,

AND BACKS UP TOWNSEND'S CHARGES

PERCHAL TRINGRAM TO THE DISPATCH ! NEW YORK, April 5 .- To-day was a day of explanation at the New York Methodist Conference in the Park Avenue Church, for the ministers and laymen whose names were involved in the scandal brought out the day before. Rev. F. Mason North, concerning whom an anonymous letter was sent to Bowles Colgate, read this declara-

I am informed that the impression has been created in some minds, by statements made yesterday afternoon upon this floor, that I am in some way concerned in or related to a matter which was referred to by Rev. Dr. King as having been reported t him in confidence. I desire to say, in justice to myself, that any statements directly or indirectly implicating me in conduct or reflecting in any way on my character as a Christian minister are without a shadow of foundation in truth. And I call on any person, in or out of Conference, who has knowledge of any facts in my life calling for deference or explanation, to make them public, and to give me the opportunity of refuting any charges derogatory to my reputation as a Christian man.

A Reward of \$1,000 Openly Offered, Dr. North was applauded as he left the stand. Then Rev. Di. Day, of Calvary Church, said he had nothing to do with the Poughkeepsie circular, and had never been in a caucus in his life. He had not taken part in the investigation, but he would give \$1,000 to the Conference to aid in

tracing the anonymous letter. In the afternoon Bowles Colgate, who was put in an unpleasant light by Dr-King's statement, gave his side of the tangle to the Conference. He said he had never heard or known about the papers said to have been abstracted from Dr. King's desk. His sole purpose was to get at the facts regarding the attacks on his triend, Dr. North. He had employed an expert in handwriting only to confirm con-clusions aiready reached, and had never employed detectives.

A Lively Row Over Cash.

In the Newark Conference, assembled in In the Newark Conference, assembled in Morristown, Rev. Lewis R. Dunn, of East Orange, who was put on the supernumerary list of pastors on Monday night, applied at that time for \$300 from the fund raised for the benefit of broken-down ministers. The request was referred, with similar ones, to the Board of Stewards. When they reported the beneficiaries Mr. Dunn's name was not on the list. In the discussion which followed it was intimated that no pastor should ask for money so long as he was able to work. No names were mentioned, but Mr. Dunn stepped out in front of the conference and said:

I know to whom all these remarks refer. The meanness, the narrowness, the little ness of this body in this matter are disgustness of this body in this matter are disgusting. I have been for 51 years a member of this Conference, and not a man in it has done more faithful or better work. I have raised hundreds—yes, thousands—of dollars for it, and now when I ask you for this little claim to tide me over an emergency you refuse it. I have never asked for a cent before, and I never would have again. But now, I will not have my name dragged before you, nor will I take a dollar of your money. I love you, brothers, with a few exceptions, but I feel that I have been stabbed in the back by some of you.

in the back by some of you. He Bad His Say, Anyway.

No sooner were the words out of his mouth than nearly the whole Conference sprang to its feet with shouts of "No!" "Sit down!" "Make him sit

Rev. Mr. Van Horn, of Newark, who sat on a front seat, walked toward Mr. Dunn and shouted: "Take that back! Take that

Mr. Dunn did not take it back, but walked to his seat, remarking: "I've had my say, anyway. Mr. Dunn was so much overcome by

emotion that when he had taken his seat he broke down. Then everyone telt sorry, and amid a storm of praise for his career as a preacher the \$300 was raised by private subscription, Rev. T. H. Landon starting it

When Mr. Dunn discovered what was going on he jumped up and exclaimed, "I am no pauper," but when Rev. Mr. Brody, the church, "Shut up!" he did so, and gratefully accepted the money.

GOVERNED BY A RING.

Dr. E. M. Wood Declares the Methodist Conference Is Controlled by a Combination-Bright Men Not in the Clique Forced Into the Background - Townsend's Assertions Indorsed.

The attack of Prof. Luther T. Townsend. of Boston, oh the political craftsmen alleged to be at work in the Methodist Church, an account of which was printed exclusively in yesterday's DISPATCH, created somewhat of a commotion in Methodist circles in Pittsburg yesterday. Prof. Townsend's charges against certain cliques and combinations in the church were con firmed by Rev. E. M. Wood, D. D., Presi-

dent of the Duquesne College. Dr. Wood was at first slow to discuss the subject, but under fire of pointed questions he first referred to his own experience in the church, and then with tears in his eyes he told of his son being driven from the Methodist Church to that of another denomination.

Refused to Ruin His Boy's Career.

In 1874 Dr. Wood was pastor of Trinity Methodist Church, of this city. His son, then a remarkably bright boy, was in the High School. By a combination, which the doctor considered unfriendly to him, he was assigned to an obscure charge in Greene county. He refused to go there and he was tried for rebellion. He argued at the trial tried for rebellion. He argued at the trial that his son was in the High School preparing for the ministry, and he contended that it would be unfair and cruel to take the boy from his studies. The Conference relieved The son was graduated, went through Yale and finally entered the ministry in the

Pittsburg Conference. The young minister, Dr. Wood says, could find no place in which to preach, and the young man finally left the church and connected himself with the Congrega-tional church, of Detroit, Mich. He is now in charge of Plymouth Church, in that city, at a salary of \$2,000 a year, and his congregation numbers 1,800. Continuing, Dr. Wood said: A Ring in the Methodist Conference.

I believe that Dr. Smith's article was need essly severe on Dr. Townsend, a man whom regard as vastly the superior of Dr. Smith in almost every worthy item which could be named. That there has been a combination, a ring, composed substantially of the same persons, about 10 or 12 in number, who

same persons, about 10 or 12 in number, who have striven to control the Pittsburg Conference during the past 10 or 15 years ought not to be denied by any person who regards the truth and has observed the conference proceedings. That this control has been managed to secure mainly their own advancement is also as certainly true. And that these persons for the most part, to state it as fully as the truth will allow, have not more than average ability, and that they have not more than average success is a very liberal statement of the facts.

That they have resorted to unjustifiable means to accomplish their purpose is believed by many. They have undoubtedly counted of little weight objections which have been urged against any of their own party, but have estimated no graver faults against the opposing party as serious and fatal obstacles against their advancement. They have brought serious and many charges against their brethren, and have notably failed to prove them, thus disturbing the peace of the church and prejudicing the church against their brethren in their appointments. There are plenty of proofs to establish what I say.

Young Men Lost to the Church.

Young Men Lost to the Church. As to my son leaving the M. F. Church and going into the Congregational Church, this was to me a most painful matter, not that I do not regard that church very highly, for the opposite is the truth. But when I had spent all my time and money and heart's de-sire on him, hoping that he would, in spite sire on him, hoping that he would, in spite of all that he had known himself as having occurred in the Pittsburg Conference, still remain in the church of my ancestors, and now to hand him over to another denomination, was a deep trial to me. We are losing many of our best young men, and I honestly believe it is to be charged largely to these matters of church management.

ly believe it is to be charged largely to these matters of church management.

As to the points presented in the letter to Dr. Townsend, as I recall them, as I did not keep a copy of the letter, they were as follows: Dr. Smith had charged Dr. Townsend with being unbrotherly and severe toward his brethren in the church. While I believed that Dr. Smith's editorial was more objectionable in this respect, I stated also that I believed there was good ground for Dr. Townsend's criticisms, and that the Pittsburg Conference could furnish painful evidence on the subject, and that it was believed by many that Dr. Smith knew as much about it as any one.

Dr. Smith, editor of the Christian Advocate,

Dr. Smith, editor of the Christian Advocate, against whom Dr. Ward wrote, was not in Pittsburg yesterday when THE DISPATCH reporter called at his office. It was said he had gone to Mr. Union C. d gone to Mt. Union, O.

KILLED, NOT CURED.

Columbus Man Tries the Keely Treatment and Is Now a Corpse-Mysterious Death and More Mysterious Bruises Found on the Corpse-An Investigation Being Made.

COLUMBUS, O., April 5 .- [Special.]-A ensation was created this morning by the discovery that David M. Shoemaker, a local inebriate, had suddenly died at the Chicago liquor and opium cure. There was a report last night that two men were in danger at the cure from strychnine poisoning. The au-thorities, however, deried there was anything wrong, further than the effects of the treatment, which they claimed was similar to the Keely cure. At 2 o'clock Shoemaker died. The body

was hustled out to an undertaking establishment and the Coroner informed. He ordered a post mortem, which developed that the patient had died from fracture of the skull. A deep gash was found on the nose and another on the forehead, the latter causing a fracture of the skull on the

opposite side of the head.

The Coroner is conducting a vigorous investigation at the instance of relatives.

The authorities at the institution state that the bruises may have been caused by rolling the body on the floor, which was done after natural breathing had ceased, in the hope of bringing the patient to life. A prominent physician who was called into he case several hours before Shoemaker died pronounced it a case of strychnine

poisoning.
W. C. Watson, said to be from Chicago, is manager of the institution. No arrests have been made, but it is expected the same will be ordered at the conclusion of the Coroner's inquiry.

TIRED OF MILITARY LIFE.

Lieutenant Backus Notifics His Superior That He Wants to Die.

WASHINGTON, April 5 .- Lieutenant G B. Backus, First United States Cavalry, has informed the War Department that he intends to commit suicide, and asks that his name be stricken from the rolls of the army. It was stated at the Sturtevant House to-day that Lieutenant Backus slept there last night and went out this morning about 9 o'clock. The clerks at the Sturtevant House state that they have observed

no indications of suicidal mania in the Lieutenant's actions. He is still missing. Lieutenant Backus is a Pennsylvanian by birth. He was graduated from the Military Academy in June, 1875, having been ap pointed to that institution from Colorado in 1871. He was assigned to the First Cavalry in 1875, and served with that regiment on the Pacific coast until 1884, when he was transferred to Fort Keogh, Mont., where his company is now stationed.

A GIRL'S HORRIBLE SUICIDE

She Goes Out to Gather Eggs, but Cuts Her Throat With a Razor.

EAST LIVERPOOL, April 5 .- [Special.] Sadie Smith, daughter of John W. Smith living near Highlandtown, 12 miles from this city, cut her throat last night with a razor. She had gone to the barn for eggs. Her continued absence caused her mother to send a little brother to tell her to come to the house.

The screams of the little fellow called the mother to the barn, and Sadie was found lying on some straw with her throat cut from ear to ear with her father's razor in her hands. She was only 18 years old. No reason has yet been found why she took her

A GLASS SURPRISE.

Window Glass Houses to Shut Down Month Earlier Than Usual,

CHICAGO, April 5 .- [Special.]-A meeting of window glass manufacturers was held at the Auditorium to-day, great secrecy being observed as to the business transacted. None of the names of those present could be learned, but it is known that it was decided to shut down for the usual summer recess May 31 instead of June 31, as has nitherto been the custom. There is a strong belief that this action will be resented b the employes, and it is not at all unlikely that trouble may result in consequence.

A WHOLE COMMAND MASSACRED.

The Latest Phase of the Petty War France

. Is Carrying on in Africa. ST. LOUIS, SENEGAL, April 5.-It is re orted here that the members of Captain Menard's expedition have been massacred by Samory, the native potentate of the Upper Niger, whose resenting of French interference in his territory in the Soudar has already led to several battles between his forces and the French column under Saxton said he had examined it and found command of Colonel Humbert., The natives have been defeated in al these engagements heretofore, and at last reports Samory was retreating in the direc-tion of Farabata.

Their Principles, While on the Stand They TELL A DIFFERENT TALE.

Madrid Police Manage Them Better Than Paris Authorities.

SPANISH ANARCHISTS ARE COWED

And Only Foreigners Fresh From France and Portugal Plot Now.

ENGLAND QUITE A REFUGE FOR THEM

MADRID, April 5. - The excitement caused by the attempt made yesterday to blow up the building in which the Cortes meets, does not abate. On the contrary, as further particulars of the attempted outrage are earned the public becomes more indignant, and many threats are indulged in. Comparisons are made with the Paris police, who, it is said here, only arrested the Anarchists there from whom they had reseived considerable damage with their ex-

It was thought that after the execution of the four Anarchists at Xeres the members of that party would see that the Spanish Government, was not inclined to deal with people of that class with half measures. It is believed these executions did have the desired effect, as far as Spanish Anarchists are concerned, and that the subsequent troubles were due to agitators from foreign countries. This idea is borne out by the fact that both the men arrested yesterday in the very act of attempting to blow up the Parliamentary buildings were foreigners, one a Frenchman and the other a Portu-

Legislating Against the Anarchists.

The Government is fully alive to the de nands of the occasion, and the bill providng that the death penalty shall be inflicted upon persons convicted of using explosives for unlawful purposes will be pushed through as rapidly as possible. Some little dissatisfaction is expressed in political circles here that England declines to enter into an international agreement declaring Anarchists to be pirates and subjecting them to the same punishment provided for pirates; but it is held that, with the knowledge that death will speedily follow conviction of the unlawful use of dynamite or other explosives, the Anarchists will give Spain wide beath. This thought have that the a wide berth. It is thought here that the Anarchists have been allowed too much latitude in spreading the tenets of their be lief, and that henceforth the Government should hunt them as wild beasts, to be de-stroyed on sight.

The two men arrested yesterday were ar-raigned for examination to-day before a po-lice magistrate. The Frenchman gave his name as Jean Marie Delboche, and the Portuguese gave his as Manuel Ferreira.

The Prisoners Glory in Their Deeds. They both gloried in admitting that they were Anarchists, and boasted that they were important agents of the central Anarchis organization. After his arrest Delboche was examined last night at the Ministry of the Interior. He was very violent, and in-stead of replying to the questions put to him he argued and declaimed, enforcing his words with heavy blows of his fist upon a table. He denounced in the most violent words all form of government as unjust and oppressive, and declared in substance that every man should be allowed to follow his own inclinations, with no regard to others and that the Anarchists sought to attain thi end by the use of dynamite. Reason did not enter into his argument in any form, and his words were those of a man whose mind is taken up with the idea of destruction to the exclusion of all thought as to the final

consequences.

The Chief of Police, who had him is charge, vainly tried to still the current of his invective. Finally the prisoner became so demonstrative that it was found necessary to place heavy manacles upon him.

The Defense Is Rather Contradictory. The defense the prisoner made to-day be fore the magistrate was ludicrous. Both of face of their prethem protested, in the vious statements, that they were perfectly innocent of any attempt to destroy either life or property. Delboche declared that he knew nothing whatever of the bomb that had been found in his possession, and this declaration was made despite the fact that papers found on the prisoners showed that they were engaged in a conspiracy to blow up the Chamber of Deputies, the Senate Chamber, the Royal Palace, the Bank of Spain and other public buildings. Ferreira was not quite so professedly ig-

norant as his companton. He admitted that he knew he was carrying a bomb, but de-nied any criminal intention. This was the only defense the prisoner made. The prisoners were held for trial.

On the conclusion of the examination the police made a raid upon an Anarchist club and arrested 12 of its members. They and arrested 12 of its members. They seized a number of documents and several black and red flags. Among the spoils were a number of disguises, which it is supposed were to be used in carrying out dynamite outrages. A bomb exploded in a street in Valencia to-day. Nobody was hurt. A box of dynamite has been seized in Malagana. n Malagua.

England as a Refuge for Anarchists. In the British House of Commons to-day, the expulsion of Anarchists from France, and et that they were excluded from other European countries, and partly from the United States under the alien law, thus leaving Great Britain their only refuge, the the powers of the authorities to restrict their entry into the country. Secretary Matthews said he was not aware that France had expelled the Anarchists. It it is prob-able that any of that class would attempt to some to England the Government would ask for the necessary powers to prevent them.

The latest advices from Madrid say three more Anarchists have been arrested. The total number of prisoners is now 13. Delboche, when arraigned before a magistrate to-day, repeated his fanatical harangue. Ferreira was reticent and despondent. The noted Italian Aparchist, Malatesta, was recently in Madrid but is now hiding in Galicia

NEW YORK'S GERRYMANDER. It Gives Democrats 21 of the 34 New Dis-

ALBANY, N. Y., April 5 .- The bill providing for an apportionment of the counties of the State into new Congressional districts passed the Senate to-night. The Democratic leader, Senator Cantor, replying to criticisms of the bill, said the new ar rangement was a fair one, whereupon Mr.

on the basis of the last Congressional vote that 21 districts would be Democratic and



APRIL STRICTLY IN IT.

16.4/16/10 21 Democratic districts 17, or 80 101 Jortained less than 176,000, while a. The publican districts contained over the average population of the Dec. State of the Rep. The districts 183,000. This did not look ver, uch like fairness.

TROUBLE FOR HOSTETTER.

FOUR MORE SUITS, AGGREGATING \$1,510,000, AGAINST HIM.

Papers Were Served on Him at the Union Station in Baltimore While En Route to Florids-The Cases Connected With a Railroad Deal.

BALTIMORE, April 5.- Four actions of amages, aggregating \$1,510,000, have been instituted in the Superior Court against D. Herbert Hostetter, the bitters manufacturer of Pittsburg. Those bringing the suits and the respective amounts claimed are as follows: George M. Jewett, trustee, \$300,000; William Gilmore, and John Henry Miller, \$200,000; John Henry Miller, \$500,000, and Winfield J. Eaylor, trustee of the Transportation and Terminal Company, of Baltimore, \$510,000. Mr. Jewett is the President of the Deer Creek and Susquehanna Railroad Company, and Mr. Gilmore is President of the Baltimore and Lehigh Railroad Company.

The suit, it is understood, was brought to ecover certain securities in accordance with settlement between the plaintiffs and Hostetter. The agreement, it is said, was the result of a deal in stocks. The notices of suits were served on Mr.

Hostetter at Union station while he was on his way to Florida from his home. It was learned that Mr. Hostetter would visit Florida, and the suits at law were brought in the Superior Court in order to catch him while en route.

AFRAID OF STAGE DRAUGHTS. Why Casino Chorus Girls Object to Being

NEW YORK, April 5 .- [Special.]-There

is trouble in the Casino chorus over Stage Director Conried's order about contumes for the forthcoming comic opera, "Child of Fortune." The scene of the opera is laid in Scotland, and half the chorus girls are lassies and laddies. The latter will wear kilts. Stage Director Cunried aroused a storm of feminine protests by insisting that the girls who impersonate Highland laddies should wear the regulation Highlander costume. This will require stockings that just cover the leg to the knee cap, revealing about 5 inches of bare limbs. The girls said that while the effect might

be picturesque, the stage draughts would surely give them rheumatism, and they have appealed to Manager Aronson to have the order rescinded. Manager Aronson has not yet answered their petition.

TO FREE HARRY FLANN.

His Wife and Her Mother Pleading for

Pardon at Washington WASHINGTON, April 5 .- [Special.]-Mrs. Colonel Kilgore and Mrs. Harry Flann, of Pittsburg, are here for the purpose of securing if possible the release of Harry Flann, who was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary for looting the Marine National Bank of Pittsburg. Mr. Flann has served about three years of his term. Colonel W. A. Stone presented the ladies to Representative Dalzell and Senator Quay, who heard their prayers, and with Colonel Stone will present the matter to the Attorney General.

LOOKING FOR A ST. LAWRENCE FLOOD. Floating Lake Ice Likely to Cause a Disastrons Deluge at Mortreal.

MONTREAL, April 5 .- The St. Lawrence continues to rise and there are grave fears of a flood. The lake ice has still to come down, and its arrival is looked for with much anxiety. The water is now within a few inches of the level of Commission street and is slowly rising. Merchants are clearing goods from their cellars in anticirepetition of the flood of 1887. At Hochelga some of the large cotton mills are said to be flooded to-night, and all hands have been summoned, in order to pre

A TORNADO AT THE FAIR.

pare for the emergencies.

Half of Memorial Hall Wrecked and Tw Policemen Nearly Killed. CHICAGO, April 5.-The Illinois State building, at the World's Fair grounds, was struck by a small tornado to-day. The lower half of Memorial Hall was wrecked. The loss is between \$10,000 and \$20,000. Two policemen near by were nearly killed.

THIS MORNING'S NEWS.

Lively Tilts Among Methodists.....

The Guessing on Little Rhody.

Spain Suppressing the Avarchists....... A Revolution at Honolulu..... Child Crazed by Playmates..... Washington News and Social Gossip.

Burrows Assalis Crisp......
The Chinese Bill Denounced......
Lightner's Washington Letter....
First Test of the Baker Law..... Sporting Chat and Happenings...... Still Bunting the Moonshiners............ Political Straws From Everywhere...... The Oil Scout's Field News.....

REBS IN HONOLULU

THREE CENTS.

Threaten to Overthrow the Government and Establish a Republic or

JOIN THE UNITED STATES.

The Hawaiian Army of Fifty Men Not in the Very Best Shape

TO OVERCOME THE REVOLUTION.

Nightly Meetings of the Malcontents Held on the Islands.

THE QUEEN NEVER STIRS UNGUARDED

PETECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. SAN FRANCISCO, April 5 .- Private letters from Honolulu show that revolution is in the air, and that an attempt will soon be made by a large body of natives, headed by a half-breed, Robert Wilcox, to overthrow the present Government and establish either a republic or secure annexation to the United States. There has been much talk recently, but it was only the day before the steamer sailed that the authorities became

alarmed and began to barricade the palace. Wilcox, who is half Italian, half Kanaka, and who was sent to Italy for education in a military school, has been a sorehead for years. When he returned from Italy he was given a commission in the Hawaiian army, but he proved refractory and was degraded. Then he swore revenge. The revolution which he headed four years ago proved a fiasco because of insufficient preparation and the fact that the white rifle corps under Colonel Ashnord protected Kalakaua. One of the humorous features of the revolt was that the insurgents were dislodged from a corner of the royal palace which they had seized by dynamite bombs that were hurled into their stronghold by & San Francisco baseball pitcher.

Men-of-War Prevent an Outbreak.

Wilcox, after a short imprisonment, was released. He has been actively working to stir up discontent ever since. On Kalakaua's death they thought their opportuity had come, but the presence of American and British men-of-war prevented any outbreak,

Now for several months it has been known that the natives have been gathering arms and ammunition, which have been smuggled into the country like opium. Recently a swift-sailing schooner was seen off the Hawaiian coast, and soon atter several bands of revolutionists in Honolulu dis-played Winchesters and other repeating rifles and boasted that they had a good stock of ammunition. Honolulu is overrun with revolutionists

who have come from other islands, and meetings are held nightly. On Sunday, March 27, a big meeting was held, and the proceedings were so violent that the Queen became alarmed and the order was given to barricade the palace. When it was seen next day that a sensation was caused by the barricade, it was ordered removed, and the explanation was made that it was maneuvers

by the palace guard.

The Queen used to go about like any her subjects, but now she never stirs with-out a guard. The only thing which pre-vents an immediate attack on the palace and the overthrow of the hated ministry is the presence of the United States ships San

Francisco and Iroquois. An Insignificant Army for Defense,

On the night before the steamer Australia sailed. March 28, a big force of men was engaged piling sacks of sand to make breast-works around the royal palace. Sentinels have been doubled, but these precautions will be of small service in case of attack, as the entire Hawaiian army consists of only 50 men.

From good authority it is learned that Admiral Brown has prepared and mounted all available guns on the cruiser San Francisco, ready to send them ashore and place them in the American consulate grounds. It is also understood that the Admiral sent a long cipher message to the Secretary of the Navy, which was to be telegraphed from 'Frisco on the arrival of the steamer. It is supposed to be a request that the San Francisco be allowed to remain at Hono-lulu, and that the American squadron be

strengthened.
The British gunboat Pheasant has left Honolulu for Bering Sea, much to the dis-gust of English residents. The Iroquois, it was expected, would sail soon for 'Frisco for repairs, but she will probably not leave until after the arrival of the next mail There are many cases of fever on board.

NO MONEY TO PAY BILLS.

Uncle Sam's Cash Balance in the Treasury Short Once More.

WASHINGTON, April 5 .- [Special.]-There is a shortage of available cash in the Treasury again, and the disbursing officers have received instructions to defer payments upon all judgments by the Court of Claims until the expiration of the three months' period, during which the Government has the a right of appeal.

A Southern member of Congress went to the Treasury Department to-day to urge the payment of certain direct tax claims which have been passed upon favorclaims which have been passed upon favorably by the Court of Claims. He was met with the statement that the Secretary had issued instructions to hold back the payment of all such claims until the three months' period had expired. This was very unsatisfactory news to the member of Congress, who endeavored to have the order revoked, so far as his constituents are concerned. He made a strong appeal in their behalf, but it was useless. It is understood several other Congressmen have had similar experience at the Treasury Department. experience at the Treasury Department

STRUCK DUMB BY LIGHTNING.

Brewery Employe.

Sr. Louis, April 5 .- [Special.]-Fred Eberhardt, of East St. Louis, was struck by lightning yesterday afternoon, as he was passing through the doorway of a brewery where he is employed. The bolt struck him on top of his head and passed down through his right side to his feet, tearing the sole from the shoe. The flash momentarily blinded him, and he was so shocked by the electric current which passed over his body that he stood for some time as if

when he had partly recovered his composure and attempted to call to the other workmen in the brewery, he found to his amazement that he was unable to utter a sound. He had been struck speechless. He was assisted to his home, and it was some time before he recovered from his dazed condition, but to-day he is apparently 9 well as ever, with the exception that he is still unable to speak. His hearing was not in the least impaired. He is unable to