ALIKE.

NOT TREATED

Uncle Sam's Adherence to a Bargain

With England Not Imitated.

TEST OF A NEW RAPID-FIRING GUN

That Is Expected to Beat Anything of the

Kind Ever Made.

FORTY TARIFF SPEECHES ARE BOOKED

WASHINGTON, March 11 .- The two Brit-

sh vessels seized in Bering Sea last year

for violating the terms of the modus vi-

vendi, and turned over to the British au-

thorities for prosecution under the agree-ment, are said to be among the vessels that have already started for the sealing grounds.

These vessels are the Otto and E. B. Mar-

win. So tar as known the British Govern-

ment has not even instituted proceedings

against them. On the other hand, the La Nimfa and Ethel, two American vessels

seized for exactly the same offense, were libeled and condemned by the United States

Courts. The four vessels named were the

only ones seized last year for illegal sealing,

and there was considerable adverse com-ment in official circles to-day in regard to

the radically different action of the two

governments in a matter in which, at the

ime, they were supposed to be in full ac-

The Bering Sea question was again considered at to-day's meeting of the Cabinet,

sidered at to-day's meeting of the Cabinet, but in the absence of any reply from Lord Salisbury in regard to a renewal of the modus vivendi, it is understood no action was taken. Secretaries Blaine, Foster and Noble were the absentees. The session was shorter than usual, and at its close a member said, in reply to an inquiry on the subject, that there were no new developments in the Bering Sea matter.

SENATOR BRICE MAKES A BREAK.

He Grants Ploor Privileges to a Man Not

Entitled to Them.

WASHINGTON, March 11 .- [Special.]-

Senator Brice unintentionally violated the

rules of the Senate, yesterday, and when

his attention was called to the fact he po-

littly made due reparation. J. M. Ashley, of Toledo, who was a member of the House

of Representatives many years ago, and distinguished himself by making the motion to impeach the late President Andrew Johnson, came upon the floor of the Senate chamber as the guest of Senator Brice. The rules of the Senate do not admit ex-Representatives to the floor, so Senator Brice was quite annoyed when he learned that his friend was non persona grata, so far as the

riend was non persona grata, so far as the

Mr. Asbley was having a pleasant chat on the Republican side of the chamber, with several Senators, but when Senator Brice informed him that he was violating the

NEARLY FORTY TARIFF SPEECHES

Already Listed for the Edification of the

Parties and the Country.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—[Special.]— Thus far the little black book in which the

names of members who signify to the

Speaker their intention to speak on any topic are inscribed shows a list of 36 mem-

bers of the House who have remarks to

make on the tariff question. There are a

number of other members who intend to

speak on the subject of the tariff who have

not put their names down, and the list in-

cludes only two or three names of members of the Ways and Means Committee, of which

of New Jersey, who proposes to address himself to the subject of jute bagging.

FRIENDS OF PENSIONS ANGRY.

The Night Sessions of the House Producing

Nothing at All.

WASHINGTON, March 11 .- The third

night session which the House has had for

the consideration of pension bills far ex-

ceeded its two predecessors—not in regard to the amount of business transacted, but in

regard to the lack of decorum shown by the

few members in attendance. If the previous

sessions have been characterized as comedies, to-night's performance might well be placed in the category of farces. A point of no quorum, a call of the House, a tedious wait, and that was all.

wait, and that was all.

This is the third pension evening when
the House has adjourned without enacting
a single pension bill, and the friends of pension legislation are indignant. They state
that if there is another recurrence of this
fact they will make an earnest endeavor to

repeal the rule which requires the House to adjourn at 10:30, and will insist on the

House remaining in session until adjournment is ordered by a majority. At 10:30 o'clock the farce, which had degenerated into a pantomime, closed and the House ad-

SPREAD OF CATTLE DISEASE .

Prevalence in England.

WASHINGTON, March 11.-Much uneasi

WASHINGTON, March 11.—Much uneasiness is felt by American stock owners, and particularly by Secretary Rusk, on account of a serious outbreak of foot and mouth disease in Great Britain. Many sheep are imported into the United States from Great Britain, and, as these animals are subject to the contagion of foot and mouth disease, it is feared that it will be introduced by them into the United States in spite of the quarantibe now enforced.

by them into the United States in spite of the quarantihe now enforced.

If the disease continues to prevail in Great Britain it will no doubt be necessary, it is said, for the Government of the United States to entirely prohibit the introduction of cattle, sheep, goats and swine, until the outbreak has been completely suppressed. This disease does not exist on the American continent and it would be a national calcul-

continent, and it would be a national calamity to have it introduced, as every animal that is in the least exposed to it becomes diseased.

LIBERALITY TO TERRITORIES.

Those Now Applying for Sisterhood Receiv

WASHINGTON, March 11.-The House

Committee on Territories to-day finished

the consideration of Delegate Joseph's bill

the consideration of Delegate Joseph's bill to enable the people of New Mexico to form a Constitution and State Government, so that the Territory may be admitted into the Union as a State. A number of important amendments have been made to the bill. The committee dealt very liberally with the Territory in the matter of the public lands. One of the amendments adopted gives the Territory one-ninth of all the public lands (except mineral) for school purposes. The usual amount allowed for this purpose includes every sixteenth and thirty-sixth section. Another amendment was adopted granting 500,000 acres for technical and scientific schools and asylums for the deaf, dumb and blind. The bill will, no doubt, be favorably reported to the House.

The House Committee on Territories today began the consideration of Delegate Smith's bill to provide for the admission of the Territory of Arizona as a State.

More Lighthouses for the Lakes

WASHINGTON, March 11. — Senstor
Dolph, from the Committee on Commerce,

Feared by Secretary Busk, Owing to

he soon tound an opportunity to

John Good, New York: American Manufacturing Company, New York: George Pooley, Buffalo, N. Y.; New Bedford Cordage Company, Massachusetts: Boston Cordage Company, Boston: Standard Cordage Company, Boston: Day Cordage Company, Boston: Day Cordage Company, Boston: Suffold Cordage Company, Boston: Suffold Cordage Company, Maine; William Decring Twine Factory, Hilmois: Peoria Cordage Company, Ullinois: Peoria Cordage Company, Chio; Field Cordage Company, Ohio; Field Cordage Company, Chio; Ohio Cordage Company, Ohio; Hanover Cordage Company, Pennsylvania; John Rineck's Sons, Easton, Pa.; Thomas Jackson's Sons, Reading, Pa.

These concerns were purchased by the

These concerns were purchased by the payment of part cash and part stock in the National Company. In some cases a mortgage on the plant was given as a portion of the purchase price. In many cases it is said that the owners of cordage plants obtained prices for their property considerably above the actual valuation.

Concerns Outside the Trust.

Three of the largest and most powerful concerns could not be induced to sell to the trust, although big offers were made to them. These concerns are: Edwin Fitler & Co., of Philadelphia; Pearson Cordage Company, of Boston, and the Plymouth Cordage Company of Plymouth, Mass. During the last few months three new concerns have been started, and they are also outside of the trust.

The trust declared over \$1,000,000 in dividends last year, although cordage dealers

dends last year, although cordage dealers say it was a bad year for cordage makers, and the product sold for some time below actual cost. Light is expected to be thrown

on this subject during the trial of the case, which will come up March 28 before the Chancellor, on argument to show cause why the injunction should not be made perma-

A BELGIAN MINE HORROR.

POSSIBLY 200 MEN KILLED BY A FIRE

DAMP EXPLOSION.

Men Were at Work-Many Burned and

Mangled Bodies Already Recovered by

BRUSSELS, BELGIUM, March 11 .- Fire

damp exploded to-day in the Anderluis col-

liery, near Charlervi. The explosion oc-

curred this morning in a gallery 400 feet below the surface. Here were working 270 men. The ground for a large area in the vicinity of the colliery rocked and trembled for several seconds.

Houses were shaken to their foundations, windows were loudly rattled and smashed

and crockery and other articles were thrown about and broken.

about and broken.

Almost every family in the place had a relative or friend among the men employed

in the mine. The scene around the pit soon became one of great excitement and anguish,

Arrangements were quickly completed for making a thorough search of all the cham-

bers and galleries in the mine, and the first batch of rescuers were lowered down

the shaft. The men at the windlasses at length brought to the surface the limp and black forms of from 30 to 40 of the unfortunates. All the victims were either dead or badly injured. A great sheet of flame must have swept through the mine as the bair baserie and

through the mine, as the hair, beards and eyelashes of all had been completely burned

off, and their bodies were horribly burned.

The large force of gendarmes which had
been hurried to the scene when the authorities learned of the disaster were almost

unable to cope with the unreasoning crowd, and it was only with
the greatest difficulty that they
were able to force a passage. Of the men
thus far brought out of the mine alive only
a few are likely to recover. In every instance the unfortunate men were bruised,
tors and burned in a dreadful manner, and

torn and burned in a dreadful manner, and

were also prostrated by inhaling the deadly

gas.
The noxious gases, which still prevail in

the mine owing to the ventilator being de-stroyed by the explosion, thus cutting off

all means of furnishing pure air, greatly re-

tarded the work of the rescuing parties, and there is the constant danger of another ex-plosion as fatal as the first one. It is feared

that the total number of victims will

CLEVELAND INTERVIEWED.

The Ex-President Favors an Entirely Nev

Tariff Bill, but Is Willing to Accept

What Revision Can Be Had-Hopes for

BALTIMORE, MD., March 11.-Ex-Presi

dent Grover Cleveland expressed views

about national polities to-day to a reporter

of the Baltimore Sun at Spesutia Island,

Md., where Mr. Cleveland had come to

"What, in your opinion," he was asked,

"should be the main issue of the Demo-

eratic party in appealing to the voters of

"All evidence," replied the ex-President

"of what the people want and what they ex-

pect of the party, would seem clearly to in-dicate that tariff reform must be the issue if

we are to go into a winning fight."
"What do you consider the best plan of attacking the tariff in Congress?"
"My idea has been that a general bill would be the best method, but I am willing to deler to those who are on the ground and who have the battle in Congress to fight. I hope the Springer free wool bill will pass, and am also in favor of any other measure which will lighten the burden of taxation now resting mon the

burden of taxation now resting upon the people. In fact, I favor any measure in the direction of tariff reform.

"What are the prospects of the Democratic party's ultimate success?"

"I have but one opinion on the subject.

If the party is true to itself, true to its principles and fulfills its pledges to the peo-ple, it cannot fail."

AN OLD STYLE ROUND-UP.

Iwo Wolves Break Away From an Army

of 9,500 Illinois People.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., March 11 .- There

was a grand wolf hunt of the old-fashioned

'round-up" order in Hudson and adjacent

townships in the Northern portion of this (McLean) county to-day. The prairie wolves have not abandoned the thickets and underbrush of the hills which skirt the

underbrush of the hills which skirt the Mackinaw river, and often raid the pig pens and poultry yards of the farmers on the open laids. Two weeks ago a grand round-up was held in Hudson township, in which 800 people took part, many of whom were mounted, and the heroine of which was Miss Stella Morrow, a pretty young lady of Hudson, who ran a wolf to ground, when her hounds killed him.

Fifteen hundred people participated in the sport to-day and 50 hounds were under leash. Men, women and children were in lines coming from McLean, Woodford and Tarwell counties. No firearms were permitted. Two wolves were surrounded, but both broke through a weak segment of the circle, and were pursued by horsemen and

circle, and were pursued by horsemen and hounds. One was overtaken and killed

after a hot chase of six miles. It is proba-ble the other was also killed, as a veteran wolf hunter with his pack of dogs was in

FELL DEAD AT A FUNERAL

The Victim Laid Out in Her Pew Until the

Services Are Over.

TRENTON, N. J., March 11.-There was a

ragic scene in St. Mary's Cathedral to-day

during the funeral of one of the parishioners.

The services were about half through when

The services were about half through when a gasp was heard from a seat near the altar, and Mrs. Patrick Lanigan fell over on the pew dead. Heart disease was the cause. There was considerable commotion, which the pastor finally quieted, and the services proceeded, Mrs. Lanigan's remains being laid in the pew where she died till the funeral left the church.

GEORGE ALFRED TOWNSEND send

Here are the concerns which were gobbled up by the National Company:

The Lawrence Rope Works, New York; and Attorney General Miller.

amount to nearly 200.

shoot ducks.

the Rescuers.

TRUSTS IN TROUBLE.

The Cordage Combine Called

on to Defend Its Exist-

ence in Court.

VERY PECULIAR HISTORY

Of a Combination That Has Had It

Own Way a Long Time.

HOW IT MANIPULATED A MARKET

And Maintained Prices While It Kept Down

the Eaw Material.

A SERIES OF BROKEN-UP CONTRACTS

NEW YORK, March 11. - Some inside facts

relating to the methods of the Cordage

Trust have just leaked out that may be of

value to the Federal authorities, who are

reported to be seeking evidence that

will warrant proceedings against the directors of the National Cordage Com-

pany similar to those instituted against

the officials of the Whisky Trust. The dis-

closures are the outcome of a suit brought

by one of the stockholders of the Elizabeth-

port Cordage Company, one of the four firms which originated the Cordage Trust. The suit bring in question the legality of the deal between the Elizabethport Cordage Company and the National Cordage Company, and endangers the charter of both corporations.

porations.
Internal dissensions have now made it

possible to obtain evidence which will show that the National Cordage Company has bought up nearly all of the cordage estab-lishments in the United State, has advanced

the price of rope and twine, and at the same time kept down the price of bemp, manipu-

lated the stock market, and, in fact, created

a monopoly whose operations are in re-straint of trade and violate the laws of the

State of New Jersey and the statutes of the

History of the Cordage Trust.

The history of the formation of the Cord-age Trust and of the methods employed to

age Trust and of the methods employed to extend its operations has never been told in print. The details were kept as secret as possible, as the success of the combine depended largely upon the ability of the manacers to hoodwink the general public. The National Cordage Company was formed five years ago, by uniting four big cordage manufacturing concerns of this city and vicinity. They were the Elizabethport Cordage Company, at the head of which was E. M. Fulton, St., to whose energy and brains is largely due the building up of the National Company; the firm of I. Waterbury & Co., the head of which is J. M. Waterbury, now the President of the

Waterbury, now the President of the ordage Trust, and its chief manager since fr. Fulton has retired; the well-known of William Wall's Sons, and the

Theker & Carter Cordage Company,
These were known as the "Big Four" of
the cordage combine. After uniting to form
the National Company, they proceeded to
organize a trust under the first form this
product of modern financiering assumed.
The National Company issued trust certificates to all concerns that could be induced to take it. It exit in vine conducts

duced to join it. It got in nine cordage companies scattered throughout the coun-

ry. The National controlled the plants of hese concerns and increased or decreased

Manipulations of the Combine.

Sceing the necessity of tying up the com-panies not in the combine, the National

made contracts with a majority of them with the object of getting control of prices and, above all, control of hemp. As all of the hemp used in this

country is imported, it is subject to specu-

ation, and the managers of the Trust at-

tempted to keep down the price of the raw material, while at the same time they ad-

vanced the price of the manufactured pro-

These operations raised a storm of object

tions about the heads of the manipulators,

and it was decided to change the trust to a corporation. This was done by taking out a charter in New Jersey and increasing the capital stock to \$15,000,000,ot which \$5,000,-

000 was preferred and \$10,000,000 com-mon stock. The common stock was exchanged for the trust certifi-cate, the National Company becoming the

owner of the factories and other property

panies, and these concerns parting with their plant for blocks of common stock.

The bulk of this common stock was placed in a pool and manipulated for the benefit of

all concerned by certain members of the Board of Directors of the National Com-

How Stock Prices Were Maintained. The preferred stock was placed on the market and sold at about par, on the under-

standing that it was to come in ahead of any obligation which the company could assume. The price of this stock has been

naintained by the repeated declaration that was a first lies on all dividends and assets

of the company. There is a rumor on the street that this obligation has not been

After a time it was found that the system

of contracts with outside cordage manu-facturers did not work satisfactorily. The

company accordingly broke these contracts, telling the other side to go where they pleased. There were over 20 of these con-

racts. Most of the concerns sued the com-

pany and some of the suits are still pending. The answer of the National Cordage Com-

pany to one of these suits is unique. It claims that the contract is null and void on

the ground that it was made in restraint of trade and for the sole purpose of controlling the output of binder twine, and hence an il-legal contract though couched in legal terms.

This frank admission is made by the National Company in its answer to the suit

of the Field Cordage Company of Xenia, O., and the funniest part of the business is

the fact that the National Company re-cently purchased the entire plant of the Field Company, but by an oversight did not include the damage suit among the

The Bemp Market Manipulated.

In order to manipulate the bemp market

the cordage people formed what was called "The Association." The members of this

mysterious body pledged themselves to stand together through the heaviest falls.

They had an understanding with nearly all the hemp brokers in this country and in England, and with the four principal exporters at Manilla and also

principal exporters at Manilla and also those in Yucatan. Their theory was that they would be able to control all of the manilla and sisal fiber which came to this country. The scheme proved a dismal failure. The chief reason that the hemp combination troke was that the members refused to take the fiber at prices put on it by the National Company. This left a large quantity of high priced fiber in the hands of the National, which they were obliged to make into cordage, although they had a big stock of twine held over from the previous year's production.

lous year's production.
Last spring the National people began

negotiations looking to the purchase of cordage establishments on a new plan, and by November last contracts had been

by November last contracts had been made for the purchase or lease of most of the principal concerns in this country. Like the schemes of Colonel Sellers "there were millions in it," and while an enormous outlay was required the establishment of a monopoly would give the manipulators plenty of opportunity to reimburse themselves.

The Concerns That Were Gobbles.

The Concerns That Were Gobbled.

assets purchased.

the product of rope and twine at will.

United States.

A WONDERFUL NEW GUN.

Its Kind.

OHIO RIVER MEN KICK

on the present laws.

An American Pardoned in Germany.

WASHINGTON, March 11 .- The Secretary

f State has received a telegram from the

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

DENTIST-Al man and graduate at once; salar to right man 425 per week; state age and year in practice. F. Stanley, 577 Euclid av., Clevelaud

PROPOSALS.

Soldiers and Sailors' Home,
Erie, Pa., Mayon 13, 1892.

DROPOSALS—SEALED PROPOSALS ARE

invited for six months' supply of coal the Soldiers and Sailors' Home at Erie,

CHOICE PROPERTIES.

Fine Storeroom with cemented cellar.

BLACK & BAIRD,

FOR SALE.

71 Steuben st., West End, city, frame house,

191 and 193 Fourth av., Pittsburg. mh8-55-res

TO LET. BUSINESS

CHANCE,

Corner Wood and Diamond

Now occupied by

CHOICE OFFICES

NEW GERMANIA SAVINGS BANK BUILDING,

Well lighted, most centrally located, all he most modern conveniences and latess mprovements. Possession posițively given April I, 1892. Inquire at

NO. 7 SIXTH AVENUE.

NEW SEVEN-ROOM HOUSES.

Spring

duplicated in this market. Any woman who is seriously concerned about saving money will buy here.

T. M. LATIMER,

138 and 140 Federal Street.

houses. Every home is occupied by the owner. Building is going on in all parts of the city. Homes and storerooms are being erected. A number of the manufactories

A large force of mechanics are at work on the build ings of The Chambers Glass Co.

An investment now, with choice sites to select from and at present prices will soon double in value.

Free tickets given there and return. Salesmen always on the ground.

Rooms 30, 32 and 34, No. 96 Fourth Avenue, PITTSBURG, PA.

ating the KENSINGTON properties, will remove their offices on April 1 to 79 Fourth avenue, Hostetter building, in room lately occupied by the Fort Pitt National Bank.

SAGE ON THE STAND

to-day reported, in an amended form, the bill introduced by Senator Brice, providing for a number of lighthouses and signals on the great lakes and adjoining waters.

It Is Claimed to Be Superior to All Others of WHEN HIS OFFICE WAS DYNAMITED

WASHINGTON, March 11 .- [Special.]-A newly-patented machine-firing gun, which is claimed to be superior to all other rapidfiring guns in existence, was exhibited in the Senate Committee on Military Affairs, Coroner's Jury, and o-day. Senators Hawley, of Connecticut; Frye, of Maine, and Blackburn, of Kentucky, together with Major Martin Maginnis and A. W. Lyman, of Montana, witnessed the display made by the inventor. Instead of feeding the cartridges from the top, as in most of the other rapid-firing guns, the cartridges are fed from below, by CROSS-EXAMINED BY HENRY CLEWS

a simple contrivance something like a chain. It is claimed that from 250 to 300 shots can e fired in a minute.

General Anson McCook, who was also

present, like Senator Hawley, is regarded as an expert on this subject, and they were greatly pleased with the performance of the new field piece, which, even in its crude state, gives promise of becoming a remarkable implement of warfare.

HARRY KERNELL'S DIVORCE.

THE SECOND SUIT OF THE KIND IN WHICH HE HAS FIGURED.

Theatrical Circles All Gossiping About the Affair-The Well-Known Comedian Is Charged With Cruelty - His Wife a Prominent Figure in Farce Comedy.

NEW YORK, March 11 .- [Special.]-Gossip n theatrical circles started up afresh to-day over the announcement that Queenie Vassar had brought suit against Harry Kernell, the Irish comedian, for a limited divorce on the ground of cruelty. Mr. Kernell has passed hrough one divorce case, but everybody in the theatrical profession who knew him,

the theatrical profession who knew him, either favorably or unfavorably, was surprised that he should be charged with cruelty. There is one allegation that he threatened to shoot her.

Harry Kernell fell in love with Queenie Vassar in a remarkably short time when she first appeared "from England" five years ago at Tony Pastor's Theater to exhibit her skill as a dancer. Kernell had just come out of the divorce suit brought by Kitty O'Neill, in which she won, when he went to New Jersey and married by Kitty O'Neill, in which she won, when he went to New Jersey and married Queenie Vassar. She is now playing in "A Trip to Chinatown" at the Madison Square Theater, taking the part of one of the three young men who go with the girls on the trip. Her cleverest parts have been male characters.

Kernell's "Sidewalk Talk" at Tony Pastor's was formed.

kernell's "Sidewalk Talk" at Tony Pastor's was famous. For the past year or two
he has embarked on a venture of his own,
playing in farce and comedy roles. They
have two children, and until within a few
months they were supposed to be living
happily together. Then it became known
that each had one of the children, and they have not met except perhaps for a quarrel.

It is said that one of the boys is now with his father in Cleveland. The petition asked for an injunction restraining Mr. Kernell from interfering with his wife and children.

The case will be heard on March 17. The petition is the case of the case o plaintiff, who appears in the case as Cecilia Kernell, alleges in her petition that her husband is worth \$40,000 and is earning from

\$300 to \$800 a week.

They have lived, off and on, at Asbury Park, where Mr. Kernell owns a house and other property. His wife went down there to-day to look over the ground for the purpose, it is believed, of seeing that the property does not get every erty does not get away.

THE STATE REVENUES.

committee all the members, except, perhaps, Chairman Springer, may be expected to make speeches.

None of the names recorded announce the subject of intended speechmaking to be other than the tariff question in general, ex-cept in the case of Representative English, receipts for 1891 to have been \$13,007,161 74 and the expenditures \$10,453,952 64. There were large increases in receipts from tax on corporations. gross receipts, loans, personal property and collateral inheritances. The direct tax refund of nearly \$2,000,000 from the United States Government also swelled

receipts.
In his report the Auditor General says; "The last Legislature, by act approved June 9, 1891, surrendered to counties, cities, boroughs and townships the share of the retail liquor licenses theretofore received by the Commonwealth, and I think the next Legislature should, with equal propriety, by further enactments surrender to counties,

by further enactments surrender to counties, in relief of local taxation, the wholesale liquor licenses and all other licenses collected by county treasurers that are now a source of revenue to the Commonwealth, even though she should find it necessary, by reason of such surrender, to retain for her own use the entire amount of money realized from the State tax on personal property. These licenses are local in their character, and I find in many of the other States they are retained in the treas-

other States they are retained in the treas-uries of the counties where collected.

"In my judgment capital invested in mercautile and commercial pursuits should be taxed in the same manner that real es-tate is now taxed, but not to the same ex-tent. If, however, the license system is retained for either State or county pur-poses the rating of the mercantile or retail-ers' licenses, and all other classes of liers neenses, and all other classes of neenses now required to be rated by the mercantile appraisers, should be done by the local assessors and the Board of Revision of Taxes in the city and county of Philadelphia and the County Commissioners in other counties of the Commonwealth should hear and determine all appeals from such rating. This would be less expensive than he present method and would give better

SECRETARY ELKINS tells Frank G. Carpenter the remautic parts of his career for THE DISPATCH to-morrow.

MANY ACCIDENTS ON PURPOSE. The Latest Attempt to Wreck an Illinoi

Central Train a Success. JACKSON, MISS., March 11 .- A success ful attempt at train wrecking was made three miles below here last night. The Illinois Central passenger train passed down going 35 miles an hour. On a 20-foot

down going 35 miles an hour. On a 20-root embankment the engine and five cars jumped the track and landed in the ditch. No passengers were hurt, but three trainmen were badly injured.

The spikes and plates had been drawn and laid to one side, being conclusive evidence of malicious intent. Such "accidents" are getting so frequent on the Illinois Central that it is said the State Railroad Commission is to make an investigation.

MUNCIE, IND., March 1L.—Odd Fellow and Masonic circles in this city are torn up

over an affair that happened here to-day. At the funeral of Rev. Mr. Metts, who be-

BAPID TRANSIT conductors do not lie LODGES AGAINST A CHURCH. A Sensational Fight Precipitated by a Misunderstanding at a Funeral,

Against Senator Frye's Bill for the In Swears William Laidlaw Didn't Act CINCINNATI, March 11 .- At a meeting of steamboat men and merchants here this as His Buffer, at All, norning, a report addressed to Senator Frye, Chairman of the United States

The Money Maker Chaffed by Several of the

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW YORK, March 11 .- The inquest in he case of the victim of the bomb throwing

Among eight satisfactory clauses men-tioned are: The abolition of the rules and regulations for the government of pilots on our Western rivers; the unnecessary reducour Western rivers; the unnecessary reduc-tion in the working steam pressure in the boilers; the unnecessary inspection of all our steamers by the supervising in-spectors after inspection by local in-spectors; the conferring upon the su-pervising inspector of unbridled license to exercise dominion over the merchant marine of the United States; the usual in Russell Sage's office on December 4, so long delayed by she slow recovery of the bank clerk, William R. Laidlaw, who was wounded on that occasion while acting, as he claims, as a buffer for Mr. Sage, was held by Coroner Messemer to-day. The jury com-prised several of Mr. Sage's financial asqualifications for officers of steam vessels; the undertaking to regulate to the min-utest degree construction and navigation of steam vessels by Congress; that, on the whole, the bill is far from an improvement sociates, of whom Henry Clews was perhaps the most conspicuous. This jury was im-paneled directly after the explosion, and viewed Henry L. Norcross' head when it

was in the morgue.

The chief feafure of the inquest was in relation to Mr. Laidlaw's alleged part as a buffer. Mr. Sage directly contradicted Laidlaw's statement that he had shakes hands with him and greeted him more effusively than ever before, denying that he had even touched him. Charge d'Affaires ad interim at Berlin announcing the pardon of John Treber, of Deadwood, S. D., who was recently im-prisoned in Germany for an alleged viola-tion of the military laws of that country.

Sage Cross-Examined by Clews. Mr. Sage was subjected to a cross-examination on this point by Henry Clews, when he took the stand. In describing Mr. Sage's greeting, Laidlaw had said that Mr.
Sage placed his hand on his shoulder and
took Laidlaw's left hand in his right, then
clasped Laidlaw's left hand in both of his, shifting his position in such a way as to place Laidlaw between him and Norcross. place Laidlaw between him and Norcross.

Laidlaw's statement as to the respective positions was explicit, and the inference was almost equally so. Laidlaw also showed to the jury the remnants of his trousers which were rent by the explosion.

Henry Clews' question to Mr. Sage was:

"At the time of the explosion were you in the act of shaking hands with Mr. Laidlaw?"

Pa.

All proposals to be on forms prescribed and be addressed to Colonel R. B. Beath, Chairman Committee on Supplies, 419 Walnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Bids must be received by 12 o'clock noon, MARCH 33, 1892. Blanks can be obtained at the home.

WILLIAM W. TYSON, mhl2-126 Commander.

"No, I never touched him," answered Mr. Sage.

To show that Laidlaw could not have been To show that Laidlaw could not have been between him and Norcross, Mr. Sage said there were 47 separate wounds over the front of his body, ranging from his neck to his feet, out of which, on the evening of the explosion, Dr. Munn spent three hours and a half in picking glass and dynamite, bits of leather and clothing. He took no opiates during the pairful process.

during the painful process. The Bomb Thrower a Pleasant Man The witness described the bomb thrower as a man of pleasant speech and the last man he would have suspected of doing any-

man he would have suspected of doing anything wrong.

"While talking to him," said Mr. Sage,
"I looked him in the eye as I am now looking at Mr. Clews."

The witness was standing as he said this—a posture he maintained most of the time.
"See what a wicked man he was," moralized Mr. Sage, after describing the dynamiter. "He thought his explosive would blow up the building with the 200 or 250 people in it, and but for the providence of God it would have, and it was a miracle we were not all killed. I understand he first went to Connor's office, but Mr. Connor was not in. If he had not found me he would not in. If he had not found me he would have paid his respects to some one else. He was a murderer of the most pronounced at-tainments that has been seen for a long

Report of the Auditor General—He Recommends the Retention of Liquor License Moneys by Counties—Uncle Sam Swells Receipts.

HARRISBURG, March 11.—[Special.]—The annual report of Auditor General McCammant furnished the press to-night shows the receipts for 1891 to have here \$13.007 161.74 Identification by a Plaster Cast.

was sharp enough not to turn around and give me a chance to grab him."

A jocose juror saked this question toward the close of Mr. Sage's testimony: "If you kept large sums of money with you, so you could hand it out readily, would it not be ant to saye the lives of many neonle?" apt to save the lives of many people?"
"I don't know anyone who carries a
million about with him," returned Mr.

Sage.
"If the market is going up buy me 100 shares, will you," shouted the jocose juror,
Mr. Sage left the stand and the room.

Verdict of the Coroner's Jury. After hearing a lot more testimony, more or less important, including that of an explosive expert, who said dynamite did not explode by concussion alone, but required also great heat, the jury, which had shown manifest impatience during the two hours the hearing had occupied, spent scarcely ten minutes in formulating the following

We find that Henry L Norcross came to his death from an explosion of a combustible dropped from his own hands at 71 Broadway, on December 4, 1981.

We also find that Benjamin F Norton came to his death from the same explosion which killed Henry L Norcross at the same time and place.

Mr. Clews tried unsuccessfully to get the 11 other jurymen to add to this an appeal to the Legislature to make it "an offense, punishable by imprisonment, for any person to carry around anything whatsoever, capable of destroying life and property, unless licensed." MERCIER'S FOES GETTING EVEN.

The Conservatives of Quebec Will Expel Him, and Not Let Him Resign.

MONTREAL, March 11 .- Mr. Mercier i reported to have recovered his spirits and to be in much better health. His friends declare that the Conservatives will not dare to carry out their threats of prosecution against him, as such an act, they claim, would be regarded as persecution and would create Indignation against the new Govern-

La Presse and other leading Conservative papers are calling for his arrest and trial. Mr. Mercier, during the days of his influence and power, was extremely arrogant and wounded the feelings of many who are now only too anxious that he should be humbled in the dust. Should this feeling prevail Mr. Mercier will probably have to sufter further humiliation, and the country will be treated to a sensational criminal trial. It is likely that, although Mr. Mercier has tendered his resignation, it will not be accepted. A prominent Conservative said to-day that the Government will not be content with anything less than his expulsion, and that that will probably be the content advanted.

on a bed of roses. Read a sketch of their duties and trials in THE DISPATCH to-

BRIDGEVILLE, DEL., March 11.—The tornado and gale that passed over the lower part of Delaware last night did the worst work at Greenwood. It wrecked the fine longs to these orders, it had been arranged that they should take charge in the Methodist Church and hold their barn of Simon Pennewill, causing a loss of about \$2,000. John Berwick also met with about \$2,000. John Berwick also met with a large loss on his steam mill and the house of John Davis at St. Johnstown was en-tirely destroyed. Most of the peach orchards have been badly damaged in this section. special services there, but when the time came District Elder B. Kamp, in very vigorous words, refused to allow the secret orders to hold any part of their services in the church the church.

The Odd Fellows and Masons gave in rather than have any trouble, but the matter will be carried to a war between the lodges and the church.

EHRSTEIN—On Friday, March 11, 1892, at 10:15 p. M., Jacon Eusstein, brother of Mrs. Michael Ernwein, aged 76 years '11 months and 18 days.

Funcal services on Sunday at 2 p. x from the residence of his sister, Mrs. M. Ernwein, No. 1701 Carson street, Southside, Pitteburg, Pa. Informent later private.

Senate Committee on Commerce, was read and approved. It says in substance that the steam vessel owners of the Ohio Valley represent that after a careful consideration of Senate bill 1,775, with the exception of provisions copied from the present laws, find the bill wholly impractical in its application to the construction, paying. its application to the construction, naviga-tion and inspection of American steam

offered for ten days at a positive sacrifice to close an estate. Fine frame house of eight rooms and three attic rooms, hall, vestibule, bath, laundry, range, hot and cold water, both gases, inside shutters, marble manuels, marble hearths, fine chandeliers, front and rear porches; lot 100x255 to a good wide street; large frame stable. This property is located on one of the best streets in Bellevue, within one square of the new California avenue electric road and ten minutes' walk from railroad station. Can give immediate possession. Price below actual value. For keys, etc., see

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200 a year. Farm at Swissvale of about 20 acres; \$200 a year.
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