

TARIFF FOR CAMPAIGN

Is the Way Dalzell Sizes Up the Kind That Democrats Prefer.

IN HIS REPORT OF THE MINORITY

Of the Ways and Means Committee He Rubs It Into the Majority.

BIG DAMAGES DEMANDED BY SAILORS

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The report of the Republican minority of the Ways and Means Committee against the bill placing cotton bagging, cotton ties and machinery for manufacturing the same upon the free list has been prepared by Mr. Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, and filed with the committee. Of cotton bagging the report says: "This manufacture was created by a protective tariff policy, and is dependent upon the same policy for its preservation, because of the difference between the rates of wages paid here and abroad, and for other reasons. It is perfectly apparent that any reduction of the duty below the protection point would be a serious blow to the laborers of this country employed in this industry. There are now invested in this industry in this country over \$8,000,000. There are 16 mills in the United States conducting business independently of each other and in full competition. There is no combination to dominate the product or fix prices, or for any purpose, between them. The policy of protection to the cotton bagging industry has resulted in building up an American manufacture sufficient in extent to supply the home market, thus benefiting the moral and home labor, and at the same time has lowered prices to the consumer.

No Time to Change the Policy. "Why now change that policy? To drive our own manufacturers from the field is to give the domination of our markets to foreign manufacturers who will then dictate prices at will. To encourage home manufacture is to encourage competition, as experience shows, and thus to reduce prices to a minimum. "In regard to cotton ties the report says: "The measure recommended by the majority proposes to admit cotton ties free, but to preserve the duty on barrel hoops of iron or steel." No reason has been given for making such distinction, and it is as difficult to imagine a more unequal measure as either should be put on the free list. Why a crude article of iron or steel should be subject to duty, and a more finished product, of which the crude article is the raw material, should come in free, is one of those things which are difficult to understand. Such an illogical proposition could only come from the advocates of a policy which would lead in spots with a great measure of legislation which, whether it be good or bad, is at least built consistently upon a plan.

Law-Making for the Campaign. "Nothing more mischievous can be conceived, and not even the necessity of making laws for campaigning purposes of the Democratic party, irrespective of the needs of the country, can justify such action. Nor will the proposed measure result in the admission free of cotton ties only. Under the language of the proposed law, hoop or band iron or steel of any and all sizes to the dimensions of wagon tires, and even to the kind of iron or steel that might be made into blooms, will come in without payment of duty.

The minority also combats the proposition to place machinery for manufacturing cotton ties and cotton bagging on the free list. "No reason has been suggested by the majority," says the report, "for providing one kind of legislation for machinery relating to the cotton industry and another for all kinds of machinery; and we are satisfied, therefore, to dismiss this part of the bill with the remark only that it is of a piece with what seems to be the mischievous policy of the majority, to deal with tariff legislation in spots and without regard to consistency."

SAFETY OF NATIONAL BANKS

A Favorable Report on an Important Bill Ordered to the Senate. WASHINGTON, March 1.—The Senate Finance Committee to-day directed a favorable report to be made on the House bill for the better control of and to promote the safety of the national banks. In substance the bill forbids the banks to make loans to their officers or servants unless the loan has been approved by a majority of the directors or executive committee, and also forbids banks to allow their officers' accounts to be overdrawn. A new paragraph was added as an amendment, authorizing banks to enlarge their circulation to the full value of United States bonds deposited, so that the bill must go to the House, if it passes the Senate. The committee ordered a reverse report on the bill.

ONE MILLION FOR DEFENSE

A Gun Factory for the Pacific Coast to Cost That Amount. WASHINGTON, March 1.—The Senate Committee on Coast Defenses had under consideration this morning the bill appropriating \$1,000,000 for the establishment of a gun factory on the Pacific coast, and decided by a unanimous vote to report it favorably to the Senate. The location of the site of the factory is left to a board to be appointed by the President, consisting of three officers of the army and three of the navy. Senator Felton desired that the bill be so amended as to locate the site definitely at Benicia, Cal., but his motion to this effect was voted down.

MORE THAN TWO MILLIONS

Demand for Chile as Damages by the Baltimore's Sallors. WASHINGTON, March 1.—The State Department to-day received a list of the verified claims of all but six of the sailors of the Baltimore against the Chilean Government for injuries alleged to have been received during the riots at Valparaiso last October. The list as sent in does not include the cases of Riggan and Turnbull, who lost their lives, and whose heirs have already submitted their claims for damages. The claims received to-day are 34 in number, and range from \$150,000 down to \$30,000. The total amount asked is \$2,965,000.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—There is a possibility the United States steamer Boston, now on her way from Callao to Panama, may be ordered to stop at the island of Soerba, off the west coast of Mexico, in the hope of being able to rescue some seamen of the wrecked vessel Tahiti, who are thought to be there. The United States steamer Yorktown, now at Callao, will be ordered to San Francisco.

A Young Peddler's Luck

He Wins a Blushing Widow of 90 Summers, Who Owns a Coat \$100,000. BELFAST, ME., March 1.—Ann French, of Belfast, formerly of Bangor, a widow aged 90 and worth \$100,000, had created a sensation by marrying Herbert C. Peavey, of Amherst, Me., aged 36, an itinerant peddler.

A Detroit Embellisher in Mexico.

EL PASO, TEX., March 1.—Ralph H. Chandler, formerly cashier of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway at West Detroit has been arrested in Ciudad Juarez, Mexico, on the charge of embezzling \$8,000. Extradition papers will be issued.

PORTRAIT OF WASHINGTON.

Discovery on the Isle of Man of One of the Famous Stuart Replicas. One of the most singular stories in the annals of art is the theft and disappearance of an authentic full-length portrait of the celebrated Marquis of Lansdowne, painted by Gilbert Stuart, the friend and pupil of West. That original and two of the copies are well and clearly accounted for, but the third disappeared in the following manner, and has never since been heard of. The portrait was painted by Mr. Gardner Baker, of New York, an active member of the Society of St. Tammany, which, at his suggestion, established a museum. This museum was, in 1795, made over to Baker, who added, among other attractions, the portrait of the Marquis of Lansdowne. It appears to have gone to Boston to exhibit the picture, but, dying there of yellow fever, the portrait went to Mr. Laing in satisfaction of a claim. By order of the committee on the subject, Mr. Laing, the President's house at Washington bought the picture, which was intrusted to one Winstanley to pack and deliver. Winstanley, however, copied the Stuart, delivered the copy, and fled to England with the original. Stuart himself was the first to discover and denounce the fraud, but though he repudiated the canvas that still hangs in the White House, and though the evidence against it is overwhelming, patriotic citizens of the States still believe it to be the genuine portrait repeated by Stuart himself from the Lansdowne full length. What became of the genuine work stolen by Winstanley, painter and thief? The measure recommended by the majority proposes to admit cotton ties free, but to preserve the duty on barrel hoops of iron or steel." No reason has been given for making such distinction, and it is as difficult to imagine a more unequal measure as either should be put on the free list. Why a crude article of iron or steel should be subject to duty, and a more finished product, of which the crude article is the raw material, should come in free, is one of those things which are difficult to understand. Such an illogical proposition could only come from the advocates of a policy which would lead in spots with a great measure of legislation which, whether it be good or bad, is at least built consistently upon a plan.

NEW ERA OF LIGHT.

Teala's Discovery May Extend to Making the Very Air Luminous.

EFFECT ON THE HUMAN BODY.

The Root of the Rice Plant Found to Make an Excellent Filament.

NEW APPLICATIONS OF ELECTRICITY

The English electrical papers have devoted considerable space to the consideration of Teala's recent lecture in London, and discuss freely the possibilities arising out of the experiments shown. First of these possibilities is the suppression of the incandescent lamp. Since it is possible by means of conducting plates and electric currents of the proper description to produce such a condition in a room that a rarified tube brought into it becomes self-luminous, the next step will be the ability to bring the atmosphere of the room itself to a state of luminosity similar to the effects of sunlight. This is only in line with Teala's idea, which seems to be well founded, that phosphorescence can be produced in all substances provided currents of sufficient frequency and sufficiently high potential are employed. In the latter case the air need not be exhausted; given a sufficiently high initial velocity of the molecules, they will bombard the walls of the vessel, and be ionized fast enough to raise the surface to the glowing state. Thus we may look forward to the time when we, or if not we ourselves, our children will produce artificial light by direct vibrations of the ether, caused by electrical energy.

Another and most important conclusion to be drawn from these memorable experiments is the fact that currents of extremely high potential and frequency do not affect the human body at all. Mr. Teala received a current of perhaps 50,000 volts, or more, with perfect immunity; and this is certainly in direct contradiction to the prevailing theory that the higher the potential the more fatal are its effects at all. The conclusion drawn from this highly important fact is that a close analogy exists between the physiological effects of heat and light rays and those of electrical vibrations. It is not affected at all by those vibrations of higher speed called light. And thus it seems to be with electrical vibrations; a current of 2,000 volts, or even less, will kill a man, while one of 20 times the pressure will not harm him in the least. The immense importance attaching to this observation will be seen when it is remembered that currents of very high potential and frequency are destined to play a leading part in the industrial methods of the future, not only for the purposes of lighting, but also for those of power transmission, and if such currents have to be used it is a great comfort to know that they are absolutely safe.

CINCINNATI MAY HAVE IT

St. Louis Prohibitionists Think Their Convention Too Dear at \$5,000.

ST. LOUIS, March 1.—The Prohibitionists do not promise to be beaten out of \$5,000 by the National Committee of that party; at least, such was the sense of a meeting of leading Prohibitionists held last evening. It was decided in Chicago, at a meeting of the National Committee of the Prohibition party, that the National convention should be held in St. Louis, June 23. Chairman Dickie, of the Prohibition party, was in this city last week, and while here astonished his local brethren by telling them that he must have \$2,500 in ten days. He said that he expected \$5,000, but as the executive committee did not want to make money at the expense of St. Louis, he would take \$2,500, and that if a balance was left after paying the expenses of the convention it would be turned into the treasury of the party at large. After Mr. Dickie had left the city the Prohibitionists got together and appointed a committee to solicit the money. In the meantime the leaders of the party in St. Louis came to the conclusion that Chairman Dickie was including more than local expenses in his estimate and upon discussion it was decided that St. Louis would raise all the money necessary for local expenses, but would not raise \$2,500 and turn the unexpended part over to the National Committee for campaign purposes in Cincinnati. Mr. Dickie said, however, that he had made an offer for the National Convention. How much is offered by it is not known, but if \$5,000 or even \$2,000 is offered, the Prohibitionists of St. Louis say it can go there.

CANADA NOT PROSPEROUS.

Domestic Liberals Say the Speech From the Throne is Gilt-Edged.

OTTAWA, ONT., March 1.—The address in reply to the speech from the throne was adopted in the Dominion House of Commons yesterday afternoon, after two hours' debate. Hon. W. Laurier, leader of the opposition, charged the Government with mis-statement of facts when they congratulated the House on the prosperity of the country. He proved that Canada in a decade had grown only 500,000, while the United States had grown 25 per cent. The Ministerialists now spoke of reciprocity in natural products. If the Government could offer this the unanimous vote of the opposition would go with them. Mr. Laurier desired the closest friendship with the United States, founded on the broadest and firmest basis. The recent conference at Washington had been a failure because the Canadian Government had no power to make a treaty. The Ministerialists did not conclude the debate on the address yesterday. Hon. Mr. Boulton, a strong Conservative, hitherto an ardent supporter of the Imperial faction, threw a bomb into the Conservative ranks by declaring that he would support Premier Abbott, who had failed to resign the Ministry in a manner consistent with the elevation of public life after the scandals of last session. He declared that this national policy had proved a failure, and declared for free trade.

NO MORE SMOKE FOR CHICAGO.

An Ordinance Giving an Abating Company a Franchise to Lay Pipes.

CHICAGO, March 1.—The City Council, at its meeting last night, formally placed itself on record as being opposed to the sale of the Chicago Economic Fuel Gas Company to the Association of gas manufacturers. This was done by means of a resolution, introduced during the transaction of routine business, and afterward almost unanimously adopted under a suspension of the rules. The Council granted an ordinance permitting the Chicago Power Supply and Smoke Abating Company to lay pipes for almost any purpose the ingenuity of man may invent, on such streets, avenues, alleys and places as may be required. The passage of the ordinance was interrupted by many protests in which there were suggestions of boodles, but it was finally passed by a vote of 46 to 12. The principal supporter of the ordinance was the Chicago Economic Fuel Gas Company. The ordinance was introduced during the transaction of routine business, and afterward almost unanimously adopted under a suspension of the rules. The Council granted an ordinance permitting the Chicago Power Supply and Smoke Abating Company to lay pipes for almost any purpose the ingenuity of man may invent, on such streets, avenues, alleys and places as may be required. The passage of the ordinance was interrupted by many protests in which there were suggestions of boodles, but it was finally passed by a vote of 46 to 12. The principal supporter of the ordinance was the Chicago Economic Fuel Gas Company.

Something You Need.

If you are sick and have not been helped, why do you not write a full description of your case to the great specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases, Dr. Greene, of 35 West Fourteenth street, New York, who has cured more than 100,000 cases of Dr. Greene's Nervura, and who is without doubt the most successful physician in the cure of all long-standing complaints? Consultation in all cases is entirely free, personal or by letter. Those who consult him by letter, and he returns an answer to all perfectly explaining their diseases, giving advice, etc., without charge. His success in curing diseases by his marvelous vegetable remedy is simply wonderful, and he has made a specialty of the cure of persons at a distance through letter correspondence and treatment. In this manner thousands of people have been and thousands more are being cured, and we should advise you, if you desire a sure cure from your disease, to immediately write him all about your case. It will cost you nothing to get his very valuable advice.

Fieldman & Co.

Will sell to-day the balance of their light weight cloth jackets and capes at \$2.50, reduced from \$5 and \$10.

NO DISCRIMINATION

Against the United States to Be Shown Responder on Any of the Canadian Canals. Result of the Recent Conference at Washington.

OTTAWA, ONT., March 1.—[Special.]—One of the subjects of international dispute for several years past has been the alleged discrimination against the United States by the Canadian Government in the use of the Dominion canals. THE DISPATCH correspondent learns that as one of the important results of the recent conference at Washington the Dominion authorities have yielded to the views hitherto held by the United States Government and against which they have contended that such discrimination existed, and the objectionable regulations enforced by the Dominion authorities which handicapped the citizens of the United States in the use of the Dominion canals will not be reimposed this season. The treaty of Washington provides that citizens of the United States shall enjoy the same rights of navigation as the citizens of the Dominion on the inland waters of Canada. Until now Canadian authorities have held that in the enjoyment of this privilege the citizens of the United States were not restricted, as vessels with no tonnage of Western port leaving Duluth with a load of grain received the usual rebate of 18 cents per ton allowed on vessels carrying their cargo through to Montreal. This discrimination existed, however, lies in the fact that vessels of any tonnage have to lighten cargo at Kingston, although the same privilege is not allowed at points on the opposite shore or American side of the lake at Ogdensburg or other American ports, which it is now admitted is a discrimination against American vessels and American ports, as in the case of an American vessel lightening in Kingston it would be a violation of the coasting regulations to proceed to Montreal, while it would be necessary for stopping at Canadian ports without an intervening entry at an American port.

Just Read with Care. NEWS worth knowing. It is the duty of every man, woman and child to inform themselves of what is going on in the world. IN the clothing world there are changes from day to day, not only in styles, but in prices. THE made-up clothing of to-day is an entirely different article from what it was 5, 3 or 1 year ago. CLOTHING nowadays must have style, fit, workmanship and come within the limits of a slim pocket. JACKSONS have ever aimed to combine all points in their clothing. MARKETS may go up or down. Our aim has always been to keep quality UP and prices DOWN. ADVANCE Spring styles are here. In other words, we are prepared with the newest and noblest line of goods. STYLE, fit and workmanship are guaranteed. No doubt, you remember, we keep every suit costing \$10 or more in repair, free of charge, for one year. NOW is your golden opportunity to avail yourself of our entire new stock. Now is the time to make your selection. READY-made or to order. Satisfaction in every case. Hats and Men's Furnishings at Popular Prices.

JACKSONS

954 and 956 LIBERTY STREET. 1628-175-N.W.21

KIRK'S

AMERICAN FAMILY SOAP

A LAUNDRY SOAP, PURE AND SANITARY. BEST FOR General Household Use.

THE AVONDALE

Is the Name of our New Knox Hat

Just introduced by us. Already our sales are phenomenally large for so early in the season. It is by far the handsomest hat we have introduced for years. Besides the best grades, we have it in our celebrated \$2 quality.

PAULSON BROS.,

441 Wood Street, City. Established 24 Years. 1628-175-N.W.21

THE GUARD DISSATISFIED.

An Officer Complains of the Selection of Greenland for Adjutant General.

The report that Colonel W. W. Greenland, of Clarion county, has been selected by Governor Pattison for Adjutant General of Pennsylvania, has not been received with enthusiasm by the local members of the National Guard of the State. It is argued that military rule has not been recognized in not giving the place to the ranking officer of the Guard. Colonel Greenland's popularity has not been questioned, but it is argued that his experience in the Quartermaster's department has not fitted him for the duties of the Adjutant General's office, where, as a thorough tactician is said to be required. "Colonel Greenland's home, as everybody knows, is in Clarion county," an officer of the guard said last night. "Of course, the gentleman will if he is made Adjutant General go there occasionally. The telegraph office at his home closes at 7 o'clock. Should he be wanted hurriedly at any time while at his home, he could not be reached. Emergencies might arise at any time when the Adjutant General would be wanted and wanted badly, but if he should happen to be at his home the State would be compelled to wait 12 hours to reach him. The appointment was originally given to Pittsburgh and it should have been given to Pittsburgh for the entire term."

CONVENIENCE.

Yes, I find the Safe Deposit Department German National Bank, Wood street and Sixth avenue, the most convenient place to keep my papers and valuables, its location being so central. Boxes rented at \$5 and upward per year.

CAREFUL PERUSAL.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LAIRD Sells more fine Shoes than any other dealer, carries the largest stock and fully anticipates every demand for service, comfort and style.

BIG BARGAIN CHANCE.

Laird's Special Shoe Sale

LOSING MANY DOLLARS.

You Want Shoes.

Laird Wants Room.

POSITIVE REDUCTIONS. NEARLY HALF PRICE.

Men's Finest Patent Leather Shoes \$3.90

Mens' Finest Calf Custom Shoes \$2.90 & \$3.90

Men's Genuine Kangaroo Shoes \$2.90 & \$3.90

Men's English Grain Shoes \$2.90 & \$3.90

Gents' Fine Calf Shoes \$2.48 & \$2.18

Gents' Fine Dress Shoes \$1.98 & \$1.69

NEARLY 1,000 PAIRS OF LADIES' FINE SHOES

AT ABOUT HALF PRICE.

EVERY STYLE. EVERY SIZE. EVERY WIDTH.

LADIES' ELEGANT FRENCH DONGOLA, patent vamps or patent tips, cloth tops or kid tops, Common Sense, Opera, Picadilla, Philadelphia or New York lasts, regular \$4, \$5 and \$6 shoes, reduced to \$2.90 and \$3.90

FINEST DONGOLA, STRAIGHT GOAT AND PEBBLE GOAT at \$1.39, \$1.48, \$1.69 and \$1.98,

Every pair warranted! Privilege to exchange.

SPLENDID CHANCE FOR DEALERS TO BUY AT WHOLESALE.

W. M. LAIRD,

Mammoth Bargain Shoe Sale,

433 AND 435 BARGAINS | 406-408-410 WOOD ST. | BOTH STORES MARKET ST.

Prompt Attention to Mail Orders. Wholesale and Retail. 1628-175-N.W.21

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ELEGANT FURNITURE

AT MODERATE PRICES.

OUR SPECIAL THIS WEEK.

A LINE OF ODD CHAIRS.

\$3, \$3, \$3, \$3.

CASH OR CREDIT, 923, 925 AND 927 PENN AVENUE. 1611-N.W.7

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OIL WELL SUPPLIES.

After 19 Years of Trial, ELAINE THE FAMILY SAFEGUARD OIL.

Is conceded to be the Best and Safest Oil Known.

ELAINE

NEVER VARIES IN QUALITY. Cannot be Exploded.

It is the very highest grade of refined petroleum, from which, in the process of manufacture, every impurity has been eliminated.

Elaine is free from benzine and paraffine; it will never chill in the coldest temperature known on this continent.

In color, Elaine is spring-water white, and its "true test" is so high as to make it as absolutely safe as any illuminant known.

Having no disagreeable odor, Elaine is a pleasant oil for family use.

Can be Burned in Any Petroleum Lamp. A POSITIVE PROTECTION FROM LAMP EXPLOSIONS.

MAKES THE SAFEST AND BEST LIGHT KNOWN.

ELAINE! The Family Safeguard.

100 Million Gallons ELAINE Sold in 19 Years From 1873 to 1892.

Elaine cannot be improved upon.

WARDEN & OXNARD,

MANUFACTURERS, PITTSBURG, PA.