DR. TALMAGE'S CREED.

Not an Old One, Not a Revised One, but Simple and Sufficient.

WHY SINNERS ARE DRIVEN AWAY.

The Church Requires Them to Believe Altogether Too Much.

CHRIST SHOULD BE MET ON THE LEVEL

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

BROOKLYN, Feb. 14.—Dr. Talmage took as his text this morning Luke vi., 17: "And he came down with them and stood in the plain."

Christ on the mountains is a frequent study. We have seen Him on the Mount of Olives, Mount of Beatitudes, Mount Moriah, Mount Calvary, Mount of Ascension, and it is glorious to study him on these great natural elevations. But, how is it that never before we have noticed Him on the plain? Amid the rocks, high up on the mountain, Christ had passed the night, but now, at early dawn, He is coming down with some especial friends, stepping from shelving to shelving, here and there a loosened stone rolling down the steep sides ahead of Him until He gets in a level place, so that He can be approached without climbing from all sides. He is on the level. My text says, "He came down with them and stood in the plain."

Now, that is what the world wants to-day more than anything else—a Christ on the level, easy to get at, no ascending, no descending, approachable from all sides—Christ on the plain.

The question among all consecrated people to-day is what is the matter with the ministers? Many of them are engaged in picking holes in the Bible and apologizing for this and apologizing for that. In an age when the whole tendency is to pay too little reverence to the Bible, they are fighting against Bibliolatry, or too much reverence for the Bible. They are building a fence on the wrong side of the road; not on the side where the precipice is and off which multitudes are falling, but on the upper side of the road, so that people will not fall uphill, of which there is no danger.

Can't Revere the Bible Too Much.

There is no more danger of Bibliolatry, or too much reverence for the Scriptures, than there is that astrology will take the place of astronomy, or alchemy the place of chemistry, or the coal boat the place of the limited express rail train. What a theological farce it is; ministers fighting against too much reverence for the Scriptures; ministers making apology for the Scriptures; ministers pretending to be friends of the Bible, yet distributing more damage than all the blatant infidels on all the earth.

The trouble is our theologians are up in the mountain in a flight above the clouds about things which they do not understand. Come down on the plain and stand beside Christ, and you will not be in danger of a technicality or a distinction. What do you, O, Wise-Headed Dogmatists, know about the Decrees of God? Who cares a fig about your sublapsarianism or your supralapsarianism?

What a spectacle we have in our denomination to-day; committees trying to patch up an old creed made 200 or 300 years ago, so that it will fit on the Nineteenth century. Why do not our millinery establishments take out of the garrets the coal-scuttle bonnets which your great-grandmothers wore, and try to fit them on the head of the modern maiden? You cannot fix up a 300 year old creed so as to fit our time. Princeton will sew on a little piece, and Union Seminary will sew on a little piece, and Allegheny Seminary and Danville Seminary will sew on another piece, and by the time the creed is done it will be as variegated as Joseph's coat of many colors. Think of having to change an old creed to make it clear that all infants dying go to heaven!

Glad the Babies Have a Chance.

I am so glad that the committees are going to let the babies in. Thank you. So many of them are already in that all the hills of heaven look like a Sunday school anniversary. Now, what is the use of fixing up a creed which left any doubt on that subject? No man ever doubted that all infants dying go to heaven, unless he be a Herod or a Charles Guiteau.

I was supposed to overhauling the old creed at all, but, now that it has been lifted up and its imperfections set up in the sight of the world, I say, overboard with it and make a new creed. There are to-day in our denomination 500 men who could make a better one than any such a better one may be adopted.

As we are now in process of changing the creed and no one knows what we are expected to believe, or will two or three years hence be expected to believe, I could not wait and so have made a creed of my own, which I will now proceed to observe the rest of my life. I wrote it down in my memorandum book some six months ago, and it reads as follows:

My creed: "The glorious Lord, To trust Him, love Him and obey Him is all that is required. To that creed I invite all mankind."

T. DEWITT TALMAGE.

The reason Christianity has not made more rapid advance is because the people are asked to believe too many things. There are, I believe, to-day millions of good Christians who have never joined the church and are not counted among the Lord's friends, because I cannot honestly believe all the things that they are required to believe. One-half the things a man is expected to believe in order to enter the church and reach heaven have no more to do with his salvation than the question, How many volcanoes are there in the moon?

Non-Essentials to Salvation.

I believe 10,000 things, but none of them have anything to do with my salvation, except these two, I am a sinner and Christ came to save me.

Is there not some mode of getting out of the way these non-essentials, these superfluities, these divergencies, from the main issue? Is there not some way of bringing the Church down out of the mountain of controversy and conventionalism and to put it on the plain where Christ stands? Many of the churches are only religious clubhouses, where a few people go on Sunday morning, averaging one person to a pew or one person to a half dozen pews, and leaving the minister at night to sweat through a sermon with here and there a lone member, unless, by a Sunday evening sacred concert, he can get out an audience of respectable size. The vast majority of the church membership round the world put forth no direct effort for the salvation of men. Did I say there would be no change? Of course there would be; there will be a change. If there be 15,000,000 persons added every year to the world's population, then there will be 30,000,000 added to the church and 40,000,000 and 50,000,000 and 60,000,000. How will it be done? It will be done when the church will meet Christ on the plain.

The tall change will have to come from the rising ministry. We now in the field are too set in our ways. We are lumbered up with technicalities. We have too many conferences and dictionaries and encyclopedias and systems of theology on our head to get down on the plain.

Christ Bears the World's Troubles.

By no science has the weight of this world's trouble been weighed. Now, Christ standing on the level of our humanity stands in sympathy with every trouble. There are so many aching heads; His ached under the thorns. There are so many weary feet; His were worn with the long journey up and down the land that received Him not. There are so many persecuted souls; every hour of His life was under human outrage. The world had no better place to receive Him than a cattle pen. So intensely human was He that there has not been in all our race a grief or infirmity or exhaustion or pang that did not touch Him once and that does not touch Him now. The lepers, the paralytics, the imbecile, the maniac, the accomplice, the repentant brigand—which one did He turn off, which one did He not pity, which one did He not help?

The universal trouble of the world is bereavement. One may escape all the other troubles, but that no soul escapes. Out of time's bitter cup everyone must take a drink. Christ on the plain. I care not from which side you approach Him, you can touch Him and get His balm. Is it mental depression you suffer? Remember Him who said: "My God, my God, why hast Thou forsaken Me?" Is it a struggle for bread? Remember Him who fed the 5,000 with two minnows and five biscuit, neither of the biscuit larger than your fist. Is it chronic ailment? Remember the woman who for 18 years was bent almost double, and He lifted her face until she could look into the blue sky.

Sympathy for Bodily Infirmities.

That Christ is in sympathy with all who have trouble with their eyes, and that is becoming an almost universal trouble through much reading in rail cars, and the over-pressure of study in the schools where children are expected to be philosophers at 10, boys and girls at 14 with spectacles, I say with all such trouble Christ is in sympathy.

That Christ is in sympathy with those who stammer, or have silenced ears, notice how promptly He came to that man with impediment of speech and gave him command of the tongue so that he could speak with ease, and, putting His fingers into the ears, retuned the tympanum. Is there a lack of circulation in your arm, think of Him who cured the defective circulation and the inactive muscles of a patient who had lost the use of hand and arm by saying, "Stretch forth thy hand!"

Nothing is the matter with you, but you may appeal to a sympathetic Christ. And if you feel yourself to be a great sinner, hear what He said to that repenting Magdalen, while with a scalding sarcasm He dashed her hypocritical purseers.

And see how he made an immortal liturgy out of the publican's cry, "God be merciful to me a sinner," a prayer so short that the most overwhelmed offender can utter it, and yet long enough to win celestial dominions. It was well put by a man who had been converted and who remembered that in his dissolute days he found it hard to get occupation, because he could not present a certificate for good character. In commending Christ to the people he said, "Bless God, I have found out that Jesus will take a man without a character!"

Christ Not Difficult of Access.

Christ on a level with suffering humanity. My text says: "He came down with them and stood in the plain." No climbing up through attributes you cannot understand. No ascending to the heights of beautiful rhetoric of prayer. No straining after elevations you cannot reach. No hunting for a God that you cannot find. But going right straight to him and looking into his face and taking his hand and asking for his pardon, his comfort, his grace, his heaven.

Christ on the level. When during the siege of Sebastopol an officer had commanded a private soldier to stand on the wall exposed to the enemy, and receive the ammunition as it was handed up, while he, the officer, stood in a place sheltered from the enemy's guns, General Gordon leaped upon the wall to help, and commanded the officer to follow him, and then closed with the words, "Never order a man to do anything that you are afraid to do yourself." Glory be to God, the Captain of our salvation has Himself gone through all the exposures in which He commands us to be courageous. He has been through it all, and now offers His sympathy and His help.

Oh, join Him on the plain. As long as you stay up in the mountain of your pride you will get no help. That is the reason so many never find the salvation of the gospel. They sit high up in the Mont Blanc of their opinionativeness, and they have their opinion about God, and their opinion about the soul, and their opinion about eternity. Have you any idea that your opinion will have any effect upon the two tremendous facts, that you are a sinner, and that Christ is ready at your earnest prayer to save you?

Opinions Worthless at Judgment.

In the final day of accounts how much will your opinion be worth? Your opinion will not be of much importance before the blast of the Archangel's trumpet. When the life of this planet shall be threshed out with the flail of thunderbolts nobody will ask about your opinions. Come down from the mountain of opinionativeness, and meet Christ on the plain, where you must meet him or never meet him at all, except as you meet him on the judgment throne.

A Christ easy to get at! No armed sentinel to challenge you. No ruthless officer to scrutinize the papers you present. Immediate response. Immediate forgiveness. Immediate solace. Through what struggle people must go to get a pardon from wordly authority! By what petition, by what hindrance, by what nervous strain of anxiety, by what adroitness.

A Council of Italy was condemned to be put to death at Milan. The Countess, hearing of the sentence, hastened to Vienna to seek his pardon. The death warrant was already on its way. The Countess, arriving in Vienna in the night, hastened to the palace gates. The night watchmen were asleep, all are asleep, and especially at night, but she overcame them with her entreaties, and the Empress was wakened and the Countess pleaded before her for the life of her husband, and then the Emperor was wakened to hear the same plea.

Two Difficulties Overcome.

Commutation of sentence was granted, but how could she overtake the officer who had started with the death warrant, and would she be too late to save the life of her husband? By four relays of horses, and stopping not a moment for food, she reached the city of Milan as her husband was on the way to the scaffold. Just in time to save him, and not a minute to spare, she came up.

You see there were two difficulties in the way. The one was to get the pardon signed, and the other to bring it to the right place in time. Glory be to God, we need go through no such exigency. No long road to travel. No pitiless beating at a palace gate. Pardon here. Pardon now. Pardon for the asking. Pardon forever. A Savior easy to get at. A Christ on the plain!

HOME SECURITIES.

Local Speculation Reaches High Water Mark of the Year.

Business on 'Change last week was the best of the year in point of sales, but full values were sustained in only a few cases. Losses, however, were not serious. They were merely the reactions which always attend quick bulges—halts called when the pace is rapid, to give time for reflection and reorganization to meet the new conditions.

Final prices as compared with those of the previous Saturday show these results: Pipe-gage gained ¾; Philadelphia Gas, ⅞; Pleasant Valley, ⅝; Electric, ⅜; Switch and Signal, ⅝; Airbrake, 2; Underground Cable 2; Central Traction lost ⅝; Junction Railroad, ¼; Citizens' and Pittsburg Traction and Luna closed the same. Final figures, with one or two exceptions, were practically lower than the best of the week, due to the withdrawal of buying orders as part of a plan to force come sales. The position of the market is so strong on its merits, and money so plentiful, that the bears have a very small handle to work, and the impression they have made cannot, it is believed, be more than temporary.

Sales Saturday were 59½ shares, as follows: 225 Pleasant Valley at 23⅝; 50 Manchester Traction at 39½, 100 Electric at 14½, 30 Switch and Signal at 19½, 90 at 19¾. After call: 100 Electric at 14⅝. Sales for the week were 8,049 shares of stock and $45,000 bonds, against 8,146 shares of stock and $3,000 bonds the previous week. Sales of Pleasant Valley reached 2,410 shares, and of Birmingham Traction 1,106.

At the end of the session the unlisted traction stood: Duquesne, 22 bid, offered at 24; Birmingham, 22½ bid, offered at 23; Manchester, 40 bid. With the exception of Manchester, these quotations are lower than those of a week ago. Manchester improved about $1 a share.

Clearings fell off about $1,000,000 from the previous week, but were over $500,000 or so in excess of the same time last year. The weather was detrimental to many lines of activity, but results, all things considered, were satisfactory. It would be folly to expect a boom at the close of the winter season and before spring opens. Merchants and manufacturers were a little more urgent for accommodations. The supply of funds was ample for all purposes. There was no change in the interest rate, which ruled at 6 per cent at bank and something less outside. The Clearing House report summarizes results as follows:

Saturday's exchanges	$ 2,156,110 14
Saturday's balances	474,209 31
Week's exchanges	12,787,782 81
Week's balances	2,369,825 61
Previous week's exchanges	13,733,413 13
Week's exchanges, 1891	12,210,133 75

The Coffee Markets.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—Coffee—Options opened steady unchanged to 5 points up; closing steady unchanged to 15 up; sales, 31,250 bags, including: February, 12.70c; March, 12.30@12.35c; April, 12.00; May, 12.05; June, 12.25@12.80; July, 12.70@12.75c; September, 12.50@12.60c; October, 12.40c; spot Rio dull and easy; No. 7, 14¾@14⅞c.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 13.—Coffee firm; Rio cargoes, fair, 17½c; No. 2, 15c.

The Drygoods Market.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—There was no new feature to the drygoods market. Popular goods keep well sold up and prices are steady. Print cloths are very strong and low grades are also firm. Business was quiet in woolen fabrics. The jobbing trade was fair, but not up to last year's, on account of the light Southern patronage.

Turpentine Markets.

SAVANNAH—Turpentine firm at 32½c. Rosin firm at $1 10@1 15.

CHARLESTON—Turpentine steady at 31½c. Rosin firm; good strained at $1 05 bid.

NEW YORK—Rosin dull and steady; strained common to good, $1 70@1 35. Turpentine quiet and firm; 34½@35c.

SICK HEADACHE—Carter's Little Liver Pills.
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THE HOME MARKETS.

The Supply of Fresh Eggs Has Caught Up to Demand, and Prices ARE LOWER THAN A WEEK AGO.

Cereals Quiet All Along the Line, With Hay and Millfeed Lower.

A SLIGHT ADVANCE IN PROVISIONS

OFFICE OF THE DISPATCH, PITTSBURG, SATURDAY, February 13.

COUNTRY PRODUCE (jobbing prices)—The supply of fresh eggs has caught up to demand, and markets are 7c per dozen below the highest point reached a week ago. All choice dairy products are firmly held, and cheese is firm enough to advance in price. Poultry is only in fair supply, and markets have gained in strength and action the past week. Tropical fruits continue quiet and slow. The movement of vegetables is still reported slow, with prices practically the same as they have been this week or more past. Cabbage is a drug and potatoes are quiet.

APPLES—$1 50@1 75 per barrel.

BUTTER—Creamery Elgin, 32@34c; Ohio brands, 28@30c; common country butter, 17@18c; choice country roll, 20@22c.

BEANS—New York and Michigan pea, $1 90@2 00; marrowfat, $2 15@2 25; Lima beans, 4@4½c ⅌ lb; hand picked medium, $1 85@1 90.

BEESWAX—Choice, 30@32c ⅌ lb; low grades, 22@25c.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—New, 2½@2½c ⅌ lb.

CHEESE—Ohio choice, 11½@12c; New York cheese, 12@12½c; Limburger, 12@13½c; Wisconsin sweitzer, full cream, 12½@14½c; imported sweitzer, 26@28½c.

CIDER—Country cider, $3 50@5 00 ⅌ barrel; sand refined, $5 00@6 50; crab cider, $7 50@8 00.

CRANBERRIES—Per box, $2 00@2 50; per barrel, $7 00@8 00.

EGGS—Strictly fresh nearby stock, 28@29c; pickled eggs, 22@23c per doz.

FEATHERS—Extra live geese, 57@58c; No. 1, 48@50c ⅌ lb; mixed lots, 36@40c.

DRIED FRUITS—Peaches, halves, 5½c; evaporated apples, 8@9c; apricots, 9@11c; blackberries, 5@6c; raspberries, 18@18½c; huckleberries, 7c; California peaches, 7½@9½c.

GAME—Wild turkeys, $1 50@2 00 each; mallard ducks, $1 00 per pair; teal ducks, $2 75@3 00 per dozen; pheasants, $1 25 per pair; quail, $2 50 per dozen; squirrels, $1 00@1 25; rabbits, 20@25c per pair; white deer, 12@13c ⅌ lb; saddles, 18@20c ⅌ lb.

HONEY—New crop, white clover, 16@17c; California honey, 12@13c ⅌ lb.

MAPLE SYRUP—75@85c ⅌ gallon.

MAPLE SUGAR—10c ⅌ lb.

POULTRY—Alive—Chickens, 70@75c a pair, large; 60@70c, medium; live turkeys, 10@12c ⅌ lb; ducks, 65@70c a pair; live geese, $1 25 a pair; dressed chickens, 12@13c ⅌ lb; dressed turkeys, 14@15c ⅌ lb; dressed ducks, 15@16c ⅌ lb.

POTATOES—Carload lots, 35@40c, on track; from store, 40@45c a bushel; Southern sweets, $1 50@1 75 a barrel; Jerseys, $3 00@3 25.

SEEDS—Western recleaned medium clover, jobbing at $6 25; mammoth at $6 40; timothy, $1 50 for prime and $1 55 for choice; blue grass, $2 65@2 80; orchard grass, $1 75; millet, $1 00; German, $1 15; Hungarian, $1 10; fine lawn, 25c ⅌ lb; seed buckwheat, $1 40@1 50.

TALLOW—Country, 4c; city rendered, 5c.

TROPICAL FRUITS—Lemons, fancy, Messina, $3 75@4 00; Florida oranges, $2 00@2 50 a box; bananas, $1 50@1 75 firsts, $1 00@1 25 good seconds, per bunch; Malaga grapes, $8 00@10 00 a half barrel; pineapples, 20@30c apiece.

VEGETABLES—Cabbage, $3 00@4 00 a hundred; yellow Danver onions, $2 25@2 50 a barrel; tomatoes, $3 00@3 25 a crate; celery, 25@30c per dozen; turnips, 90c@$1 00 a barrel; new Bermuda potatoes, $6 00 a barrel.

Groceries.

There are no new developments in this line since our last report. The movement is quiet and prices are unchanged. Coffee and canned goods are the strong factors of trade.

GREEN COFFEE—Fancy, 21@22c; choice Rio, 20@21½c; prime, 19½c; low grade Rio, 17½@18½c; old Government Java, 27@28c; Mocha, 27@28c; Maracaibo, 21½@22c; Mocha, 27@28½c; Santos, 21½@22½c; Caracas, 22½@23½c; La Guayra, 21½@22½c.

ROASTED (in papers)—Standard brands, 19 2-3c; high grades, 22 1-3@25 1-3c; old Government Java, bulk, 28@30 1-3c; Maracaibo, 21½@23½c; Santos, 18½@21½c; peaberry, 25c; choice Rio, 19½c; prime Rio, 19 2-3c; good Rio, 18½c; ordinary, 16½@17½c.

SPICES (whole)—Cloves, 10@12c; allspice, 10c; cassia, 8c; pepper, 11c; nutmeg, 70@80c.

PETROLEUM—(Jobbers' prices) 110° test, 6c; Ohio, 120°, 7½c; headlight, 150° test, 6½c; water white, 7½@8c; globe, 14@14½c; clarine, 13c; carnadine, 11c; royaline, 14c; red oil, 10½@11c; purity, 14c; oleine, 12c.

MINERS' OIL—No. 1 winter, strained, 39@40c per gal.; summer, 35@37c; lard oil, 52@55c.

SYRUP—Corn syrup, 29@32c; choice sugar syrup, 36@38c; prime sugar syrup, 40@42c; strictly prime, 28@30c.

N. O. MOLASSES—Fancy new crop, 40@42c; choice, 40@41c; old crop, 36@38c; N. O. syrup, 48@50c.

SODA—Bi-carb, in kegs, 3½@3½c; bi-carb, in ½s, 5½c; bi-carb, assorted packages, 5½@6c; sal soda, in kegs, 1½c; soda ash, 4@5c.

CANDLES—Star, full weight, 9c; stearine, per set, 8½c; paraffine, 11@12c.

RICE—Head Carolina, 6½@6¾c; choice, 5¾@6¼c; Louisiana, 5@5½c.

STARCH—Pearl, 4c; corn starch, 5½@6½c; gloss starch, 5½@6½c.

FOREIGN FRUITS—Layer raisins, $2 00; London layers, $2 25; Muscatels, $1 75; California Muscatels, $1 40@1 60; Valencia, 5½@6c; Ondara Valencia, 7@7½c; Sultana, 8@10c; currants, 4@4½c; Turkey prunes, 4½@5c; French prunes, 8@9c; cocoanuts, $6 00@6 50; almonds, Ian., ⅌ lb, 20c; do Ivica, 17c; do shelled, 50c; walnuts, Nap., 12@14c; Sicily filberts, 11c; Smyrna figs, 12@15c; new dates, 5@5½c; Brazil nuts, 7c; pecans, 12@14c; citron, ⅌ lb, 21@22c; lemon peel, 10c ⅌ lb; orange peel, 12c.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, sliced, 6½@8½c; apples, evaporated, 5½@6c; peaches, evaporated, unpeeled, 18@20c; peaches, California, evaporated, unpared, 8½@9½c; cherries, pitted, 12c; cherries, unpitted, 6c; raspberries, evaporated, 17@18c; blackberries, 4@4½c; huckleberries, 7c.

SUGARS—Cubes, 4¾c; powdered, 4¼c; granulated, 4¼c; confectioners', 4⅛c; soft white, 3⅞@4c; yellow, choice, 3⅝@3¾c; yellow, good, 3½@3⅝c; yellow, fair, 3⅜@3½c.

PICKLES—Medium, bbls (1,200), $4 25; medium, half bbls (600), $2 65.

SALT—No. 1 fine, bbl, $1 20; No. 1, extra, ⅌ bbl, $1 10; dairy, ⅌ bbl, $1 20; coarse crystal, ⅌ bbl, $1 20; Higgins' Eureka, 4-bu sacks, $2 85; Higgins' Eureka, 16 14-lb packets, $3 10.

CANNED GOODS—Standard peaches, $1 75@1 90; 2s, $1 25@1 35; extra peaches, $2 00@2 10; pie peaches, $3 00@3 25; finest corn, $1 25@1 50; Hfd. Co. corn, $1 00@1 10; red cherries, $1 00@1 10; Lima beans, $1 35; soaked do, 85c; stringed do, 85@85c; marrowfat peas, $1 00@1 15; soaked peas, 65@70c; pineapples, $1 20@1 30; Bahama do, $2 00; damson plums, $1 00; greengages, $1 35; egg plums, $1 00; California apricots, $1 85@2 00; California pears, $2 10@2 30; do greengages, $1 85; do egg plums, $1 85; extra white cherries, $2 75@2 85; raspberries, $1 10@1 25; strawberries, $1 05@1 20; gooseberries, $1 00@1 05; tomatoes, 90@95c; salmon, 1-lb cans, $1 25@1 80; blackberries, 85c; succotash, 2-lb cans, soaked, 90c; do green, 2-lb cans, $1 25@1 50; corn beef, 2-lb cans, $1 65@1 70; 1-lb cans, $1 20; baked beans, $1 40@1 45; lobsters, 10-lb cans, $1 25; mackerel, 1-lb cans, boiled, $1 50; sardines, domestic, ¼s, $4 00@4 10; ½s, $5 50; sardines, imported ¼s, $11 50@12 00; sardines, imported, ½s, $18 00; sardines, mustard, $3 40; sardines, spiced, $3 50.

FISH—Extra No. 1 bloater mackerel, $24 00 per bbl; extra No. 1 do, mess, $22 00; No. 2 shore mackerel, $18 00; No. 2 large mackerel, $17 00; No. 3 large mackerel, $15 50; No. 3 small mackerel, $10 00. Herrings—Split, ⅌ 50; lake, $3 65; ⅌ 100-lb bbl. White fish, $6 00; ⅌ 100-lb half bbl. Lake trout, $5 50; half bbl. Finnan haddies, 10c ⅌ lb. Icelland halibut, 12c ⅌ lb. Pickerel, half bbl, $4 00; quarter bbl, $1 60. Holland herring, 75c. Walkoff herring, 90c.

OATMEAL—$4 75@5 00.

Grain, Flour and Feed.

Saturday's sales on call at the Grain Exchange: 1 car No. 2 rye, corn, 49c, B. & O.; 1 car No. 1 timothy hay, $12 00; P. & L. E.; 1 car No. 1 timothy hay, $12 25, P. & L. E.; 1 car No. 2 timothy, $11 25; 1 car No. 2 white oats, 36½c, 10 days. Receipts as bulletined, 20 cars. By Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railway—3 cars of oats, 2 of hay, 1 of bran, 5 of flour. By Pittsburg, Cincinnati & St. Louis—4 cars of corn, 4 of hay, 1 of feed. Receipts bulletined for the week ending February 12, 303 cars, against 306 cars the previous week. The cereal markets are quiet all along the line. Receipts are in excess of demand and markets favor the buyer. Millfeed and hay are weak at a shade lower prices than have prevailed of late.

Following quotations are for carload lots on track. Dealers charge an advance on these prices from store:

WHEAT—No. 2 red, 97@98c; No. 3 red, 93@94c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 48½@49c; high mixed ears, 45@46c; mixed ear, 46@46½c; No. 2 yellow shell, 46@46½c; high mixed shelled, 44½@45c; mixed shelled, 43@44c.

OATS—No. 1 oats, 35½@37c; No. 2 white, 36@36½c; extra No. 3 oats, 35@35½c; mixed oats, 34@34½c.

RYE—No. 1 Pennsylvania and Ohio, 91@92c; No. 1 Western, 90@91c.

FLOUR—Jobbing prices—Fancy spring patents, $5 15@5 40; fancy winter patents, $5 15@5 25; fancy straight winter, $4 75@5 00; fancy straight spring, $5 15@5 40; clear winter, $4 00@4 25; straight XXXX bakers', $4 50@4 75. Rye flour, $4 75@5 00.

MILLFEED—No. 1 white middlings, $17 00@18 00 per ton; No. 2 white middlings, $16 00@16 50; brown middlings, $16 00@17 00; winter wheat bran, $17 00@17 50; chop feed, $17 00@20 00.

HAY—Baled timothy, choice, $13 00@13 25; No. 1, $12 50@12 75; No. 2, $11 00@11 25; clover hay, $11 50@12 00; loose from wagon, $13 00@15 00, according to quality; packing hay, $8 75@9 50.

STRAW—Oats, $7 50@8 00; wheat, $6 00@6 50; rye, $6 75@7 00.

Provisions.

At the Saturday meeting of packers, hams, shoulders and sides were advanced and the balance of the list will stand for another week as it has been the past week. Products fail to rise to correspond with the advance in hogs.

Sugar cured hams, large	9¾
Sugar cured hams, medium	9¾
Sugar cured hams, small	10
Sugar cured California hams	7½
Sugar cured b. bacon	9½
Sugar cured skinned hams, large	10½
Sugar cured skinned hams, medium	10½
Sugar cured shoulders	7
Sugar cured breakfast shoulders	8
Sugar cured skinned shoulders	7½
Sugar cured bacon shoulders	6¾
Sugar cured dry-salt shoulders	6¾
Sugar cured, beef, extra mess	12
Sugar cured, beef, setts	9
Sugar cured, beef, flats	7¾
Bacon, clear sides, 20lbs	7½
Bacon, clear bellies, 20lbs	8
Dry salt clear sides, 36lbs average	6¾
Dry salt clear sides, 20lbs average	7¼
Mess pork, heavy	13 00
Mess pork, family	13 00
Lard, refined in tierces	5½
Lard, refined in one-half bbls	5¾
Lard, refined in 60-lb tubs	5¾
Lard, refined in 20-lb pails	5¾
Lard, refined in 50-lb cans	6½
Lard, refined in 10-lb tin pails	6¼
Lard, refined in 5-lb tin pails	6¼
Lard, refined in 10-lb tin pails	6½

SATURDAY'S PRODUCE MARKETS

CHICAGO—The wheat market was rather strong most of the day; then was mostly bullish, and the buying was at times quite sharp, though largely professional. The anti-option bill was less of a factor in the trading than it has been for several days past. For a time the market maintained itself stubbornly. May selling from 9⅜@91⅛c, and held for a considerable time at 90⅝c and 91c.

Hog products opened firm in sympathy with wheat, and advanced slightly; then weakened some, and closed with slight gains on pork and lard, but with ribs unchanged. The leading futures ranged as follows, as corrected by John M. Oakley & Co., 45 Sixth street, members of the Chicago Board of Trade:

ARTICLES.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
WHEAT, No. 2.				
February	$ 87⅛	$ 87⅝	$ 87⅛	$ 87⅜
May	91⅛	91⅛	90⅛	91⅛
CORN, No. 2.				
February	40⅜	40⅝	40⅜	40⅜
March	41⅜	41⅜	41⅛	41⅛
May	42⅜	42⅜	41⅞	42⅛
OATS, No. 2.				
February	29⅛	29⅛	29	29
May	31⅜	31⅜	31⅛	31⅛
MESS PORK.				
February	11 72½	11 75	11 65	11 72½
May	12 02½	12 05	11 95	12 02½
LARD.				
February	6 50	6 55	6 50	6 55
May	6 67½	6 72½	6 67½	6 72½
SHORT RIBS.				
February	5 87	5 92½	5 85	5 87½
May	6 05	6 12½	6 05	6 06½

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour dull and steady; No. 2 spring wheat, 87½c; No. 3 spring wheat, 80½c; No. 2 red, 90½c; No. 2 corn, 40½c; No. 2 oats, 29@29¼c; No. 2 white, f. o. b., 34½@35½c; No. 3 white, 31½@32½c; No. 2 rye, 82c; No. 2 barley, 56@58c; No. 3, f. o. b., 42@57c; No. 4, f. o. b., 37@38c. No. 1 flaxseed, 95½c; prime timothy seed, $1 25@1 29; clover, $9 00 per barrel, $8 60. Lard, per 100 lbs, $6 55@6 57½. Short rib sides (loose) $5 87½; dry salted shoulders (boxed), $5 00@5 25. Sugars unchanged. On the Produce Exchange today the butter market was lower; fancy creamery, 28@29c; fine Western, 26@27c; ordinary, 22@25c; selected dairies, 23@26c; ordinary, 18@21c. Eggs, 22@23c.

NEW YORK—Flour—Held firmly and dull. Cornmeal quiet. Wheat—Spot market higher and fairly active; No. 2 spring, 94c; No. 2 red, 90⅝c; No. 2 corn, 49½c afloat; $1 05@1 07½ f. o. b.; No. 3 red, $1 01½@1 02; ungraded red, 91c@$1 08⅜. No. 1 Northern, $1 09¼@1 06⅛; No. 1 hard, $1 07½@1 08⅜; options, No. 2 red, February, $1 04⅜@1 04⅞, closing at $1 04⅛; April, $1 03⅝@1 04⅛, closing at $1 04; May, $1 02@1 02⅝, closing at $1 02¾; June, $1 00⅝@1 01, closing at $1 00¾; July, 98⅞@99⅜c, closing at 98⅞c. Rye stronger; more demand; Western, 94@96c. Barley quiet and steady; No. 2 Milwaukee, 70@71c. Corn—Spot irregular, closing weak and quiet; No. 2, 49⅝c in elevator, 50⅝@50⅞c afloat; ungraded mixed, 48@51c; No. 3, 48½@49⅛c; steamer mixed, 49@50⅛c; options—February, 49⅝@49⅞c, closing at 49⅝c; March, 49⅛@50c, closing at 49⅞c; April, 50¼c, closing at 50⅛c; May, 49⅞@50⅛c, closing at 49⅞c; June, 48⅝c; July, 49c. Oats—Spot stronger and quiet; options dull and unchanged to ⅛c up; firm; February, 36½c; March, 36⅝c; May, 37⅜@37⅝c closing at 37⅜c; spot No. 2 white, 37½@38c; mixed Western, 35½@37½c, white do, 37@41½c; No. 2 Chicago, 37½@37⅞c. Hay steady; shipping, 65c, good to choice, 75@90c. Hops quiet and easy; State, common to choice, 20@25c; Pacific coast, 19@25c. Tallow quiet; city ($2 00 for packings), 4 9-16@4⅝c. Eggs firmer; Western, 30c. Hides inactive and steady; wet salted New Orleans selected, 45@75 pounds, 6@8c; Texas selected, 50@60 pounds, 6@8c. Pork quiet and steady; mess, $9 75@10 50; extra prime, $10 00. Cut meats quiet and firm: pickeled bellies, 6½c; do shoulders, 5c; do hams, 9c; middles dull; short clears, $6 75. Lard firm and quiet; Western steam, $6 85 bid; options, February, $6 84; March, $6 85@6 87; May, $7 00@7 10c; July, $7 17 bid. Butter quiet and fairly steady; Western dairy, 18@23c; do creamery, 21@31c; do factory, 16@22c; Elgin, 30½@31c. Cheese firm and moderately active; parts skims, 6@10½c.

BALTIMORE—Wheat firmer; No. 2 red, spot, $1 01¼@1 01⅜; February, $1 01¼@1 01½; March, $1 01⅜@1 01¾; May, $1 01¾@1 02; steamer No. 2 red, 97½@97⅝c. Corn steady; mixed spot, 49⅝@49¾c; February and March, 49⅝@49½c; April, 49⅝c asked; May, 49¾c asked; steamer, mixed, 47½@47¾c. Oats steady; No. 2 white, Western, 38½@39c; No. 2 mixed, do, 37@37½c. Rye—No. 2, 92½c. Hay easy; good to choice timothy, $14 00@14 50. Provisions steady. Butter steady; creamery, fancy, 29@30c; do, fair to choice, 26@28c; do imitation, 24@26c; fancy, 23@24c; good to choice, 20@22c; rolls, fine, 22c; do, fair to good, 19@21c; store packed, 15@18c. Eggs active at 26c; receipts very light.

PHILADELPHIA—Flour firm. Wheat firm and higher; No. 2 red, February, $1 02¼@1 02¾; March and April, $1 03@1 03¼; May, $1 01⅞@1 02¼. Corn—Options a shade lower; No. 2, mixed, for grain depot, 49c; No. 2 in export, 44½c; steamer, in export, 46@47½c; do, early March, 47½c; No. 2 yellow, in grain depot, 58c; No. 2, mixed, in export, elevator, 49@49¼c; No. 2, mixed, February, 49@49¼c; March, 48⅝@49c; April, 49@49¼c; May, 49¼@49½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 38½c; No. 2 white, 37½c; No. 2 white, February, March, April and May, 38@38½c. Eggs firm and in good demand; Pennsylvania firsts, 28c.

ST. LOUIS—Flour not quotable higher but firm. Wheat—No. 2 red, cash, 89½@90½c; May closed at 92½c; July, 97½c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, cash, 39¾; February, 37c; March, 37⅛c asked; May, 37⅛@38c. Oats dull and lower; No. 2 cash, 30½c; May, 31½c. Rye steady; No. 2 cash, 80c. Barley quiet; one car Washington sold at 63c. Butter steady; creamery, 24@28c; dairy, 15@25c. Eggs quiet at 20@20½c. Provisions dull and unchanged. Pork, $11 75 for new, $7 50 for old. Lard, 86 60@6 75.

CINCINNATI—Flour in fair demand. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 94c. Corn easier; No. 2 mixed 41½c. Oats steady; No. mixed 32½@32½c. Rye in good demand; No. 2, 86@88c. Pork steady at $12. Lard nominal at 6c 37½@6 50. Bulk meats in moderate demand, firm at $5 87½. Bacon steady at $7 00. Butter easier; fancy elgin creamery 30@31c; Ohio, 26@27c; good to prime dairy roll, 16@18. Eggs quiet. Cheese firm.

MILWAUKEE—Flour quiet. Wheat firm; May, 88⅝c; No. 2 spring, 88c; No. 1 Northern, 91c. Corn quiet; No. 3, 38½@39c. Oats steady; No. 2 white, 33½c; No. 3 do, 31@31½c. Barley active; No. 2, 54c; sample, 53@59c. Rye firm; No. 1, 81½c. Pork—May, $12 65. Lard—May, $6 70.

MINNEAPOLIS—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, February closing at 84c; May opening at 86c; highest, 86⅜c; lowest, 85⅛c, closing to-day at 86⅜ bid; on track, No. 1 hard, 87c; No. 1 Northern, 85½c; No. 2 Northern, 82@83c.

TOLEDO—