THE PITTSBURG DISPATCH, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1891. 7 in the United States to establish such right. Also a bill amending the ocean mail subsidy act of the last Congress, by providing that steamers of a gross registered tennage of not less than 3,000 tons, of the construction, material and speed of the second class (16 knots and 5,000 tons) may be employed for a period of not more than five years, and shall receive the compensation of vessels of that class. It further amends the act by the addition of a prohibition of pooling in order to fix, alter or pro-rate passenger or freight rates with any competing steamer or railcoad lines. The Senste then went into executive ses-sion, when some nominations were referred "Knownothingism," these wrongs can be remedied, and they can and should be form-ulated. One officer of the general Govern-ment should have undivided authority and be held responsible for the enforcement of this convention representing the organized wage workers of our country should voice their sentiments in unmistakable tones, and declare that we will have relief from this pressing evil. to the Johnstown flood sufferers. He was agent for the Allegheny Valley Bailroad at the Forty-ninth street station at that time. Because he had but one arm and was in poor circumstances the matter was settled without prosecution. Because he had but one arm and was in poor circumstances the matter was settled MR, GOMPERS' ARREST IN AN ASYLUM DESPERATE COAL MINERS PREFER STARVATION AND DEATH TO THEIR OLD CONDITION. Cyrus W. Field's Sinning Son in the troduction of Legislation. Power of the Law. For Election Again as Presi-They Are Already Living on One Scant **KEELY CURE IN COURT.** Meal a Day-They Claim They Were dent of the Federa-A TAX ON FUTURES AND OPTIONS NOT CRAZY ENOUGH TO ESCAPE. Starved Into Making an Unjust Contract Mr. Gompers said that he had been in-AN OLD MAN DIES SUDDENLY AFTER -A Gleam of Hope. tion of Labor. vited to attend two political conferences, but had considered that he neither had the ONE TREATMENT. BRAZIL, IND., Dec. 14 .- The situation Proposed by Senator Washburn, Who Also Inspector Byrnes' Detectives Get Him With right to refuse or accept them. He be-lieved that the Executive Council was the in the bituminous coal regions of Indiana, Defines What They Are. His Relatives to Test the Matter Legallyin which some 20,000 miners are on a strike, a Little Delay. servariation into a state of the interval in the Executive Council was the servaria of the unions, not their master or dictator. The convention at Detroit did not declare against any action which the working people may desire to take. Such matters rested entirely with each organiza-tion without dictation or hinderance. WHAT HE HAS BEEN DOING is a desperate one for the strike. The mine H. S. Johnson, Treated for Drupkenn sion, when some nominations were referred to committees, and at 1:20 o'clock the Sen-ate adjourned until to-morrow. Sleeps His Life Away-A Verdict of Lung operators say that the strike is in violation A BUSY WEEK BEGUN IN THE SENATE THE DOCTOR WANTED TO RETAIN HIM of an agreement made by the men last spring not to ask for an advance in wages Congestion Rendered. Seth Forth in an Address in the Shape NEWPORT, ARK., Dec. 14 .- [Special.]-WASHINGTON, Dec. 14 - Among the A REPUBLICAN VICTORY. The sudden death of a citizen of this place [SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] for one year, and that, in view of that fact, of an Annual Report. NEW YORK, Dec. 14.-Edward M. Field, lepartmental and other communications Women Laborers Poorly Organized. last Saturday, at Hot Springs, will probthey will not negotiate. aid before the Senate by the Vice Presi-He called attention to the lack of organi-The strikers say that the mine owners senior partner of the broker firm of Field, ably bring the Keely cure for drunkenness The Democratic Candidate for State Sena dent to-day and referred were the followzation among the women laborers, and urged the absolute necessity of taking spe-Lindley, Wiechers & Co., was compelled tointo court. The man's name was H. S. took advantage of them last spring when tor in the Poughkeepsle District Won't CHICAGO DELEGATES HUSTLING day to leave the quiet retreat to which his ing: Report of the Government directors Johnson, an old resident and a contractor Get His Credentials-A New York Polit they were not prepared for a strike, to force cial action looking to their systematic or-ganization. He characterized the employ-ment of children of tender ages in the stores of the Union Pacific Railroad; awards of and builder. He had been strongly adfriends had him committed two weeks ago. ical Muddle Being Cleared Up. them into signing an unjust scale, and that the Court of Claims on French spoliation Three of Inspector Byrnes' detectives went dicted to the drink habit, but "broke off" POUGHKEEPSIE, Dec. 14.-[Special.]-This morning William H. Wood, attorney in refusing to keep that contract any longer To Remind Everybody of the World's Cothan necessary they are no more blamable than they would be to turn upon a highway up to the asylum this evening, under intwo years ago and had not tasted any whisky claims. and basements of mercantile houses as inhu-man as it is in the factory and workshops, and should be prohibited. The petition to until about four weeks ago. Then he took to drink again, and was drunk almost all Among the bills introduced and referred lumbian Exposition. structions to bring him back forthwith, no for the Dutchess county Board of Canvasmatter what demur might be made. were the following: sers, went to General Term, Brooklyn, to robber whenever opportunity offered. They Congress in favor of granting the right of Suffrage to women had been signed by more than 270,000 workingmen, and he hoped the time would not be far distant when they should have a right to trame the laws equal to their brother By Mr. Harris-To repeal all laws dis District Attorney Nicoll called on the the time. leclare that the miners of Indiana have ask for a stay of Judge Barnard's order, is-THE PERSONNEL OF THE CONVENTION Last Friday evening he was taken by his been more oppressed and ground down than those of any other State in the Union; that their wages have been less, and that they struck for more decent treatment in sheer Last Friday evening ne was taken by me wife and male friends to Hot Springs. They stopped at the Sumpter House on reaching the Springs, having breakfast, of which Johnson ate sparingly. He and a friend then walked out and chanced to come criminating against the circulation of State Inspector to-day, and after a talk left with sued last Saturday, directing that Gilbert A. Deane (Republican), candidate for Sen-A. Deane (Republican), candidate for Sen-ator, be given a certificate of election, and that it be forwarded to the State Board of Canvassers at Albany at General Term. Mr. Wood was joined by James Ridgeway, of Kinga county, who appears for E. B. Os-borne, the Democratic candidate for Sena-tor in this district. Sitting at General Term were Judges Barnard, Dykman and Pratt. At the conclusion of the argument for a stay, Judge Barnard said: There has been a decision. Here is an election for Senator, and the question turns on 31 votes on which there are ink marks. The supervisors concluded not to count them. The law says they must, and a man-damus was issued compelling them to count them, therefore the writ was allowed com-pelling the board to count them because the evidence against such a course was wholly insufficient. That destroyed Osborne's elec-tion. You have got a bad statement in Al-bany, and a good one in Ponghkeepsie. We can't allow that. The motion is denied. him a warrant signed by Judge Martine, of the Court of General Sessions, for Field's banks. By Mr. Coke-To amend the laws in re "FPECTAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. ation to national banks and to retire their esperation, preferring starvation to further ubmission. arrest. He told the Inspector "that the to their brother. In relation to assessments and dues he BIRMINGHAM, ALA., Dec. 14 .- Over 100 circulation. warrant gave him the power to remove delegates compose the American Federa-tion of Labor, which met here this mornto the Keely Institute. They stepped in-side and were met by two men. One was addressed as Dr. Huntington, the other as Dr. Stephens. Johnson's friend explained said that it was false economy to suppose that success results from small initiation fees and low dues. It might be true that a Field from the insane anylum, and, furthermore, he said that Field must be brought down By Mr. Hale-To establish a perman Though their committee men are trying to hide the fact, it is nevertheless true that ensus office, and to provide for taking the to hide the fact, it is nevertheless true that many of the men and their families are already on the verge of starvation, subsist-ing on one meal a day and have been doing so for two weeks. The relief received thus far has been very scant. In the face of all this, however, the men talk with an air of determination to fight it out to the death, if needs be. There is hope, however, that this will not become necessary, as the National Executive Board of the Coal Miners' Association of the United States, has issued a call to all of its members to contribute to the relief of the strikers. ing, and they represent nearly every State tenth and subsequent censuses. By Mr. Mitchell-To prohibit absolutely union might be organized on a cry of low dues, but history would show that such an union was only of a transitory character The unions should have a fair inition fee and hist dues in the Union. By a happy accident Goverto the city to-night, and produced in court their mission to the Springs, which was to care Mr. Johnson of the drink disease. nor Jones was in Birmingham on his canhe coming of Chinese into the United before Judge Martine in the morning. The vass for a renomination and made the States, whether they are Chinese subjects The doctor proposed to begin at once. Johnson said to him: "If you cure me I will Inspector replied that, such being the case, speech of welcome. and high dues, or large enough dues to peror otherwise; also, to amend the Pacific he would surely apprehend Field without The Committee on Credentials made only mit of benevolence when necessary. Speak-ing of the right of free speech, he said: give you \$1,000." The doctor had no doubt a cure would be effected. He would allow Railway acts. delay, and have him in court as requested. three adverse reports. William C. Pomer By Mr. Carlisle-To reimburse the seva circ would be effected. He would allow Johnson to drink whisky until he got tired of it, while he treated him. A glass of whisky was offered Johnson, which he drank. Stephens then gave him a dose of something, and the doctor injected some-thing into his arm. The patient was then led into a room and held one had the formation of the source of the s Three Detectives on the Detail. roy, representing the Illinois State Federa-Free Assembly and Speech an Issue. eral States for interest paid on moneys ex-Detective Sheldon is familiar with the Within the past few years there has been a direct purpose and what appears to be a tacit understanding among the authorities of our several State and municipal offices to violate one of the fundamental principles tion and the St. Louis Waiters and Bartendpended in raising troops. By Mr. Sherman-For a uniform classi country around the asylum, and he, with ers, was ruled out, after debate. Hoyt Detectives Trainer and Bonnell, were de-Raymond, from the Chicago building fication of wheat, oats, rye, etc. tailed by the Inspector to arrest Field. trades, was rejected. In the first case, the River Obstructions and Their Removal. Illinous Federation had failed to pay its The latter was confined in Vernon House, and rights guaranteed to the people. The right of free assemblage and free speech has been won at the sacrifice of thousands WHAT SHALL I BUY Mr. Dolph offered a resolution calling on laid on a bed. In a few minutes he turned a private insane asylum, superintended and dues. owned by Dr. William D. Granger. The dethe War Department for a report as to The case of Pacific Coast delegates was to his friend who sat near him and said: "I For a Christmas Present? feel that all of my exterior is contracting. Is that the way a fellow feels when he is tectives went up to Mt. Vernon on an evening train. They hired a coach and were driven along the White Plains road to the asylum. They were ushered into the parlor, and Dr. Granger came in immediately when informed of their presence. whether the provisions of the last river and In an interview to night, Deputy County Clerk John Mylod said: "Deane's certifi-cate of election will be sent to Albany by of lives and of fortunes untold. Yet the referred to the convention itself. They of lives and of fortunes untold. Yet the right of free speech and free assemblage is as much m question to day as it was cen-turies ago. We may have little if any sympathy with the expressions of those who are opposed to our system of Govern-ment, or we may be their outspoken an-tagonist4, but we should at all times main-tain the Constitutional rights of the people, of free speech and free assemblage. It re-quires but a stretch of authority to interfere and break up the meetings of our unions as was recently the case with the Painters' Union of Chicago, and still others reported to us. Let us tell you. harbor bill to prevent the unlawful obstrucrepresent the Coast Trade Council, and the A piano lying?' tion of the navigable waters of the United An organ, A music cabinet, objection is that it harbors the Brewers' Being told that it was not, he turned his special messenger on the first train to-mor States have been enforced, and if not, why Union, of San Francisco, an organization face away and was soon fast asleep. His friend left him and went first to the post-office and then to the hotel for dinner In A music caoiner, An autoharp, A violin, An elegant Ricca mandolin, at Hamilton's, 91 and 93 Fifth avenue. You row morning. not. Agreed to. not in harmony with its national associa-Mr. Aldrich moved the amendment to the "Are you Dr. Granger?" asked one of the tion. The question gave rise to a long and STOLEN DIAMONDS IN A BARN. a few minutes word was brought to him that Johnson was dead. A Coroner's detectives. "I am. What is it?" "Is Edward M. Field confined in this rule (of which he gave notice last week) interesting discussion, and is the leading regulating admission to the floor of the Sencan get better suited and lower prices there than anywhere else. Open until 9 P. M. topic up to date. The indications from the Three Thieves Who Stole a Passenger's jury was summoned, a post morten held, and a verdict that he died of lung con ate. The amendment was adopted. The debate are that the delegate will not be ad-"He is." Sample Case, Are Captured, section was given. This verdict is not satis-factory, as it is known the deceased was not affected with lung trouble, and in all proba-bility a judicial investigation will be instiprincipal change is as to clerks to commit mitted. The matter was finally reported to DAYTON, Dec. 14 .- On the 10th of No. principal change is as to cierzs to commit-tees and cierks to Senators. They are ad-mitted "when in the actual discharge of their official duties," and it is provided that cierks to Senators "must be regularly ap-pointed, and be borne on the rolls of the Secretary of the Senate as such." a special committee of five, who will report "Well, we are police officers from New York, come to arrest him on a warrant issued Mr. Gompers favored the placing of the vember R. E. Kraing, a salesman for Herto-morrow. HOLIDAY man Keck & Co., of Cincinnati, was robbed permanent census bureau in charge of the Department of Labor. His idea was that the work could be done better that way by Judge Martine." Interesting Annual Reports Presented. of \$20,000 worth of diamonds and jewelry in uted President Gompers, Secretary Evans and A Positive Refusal at First. the depot here, having carelessly left his "I must positively refuse to let you see Mr. Field or have anything to do with him," replied the doctor. "Mr. Field has Treasurer Lennon read their annual reports, Secretary of the Senate as such." Mr. Frye reintroduced, with a number of amendments, the bill reported by him March 2d last from the Select Committee on Pacific railroads, providing for the refund-ing of the debt of the Pacific railroads. Senator Carlisle introduced a bill direct-ing the Secretary of War to ascertain the facts concerning the taking of property for the use of the army at Cynthlana, Ky. Senator Felton, of California, introduced a Senate bill appropriating \$3,000,000 for than independently. He commended the work of the Bureaus of Labor Statistics and sample case in the passenger car while he went for lunch. Early this morning Fritzie Shein, William H. Hurliss and the latter's DAVITT OUT FOR BLOOD. which were referred to appropriate com-FANCY GOODS! advised the consideration of the subject of uniting them more intimately with the Demittees. The convention adjourned till tohim," replied the doctor. "Mr. Field has been regularly and legally committed to this asylum by Judge McAdam, of the Su-perior Court, on the affidavits of Drs. Fitch and Ingram, and until I have received notice: that that committment has been legally set aside, I must as I said before, we find that you may be build." Ir. Keane, the Regular McCarthylte Nomicompanion, a Mrs. Highee, were arrested on the charge of stealing the diamonds. Shein and Hurliss followed the agent Kraing, and when he left his satchel under morrow without taking action on any of the nee, Withdraws in His Favor-A Great morrow without taking action on any of the recommendations. The subject that seems likely to attract most attention is the proposition to repeal article 8 of the consti-tution, which provides for assessments to Stroke of Politics Which Will Cost the BRIC-A-BRAC, : PORCELAIN, : BRONZES Parnellites Dearly. the car seat Hurliss walked off with it and Mrs. Higbes carried it over to Jefferson-ville, O., where it was buried in an old DUBLIN, Dec. 14 .- Despite the injuries STERLING SILVER, SILVER eccived by Michael Davitt at Waterford to the union label which had been issued, but not largely used. He characterized a recent decision of the Suprems Court of this State, questioning the right of the union to issue a label certifying to the character of the product as unjust, and one seldom equaled in injustice even in the darkest days of jurisprudence. Talking of howcotts W. Gommer and refuse to let you see Mr. Field." "But, doctor, this warrant is enough authority. Won't you look it over?" The doctor took the warrant, read it and then handed it back. "We have impera-tive orders to bring Mr. Field back to New York with us and shall be converted to PLATED, BRONZE AND IVORY ARTICLES. help unions engaged in strikes or lockouts. yesterday, that gentleman is still in the

sentiment, it is favorable to the repeal. The question of the election of officers has not been discussed as yet, though it is generally understood a fight will be made against the re-election of Gompers. boycotts, Mr. Gompers said:

So far as there has been any expression of

One colored delegate is present, hailing from Arkansas. He signalized himself this morning by proposing to admit the delegate from Chicago, who was in arrears, and offerfrom Chicago, who was in arrears, and oner-ing to subscribe \$1 to help him pay up. The Chicago delegation is the most active and conspicuous, and keeps open rooms at the hotel, where they are booming the World's Fair.

Mrs. Eva McDonald is the only woman Ars. Lva McDonald is the only woman delegate. She represents the Minnesota Farmers' Alliance. All sessions are held with open doors. The report of President Gompers is very interesting. Following are the main points:

Foints of President Gompers' Report.

He had evidently reconsidered his first decision. A servant produced heavy ulsters for Dr. Granger and Mr. Field, as the doc-tor said they would walk to the White At 8 o'clock, half an hour after the detectives had arrived, they were on the way back with their prisoner. Dr. Granger nation. A conference was held with Mr. Keane, and shortly afterward he announced his

York with us, and shall be compelled to carry them out," resumed the detective.

Arrested Upon an Urgent Demand.

night:

"Well, I suppose that's so, and the Dis-trict Attorney must have known what he was doing when he gave the orders," the doctor responded. "Wait a few moments." The doctor disappeared, but returned in ten minutes with Mr. Field, whom he had told of the dotestime" interview. McCarthyite candidate. Mr. Davitt and William O'Brien it will be remembered, had gone to Waterford to support Mr. Keane's candidate, and while they were en route to the National Com-mercial Club, where a McCarthylte meet-ing was to be held, they were attacked by the supporters of John Redmond, the Par-nellite candidate, and during the melee Mr. Davitt received a severe blow on the fore-head told of the detectives' intentions. Mr. Field bowed to the detectives, but said nothing. He took a chair, and Dr. Granger told the detectives that both would be ready o accompany them in a short while. Thought Better of His Stand.

nead. This incident seems to have convinced the McCarthyites that it would be good polities to go into the Waterford fight with Mr. Davitt as their standard-bearer, though he

field, and it has been determined by the

McCarthyite leaders that Mr. Deane, the

nominee of the McCarthyites for the seat

for Waterford in the House of Common

made vacant by the death of Richard Power

should be withdrawn from the contest and that Mr. Davitt himself should stand as the

of 5 cents a pound on cotton and hog prod-ucts, and 20 cents a bushel on any of the other articles mentioned. Mr. Peffer, of Kansas, introduced, by re-quest of the Wage-Worker's Political Al-liance of the District of Columbia, a bill providing for the taking of a special supple-mentary census of the United States for the

a Senator Felton, of Carlos and Sanother as a Senator period of a public building in San Francisco on the site which may be acquired under the act of last Congress.

A Tax on Futures and Options.

Senator Washburn introduced a bill de-fining futures and options, and imposing special taxes on dealers therein. The ar-ticles included in the bill are wheat, corn, oats, rye, barley, cotton, and all other farm products; also pork, lard and all other farm products. The bill provides that dealers in futures and options therein shall pay an-nually a tax of \$1,000, and the further sum of 5 cents a nound on cotton and how product

Senator Washburn introduced a bill de-

OPEN NOW.

ville, C., where it was buried in an old barn. Norris went to Keek & Co., in Cincinnati, and agreed to return the stolen goods for a fee provided the assurance was given that the thieves would not be prose-cuted. Detectives secured 11 diamonds and other jewelry. CHRISTMAS CARDS, >: BOOKLETS, PAINTED NOVELTIES IN Diamonds at E. P. Roberts & Sons.' The grandest stock in Pittsburg-superb esigns-extra quality. Special induce-SILK AND SATIN. designs-ments in OPEN NOW. Necklaces. Pendants. Earrings, Brooches, Lace pins, Stubs,

Finger rings, Buttons, JOS. EICHBAUM & CO., Lockets, Bracelets. We lead all others in original designs and superior quality. TTS E. P. ROBERTS & SONS. 48 FIFTH AVENUE, - - Pittsburg.

President Gompers says that during the year the Coopers' International Union has en resuscitated, the Electrical Workers have been organized into a national union, and wagon makers have organized, as also have the various organizations

12cd, as also have the various organizations working in the ready-made clothing indus-try and the tanners and curriers. The Federation has issued 246 char-ters to local unions and National Trades unions have issued charters to 1,040 local unions, giving the movement a total of 12,000 local unions. He reported the failure of the miners to He reported the failure of the miners to carry out the eight-hour movement and said that the International Typographical Union had adopted a resolution to inforce the ninehour work day in their trade, but the propo-sition did not receive a two-thirds' vote and the movement was not made.

the movement was not made. Although discouraged by the action of the miners, a large number of workers secured reductions in their working hours, notably the building, from and clothing trades and surface railroad employes. The printing trade made several local movements with varying success. It is worthy of note that, in all the answers received upon the statis-tical blanks sent to trade unions in this country, three blank spaces were provided for answer to the question: "What, in the opinion of your union, are the three most important questions that the A. F. of L. should concentrate its efforts to secure!" While the two other answers differ materi-ally, every union answered: "A reduction of the hours of labor."

The International Labor Congress.

Mr. Gompers attributed the failure of the representative at the Brussels Congress to have the International Labor Congress meet in America in 1893, to the repre-sentations of one who was excluded from the last convention. In speaking of the coming convention he urged that a full delegation of representatives from all Americans unions be present, so that the labor organizations of the world might be

induced to be present. He also reviewed the condition of labor throughout the world, saying that in Eng-land there are now 2,000,000 organized trade unionists; in France the Chambre des Ouvriers as never better organized than to-day; in Germany the trade unions have members, and in Belgium, Italy and Spain the movement has obtained a good start. Speaking of convict labor Mr. Gompers said after recommending that the subject be considered in all its details:

subject be considered in all its details: The miners have gradually seen the con-victs brought into the mining regions, their already scant wages reduced, and their work taken from them and given to the convicts to perform. To a greater or lesser degree the same evil prevails in all our states. The policy of the States seems to be to provide work for the convict; the tree man may be flung out of employment, pau-perized and demoralized, in too many in-stances beyond the hope of redemption, for the mere sike that a few paitry dollars may be "saved" to the State, that it and its cor-porate favorites may make fortunes at the operate favorites may make fortunes at the expense and of the honor of the people. Yuiture-like, the failen and degraded are their prey. Under the constitutional pro-vision giving Congress the right to regulate the connerce between the States, the labor permited to enter any other State.

An Appailing Immigration Problem.

In relation to immigration he said:

We are confronted with a condition of affairs in reference to immigration which is indeed appelling, and should command the enroest and sincere consideration of the delegates to this convention.

mennest and sincere consideration of the delegates to this convention.
The time was when the American people could declare that the United States should be a haven for the oppressed of all nations and invite all who desired to seek a new home to come to our shores. At that time the industries of our country were entitlely in their infancy, our lands were undeveloped, our resources greater than we even knew. The people who came did so of their own volition, they cast their fortunes with those already here, harmonized and blended with them. To day, however, there is not an industry which is not overcrowded with working people who vainly picad for an opportunity to work. This is not only confined to the factories, workshops, mills, mines and stores; the same complaint can be heard arising from the farm lands, and all join in one mighty cry that reide must come.
There are ways and means by which, without bigotry, narrowness and a spirit of

sly or wit tion, it is likely to react upon us and destroy the usefulness of that method to obtain our rights.

A Limit to the Right of Boycott.

Upon the question of boycotts I desire to im-press upon your mind the resolution adopted

at the St. Louis Convention upon the report of the committee having that subject un-der consideration. Every local organization seems to take upon itself the right to levy boycotts and spread them before the entire

country. It seems to me that before people should be asked to taboo a product of any

firm, opportunity should be given for in-vestigation, and no boycott recognized

unless approved by the conventions, or the Executive Connect in the interim of the conventions of this federation. The boyent is a very powerful weapon in the hands of the wageworkers, but if put on a firm un-

Then again, organizations entirely foreign and antagonistic to the trade unions and the American Federation of Labor have dethe American Federation of Labor have de-pended in a large degree in carrying out boycotts to a successful termination upon the trade unions affiliated to the American Federation of Labor. Several boycotts placed upon unfair firms by the American Federation of Labor have terminated suc-cessfully. I trust that this convention will take some action by which it will distinctly formulate decisive action in reference to the levying and supporting of boycotts. He concluded by upping all the mainer to

Judge Martine. Inspector Byrnes said he did not know at whose instigation Field had He concluded by urging all the unions to be on the alert to forward the interests of the cause of labor, and to be prepared to been arrested. He said the warrant was issued by Judge Martine, on the affidavit of District Attorney Nicoll, made on informa-tion and belief that Field had committed make sacrifices whenever necessary toward the attainment of the common objects. grand larceny in the first degree-the theft of more than \$500.

the attainment of the common objects. Secretary Evans reported that charters had been issued to 256 unions during the year, of which 16 were in Pennsylvania. The total receipts were \$21,346 45 and the expenditures \$13,190 07, leaving a balance \$8,156 36 on hand. During the year \$3,500 had been loaned to the carpenters and join-ers and had been returned, and \$2,000 had been loaned to the United Mine Workers to aid the Iowa striking miners. He will be arraigned before Judge Martine at 11 A. M. to-morrow in the General Sessions. Judge Martine declined to say to-night what consideration had made the arrest appear so urgent. It may be that District At-torney Nicoll had some private information

been loaned to the United Mine Workers to aid the Iowa striking miners. Treasurer Lennon reported the Federa-tion to be in good financial shape, and sub-mitted a statement showing the balance named by the Secretary. He suggested several amendments to the constitution which will be considered in due time. torney Nicoll had some private information about the state of Mr. Field's mind or about his plans. A regular commission on lunacy has been taken out in West Chester county, Mr. Close being the commissioner, and there was to be a judicial inquiry this week. Early this morning none of Field's relatives had been to see him. Dr. Lindley did not know of the arrest. They knew of it at Cyrus W. Field's house. Judge Martine said that he would not take bail to-night. District Attorney Nicoll gave out the following statement to-night:

A BIG INSURANCE DEAL

Business Amounting to \$200,000,000 Re-

insured by a Happy Underwriter. NEW YORK, Dec. 14 .- [Special.] -Phiander B. Armstrong gave a dinner to 70 night: In view of the repeated charges made in the newspapers, I deemed it my duty to act without waiting for a complaint to be made by some of the persons said to have been defmaded. Such transactions as the Field failure cannot take place in commercial circles without scrutiny by the authorities, even if as in this case, no formai charge is submitted to me by interested parties. Mr. Field may be insane, if he is it must be proved as a defense to the indict-ment in the usual way. No man charged with a crime can avoid prosecution by be-ing committed in advance to a private in-sane asylum. Assignee Charles W. Gould. Howard insurance men at Delmonico's this evening to celebrate a surprise he had for them, which was that he reinsured the business of the three companies of which he was the head and front—the Mutual Fire Insurance head and front—the Mutual Fire Insurance Company, the Fire Association, and the Armstrong Fire Insurance Company—in the Lancashire Insurance Company, of Man-chester, England, a few hours before. In the speech in which Mr. Armstrong told of the transaction of the day he said that "it was the largest transaction in the American history of fire underwriting, the business of three companies which had

business of three companies which had been reinsured in the Lancashire Insurance

Company aggregating \$200,000,000. The reserve, amounting to about \$1,000,000," he added, "had been paid in cash to the Lan-The surprise will be most interesting to

verted them to his own use. American fire companies, which would have liked a chance to reinsure some of the risks.

BARMAIDS AN UTTER FAILURE.

New York Gentlemen Jays Won't Treat Them Like Ladies.

NEW YORK, Dec. 14.-[Special.]-John Blakely, who has a barroom in Broadway Blakely, who has a barroom in Broadway opposite the Postoffice, to-day discharged his two English barmaids, because, he ex-plained, "the gentlemen jays" who visited him talked to the girls as if they owned them. For days he has been kept busy throwing them out into the street, and finally he called the girls aside, and, weep-ing, parted company with them. The maide wept, too. Mr. Blakely declares that bar-maids will never be a success in New York.

ing, parted company with them. The maids wept, too. Mr. Blakely declares that bar-maids will never be a success in New York, because men will never learn to act in a bar-room just as they do at home or in society. Colonel Hayward, whose place is next door to Mr. Blakely's, chuckled when he heard of the fate of the maids. Then he smiled on his own four girls and swore to protect each of them. "Any one who treats my girls in any way but the way a lady should be treated," he said, "will have to pay for it. I've talked to my lawyer about this matter. My girls are here to stay." And the girls smiled on the colonel.

left them at the station. The detectives reached police head-quarters at 10:30 o'clock. Inspector Byrnes had met them at the Grand Central. Mr. withdrawal from the contest. He gave 'press of business" as his reason for declino'Brien states that Mr. Keane was only Field had been uncommunicative on the trip. He was put in one of the offices in persuaded to stand in the event of Mr. Davitt refusing to do so. the detective bureau. He was not locked in a cell. The inspector had already sent word to his friends, and waited for them to come up with a bail bond from

NO DIVORCE FOR MISS ST. JOHN.

farius, Cohen and the Plaintiff All Cleared of Charges Against Them.

LONDON, Dec. 14 .- The last witness to testify in the divorce suit of Florence St. John against Duplaney Marius, was the much-talked-of Cohen. He denied that there had ever been any undue familiarity between himself and Miss St. John, or that the two had ever been alone together in the plaintiff's dressing room.

The jury rendered a verdict denying Miss St. John's petition for divorce. They found that Mr. Marius was not guilty of the cruelty imputed to him, nor was Miss St. John guilty of immorality, as harsed by Mr. Marius. The court granted Mr. Cohen his costs in the action. The question of who shall pay the other costs was not

settled.

A PITTSBURG BOY GETS IT.

Coseman Gardner McKinley's Probable Appointee for Adjutant General, STEUBENVILLE, Dec. 14.-[Special.]-It is unofficially but authoritatively announced this afternoon that Roseman Gard-ner, of Steubenville, would be Governorelect McKinley's appointee for Adjutant General. The appointment a few days ago was announced to have been tendered to Colonel E. J. Pocock, of Columbus.

Colonel E. J. Pocock, of Columbus. A bitter opposition came up against Colonel Pocock, and his appointment is tied up, while it is understood that Major McKinley has always been disposed to send the plum to Eastern Ohio. Mr. Gardner has an enviable record as a private soldier, having enlisted when a boy of 16 in a Penn-sylvania regiment. He formerly lived in Pittebarg. Pittsburg.

Lower Car Fare to Chicago.

Assignce Charles W. Gould. Howard Gallup and William Canfield have been summoned as witnesses, and will be on hand in the morning. The District Attor-ney says he has information which leads him to believe that Field has disposed of five shares of Union Pacific stock and con-verted them to his own use The rate clerks of the railroads in the Central Traffic Association, will meet in the Monongabela House to-day, to check np passenger rates on the new basis recently established. H. A. Bonn, of Chicago, is here for the Association, and a number of here for the Association, and a number of clerks will be present. Mr. Bonn said a radical change in the passenger rate be-tween Pittsburg and Chicago would be made. The rates were lowered from Colum-Ex-Internal Revenue Collector E. A. made. The rates were lowered from Colum-bus to the Windy City, and Pittsourg will be given the benefit in proportion. The meeting will continue for a week, and Mr. Bonn could not say at present what the reduction will be.

A Million Dollars Lost by Negligence.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 14.-Suit was entered this afternoon in the United States Court by John F. Pogue, as agent of the share-holders of the late Metropolitan National Bank, against William Means, the late President; John R. De Camp, Cashier, and the directors, for about \$1,000,000, which the complaint alleges was lost by the will-ful negligence of the directors and officers of the bank.

The Pope Is Conciliatory.

ROME, Dec. 14 .- At to-day's consitory the Pope pronounced an allocution on the recent pllgrimages to Rome and the present position of the Church. The document is moderate and conciliatory in tone.

Diamond Studs in Good Taste

For any gentleman to wear-need not be large, medium or small sizes, are neat, modest, refining and not inappropriate for any position in life. Prices \$25 to \$500. Every attention and courtesy shown at E. P. Roberts & Sons', corner Fifth avenue

stion and corporation questions relative to their property, debts, etc. The answers, it is provided, shall be published as quickly as possible, in order that the people may know how to legislate on the money question.

Money for a Military Register.

Mr. Peffer also introduced, by request, a bill providing for the issue, biennally, of a military register of the United States, showmilitary register of the United States, show-ing the names, addresses, the number of the pension certificates, etc., of all surviving persons who have been, are now, or who may hereafter be employed in the military service of the country. In the event that there is not surplus money enough in the Treasury to carry out the provisions of the act, it is made the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause a sufficiency of the money in the United States to be prepared and covered info the Treasury for the pur-pose. The Secretary is to cause the money to be expressed in declaratory and not promisary terms. It is to show plainly on its face that it is a full and not partial legal tender. The notes are to be ranged in 28 denominations, from one mill to \$5,000. Protection of the Public Service. Protection of the Public Service.

Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire, introduced a bill for the better protection of the public service. It provides as fol-

lows: Section 1--That the Secretaries of State, Treasury, War, Navy and Interior, the Post-master General, the Attorney General, and every head of every department, bureau and division of the Government, and all persons having charge in any way in any department, bureau or division of the Gov-ernment, shall forthwith dismiss from the public service all persons employed in or about any such department, bureau or division in any way or manner who are not citizens of the United States by nativity, or by having fully completed their naturaliza-tion by due form and process of haw. Section 2--That hereafter no person shall be appointed to or hold office or place in the service of the Government who is not a citi-zen of the United States by nativity or who has not fully completed his naturalization by due form and process of law. Senator Dolph, of Oregon, introduced a

by due form and process of law. Senator Dolph, of Oregon, introduced a bill in aid of the several States and Terri-tories to reclaim arid lands within their boundaries. It provides for the loaning by the United States of funds to the States or Territories, for the purpose of assisting in the construction of reservoirs, fountains, canals, artesian and other wells, and any and all other works to be used for the de-velopment, conservation and furnishing of water supply for irrigation in aid of arriwater supply for irrigation in aid of agriculture.

How the Loans Would Be Made,

The loans are to be made in any sum not exceeding \$2,500,000 in any one year to a single State or Territory, nor exceeding a grand total of \$10,000,000 to any one State or Territory. The terms on which loans are to be made provide for the issue by a State to be made provide for the issue by a State or Territory accepting them of irrigation bonds, of denominations of \$500 each, re-deemable in five years and maturing in 50 years and bearing interest at 1 per cent per annum; all payments of interest sinking fund and principal to be made at the United States Treasury at Washington or at any sub-Treasury that may be designated. The bonds are to be deposited with the United States Treasurer, and the Secretary of the Treasury is to issue thereon United States notes to the amount of the par value of the notes to the amount of the par value of the bonds. The Treasury notes are to be a legal tender for all private debts, dues and de-mands in any sum not exceeding \$10,000, and receivable for customs, taxes and all public dues, and when redeemed may be re-

Amendment to the Convict Labor Act. Amendment to the Convict Labor Act. Senator McMillan introduced a bill amending the convict labor act, so as to prohibit contractors from employing con-vict labor on Government buildings. Senator Felton, of California, introduced a bill amending the Chinese exclusion act so as to require Chinese removed from the United States to be sent to China, instead of the country from where they came. It is

the country from whence they came. It is provided further that the burden of proof shall be on any Chinese laborer or person who shall claim the right to remain

AT LATIMER'S. WITH QUICK DISPATCH IS OUR GRAND STOCK OF

CARPETS, RUGS AND PORTIERES

BEING DISPOSED OF.

ALL DAMAGED GOODS MUST BE SOLD BE-FORE CHRISTMAS.

Our prices explain why the great crowds of CHRISTMAS BUYERS are filling our stores daily. Such bargains were never before equaled. CLOSING OUT PRICES:

6,982 Yards Body Brussels Carpets, 85c, WERE \$1.25.

12,864 Yards Extra Body Brussels Carpets. \$1.00, WERE \$1.40.

5.862 YARDS INGRAIN CARPETS. 50c TO 60c.

ARRIVED-NEW RUGS. NEW RUGS-JUST

SPECIAL HOLIDAY DISPLAY.

ALGERIAN RUGS, SIBERIAN RUGS, FUR RUGS, ORIENTAL RUGS.

ART SQUARES.

We invite special attention to this remarkable collection of extra fine, rare and unique specimens.

If you want something useful, as well as ornamental, you are courteously invited to call.



Bigler, of Clearfield, was in the city yesterday on private business. He said he didn't think ex-Senator Wallace intended to be a candidate for the Legislature, to be a candidate for the Legislature, though he would have no opposition if he cared to run. Mr. Wallace talked about the reforms he would like to see effected, but when the time comes to elect Legisla-tors Mr. Bigler thinks he won't want to be one of them. The ex-Collector was not posted about the Warmcastle case. He re-marked that the revenue laws were not in-tricate but they were rigid and any case.

marked that the revenue laws were not in-tricate, but they were rigid, and any good business man could conduct the office by giving attention to the work. He infers that Mr. Warmcastle neglected his duties or outside matters.

A Collecting Agent Gone Wrong.

Wallace Is Not a Candidate.

J. J. Patton is in jail charged by J. J. Freund, of the Southside, with embezzlement. He has been collecting for Freund for several weeks. Two weeks ago, after collecting about \$40, he failed to report for duty, sending a letter to Mr. Freund stating that his wife was sick. He has been ring that his whe was slow. He has been writing excuses ever since, and a suit before Alderman Succop is the result. Patton, it is asid, is the man who, in1889, asGrand Treasurer of the Sovereigns of Industry, appropriated \$1,300 of the order's money to his own use, part of which was \$500 that had been voted