# CARLISLE FOR MILLS

Kentucky and Texas Formally Unite in the Crusade for Free Trade.

TWO LETTERS GIVEN OUT.

The Ex-Speaker Lauds the Ability of the Gulf Coast Statesman.

DIVISIONS OF THE DEMOCRACY.

An Assertion That the Tariff Must Be Made the Only Issue.

POLITICS THROUGHOUT THE NATION

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WASHINGTON, Nov. 25 .- The great and final hustle for the Speakership and other important offices of the House of Representatives will begin Monday after the members have eaten their Thanksgiving dinners at home and had time to reach the Capital. It is expected that a large majority of the members will have arrived by Monday or Tuesday, and the candidates and their lieutenants will then have an opportunity to speedily size up the situation.

Messrs, Mills, Crisp and McMillin have each opened headquarters at the old Metropolitan Hotel, and Springer at the National. Farmer Hatch has not yet put in an appearance, but is expected to come on like a cyclone on Monday, accompanied by his entire State Delegation, with the exception of Hon. John O'Neill, of St. Louis, who is pledged to Mills, probably because he knows there will be no end of fun with Mills in the chair. Not content with a suite of rooms in the Metropolitan, Mills has also opened a headquarters annex at Willard's, which is presided over by Breckenridge, of Arkansas, and where the uptown members may congregate and hear the gospel according to St. Roger without traveling eight or ten squares to the main rooms of the tariff reformer.
Carlisle Causes a Sensation.

Quite a sensation was created here this evening by the announcement that the following correspondence had been given out in New York. Under date of November 17 Congressman J. D. Warner wrote this letter

to John G. Carlisle: MY DEAR SIE-Hon. Roger Q. Mills, as you know, is a prominent candidate for the speakership, on the ground of his services to his party, and to the principles, to the success of which the Fifty-second Congress owes its unprecedented Democratic majority. I not merely recognize the strength of his claim, based on his record, but the fact that every Democratic member of Congress whom I know to be in favor of relegating tariff reform to the rear, is opposed to Mr. Mills, has added to the indications that I am right in my preference.

It is, however, asserted that Mr. Mills is unfitted by temperament to make a digni-fied and effective presiding officer of the House. I know of no one whose opinion on that matter would have more weight with others, as well as myself, than would your own. I beg an expression of your opinion While I should greatly prefer to be allowed

to use such reply as you may send me, I shall, of course, be glad to consider it confl dential to any extent you may indicate. Relie Much on Carlisle's Judgment.

I appreciate also the delicacy of the sub ject matter involved and the possible rea-sons for your preferring to be silent upon the subject, whatever may be your opinion and shall not consider it either discourteous to myself nor allow it to prejudice meagainst Mr. Mills should you not answer this letter. I should, however, place such reliance upon your judgment that I greatly hope to have the benefit of it; and I know so well the great weight that others would give to any expression of your opinion, that I cannot but hope you will permit me to use it. JOHN D. WARNER"

To his letter, Mr. Carlisle, writing from Washington, November 21, replies as fol-

DEAR SIR-Your favor of the 17th instant is just received. The charge that Hon. Roger Q. Mills is "unfitted by temperament to make a dignified and effective presiding officer of the House," does that gentleman very great injustice. Mr. Mills is earnest opinions but he is just and impartial in the discharge of his public duties, and always accords to his opponents the same consideration be claims for himself.

Proved by Previous Experience. Before his appointment as Chairman o the Committee on Ways and Means in the Fiftieth Congress the same objection to which you now refer was urged against him, and there were many who expressed the position, and that he might recommend legislation upon the tariff of such a radical character that the party would be unwilling to indorse it; but the provisions of the proit was managed in the committe and in the House, showed conclusively that all these apprehensions were unfounded. His bill was a very conservative one, and his advocacy of it was able and judicious from the beginning to the close of the discussion. If elected Speaker, I am sure that the same spirit of moderation would characterize his administration of that office, and that no one would ever have just cause to complain of his demeanor while presiding, or of his general course on political questions

Having answered your inquiry, perhaps I ought to say no more; but I will venture to add a word upon another subject to which you incidentally allude. It is unfortunately true that there is a disposition in some quarters to subordinate the question of tariff reform to others which are, in my opinion, far less important to the people and far more dangerous to the harmony and success of the Democratic party.

United on the Tariff Question. Upon the tariff question we are practically united, while upon the silver question, and perhaps upon some others, there are wide and honest differences of opinion among members of our own party-diffe ences which can be reconciled only by patient deliberation and the exercise of a liberal spirit of forbearance and toleration. Why shall we, on the eve of a great national contest, when victory is almost within in our grasp, abandon or ignore a vital issue upon which we are united and waste our strength in a fruitless controversy among ourselves over ques which can better be adjusted after it has been determined what part of their own earnings the people shall be permitted to

Let us do one thing at a time and all things in their proper order. The first duty of the Democratic party, and of all who sympathize with it, is to change the laws under which the earnings of the people are taken away from them by unjust taxation for prirate purposes, and whoever proposes to postpone the performance of this duty in order to inaugurate a war among ourselves over the silver question, or any other ques-tion, is not a wise counsellor, and would not

make a safe leader. Yours truly,

John G. Carlisle.

now generally believed that Mills will not show his full strength on the first ballot, but that many of his supporters will scatter their votes, and then on the second or third ballots go to Mills and attempt to stampede

COMBINATION IMPOSSIBLE.

KANSAS PEOPLE'S PARTY PARTISANS WILL BE INDEPENDENT.

They Will Not Join Issues With the Demo crats-Arrangements for Establishing Permanent Headquarters in Topeki Perfected by the Central Commi

TOPEKA, KAN., Nov. 25 .- [Special.]-

The People's Party Central Committee me here to-day and perfected arrangements by which permanent headquarters will be maintained. The work of the Indianapolis Convention was approved, and it was de-cided that in the future the People's party organizations in each county shall act independently of both political parties. Every member of the committee gave it as opinion that a combination with the Democrats in 1892 is out of the question. A statement of the vote cast at the recent elections, compiled from semi-official returns, was submitted to the committee in order that an estimate of the strength might be made. The state-ment showed the straight Republican to be 90,338, combination Democratic-Republican vote 39,858, straight Democratic vote 31,833,

Peoples party vote 113,280.
Frank McGrath, ex-President of the Alliance, who was quoted as saving that in the future he would renounce the third party, participated in the meeting, and was allowed to dictate the Chairmanship of the Executive Committee, which is to maintain permanent headquarters in addition to the sub-alliance organizations. People's party clubs will be organized and a new daily

paper started.

The Alliance and the People's Central Committee will have their headquarters in the same building, and will work together. S. W. Chase, who was made Chairman of the Executive Committee, was Chairman of the People's Central Committee last fall, but was deposed shortly after the election on account of the McGrath troubles. His nomination by McGrath to-day is not un-

# AFTER TOM BEED'S PLACE.

Chairman Kerr Tells What He Thinks of the Candidates' Chances.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 25.-[Special.] Democratic State Chairman Kerr arrived in the city to-day on his way home from Washington. Speaking of the Speakership contest Mr. Kerr said that it was an impossibility to predict who would be the winner of the prize, and he did not think that any man living could predict who would capture Tom Reed's place. He said, however, that it was pretty certain that there would not be any nomination on the first ballot in the caucus if the present candidates remained in the fight. There were four men in Washington, he said, who thought they could tell who would be the Speaker, but they were the candidates themselves, Messra. Crisp, Mills, Springer and Hatch, of St. Louis. The latter was not thought to have been in the race, but he has got a number of delegates and has developed considerable strength. Chairman Kerr is very confident

strength. Chairman Kerr is very confident that the clerkship of the House will come to Pennsylvania, and that he will be the man. The fight for the clerkship will not open until the Speakership matter is disposed of, and it is thought that nearly every State will furnish a condidate. Mr. Kerr, however, is an ex-member of the House, and very popular with the Democrats who served in the last Congress with him. He has, besides, the united support of the thirteen Democratic members from this State, and has no fears for the outcome of the battle.

## COLUMBIA'S DELEGATES.

Blaine's Supporters Gain a Decided Victory

in the Contest. WASHINGTON, Nov. 25 .- [Special.]-The first actual skirmish for the District of Columbia delegates to the National Republiean Convention was fought here yesterday and to-day and resulted in a victory for the Blaine contestants. The District of Columbia sends two delegates to the National Convention, and as their selection offers the only recreation in a political way which the residents here have, they always make the most of it. The choice of the delegates four four years ago brought in the biggest kind of a row between different factions, and resulted in two sets of delegates going to Chicago.

The same kind of trouble and the same kind of a fight have been brewing here al-most ever since the last convention, and the National Committee was asked to act as arbitrator in the dispute as to how the dele gates shall be elected for the convention of 1892. A sub-committee appointed by the National Committee yesterday decided in favor of a mass meeting for the election of delegates and against primary elections. This means that Colonel Perry H. Carson and Andrew Gleason, both pronounced Blaine men, will go to the convention. Carson is a colored man and a member of the National Committee, and both were delegates to the National Republican Con-

## ST. PAUL AFTER THE NEXT PRIZE

That City Proposes to Erect a Wigwa For the Democratic Convention.

St. Paul, Nov. 25 .- A call was issued to-day signed by Mayor Smith, of St. Paul, Chairman Campbell, of the Democratic State Committee and the Minnesota member of the Democratic National Committee, for a mass meeting of citizens, Saturday evening, irrespective of party, to take for-mal steps toward securing the next Nat-ional Democratic Convention. An incomplete hotel capacity statement shows accom-modations for 14,800 in this city alone, and a full statement would show a capacity of several thousand more.

Minnesota Democrats are enthusiastic

and fully confident of securing the prize. It is proposed to advocate the idea of building a large wigwam with a seating capacity A conference committee to co sult with Minneapolis Democrats will be

## BLAINE STILL THE MAN.

Notwithstanding the Choice of Minneapo

lis, He Can Have the Nomination, SPRINGFIELD, MASS., Nov. 25 .- Henry S. Hyde, the Massachusetts member of the Republican National Committee, in an interview this afternoon, said: "The choic of Minneapolis has no significance in regard to the Presidental nomination. It is perfeetly understood that Blaine will be no nated practically without opposition, if he does not positively decline before the con-

vention meets.

"The Republican party wishes him to run, and no one but Blaine himself can prevent his nomination. If he feels that he is not able to undertake the responsibilities of the campaign, Harrison will be renomi-nated. At the meeting of the members of the committee the greatest confidence was expressed in Republican success next year."

BOSTON, Nov. 25 .- A brilliant wedding JOHN G. CARLISLE. | was that of Miss Mary Pratt and Charles This letter is expected to create a diver-

sion in favor of the Texan leader. It is THE TORY PLATFORM

British Conservatives Complete Their Task and Are Happy.

ONE PLANK LIKE RECIPROCITY.

It is For Discrimination in Eaver of the Colonies of the Empire.

AGAINST THE ONE-MAN-ONE-VOTE IDEA

BIRMINGHAM, Nov. 25 .- The conference of the National Union of Conservative Asciations resumed its session this morning in Masonic Hall, this city. The same enthusiastic crowd of spectators was present, and the utmost interest was manifested on all sides.

The first business after the opening was the submission of a resolution by James Rankin, M. P., and Vice Chairman of the Conservative Council. This resolution "That this meeting cordially indorses the principle of assisting local authorities in Great Britain to acquire land for the purpose of facilitating the creation of small rural holdings, and is of the opinion that such a measure, if carefully sateguarded, will be of great advantage to the country by checking the present drain upon the rural districts and the consequent overcrowding in the towns." It was adopted without debate.

The Trade With the Colonies C. E. Howard Vincent, a member of the Conservative Council, offered the following, which was also adopted: "That the principle advocated by the United Empire Trade League, favoring the extension of commerce upon a preferential basis throughout all parts of the British Empire, will be of the highest collective and individual adof the highest collective and individual advantage, and, further, that the provisions of any treaties imposing limitations upon the full development of trade between the United Kingdom and other parts of the British Empire should be abrogated."

A resolution proposed by R. G. Webster, Member of Parliament for the east division of St. Pancras, reading: "That the clauses in the ballot act which permit the illiterate vote, tend ts prevent that act being carried out effectually, and that the repeal is, therefore, to be desired," was also adopted.

One of the delegates proposed a resolution declaring against the "one-man-one-vote" policy advocated by the Liberals, and it was adopted. The session was then closed. The delegates congratulated each other upon the results accomplished.

Well Pleased With Their Platform. They believe that the work done at this at the next general election, by drawing to the party votes of many of the electors, agricultural laborers, etc, who have long thought that the Conservative party should display more desire to bring about a better-ment in their condition.

The delegates believe that the adoption of Mr. Rankin's resolution, in favor of assisting the British local authorities to aquire land for the creation of small holdings, will be a very great inducement to the agricul-tural laborers to support the candidates of

the party in favor of this scheme.

The Standard, in commenting on the Conservative conference in Birmingham, says:

"Lord Salisbury, in staking his future career on Union, leaves out of sight one possible contingency—that the electorates may chance to disagree with him and he perverse enough to regard contlets of less interest as more important to themselves than Ireland." The Pull Mall Gasette asserts that the The Pall Mall Gazette Tories will mutiny.

Lord Salisbury on Free Trade. The Unionists of Birmingham gave a luncheon in honor of Lord Salisbury tonight. In a speech he expressed sorrow for the death of Lord Lytton, and said that the fame of that diplomatist would long remain. Referring to the tariff question, he said Referring to the tariff question, he said that on all sides there appeared constantly increasing protective duties which were calculated to stiffe British trade. The protection heresy on which tariffs were founded grew, like other evil passions, upon what it fed. Watching English statistics, he could not but feel anxiety lest the efforts of foreign protectionists should be partially successful. The errors of foreign statesmen might be translated to Great Britain. Undoubtedly British trade was being hindered by foreign legislation. Continuing, he said: by foreign legislation. Continuing, he said: where no longer sound employment can be obtained as formerly. Men have had to seek a desperate remedy by moving into towns. The government will seize with avidity any measure promising legitimately to increase employment for laborers, either in towns or in districts."

Between Two Dangerous Paths. One of the most acute of the Government anxieties was the fact that people, in their ignorance, tried remedies which, if ob-tained, would plunge them into far greater misery. The Government had a narrow path to tread. It must avoid dangerous apathy in attempting to cure suffering by simply ignoring the causes. On the other hand, it must shun the far more dangerous course of wandering into economic errors that might plunge the whole country into irreparable disaster. He concluded by con-gratulating the Liberal-Unionists on their teadfast adhesion to the Conservative alli-

Joseph Chamberlain referred to the widen-Joseph Chamberian referred to the widen-ing gulf separating the dissidents from the Gladstonians. He said he once hoped for a speedy reunion, but now he neither looked for nor desired a reunion. What-ever vicissitudes protracted the struggle, the Unionists would march shoulder to shoulder with the Conservatives until they finally defeated the conspiracy against the Empire.

Afraid of Gladstone's Foreign Policy. Afraid of Gladstone's Foreign Polley.

He predicted that England's foreign relations would be seriously menaced if Mr. Gladstone again came into power, thus giving effect to views against the Dreibund. The recent utterances of Mr. Gladstone about Egypt were an additional reason why the dissidents should try to prevent a change of Government. It was not necessary to ask Lord Salisbury for pledges on entering into competition with the authors of the Newcastle "bag of tricks" programme. The joint efforts of the Unionists and Conservatives would save the country and Conservatives would save the countr from disintegration, and people would be given legislation based on true democratic instincts. [Cheers.]

Balfour Receiving Honors in Glasgow. GLASGOW, Nov. 25 .- Mr. Balfour, First Lord of the Tressury, arrived here to-night. He comes here to be installed Rector of University, the installation cere being set for to-morrow. On his armony being set for to-morrow. On his arrival he was met at the railway station by 1,200 of the university students, who had arranged a torchlight procession in his

Egyptians Lose a Bloody Battle, SUAKIM, EGYPT, Nov. 25 .- The tribe of Shilluks has severely defeated a body of Dervishes near Fashoda. Large reinferce-ments have been sent to the scene from Om-

Arbitration for French Strikers. PARIS, Nov. 25 .- The Pas de Calais mine owners have appointed six arbitrators to confer with delegates chosen by the striking

The Archbishop of Aix Defiant. PARIS, Nov. 25 .- It is certain that the fine imposed upon the Archbishop of Aix will be subscribed by the friends of the convicted prelate. At the conclusion of the trial the Archbishop wired the following message to Cardinal Rapolla, the Pontifical Secretary of State: "Kindly tell the Pope that the liberties of Christ, the Papacy and the Church were to-day triumphantly defended before the Judges." The Archbishop declares that he is determined not to submit to civil authority and that nobody shall stop him from leading pilgrims to Rome.

#### THE EMIGRATION QUESTION

BEING DISCUSSED BY AN INTERNA-TIONAL CONFERENCE,

Great Britain to Be Represented by a Silent Delegate Only - An American Representative Present, Armed With Advisory Powers-M. Jules Simon Presides.

PARIS, Nov. 25.-The International Emigration Conference opened in this city today. M. Jules Simon, the distinguished French statesman and author, presides. All the European countries in which the question of emigration has which the question of emigration has become a pressing one have sent delegates to take part in the conference with the exceptions of England and Russia. The former country will, however, have a representative present, but he is instructed by his Government simply to watch the proceedings and to take no active part in the deliberations. The reasons for these instructions are believed to be that England may not be ready to adopt the

for these instructions are believed to be that England may not be ready to adopt the measures decided upon by the conference.

The United States Government is represented by Frederick Brackett, Special Foreign Agent of the Treasury Department. The instructions given to him by Secretary Foster contain the statements that all worthy people will be received in his country, which, however, is determined to exclude criminals, paupers and undesizable persons, so that the conference should recommend the thorough inspection at embarkation, and that American Government will co-operate in the enforcement of measures having that object in view.

When the session was formally opened to-day there were only 50 persons present, and half of these were ladies. Mr. Brackett stated that he was authorized by the American Government to attend the conference,

can Government to attend the conference, but he had no authority to take any part in its business.

#### MORE MASSACRES IN CHINA.

The Government Attributes them to Bands

of Mongolian Robbers. PARIS, Nov. 25 .- A dispatch has been r eived here from Pekin which confirms the statement that well-armed bands have devasted a whole district in the northern part of China, and that they have pillaged and burned Belgian missions stations. In addition to the destruction of the mission stations at Tayou and Suchi, where over 100 converted natives were massacred by the blood-thirsty bands, the station at Gehol was sacked and burned. The priest in charge of the mission, a Belgian, was killed by the mob, and several other Christians were also massacred.

The natives had heretofore been quiet, and there was no sign in the district that a revolt was meditated. The local authorities, therefore, had taken no steps to suppress any outbreak, and when the natives rose they met with no material opposition, for the officials were practically helpless. The legal Governor, in his reports of the occurence to the Pekin Government, does not place the blame upon the natives of the Province, but attaches the responsibility for the crimes to bands of Mongolian robbers, who, he says, and a raid through the district. Whatever the truth may be, the General Government has taken steps to prevent any further outrages on foreigners or native Christians; in the dispart of China, and that they have

steps to prevent any further outrages on foreigners or native Christians in the district. Under orders from Pekin all the troops available were, immediately upon the receipt of information, dispatched to

#### the scene of the disturbances. LADIES TERRORIZED OUT OF MONEY. The Strange Methods of a Blackmailer an

Forger of Many Aliases. LONDON, Nov. 25 .- Charles Grande, alias dozen other names, who has been on trial in this city on charges of blackmailing, was to-day found guilty and sentenced to 20 years' penal servitude. Grande, for a long time past, numbered among his victims several titled ladies. It was his habit to write letters, threatening them with vengeance unless they gave him money. To one of them he wrote that if she did not pay him a certain sum of money he would blow her to atoms. In this letter he referred to the ease with which he could place a quantity of dynamite under a door mat so arrange that when she stepped upon it it would ex-plode and kill her. He also referred to the alleged fact that he could, without dis-covery, remove a brick in the walls of her house, fill the aperature with dynamite and blow the house and everyone in it to de-

struction. Many of the ladies were so badly frightened by the threats that they paid his money. When Grande was arrested th money. When Grande was arrested the police found in his possession a forged bill of exchange. This afforded an opportunity for another charge to make against him, in addition to the charge of blackmail. The prisoner was convicted on this charge also, and on this conviction he was sentenced to on this conviction he was sentenced to an additional term of seven years' penal

# M. DE GIERS' MISSION.

Russia Assures Germany That the Frenc Agree to Keep the Peace.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 25.-It announced here that M. de Giers, the Russian Foreign Minister who is at present in Berlin, has been authorized by the Czar to assure Emperor William that the entente etween Russia and France involves nothing that might be construed as a menace to th other countries of Europe. M. de Giers is also authorized to state to the German Emperor that the aim of the understanding

is to maintain peace.

A cable dispatch from Berlin says:
Chancellor von Caprivi had a conference
with M. de Giers to-day. No inkling as to
the subject discussed by the two statesmen
has as yet reached the public.

## THE KAISER PREDICTS PEACE.

He Attends Two Military Celebrations, One in Saxony, One in Berlin, BERLIN, Nov. 25 .- The town of Torgan

in Prussian Saxony, was to-day the scene of an elaborate military celebration attended by Emperor William. The observance of the 150th anniversary of the organization of the Third Pioneer Battalion was the occa-

The inspection of the regiment by the Emperor was the chief feature of the day's ceremonies. After this work His Majesty attended a banquet at the Town Hall, which concluded the celebration. In the course of an address to the recruits of the Berlin garrison to-day Emperor William said: "You will probably only have an opportunity for displaying your bravery and spirit in time of peace."

Russia Wants a Silver Standard, LONDON, Nov. 26 .- The Times' financial article this morning contains a rumor, stated to have been received from two good sources, that the Russian Government is likely to make large purchases of silver with the object of establishing a silver standard.



PITTSBURG'S SPECIAL REASONS FOR THANKSGIVING.

# KILLED BY HIS SONS.

An Old Man Murdered to Prevent His Marrying a Widow.

THE TOP OF HIS HEAD BLOWN OFF

He Often Threatened to Disinherit His Seven Children.

THE AWFUL CRIME WAS PREMEDITATED

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. ) DECATUR, ILL., Nov. 25 .- David J. Atterbury, aged 68 years, the wealthy Shelby county farmer who was murdered Monday afternoon in the road a mile from his home was buried in the Long Grove Cemeters this evening. The old man, who had visited Mowequa during Monday, was found in the road with the top of his head blown off. The motive for the crime was to prevent Atterbury from marrying Mrs. James

Denton, a widow. There had been quarrels in the Atterbury family and the old man had threatened to disinherit his children, of whom there are seven. The inquest was held last night near the scene of the shocking crime, and a verdict was returned holding Edward and Grant Atterbury, sons of the deceased, as guilty of the murder, which the jury said was "premeditated and committed with malice aforethought." The prisoners had a preliminary examination before the 'Squire in the country and both were held to answer without bail."

This forenoon at 11 o'clock Constable Bentley and a Deputy Sheriff left Mo wegus on the train for Shelbyville with Edward and Grant in custody. They were not in irons. Both were quiet and went along without any trouble or thought of making a dash for liberty. A great crowd was at the train to see the two men who will remain in jail in Shelbyville and stand trial for the awful crime of killing their own father.

The investigation thus far failed to reveal which one of the sons fired the gun. One man did it. It has been revealed that One man did it. It has been revealed that a short time before Bob McClelland heard the report of the gun Grant Atterbury, who resides two and a half miles south of the Atterbury home place, was seen driving north in a wagon, and Edward Atterbury was seen near by on horseback. After the fatal shot was fired Grant was observed in the wagon driving toward Edward's house, not far from the victim's house. Edward was seen galloping north on another road. Killed While in His Cart.

The body of Atterbury was found in the mud, near the center of the road. He was in a road cart when killed, and fell out backwards, the horse running down the road. There were tracks of Grant's parroy road wagon at the spot and leading on to the turn and up the road to Edward's house. These facts were brought out at the inquest and at the preliminary examination and the arrest of the two sons followed.

As yet the officers have failed to find the gun used. It was probably hidden in the wagon before the commission of the crime and was then hastily secreted. Possibly it will be fished out of the well at Edward's house. Edward Atterbury is about 25 years of age and Grant is 27. Both are married and have a number of children. David Atterbury owned a farm of 300 acres and had a large amount of personal prop-erty. Davis Atterbury, of Decatur, and Robert Atterbury, of Blue Mound, are at the home place.

# SHOT BY HIS STEPDAUGHTERS.

Two Girls Objected to Having a Farmer for a Stepfather.

SHAWNEETOWN, Ills., Nov. 25. [Special.]-John Norris was shot and badly bruised with a piece of rail yesterday by his two stepdaughters, Caroline and Belle Forrester, six miles west of this city, in Saline Mines township. A week ago Norris married the mother of these girls, they being bitterly opposed to the match. Norris was a mile from home, feeding stock, when the girls made their appearance. He says that Caroline seized him and called upon Belle to shoot. She drev a revolver and fired. He fell, and she fired three more shots.

One bullet entered the face under the eye, one bullet entered the face under the eye, and two in the back of the head. He says that Caroline then beat him with a piece of rail and left him for dead, but upon regaining consciousness he walked to the house of a neighbor, half a mile away, and now lies in a critical condition. The doctor says he cannot recover. Prosecuting Attorney Mc-Kernon, Mayor Carroll, Sheriff Shanks and Deputy Wiseheart went to the scene this afternoon, but the girls had gone. It is afternoon, but the girls had gone. It is presumed they are with a sister in Saline county. The family is well known, and the county.

Uncle Sam Gets the Forger.

OMAHA, Nov. 25 .- Mortimer Fox, the San Francisco forger, to-day fell into the hands of the United States authorities after a pretty legal battle. Attorney Park Goodwin, counsel for Fox, and Sheriff Boyd were arrested on the charge of resisting an officer, in keeping the prisoner out of the hands of the Government authorities.

To-day, however, Goodwin abandoned his Court Proceed

habeas corpus suit, and thereupon the United States Attorney dismissed his suit against Goodwin and the Sheriff. Fox was then promptly levied upon by Deputy United States Marshal Lyon, and will now be held here pending the case which the Government has against him for robbing the mails in San Francisco er which the civil authorities of that the divil suthorities of that the divil suthorities of the divil suthorities o

IN ITS FALL IT STRIKES A GALOGE STREET

SIXTY BUSY WORKMEN. At Least 15 Most an Instant Deathof the Men and Many Yards of Railroad Track Burled Into the River-Re-

lief Comes. TACOMA, Nov. 25 .- A terrible accident curred this forenoon near Canyon station, on Green River, some 70 miles east of Tacoma, caused by a landslide on the Northern Pacific track

Monday and yesterday 60 workmen were sent to the locality of the disaster to repair the recent washouts on the railroad, and while thus engaged at the base of a high bluff extending from the river, several thousand yards of the bluff suddenly tumbled those beneath.

yards of railroad track and two men were carried into the river, and several others were baried, some of whom, it is thought, may be rescued alive.

Relief trains have been sent from both sides of the disaster, and were, at last re-

#### AN ACTOR'S ATTEMPTED SUICIDE. Nelson Decker's Downfall Attributed to a

Unhappy Marriage. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 25 .- [Special.] Once the friend of Booth and a popular and respected actor, Nelson Decker, now an object of charity, lies dying in his room at the Edwin Forrest Home, at Holmesburg, after a determined effort early to-day to end after a determined effort early to-day to end his clouded existence. It was soon after the breakfast hour when one of the servants saw him lying with his throat cut by a razor, upon the floor. He was unconscious. Physicians patched up his injuries, but held

out no hope of his recovery.

Decker is very well known among the members of his profession, particularly in New York, his native city and the scene of his earliest dramatic experience. He is a member of the Actors' Fund of New York. He is more than 50 years of age. When Booth established his ill-fated theater in New York, Decker became a member of the great tragedian's stock com-pany. In that capacity he remained until the theater's collapse. He then appeared in various companies, and about ten years ago married Ward Almayne, a beautiful English actress. The marriage proved un-happy, and Decker's downward career was rapid. He was admitted to the Forrest Home less than two months ago.

## The Status of Hazelton,

HARRISBURG, Nov. 25.—[Special.]—An argument on the validity of the election by which Hazelton entered the ranks of thirdwhich Hazelton entered the ranks of third-class cities was to have been heard by the Governor to-day, but at the request of counsel for the municipality the hearing was postponed until the 30th instant. It is claimed that the opposition to the promo-tion of Hazelton from a borough to a city comes from persons interested in the liquor business, whose license fee would be increased thereby.

Presidental Appointments.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25. - The President to-day made the following appointments: William K. Sullivan, of Illinois, United States Consul at Bermuda, and Marcus R. Sulzer, of Indiana, special agent to make al-lotments of lands in severalty to the Indians by act of Congress approved February 8, 1887, vice Joseph R. Gray.

The Failure of a North Carolina Bank. WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.-Comptroller Lacey, of the Currency, was informed this morning of the suspension of the First Na-tional Bank, of Wilmington, N. C. He intructed Bank Examiner Alden to proceed rom Washington at once to take charge of

the bank. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

The Tory Platform.
Two Peculiar Tragedies
A Precocious Elopement
An Attempted Wife Murder. Pittsburg's Thanksgiving Programme.... Suicide of an Italian Cook..... Classified Advertisements

Editorial and Communications...... The Doings of Society...... Two Remarkable Women..... Industrial Intelligence..... Stealing the New York Legislature..... How Governors Give Thanks 10
Work in the Oit Fields 10 Hints for the Home. 10
Financial and Commercial Markets. 11
Another Will Broken. 12

#### INNOCENTS ABROAD.

Two Washington County Children Arrested While Eloping.

THEY SPEND THE NIGHT IN PRISON.

The Would-Be Wife Talks of Her Fervent Love for Henry Phillips.

THE LITTLE LADY TELLS HER STORY

A precocious pair of would-be elopers were captured by the Pittsburg police yesterday afternoon, three hours after they had started from their home in Taylorstown, Washington county, The would-be bride is Ella White, a very pretty child, who has the head of an innocent girl of 16 and the undeveloped form of a child

of 10 or 11 years.

According to her own story she "will be going on 15 years until the 13th of January." The youth in the case is Henry Phillips, but little over 20 years of age and about as innocent of the world outside of Taylorstown as he well could be.

She Left Her Home to Attend School. This precious pair started from Taylorstown at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon to go to Jamestown, N. Y., to get married. He was dressed in his best suit of clothes and had \$15 in his inside pocket. She was dressed in a bran new suit of rich red cashmere and a nobby little hat, and did not have a cent to her name. On the way to town they talked of their prospects, looked love at each other and all unconsciously attracted the attention of everyone in the car. Behind them sat an ex-detective, who overheard their conversation, though apparently absorbed conversation, though apparently absolutes in a newspaper, and when they arranged to leave the train at Glenwood, the would-be to walk in advance of the girl and appear not to know the leave the state of the girl and appear to the same than the Hailen depot wavenee of the girl and appear not to know her until they could reach the Union depot, the ex-detective kept on reading. They got off at Glenwood as per programme. The detective kept on the train until it reached the city. Then he went to Police Super-intendent Weir's office and told the story.

#### Into the Arms of the Law.

lice Captain Denniston and officer ger were on the watch among others, a about 5 o'clock last evening noticed a young man alight from a Second avenue electric car at Smithfield street. A young girl got off the same car and followed the youth at a reportful distance. the youth at a respectful distance, and the the youth at a respectful distance, and the descriptions being accurate the officers stepped up and arrested the couple. The girl began to cry, but her companion put on a bold front and denied any knowledge of her, saying he had never seen her in his life. The little bluff did not go, however, and the young folks were quietly marched to Central station, where Phillips was locked up in a cell and his little sweetheart was given to the care of Mrs. Finney heart was given to the care of Mrs. Finney in the matron's department. The little girl was questioned afterward,

The little girl was questioned afterward, and between her tears candidly told the whole story. She said her father was a coal dealer at Caruthers and her brother Baltimore and Ohio station agent at Taylorstwn, just adjoining Caruthers.
"I fell in love with Henry when I first got acquainted with him about a year ago," she said, "and he fell in love with me. My beather hates him and father and mother About 15 were killed outright, and 200

she said, "and he leil in love with me. My brother hates him, and father and mother got to hate him, too, because he drinks a little sometimes. Henry is a roustabout around the wells, and he's awful smart. He had a fight with my ports, working hard to rescue the buried brother at a picnic this summer because brother told Henry he oughtn't to take me to a picnic at night. But it wasn't late. Why it wasn't even dark yet. Oh, I know Henry loves me. Why, he had three fights about me this summer. Not the one with my brother, but three besides that. Eb Burrows said to him one day:

"Henry, you ought to be ashamed going with a little baby like Ellie White?" Then Henry went at him and how the slid feether. prother told Henry he oughtn't to take me

Henry went at him, and how they did fight!
But then, up our way they don't fight so
hard as they do down here, I guesa."

"Now, if your parents take you home
will you be a good girl and stay away from
Henry?" asked Captain Denniston.

Oon't Want to Be Arrested.

Her eyes flashed as she straightened up to reply, but then, realizing that discretion would be a better part, she dropped her little head demurely, and with a deep sigh answered: "Yes, sir, I guess I'll have to. The fact is I don't like to be arrested, and I suppose I would be expensed." suppose I would be again if I ran off."
It was suggested to her that Henry's in-

tentions might not be as sincere as she suptentions might not be as sincere as she sup-posed, but she grew indignant in a moment and would not hear to anything of the sort. When informed, just before being tucked in bed for the night, that her parents had been notified and would be here this morning for her, the little girl seemed greatly relieved, saying she was glad they knew, because they would be worried about her. Henry paced up and down his cell until nearly midnight like a caged lion. He insisted on his immediate release, imperiously demanding by what authority he was locked up and promising to have every officer who had interfered with him taken into the United States Court. When informed that his sweetheart's big brother and father would be down after him this morning he indignantly

exclaimed: "Let the whole family come and bring their relations! I'll take the whole of them, and I'll have Ellie, too!"
Superintendent Weir telephoned to the girl's parents last night and they will be here this morning. Mr. White told the Superintendent that he would engage an at-

torney at once and prosecute Phillips for abducting a minor child. LOTTERY MANAGERS ARRESTED.

They Are Charged With Violating the Mail Laws of North Dakota,

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 25 .- [Special.]-United States Marshal Donnally has served. warrants on Messrs. Paul Conrad, M. Anault, Jos. Horner, P. F. Herwig, Joseph Herwig, W. Valeton, P. Labarre, L. Poche. J. Brulatour, P. Voorhies and A. J. Bachemin, of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, on the indictment found by the United States grand jury of Sioux Falls, N. D., some time ago for violating the antilottery mail law. These warrants have been in the marshal's hands for some time, but owing to the fact that the United States Court for the November term did not open its session for business until last week, they

were not served until last night. There are 18 counts in the Sioux Falls indictments against each of the above named gentlemen and also Messrs. John A. Morris, Chapman, H. Hyams, Paul O. Fazerde and F. T. Howard, who are not in the city. and F. T. Howard, who are not in the city.
This morning they appeared before United
States Commissioner William Wright for
arraignment, but at the suggestion of
United States District Attorney William
Grant the cases were deferred until to-morrow at 11 o'clock, all being released on
parole. Mr. Grant said that he had telemental to Siony Fells to assertiain when graphed to Sioux Falls to ascertain when the United States Court would open there, and pending a reply he desired the case postponed. Judge Semmes, counsel for de-fendants with J. P. Horner, consenting, the matter went over. The Marshal has a num-10 ber of other warrants, found in other States,
11 to serve on the lottery officers, but they will
12 probably go over until the Sioux Falls in12 dictments are settled.