STILL A REPUBLIC.

No Chance for Monarchism to Win Back Dom Pedro's Late Empire.

THE BRAZILIAN MINISTER TALKS.

DA FONSECA'S POSITION DESCRIBED

the New Bureau.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.-Senor Mendopes, the Brazilian Minister, talked freely to The Dispatch correspondent this evening about the alleged revolt of several States. He said: "Brazil is all right. The Monarchists in one State, Rio Grande do Sul, found themselves in minority at the recent elections by the process of the Cabinet, but this is hardly likely. When Parliament adjourned Mr. Abbott had a majority of at least 24, and as there are between 50 and 60 contested elections pending. A large majority of the cabinet. dones, the Brazilian Minister, talked freely recent election, but they have not yet learned to respect the rule of the Constitutional majority. The Republican Governor is to be seated. They kick. It is of no of dissolving the House.

avail, that is all. "Unserupulous London financiers, through their representatives in Rio Janeiro, seek by exaggerated reports of an imaginary revolt, against the Fonseca rule to frighten the holders of Brazilian bonds into selling at a forced-down figure. The integrity of Brazilian unity is as certain as the stars. My official dispatch, received this morning, confirms my utter disbelief in the sensational stories by the London commercial

No New Hope for Monarchy.

"No, there is absolutely no ground left for monarchy among us. I admit that at Rio there exists a faction, composed of foreign money representatives and ignorant hirelings, and that a minority of the old monarchist party remains scattered through the States. But only the Rio faction really seeks a restoration of monarchy. The minority exists only as a party of opposition. In the late elections it sought a less offensive name in the Liberal party. The Empire favored monopoly of our immense trade by European commercial firms. They could then buy whole sale privileges which are now withheld to encourage home industry and bome capital.

Then, too, the European firms have un doubtedly conceived a jealousy of the United States just as soon as our reciprocity arrangements were announced. It is quite ossible that money has been freely sent to bolster up local political dissension, such as that in Rio Grande at present, with a view to disrupting the Republic. And if not that, it is safe to say that they have countenanced the grossest misrepresentation of the situation in their dispatches.

General Fonseca Not a Dictator.

"Is General Fonseca now a dictator" "Most emphatically he is not, in any just sense. Fonseca is the President of the Republic of Brazil. What would President Harrison be likely to do if, when your Congress meets next month, it should begin by voting out of the Constitution the veto power? Would be not, by his own solemn cath, be ound to appeal to the people of the country? That is precisely the case in Brazil. At the next general election a new Congress will be returned in place of the one dismissed by President Fonseca. If it takes the same position as the first. Fonseca will resign, and a change in the fundamental law will be necessary; but that will not happen.

"The sudden blow of the revolution, forced by the delicate health of Dom Pedro and the probable succession of the Princess d'Eu, made the temporary dictatorship a practical necessity during the time required to elect the constituent assembly. That done, Dieta or Fonseca was formally elected President, and President he is to-day, the newspapers to the contrary notwithstanding. During my recent visit to Brazil I saw trustorthy men from all parts of the country Through them and all sources of information I saw that general satisfaction and ride in the new institutions existed every-

"I may say with truth that the Brazilian

egation in the United States is regarded as having importance second to none. It is to the United States that we are locking for ideas and rules of practice in politics, as well as for the mutual profits of reciprocal trade. In saying that I do not imply anything but the mos-perfect satisfaction with our financial representatives ir London. The Bureau of American Republics has from semi-official sources the following information: The telegraphic and other news which comes from London is often entirely false and generally distorted and magnified. British lealousy of the increasing influence of the United States in Brazil, and the fear of losing commercial supremacy in that country so long and so profitably maintained under the Empire, are the motives which inspire the false and alarming dis-

In Rio Grande do Sul, the most southern district in Brazil and bordering on Uruguay and the Argentine Republic, the situation is peculiar and needs some special expla-. When the revolution of November, 1889, substituted the republic for the Empire the State of Rio Grande do Sul accepted the new form of government quite as readily, and with as little disturbance as any other State.

A Local Trouble in Rio Grande.

But othe on rganization of the State Gov-ernment party lines were closely drawn and party feeling was warmly aroused between the Republicans on the one hand and the adherents of the Liberal party, partisans of the deposed leader, Silveria Martins, on the other. Forcible resistance was offered to the installation of the Governor-elect, who was the candidate of the Republicans. armed interference of the Federal Government was necessary to overcome this resistance, but the feeling of opposition naturally remained and was perhaps intensified by Federal interference.

It is reasonable to suppose that the Gov ernor of Rio Grande do Sul would support the power which assured him possession of the office to which he had been chosen. The position of Rio Grande do Sul as an independent State in consequence of a suc-cessful movement for secession, would be extremely difficult and full of peril, between the mother country and Uruguay, with which country she has been in continnal dispute and whose people are of a dif-ferent and almost hostile race. The position of the State would be that precisely of Texas should she attempt to maintain a independent existence between the United States and Mexico.

Many Germans in the State, About one-third of the population of Rio Grande do Sul is of German descent, of whom probably 12,000 have not yet been naturalized as Brazilian citizens. A gentleman thoroughly acquainted with this German population says that among them al feeling is much stronger than State attachment, and that they are Brazilian in their sentiments and aspirations. The foregoing reasons would lead to the conclusions that no secession movement can be permanently successful in Rio Grande

There is a tendency among the smaller States to merge themselves in their larger neighbors, and a clause of the new Consti-tution, prepared with a knowledge of that tendency, provides for such action on the part of the States.

The Brazilian Minister has a number of messages, in which no mention is made of political disturbances or secession move-ments, and the United States Minister at Rio has not considered the situation and events there sufficiently serious to justify him in sending a cablegram to the Depart-

Senor Mendones, the Brazilian Minister here, at a late hour last night, received the following cablegram: "Continue to deny alarming reports spread through Europe in regard to the restoration of a monarch and disturbance of public order in Brazil."

CANADA'S SHIFTING CABINET.

Premier Abb tt Is Not Likely to Dissolve Parliament for Awhile. MONTREAL, Nov. 12 .- It is learned that

the reconstructed Cabinet will be as follows: Premier and President of the Council, J. J. C. Abbott; Minister of Finance, J. E. Foster; Minister of Public Works, L. R. Angers; Minister of Justice, Sir John Thompson; Minister of Customs, J. J. Cur-His Assertions Are Amply Corroborated by ran; Minister of Internal Revenue, J. Costigan; Postmaster General, J. Haggart (temporarily); Minister of Militia and Defense, Sir Adolphe Caron (temporarily); Minister of the Interior, J. A. Chapleau; Minister of Railways, Makenzie Bowell; Solicitor General, W. Meredith; Minister of Agriculture, J. Carling; Secretary of State, J. A. Onimet.

pending, a large majoity of which are ex-pected to go Conservative, it is expected that the Premier will at least wait to see the outcome of these before even thinking

NOT TOO RICH TO SCRUB.

A Peculiar Scene in One of the Downtown

Stores Last Night. Anyone who scans the advertising columns of the daily papers often sees the name of H. J. Lynch. He has been in Pittsburg probably for 50 years, and is still in it. To hard and attentive work from the start is attributable the great success and prosper ity which now crown Mr. Lynch's efforts. He is old enough and rich enough to retire, but no; he is not satisfied unless doing

something.
Some persons who have acquired a good "jag" of worldly goods after years of labor quietly pull cut and allow their sons to succeed them in business. Not so with Mr.

For many years it has been the custom of the establishment to "scrub out" twice a week. The writer walked past the store after closing hours last night, and saw one gray and partly bald man and three big muscular negroes at work in their shirt sleeves. The white gentleman was pushing the broom with more vim and vigor than any broom with more vim and vigor than any of the others. This was H. J. Lynch. He has helped to scrub out ever since he started in business, and says he is happy in doing it.

A K OF L EX-TREASURER SHORT.

The Delalestion Reaches Over \$31,000 and is the Sensation of the Convention.

TOLEDO, Nov. 12 .- The sensation of the K. of L. convention to-day was the report of a committee appointed at the last session, at the request of General Secretary Hayes, to investigate the Treasurer's books, he found in unsatisfacwhich tory shape. The committee reported that ex-Treasurer Turner refused to appear before them, or to give up the bank deposit book, canceled checks and other documents in his possession. They made the best investigation possible in the absence of these documents, and find there

is over \$31,000 unaccounted for. Even crediting Turner with \$17,000, which his statements show to have been expended, but which the books of the order do not show, leaves a balance of over \$14,000 entirely unaccounted for. The report was ordered printed.

A TAILOR SAVED BY HIS WIFE.

He Becomes Melancholy and His Wife Put Blank Cartridges in His Pistol.

John Benifang, a tailor living at 311 Locust street, attempted suicide yesterday morning. He is 50 years old and owns some property. A short time ago he sold a lot for \$4,000. He wanted to invest it in farm, but his wife and friends objected. He then thought he had sold the property too cheaply.

He worried himself sick and had to go to His wife feared he would kill him self, and substituted blank cartridges for the loaded ones. About 9 o'clock she went out of the room and soon after she heard a He had fired at his breast, but only a slight wound resulted.

Baker Ballot Law requirements. HARRISBURG, Nov. 12 .- [Special.] -- Secretary of State Harrity, Secretary of Internal Affairs Stewart and Auditor General McCamant, composing the board to decide upon the pattern of shelves, compartments and guard rails for elections under the Baker bill, and to fix the limit of cost, have decided to hold a meeting in this city on the 25th instant for the purpose of inspecting such samples as may be submitted, and making a selection for adoption throughout the

Business of the Moon Run Railway. The Pittsburg and Moon Run Railway Company is building up a nice passenger traffic, and the road is giving more satisfaction than some other lateral roads from the fact that tickets good on both it and the Pittsburg and Lake Erie are sold at one price, thus saving patrons much trouble. So straight is the route that standing on the track anywhere between Ficht's and Clever's stations the greater portion of the road can

Corey's Mind Is Weak,

J. Alfred Corey, of Philadelphia, who was arrested for stealing an overcoat at the Monongahela House last night, is still in the station house. The manager of the hotel received a telegram from his friends to the effect that Corey is weak-min and any expenses he might incur would be willingly paid by his father, who is a wealthy Philadelphian. The latter will arrive here and take the unfortunate man

They Want the Strip Opened.

ARKANSAS CITY, KAN., Nov. 12 .- A mass meeting of people from this city and the surrounding country within a radius of 50 miles is being held here to-day. The object of the meeting is to memorialize Con-gress and the President to open the Cherokee strip to settlement at once. Str ng resolutions were passed, and the feeling in favor of settling the strip is intense.

THE FIRE RECORD.

AT Braddock yesterday morning, Gills! clothing store was damaged \$500 worth. AT Warsaw, N. Y., yesterday, the Crystal Salt Works burned. Loss, \$125,000; insur-ance, \$90,000.

Ar Chicago yesterday morning, the Consolidate Bottling Works were damaged \$10,000 worth; insured. AT Calisie, early yesterday morning, R. C.

Parkinson's jurniture store was damaged to the extent of \$5,000; fully insured. NEAR Susquehanna Wednesday midnight, the large Brandt-Chairy factory burned. Loss, \$30,000: partly insured. Seventy-five men are out of employment. No. 8 engine company answered a still

alarm last night for a small fire in the kitchen of Mrs. J. C. Benton's house, on Broad street. Damage slight. Is Mt. Pleasant township, Westmoreland county, early vesterday, Springer Brothers barn, with all its contents, was burned incendiary. Loss, \$2,000: insurance

AT Han Kow, China, recently, a huge fire destroyed 1,300 houses, and rendered 13,000 people homeless. It is believed that a number of women and children lost their Two days afterward 200 more houses

Ar Slater, Mo., Wednesday morning, the Central Hotel, and a dozen business house: burned. Loss, \$77,000: insurance \$27,960, The guests and occupants of the hotel had narrow escapes. All their personal effects were lost, in some cases not even their clothing being saved.

REBEL CAUGHT

He Is Cheu Ken Lung, Who Organized the Insurrection in China.

EXAMINED IN A STAR CHAMBER.

Torture and Liquor Fails to Make Him to Betray His Followers.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 19 .- Ched Kin Lung, the leader of Kolso Hun secret society, which has been instrumental in causing the uprising in Hunaiu, was captured by six runners of Shanghai and Soo Chow police while staying st an inn in Soo Chow. He was accompanied by a band of 30 men and was preparing to leave for Hang Chow and other inland places when he was surprised at night by the runners, who, despite his endeavors to protect himself with his sword, quickly overpowered him, and before he had given an alarm, gagged and bound him, boarded a steam launch and proceeded to

Shanghai. His examination was conducted with secreey by the magistrate and deputies of the Viceroy of the Governor and of Tao Tai. Several official documents issued by Kowao Hui were found on his person. In them he was addressed as the "Eighth Great Prince" and as the commander of numerous forces. Three examinations have been held, but Chan refused to make any disclosures, despite the torture, saying to the officers that he would not betray his cause, and that he was not the only one ready to give up his life for it.

Now Plying Him With Liquor. The officials are now pursuing another method. They feast him and ply him with

liquor in hopes that he will let fall some information under its influence. They have thus far met with no success. Mason, the customs official who made an attempt to smuggle arms into China and

put himself forward as a possible leader of the rebellion, was examined before the Brit-ish Police Court at Shanghai. Develop-ments show the affair was a Quixotic attempt on Mason's part to obtain notoriety and had no real political significance. The Nan King Viceroy is said to have adrised the Imperial Government not to open Hunan. The native boats are closely watched in the Yang-Tsze for smuggled arms. The Viceroy, Li Hung Chang, appears to be in a qery cheerful state of mind. He seems to think internal affairs not at all serious, and that the foreign powers are only playing a game of bluft. The general feeling, however, is one of insecurity, and it is further stated that the Viceroy of Nan King has strongly advised the British Con-

sul at Chin Kiang to remove European women and children.

The European Squadron in China, The following is the distribution of foreign men-of-war on the Yang-Tsza: At Han Kow, the British cruiser Archer, the Han Kow, the British cruiser Archer, the German gunboat Iltis and a Russian ram; at Chin Kiang, the British gunboat Redpole; at Kin Kiang, the French cruiser Inconstant; at Wuhu, the British gunboat Peacock. At Chin King there are also the Chinese sloops Ching Ching and Pow Ming and the revenue cruiser Fi Hoo.

A native paper says that all leaders of rioters who destroyed the churches and chapels at Kwang Teh Chow, in Anhui, have been examined and have confessed, implicating a student. The magistrate refused to entertain this charge on the ground

fused to entertain this charge on the ground that the student was incapable of such an act, and refused to confront him with his ac-cusers, who had been sent to Wahu for trial. The student has followed them to clear his character.

THE WELSH TIN TRADE.

Shipments Gradually Increasing Since the Surplus Is Being Consumed. IBY CABLE TO THE DISPATOR 1

LONDON, Nov. 12 .- The tin plate market here still remains in favor of the buyers. It has already touched the cost price of manufacture and transport, and there is, therefore, but little room for any further fall in prices. Only two-thirds of the mills are now working and the situation contains a nenace, which is openly expressed by persons interested, that others will shut down

The deficit in the American demand aver. ages 300,000 boxes monthly. The shipments, however, are gradually creeping up, this being due to the fact that the enormous supply accumulated in the early part of the year is being used up. In July the shipments showed a total of only 4,323 tons. In August 5,629 tons were sent over, in September 11,139 and in October the amount had got up to 12,461 tons. As a consequence of this showing the manufacturers here are indulging the hope that their shipments will eventually reach the former average of 27,000 tons monthly.

PORTY PAMILIES HOMELESS.

A Narrow Escape From Great Loss of Life in a Tenement District.

LONDON, Nov. 12 .- A fire broke out at an early hour this morning in Bethnal Green, an eastern suburb of London, in the quarter occupied by lumber yards, factories and a large number of tenements filled with poor families. The flames spread with frightful rapidity, fed, as they were, with the immense quantity of highly-inflammable materials. The Fire Brigade responded promptly to the alarm, but for a long time their efforts to subdue the flames were rewarded with but poor success. For-tunately much of the lumber and timber stacked in the yards had been thoroughly

soaked by rain. Adjacent to the houses burned were a large number of dwellings filled with ten ants, who were panic-stricken when they realized their danger. Many made no at tempt to save their goods, but fled, scantily clad, into the streets. In the wild rush for life some of the aged and infirm were for-gotten, and the duty of saving them devolved upon the fire brigade death resulted. One young child in delicate health could not stand the exposur and died after it had been removed from its home. A falling wall buried one fireman, severely injuring him. Forty families were rendered homeless.

The Will of Mrs. Parnell's Aunt.

LONDON, Nov. 12.-A compromise being arranged in the case of the probate of the will of the late Mrs. Wood, aunt of the widow of Mr. Parnell (Mrs. O'Shea). The attempt at compromise will probably be suc-cessful, and the questions at issue are not likely to come to court for decision.

Russia Strengthening Her Chinese Frontier ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 12.-The authori ties of the Russian War Office have resolved to construct a line of forts along the Chines frontier, and to increase the number of offi cers in Central Asia.

Triching Found in American Pork. LONDON, Nov. 12.-The Chronicle this morning announces that triching have been found in American pork at Solingen, a town

One Conscientious Russian Official. One Conscientions Russian Official.

St. Peterskurg, Nov. 12.— M. Vishnegradsky, the Minister of Finance, is seriously ill, suffering from an attack of nervous prostration, His illness was brought on through the great anxiety caused by the famine troubles and the

financial complications of the Empire. It is expected that M. Vishnegradsky will shortly resign his position as the head of the Finance Ministry.

MORE NEWS OF SHIPWRECKS.

ONE ENGLISH VESSEL GOES DOWN WITH ALL ON BOARD

Before the Lifeboat From the Shore Can Reach Her-Atlantic Liners Leave Port in the Teeth of the Hurricane-Great Damage in France.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—Reports of ship-wrecks continue to come in. The steamer THE WARSHIPS IN CHINESE WATERS Harwarden Castle, engaged in the coasting trade, was wrecked at the mouth of the river Mersey last night. The crew took refuge in the rigging. A number of attempts was made to rescue them from their precarious position, but none of them was successful. This morning four bodies were washed ashore. They are of seamen, who, worn

ashore. They are of seamen, who, worn out by exposure, were not strong enough to keep themselves in the rigging.

The White Star line steamer Britannic and the steamer City of New York, both hound from Liverpool for New York, sailed from Liverpool yesterday and shaped their courses for Queenstown in the very teeth of the gale. When they made an offing after leaving the river they met with terrific weather, which they carried with them throughout their voyage down the Irish Sea. An immense wave boarded the Britannic and carried overboard Quartermaster annie and carried overboard Quartermaster McKenzie.

There is great excitement in Southport There is great excitement in Southport, on the Irish Sea, over the fate of a crew of lifeboatmen who went out yesterday to attempt to save the crew of a vessel which was in distress off that place. This afternoon the Southport lifeboat had succeeded in reaching the shore in safety, and all those who had gone so near to death at the call of duty have survived the perils. The lifeboat reached where the distressed vessel was last seen, but when she got there all trace of the vessel had disappeared.

A dispatch from Boulogne says: Nothing but a rough estimate can be made of the

but a rough estimate can be made of the damage done by the terrible storm which set in here Tuesday night, and which with-out abatement lasted until last night. It is known that the loss is enormous. A large number of houses in the town were unroofed and outbuildings were blown down. Providing Relief for Evicted Tenants. DUBLIN, Nov. 12 .- A meeting of the

National Federation was held to-day at Tullamore, at which the question of providing means for the relief of evicted tenants was discussed. It was finally resolved to fix the contributions to the fund for this purpose at 3d on the pound on the parish valuations.

BEATING AN IRON RECORD.

The Edgar Thomson Works Is Making Wonderful Day's Record.

BRADDOCK, Nov. 12. - [Special.]-The Edgar Thomson Steel Works closed down this morning at 4 o'clock and all the machinery was inspected and carefully oiled. At 6 o'clock one of the greatest day's work in the history of the iron industry commenced. The idea was to eclipse the 24hour run at the Smith Chicago Rolling Mill, which turned out 1,700 tons. The men worked hard all day with all the energy that nature could give. Superintendent Schwab also spent all his time there, and he was a happy man this evening when he re-alized that the record had been broken. From 6 o'clock until 12 o'clock the con-

verting department turned out 524 tons of steel ingots, and in the rail mill 500 tons of steel rails were rolled. When the mill had run 12 hours the converting department had 1,087 tons at its credit, beating the previous record of 907 tons. This was made in 67 heats. In the rail department there was rolled 3,022 rails, as against 2,650 previously. The six-hour turn in the converting devartment made 4,700 heats, as against a previous record of 624. The mill is running full to-night and there is no the result. Mr. Swab started out to make

BOARD OF HEALTH IN SESSION.

Annual Meeting of the State Organization at the Capital.

HARRISBURG, Nov. 12-[Special.]-The twentieth annual session of the State Board of Health is being held here, and will conclude its business before noon to-morrow Dr. Lee, the Secretary, presented his annual report, which, among other things, announced the death of two of the Board's inspectors, Drs. James L. Stewart, of Erie, and L. Gummert, of Brownsville. Refer ence is also made to the efforts to secure ef-fective legislation, as recommended by the Governor, and the failure to secure proper

Mr. Lee urges the need of more adequal organization of sanitary boards throughout the State, and commends the various local boards for their efficient work in preventing the spread of disease by means of unwhole some milk and other causes, and of the ne cessity of disseminating information on the sanitary management of farms and dairies.

ANOTHER EMBARRASSED BANK.

The California National at San Diego Ten porarily Closes Its Doors.

SAN DIEGO, CAL., Nov. 12.-The California National Bank did not open its doors for business this morning. A card displayed in the window read as follows: Owing to continued shrinkage in deposits and our inability promptly to realize on notes and accounts the bank is temporarily

The Bank Commissioner has been sent for and will take charge on his arrival. It is believed that the depositors will be paid in full. The bank has an advertised paid up capital of \$500,000 and a surplus of \$100,000.

A Maryland Senator To Be Appointed. BALTIMORE, Nov. 12. - There is a report abroad that Governor Jackson will appoint a United States Senator to serve until a successor of the late Senator Wilson is elected by the Legislature. Robert F. Brattan, President of the last State Senate, will, it is understood, receive the appointment,

STREET CORNER GOSSIP.

Seven new cases of diphtheria and ten of scarlatina were reported to the Bureau of Health yesterday.

A BROKEN telegraph wire became crosse with an electric light wire on Wednesday night. Three men and two boys were severely shocked by coming in contact with it John Brown, 50 years old, of Ohio street and Cedar avenue, Allegheny, died suddenly

and Cedar avenue, Allegheny, died suddenly at the Allegheny General Hospital yesterday afternoon. Mr. Brown had just been taken to the hospital a short time before he died, and the physicians did not know what killed him. The Coroner will investigate to-day. REV. MARTIN ZIRKEL, a well-known minister, for many years pastor of the Evangelical Association, died Wednesday evening at his residence in Freedom. Pa. About 25 years ago he was pastor of the German Emmanuel Church, Third street and Madison avenue, Allegheny. He Icaves a wife and one

THE Randall Club will have a special musi cal at their club house, Duquesne way, this formers, there will be a special programme given by the male chorus of the "Bi-stonians" after their performance at the Duquesne Theater. A full attendance of members is desired. evening. In addition to several local per

H. J. GERB has mysteriously disappeared

A MIDNIGHT ATTACK.

Bold Bandits Overhaul a Train in the Suburbs of a Large City.

THE EXPRESS CAR SUFFERS MOST.

Trainmen Held Up and Several Safes Are

Blown Open With Bombs. THRILLING STORY OF THE FIREMA!

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 12.-When the St Paul train arrived at a point not far from the Western Union Junction at 1 o'clock this morning the firemen, Edwin Averill, who was putting some coal into the furnace, was startled to hear a noise behind him. He turned around and discovered two heavily masked men clambering over the tender. Both leveled double-barreled muskets at the fireman and engineer, "Bill' Mackay, with the injunction:

"Dont move an inch till we tell you to or we will blow the top of your heads off." Engineer Mackay was ordered to run the train to withm a point about one mile from Western Union Junction. Here the engineer was commanded to stop, and he and the firemen were ordered to step out. They were marched to the express car, under cover of the guns and then the work of blowing open the express car began. Several bombs, the fireman thinks they were, were thrown into the car, and the explosions were terrific and must have awakened every passenger on the train, but nobody appeared on the scene.

The Fireman's Graphic Story. Fireman Averill's story is the most comprehensive. "They made me walk ahead of them to the express car," he said, "and they gave me a jimmy to pry open the boxes. I had to move all the 'dead matter' off the boxes and do their dirty work generally, but I was glad to get off with a whole skin. They got the messengers' keys, though he was in no hurry to give them up, and they had no trouble in getting away

with the money." The train was held for over half an hour. and if the plans of the robbers had not been perfect they would not have been delayed much. Their entire efforts were centered on the express car, and not a passenger was molested. The fireman thinks there were half dozen men guarding the coaches, how-

"Less than five minutes out of Western Union Junction," said Messenger Murphy, "the train slowed up suddenly. A musket was poked through a top window of the car, and a second later a terrific explosion oc-curred that knocked both myself and Mr. Cook in a heap. Half a dozen other ex-plosions followed, and both doors flew off the bolts. Then two men, wearing big black masks, clambered quickly into the car and covered us with double-barreled muskets. We were cautioned to maintain silence, at the penalty of getting our heads blown off.

A Thorough Overhauling of the Car. "After glancing hurriedly about the car, the robbers fastened their eyes on the two iron boxes of the American Express Com-pany. The robbers brought the fireman in a little later, and went through all the boxes. They compelled us to hand over the keys, and then dumped the boxes out on the roadbed. One of the robbers kept us covered with his musket all the time, while the other robber superintended the oper-

ations of the fireman."

Messenge: Murphy stated that he had secured all the bills of the money contained in the safe and that the sum was undobtedly a very large on. It is believed here that the robbers secured at least \$100,000. An official of the St. Paul road said that the one which was held up was the carried all the money received by Mil-waukee banks from the East in the

Later dispatches, however, say that the loss will probably not be so heavy as was teared, as the largest sums of money were in sates that were not opened.

WILL BECOME A SEA

Salton Lake Will Become 150 Miles Lon and 300 Feet Deep.

Dr. P. G. Cotter, of Yuma, was in this city to-day. In conversation in reference to the present condition of the Salton sea, he said it is estimated that nine-tenths of the Colorado river is flowing into it. The sea is not increased in depth by this inflow, but it has lowered about three inches. It is now from four to seven feet in depth in various parts. The river leaves its bed about fourteen mile below Yuma, where the elevation above the sea level is 143 feet. It flows in precipitous plunges, many of them in the nature of cataracts, down dozens of feet, wearing the soil over which it flows, and making the fall con stantly more precipitous near the break. The break is 137 feet above the sea, while the Salton basin is 263 feet below, making a

total grade from the river of 400 feet. The Colorado river is very heavily charge with solids, and will precipitate half an inch of alluvium to every six feet of water. This matter is being constantly wasned down the river, and is forming a bank in the river bed just beyond this break, so that shortly the entire body of the river will be turned into the Salton sea. The winter floods, he thinks, will raise the Salton sea nutil it becomes a lake 300 feet in depth and 150 miles long, and finds its outlet through the bed of the New river into the Gulf of Mexico. Southern Pacific engineers have examined the river break with a view of finding a way to turn the river back. They reported that such could be done by piling, but that it would be too expensive a job for the company to undertake.

Ocean Steamship Arrivals. Steamer. Where From. Destination Baltimore.Liverpool.

For Friday's Poor Man's Sale. We always have good clothing at special low prices to offer poor people on Fridays, To-day you will find the following special prices on men's overcoats, men's suits, boys suits and pants: Men's chinchilla and melton overcoats,

made with velvet collar or plain blues, blacks and Oxfords at only . . \$4 00 150 men's fine heavy ulsters, with big collars, cassimere cloth lined for.... 4 95 Only 250 men's suits, cut in sacks and cutaway style, all sizes, at....... 4 00 Boys, age 4 to 14, can get a good warm

The Farmers' Deposit National Bank Invite the public to call and examine their new safe deposit vaults. Information con-cerning the renting of boxes and deposit of

P. C. C., Pittsburg Combination Cloth

ing Company, corner Grant and Diamond

valuables cheerfully given. DIED. BINDLEY—On Friday, at 1 A. M., John Cooper, eldest son of John Bindley, in the 6th year of his age. Funeral services from the family resi-

dence, Fifth avenue, on SUNDAY, November

HARRISON'S SCOTCH WHISKY.

all the Presidents but One Used Wines, but Prohibitionists Are Angry.

The cask of Scotch whisky which the millionaire, Carnegie, sent to President Harrison has caused a hot, smoky thrill of indignation among the prohibition people of the United States, writes Frank G. Carenter to THE DISPATCH. It recalls the barrel of brandy which General Henry M. Naglee, the noted vineyard owner on the Pacific coast, sent to Cleveland. General Naglee was a great admirer of President Cleveland, and he had a barrel made with silver hoops, which he filled with the finest of grape brandy, worth at least \$20 a gallon. He expressed this to the late William Dorsheimer, of New York, and asked him to present it to Cleveland. Dorsheimer promised to do this, and the brandy was shipped from California to New York, and from thence it probably came to the White House, President Arthur had some very choice

wine which was given him by the famous lobbyist, Sam Ward, and which he brought out only on the most important occasions. President Johnson had a fine article of pale sherry, and he was fond of some Scupper-nong wine sent him by his friends in North Carolina. Thomas Jefferson spent the most for wines of all our Presidents, and his acfor wines of all our Presidents, and his account book shows that he gave over \$10.000 for sherries, brandies, Madeiras and champagnes while he was in the White House. He ordered his wines by the hundreds of bottles, and in the first year of his Presidency he spent \$2,600 on liquors. President Washington, though he was a temperate drinker himself, had good wines on his table, and he always took two glasses of Maderia at dinner. During his first campaign for the House of Burgesses in Virginia I find a barrel of whisky for the treatment of voters set down in the items of his ment of voters set down in the items of his

ment of voters set down in the items of his account book, and he always served wines at his state dinners.

John Tyler, the son of the President, once told me that his father's brandy cost him four dollars a gallon and that he imported his own madeira, sending shelied Indian corn from his Virginia plantation over to Madeira to be exchanged for it. Buchanan always had good wines and so had Grant and Cleveland. Hays is the only President in history who has not served wines at his state dinner and as for Andrew Jackson, he always had good liquors on tap and plenty of them. The night after his inauguration the carpets in the East Room of the White House were ruined by the orange punch which was brought into the room in buckets. There were barrels of this punch and when the waiters entered this punch and when the waiters entered with the buckets, the guests rushed for it and in the scramble that ensued, glasses were broken and dresses spoiled. The tubs of punch were finally taken out into the White House grounds and in this way the

Whigh House grounds and in this way the throng was drawn off and it was possible to serve cake and wine.

One of the hardest drinkers among the Presidents was Andrew Johnson. He was drunk when he was inaugurated as Vice-President and he kept his bottle generally near him. While he was Govenor of Tenneesee, he had a jug in the washstand in his executive office and he treated his friends form this.

Worth \$1.50.....

Good Clothes Brushes,

Square Japanned

2-quart Covered

Triple Plated Caster,

Worth 25c.....

Spice Boxes, worth 35c.....

Milk Pails, worth 15c.....

5 bottles, worth \$2.....

Acme Curtain Stretchers, worth \$3.75...\$2.50

Patent Skirt Boards,

CHASING DOWN A MURDERER.

He Is Accused of Killing Two Men to Get a \$4,000 Life Insurance.

TOPERA, KAN., Nov. 12.-[Special.]-TOPEKA, KAN., Nov. 12.—[Special.]—Governor Humphrey to-day issued a proclamation offering a reward of \$300 for the
arrest and conviction of Isaac Kay, who is
charged with having murdered Charles
Webband Louis Fournier, citizens of Cowley
county, in June, 1889. Webb was found
dead near his home, on the morning of June
10, in that year, and about one week later
Fournier's body was also found. The whole
affair was shrouded in mystery, and it was
thought no clue had been obtained until the
letter upon which the Governor issued his
proclamation was received to-day.

The Sheriff of Cowley county went to
work on the case and claims Kay murdered
Webb to secure an insurance policy of \$4,000

Webb to secure an insurance policy of \$4,000 on the latter's life, which had been made out in favor of Kay's wife. Fournier was suspected by Kay of knowing too much, and therefore was also killed. The policy is in the hand of Prosecuting Attorney Atkinson, of Cowley county, who, it is claimed, neglected to inform the Governor of the evidence in the case. Kay has left the country, and the insurance policy has never been c liected. Another charge has been preferred against Atkinson, by the county attorny, to the effect that he accepted a retainer from a prisoner under an indictment for embezzlement

THURSDAY'S ACCIDENTS.

Three Minor Accidents Reported Yesterday-None of a Serious Nature.

The number of accidents yesterday reached three. One man was injured on the railroad, another burned by natural gas and the usual rapid transit accident responsible for the third. The list follows:

sponsible for the third. The list follows:

COLEMAN—Matthew Coleman, a puddler at Chess, Cook & Co.'s Southside mill, was struck by a train on the Pittsburg, McReesport & Youghlogheny Railroad yesterday morning. He was internally injured and his left leg badly cut. He was removed to the Southside Hospital.

O'DONKEL—Patrick O'Donnell, a laborer employed at the Keystone mill, was badly burned last night. He was working about one of the puddling furnaces, when a flash of natural gas from the furnace struck him in the face, burning him in a horrible manner.

WHITE—Harry White, conductor of car 219 on the Penn avenue line, was severely cut about the head and otherwise bruised by being thrown from his car, caused by the grip catching in the vault at the power house in Lawrenceville.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

Wanted.

New Patents from 0. D. Levis, Patent Attorney, III Fifth av., next Leader, Pittsburg, Pa.; established over Dyears; good claims guaranteed or no pay: John Green, Renova, Pa., lifting jack; W. A. Hanlen, Renfrew, Pa., rotary plow; J. F. Hill, Fleetwood, Pa., fire escape; A. M. Jayne, Bradford, Pa., drain for dishes: Edward Kerr, Pittsburg, Pa., furnace (two patents); J. H. Miller, Newark, O., baking oven; K. V. Miller, Lewishurg, O., telegraph table; J. H. Pffleger, Johnstown, Pa., foot guard for switches; F. H. Richards, Drifton, Pa., air compresser; A. B. Smith, tamping handles for shovels; J. B. Thather and C. D. Wilson, Nicholson, Pa., device for riveting; J. J. Wiada, Defiance, O., car coupling; Z. B. Cose, Hamilton, O., feed mechanism for lattes; J. W. Culmer, New Brighton, Pa., domestic gas burner; F. E. Degenhart, Pittsburg, Pa., electric conductor: Lewis Deter, Shelocta, Pa., screening machine; Robert Dinsmore, Weston, W. Va., pipe and shalt coupling; Cochran Fleming, Sewickley, Pa., gate or door fastening; E. S. Gehman, thift coupling and thill support; J. E. Gilli, Hazelton, Pa., electric are lamp; Peter Grabler, Pittsburg, Pa., electric are lamp; Peter Grabler, Pittsburg, Pa., electric are lamp; Peter Grabler, Pittsburg, Pa., teething bit for children.



FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

HOUSEFURNISHING	AND	CHINA	DEPARTMENTS!
Iron Pokers, Worth 10c	5 ^c	Good size Coal Shovels	- 4 ^c
Chair Seats, All sizes	8 ^c	Fancy Japanese Wo	rkstands
Slaw Cutters, Steel kuife	18 ^{c.}	Fruit or Pota Pressers, wor	to th 35c
Kitchen Saw, Worth 35c		Walnut Door Stops	2°
Heavy Wire Sponge Baskets, Worth 15c		Extra Large Stove Brushes	s, worth 20c 8 ^C
Rajah Nutmeg Graters, Worth 10c	3 c	Heavy Wire	3°
Heavy Wire Coffee Pot Stands	3 ^c	Heavy Wire Vegetable Bo	ilers
Large Willow Splashers, Worth 15c	7 c	Self-Wringing Mop, worth	35 °
Mrs. Potts Irons, 3 Irons and Stand complete.	74 ^c	Town	1 10c 5 ^C
Fiber Sink Brooms, Worth 5c	2 ^c	Heavy Wire Oyster Broiler	s, worth 50c 25 ^C
Sunshine Shoe Daubers, Worth 15c	10 ^c	Fine Whisk	h 20c
Bristle Shoe Brushes, With Dauber	12c	Solid Steel Mincing Kniv	res, one piece 9 ^C
Bric-a-Brac Dusters	9 C	Curtain Poles, Trimmings con	with Brass mplete, worth 30c 18 ^C
Extra Large Turkey Dusters, Worth 50c	30°	Ladder combi	ned, worth \$298
Salt Boxes, Good size, worth 20c	CC	Brush, worth	20c 5 ^C
Japanese Toilet Paper Case an		Large Corn Poppers, worth Hampers,	5 ^C
Genuine Hunter's Flour Sifters	17 ^c	Extra large, w Cloth Baskets,	orth \$1 5098°
Hat and Coat Racks, 5 and 7 hooks	5 ^c		rth 85c
Can Openers, Worth 10c	· AC	Souvenir Spoo	ns, 25 °
Cotton Clothes Lines, 60 feet, worth 25c	IEC	French Egg	10c 5 ^C

Above prices are for Friday and Saturday only.

98C Flint Thin-Blown

Curling

Initial

Tumblers.....

TC Irons, worth 10c.....

. 980 Creamers, Celeries, Butter Dishes, worth each \$2, at.....

Tumblers, worth 15c.....

Triple-Plated Sugar Bowls,

Dinner and Tea Sets combined,

Decorations, worth \$15... \$7

FLEISHMAN & CO., 504, 506 AND 508 MARKET ST.

10c