A BOOM FOR FOSTER,

Foraker's Friends Alarmed by a Mysterious Conference in Columbus.

OHIO ELECTION FIGURES.

Republicans Claim McKinley Will Have 20,000 Majority.

DEMOCRATS HALF AS HOPEFUL.

Stark County Right in Line for Mc-Kinley, Her Favorite Son.

HOT POLITICS-IN THE BUCKEYE STATE.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH.] COLUMBUS, Oct. 28.-Charles Foster, Secretary of the Treasury, was in the city to-day, on his way from the north part of the State to Buchtel, in the Hocking Valley, where he delivered a speech to-night. At the Neil House he was met by Congressman Cannon, of Illinois; ex-Congressmen Grosvenor and Thompson, Sixth Auditor of the Treasury Coulter, with a large number of local adherents, and held a conference which lasted for several hours.

It was the occasion of much speculation and anxiety on the part of the friends of ex-Governor Foraker, the claim being that an effort was being made to pool the issues between Foster and Sherman on the Senstorial question. Foraker's friends were outspoken on the subject, and claimed Sherman now sees he has no chance for the Senate, even should the Republicans carry the Legislature, and that he is willing to do anything to compass the defeat of Foraker, Foster Considered as in Line.

In many quarters Foster is looked upon as the coming man for the Senate from Ohio. It is urged in his behalf that he had the Senstorship within his grasp at one time, having secured the election of a Legislature for that purpose, but was com-pelled to step aside by President Garfield and let Sherman have the prize, which he could not have secured under any other circumstances. Ex-Governor Foraker came in to-night and held a long private consultation with his friends over the development of the day.

Secretary Foster, before leaving for his meeting this evening, said McKinley would be elected by a plurality of about 25,000, and that the Republicans would elect 21 of the 31 Senators, and 71 of the 107 members of the House of Representatives, which would give them a majority of 46 on joint

Some Figures From Both Sides.

At Republican headquarters they have prepared an estimate, which was revised today and gone over several times, in which they claim a plurality of 20,000 on the State ticket, with 21 members of the Senate and 61 in the House, making a majority on joint ballot of 56.

Chairman Neal, of the Democratic com-Chairman Neal, of the Democratic committee, claims to-inight the Democracy will carry the State by 10,000, and has confidence they will carry the Senate, though he says the House will be close. He has advices from Hamilton county which lead him to believe McKinley will not have over 3,000 plurality there. If this proves true, he says, several legislative candidates on the Democratic ticket in that county will pull through, and there would then be a good chance for the lower House. In this event he thinks Campbell's plurality in the State would reach 15,000, Mr. Neal is confident his party will an extraction of the board at its next meeting to adopt a plan or system by which the custody. confident his party will carry Cuyahoga

POLITICIANS IN PHILADELPHIA.

Chairmen Watres and Kerr Hold Separate but Important Conferences.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 28 .- [Special.]-Chairman Watres slipped quietly into Republican beadquarters this evening to take hold of campaig; matters demanding his imperative attentior. No one at the headquarters knew anything about the visit of the Chairman, nor could they guess at the business that calls him here. General Frank Reeder left for Easton during the afternoon, but is expected back to-morrow,

There is a bolt in General Gregg's home city of Reading, and it has assumed something like farge and threatening propor-tions. William H. Wetherhold, who was disappointed in not getting the nomination for Prison Inspector, has come out in the last few days as an Independent candidate, and this departure will take with it a large following in the First, Fourth and Eighth wards of that city. He is working first for himself and second for the Democratic State ticket, for that side promises to give him a certain measure of support that may event-ually increase his vote over that of John

Soyder the regular candidate. Candidate Robert E. Wright had an extended centerence with Democratic State Chairman Kerr, this morning, and by noon was on his way to figure in the Democratic mass meeting in the city of York this evening. Mr. Wright makes no claim respectings this year have been fully as large, if not larger, than those of the Pattison cam-caign, and that if they are to be taken as an index of the true feeling of the people the vote on the Domocratic side will be up to that of any previous year—in fact will be surprisingly large and exceed that of any off year in the past two decades.

M'KINLEY POPULAR AS EVER.

Stark County Republicans Confident of Carrving Their Bailiwick.

CANTON, Oct. 28,-[Special.]-The campaign in Stark county is progressing favorably, and unless all signs fail McKinley will carry the county next Tuesday by a | tricts will soon resume their normal condigood figure. There has never been such a tion. A fund for the relief of the flood sufthorough organization of Republicans, and ferers has been started. clubs by the score have been formed in the county, and during the past fortnight dozens of meetings have been held in the various towns. Everywhere the spirit of determination is present, and Republicans are in it to see what a splendid majority McKinley can receive in Stark county.

The Major is as popular as ever here.
Democrats and People's party are sparing
no effort to weaken McKinley in his home county, but his friends are wide awake. A pall of voters and careful review of the ituation inspires confidence in the ability of the Republicans to carry the county which is normally Democratic. The Major makes the closing speech here Monday night, and will receive the election returns at the Republican headquarters in this city.

Seitz on the Financial Question

BUCYRUS, Oct. 28. - [Spenal.] - John Seitz addressed a meeting of about 300 people in G. A. R. Hall this evening. He discussed the financial question, paying eloquent compliments to his opponents.

A Decision on the Kangaroo Ticket. COLUMBUS, Oct 28 .- [Special.]-The Supreme Court to-day rendered a decision in mandamus was refused. This action places and Australia

the names of all the candidates for Judge in that district at the right of the regular ticket, and in the space allotted to inde-

CAMPBELL AS A CROAKER. HE SAYS HE WILL QUIT THE ROLE

A Series of Successful Meetings in the

Sciota Valley - Larry Neal's - Home Treated Him Nicely-Big Meeting a Waverly-Farmers in Plenty. IBONTON, Oct. 28.-[Special.]-Governor

Campbell started his speech-making this morning at Circleville and made a most successful day of it through the Sciota Valley. At Circleville he stopped for an hour and addressed an audience of 3,500 people. The next stop was at Chillicothe, the home of Lawrence T. Neal, who tried to defeat the Governor for renomination. He was given a grand reception there, and made a five minutes' speech, descriptive of his campaign in this part of the State.

The big meeting of the day was at Waverly, the county seat of Pike county. Governor Campbell was thought to be very weak in that county on account of his havng commuted the sentence of a murderer to imprisonment for life. To judge by the size of the turnout to-day the murder case size of the turnout to-day the murder case will not figure very largely in the campaign. There were about 8,000 people present, three-fourths of them being farmers. Governor Campbell talked tariff, farm mortgages and calamity in general to them. He referred to the title of "Calamity Croaker" applied to him by the Republican press, and said he preferred to croak up to election and then the Republicans would have to do the kicking and complaining.

have to do the kicking and complaining.

At Portsmouth the Governor was given another ovation and was accompanied to this place by a large delegation of Dem-ocrats. In point of numbers the meeting here to-night was a success, there being a large turnout of the men from the mills and

Speaker Reed at Marysville.

MARYSVILLE, Oct. 28 .- [Special] -- The largest crowd that has assembled here for years greeted Speaker Tom Reed to-day. Early in the day delegations from Lewis-burg, Potterburg, York, Byhalia and other places, accompanied by bands and drum corps, began marching in. The Czar arrived from Springfield at 10:30, and was met rived from Springheld at 10:30, and was met by a delegation of citizens and escorted to the hotel. By noon the main streets were crowded, and it was decided to hold the meeting on the Court House grounds, and there the crowds flocked. Speaker Reed held the audience as few men could have done, and pourad hot shot into the Dem-ceratic ranks. His Yankee wit and accent were a treat to a Western audience.

THE ADAMS BOOKS STRAIGHT.

A Step Taken Toward Averting Future

Danger of Embezzlement. NEW YORK, Oct. 28 .- The following official statement has been given out: "A meeting of the Board of Managers of the Adams Express Company was held at its office to-day. The committee, consisting of Messrs. Lovejoy and Dinsmore, heretofore appointed to examine as to the condition of the assets and cash of the company, made a report that they had made a thorough ex-amination of all the securities in the trustee's safe and find them to correspond with the entries on the company's books. They have also examined the loans in charge of the treasurer and find that they charge of the treasurer and find that they are in accordance with the amount stated on the treasurer's books, and that the securities are also as stated. They further examined the accounts of the cashier and find the cash and other items correspond with the balances as shown on his books.

property and current moneys of the associa-tion should be more securely and safely guarded for its shareholders, and by which the possibility of theft, peculation, personal misappropriation, breaches of trust and ap-propriations for unauthorized expenditures therefore should hereafter be rendered as absolutely impossible as it could be made."

AN ARMY FIGHTING A FIRE.

Three Incendiary Bazes Quenched and the

Militia Called Out. NEWMAN, GA., Oct. 28.—This city has again been visited by fire. Last night T. W. Howell & Co.'s warehouse with 1,000 bales of cotton, was destroyed. The wind was wild and for three hours the town seemed to be at the mercy of the elements. All the stores on the west side of the square were denuded of their contents and the Newman Guards were put on duty. About 100 bales of cotton on the platform of the 100 bales of cotton on the platform of the burning building were removed after a O'Neill. The Democrats were dissuaded nerce fight. Every one that could shoulder a musket and carry water was put to work.

At 5 o'clock this morning another alarm was sounded and in five minutes 500 men with buckets of water were at the warehouse of Russell, Gibson & Co., working to save it. Nearly 200 bales of cotton were on the outside platform. By hard work the building was saved, but 50 bales of cotton were burned. The work was evidently that of burned. The work was evidently that of an incendiary. Wily Argo, a desperate character who has a grudge against the city and warehouse, was arrested just after the last fire. Argo is very reticent and posi-tive evidence will be hard to get. It is impossible to get a correct estimate of the loss by the three fires that occurred at different places within 24 hours, but the combined loss will probably reach \$200,000.

THE EUROPEAN FRESHETS.

They Are Subsiding in England, but on the

Increase in France LONDON, Oct. 28.-The water of the Thames at Windsor has subsided a foot within the past two days, and it is expected that matters around Windsor, Eton and other submerged or partly submerged dis-

A cable dispatch from Paris says: Heavy storms accompanied by lightning have renewed their violence in the southwestern departments of France. Snow has fallen upon the mountains near Mont Louis, in the Pyrenees-Orientales. Many of the mountain slopes have been undermined by the ex-cessive rainfall and the valleys are threat-ened by disastrous landslides. An enormous amount of damage has been done to farms, live stock and fruit trees throughout the country in and about Cerdagne in Pyrenees-Orientales.

Orientales.

A cable dispatch from Madrid savs:
Heavy rains have prevailed since yesterday
in the province of Aragon, and the rivers
Gallego and Giloca have overflowed. The
Ebro is still rising and several houses of
Aguaron, a village in the province of Saragossa, have been destroyed by the floods.
The inhabitants have sought refuge in the
neighboring highlands.

neighboring highlands. No Fast Mall Service for Canada.

LONDON, Oct. 28.—The last steamer under the direct Canadian mail contract leaves Liverpool to-morrow, and the negotiations here for a faster service are practically at a standstill. The Government has been apmandamus proceedings instituted by Dun-tan Dow, the Republican candidate for Common Pleas Judge in the Logan-Union district, who sought to have his name placed on the regular ticket, notwithstand-ing the fact that his nomination was irregu-larly made. The application for a writ of

HOWARD HAS HIS SAY

The Retiring Pension Bureau Examiner's Letter Received.

TWO REASONS FOR RESIGNING.

Every Attempt to Get Him to Change His Mind Proves Abortive.

OFFERED ANTTHING HE COULD ASK FOR

[PROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.1 WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.-Great concern was manifested to-day, at the Interior Department, upon the receipt of the letter of resignation of Captain Edward Howard, the special examiner of the Pension Bureau who has made serious charges against Commissioner Raum, and which was forecast in detail, exclusively, in these telegrams last evening. No sooner was the letter received than messengers were dispatched for Mr. Howard.

Secretary Noble did not appear at his office, and could not be found, but Mr. Howard responded promptly to the summons, and had a long talk with Assistant Secretary Bussey. Every attempt was made to dissuade Mr. Howard from making his resignation final. Assistant Secretary Bussey and Mr. Ryan, Secretary Noble's private secretary, implored him to re-consider his purpose. Mr. Bussey offered him the utmost liberty of movement, with pay. He said to him that if, on account of his affi-dayits inimical to Commissioner Raum, his dayits inimical to Commissioner Raum, his life in the bureau was made unpleasant, he could remain away from the office and his position would not be affected. Howard was obdurate, however, and insisted that his resignation be accepted or that he be dismissed. He had had enough of it. When Bussey remarked that he had been told that Howard would lend assistance to the Democratic in the New York ermanigm. the Democrats in the New York ermpaign, as described in THE DISPATCH'S Washing ton specials last evening, Howard replied, after the manner of Kipling, "That's another story," and refused to go into par-

TWO REASONS FOR RESIGNING. The letter of resignation, the substance of which was given in THE DISPATCH this morning, is given to the press verbatim this evening, and is as follows:

evening, and is as follows:

Washington, Oct. 27, 1891.

Sir.—I have the honor to forward you my resignation as a clerk of the Pension Bureau, for the following reasons:

First, Over one month ago I, at your suggestion, made certain statements, under the form of affidavits, in which I made grave charges against the administration of the Pension Bureau, and offered positive and official proof of the truth of those charges. I have patiently waited to be called upon for that proof—have been ready to produce it any moment—but so far, have had no intimation whatever as to when said charges

for that proof—have been ready to produce it any moment—but so far, have had no intimation whatever as to when said charges would be investigated, if ever.

Second, Since the filing of said charges I have been subjected, in many ways, to a series of petty insults and persecutions. Leave of absence, without pay, has been refused me, though granted to others. General Raum has openly boasted that he had the favor and confidence of the President and yourself, and that he had insisted upon my dismissal. The Acting Chief Clerk, the chief of my division and other members of the pension ring, inside and outside of the office, have been so open in their hostility as to impair my health and to render me unable to attend to the duties of my position. I therefore ask your promps acceptance of able to attend to the duties of my position.
I therefore ask your promps acceptance of
my resignation, or, if you see fit to dismiss
me, an equally prompt notification of that
action. At the same time, I repeat my offer
to produce absolute proof of the charges
made by me, i. e., the official record.
I am, sir, very respectfully,

EDWARD HOWARD.
To Hon, J. W. Noble, Secretary of the Interior.

AN OPPORTUNITY FOR DEMOCRATS. will thus tell vastly more than he will probably divulge in New York before the elections—that is, if the Democrats are not so sure of success as to be indifferent to the Pension Office scandal.

Pension Office scandal.

One incident in the life of Captain
Howard is of peculiar interest to Pennsylvanians. In the sixties he was Captain of
the Soldiers' Home at Philadelphia, and was a citizen of the Second Congressional District, then, as now, represented by Charles O'Neill. A bill had been introduced in Congress to furnish artificial legs and arms free to armless and legless legs and arms free to armless and legless veterans once in five years, or, in lieu of them, \$75 in money. Captain Howard called on O'Neill and asked his support of the bill, but was refused. He called on Hon. W. D. Kelley, then at home, and Kelley at once took a train for Washington, secured a suspension of the rules, called up the bill and had it passed by the House. On the evening following the refusal of O'Neill a meeting of old soldiers was held in the Second district. Captain Clary, an old soldier, was nominated to run against from making a nomination, and Clary was elected over O'Neill by about 600 ma-

A RECORD UNDER THE MICROSCOPE. Every effort is being made to discover comething against the character of Howard to counteract what it is expected he will say now or before a Congressional committee. His soldier record is being scanned from beginning to end, and his private life is being ginning to end, and his private life is being examined with a microscope. He welcomes such investigation. His soldier record may be judged from the fact that he lost a leg and is wounded in four or five places on his body. He was promoted, when a corporal, on the field of battle for conspicuous brayery, and is not ashamed of it.

Altogether, the Pension Bureau scandals do not down, though they have been quiescent for a week or two, and if Howard does not grow tired of his contract much more will be heard of them in the very near

The Pennsylvania's Business. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 28.—The following is the statement of the business of all lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company: All lines east of the Pittsburg and Erie for September, 1891, as compared with the september, 1891, as compared with the same month in 1890, show an increase in gross earnings of \$379,218; an increase in expenses of \$860,213; an increase in net earnings of \$19,000. All lines west of Pittsburg and Erie show a decrease in gross earnings of \$77,305; a decrease in expenses of \$18,477; an increase in net earnings of \$78,477; an increase in net expenses of \$18,471; an increase in net earnings of

Detective Coulson arrested T. S. Burns yesterday for disorderly conduct and locked him up in Central station. Burns is a New

Injured a Newsboy.

York agent. As he was going along Smithfield street he saw one newsboy strike another with a stick and thoughtlessly disarmed the striker and paddled him with his own weapon. But he was a little too severe, and the boy was hurt much, so that he had to be taken into City Hall and

Russian Revolutionary Students. ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 28.-The committee appointed to inquire into the troubles in the University of Kharkoff reports that the students imbibe a pernicious political spirit from the people of the town, many of whom are avowed opponents of the present regime, and advises that the University be convered to Polyana.

versity be removed to Poltava. News From Peters and Emin Pasha. BERLIN, Oct. 28 .- The Tageblatt to-day publishes advices from the Catholic mission at Victoria, Nyanza, which says that Emin Pasha and Dr. Stuhlman crossed the Albert Nyanza July 24, and it was expected that ing, and one man struck him a heavy blow they had already arrived at Wadolai. Dr. on the leg with a stick, injuring him.

Peters writes from Kilimanjaro, under date of August last, saying that that district is very populous, and that its inhabitants are capable of great developments.

ENGINEER GOODWIN DEAD.

One of the Chief Promoters of the Eric Canal Project Expires From Brain Fever -Colonel Roberts Speaks Highly of His Work and Influence J. M. Goodwin, chief engineer of the pro

posed Erie Canal, and one of the leading members of the commission, died yesterday at his home in Sharpsville from brain fever after a lingering illness. He was born at Boston 58 years ago, and acquired his educa-tion in the public and Latin schools. He completed a course in engineering, and came to Western Pennsylvania in 1874, since which time he has been closely identified with the development of the coal and iron business of Mercer county. 'He surveyed railroads, and was an authority on all statis-tical information regarding freight and tonnage. His greatest work was on the Eric Canal Commission, where his marvelous grasp of the situation was often shown in public communications and reports to the Legislature. In addition to this work he was the inventor of a number of valuable patents on coal cars and boats. He leaves a wife and several children. The body will be taken to Plymouth, Mass., to-day for in-

About ten years ago Mr. Goodwin turned his attention to the subject of ship canals, and was in correspondence with all the recognized authorities of this country and Europe on their construction. He was also the author of several valuable publications on this constitution. the author of several valuable publications on this question and was the inventor of the only cable towing by driven cables. From the fact of this extraordinary knowledge of canal building he was made chief engineer of the projected Lake Erie and Ohio river ship canal. It was under his personal supervision that the surveys from Pittsburg to Conneant harbor, in Lake Erie, were conducted. Mr. Goodwin contributed a number of able papers to THE DISPATCH about the canal.

Colonel T. B. Roberts, who is one of the

Colonel T. B. Roberts, who is one of the cansl commission, and a man who is most intimately acquainted with the late Mr. Goodwin, last night said: "Mr. Goodwin's loss at this time will be most severely felt by the commission. We were at present preparing a statement to present to Congress on the work done on the canal. In this Mr. Goodwin was the principal mover, and as he has left his data in the most readable form, the work of the commission in this one particular will not be retarded much. The general furtherance of the work, how-ever, will be delayed. A meeting of the commission will be called in a few days, and until that time it will be hard to tell just what effect his death will have on the project.

FORGED CHECKS COMING EAST.

A Highly-Recommended Long Island Mar

in Denver the Guilt Party. PATCHOGUE, L. I., Oct. 28. -Three checks for \$1,460, \$800 and \$2,450, drawn upon the Patchogue Bank and signed R. A. Strong, were forwarded here on different dates during the last 14 days by the German American Bank of Denver for collection. All of them bear the indorsement of W. H. Geer, a former resident of this place, though drawn in favor of other parties, whose indorsements are also upon them. One of the checks bears a forged certificate with the signature of F. A. Overteu, the eashier of the bank here. No such person as R. A.

Strong has an account with the Patchogue Bank, so the checks have not been paid.

The man Geer, whose indorsement appears on the checks, came here last fall and remained until a house he was erecting at Center Moriches was completed. He claimed to have made considerable money in Col-Mr. Howard will remain in New York, probably till after the election, and then rejoin Mrs. Howard in England, but he will be subject at all times to recall by cable to appear before the Congressional Committee which will certainly be appointed to overwhich will certainly be appointed to overwhere the constant of the Northwestern Life Insurance Company. During last summer he and his wife were prominent figures in Center Moriches' society. In September Geer left for Denver, it being understood that he had gone to represent the Equitable took with him a number of letters of introduction from business men here. As yet full explanations of the forgeries have not d here, but it is stated that Geer is still in Denver.

FOUGHT OVER POLITICS.

How a Nephew of General Grant Resented an Insult.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 28 .- [Special.]-Robert Simpson, a nephew of General U. S. Grant, to-day showed his ability as a fighter by completely overpowering his antagonist, a young athlete. Simpson is a Republican, and is employed in the United States Reve-nue Office. To-day he met a young man named Con Howe, an athlete and a Democrat. They were talking politics. Howe was laboring under intense excitement and he made several remarks hardly appropriate for the occasion. Mr. Simpson remonstrated with Howe and the latter, losing control of himself, applied a vile name to Simpson. This was the straw that broke the camel's back. Mr. Simpson is a man well advanced in years, but the insult offered by Howe was one which no true gentleman would tolerate. His good right flew out and collided with Howe's nose, and the athlete struck mother earth. He got up and again the old man met him with his fist and again Howe went

By this time friends of both parties interfered, and Howe was hustled away to have his injuries dressed. He was slightly disfigured, and his friends can now account for his battered appearance. Simpson is still in the ring for any similar matches.

GAVE HERSELF DEAD AWAY.

A Woman's Mistake Proves That She Is Not Exactly a Cowboy.

CARTHAGE, Mo., Oct. 28 .- [Special.]-This morning Della Oxley, who escaped from the Carthage jail Sunday morning, was brought back by Deputy Sheriff Douglas. She had been captured at Baxter Springs, disguised as a cowboy. Her identity was disclosed through her own neglect. Going to a store to purchase a pair of pants alone, she left behind the discarded garment, in the pocket of which was found a letter leading to her discovery. The Marshal was appraised, and at once bagged the bird. She praised, and at once bagged the bird. She takes the recapture very coolly, although the prospect of five years in the penitentiary does not make her cheerful. She was convicted of burglary and grand larceny committed last July near Medoc, in this county. She has a villainous look, and is known to be associated with a herse-thieving gang. Her husband is now in jail at

A BADICAL MEMBER OF SOROSIS

Sails for Europe, Where She Will Advocate a New Theory.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—[Special.]—Mrs. Mary Frost Ormsby, who left for Europe on the City of New York to-day, is a member of Sorosis, and goes as the head of the American delegation to the International Peace Congress, which will convene in Rome November 16. She is an advocate of the single tax, and at the recent National Peace Convention at Mystic, Conn., declared that the old theories for the abolition of war are idle, and that it can come only from the abolition of the private property in land. Mrs. Ormsby will express these sentiments at the Rome congress. A delegation from the Brooklyn Woman's Single Tax Club was at the pier to see her off.

Dillon Stoned and Clubbed CORK, Oct. 28.-John Dillon was stoned while passing through the streets this even-

NOT QUITE HERETICS.

Drs. Milligan and Carson Acquitted

by the New York Presbytery. COVENANTERS CALLED THEM DOWN

But by a Vote of 12 to 6 They Were Eustained in Their Views.

A RED-HOT, LIVELY TIME AT THE TRIAL

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH, 1 NEW YORK, Oct. 28.-The New York Presbytery of the Reformed Presbyterian Church held its semi-annual meeting today in the Fourth Reformed Presbyterian Church. Rev. Dr. J. D. Bayles was Moderator and S. G. Shaw was Clerk. The special business to-day was to decide whether Rev. J. C. K. Milligan, formerly Pastor of the First Reformed Presbyterian Church of this city, and Rev. J. F. Carson, formerly Pastor of the Willoughby Avenue Reformed Presbyterian Church in Brooklyn, should be tried for heresy. It is charged that Dr. Milligan wrote

articles in favor of Covenanters exercising the right of suffrage, and that Dr. Carson allowed them to be published in his newspaper. These two men were also instrumental in forming in August, 1890, in Pittsburg, the "East End Platform," the principles of which were said to be opposed to Reformed Presbyteriesien. Reformed Presbyterianism. THE DISCIPLINE COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

A discipline committee, composed of William Graham, James Kennedy and David Torrens, which was appointed by the Presbytery after the meeting of the Synod last June, at Pittsburg, to inquire in the libels preferred against Drs. Milligan and Carson, read the following speech:

Carson, read the following speech:

Two papers were put into the committee's hands. The first was a libel preferred against Rev. J. C. K. Milligan and the second a copy of resolutions referring to the conduct of Revs. J. C. K. Milligan and J. F. Carson in connection with the so-called "East End meeting and platform."

The first paper charges Rev. J. C. K. Milligan with teachings contrary to his public profession and his ordination and covenant vows. The teachings alleged to contain evidence to sustain these charges are, first, "Reasons of Dissent" (minutes of Synod, 1890), and articles in the News Letter of April 2, 1861. The reasons of dissent were received by the Supreme Court and answered by it, and both resolutions and answers were spread upon its records and published to the church by its authority, and cannot constitute a ground or cause of action in any inferior court. Quotations from the News Letter of April 2, 1891, and of March 26, when fairly interpreted, contain nothing antagonistic to the constitutional and statutory law of the Reformed Presbyterian Church.

THE MATTER TO BE DROPPED.

The reporter simply asserts, as his opin ion, that the declarative testimony nowhere condemns the immorality of the constitution nor of voting for officers under it, and that until it contains an explicit term condemning these, church courts should not be
required to censure members or officers of
the church for voting. It is a matter of
history that all along from the organization
of the church in this land there has been
more or less diversity of opinion on this
matter. Therefore, while not indorsing the
writer's views, we are persuaded that in the
aforesaid quotations he did not transcead
the proper limits of the freedom of the press.
We recommend that the Presbytery take no
further action in the matter.

With reference to the second matter we
have to report that, owing to circumstances
over which we have no control, nothing has
been done by your committee. We therefore refer the paper back to Presbytery and
ask to be discharged.

After Rev. Mr. Graham, who read the that until it contains an explicit term co

After Rev. Mr. Graham, who read the After Rev. Mr. Graham, who read the committee's report, had made a speech in favor of its adoption, a heated discussion arose. Rev. Dr. Somerville jumped to his feet and said: "It would be cowardice to adopt that report, leaving the matter unsettled, when this Presbytery proclaimed to the Synod that it could manage its own stairs. If we adopt this report it throws affairs. If we adopt this report it throws the burden back on the Synod."

A REBUKE FOR THE SYNOD, 'I don't think the Synod had a right throw on the Presbytery for decision a matter it did not care to discuss," said Dr. Thompson, of Newburg.

Dr. Somerville thought this disrespectful,

and Brother Thompson apologized.

Then Rev. J. B. Williams, of Sullivan county, rose and said: "I don't think it right that we should single these two men out for punishment, when there are plenty of us whose opinions are at variance with

our stated law."
"Don't you talk," shouted Elder Gilchrist of Delhi. "You're as bad as any of them. You stood in your pulpit during slavery days, and wouldn't raise your voice against that accursed traffic."
"We're alanded. It's alander!" said Months. "It's a slander! It's a slander!" said Mr. Williams. "No minister worked harder

for the uprooting of that system than J. B. Williams, of Sullivan county." "No, sir, you didn't!" retorted Elder Gil-The hubbub continued for several min-

christ. utes. A motion was made that the first part of the report be adopted and the second tabled. This was carried. But the prosecutabled. This was carried. But the prosecu-tion did not intend to give up. Led by Dr. Foster, they renewed their attack. A letter was read from R. J. George, clerk of the Synod, who said that he sent, by au-thority of the Synod, two libels drawn by Rev. Dr. McAllister, of Pittsburg, against Drs. Milligan and Carson, and the meeting, after these were read, began the discussion.

THE DOCUMENTS NOT LIBELS.

First, there was a long debate whether the documents were libels, and it was decided that technically they were not, but a motion was made to go into a conference and let the accused men answer the charges in that way. This brought Mr. Carson to his feet. He

"Seven men at Pittsburg were put on trial and expelled from this church for trial and expelled from this church for statements made in a conference, and I don't propose to go into any such agreement. If you want to try me now I will defend myself, but if I am to go into a conference I want an assurance that nothing that I may say will be used against me."

The motion to hold a conference was lost. The accused men offered to make statements was and transcript.

ments. A motion was made to appoint a committee to receive the explanations, but Dr. Milligan preferred the open court, he said, where everybody could hear him. He took the floor and spoke for an hour. He said:

DR. MILLIGAN IN HIS OWN DEFENSE. "I am and have been a Covenanter. I have preached for 40 years, and I have not changed, but the church has changed until it does not know where it stands, and asks us to accept the interpretations of Tom, Dick and Harry. I say: 'Be true to your country, be true to your people.' Are we in the nineteenth century, that we are driven from our churches because an infallible synod dictates one day this and one day that? I love the ground my church stands on, but under Jesus I own no master. God alone is my master, My crime, for-sooth, is to-day: "Thus saith the Lord," rather than 'thus saith the synod.' I be-lieve in political dissent from an immoral government. Show me such an one and I will dissent, but I will not go beyond the dictates of my conscience at the dictates of a synod."

At the close of Dr. Milligan's speech there was loud applause. A man in the back part of the church, evidently an enemy of the speaker, jumped to his feet, and slap-ping the palm of one hand with the back of the other, shoved both hands under Rev. Dr. Thompson's nose, shouting: "You have no right to make that noise; no right, sir, no right."

SHOUTS WHEN HE FEELS GOOD,

"What," said Mr. Thompson, calmly, "when I feel good I like to shout it."
Dr. Carson followed with a speech in which he denied that he was editorially responsible for the articles in the News Letter, as the prosecution had affirmed. He then explained the "East End meeting," deny-ing its secrecy and heresy, and closed thus: "These libels are attacks on the right of

free speech and free assembly, but these I shall exercise wherever I go, let him who will say nay."

Dr. Thompson introduced a resolution declaring the accused men guiltless of heresy and resolving that no further action was necessary. This was carried by a vote of 12 to 6 amid great applause. Rev. F. M. Foster, of the Thirty-ninth Street Church, filed a complaint against the Presbytery for thus acquitting the two ministers, which will be presented at the next Synod meeting. The Presbytery then adjourned. Drs. Milligan and Carson were warmly congratulated upon their acquittal.

COMING TO A CRISIS.

French Canadians Excited Over Secretary Chapleau's Withdrawal.

A LOUD CRY FOR INDEPENDENCE.

They Consider This Another Hard Blow Bealt at Their Race.

WORSE THAN THE IRISH RIOTS.

Five Men Killed at a General Fight During an Alliance Meeting.

LITTLE ROCK, Oct. 28 .- [Special.]-News eached here to-night of a terrible hand-tohand encounter at Bucksnort, 20 miles from Elderado, Union county, at a Farmers' Alliance mass meeting last night. State Lecturer Bryan, of the Alliance, was the principal speaker of the evening. Shortly after he had concluded his speech a quarrel took place among several of the spectators, which was soon taken up by many others in the audience.

Winchester rifles, shotguns and pistols were used with deadly effect. Burt Manning, J. H. Teenen and three others, whose names could not be learned, were killed and several slightly wounded. Sheriff Goodwin, of Union county, left Eldorado to-day for the scene of the trouble. Red.hot politics was the only and sole cause of the trouble.

NO DECISION YET REACHED

By the Committee Considering the Union Theological Seminary Matter.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—[Special.]—In consequence of the General Assembly's disapproving of Prof. Briggs' appointment to the chair of Biblical Theology in the Union Theological Seminary, a resolution was adopted at the meeting of the assembly providing for the appointment of a committee of eight ministers and seven ruling elders to "confer with the directors of the Union Theological Seminary in regard to the relation of the said seminary to the General

Assembly." This committee was to report to the next General Assembly.

The committee met this afternoon to confer with Dr. Thomas S. Hastings, President of the seminary, and the seminary directors.

After being in session for an hour the committee retired from the meeting to confer apart. As they were still conferring at 5:30, the meeting was adjourned without any action having been taken. Another meeting will be held Friday morning. All the committee and nearly all the directors were present at the meeting to-day. The importance of the conference hinges on the fact that it will practically decide whether Union Seminary will hereafter he under Union Seminary will hereafter be under the control of the General Assembly or will act and teach as an independent instiu-

FOREST FIRES DOWN SOUTH

Falling Leaves of Trees Cause Conflagra

tions in Arkansas and Texas. LITTLE ROCK, ARK., Oct. 28.-Forest fires are raging in Monroe county, in many instances fields having been burned and cotton pens with their contents have been consumed, involving great loss. No rain has fallen in two months and the autumnal leaves are making a great conflagration. The smoke is almost unendurable which, with the excess of dust, makes the atmos-

A dispatch from Burksville, Tex., says: In this (Newton) county much timber is burning, destroyed by forest fires. The country is so dry from long protracted drouth that grave apprehension is felt. The smoke is so dense that a person cannot see

United Presbyterian Women.

The thirteenth annual meeting of the Women's United Presbyterian Association will be held in the Fourth U. P. Church, Montgomery avenue and Arch street, to morrow. The sessions begin at 9:30 A. M. and continue through the afternoon. Elections for officers and managers of the asso-ciation, the Orphans' Home, the Memorial Hospital and the Home for the aged will be held. The members are requested to bring their luncheous. Tea and coffee will be served by the ladies of the Fourth Church.

A Subscription House Asking Time.

The Henry G. Allen Company, of New York, dealers in subscription books, is asking an extension of its obligations, which are about \$130,000. The nominal assets are more. Extensions for settlements in 4, 8 and 12 months will be made. There are branches in this city and Chicago. The Pittsburg office is located at 68 Sixth avenue. The information was received at too late an hour to learn anything from the managers of the Pittsburg office. They do a canvassing business in this section.

ANGRY TERMS USED BY THEIR PRESS

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] MONTREAL, Oct. 28 .- The French-Cana dians are greatly excited over the withdrawal of Secretary of State Chapleau from the Dominion Government. Since the retirement of Sir Hector Langevin. Chapleau has been regarded as the French-Canadian leader, and his forced retirement from the Cabinet is resented by many prominent French-Canadians as a blow at the race.

Chapleau still remains in Montreal, in conference with his friends, but has not yet decided upon what line of action to take, should Premier Abbott refuse to accede to his demand. Many of his friends are urging him to withdraw with his following from the Government ranks and form a party of his own. Chapleau has a following of about a dozen French-Canadians, and as the Government majority in Parliament is 25, the defection of so many of the French-Canadian members would place the Government in a very critical position.

CONSERVATIVES WANT A COMPROMISE The Conservative leaders realize that the The Conservative leaders realize that the situation is very serious, and are therefore endeavoring to effect a compromise. Negotions to this end were commenced to-day, and it is said that some decision will be reached to-morrow. There is a very bitter feeling amongst the French Canadians at the setion of Ontario in opposing Chapleau's demands and the French Canadian press is denouncing in very angry terms the interference of Ontario, in Quebec affairs. Chapleau's personal organ in this city. La Presse topersonal organ in this city, La Press, to-night says: "We have no objection to the Prime Minister choosing in Ontario the colleagues that he pleases; with his guaran-

colleagues that he pleases; with his guarantee we accept them, whoever they may be, but we do not want the Province of Ontario to choose the Ministers from the Province of Quebec. It would be confederation no longer, but legislative union."

Some of the French Canadian papers go as far as to openly advocate independence. Le National, one of the organs of the Quebec Government to-night says: "Since we are nothing else but fleeced people, and have a right to cease to be so, why do we not lift up our heads and ask to become free; instead of being slaves as we are? To have a right to the proceeds of our labor, instead of pourthe whole into the purse of the operators of Great Britain, and the Canadian monopolists?"

AN APPEAL FOR LIBERTY.

"Let us, then, be free, once for all. There would be very little to change in the present state of things. Instead of an English Governor we would have a Governor or President of Confederation, elected by the people for a fixed term, and, who coming from the people, would have their interest. people for a fixed term, and, who coming from the people, would have their interest and their dignity at heart. Instead of Lieutenant Governors appointed by a political party, we would have in each province a Lieutenant General named by the people in the first or second degree. Instead of a Senate where all the vanquished and the disgrace of politicians go and dishonor the title of "Honorable" that is conferred upon them, we would have a body composed of superior men, appointed by the different Legislatures, truly representing the people, and not political degradation. We would have the right to make our own treaties, and would become true citizens, enjoying that liberty become true citizens, enjoying that liberty to which everyone is entitled. To obtain this result less effort is needed than is generally believed. Let a few courageous men stand up, and the people will follow them."

The general opinion is that Canadian politics are rapidly approaching a crisis.

Assaulted a Councilman,

Charles Havers was held for court trial by Mayor Wyman yesterday to answer a charge of aggravated assault and battery preferred by George Schad, an Allegheny Councilman. Havers, it is claimed, at-tempted to force an entry into the house of Mr. Schad, on Main street, Allegheny. The prosecutor discovered him and was, it is

claimed, severely assaulted by him. One More Little Record Broken. LONDON, Oct. 28.-The mail brought across the Atlantic by the White Star liner Teutonic, which vessel reached Queenstown yesterday, beating the best eastward passage, was distributed in this city before 9 o'clock this morning, thus beating the best previous postoffice records for such

OUR LATEST VENTURE!

≡FURS!≡

A retiring New York merchant disposes of his entire stock at a big discount. The bargains are now ours, and we offer them to you as we got them: Ridiculously low in price,

PRICES TALK! PRICES TALK! Ladies' Black Hare Collars at 10c each. These are a good depth, and you will pay 75c to \$1.25 for them elsewhere.

Black Hare Muffs, 21c. Imitation Seal Capes, \$4, worth Real Seal Capes, \$31, worth \$50. Best Seal (XXX), worth \$100, at \$65; full length and positively the newest cut. The new Military (XXX) Seal Cape, worth \$225, at \$125. \$15 Astrakhan Capes at \$10. \$20 Astrakhan Capes at \$14. \$25 Monkey Capes at \$15. \$25 Wool Seal Capes at \$15.

Remember, these goods are from one of the best makers in the country, and are strictly first-class Military Capes in Marten, Coney, Seal, Wool Seal, Mink, Monkey, Astrakhan,

etc., at about half price. Muffs, Boas, Collars, Cuffs, Collar Bands and all novelties in Furs at half price. Feather Collars, \$1. Feather Boas, \$4.

TTEND THE FUR OPENING!

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

IT WILL PAY YOU.

435-MARKET STREET-437