PITTSBURG. WEDNESDAY. OCTOBER 28.

FORTY-SIXTH YEAR.

# AN ATTACK ON QUAY,

The Democratic Committee statement: Springs a Sensational Campaign Card.

A KEYSTONE BANK DRAFT

For the Amount of \$8,877 Charged to Have Been Given by John Bardsley to the Senator.

Which is Now Exhibited as Evidence That the Money Was Collected Through the Beaver Bank

THE EXPLANATION AT HARRISBURG.

Republican Leaders State That the Amount Was Intended as a loan to Be Used in the State Compaign of 1889.

A PAYMENT 50 ONE OF MICAMANTS CLERKS

PRINCIPL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 27. - Chairman Kerr, of the Democratic State Committee, to-day gave out what is evidently to be played as a big ear in the closing campaign. An effort was made to introduce the matter as evidence in the Senate investigation this afternoon, but owing to the position taken by the Republicans the attempt was practically a failure.

Kerr's circular begins with the following headlines: "And Quay, too, was 'in it. Fac-simile of a due bill found among the papers of the broken Keystone National Bank, and now in the possession of Robert M. Yardley, receiver." Then come facsimiler of an alleged Keystone Bank due bill for \$8,877, which it is asserted was given by Bardsley to Quay, and collected by the latter, as shown by the indersement of the Senator on the back of the draft.

How the Charges are Made, The address given out by the Demogratic Committee then continues as follows:

When John Bardsley went to jail, he had collected the following moneys for the Conmonwealth of Pennsylvania, which he has not paid over: Personal property tax, (1830) 5022,000 H: personal property tax, (1801; \$280. 237.90; Heense tax, (1890) \$367,604 18; Heense inx, (1891) \$1,597.54; municipal loans tax, (1850) \$86,030 SR; tota', \$1,066,878 59.

About \$1,000,000 of this had been in his hand since August 1, 1990, and the Andi or Goperal. and State Treasurer had taken no legal steps collect it, although it was thei, duty to do

so on October 1, 1810. Most of the above money John Bardsley had in the Keystone Bank. The City of Philadelphia has also lost about \$600,000 in the same institution. None of the experts have yet been able to discover and raport where this money went.

The Direct Accusation

The due bill above shows that Bardsley got 88,877 from the bank on November 29, 1889, and sent it to Quay. Quay collected the money through his bank at Seaver, and when the certificate was sent on the Keystone Bank paid it. Where did this money come from? Why did Bardsley send it to Quay? On 2d November, 1889, Auditor General McCamant sent the money for the Magistrate's costs in Philadelphia to Bardsley-over \$30,000, Bardsley deposited it in the Keystone Bank, and on the 29th November, 1889, he (Bardsley) paid \$1,575, to H. N. Graffen, a clerk to Auditor General McCamana

On the same day he sent this 88,877 to Quay! Of the persons whose names appear on the above certificate is a fagitive. John Bardsley is in jail. M. 8. Quay is in charge of the Republican State Committee, trying to elect Gregg and Morrison to succeed McCamant and Boyer, and to displace William Redwood Wright with George D. McCreury.

Used in the Campaign of 1889.

The Republicans here to-night explain the draft by saying that in the campaign of 1889, when the Republican managers needed \$10,000, Mr. Quay gave to the fund \$1,000 and borrowed \$9,000 from John Bardsley, and the draft to Senator Quay was for the \$0,000 with the interest deducted. No state great is made as to whether the loan was ever repaid.

### THE SENATOR'S STORY.

FOR ONCE QUAY BREAKS HIS USUAL BULE OF SILENCE.

The Draft Was for a Note Discounted for Campaign Purposes-He Believes the Republican Committee Afterward Repaid the Philadelphia Ex-City Treasurer.

ROCHESTER, PA., Qet. 28, 2 A. M .-Senator Quay was seen at his residence, in Beaver at I o'clock this morning. He got up from his bed and personally answered the reporter's ring at his doorbell, appearing in his night robe.

When shown the portion of the circular relating to the Bardaley certificate he said his recollection of the details of the transaction was rather indistinct, but he was satisfiel that the date of the certificate given in the circular was a forgery.

A Denial of the Date. He said so because the transaction had occurred, he remembered, within ten days prior to the election of 1889 and the

had no doubt, but that he could refresh his memory by the Beaver Rank records this morning. Seating himself in a desk in his private office the Senator meditated a few moments, carefully scanning the circular, and then made this

In October, not November, 1889, I gave a note to gentlemen representing the Repub-lican City Committee of Philadelphia for \$9,000 upon which to raise that amount of money for the campaign of that year. Of what was done with it I know nothing personally except that the note was afterward returned to me can-celled, paid, as I understand, by the Republican State Committee. The Bardsley draft is for the amount of the note less the dis-

The Details Forgotten.

I have forgotten the details but presume that Bardsley procured the discount of the note for the holders taking a certificate of deposit in his own name which was forwarded to me for indersement and that I deposited the certificate here and sent my check for

SCENE IN THE SENATE.

Attorney General Hensel Tries to Call Up the Quay-Bardsley Check.

REPUBLICANS WILDLY PROTEST,

And the Inquiry Is Once More Blocked by a

Partisan Debate. NOT A PARTICLE OF PROGRESS MADE

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. 1 HARRISBURG, Oct. 27 .- A game of foothall with a score or more burly athletes tumbling over each other for no apparent purpose, but just for the fun there is in it could not have furnished more amusement than did the Senate of Pennsylvania' this morning when the partisan leaders tossed AN INDORSEMENT ON THE BACK the \$0,000 to Philadelphia. The gentleman and tumbled in a mental wrestling match

taxes. Mr. Boyer admitted the inaccuracies, but said the table had been prepared by clerks in his office and said the errors were

clerks in his office and said the errors were clerical ones.

Mr. Hensel then asked: "Did you know at the time of your election as State Treasurer of Bardsley carrying a balance of State money at the Keystone Bank or did you know of any arrangement with any person to let this money stay there or know of any arrangement to pay any money to Bardsley, M. S. Quay or anyone else?"

This question was more pointed than the Republicans had been expecting. They were not prepared for the inquiry and there was a general tumbing over each other to get in line to avoid the answer. Senator Grady with both hands extended rushed to Mr. Penrose; General Gobir hurried to Senator Thompson's seat. The Allecheny Senators, with the exception of the put their heads together in consultation. Senator Robbins and Senator Robinson talked together on the subject and other Republicans hurried about in confusion. It was cans hurried about in confusion. It was decidedly amusing to see the excited Sena-tors like panic-stricken cattle rush for shelter.

During all the confusion the Democrats sat quietly and enjoyed the excitement.

PAC-SIMILE OF THE DRAFT.

whom the note was from can, and I have no for political effect. There was little or no loub will, explain the transaction, I know nothing of Bardsley in it except that his name appeared in connection with the cerm then or since upon the subject,

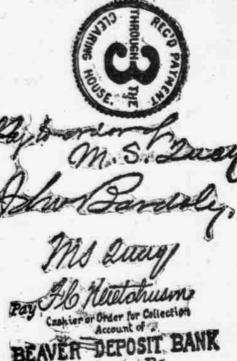
Mr. Quay here called to his son Dick, he had come down stairs, and together acy ransacked the drawers of his desk to ind the cancelled check which figured in he transaction. "I generally preserve my checks," he said, after a fruitless search, and am satisfied that I can turn this one up n the morning, to prove what I have said."

#### EXPERT EXAMINERS APPOINTED

To Look Into the Affairs of the Two Philadelphia Banks.

WASHINGTON. Oct. 27 .- Acting Scoretary, Spaulding to-day appointed W. J. Chompson, W. S. Shebel, J. R. P. Brown nd W. P. Moxey, expert accountants, to sist in the examination of the affairs of e Keystone and Spring Garden National lanks of Philadelphie. These gentlemen Citizens Committe:

The Tentonic Makes the Lowest Eastward



J. R. HARRAH Cashier Facsimile of the Indorsement.

as drawer, payee and endorser, G. W. Marsh, not a propitious season for steamship records, and when it was announced downtown to-day that the White Star flyer, the Teutonic, had won new laurels on the trip she completed at Queenstown to-day, everybody was surprised. The White Star officials thought at first the news was too good cials thought at first the news was too good to be true. Dispatches from their agent at Queenstown confirmed the report that the quiet that the case had been closed. Mr. A special telegram from Harrisburg says: Queenstown confirmed the report that the Teutonic had excelled her own best previous performance, going castward, by 19 minutes. Her time was 5 days, 21 hours and 3 minutes. She covered 2,790 knots-longer than the usual eastward passage-in daily runs of 483, 468, 460, 460, 448, 457 and 14 knots. The daily runs are reckoned by sea time, or from noon to noon, which in an eastward

run covers a period of about 231/2 hours. High westerly gales followed the peerless ship all the way to Queenstown. She made ship all the way to Queenstown. She made her last voyage eastward in 5 days, 21 hours and 22 minutes, thus lowering the twin eastward records of the City of Paris and the City of New York by 1 hour and 28 minutes. The Teutonic holds the westward record of 5 days, 16 hours and 31 minutes, made last August.

Boomers Barred Out of a Reservation. GUTHRIE, OK., Oct.27.-[Special.]-Hundreds of boomers are daily flocking into the Nez Perce Reservation, hunting corners selling claims and preparing to stay, unde the belief that the reservation is now public lands under the treaty made with Tonkawas last week. Secretary Noble telegraphs to-day, however, that action of Congress is necessary before the land be opened, and the troop of cavalry under Captain Woodson are ordered to arrest and eject all persons attempting to settle

Monsignor Poston Somewhat Better. NEW YORK, Oct. 27 .- Mgr. Preston's condition to-day was, if anything, improved. After passing a somewhat unfavorable night he awake at 6 o'clock, apparently refreshed, and passed much of the day big arm chair. There were many callers at the rectory, but the only one who was ad-mitted to the Monsignor's room was Archcertificate was dated October. He bishop Corrigan.

dignity in the squabble. There were, how-ever, many flashes intellectual lightning and there were poisoned darts of sarcasm fired between the contending forces with more or less painful effect, but there was positively no work done.

The inquiry has not progressed a step this week, and the investigation to-night is just where it was last Friday morning and just where it is likely to remain until after the election. The Republicans, in long and tiresome speeches, charge the Democrats with not only delaying the game, but with endeavoring to manufacture campaign ma-terial. The Democrats, in the same sort of speeches, charge the Republicans with blocking the inquiry for party purposes.

ALL ACTUAL BUSINESS BLOCKED.

Between them the inquiry is not inquiring. There are 19 Democratic Senators and
29 Republicas Senators. In the ordinary
way of figuring it seems difficult to understand just how the small minority is impeding the work of the liberal majority,
When the Senate met at 9 o'clock this morning Atternet & Green I. Hencel was at his when the Senate met at 9 o'clock this morning Attorney General Hensel was at his place at the counsel table. The other attorneys were also there. Mr. Hensel was suffering with a severe cold. He talked with difficulty and his voice was husky and hoarse. He asked that the Senate allow him to ask Mr. Boyer just three questions before the argument in the case be opened. Mr. Hensel's proposition acted like an electric spring on the Republican Senate met at 9 o'clock this morning Attorney General Hensel was at his place at the counsel table. The other attorneys were also there. Mr. Hensel was suffering with a severe cold. He talked with difficulty and his voice was husky and hoarse. He asked that the Senate met at 9 o'clock this morning Attorney General Hensel was at his place at the counsel table. The other attorneys were also there. Mr. Hensel was suffering with a severe cold. He talked with difficulty and his voice was husky and hoarse. He asked that the Senate met at 9 o'clock this morning Attorney General Hensel was at his place at the counsel table. The other attorneys were also there. Mr. Hensel was suffering with a severe cold. He talked with difficulty and his voice was husky and hoarse. He asked that the Senate met at 9 o'clock this morning Attorney General Hensel was at his place at the counsel table. The other attorneys were also there. Mr. Hensel was suffering with a severe cold. He talked with difficulty and his voice was husky and hoarse. He asked that the Senate met at 9 o'clock this morning Attorney General Hensel was at his place at the counsel table. The other at the counsel table. The other attorneys were also there. Mr. Hensel was suffering with a severe cold. He talked with difficulty and his voice was husky and hoarse. He asked that the Senate met at 9 o'clock the attorneys were also there. before the Attorney General had explained the question he proposed asking fully a half dozen Republican Senators were on their

feet protesting against reopening the case or going further into the inquiry.

Senator Robbins, of Westmoreland, was the first recognized. He asked if the case had not been closed. A dozen of his col-

leagues replied that it had. "Does the Senator object to my asking the question?" the Attorney General asked. "Oh. no, I don't object, but—" Senator

Robbins replied, and he took his seat. A FIERCE WAR OF WORDS.

Then the war of words opened. Senator Grady said the effort to reopen the inquiry was a scheme on the part of the Democrat: to delay proceeding. He talked of the grave charges against the Stat: Treasurer, of the effort to blight Mr. Boyer's life, and of the skill of General Hensel in manu-

Senator Gobin followed in a long speech of the same character, and concluded his remarks by charging the Democra's with playing with the Senate for political effect. Senator Green, from the Democratic side, called attention to the Republican majority and for a time entertained the Senate by replying to the charge that the Democrats were obstructing the inquiry when the Re-publicans had the majority to do just what they pleased if they dared to do it.

Senator Packer detended the position of the Republicans. He told of the solemn duty of the Senate, and insisted that the Democrats had from the beginning been prompted by political motives and were not honest in their efforts. Senator Robbins said he was favorable to the fullest possible inquiry, and without even smiling he assured the Senate that he was opposed to re-opening the case for fear the investigation would not be closed before election. tor Hall demanded that the case either be reopened or be formally closed, as he said was getting tired of the debate.

POSITION OF BOYER'S ATTORNEY. It was then noon. The entire morning

Hensel asked that his questions be adfirst, and the two great lawyers locked horns in a short but spirited war of words. Mr. Shapley charged Mr. Hensel with not only attempting to run the case, but the entire Scuate. Hensel retorted that he did not have any disposition to run either the Senate or the accused, but he insisted that Mr. Shapley must not assume the position of a dictator to the Senate or to the Attorney General.

Senator Hall defended the Attorney General and characterized Mr. Shapley's remarks as being indecent, unfair and un-parliamentary. Senator Ross attempted to restore quiet. He argued that the Attorney General should be heard, and presented a resolution to that effect. He saw, he said, the political lines being drawn in the case, and it seemed to him that it was the pur-pose of the Republican Senators to conduct the investigation in a safe political manner rather than to get an honest and full inquiry. For fear that the Senate might consider his motion too broad, or for the purpose of delaying the investigation, he modified the motion to suspend the rules of procedure adopted last night to allow the Attorney General to ask the State Treasurer

the questions he desired.

PARTY LINES DRAWN. The motion was defeated by a strictly party vote. Then Senator Grady concluded that it would be bad policy to shut the Attorney General out, and after a short conference with other Republicans, presented a resolution admitting the questions of Mr. Hensel provided they were relevant and came strictly within Mr. Rever's term and came strictly within Mr. Boyer's term of office. Mr. Shapley insisted on knowing what Mr. Hensel's questions were before he would allow his client to answer them. Mr. Hensel indicated his first question and after a speech by Senator Penrose, the resolution was adopted.

The first question related to it accuractes

Senator Grady was the first to recover. He went to the chair of President Watres and held a short consultation with the President held a short consultation with the President of the Senate. Then he walked to his seat and asked that the chair rule the question out of order, and the chair so ruled. Senat tor Jack Robinson then had the stenograph-er repeat the question, and Mr. Boyer an-swered the entire question by saying: "To all parts and portions of the question I em-phatically answer no."

SHORT, SAD SESSION.

When the Senate convened at 3 o'clock President Pro Tem Gobin was in the chair. The ill-temper of the morning had been dis-sipated and the Senators assumed a calm sipated and the Senators assumed a calm and dignified air. Even the gallery occupants were profoundly respectful. It was a short, sad session. The vacant chair and desk of the late Sector Mehard were draped in heavy mourning. A basket of fresh flowers, arranged with artistic skill, marked the dead member's place on the floor, and the flowers the member to the place of the flowers the short tributes of his tiful than were the eloquent tributes of his fellow members to his memory. To the grave of the dead Senator each of his former ssociates seemed anxious to carry a tender token and in pretty periods many of them told for him their regard and tenderest es-

Senators Osborne, Lloyd, Williamson, Logan, Markley, Thompson, Critchfield, Showalter, Crawford, Robins n and Dunlap each made an appropriate address and each seemed more eloquent and touching than the other. After the adoption of a fitting minute, the Senate, through respect for the late Senator, adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. HERBERT.

### RECESS APPOINTMENTS

HOLD GOOD UNTIL THE END OF THE SENATE'S SESSION.

Then the Appointees Can Be Recommissioned-Governor Pattison Won't Talk on the Matter-The List of Those Made in Allegheny County.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 27 .- [Special.]-Governor Pattison positively refused to talk today on the anonymous interview circulated by the Patriot of this city, questioning the authority of the appointees of the Governor since the adjournment of the regular Senate to fill their places or to perform their duties without their appointment being confirmed by the present Senate.

It is a fact, however, that the appointments made by the Governor between sessions of the Senate hold good from the end of one session until the end of another, and the appointments of the Governor made since May 29, and up until the last day of the present session, can be confirmed before the adjournment, or they can be recommissioned after the andjournment. Either way fully satisfies the law.

The following appointments for Alle-gheny county have been made by the Governor since the adjournment of the State Senate May 29, 1891:

Senate May 29, 1891:

Notaries Public—David J. Kyle, Pittsburg;
S. H. French, Pittsburg; William H. Corbett,
Munhall; J. Ledlie Gloninger, Pittsburg;
George Mars, McKeesport; H. A. W. Fisher,
Pittsburg; Charles K. Thomas, Pittsburg; Walter C. Beringer, Pittsburg; Thomas W.
Aisbitt, Pittsburg: Benjamin Goodman,
Pittsburg; A. S. Demartini, Pittsburg; Casper H. Werner, Pittsburg; William F. Schade,
Pittsburg; George H. Lepper, Pittsburg; J.
Pressly Fleming, Pittsburg; D. P. Black,
Pittsburg; W. P. Potter, Pittsburg; Charles
E. Brown, Pittsburg; Elliott Rodgers, Pittsburg; Albert H. Eames, Pittsburg; George
W. Brown, Pittsburg; John Paterson, Pittsburg.

burg.
Aldermen-W. F. Richardson, Allegheny.
Eleventh ward; Joseph A. Skelly, McKees port: Fourth ward.
Justice of the Peace-James McB. Robb. Justice of the Peace—James McB. Robb,
North Fayette township.
Commissioner of the Board of Public
Charitles—James B. Scott, Pittsburg.
Member of the State Pharmaceutical Examining Board—Louis Emanuel, Pittsburg.
Managers of the Peansylvania Reform
School at Morganza—Isidore Collens, Allegheny: W. B. Lupton, Pittsburg: A. F. Keating and Charles W. Houston, Pittsburg.

F. C. HUTCHINSON DVING. His Brother Doubts His Living Through the

Day. Assistant Cashier William Montgomery, of the Allegheny National Bank, received a telegram at midnight from E. L. Hutchinson stating that his brother, F. C. Hutchinson, cashier of the bank, was very low and there was little hope of his living through the day.

As will be remembered Mr. Hutchinson was injured at Colorado Springs, Col., a short time ago in a runaway. His brother is with him.

A Wesleyan Dispute Settled. GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., Oct. 27 .- At today's session of the Quadrennial Conference of the Wesleyan convention the committee appointed to investigate the charges against the conduct of the Wesleyen Methodist re-ported that the matter be dropped. The Conference then proceeded to the election of an editor for the church's organ, and Rev. A. T. Jennings, of Syracuse, N. Y., was chosen to succeed Rev. N. Warder, the resolution was adopted.

The first question related to it accuractes in the Treasury report of personal property

The first question related to it accuractes the church has been much criticised. WAR, ON HIS PARTY To Be Waged by Angry Captain How-

1891-TWELVE PAGES

ard, of the Pension Bureau,

HAS SENT IN HIS RESIGNATION.

in the Worst of Lights. HARRISON'S INSTRUCTIONS TO EGAN

He Threatens to Show Up Faum and Dudley

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.-Captain Howard, one of the three clerks in the Pension Bureau who have filed charges in the form of affidavits against the conduct of the office by Commissioner Raum, has written a letter to Secretary Noble resigning his position. It was his intention to give it to the press to-night, but at a late hour he concluded that this might seem discourteous to the Secretary, as it would appear in the newspapers before it could reach the Department. It is therefore withheld from the public prints till to-morrow.

The letter is the result of the action or lack of action at a Cabinet meeting, held to-day, at which the grave condition of affairs at the Pension Office was fully discussed. Captain Howard engaged passage for himself and wife on a European steamer, two weeks ago, intending to sail at once, but was requested to delay his departure for a few days, on a promise that something would be done to remedy matters at the bureau. He was almost positively assured that at the Cabinet meeting to-day it would be decided to accept at once the resignation of Commissioner Raum. Had that action been taken he would have sailed to-morrow

A COMPLETE EXPOSURE THREATENED. Mrs. Howard will now sail alone, and Mrs. Howard will remain in New York till after the election, and will in the newspapers of the metropolis expose the whole of the in-ternal operations of the Pension Bureau, as he has seen them at short range. He mapped out this line of action very promptly this evening, when he was in-formed that the result of the Cabinet meet-Raum with another person, possibly Third Auditor Hart, of the Treasury, but not till after the elections. Mr. Howard concluded from this that he was merely being toyed with, and so declared he would break loose from the possible of the state of the sta from the Pension Office, and temporarily, at least, from the Republican party, and lay bare the entire details of what seems to be

A very bad state of affairs.

Mr. Howard, in his letter to Secretary Noble, recites the fact that at the Secretary's request he and others filed affidavits to certain serious charges and scandals that were being bruited about, in and out of the Pension Bureau; that he had offered to sub-stantiate those charges, not by his word of mouth or by the assertions of others, but from the official records of the bureau. He had not only not been called on to do this, but the charges had been permitted to sleep, and the officials accused were still conduct-ing the Pension Office in their own way.

WANTS TO QUIT AT ONCE. He therefore offered his resignation and

demanded its immediate acceptance, or, if the Secretary preferred to dismiss him, he would ask that the dismissal be made immediately.

Another reason Mr. Howard gives for his course in this letter is that since he filed his affidavit, at the request of the Scoretary

and with the solemn promise of the Secre-tary that he should be protected, he had been persistently persecuted by friends of Raum and certain of his associates in office, and his treatment has been such that he could endure it no longer.

That Mr. Howard's disclosures will create

a great sensation there is not a shadow of doubt, and the more especially as they will come on the eve of important elections in which the fight is so close and the result so greatly in doubt that such a matter may turn the scale against the Republicans who will be the sufferers if anyone is to suffer. It is Mr. Howard's declared intention to do the administration and the party of the administration all the damage he can, and he will make New York his special field, where his blows may fall with most disastrous effect. He refuses at this time to divulge the complete scope of his exposures.

GIST OF THE COMING CHARGES. It is known in a general way that the affidavits of Howard, Engle and Taylor con-tained charges that Green B. Raum, Jr., had asked money of clerks as the price of their promotion, and promising that his father would promote them it they came down with a "loan," that officials in the bureau had connived at the issue of fraudulent and forged pension papers, with the knowledge of Commissioner Raum; that money was paid upon forged certificates with Raum's knowledge, and that the effend-ing officials were retained in office; that officials had been used to promote the in-terests of certain pension claims attorneys, and with the knowledge and co-operation of General Raum, and other things that have

not yet leaked to the public.

In addition to the contents of the affidavits, Mr. Howard says he has many other facts in regard to the scandal of the bureau. He will also make a bright, particular target of ex-Commissioner W. W. Dudley, Treasurer of the National Republican Comnittee, who was re-rated as a pensioner for the loss of a leg above the knee, when his leg is really amputated below the keee, and whose papers, applying for a rerating, unaccountably disappeared from the files af the office during the Congressional investigation last winter, and whose name, therefore, did not appear in the list of pensioners rerated.

THREATS OF DIRE VENGEANCE. Mr. Howard asserts that he will show up Colonel Dudley in an exceedingly unfavorable light, and will also describe the manner in which Dudley, ex-Commissioner Tanner and the millionaire pension attorney, George E. Lemon, absolutely conduct the affairs of the bureau.

Mr. Howard is about 45 years old, of fine education and abilities, very fluent of speech and pleasing of address, and alto-gether a very engaging and attractive gentlemen. His manner is convincing, but he declares that he asks no one to accept anything upon his word or personality, but will furnish a story that will prove itself. Mr. Howard was Consul at Hull, England, for several years, and made a host of friends in that country, among whom he was about to visit when delayed by what he consid-ers a serious and imperative duty. His expose will probably appear within a day or two, and if his performance does not fall far short of his promises he will furnish the great sensation of the campaign, and one which may have a far-reaching influence in the elections.

Mr. Howard has always been a Republican, and will not admit that he is not one now, or that he does not intend to be one in the future, but for the moment he will do what he can to punish an administration which, as he thinks, condones the grossest mismanagement of a hureau that dispenses \$100,000,000 a year.

Victoria Congratulated by Harrison WASHINGTON, Oct. 27 .- The President

having been officially advised of the marriage of Queen Victoria's granddanghter, Princess Louise, of Schleswig-Holstein, to Prince Aribert, of Anhalt, has sent his con-gratulations to the Queen.

Clarkson and Elkins in Washington.



A Phase of the New York Campaign.

partment to-day and his presence -and that of "Steve" Elkins has aroused renewed in-terest in the talk of coming Cabinet changes. It is still the popular belief that this West Virginia friend of Blaine is to be ap-pointed, although Elkins wruses to give out any information on the subject.

HARRISON TO EGAN. TULL TEXT OF THE PRESIDENT'S RE-

CENT INSTRUCTIONS Concerning the Troube in Chile—An Immediate and Thorough Inquiry Into the Tragic Affair Ordered—An Appropriate

Apolog. Expected.

Tragic Affair Ordered—An Appropriate Apolog—Expected.

WASH
Oct. 27.—The following is a copy legram which by the Presiden.

23d inst.:

Degram which by the Presiden.

To Egan, American Ministe.

Immediately upon receips of the Control of the assaults made on the locant in the streets of Valparairo upon a more of American sailors belonging to the United States man-of-war Batimore, now in that harbor, the commander of that vessel, Captain W. S. Schley, was directed to cause an immediate and thorough inquiry to be made into the origin and incidents of that tragic affair and communicate the results simultaneously to this Government and to you. His report, under date of yesterday, has just been transmitted to this Department by the Secretary of the Navy, who advises me that a copy of the report was forwarded to Captain Schley to jou.

You will observe that the board of officers selected by Captain Schley to investigate this affair report that our sallors were, unarmed and gave no provocation; that the assaults on them were by armed men, greatly superior in numbers, and, as we must conclude, animated in their work by hostility to these men as sallors of the United States. You will also notice that the character of some of the wounds indicate that the public police or some of them took part in the attack, and will also observe that other American sailors were, without any apparent fault, arrested and for some time held by the authorities. The friendly efforts of a few of the public officers to give succor to our men furnishes the only redeeming incident of this affair.

This cruel work, so injurious to the United States, took place on the 16th instant, and yet no expression of regret or of a purpose to make a searching inquiry, with a view to the institution of proper proceedings for the punishment of the guilty parties has been, so far as I am advised, offered to this Government.

You will at once bring to the attention of the Government of Chile the facts, as re-

ernment.
You will at once bring to the attention of the Government of Chile the facts, as reported to you by Captain Schley, and will inquire whether there are any qualifying facts in the possession of that Government or an explanation to be offered of an event that has very deeply pained the people of the United States, not only by venseon of the rehas very deeply pained the people of the United States, not only by reason of the re-sulting death of one of our sailors and the pitliess wounding of others, but even more pitiless wounding of others, but even more as an apparent expression of an untrieadliness toward this Government which might put in peril the maintenance of amicable relations between the two countries.

If the facts are as reported by Captain Schley, this Government cannot doubt that the Government of Chile will offer prompt and full reparation. You will furnish the Foreign Office a full paraphrase of this dispatch, and report promptly to this Government.

PROCTOR NOT YET SENATOR.

He Is to Remain in the Cabinet for Several

Weeks to Come. WASHINGTON, Oct. 27 .- [Special.] -- Secetary Proctor will probably remain a member of President Harrison's Cabinet until November 15 or December 1. This morning the Secretary, before he went to the Cabinet meeting, had a long talk in his most private office with J. M. Clarkson, ex-Assistant Postmaster General, and this fact gave rise to considerable gossip regarding the coming changes in the Administration. The Secretary will probably not retire from the War Department much before December 1. The resignation of Senator Edmunds, that has caused the necessity of a new Cabinet officer, does not take effect until November 1, and there is no necessity for the existence of another Senator from

Vermont before Congress meets. Secretary Proctor has not as yet been appointed to be a Senator by Governor Paige. He has received a letter from that official, indicating that such an appointment would be made upon the occurrence of the vacancy, and to this he has replied saying that he would be gratified at such an appointment, and that he would accept. The formal appointment will not be made until after November 1, and then Mr. Proctor can cease his present function and as his new role as soon as he wishes. When he does so, however, he loses the neat sum of \$3,000 a year, the difference between the salaries of Cabinet officer and a Senator.

Dutch Guiana at the World's Fair. WASHINGTON, Oct. 27 .- The Bureau of American Republics is informed that the Governor General of Dutch Guiana has appointed a commission to look after the repre sentation of the colony at the World's Fair, with Mr. M. Schimmelpennick as Chair-man. The commission includes three ladies, who will have special charge of women's of Lady Managers at Chicago.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

Democratic Attack on Quay..... The Senate Investigation..... A Parisian Bureau Sensation..... Doerflinger's Arrest and Confession..... Police Take a Hand in Politics..... Classified Advertisements......
Editorial and Communications..... The Labor World..... Tilden's Will Broken...... Sporting, State News and Weather...... Operatic Criticism ..... A Suit for Millions The Wreck of the Despatch..... Rapid Mail Distribution ..... 

# HIS

CENTS.

THREE

Doerflinger Captured In Omaha, Despite His Attempt at Disguise.

SAYS HE TOOK \$35,000

From the Franklin School Board Because It Came So Easy.

SKIPPED ON ADVICE OF FRIENDS.

A School Director Laughs at the Story That There Was No Audit.

TO BE BROUGHT BACK TO-MORROW NIGHT

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) OMAHA, NEB., Oct. 27 .- Theodore Doerflinger, the absconding Treasurer of the Franklin School Board of Pittsburg, arrived in Quaha this morning from Chicago. He came in very unostentatiously, and his coming was unannounced except by a couple of telegrams to the Chief of Police to arrest him on the charge of embezzlement and wire the Chicago and Pittsburg authorities. Chief Detective Haze met the train at the transfer on the other side of the river, picked out his man, and as soon as he reached the Omaha depot placed him under

The prisoner insisted at first that his name was Jones, but soon admitted that the officer was right, and that he was the Pittsburg defaulter. At the station he talked very freely, and admitted that there was a shortage of about \$35,000 in his accounts. He said his stealings had extended over sbout the whole time that he had been Treasurer, and that the Auditing Committee had never done anything more than to casually examine his accounts, while for the past three years it had not looked at them at all.

Cannot Explain Where the Money Went. Doerflinger said he could not tell how the money had gone, but thought he had been too accommodating and had let everyone have money who had asked for it. He admits the truth of the charge, and that he is a fugitive from justice as well, but cheerfully asserts that he is not wholly to blame for it, as the committee which was supposed to audit his accounts wofully neglected its duty and allowed him to steal without let or hindrance. He said the drug business had always paid, and he had not lost the money in business. He claims that he gambled but little, drank even less, and was not particularly partial to any other dis-

He thinks he can fix up the matter, as he says he has about \$20,000 worth of property and he professes to believe that his friends and bondsmen will make up the balance without causing him trouble. His bonds-men are his mother and his brother-in-law, ex-Mayor McCallin, of Pittsburg. He says it will leave his mother very little after settling the claims, but that his brother-inaw is quite wealthy.

Advised by Friends to Skip.

He declares he did not want to leave home. but that his attorneys and friends told him they could not save him from the penitentiary, and advised him to skip. This he did Thursday afternoon, after first shaving off his mustache to disguise himself. He went to Cleveland, from there to Alliance, from which place he drove out in the country 14 miles and sent back a friend who had accompanied him, to say that he did not want to go any further, but wanted to return home. Word came back from his attorney telling him that he could not return, but on the contrary, to go away from Pittsburg as far and as fast as the rules of the universe would let him. He then went to Chicago, and after a half day's stop there,

left last evening for Omaha. He had but \$80 in his pocket when he left home, and only \$10 of that amount was left when he found himself in the clutches of the law on the west bank of the Missouri, Doerflinger was only required to give a \$7,500 bond, although he had as high as \$90,-000 of the school district's money in his hands at one time. He told of one trip that he made to Philadelphia to sell a lot of bonds for the erection of new buildings, and returned home with over \$80,000 in his pocket. He will go back without a requisition, and anxiously awaits the arrival of the officer who will escort him back to Pittsburg.

NOT BOTHERING THEM.

DOERFLINGER'S STORY LAUGHED AT BY THE BOARD.

The Books Were Audited in Spite of His Efforts to Prevent It-An Officer Sent to Omaha to Bring the Fugitive Back. Theodore Doerflinger's statement that his accounts were never audited does not seem to bother the School Board very much. One member when seen s smiled and remarked that such accusations would not lessen the man's guilt any, and only demonstrated the character of the man in his vain attempts to drag his former friends into trouble. The fact is the books were audited 18 months ago, and Doerflinger's exposure was partly the result of the board insisting ou seeing the books which he had repeatedly put off showing to them.

When the news of the defaulter's capture reached the city yesterday afternoon a telegram was at once sent to the Omaha police authorities to hold him until an officer from Pittsburg arrived. They were also imstruced to watch him carefully, as he was generally believed to be in a desperate mood, and ready to commit suicide if he got an opportunity. After a consultation the School Board decided to have Assistant Superintendent of Police O'Mara sent after the man. He accordingly left for Omaha on the limited last night. He will probably get back with his prisoner to-morrow night. Alderman McKenna had fixed to-morrow for the hearing in the suit of the School Board against Doerflinger. If he is not brought back in time the hearing will doubtless be postponed until the next day.

There is considerable difference of opinion on whether the School Board will lose anything by the defalcation. By deducting the \$5,000 warrant to Murphy & Hamilton, which, it is claimed, will be that firm's own loss, the shortage in school funds does not amount to much over \$10,000. It is claimed Doerflinger's property will more than cover Court Proceedings. 12 Deerflinger's property will more than cover Failure of a Socialistic Colony. 12 this amount. Others say the man had no