FORTY-SIXTH YEAR.

The Senatorial Committee Agrees to Admit All Technical Evidence.

NO QUESTION ON RECORDS.

Attorneys for McCamant and Boyer Stand on Constitutionality

AND THE DEFECTS OF THE LAWS.

They Are Anxious to Get Over the Routine to Those Issues.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION NOTES

SEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17.-The Senaterial Committee appointed at the request of Autorney General Hensel to cansider the evidence to be presented to the Senate in the investigation of the charges against Auditor General McCamant and State Treasover Boyer, for the purpose of ascertaining if any agreement could be arrived at by which the proceedings could be shortened met this afternoon at the office of Rufus E. Shapley, in the Girard building. There were present Senators Mylin and Gobin, Attorney General Hensel, R. C. Dale and Enfos Shapley, the latter two gentlemen wing counsel for the accused

The Governor's message to the Senate was taken up and the charges contained in it were gone over one by one. The evidence on each charge was discussed and it was finally agreed that all technical evidence, such as figures, etc., together with facts, should be admitted without the formality of proving them in law being gone over again. It was also agreed that certified copies of entries in city and State books should be accepted without question so as to dispense with the necessity of dragging officials, together with the original books and documents, to Harrisburg.

THE PLANS OF THE DEFENSE. In speaking of the result of the conference Attorney Shapley stated that it was ot his intention to prolong matters at all, "I do not intend to question any technical evidence," said Mr. Shapley. "All the ficures and facts contained in the Governor's message, which we all know to be correct, will be admitted without delay. Of course, the inferences and conclusions drawn from each will be questioned. I want this matter through, and shall get it over as quickly as possible. I am convinced the case of my clients is an excellent one, and I have not the elightest doubt of being successful.

The defense will be based almost entirely on the constitutionality of the proceedings. There is not a Senator, Republican or Demcerat, who will dare to vote otherwise than in our favor when I lay the facts before in our favor when I lay the facts before there, because if this is allowed to go it will form a most dangerous precedent, and one which would rebound on the Democratic cone which would rebound on the Democratic short of augmunition and it has been decision. a Senate and Governor in power. For instance, with a Republican Governor in the chair at Harrisburg and a Republican majority in the Senate, what is to prevent him from removing every Democrat in office on the slightest charge under this very same precedent.

ALL THE PAULT OF THE LAWS.

"In addition to this portion of the defense, which is in itself enough to quash the whole proceedings, I shall prove that the derelictions in office, if any, of both Me-Camant and Boyer cannot be charged to them, but are entirely the fault of the excessively had laws regulating the conduct of their offices. It has been the custom for nearly every legislator to think that he could improve on the laws affecting the offire of Auditor General and State Trees. urer, and the effect has been that there is now such a patchwork of laws that it is impossible to conduct the offices otherwise than as McCamant and Boyer have done. Take, for instance, the question of the

weekly returns. There is absolutely no law in existence which can compel the return of these to the Auditor General in time if the officials who do so are negligent. The only means the Auditor General has is the appointment of experts, and before the books for one are investigated another return is of the most energetic and persistent supdue. So it is with nearly all the laws affect- porters of the Constitutional Convention

But above all this the question of constitutionality will upset everything. Granted York, the owner of the York Gazette, and that McCamaut and Boyer are guilty, they should be impeached by the House and tried by the Senate. No other action can be legal or constitutional."

MAYOR STUART GOES LOADED Attorney General Hensel, Mayor Stuart, Conneilman Van Osten and Brown and Faunce, the Mayor's experts, held a consultation in the Mayor's office this morn ing. The Mayor has been subported to appear before the Senate, and the consultation was for the purpose of ascertaining just what evidence he intended to take with him. In reply to the Attorney General's question on this point Mayor Stuart

said he should take everything in his pos-"Oh, well," replied the Attorney General, "if you are going to turn your pockets can we can ask for nothing m Mayor Stuart, Secretary Beitler and the the Finance Committee of councils will leave Philadelphia for Har-Monday with their load of testi booy on the 11:40 express. R. C. Dale, the ng counsel for the accused, will not be present at the proceedings Monday, being attend a very important case n Virginia, for which he was retained be-

CONFIDENT OF HIS ELECTION.

Gen. Gregg Expects the Regulation Repub lican Majority This Fall.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 17 .- [Special.] -- General D. M. Gregg, the Republican candidate for Auditor General, was at the Pennsylvamin Railroad Depot at this place for an hour at noon to-day. None of his political friends seemed to know of his coming, as to one was there to welcome him. General Gregg is a mild mannered, quiet gentleman, esemingly without political information and positively without knowledge of politicians of the State. He was on his way from Philadelphia to where the soldiers of Perry county held their annual meeting this after-He was well received there. He made a speech which was filled with mili ory, and which was applauded to the ocho by the veterans assembled. General Gregg is not forcible in his addresses, and not an orator in any sense of the word,

Will you be elected, General?" I asked

"I hope so," he replied, and he smiled blandly, and looked as innocent and unsus-pecting as a straightout Democrat.

"Why do you think so? "Well, now, I can't tell. I am not a politician, you know, and since my nomi-nation I have been constantly among the enthusiastic soldiers, which has probably warped my judgment. However, I have ed that the Republican party of the State is united in my support, and for that reason I think I will be elected by the regulation Republican majority."

"What do you know of the proposed Con-stitutional Convention?"
"I don't know anything about it. I have lost sight of the proposed convention and I have no interest in it. I do not have even an idea to express on the subject." General Gregg will be in Pittsburg Octo

DOESN'T WANT A CHANGE.

LYON IS OPPOSED TO THE CONSTITU TIONAL CONVENTION.

What the District Attorney Said at Harrisburg Was Intended as a Joke-An Alleged Avalanche of Mud Being Prepared-The Extra Session

United States District Attorney Walter Lyon denies that his trip through the Eastern part of the State was for the purpose of giving orders to Republicans to vote in favor of a Constitutional Convention, and says that on the contrary he is opposed to a convention.

"The correspondent who sent out the report that I was working for a convention misunderstood me," he continued, "and took what I said in a jocular way as being in earnest. I believe our present Constitution is good enough for us, and should not be tinkered with. The judges are just beginning to understand it, and to adopt another would simply plunge the State into another long seige of litigation over constitutional questions. It is true the Constitution has many defects, but they can be remedied by amendments. Is am in favor of voting down the proposition to have a convention, and I think that will be done unless so little interest is taken in it that those against the question will neglect to vote, in which case it might be carried by a few votes in favor. I am not sure, however, but that it requires a majority of the highest vote cast to carry the proposition. In a similar case in Indi-ana, the courts decided an important issue to have been lost because the number voting for it was not a majority of the ballots ist, although it was a majority of the vote on that question. It is possible that the same dilemma may be the result in Pennsyl-vania, for although there is no doubt that a majority of the voters are not in favor of a Constitutional Convention, it is possible that they will not all vote against it

'What is the political outlook in the East?" Mr. Lyon was asked. "There is no doubt that the Republicans will win," was his quick response. "The Democrats have given up all hope of defeating Gregg, and are now turning all their guns on Morrison. There is no doubt that Wright will be sacrificed for Tilden, and it is equally true that Wright is going to make a vigorous demand for his rights. There is prospect for a war between the Democratic candidates, and, of course, Re-publicans will profit by charging on the divided forces.

"The Democrats are desperate, however, party with redoubled force with a Republi- ded to make an attack from New York. Dr. Bowen, the World correspondent, who published the charges against Senator Quay, has been in Harrisburg over a and it is understood in a few days the World will come out with sensational stories calculated to aid the Democratic party. The World, trusting in favoritism from New York Demogratic ourts and its own political power, is fearless in its attacks. It has never respected the truth, and whatever charges it may publish will not injure the Republican party or its candidates." What effect will the extra session of the

> "None whatever on the Republican party Bover and McCamant, not Gregg and Mor rison are being tried."

FARQUHAR EXPECTED IT.

THE REPUBLICAN PLAN ON THE CON STITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

If Orders Have Not Been Issued in Favor of It They Will Be-The York Man Feels Very Confident - Where Votes Will Come From. HARRISBURG, Oct. 17 .- [Special.]-There

s absolutely no question that orders have been issued by the Republican managers to boost the Constitutional Convention. One movement is A. B. Farquhar, the large agricultural implement manufacturer of one of the most prominent of the World's Fair Commissioners in this State. He has had a great deal of correspondence with the leaders of the Democratic party and with the Independent Republican contingent, and claims the letters are of the most assuring tenor. To THE DISPATCH correspond-

ent Mr. Farquhar said: "I feel quite confident that the constitutional convention movement will be suc-cessful at the polls. I do not base my opinion upon my hopes, but upon the fact that I have written evidence that there is a strong, a controlling, undercurrent in favor of the convention that will carry it through We can start with a vote of 200,000 wage-earners and add to that the influence and votes that will result from the indorsement of the movement by the Democratic State Convention. Besides, the private assurances I receive from the Independent Re-publicans of Philadelphia and from some strong Republicon counties make me feel confident. I know as an absolute fact that more influential Republicans are laboring for this movement for an honest ballot that nost people have an idea of. I feel that I can say with absolute confidence that the

onvention is an assured fact." "Do you think, Mr. Farquhar, that the eports to-day that the Republican leaders re the present proceedings were instituted. have given orders for the rank and file to turn in for the convention are correct?" "I am not personally assured of any such action or orders, but the report does not at all surprise me. It is simply what I ex-pected; and if it is not true it will be so later on. I think Quay and his friends note the growing popularity of the constitutional convention movement. They know, as we know, that the workingmen are for it, and they dare not risk any further opposition to it. Now, remember, I say I know nothing of such orders, but I would not be surprised to learn that orders of that sort have been or will be given. In fact, I expect

Mr. Farquhar has figured conspicuously in tariff publications. He is one of ex-President Cleveland's most intimate friends. He was formerly a Republican, but became a tariff reformer and a Cleveland admirer in 1884. His talk carries with it positive

Henry Hall Isn't a Candidate.

force.

lication the following: "The statement in and wired that it must be a mistake.

but he was a soldier, that's all. His silent presence among soldiers excites all the endidate for the Senate in the Forty-seventh DR. HALL STEPS district is unauthorized and incorrect Under no circumstances will I be a candi-

A NOBLE WOMAN DEAD.

MRS. ALLEN G. THURMAN PEACE-FULLY PASSES AWAY.

man's Home Life and Many Charities-A Long Illness Originating in Influenza. COLUMBUS, Oct. 17 .- Mrs. Thurman, the vife of Judge Allen G. Thurman, died at o'clock this afternoon. Her condition changed for the worse last night. During



The only persons present at the death scene were her husband, her son, Allen W. should be

1811, and her maiden name was Mary Dun. Her father, Walter Dun, was a wealthy land owner and merchant at that place.
While Mary was yet a young lady her father moved to Lexington, Ky. Here she married Mr. Thompkins, but he died after a few years. She was married to Judge Thurman in November, 1844. Judge Thurman is much enfeebled and broken down, and it is the opinion of those who know him best that he will not long survive the death of his wife.

I supposed, of course, that this action was in good faith, but, from events, this does not seem to be the case. I am now advised that the buildings that were rented by the company for its general offices remain vacant: that none of the offices named in the statute, and, in fact, no officer or employe of the company, occupies these rooms or transacts any business there, and that, in fact, the general offices of the company are maintained and offices of the company are maintained.

HARRISON, LORING & CO. FAIL.

Shipbuilding Firm to the Wall.

BOSTON, Oct. 17 .- [Special.]-The tape incidental to the fulfillment of Government contracts resulted in pushing another shipbuilding firm to the wall. Harrison, Loring & Co. made an assignment of the firm are trying to realize what it all means, so entirely unexpected was the blow. The firm has for two years been at work on cruiser No. 11 and has received 11 payments thereon. The twelfth payment was expected to-day, but there was a disagreement with the Government supervise as to the amount of work required before the payment would be forthcoming. The contract price was \$674,000. Mr. Loring's notes had been based upon this payment, and when he learned that the money would not be forthcoming for weeks he saw he must go to the wall.

Unconfirmed Report of a Scandal Invol-

ing Senators and Congressmen. CHICAGO, Oct. 17 .- A special to the Time from Washington says startling disclosures are promised in regard to the smuggling of opium into this country from the British possessions. After six months' investigation officers of the Secret Service have made a ponderous report to the Treasury Department, showing the existence of an opium smuggling ring which includes many prominent men and United States Government officials and that, in extent, it has not been equaled since the famous whisky ring of 1876. At least two United States Senators and five Congressmen are implicated

The correspondent of THE DISPATCH at Henry Hall Isn't a Candidate.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17.—[Special.]→The
Hon. Henry Hall to-day gave out for pubHe could get no confirmation of it last night

He Leaves the Union Seminary Direct-

The Enfeebled Statesman Will Probably Not Long Survive His Wife-Mrs. Thur-

most of the past week she had been in an unconscious state, rallying occasionally. For some time past there has been but

Mrs. Mary Anderson Thurman

little hopes entertained of her recovery. She was the victim of the grip during the winter and never recovered from the attack. Advanced age prevented her from ever regaining her accustomed strength.

Thurman, Mrs. Governor McCormick, of New York, a daughter and Miss Nina Thurman, Allen W. Thurman's oldest daughter.
Mrs. Thurman had been unconscious for 48
hours. The scene was an affecting one, but
Judge Thurman bore up much better under the ordeal than it was thought he would. He was grateful that his aged partner

should be permitted to die in so peaceful and painless a manner. Mrs. Thurman was universally loved. A great point in her character was her re-markable benevolence. She was continually caring for the sick and needy, and was always found ready to contribute to a worthy cause. She never identified herself with any church, but was a church-going oman and always engaged in charity. Mrs. Thurman was born in Chillicothe in

dalia, Mo., to Parsons, Kas., in order to re comply with the statute of Kansas under which the charter of the company was granted. This announcement was made by the officials after being threatened by the Governor of this State with legal proceedings to enforce obedience to the laws of Kansas. It is represented to the Kansas authorities, however, that the company has been enjoined by the authorities of Missonri from effecting such removal. Governor Humphrey therefore addressed a comnunication this afternoon to Attorney Genral Ives, in which he refers to the that the company would at once remove their headquarters to Parsons, Kas., and

I supposed, of course, that this action was offices of the company are maintained and the business pertaining thereto transacted outside of the State. Will you kindly look nto this and if you find that the company is till violating the law of this State, com nence an action to annul the charter of the

Government Red Tape Pushes the B

Late to-night he turned over every dol-lar's worth of property he possessed to President Charles H. Allen, of the Home Savings Bank, of Boston; the Hon. George T. Quintard, of New York, and Harrison Loring, Jr., of Boston. The creditors are mainly in Massachusetts and Pennsylvania and comprise banks and firms in the iron and steel trade. The liabilities are estimated a \$475,000. The nominal assets are \$800,000. In addition to cruiser No. 11, the firm has also in process of construction three steel

BIG OPIUM SMUGGLING RING.

the rear of the Carlstadt baseball grounds,

ory on Dr. Briggs' Account.

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1891.

THE RESIGNATION WAS EXPECTED

It Resulted From the Defeat of His Peac Plans in Presbytery.

REGARD FOR THE ALLEGED HERETIC

SEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW YORK, Oct. 17 .- Dr. John Hall has the unlucky institution in this extremity is due to the Briggs trouble. At the request of several of his fellow directors Dr. Hall has consented to remain with the board BY CHILEANS AND FIVE OTHERS until November, when the annual meeting of the board is to be held. At that time the resignation will be acted upon, and until that time he will remain nominally in

Dr. Hall has long been greatly troubled on account of the Briggs matter, and his resignation was expected by the conservatives. But the friends of the seminary tabooed the idea when it was suggested last summer by the newspapers. One of the staunchest friends of Dr. Briggs is Dr. Hall's son, Thomas, a preacher in Chicago, and Dr. Hall has been influenced greatly by his son's attachment to the accused heretic. AVOIDED COMMITTING HIMSELF.

When the Briggs case came up in Pres-bytery last May Dr. Hall avoided voting by absenting himself from the meeting. The Briggs men elected him a commissioner to the General Assembly, and had he gone he would have been its Moderator. Here also he avoided committing himself by surrendering his commission. Later when the case was discussed by the directors of Union and action in defiance of the Church taken he withdrew just as the directors

were on the point of voting.

After his return from abroad Dr. Hall began an effort to quiet the prosecution of Dr. Briggs in the interest of the peace and harmony of the Church. He mustered a strong peace party that would certainly have carried the Presbytery at its meeting two weeks ago and stopped the trial of Dr. Briggs, but just as Dr. Hail arose in Presbytery to present his plan, the floor was secured by young Dr. George Alexander who cured by young Dr. George Alexander, who presented an independent peace proposition that had been concocted by himself and Dr. Charles L. Thompson.

HALL WAS DEFEATED. The debate that followed was bitter.
Dr. Hall was forced from his position and
when the roll was called his vote was cast
against the compromise. As the Alexander motion was lost by a vote of 64 to 62 Dr.
Hall's retirement was fatal. Following
this meeting of Presbytery Dr. Hall's purpose to leave the directorate of Union
Seminary was formed. A special meeting
of the directorate was held last Friday at
Brawn, Brothers' banking, house in Wall Brown Brothers' banking house in Wall street. It was attended by nearly all the directors and Dr. Hall there made known the fact of his resignation. The special meeting was called to prepare for the conference on the Briggs trouble. with conference on the Briggs trouble, with President Patton's committee appointed by the last General Assembly for that purpose. The day agreed between Dr. Patton and President Butler was October 28. That date being so near at hand and the greation of the semisary's relation to the church so delicate the effect of Dr. Hall's resignation was greatly dreaded by the directors. He was persuaded, therefore, to remain with the seminary until after its conference with Dr. Patton's committee and to have his committee and the last General Assembly for that purpose. The day agreed between Dr. Patton and President Butler was October 28. That date being so near at hand and the greation was greatly dreaded by the directors. He

of the board. HIS CONNECTION WITH UNION. Dr. Hall's relationship to Union has been of long standing and of great value to the institution. He is not only pastor of the richest Presbyterian Church in America, but he is the preacher of greatest intel-lectual power in the denomination. His fame abroad is greater than that of any other American preacher, and his name in Union Seminary's directorate gave the school great prestige. For years his presence in the Board of

Directors has been a shield to Dr. Briggs. Had it not been for his assurances that the Professor's instruction was not dangerous action would have been begun in Presby-tery against Dr. Briggs years ago. One of the liberal directors of Union speaking of Dr. Hall, said: "It will hurt us very much. At this critical time in our history Dr. Hall's retirement will do us incalculable injury."

DR. HALL DEFENDED DR. BRIGGS. Four weeks ago when Union Seminary opened Dr. Hall was urged by several diectors to use his influence with Elder Colonel Elliot F. Shepard to stop the attacks upon the Seminary which were appearing in the Mail and Express. At that time Dr. Hall expressed great sympathy for Dr. Briggs. He insisted that the professor was misjudged by his prosecutors. He spoke of his observations while abroad this summer in support of the statement that Dr. Briggs was held in high regard by the great preachers of Europe, and cited Dr. Parker as an example of the men who were oncerned in the results of the prosecution of Dr. Briggs. Dr. Hall used his influence late this afternoon and to-night the members | in the society Chi Alpha, of which many of the Presbyterian ministers are members. The directors of Union voted to meet it a body Wednesday afternoon, October 28, at the Union Seminary building, to receive the Genera! Assembly's Conference Committee and discuss with them the matter of Dr. Briggs' vote by the last General As-sembly. President Patton, of Princeton, Chairman of the committee, has called the committee together in consequence. By a Hastings, of the Union faculty, and Lawyer Henry Day will be spokesmen at the conference. Lawyer Day's selection was not without opposition in the directorate. Mr. Lawyer Day's selection was no Day's legal advice in the Briggs has not proven satisfactory to many of the ditors, and several have stated that he does not represent the directors in this con

ATTENDANCE AT THE SEMINARY. Dr. John H. Worcester, a member of Dr. Patton's committee, now of the faculty of Union, has withdrawn from the committee

and his place must be filled by another minister. A preliminary catalogue is to be issued by the faculty. This gives the names of the students. The junior class contains 45 men, six less than last year. Eight men are dropped out of the senior class, but their places are taken by seven new seniors. The middle class is about the same as last year.

About a dozen of the beneficiaries have een notified by the presbyteries to leave the seminary on account of the Dr. Briggs trouble. They have decided to remain. The deficiency in their supply of funds, cut off by their action, is being made good by one of the wealthy directors of the seminary. Dr. Hastings has received offers of assis ance from many churches of the United States for any students whose presbyteries should desert him at this time. These Dr. Hastings states have all been refused.

FOUND A BURNING CORPSE The Body of an Old Man Who Had Commit

ted Suicide Discovered on Fire. NEW YORK, Oct. 17 .- [Special.]-Late on Friday afternoon Edward Friewald, returning from his work in Carlstadt, N. J., saw

and, supposing that the stalks had caught fire, he ran to save them. He found something between the rack and the flame. It was the dead body of an old man whose shirt front was burning fiercely. Friewald pulled off his coat, and, using it as a flail, he quickly extinguished the blaze, but not before the breast of the corpse was shockingly scorched. The cornstack must very soon have been afire, when the body would

have been cremated altogether. Friewald summoned the neighbors, and the remains were identified as those of Philip Kochler, a German, 72 years old, who had been doing odd jobs for Henry Hueuermund. He had clearly committed suicide, for in one of the stiffened hands was an old-fashioned six character with two fashioned six-chambered revolver, with two of the chambers empty. The shot that had killed him was directly over the heart. In NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Dr. John Hall has one of the pockets of the coat was found a resigned from the directorate of Union Theological Seminary. His desertion of his intention to kill himself.

YANKEE SAILOR KILLED

WOUNDED IN A STREET FIGHT.

The Men Were Members of the Cruiser Baltimore's Crew - Attacked by the Chileans While Walking the Street-Further Trouble Expected To-Day. SANTIAGO, Oct. 17.-The anti-American

feeling, which is very pronounced, reached a climax last evening in the streets out of Valparaiso. A number of sailors of the United States steamship Baltimore, now in that port, were walking along the street when they were confronted by some sailors of a Chilean man-of-war. Some words passed, when a fight followed. There was evidently had blood on both sides and it only needed a pretext to bring on a conflict. Both parties were armed with knives and pistols, which were freely used during the squabble.

When the combatants were separated by the police and bystanders it was found that one of the Baltimore's sailors had been killed and five others seriously wounded. Several of the Chileans were also badly hurt. This was the first time the Balti-more's sailors had been ashore for a month. The Intendente of the city had assured Captain Schley, of the Baltimore, that his sailors would be perfectly safe on Chilean

The feeling to-day between the Americans and Chileans is very strong. Several additional fights occurred to-day among the of yesterday. The dead sailor of Baltimore will be buried to-morrow. An armed force will be landed from the Baltimore in order to furnish a military guard of honor for the

Trouble is feared, as it will be Sunday and election day. Chilean officials, alive to the gravity of the occasion, have again promised Americans protection from assault under all circumstances

THE CHILEAN STREET FIGHT.

Captain Schley Reports a Boatswain Killed and Six Sallors Injured.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17 .- Assistant Sec retary Soley received a telegram from Captain Schley, commanding the cruiser Baltimore at Valparaiso, saying that a boatswain was killed and six sailors of the Baltimore injured during a street row in Valparaiso

vesterday afternoon, and that he was now investigating the affair.

It is said that the row has no international aignificence whatever and does not rise above the dignity of a brawl, the offenders in which can be prosecuted only for assult and battery. sault and battery.

orderly Negroes Finally Captured and Three of Them Lynched. CLIFTON FORGE, VA., Oct. 17 .- A sayage fight occurred between five negroes and the Clifton Forge officers in the mountain pass one and a half miles from here near the Iron Gate this afternoon, resulting in the death of a white man and a negro. negroes came to Clifton Formorning from the Big Hill Forge this the avowed purpose of creating a told him that he must quit town disturbance. Aided by whisky, they became boisterous and defied arrest, leaving in the same direction they came, followed by the town officers. They were called to a it was considered best for all interested to halt at the above point, where a fight ensued, have him relinquish the hotel. Mr. Mathalt at the above point, where a fight ensued, in which P. A. Bowling, of the posse, was killed and Fred Wilkinson was shot in the abdomen and knee. Wilkinson will re-cover, it is thought. Both were brakemen on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, and

were summoned by the officials. The news of the shooting spread rapidly. and in a short time 50 men were scouring the mountains where the negroes took refuge, hunting them down. All of them were captured after several hours' search and a second battle in the mountains be tween the policemen and the negroes took place. The other four are in jail here, three of them having been shot before they were captured. Three of them were lynched to night by a mob of 300 men. They refused to make a confession, claiming to be inno-

cent. AN ARGENTINE CABINET CRISIS.

Some Startling Changes in the Politics o

that Republic. BUENOS AVRES, Oct. 17 .- Since the an nouncement of the rupture of the coalition of the Mitre and Rocca parties it has become known that there is a Cabinet crisis. Two of the Ministers have already resigned. The caucus summoned to consider the merits of candidates for the Presidency has demanded the formation of a new Ministry representing all political parties.

It is stated now that General Rocca in tends to retire from political life, and that he is about to start for Europe. General Mitre's resignation of his Presidental candidacy is irrevocable.

The Verdict on the Kent Disaster. CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 17 .- Coroner Sherman, of Kent, O., to-day rendered his verdict on the wreck of the Olin family excursion train on the Erie Railroad at that blace September 30. He finds E. C. Brown and Conductor Ernest Biegert, of the freight train, guilty of gross carelessness and neg lect of duty in not observing the signals and in leaving Kent without orders, in direct violation of the rules of the company. Coroner finds that the railroad company had taken all necessary precautions to prevent accident to the six excursion trains.

Noted Telescope Makers Quit. BOSTON, Oct. 17 .- [Special.]-The noted telescope makers, Alvan G. and George B. Clark, of Cambridge, are to dissolve partnership. This step is taken for the sole reason that Mr. George B., the senior mem-ber, is physically unable to continue in active business. He went into the business when he was 20 years old, and he is now 59. That would make the firm 39 years old. The firm has at present among its contracts a prism 24 inches in diameter for the Bruce hotographic telescope for Harvard.

A Benefit Society in Trouble HARRISBURG, Oct. 17 .- [Special.]-An order has been made by the Dauphin County Court in the case of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania ex rel W. U. Hensel, Attorney General vs. The Economical Mutual Benefit Association, of Sandy Lake, Mercer ing from his work in Carlstadt, N. J., saw county, citing the latter to appear at the smoke rising from a cornstach in a field at Court House, November 9, and show cause why its business should not be closed.

THE JOB DIDN'T PAY.

Men Rob a Pay Office and Get Arrested While Dividing Spoils.

THEY BOUND THE MAN IN CHARGE.

Expected to Get \$14,000, but Only \$500 Was There to Be Taken.

THE PLOT GIVEN AWAY TO OFFICERS

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH, 1 SCHANTON, Oct. 17 .- The pay office of A. D. & F. M. Spencer, operators of the Potts colliery in Dunmore, was robbed at noon yesterday by Charles Engle and Wallace Snow, and \$500 in silver dollars done up in envelopes and sacks taken away. The robbery was one of the boldest imaginable, the thieves entering the front door, placing a revolver at the head of Byron Brady, who was inside, and compelling him to submit

while he was bound and blindfolded. After they had secured the money the men passed out upon Drinker street, proceeded to Dunmore corners, the most public place in the town, marched up Bloom street, gained a blind alley which passed the rear of Engle's barn, and were in the barnyard with a man named Charles Boven, about to divide the spoils, when they captured by the police.

FIVE MEN IN THE JOB. There seems to have been five men concerned in the robbery, four of win been placed under arrest, the fourth being Squire H. H. Hollister, a man with a long history of crime. He was secured by the police shortly after the three were captured in the barnyard. The name of the fifth criminal has not yet been divulged.

Mayor Fellows and Chief of Police Simp son were informed two weeks ago of the contemplated robbery by a man who was conversant with the plan. Hollister first proposed the scheme. Engle had been long in the employ of the Spencers and was familiar with the premises. He informed Hollister that at just about this time of the the month the Spencers have from \$13,000 to \$14,000 in their office with which to pay their men. The time fixed for the theft was noon yesterday. Chief of Police Simp-son had thoroughly prepared for the rob-bery, and everything was in readiness to give the robbers a warm reception.

HAD EVERYTHING PREPARED. Officer Roche, attired in citizen's clother and disguised with goggles, was in the home of Frank Wagner, a nephew of the Spencers, where he could command a view of the office. Others were posted at places where omee. Others were posted at places where they could see the robbers as they passed toward Engle's property, whither it was known they would meet after the robbery. As soon as the thieves reached the barn-yard from the alley way all the officers were notified by signals. The three men were notined by signass. The three men were covered with a gun as the officers pounced in upon them. Capture was cer-tain and resistance was useless. They sub-mitted with a bad grace, their faces expressing their surprise at the suddenness of their capture. The officers knew where to locate Hollister, and he was placed in the station nouse almost as quickly as were the other

Bowen, Engle and Hollister promptly de-nied that they were concerned in the rob-bery, but Snow weakened. He was sepa-rated from the three others and taken to the office of the Chief of Police, where he made a full confession. At 9 o'clock the manded of Hollister and Engle in the sum of \$2,500 each. The bail of

Snow was fixed at \$1,000 each. GAVE UP THE HOTEL

Proprietor Matthews Turns Over the Stur-

tevant House to Creditors. NEW YORK, Oct. 17 .- [Special.]-The Sturtevant House has again changed hands. The proprietor, James C. Matthews, has out no hope of his being able to return inside of four or five months. thews owed considerable money, est creditor being A. P. Sturtevant, his

Mr. Matthews turned the property over to Mr. Sturtevant, who thereupon appointed Marvelle W. Cooper and William Waddell trustees. At the hotel to-night it was asserted that the trustees were appointed to look after the interests of all the creditors. There will be a meeting of the latter next

REVOLUTION IN MEXICO.

Garsa Calls Upon the People to Arise and

Smite President Diaz. SAN ANTONIO, Oct. 17 .- [Special.]-Catarino E. Garsa, the Mexican revolutionary leader, is in the neighborhood of Piedras Negras, Mexico, at the head of an armed force of 500 men. He is committing many outrages on the citzens who will not join his standard. The Mexican Government is sending regiment after regiment of soldiers to that section and making every effort to quell the uprising. Garsa has just issued a manifesto over his signature. He says in

part: None can be blind to the despotism, hypoerisy, immorality and corruption of the
Diaz Government. We, insurrectionists,
demand a political organization according
to the sentiment of the constitution of 1857.
A despotic government like this, which sustains itself by force of arms alone, cannot
call itself constitutional, and therefore in call itself constitutional, and, therefore, in its blind and criminal obstinacy, it is doomed to be the victim of such rebellions as we have commenced until the last drop of free of in this country is shed. I call upo

CAUSE OF THE HICKSVILLE WRECK. Not the Spreading of Rails, but Some Ob-

ject Falfing From the Engine. NEWARK, O., Oct. 17 .- [Special.]-False and injurious reports having been sent out concerning the cause of the railroad disaster to the Baltimore and Ohio train at Hicksville, State Railroad Comissioner J. A. Norton sent M. J. McMarana to investigate the matter. His official report was furnished to-night, and is as follows:

I find the accident was caused by some hard substance which had fallen from some car upon the track, and, getting wedged in between the rail and flange of one of the driving wheels on the engine, it caused th driving wheel to leave the track, which in driving wheel to leave the track, which immediately crowded the opposite track rail
out of place and caused the derailment of
the remainder of the train. There were
three people killed, five seriously injured
and nine slightly injured. The track was in
good condition, being well tied and spiked
and of a good gauge before the accident occurred, and there was no such thing as the
spreading of the rails as reported by the
dispatches.

Two Philadelphia Banks Consolidate. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17.-It was reported to the Clearing House Association to-day that Robert T. Brownfield, President of the Seventh National Bank, had resigned from that position and that Conrad B. Day, President of the Commonwealth National Bank, had been elected his successor. The Commonwealth National Bank will at once wind up its affairs and its business will be

transferred to the Seventh National Bank. The capital stock of the latter bank is now \$400,000, and it is expected that it will be increased by the consolidation.

LOST DABBLING IN OIL.

WHAT BECAME OF THE MONEY OF CHAUTAUQUA COUNTY, N. Y. Defaulting Treasurer Sperry Writes a Confession From Canada-He Blame

Prominent Office Holders and Party Men-Got None of the Money Himself. JAMESTOWN, Oct. 17 .- [Special.]-The deaulting County Treasurer of Chautauqua county, Orrin Sperry, has sent from Canada a written detailed confession implicating prominent Republican county officials. Of the men implicated. Dana Horton is a Supervisor, Henry R. Case is Sheriff of the county, and Adam Davis is one of the most influential Republicans in this dis-

trict. It is believed that others will be

implicated. The fact that Sperry offered to

return and testify, provided the indictments against him were quashed, and that his offer was refused, is considered sufficient evidence that his absence is desired.

The confession is dated: "International Bridge, Ont., October 3, 1891." Sperry tells how he was induced by various pre-tenses to lend the county funds to political

tells how he was induced by various pretenses to lend the county funds to political
friends for oil speculation. He continues:

In December, 1883, I let Henry R. Case and
Dana P. Horton have \$5,000 for the purpose
of using it in their oil operations, and they
told me after this that they put this money
into the hands of Broker Allen, and it was
all lost by investments in oil. In February
all March, 1883, I saw Davis, Case and Horduth have a liberty of the oil market
and the was all lost by investments in oil. In February
all march, 1883, I saw Davis, Case and Horduth make money and restore
the was all lost by investments in oil. In February
all march, 1883, I saw Davis, Case and Horduth make money and restore
the was money were all on my official
both to be in the winter and spring
of 1884 I let Wilson have about \$18,000 of the
county money, and wavis knew about the
amount of money I let Wilson have, and it
was through his advice and influence I let
Wilson have the money. Davis, after this
loss, through Wilson advised me to leave
the country, and said he would soon make
enough to make up all the losses and have
me back before the snow flew. May, 1884,
when I left the country, I had only \$182 in
money, which I had realized from the sale of
my farm, and not one cent of it was the
county's money. I have never had one cent
since. I never lost any of the country's
money with the idea of robbing the county
of it. On account of the confidence I had in
Davis, Case and Horton, in the relation they
sustained to me as my bondsmen and pretended friends, and on account of what
Colonel Rufus Haywood said to me, I believed oil was going up and that these men
would make enough by the use of the county's money to make good all the losses we
sustained."

A DOG'S NOBLE WORK.

HE SAVES FIVE AND PROBABLY TWENTY PEOPLE FROM DEATH,

Mother and Four Children Roused From Sleep in Their Burning House by Him-The Faithful Animal Drags Two of the Children Out.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 17 .- [Special.] -- Covngton had the most exciting and sensational fire this morning that has occurred in rears, and the hero of the day is a small hepherd dog. The fire broke out shortly after 5 o'clock in a one-story frame occupied by Mrs. William Smith. The mother and her four children were asleep while the house was a mass of flames, and but for the remarkable intelligence, affection and other numan qualities displayed by the family dog the entire family would have certainly perished.

kitchen, and some time after the fire had broken out he managed to reach the bedroom adjoining, and jumping on the bed barked and scratched at the face of Mrs. Smith until he aroused her. Both the rooms were now in flames, and another moment's would have been fa'al to the entire family. The mother managed to reach the front door, and her screams aroused the neighbors and then she tell to the floor, overcome by the dense smoke. In the meantime the faithful dog had dragged the two young children from the bed in which they were lying half dead from the smoke and had pulled them to the

The animal was permitted to sleep in the

door, where they lay when the neighbors arrived and found the dog, half-smothered with smoke, barking at the other two children. The dog was badly scorehed, but would not leave the house until the family were all safely outside.

The house and two others adjoining destroyed. The alarm box, directly in front of the burned building, could not be opened and the next box visited also re-fused to work, and not until the door of the

first box was broken open with an ax could an alarm be sent in. The thousands attracted to the scene appeared more anxious to see the dog than to view the ruins. The dog is a medium sized, black and white shepherd. Five lives, and crease in the price of gas for domestic use.

probably 20, were saved by his intelligence. JOHN BULL ALARMED.

Troops Are to Be Sent to Canada and Dominion Defenses Strengthened. OTTAWA, Oct. 17 .- [Special.]-Following close upon the announcement that the United States Government, intended abrogating the agreement entered into in 1817 with Great Britain and place a fleet of gunboats upon the great lakes, it was reported to-day that, at the request of the British Government, Lord Stanley had demanded an immediate report upon the defenses of the Dominion from the military author-

There appears to be little doubt that it is the intention of the British Government to send several regiments to Canada shortly Again the fortifications at Halifax are still under the control of the imperial authorities. They are being strengthened to make that naval station impregnable. The same course is to be carried out at British Colum bia. It has been suggested that England has become alarmed at the strong annexa ion movement which appears to have seized her subjects in Canada, and is going to take precautionary measures, if necessary, at the oint of the bayonet to prevent its further levelopment.

German Duties on American Breadstuffs BERLIN, Oct. 17 .- The negotiations between William Walter Phelps, the United States Minister, and Chancellor Von Caprivi for a reduction of the duty on American grain and breadstuffs generally, proceeds. It is not likely, however, that anything will be decided upon before the new Austrian treaty of commerce is promul-gated. The reduction of the tariff on American pork products is also involved with the pending German treaties. It is expected that Minister Phelps will succeed in ing for America equal privileges with

issued a proclamation to-day reserving from entry or settlement the White River plateau in Colorado, and setting it apart as a public reservation.

Not Open for Settlement.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17 .- The President

HALIFAX, N. S., Oct. 17 .- A big strike of gold has been made at Oldham, N. S. There are 25 tons of quartz in sight, which it is estimated will yield at least 100 ounces FOR FIVE YEARS.

FIVE

CENTS.

The Philadelphia Company Willing to Guarantee Fuel

NO FEAR OF ANY FAMINE.

for That Time.

Lines Tapping Five New Fields to Be Completed in Two Weeks.

CAN SUPPLY MANUFACTURERS. There Will Be a Pressure of 40 Pounds on

the 36-Inch Main. PRICES ARE NOT TO BE INCREASED

Pittsburg will have plenty of cas this winter, and for the next four or five years to me. This is the statement that the Philadelphia Company is prepared to make, Within two weeks, the officials of that company say, they will have a pressure of 40 pounds to the square inch on their 36-inch main. The increased supply comes from five new fields, viz., McGahey, Elizabeth,

Moon township, Stowe township and the Franklin and Ohio township field. This supply will be more than is needed for domestic use and for the mills now supplied by the Philadelphia Company. Beside the people who are supplied in the two cities by the Philadelphia Company and the Allegheny Heating Company, the following towns are also guaranteed a full supply: Monongahela City, McKeesport, Homestead, Mansfield and Tarentum

GAS FROM FIVE NEW FIELDS.

George H. Browne, Superintendent of the Philadelphia Company, in an interview yesterday said: "Previous to the construction of the 16-inch line to Moon township there was a shortage of gas in our pipes, but since that time there has been more than we could use. Still it has been short in some places because we did not have large pipe enough to distribute it. As a result, Allegneny has Nad the best of the supply. Now we are laying a 16-inch main. We are tapping the Moon township main, back of Chartiers, and with another 16-inch pipe will reach Steuben street, in the West End. and empty into the 20-inch main on Carson street. This line is three miles long, and will be completed in two weeks. From the Carson street main the gas will be brought across the river and distributed over the

"We have another new field at Elizabeth, where four wells are drilling. Two will be finished in a week and the others in two weeks. Other wells there have a pressure of 400 to 500 pounds, and we expect our wells to do as well. The field is only a short distance from the Bellevernon 36-inch main. In the McGabey field, Strabane township, Washington county, we have three wells ready to turn in. One of them has a pressure of 700 pounds and the other from 400 up. There are four others which will be in in a short time in the same field. The line from there is now being laid. The main is 20-inch size for five miles and 16inch for the other 15. This will be com

pleted inside of three weeks, PLENTY OF FUEL FOR YEARS. "In another week we will have added millions of feet each day to the supply in Allegheny City. The line is now being laid from the Franklin and Ohio township field about eight miles north of Allegheny where we have two good wells now and the indications for more paying wells are good. There is also a new well in Stowe township, which is to be turned into the lines at once The main to the Franklin township-field is

being made of reclaimed pipe.

"This," continued Superintendent
Browne, "gives us five new fields in addition to those we already have. In two weeks' time there will be a pressure of 40 pounds on the 36-inch main here which guarantees safety from any gas famine. We count on the supply to be sufficient for all our needs for the next four or five years to come. We can fill all our contracts and will have gas to spare. We do not, how-ever, want to supply any blast or puddling furnaces. We expect, however, to give fuel to a number of new glass houses, at a rate of about 12 cents per thousand feet. I do not believe there will be any further in-

State just now trying to patch up a peace in the natural gas war between Dayton and this city. Millions are involved, and the this city. settlement has an important bearing on manufacturing in this section

THE DISPATCH DIRECTORY.

Brice as a Peacemaker.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Oct. 17 .- [Special]-

Senator-elect Cal Brice is in this part of the

Contents of the Issue Classified for the Convenience of the Reader. The issue of THE DISPATCH to-day consist of 20 pages, made up in two parts. The news of the day occupies the first nine page

readily by reference to the table below: Page 9. THE IRISH FACTIONS. PITTSBURG DIRECTORY OF 1815. THE CHARACTER OF LINCOLN Colonel A. K. McClura.

Page 10.

EDUCATIONAL NEWS.

THE MUSIC WORLD.....

Special features and class news will be found

Page 11. THE WANTS, TO LETS, FOR SALES AND OTHER SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS. Page 12. THE SOCIETY WORLD Marion F. Gallagher

NEWS OF THE THEATERS Hepburn John GOSSIP OF THE GUARDS. Page 13. FOOD FOR LITTLE FOLKS PITTSBURG'S MUSICAL SOCIETIES. Bessie Bramble THE END OF A CALL ... Margaret H. Weich. LATE FASHION NOTES.

Page 14. LATE SCIENTIFIC NEWS. Page 15. BOYAL PROFLIGATE..... THE SPIRIT WORLD RICH MEN FISHING..... YESTERDAY IN THE DIVORCE COURT, Page 16.

ACROSS THE EQUATOR. Page 17. A PRETTY FAIRY STORY THE PUZZLE DEPARTMENT E. R. Chadbourn CHILE'S HOLIDAY FUN.... .Fannie B. Ward AMERICAN PUBIL. GOODBYE TO SUMMER Page 18.

Page 19. THE GRAND ARMY. THE MARKET REPORTS.

Page 20. NEWS OF THE COURTS. AMUSEMENT NOTICES.