

CHEERING FOR HILL.

The New York Democratic Convention Goes Wild Over That Name.

ONLY A BRIEF SESSION.

Taken Up Mostly by a Long Speech of the Temporary Chairman.

AGAINST TAMMANY DELEGATES

The New York and County Democracy Present Vigorous Protests.

A COMPLIMENT FOR SENATOR GORMAN

SARATOGA, Sept. 15.—The Democratic State Convention assembled to-day, but its session was very brief and only preliminary. The convention hall was filled to its utmost, and by 11:30 nearly all the delegates were in their seats and an immense crowd was still pouring in.

When at noon the convention was called to order, George Raines, of Rochester, was chosen Temporary Chairman. After thanking the committee for his nomination, he said that rivalries for representation in local or State organizations are expressions of opinion of value in guiding party sentiment to the masterful issues in the thoughts of the people; but the embittered words of faction are hateful to the true Democrat.

It is the glory of our organization," he continued, "that its contentions destroy none of the elements of its powerful support in the affections and convictions of its partisans." He said the reaction of party loyalty follows swiftly the sharpest controversy. He instanced the case of 1885, when some Democrats were incensed at the offensive activity of Republican officials holding places by the surrender of a Democratic Federal administration, but in that moment of unsteadiness a true Democratic spirit spoke to his clansmen.

I AM A DEMOCRAT, and summoned the life blood to its courses of loyalty and pride from the clogged centers of dissent.

"The campaign which draws upon us is to be fought upon the records of parties in State administration. It will assure the confidence of the people in their actual leadership. We no longer left to conjecture as to the Republican leadership. Platonism stalks in mid-day for popular view and judgment.

The most conspicuous plank in the Republican platform is the precise acknowledgment of reciprocity in trade with foreign people, and advocates to all our industries." The Temporary Chairman pointed with pride to the growing commerce of the country under reciprocity with our American neighbors induced by the matchless foresight of Secretary Blaine.

"The foresight so commended dates from February, 1890, and was very vital to the Republic. It came too late to stop the movement of the people in every State to retire that Republican Congress. The foresight of the people had been exercised at a much earlier period, and were kept active by the refusal of Congress to give such reduction of the tariff to make it competitive, not prohibitory. It is along the lines of State affairs that this contest must be waged most keenly.

THE SPEAKER AT LENGTH.

The speaker dwelt at length on State matters. Speaking of the late census, the speaker said the State is by its robbed of its equal right at the ballot box. He eared the Republican Legislature for its failure to do serious things for the good of the State and the people. He eulogized the administration of the executive office, closing as follows:

"In congratulating him (Hill) upon the honorable fame he has achieved, I am aware I speak the sentiment of every member of this convention. May the mantle of accession in the high office of Governor fall upon as heavy and skillful a leader and as true a Democrat as the Governor-Senator of the Empire State."

When Mr. Raines referred to Governor Hill and the Governor's utterance, "I am a Democrat," the convention emitted the first cheer, and it was a cheer of vigor and duration. The speaker, during the course of his remarks, paid a graceful and hearty tribute to Mr. Fassett's private life and domestic relations, and he was heartily applauded by the entire body of the convention.

A BLAST AT PLATINISM.

The speaker then referred to a period of 1864, when the question arose whether the interest on the bonded debt created by the war should continue to be paid in gold or "dirty debased currency," and continued:

"The people are weary of a dictator legislation not dictated by the people with the office. They realize that Mr. Platt's whim has been the breath in the nostrils of Senator Fassett during his whole career. Fassett's leadership has been enforced upon his associates by every appliance of machine politics. He has held by the throat the largest interests of the State, and they have yielded to place or subservience to the ambition of Platt."

"The delays imposed upon the World's Fair legislation by the Fassett cabal in a struggle to secure a partisan advantage in patronage, resulted in the assembly in New York of the most magnificent array of worth and talent in the country to utter the indignation of New York. The hour of that assembly was the signal for the surrender by Mr. Platt's Senatorial blockade."

A BRIEF ROUTINE SESSION.

The roll of the convention was then called to allow the contesting delegates to present their papers. The roll call was finished at 1 P. M., and a recess of five minutes was taken to allow delegates in Congressional districts the opportunity to confer and select local representatives on committees.

After recess Mr. Voorhees protested, in behalf of the New York Democracy, against the Tammany delegations in every Assembly district in New York. Mr. Jackson also presented the protest of the County Democracy.

Among the many resolutions introduced and referred was one congratulating Arthur P. Gorman, of Baltimore, for his leadership of the opposition to the "force bill."

The final committee were appointed and the session took a recess until 10 A. M. to-morrow.

M'KINLEY AT CARROLLTON.

Some 5,000 People Gather to Listen to the Major's Arguments.

CARROLLTON, O., Sept. 15.—[Special.]—About 5,000 people heard Major McKinley and General Hancock at the fair grounds to-day. Large delegations were from Canton, Warren, Sherrodsville, Leewsville and other surrounding towns. Major McKinley discussed the tariff and silver questions.

FARMERS MEET AT GREENSBURG.

A Probability That the Alliance Will Influence Candidates Already Named.

GREENSBURG, Sept. 15.—[Special.]—The arrival of delegates to the State Convention of the Farmers' Alliance, which convenes here to-morrow in McCausland Hall, has

already begun. Among the more prominent arrivals are Henry M. Butler, State Lecturer of the Knights of Labor, of Philadelphia, and Editor Tucker, of the Farmers' Journal, of Erie. These are enthusiastic in the cause and predict the nomination of a strong State ticket.

They say, however, it is likely that the candidates for Treasurer and Auditor General will be selected from either the Republican or Democratic tickets, and that they will receive the endorsement of the convention. State Secretary Armstrong said to-night that T. W. Fowler would arrive Thursday morning and address the convention on that day.

GAUGING THE BATTLE.

QUAY ON A LITTLE POLITICAL ERAND IN THE QUAKER CITY.

Chief Brown and Senator Flinn Pay Their Respects to Him—The Senator Says Gregg and Morrison Will Certainly Be Elected This Fall.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 15.—[Special.]—Senator Quay was an unexpected city visitor to-day, coming up by his Brigantine Beach retreat on the noon train, and afterward keeping close to his room in the Continental. He is here to meet a few of the city leaders and gauge the course of events. Mercantile Appraisers Hunter and Houseman, along with Al Crawford, comprised an interesting throng of visitors. They stand under \$50,000 bail to answer at court to a series of serious charges preferred by District Attorney Graham, at the direct instance of City Treasurer Wright, but they do not appear at all alarmed over the matter. They so told Senator Quay.

"There is no doubt about the election in Pennsylvania this year," said the Senator. "The Republican ticket is attractive and popular. They will be elected." This was the way Mr. Quay dismissed any and all reference to Gregg and Morrison. The Republican State Legislature will convene next year, and that C. L. Magee would go alone in the same capacity. "Of course we are Blaine advocates," said Mr. Brown. Senator Flinn expected to see Senator Quay at the State House in a big hurry to catch the Columbia express west, and cut matters short to make it.

A SHERMAN VICTORY.

Another Legislative Nominee Captured by the Senator.

WASHINGTON, C. H., O., Sept. 15.—[Special.]—F. G. Carpenter was nominated to-day by the Republicans of the Joint Fifth and Sixth Senatorial Districts. The lines were closely drawn by the Sherman and Forker factions, but the vote to nominate Carpenter by acclamation stood 30 to 28 says. This is a great victory for John Sherman, as Carpenter is an uncompromising Sherman man.

Colonel W. A. Taylor, the veteran newspaper man, who is keeping a close watch on the Sherman-Forker fight, said that up to date the Republican legislative nominations are about equally divided between Forker and Sherman, although Forker's friends claim he is leading. There are 32 Republican representatives and eight Senators yet to nominate.

John Seitz, Peoples' party candidate for Governor, and Mrs. Biggs, of Kansas, addressed 2,000 people here to-day. They claimed the Peoples' party will poll 100,000 votes in Ohio this fall. Republicans place the Peoples' vote at 30,000 to 35,000.

KILLED BY HIS SON-IN-LAW.

A Strange Mystery Surrounding the Murder of a Louisiana Man.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 15.—[Special.]—J. W. Hanley, of this city, was killed at Clio, La., Friday in a somewhat sensational manner. Hanley was an engineer on the Corsair and married. He told his wife Thursday evening that he had been suddenly called away and had to go in a great hurry to Biloxi, Miss., on important business. She has not heard from him since, until to-day, when Mr. Saddler, of Clio, sent her with her husband's watch and other property and announced that Hanley had been killed by his son-in-law, Jim Kemp, on Friday evening.

The men met by appointment, he said, six miles from Clio, where a fight had taken place, and Kemp, who was armed with a rifle, killed Hanley. Kemp buried the body of the man he killed at his own expense, and setting as chief mourner, and sent Hanley's property to his wife.

Saddler refused to say anything more as to what the trouble between the men was, but Mrs. Hanley, who is from Cincinnati, insists that jealousy is at the bottom of it. Hanley was engineer of the steamer Corona when she blew up and of the John H. Hanna when she burned up and 40 lives were lost. The Knights of Pythias, of which he was a member, have undertaken the investigation of the mystery.

A DEBATE ON PREDESTINATION.

Points in the Confession of Faith Discussed by the Pittsburgh Presbytery.

MONONGAHELA CITY, Sept. 15.—[Special.]—The second day's proceedings of the Pittsburgh Presbytery meeting, involving, as they did, a protracted and warm discussion regarding the revision of the Westminster Confession of Faith. The first meeting of the Presbytery last night was merely preliminary to the real work of the sessions. Rev. R. S. Holmes, of the Shady-side Church, preached the opening sermon, after which Rev. J. M. Mercer, of Sharon Church, Allegheny county, was elected Moderator, and Rev. W. P. Thomas, Temporary Clerk.

The debate to-day was devoted almost entirely to the report of the General Assembly on the revision of the Confession of Faith. The most spirited portion of the debate was on Section 5, Chapter 3, of the proposed revision, which dealt with predestination. After some talk on this question, Rev. Mr. Donohoe, of Pittsburgh, moved that the section be omitted entirely, as its wording was weak and unsatisfactory, but the preponderance of argument and opinion seemed to be against Rev. Mr. Donohoe's motion, and it was defeated by an overwhelming vote. As a compromise the whole matter was finally referred to a committee of five, with instructions to report as soon as possible.

The Dalton Will Probated.

ANEBERKEN, S. D., Sept. 15.—Proceeding in the May I. Dayton will case were concluded before Judge Adams this afternoon, upon motion of General Hubb, of Minneapolis, attorney for James C. Reed, of New York, the proponent, dismissed the objections of contestant on the ground that there was not sufficient evidence in support of the same. The will of Mrs. Dayton was admitted to probate by Judge Dayton, the contestant, immediately gave notice of appeal to the Circuit Court.

Hains Acquitted of Murder.

HAMPTON, Va., Sept. 15.—There has never been such interest manifested in a case before this court as in the Hains case. Judge Goode to-day resumed his argument for the defense. After a recess Senator Voorhees addressed the jury, which closed its arguments in the case after 13 hours' deliberation the jury returned a verdict "Not guilty." Half an hour later Mr. Hains joined his family at the Hygeia Hotel, where he is receiving the congratulations of his friends.

The Bulling Mystery Intensified.

St. JOSEPH, Mo., Sept. 15.—Rev. Mr.

HOT AFTER MACUNE.

His Name Made a Football by Anti-Third Party Alliance Men.

A WILD RESOLUTION OF CENSURE

Staved Off Until To-Day by an Adjournment of the Convention.

ONE OF THE STORMIER OF MEETINGS

St. LOUIS, Sept. 15.—The anti-Third party and anti-all-Treasury wing of the National Farmers' Alliance held 100th this morning. No more than one-half of the number of delegates expected made their appearance. The convention was called to order by U. S. Hall, ex-President of the Missouri Alliance, and a temporary organization was effected by the election of Mr. Hall as Temporary Chairman and William H. Murray, of Corsicana, Texas, Temporary Secretary.

While the Committee on Credentials was consulting, Dick Dalton, the Democratic aspirant to the Governorship of Missouri, addressed the convention on the aims and objects of the Alliance. He was opposed, he said, to the Government land loan scheme. The Farmers' Alliance should return to its first principle—that of protection for farming interests, but not in a political party.

The temporary organization was made permanent, and motion was made to appoint a Committee on Resolutions and Permanent Organization, with instructions to report a plan of organization and policy to be pursued in the future.

THE FIRST INTERESTING POINT.

This motion brought about a long, and at times animated, discussion. Some of the delegates contended that a plan of permanent organization was out of the question altogether. They were not here for the purpose of forming an Alliance, as the delegates present were already members of a national organization. It was finally decided to appoint a committee to outline a plan of procedure.

The afternoon session was about as lively as the morning one could be. During the absence of the Committee on Platform, Dr. W. Polk Yeaman, of Boone county, Mo., was called on for an address. The doctor took up the subject of socialism, and its sub-Treasury schemes, and dissected them to the evident satisfaction of the delegates, who applauded the good points without stint. Dr. Yeaman was followed by several other earnest orators, who were received with cheers.

About 3:30 the Committee on Resolutions stalked into the hall with a "parade" report. It was the same platform adopted by the Fort Worth Convention, with a modification of the last resolution as follows:

A ROAST FOR MACUNE.

Resolved, That we denounce C. W. Macune and his corrupt methods, together with the acts of his tools and henchmen, as being dishonorable to the order, and a stain on the nostrils of all honest men who know of their corruption and villainy.

This led to heated debate. Delegate Wade, of Tennessee, immediately sprang to his feet and moved that this clause be stricken out, and he went on to give his reasons for his motion. He said the convention had not been called to make personal attacks upon any person or persons. While he personally was confident, in fact, that Macune was one of the most corrupt men in the country, he was not prepared to go on record in a convention which was called in the interests of harmony to attack one of the leaders of the Alliance. Therefore, Mr. Macune, he said, "I move that this section be stricken out."

Immediately there were a dozen delegates on their feet yelling for recognition. Dr. Yeaman, of Missouri, was finally recognized, and he made a very conservative speech, appealing to the better judgment of the delegates, asking that they think twice before accepting the resolution.

THE CHAIRMAN TAKES A HAND.

Chairman Hall then called McClinton, of Missouri, to the chair, and talking the floor spoke against the motion to strike out. There was, he said, nothing personal in his desire to have Macune arraigned for his misdeeds. Every Alliance man knew that he had opposed Macune from the first, and he would fight him to the bitter end. He was a tool of politicians and monopolies. He had accepted bribes from them, and why should the Alliance, which is trying to reform the Government, have a corruptist in its head?

W. S. McAllister, of Mississippi, Chairman of the committee, said that he had no malice against Macune. Notwithstanding the fact that he had knocked him off his feet and had booted him, he bore him no ill will. But corruption must be rooted. Macune had done or was doing for the Alliance what Warren Hastings had done for India. "Macanism," he said, "is the fatal octopus encircling with its slimy coils the escutcheon of the order, and sapping its purity and destroying its virtue."

THE MATTER STAVED OFF.

Wade, of Tennessee, got another whack at the resolution, and then Murray, of Texas, jumped upon a chair and into Macune in the most vigorous style. He gave him the worst drubbing imaginable, with the possible exception of Goodman of the same State, who sailed into and scored him unmercifully. Murray got to discussing State affairs, however, and calls for order to stop him off his feet, but he defiantly arose and moved to table the motion to strike out the censuring clause. Then Wade, of Tennessee, moved to adjourn, and a dozen seconds came from as many quarters of the hall, and with the platform still before the convention, adjournment until 9 o'clock to-morrow was had.

The opinion prevails among the leaders of the present movement that the platform as presented, including the Macune resolution, will be adopted to-morrow.

HE STOLE STATE SCRIP.

The Stuff Was Worthless and Intended to Cover Up Other Stealings.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., Sept. 15.—The preliminary examination of J. L. Bay, the expert accountant of ex-State Treasurer Woodruff, who was arrested about a month ago on a warrant sworn out by State Treasurer Morrow, charging him with stealing \$100,000 in State scrip, was commenced to-day. Three witnesses were examined, the most important being Governor Eagle and State Treasurer Morrow. The latter testified that the scrip was worthless and that Bay took it from one of the boxes in the treasury vault and placed it in another to be counted as valuable assets, with the view of offsetting to that extent Woodruff's indebtedness to the State. The scrip alleged to have been taken by Bay were so mutilated as to make it impossible to tell whether it had been ever issued by a treasurer and afterward cancelled or not.

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"Should he be surrendered," said Assistant Secretary Wharton this evening, "the people of this country would rise en masse to protest against it. It is our policy, and has always been, to grant an asylum to political refugees. Were the situation in Chile reversed, and the Congressionalists sought our protection, we should give it to them just the same. It is what should have been in the Barrera affair, but because Mr. Minister Mizner's failure to protect him was the reason for Mizner's recall."

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"I never criticize my officers," he said, and hastily added, "nor praise them, upon newspaper reports. Not that the latter are not trustworthy, but because it would be improper upon anything but official information."

At the Chilean Congressional session the new of Balmaeceda's escape was received with gratification. Mr. Foster, who is in charge of the legation, said: "It is fortunate for all concerned, especially for Balmaeceda, had he been caught he would have been undoubtedly condemned by the law, if he were not torn to pieces by an enraged people. I am glad he escaped. There will be no better feeling towards the United States in consequence of Admiral Brown's act. We are glad to get rid of the cowardly tyrant. He will doubtless come to San Francisco. The failure of Peru to help him during the war makes his landing at Callao impossible."

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Conservative Members of the Committee Report for His Acquittal.

OTTAWA, Sept. 15.—At to-day's meeting of the Privileges and Elections Committee the manager of the Dominion Type Company gave evidence as to how Senecal defected the company. The majority and minority reports of the sub-committee of the Privileges and Elections Committee were presented to the pre-committee to-day. The former report, which was prepared by the conservative members of the sub-committee, practically acquits Sir Hector Langevin, late Minister of Public Works, of the charges of maladministration, but the officials of his department are censured and the whole system is condemned. Mr. Greaves, the "bookkeeping" contractor, and a member of Parliament, may be assumed, will be expelled.

The report prepared by the Liberal members of the sub-committee goes further and

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