BLUFFED CLEAN OUT.

Why Dalzell's Friends Didn't Try to Reconsider the Executive Committee Endorsment.

AN AMERICAN CLUB LOVE FEAST.

Eight Washington County Milkmen Suffer for Contracting the Chronic Water Habit.

EAST END FOOT PADS WERE PHANTOMS.

Pencil Pictures From Life Picked Up in the Two Great Bister Cities

The Americus Club did not reconsider its action of indorsing the stand taken by the Executive Committee of the State League of Republican Clubs. Instead of a priz fight last night there was a love feast. The subject was not broached, and the reason why was that the Dalzell people were bluffed out.

At the last meeting when the Quay contingent worked in the stroke for Robinson the Dalzell faction howled. They decided that the resolution would have to be reconsidered and broken down. Dalzell's friends started to work at once and would have secured sufficient votes to spoil the previous action. The Robinson faction learning of this declared that if the resolution was reconsidered they would go to Scranton and have the Americus Club delegates thrown out because a number of votes had been thrown aside on the night of the election. The Dalzell people might have won, but the fact that Jack Robinson will control the committee on contested seats gave them but little hope. Rather than run the risk of losing the delegates the Dalzell people promised to let the former stand and they kept their word.

PROGRESS OF THE LOVE FEAST. When the meeting was called to order President Baer was absent and Vice President William R. Ford took the chair. Four new members were elected, one resignation sented. The Executive Committee reported that a large part of the general fund had been used in fitting up the club house and urged the subscribers to the special fund for this purpose to come up with their money promptly. Members who have not subscribed were reminded that it is not too late to do well.

W.H. Keech reported that the Executive Committee had received an invitation from the Republican State Committee of Ohio asking the club to attend a McKinley meeting in Cleveland during the campaign. The invitation was a cepted and the Executive Committee authorized to fix the date and

make the proper arrangements.

The presentation of the portrait of the late Henry H. Byram was postponed for one month, owing to the absence from the city of President Baer and Major E. A. Montooth, who is to make the presentation ad-

Major A. E. McCandless offered a resolu tion indorsing the State ticket, Gregg and Morrison, and pledging the support of the

club. It was unanimously adopted. Colonel John Ewing read an interesting paper on "Beciprocity," which was ordered to be placed in the archives of the club. M. B. Smith made a speech on tin plate. He exhibited a keystone made of tin plate

and proposed that it be adopted by the club nd worn on the trip to Cle suggestion was approved. Vice President Ford, in behalf of Mr.

Richmond, presented to the club a book entitled "Intemperance and Crime." Some of the "boys" thought the book should be placed on the third floor instead of in the

A meeting of the Second Ward Keystone Republican Club, of Pittsburg, was held at the office of Alderman McMasters last night. The delegates, A. A. Heiner, J. L. Kerr and E. H. Brady; alternates, George L. Filson, Frank W. Hagan and Robert McCullough, were instructed for Hon. John Dalzell for President of State League of Re-

VETERANS FIGHT FOR MORRISON. Last night a meeting was held in U. V. L. Hall, on Sixth avenue, of the members of the veteran club organized in the interest of Morrison and Gregg. The object was to made arrangements for an out-of-door meeting in the interest of those candidates. There was not a very large attendance at the meeting owing to the inclement weather, and but little business was transacted, arrangements for the mass meeting being

The County Executive Committee of the Straightout Republicans met in their rooms on Diamond street yesterday afternoon. W. F. Trimble was in the chair. The attendance was large, Secretary Dunn saying that 120 members were present. Adam Faust offered a resolution condemning the present mode of filling offices as unsatisfactory to the people, and recommend-ing the appointment of a committee to draft a system similar to the Crawford county system, wherein the nominations are made direct by the people. The resolution was adopted and a committee of seven were named for the purpose. The Committee on Vacancies reported that all the candidates nominated in their convention, except Mr. Shafer, had accepted the nomi-nations conferred on them, and that a candidate to take Mr. Shafer's place would be named not later than Wednesday next. A campaign committee of fifteen was ap-pointed by the Chair, but their names would

not be given for publication.

The question of dropping the title "straightout" was next taken into consideration. Those in favor of it argued that they were Republicans, pure and simple, and all others were ringsters and irregular, obstructionists and machine politicians. The majority, however, held that it were better to held on to the title, for by it only could they expect success. The motion to change or drop it was therefore defeated. The com-

mittee will meet every two weeks hereafter. The Oakmont Republican Club was organized Friday night with Dr. C. M. C. Campbell as President. The following delegates to the Scranton convention were chosen: John G. Emerich, J. P. Hunter, Esq., and S. T. Caves; alternates, Dr. Campbell, Albert Magee and W. E. Rem-The delegates were instructed to use nonorable means to secure the election of Hon. John Dalzell as President of the State League of Republican Clubs.

The picnic of the County Democracy was held yesterday at Silver Lake Grove. There was a large crowd present, but the rain spoiled the exercises. Music was furnished by the Cathedral Band.

Pursued by Phantom Robbers. Ed Miller, who was reported to have been assaulted on Park avenue Saturday morning, was sent for by Inspector Whitehouse st night. Mr. Miller came up to the Nineteenth ward station and was shown the article published in an evening paper. He denied it entirely, and said he had not been assaulted at all. Mr. Miller is kept out until a very late hour by his work, and yesterday he went to the office of the Department of Public Works, on Frankstown ave-nue, East End, and asked about where he could get authority to carry a revolver. From this incident the story of an assault

and a whipped highwayman was imagined and then published.

GOING FOR THE MILKMEN. Right of Them Put Up for Selling Too Much

Ten of the 14 Washington county milk dealers who were charged by Meat and Milk Inspector McCutcheon with adulterating their milk were given a hearing before Magistrate Succop yesterday. Eight of them were fined. J. F. Webster, of Murray Hill was fined \$30 and costs, it being his second offense; W. H. Carter and A. Kress, \$20 and costs each, and W. J. Johnson, W. F. Purdy, J. S. Espey, Thomas Algeo and T. Walker, \$10 and costs each. J. M. Miller and another, whose name was not learned, were discharged. The other tour dealess will be given a heaving this four dealers will be given a hearing this

D. Schraider, Robert McCready, S. D. Kemmerer and Jerry Bear, all farmers from Westmoreland county, were arrested yesterday by Constable Lewis, from Alder-man Means' office, and placed under \$300 bail each for selling adulterated milk. In-formation was made by Milk Inspector Mc-Cutcheon. Theeir cases will be heard Tues-

TRIED HARD TO KILL HIMSELF.

Louis Smith Attempts Suicide Bec Wife Left Him.

Louis Smith, a carpenter, living at 15 Long alley, Allegheny, shot himself with suicidal intent yesterday afternoon. He used a small revolver of 22 caliber and placed two balls in his body, one in the breast and one in the back of the head. The latter flattened against his skull, but the former penetrated his skull, but the former penetrated his left lung and may prove fatal. Not five minutes after the shooting Lieu-tenant Thornton was notified, and going to tenant Thornton was notified, and going to the house found Smith in the attic lying upon the floor and the revolver still in his hand. He had removed his coat and vest and thrown open his shirt, exposing the wound in the brenst. Two chambers of the revolver being empty, the Lieutenant ex-amined him and found the second wound. He told the officer that he shot to kill him-self and he believed he would die.

self and he believed he would die.

The Lieutenant called the patrol wagon and had him taken to the Allegheny General Hospital. There the ball in his head was extracted, but that in his lung could not be. His chance for recovery is a very alim one. Smith is 26 years of age and slim one. Smith is 26 years of age and married. He has not been living with his wife for some time on account of his dissi-pation, it is said. He has been drinking for some weeks, and yesterday met his wife on the street and asked her to renew their marital relations, but she refused. Hethen returned to the house of his sister, Mrs, Salzer, where the shooting took place and where he has been living, and shortly after shot himself, as stated. His wife lives on

A Milligan Church Struck by Lightning. The Reformed Presbyterian Church, at the corner of North Highland avenue and Harvard street, East End, was struck by lightning about 5 o'clock last evening. The lightning struck the corner of the roof in front, tearing off some slates and a piece of front, tearing off some slates and a piece of the cornice. The current then evidently passed to the electric light wire, which is close to the roof of the church on Harvard street, and was carried off. The damage done was slight. The church is the one of which the Rev. O. R. Milligan is pastor, who recently left the Reformed Presbyterian fold for the United Presbyterian.

Snap Shots at City News.

EDWARD BYENES, 22 years old, wandered in to the Allegheny police station yesterday and asked to be cared for, as he was sick and asked to be cared for, as he was sick and weary. He was sent to the General Hospital, where he said he had come from the State of Indiana, and that his parents lived at Providence, R. I. He is suffering severely with malaria.

THE Allegheny County School Directors' Association will meet in room 28 of the county building Wednesday. The sessions will be held at 2:30 a. M. and lr. M. During the day the election for officers will take place, and County Superintendent Hamilton's report will be submitted. HUMANE AGENT BREETMAN WAS called to

Bedford avenue and Shelby street yesterday afternoon to kill an old mule which, it is said, had been left to die on the streets by a negro, John James.

A roos, hard-working man named Prat-ley, living in the rear of Oakland Terrace, has within the past few weeks had either stolen or poisoned no less than 56 chickens. Dr. GEORGE PARKE, a well-known Westmoreland county physician, is in iail. He is insane, and was picked up on Sixteenth street.

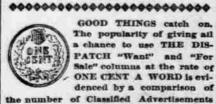
CHARLES ANDERSON, who was injured by falling metal at the Edgar Thomson works Friday night, died yesterday morning. A CHECKER tournament will take place at the Eureka club rooms, on South Twelfth ELMER METZ, the 5-year-old boy who fell

into a kettle of catsup on Thursday, died THE HOSPITAL BENEFIT

Already Counted On as a Success by the Ladies Interested in It.

The ladies of the Homeopathic Hospital, under whose auspices the spectacular oper-etta, "Fairies' Carnival," will be produced next Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings at Exposition Park, are highly pleased with the progress made by the great mass of children wno are to take part in the production. Mr. Owens, author of the operetta, has shown a wonderful faculty in training the children in their parts, and they will all be ready to play well the they will all be ready to play well the characters assigned to them on the opening night. Everything points to the probability of this being the greatest juvenile spectacle ever produced hereabouts. The music is bright, the dialogue sparkling, and a finely drawn plot runs through the play. The children will be magnificently costumed

The principal characters in the operetta The principal characters in the operetta will be represented as follows: Miss Lulu Orcutt, the Fairy Queen; Miss Alice Kober, as Puck; Miss Libbie Zollinger, the Butterfly Queen; Howard W. Hudson, Prince Oberon; Mr. Edward Dilworth, Moth, the Miller, and Mr. Owens will enact the part of Uglio. the Ogrs. H. P. Eeker, who directs the music, predicts that this production will be one of the great musical successes of the season. He is highly pleased with the chorus and solo singers. J. Edgar Owens, under whose personal supervision the operunder whose personal supervision the operetta is produced, says he never drilled a body of children more apt in learning the marches and intricate movements apper taining to the play.



sprearing during the same period this year. Here are some significant figures: During the two weeks ending August 31, 1890, the Small Ads numbered .. 1,697 During the two weeks ending August

published this time last year with those

31, 1891, the Small Ads numbered .. 2,117 Increase 420

The public know a good thing, and always take advantage of it. The wide-awake advertiser sets more for his money because THE DISPATCH-always the great medium for "Small Ads"—has entered thousands of new

Small Ads"—has enchomes since that time, and thousands more read the Classified Columns. Wants, Lets, For Sales, Personals, Etc., at a CENT A WORD opens the Advertis-ing Columns of THE Dis-

PATCH to all. CHAMBERS GIVES UP.

Forced to Make an Assignment for the Benefit of His Creditors.

WILL BUILD A NEW GLASS WORKS.

It Will Be Located at Some Point-on the Ohio or Allegheny.

MR. M'KEE REFUSES TO HELP OR HURT

The last spark of hope held out for James A. Chambers flickered and died yesterday, and at 11:40 o'clock his attorney, J. Scott Ferguson, filed for him a deed of assignment to Major William G. McCandless, the insurance broker, covering his assets and In the crash which has been imminent

Mr. Chambers has protected his friends as against creditors by reason of indorsement. No statement of his assets and liabilities is obtainable at present, though Mr. Ferguson and others who have examined into the matter believe that a hundred cents on the dollar can be realized for all the creditors, including those who hold the paper of the Standard Plate Glass Company, for which Mr. Chambers, as indorser, is re-

It is a matter of public discussion that Mr. Chambers' creditors all agreed to relieve him of his financial embarrasment by extending the time of his obligations, except H. Sellers McKee, to whom he was indebted in the sum of about \$200,000. Notwithstanding the fact that Mr. McKee was collaterly secured, he demanded payment, which, after exhausting every effort, Mr. Chambers was unable to meet. A number of propositions were submitted to Mr. Me-Kee, which he declined to accept, though it is represented that he held the matter under advisement for several days.

FURTHER POSTPONEMENT USELESS. "We found that further postponement of the crisis was useless," said Mr. Ferguson yesterday, "and filed the deed of assignment at 11:40 o'clock, just 20 minutes be-fore the Recorder's office closed for the day. I cannot give an estimate of the assets and liabilities at this time. Appraisers will be nabilities at this time. Appraisers will be appointed and even they cannot tell what the estate will bring at forced sale. Against Mr. Chambers' realty there are mortgages aggregating \$97,000, of which \$43,000 is against his McKeesport property and \$54,000 on his real estate in Allegheny. A number of judgments have also been entered, including one in favor of the estate of the late Alexander Chambers for about \$6400, two in favor of his mother. for about \$6,400, two in favor of his mother, Mrs. Martha J. Chambers, aggregating \$114,000, one in favor of Sarah Hall for \$4,000 and one in favor of Harry B. Patton, \$4,000 and one in favor of Harry B. Patton, his brother-in-law, for \$20,500, making a total of about \$145,000, to which we can add the mortgage claims of \$97,000 and Mr. Mc-Kee's notes, increasing the debt in sight to about \$442,000. Up to date executions have been issued levying upon 1,900 shares of the Jeannette stock, the par value of which is \$100, and against his personal property in general. The stock is advertised to be sold at the office of the Sheriff at 10 o'clock, September 14. We have not heard from Mr. McKee, and, of course, gave up all hope of him relieving Mr. Chambers.

PLENTY OF HELP AT HAND. "You may say in THE DISPATCH," con-tinued Mr. Ferguson, "that if the result of this is to oust Mr. Chambers from the Jeanthis is to oust Mr. Chambers from the Jeannette Company, there are plenty of friends
who stand ready and willing to start another and competing works of the same
kind at once. Mr. McKee has collateral
for his claim which I believe is good for
every dollar that Mr. Chambers owes him.
Mr. McKee simply says to us: 'I will neither
hurt nor help Mr. Chambers.'"
From other sources it was learned that

From other sources it was learned that Mr. Chambers' indorsements for the Standamounted to about \$205,000, sending the grand total of his liabilities, so far as heard

grand total of his liabilities, so far as heard from, up to about \$650,000.

Mr. McKee was not at home yesterday, having put in the time at Jeannette. Mr. Chambers was found at his home last evening, and to a DISPATCH reporter he seemed ready and willing to talk about his sfairs, except as to the totals of his assets and liabilities. The plucky little man has held up under the strain, which a public discussion of his affairs naturally has caused, with remarkable nerve, and last night said that he felt greatly relieved now that the ashe felt greatly relieved now that the as-signment had been made.

MR. CHAMBERS' HOPES FOR THE FUTURE. "You may say," said he, "that I am very sorry that I was compelled to make an assignment, and that I did all in my power to prevent it. I am a young man yet, however, and have friends who have offered me assistance. I will commence the erection of anance. I will commence the erection of another glassworks at once, on the plan adopted at Jeannette, and am assured of all the money I need. I will pay every dollar I owe, though of course I feel the position I am placed in at present, and will have to owe a few people for a short time. I had hoped to pull through, but the last man in the world that I expected to refuse me an extension did so, and I had no other course to pursue." Mr. Chambers said that the Jeannette plant was paying well, and that at present the Standard Company, at Butler, was making money, though it at first was a losing institution.

The Chambers & McKee Glass Company the principal owners of which are Mr Chambers and Sellers McKee, has been an is now a paying concern,

HOW MATTERS LATELY STOOD. A short time ago, when it was intended to dispose of the bonds of the company, the same being 6 per cents at 10 and 20 years, the following statement of the concern was made to the Solicitors' Loan and Trust Com-pany of Philadelphia, the agents of which were employed to sell the bonds in that

city: Undivided profits ...

To this was appended the following:

The net profits for six months ending February 1, 1891, were \$159,234 \$3, or about 18 per cent on the stock. It is the intention, however, not to pay any dividends for several years, but to use all the profits in enlarging and improving their plant. Over \$200,000 00 of the above issue of bonds have already been subscribed and paid for by the managers and friends of the company. A sinking fund has been created providing that \$23,000 be set aside out of the profits of the business each year to retire the bonds are first mortgage, covering all their property, rights and franchises, now owned or that may be acquired. This plant is said to be the largest and most complete in the world for the manuscture of window glass, and is managed by the most experienced and competent men in that line of business.

WILLIAM P. HUSTOR,
Nine years actuary of Girard Life and Trust Company, Girard Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

Everywhere expressions of sympathy were

Pn.

Everywhere expressions of sympathy were heard for Mr. Chambers, and the prediction was frequently made that he would soon be to the fore again in the financial world.

The only news in the failure of W. E. Schmertz yesterday was the announcement that James J. Donnell, of the banking firm of N. Holmes & Sons, had been elected a director of the Third National Bank in place of Mr. Schmertz.

DR. B. M. HANNA. Eye, ear, nose and throat diseases exclusively. Office, 720 Penn street, Pittsburg. Pa. 88n

ON A BROADER BASIS.

The Central Trade's Council of Alleghen County Reorganized Last Night-Many New Organizations Admitted-Plans for

the Winter's Work. Nearly 200 delegates, representing about 100 different labor organizations in Allegheny, took part in the reorganization of the Central Trade's Council last night. The meeting was held at the old place of meeting, 41 Was held at the old place of meeting, 41
Fifth avenue. Among those present were:
Messrs, Eberhardt, Ed Phillips and William Slicker, of the Window Glass Workers,
Messrs, Sheeban and Carney, of the Amalgamated Association; William Dillon, of
the American Flint Glass Workers' Union; the American Flint Glass Workers' Union; Messrs. Riffle, A. M. Swartz, Davis and Patton, of the Carpenters' Brotherhood; Meizgar and Hayes, of the U. G. G. W. A.; Messrs. Jones, of the Stonemasons; Demp-sey, of D. A. 3; Gerwang, of the Brewers; Goff, of the Paperhangers; Costello, of Dis-trict 5; Wyatt and Evans, of the Printers.

trict 5; Wyatt and Evans, of the Printers, and McKeever, of the Warehousemen. Miss Mary A. O'Reilly, State Factory* Inspectress, was an interested spectator.

President McKeever called the meeting to order at 8:30 o'clock. After the call had been read and the object of the meeting stated by the secretary, Thomas McNamee, a general discussion followed on the subject of trades assemblies, in which many of the delegates participated by making interest. of trades assemblies, in which many of the delegates participated by making interesting addresses. The remarks very happily hinged on the one thought—that of bringing all organizatsons closer together. And in order that this object might be attained, a committee consisting of Messrs. D. Hodges, William Dillon, Edward Phillips, Thomas McNamee, J. McIntosh, R. J. Davis, George Jones, Jeremiah Dougherty, Isaac Register, Emil Gerwang and William J. McKeever, to draw up laws for the government of the new council. This committee will meet next Saturday night and report to an adjourned meeting of the delegates on Saturday evening, September 19. It is expected that a permanent organization will be effected and the council in good working order by October.

THAT CONTRADICTION OF MILLER.

He Is Now Out of the City and Said to Be Searching for Further Proof.

Since the publication in THE DISPATCH of the affidavits in the Miller case it has been reported that police records in Cleve-land have been found that place the date of the shooting of Frank C. Dunn on the night of January 1 instead of March 23. The latter date was that on which the Connors robbery was committed, and on that fact was based the alibi. At the time when Miller visited Cleveland no record of the shooting could be found in the police dockets, and Detective Granger, who visited the house on the night of the shooting, declared there was none. The affidavits as to the date and circumstances of the shooting were all given freely by the witnesses. The date given in the affidavits was the same as late given in the affidavits was, the same as told by each of the witnesses without any suggestion at that time from Miller. About the time that James W. Miller

ablished his affidavits in THE DISPATCH his engagement ring was returned by Miss Mosby to Mrs. Mair. Miss Mosby ex-Mosby to Mrs. Mair. Miss Mosby explained the return of the ring by the statement that her family did not wish her to wear it until Miller had cleared himself. She said she did not wish to break off the engagement, and so decided to let Mrs. Mair become its custodian for a time.

An attempt was made yesterday to see Miller in regard to the story from Cleveland, which stated that the shooting took place in January, not in March, and which, if true, would upset his alibi. It was stated by his friends that he was out of town, one of them adding that he had gone to Cleveland to recognize a further search for visual transfer. of them adding that he may gone had been land to prosecute a further search for vindication. In his absence it is impossible, of course to say how he proposes to meet of course, to say how he proposes to the new point, which has been raised.

THE CRAFION POLE WAR Not Decided Against Mr. Zahn, as Was Gen erally Supposed.

It was stated last week that the case between the Central District and Printing d W. A. Zahn, of Crafton, had been decided in favor of the telephone company. This, Mr. Zahn says, is incorrect, as the Court decided that the telephone company must furnish a bond to cover the damage done to Mr. Zahn's property before erecting their poles, and directed the com-pany to also provide a plan showing where poles were to be placed.

The fight was occasioned by the telephone

company planting its poles inside the prop-erty line of a plan of lots at Crafton belong-ing to Mr. Zahn. Some of these poles were chopped down by Mr. Zahn.

Can't Keep His Daughter at Home Lydia Bowden, of Monongahela City, aged 6 years, was arrested by Captain Stewart last night and locked up in the Twenty-eighth ward station. She was arrested at the request of her father, who says she is in the habit of running away from home. A month ago she ran away, but was picked up by the police in Pittsburg and sent home.
Yesterday she left home again and came to this city on a freight train. Her father telegraphed to the police of Pittsburg to arrest her, and Captain Stewart found her on the street and arrested her last night. She will be held to await the arrival of her father, who was notified of her arrest. The family of the girl, who is rather good-looking, are respectable people, but she is stated to be incorrigible.

Visitors to Pittsburg Exposition Can Save

825 to \$50. Having been prevented from exhibiting our goods at the present Exposition and saving thereby thousands of dollars, we pro-pose to give the benefit of such saving to our customers by reducing the price of our pianos and organs and all other musical goods in corresponding proportion. All the best pianos and organs made in America are best pianos and organs made in America are exclusively in our hands (H. Kleber & Bro., 506 Wood street, Pittsburg), such as the great Steinway, the wonderful Conover and the charming Opera pianos with the newly invented third pedal producing a beautiful echo, etc.; and will sell them at \$250 up to \$800 and \$1,000—for cash or on easy time payments; also the newly invented pianoorgan, combining the advantages of beth piano and organ, and having full seven octaves, all for \$150. Kleber & Bro.'s is the oldest and most popular music house in this district, and their reputation for strictly honest dealing is such that people implicitly rely upon their representations and follow their advice in the choice of an instrument. Kleber & Bro.'s warerooms are 506 Wood Kleber & Bro.'s warerooms are 506

GUITARS AND MANDOLINS IN GREAT VARIETY

At H. Kleber & Bro.'s, No. 500 Wood Street. As the time is now at hand for music lovers to resume their studies, we would urge them, before purchasing, to look carefully over the following list of standard makes: The Lakeside Guitar (antique oak)..\$ 7 50 The Lakeside (inlaid)...... 8 50
 The Arion (mahogany)
 9 50

 The Keystone (rosewood)
 12 00

 The Conservatory Standard
 15 00

American mandolins. . \$9 50, \$10 50, \$14 00 The celebrated Washburns. \$22 00 to \$75 00 Also, always on hand a fine assortment of banjos, sithers, cornets, music boxes, autoharps, violins, music cabinets, accordions, flutes, clarionets, cases and strings for all instruments, music wrappers and music

Everything in the music line sold at the All the latest music sold at half price. ADD 20 drops of Angostura Bitters every glass of impure water you drink.

POPE LEO'S SOLUTION. Rev. M. M. Sheedy Explains the En-

cyclical on the Labor Problem.

SEVERAL REMEDIES SUGGESTED.

Complaint From California Against Pitts-

MISCELLANEOUS INDUSTRIAL ITEMS

Rev. Morgan M. Sheedy, the well-known Catholic clergyman of this city, is the author of "The Encyclical and American Iron Workers and Coal Miners," published in the current number of the Catholic World. Father Sheedy very peculiarly discovers, early in his paper, as the majority of writers do, that the labor problem is the "puzzle of the age." He says: "It has taxed the best minds in two hemispheres and the highest statesmanship to find an adequate solution. Referring to the proposed labor congress to be held in Chicago during the World's Fair, the writer predicts that a peaceable and satisfactory solution may be reached of the grave questions in controversy between employer and employed, and a better in-dustrial system established. FATHER SHEEDY'S WAY OUT OF IT.

"But the clearest light comes to us," says Father Sheedy, "on this important subject through the "Encyclical of Pope XIII. on the condition of labor. Men must be brought to see that the Papacy is the only international power in existence possessed of sufficient authority and strength, siffi-ciently sure of itself, and rich in light and energy, to attempt the supreme task of reconciling the contending forces of so-ciety." He adds:

ciety." He adds:

What specially strikes one in studying this Encyclical is the fatherly tenderness and sympathy that is displayed by the Pope. He deals with the problems nearest the hearts of the common people: the right of private property in land; the limits of the State's rights in relation to the higher rights of parents; the relations of capital and labor; the sacred rights of the wage-carner; differences between employers and employed; strikes; the proper regulation of the hours of labor; and, lastly, workingmen's guilds, insurance and beneficial societies. Apart from rates of wages the causes of these differences are legion. Trouble may arise concerning the basis of computing wages; the method, time, or frequency of payment; the store system; hours of labor; the holidays and weekly half holiday: apprenticeship; administration and methods of work, such as shop rules, labor-saving machinery, plees work, objectionable workmen; trades unions and their rules, and a thousand and one causes that we daily hear of. Notwithstanding their number, however, it will be found that all causes of difference readily group themselves into three general classes:

First—Differences as to future contracts.

Second—Disagreements as to existing contracts.

Third—Disputes on some matter of senti-Third—Disputes on some matter of senti

HOW DISAGREEMENTS ARISE. In the first division would be classified dif rences as to future rates of wages, and hose arising from attempts to change or abrogate existing agreements, customs, or methods, or to introduce new ones. Disareements under the second class arise ither upon matters of fact or construction having in view existing agreements, cus-toms, or methods, and not necessarily in-volving the validity of the contracts them-selves, nor any change in their terms. Un-der the third head are included those quar-rels that grow out of the offended amour propre either of the individual or the organ-ization.

propre either of the individual or the organization.

Let us take, for instance, the iron and steel business, the glass trade, or the coke industry of Western Pennsyivania, and we shall see at once how easy it is for difficulties to arise. The competition of trade, high or low tariff, the facilities and cheapness of transportation, the methods of production, and other conditions imply the necessity for frequent revision of agreements as to rates of wages. Here in Pittsburg the Amaigamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers holds an annual convention to determine the scale or rate of wages for the ensuing year. When the scale is agreed upon by the workers it is then submitted to upon by the workers it is then submitted to the employers, and where differences are found they are eventually adjusted by conferences of both parties. This arrangement has worked successfully for years, there being only one notable instance, nine years ago, when it failed, and the result was a bitter and prolonged fight. The miners, coke and glassworkers, have much more trouble in settling the question of wages. With them strikes and lockouts are much more frequent, and are attended, as in the case of the terrible strike recently in the Pennsylvania coke region, where many lives were sacrificed and valuable property destroyed, with painful and disasterous results."

WAGES OF LOCAL MINERS Father Sheedy takes up the wages of the miners in Western Pennsylvania where, he says that in Allegheny county, the sum of \$3,497,893 was paid last year to 9,386 miner \$3,497,893 was paid last year to 9,386 miners, or an annual average wage to each miner of \$373. Divided in the average family of five persons, it allows each \$75 or \$1 50 a week. "Of course, reasonable and frugal comfort of which Pope Leo XIII. speaks as due to the laborer, is out of the question on such compensation as this," says Father Sheedy. The writer proceeds to condemn in vigorous terms the "pluck-me" store system, he urges the formation of working men's associations or societies to be fashioned after the Catholic guilds, and he believes in the fullest freeguilds, and he believes in the fullest freedom of industrial workers to organize for mutual protection and support. In the spirit of the encyclical, he insists upon ar-bitration as a means of settling disputes.

He says:

By this means strikes are averted, and it would be well if this plan foradjusting labor differences were more generally adopted in all kinds of industry all over the United States. As long as the present wage-system exists it is the simplest and most effective mode of settling labor disputes; and should conciliation and conference fail, recourse ought to be had to arbitration. Better, too, to arbitration are a late stage of a prolonged strike or lockout. Strikes are no sufficient remedy for a labor grievance. They are rather a means, and oftentimes, if not in all instances, a drastio means of directing attention to a grievance. oftentimes, if not in all instances, a drastic means of directing attention to agriconnee. In the great majority of strikes the strikers lose. They are either starved into submission, or provoked by the capitalist into deeds of violence and unlawful conduct; then the state steps in and helps to end the strike. They are a relic of barbarism.

A FRIEND OF THE LABORER. Father Sheedy closes his paper as fol-

lows:

The encyclical casts a strong white light on all these points that are now raised in the industrial world. It is a message of peace and good-will to all men. It lays down the eternal principles of right and justice for the guidance of rich and poor, worker and capitalist. It does not array class against class. It rather points out the line of duty for each to follow, while it aims to establish and strengthen right relations between labor and capital. It is a reassurance, if there be need of it, that the Church is the friend of the workingman the world over; and a declaration that it is part of her divine mission to teach justice and charity to all men.

PRESIDENT BARNES' OPINION

the New Bullders' Exchange and Its Capabilities.

President Barnes, of the Master Bricklayers' Association, said yesterday, after reading about the organization of the rival Builders' Exchange: "Well, I hope it will be a success long enough for the men to get a few contracts on hands. It will not take them long to discover who makes the money on new buildings. I see they charge us with endeavoring to restrict building operations. The only cases where this is done are. where buildings have been placed in the hands of strikers. It is our business to keep them from getting material and we propose to continue to do it. I tell you the contractors are getting tired the way matters are going. The Anchor Bank people were forced to come to us to have their building completed, and the only reason Mellor Brox do not, is because they buy their own material. The only money the contractor will make on that job will be what he gets through his own hard work. Some of the material men with endeavoring to restrict building

who propose supplying the new Builders' Exchange, are men who were expelled from our exchange. We can get along without them, and if they can get the money for their material we will be satisfied."

Mr. Barnes also said that the new trades school now being erected for boys to learn the bricklaying trade will be finished in about two weeks. It will then be started with at least 100 boys enrolled.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR NATURAL GAS

Being Adopted at Several Glass Works in burg Pickle Men. Near Pittsburg Glass manufacturers have been bewailing

the increasing cost and decreasing quantity of natural gas more loudly, perhaps, the any other people, as the advantages of gas over coal as a heat producer probably had a greater influence on the glass business than on any other. But necessity, the mother of invention, has brought forth a substitute that will not only take the place of natural gas as to effectiveness and general results, but will greatly lessen the control of results. the cost of production. It has been known for some time that secret experiments and tests of some kind were being conducted at the flint glass works of Bryce & Higbee, at Homestead. It was learned yesterday that M. L. Murphy, the furnace builder, had perfected a glass furnace in which gas pro-duced from coel is consumed and the relumperfected a glass furnace in which gas pro-duced from coal is consumed, and the volume and steadiness of heat maintained is equal that secured by the use of natural gas. The furnace consists of a deep well or eye, having on either side two or more pro-ducers connected with a central eye by channels, the construction of which impart to the gas which is admitted through them a spiral or swiring motion as it ascends a spiral or swirling motion as it ascends toward the top of the eye. Some distance below the top of the eye the gas comes in contact with heated air admitted through openings on the side walls of the producer and heated by the waste heat of the same. The temperature at this point is about

> Mr. Highee was asked yesterday what the Mr. Highee was asked yesterday what the result of the tests had been. He stated that they were very satisfactory and that his firm would adopt this process throughout its entire plant. He said it was also being introduced at the works of Richard Hartley, of Tarentum, and the Braddock Glass Company. The test was made on a 13-pot furnace; the cost for operating this, with natural gas, at the rate of \$70 a pot a month, would be \$910 per month, while the cost by the new process, allowing 3 cents a bushel for coal, was found to be a little less than \$300 a month a saving of \$500 a month on a 13-pot furnace. "This," said Mr. Higbee, "is certainly a big thing." The patent which Mr. Murphy has applied for through his attorney, J. H. Roney, has been approved.

II TUCGA DRIHTON WORK Vesuvius Officials Have Not Heard of Hon

for the Colored Men. A story was affoat in Sharpsburg yester

day to the effect that Moorhead, Brothers & city, and J. H. Pake, its agent at Buffalo, to attend the meeting and explain to the Indianapolis roads how the rule was enforced at other points.

A reporter of THE DISPATCH called on Mr. Childers at his office in the Penn Building yesterday to make inquiries on the subject. Mr. Childers said he had just returned from Indianapolis, but was not at liberty to state what passed at the meeting, which was a private one. He could state, however, that the object of the association in this and other such matters was simply to bring about a uniform practice at Co. had concluded to spend \$10,000 in the erection of new houses for the benefit of the colored men now employed in the Vesuvius Iron Works. A call was made at the office of the company, where officials of the concern said that they had never heard of any such a project being on foot Mr. Moorhead is at Cresson Springs and will not be back for a day or two. The officials spoken to said that all departments of the mill will be started up to-morrow on full time and double turn. The firm now claims a complete victory. One of the leading colored men who came here to take the places of the strikers is quoted as saying: "If Mr. Moorhead had 20 mills along this river he would have no trouble in filling all with colored men. We were ready to come a month sconer, and had about abandoned all hope of coming at all, when I was told to come on with 75 men. The reason of the delay was that Mr. Moorhead wanted to give all of his old men the first chance to go to work at their old jobs. The Solar Mill of William Clark & Co. was to have been started up over a month are but Mr. Clark comprised Mr. Iron Works. A call was made at the office The live stock dealers at Pittsburg would be given the same advantages, so far as freight rates were concerned, as were enjoyed by dealers at any other point. If a rule was just and proper, it should be observed equally at all points. On the other hand, if it was right to waive it at any point it should be abrogated generally and not enforced at any point.

The stockmen in this locality will await the issue of the question in anylisty as it. Co. was to have been started up over a month ago, but Mr. Clark promised Mr. Moorhead that he would wait and not start until a week or two after the Vesuvius was started up. Now Mr. Clark will start up the puddling department of 24 furnaces to work here. All those who have families will move here as soon as possible. "A few days ago I met George A. Chalfant, of the mill, of Spang, Chalfant & Co., on a street car. I am satisfied that Mr. Chalfant will have colored men in his mill before the end of another month. If such a move be made, it will be nothing new to the men, who are looking for it to come, at least next keys as the Steinway Grands) and looks exactly like a fine upright piano. There are no stops in view, nor any unsightly bellows pedals, but the instrument is worked by two pedals exactly like those on a piano, and a 6-year-old child is able to work them with ease. The delicacy and variety of its tones are wonderful, and the touch so light and quick that the most difficult piano pieces can be executed thereon without difficulty. It is a marvelous improvement on the common parlor organ, and has created a year when it is said the firm will most likely refuse to sign the scale.

CALIFORNIANS ARE KICKING

Alleged Discrimination

Their Shippers. The recent shipment of 25 carloads of pickles by a local firm to California has raised the indignation of the shippers in that State. They claim the railroads are discriminating in favor of the Eastern pickle men, as it is said Pittsburg men can send their product to San Francisco at \$1 43 a hundred pounds while they are charged \$1 55 for shipping East. In other words, the trainload has been shipped West at the rate of \$125 per car while the lowest rate the California men have ever been able to secure for points East is \$200. California people claim they make better pickles than are made in Pittsburg, but if local men are injured through a discrimination in favor of the Eastern manufacturers the product will be disposed of in that market to their

Three Strikes in One Week. John Costello, President of District 5, United Mine Workers, has put in a busy week. He has had three strikes on hands, two of which he settled, and the third is on two of which he settled, and the third is on a fair way to an amicable adjustment. Yesterday he was at Finleyville, where A. M. McPherson had been discharged from the service of the Floersheim Company for alleged intoxication. The men asked for his reinstatement, but the company refused and the men went out. Mr. Costello succeeded in having the men return to work pending an arbitration of the difficulty. At Venitia a similar case existed, and was settled in about the same manner. The trouble at the about the same manner. The trouble at the Allison Mines, mentioned in Friday's Drs-PATCH, is about settled.

American Tin Given the Preference, P. H. Loufman & Co. ore making tin to be used by Jacob Ringle & Son, of Jersey City, in roofing two large establishments on Broadway, New York. This firm is building up a large trade with contractors all over the country who use nothing but American-made tin. A letter received yesterday from Messrs. Ringle & Son states: "We are doing all in our power to introduce American plates wherever we can. Many of the buildings we are now roofing were originally to be tinned with English plates, but we induced the architects and owners to use American plates which they have done with good effect."

The Postoffice Clerks' Meeting. The National Postoffice Clerks' Associa tion will meet in the United States Court room for three days, beginning to-morrow Headquarters will be at the Central Hotel.
There will be about 50 to 75 delegates present, and the object of the meeting is to organize for a classification of salaries. On Wednesday the local association will entertain the visitors with an excursion on the Manflower. In the afternoon a visit will

Mayflower. In the afternoon a visit will be made to the Edgar Thompson steel works, and in the evening thore will be a reception. The committee in charge are E. J. Cowan, G. G. Wagner, T. M. Ulam, Harry Richline and J. B. Eston. Phillip Ross, employed in the drygood ouse of Hugus & Hacke, has just received information that he won \$25 from an East-ern trade paper in a prize essay contest on the subject of "The Bargain Counter and How to Run It."

AFTER EQUAL RATES.

Pittsburg Live Stock Dealers Promised Equitable Treatment

A Committee of the Central Traffic Associa-

tion Will See They

ARE NOT DISCRIMINATED AGAINST

The live stock dealers of this city have

been making vigorous complaints recently

as to the practice said to exist among the

railroads at Indianapolis as to the rating of

cattle and other stock, which is sold and

changes hands at that point. The estab-

lished rule is that when a car

a point in the West to New York

the through rate will be protected only on

condition that the stock does not change

hands or be sold at any intermediate point.

If it is placed on the market and sold, and

shipped East in other hands, then the local

rates into and out of the point where the

sale takes place are charged. This rule has

been confirmed by recent decisions of the

Inter-State Commerce Commissioners,

called for, as, by arrangement with the Western drovers who brought the stock into Indianapolis from the West, they can get the benefit of a through rate from the original point of shipment through to its destination.

LEFT TO A COMMITTEE.

The dealers at Buffalo have been making

the same complaint, and the matter was brought to the attention of Chairman Blanchard, of the Central Traffic Associa-

Blanchard, of the Central Traffic Associa-tion. At his request a meeting of the offi-cers of the roads centering at In-dianapolis was held in that city Friday, and a telegram received here last evening states that the matter was gone into very thoroughly at the meet-ing, and finally the whole subject was re-ferred to the General Freight Committee of the association which pasts to Chicago

the association, which meets in Chicago this week. Mr. Blanchard deputed Paul P. Rainer, chief inspector of the Joint Rate Committee, together with C. E. E. Chil-

ders, joint agent of the association in this city, and J. H. Pake, its agent at Buffalo,

simply to bring about a uniform practice at all points by the various railroads, so that

shippers in one locality might not be dis-criminated against and put at a disadvan-

tage with their competitors at other points

WILL GET EQUAL RATES.

The live stock dealers at Pittsburg would

ciation meeting this week in Chica

will satisfactorily dispose of the question

A NEW MUSICAL INVENTION.

Is It an Organ or a Plano?

All the objections to the parlor organ are at last done away with by this new inven-tion. It has seven full octaves (as many keys as the Steinway Grands) and looks

WE WANT YOU

To Call-and See

OUR GRAND DISPLAY

-OF-

FINE CARPETINGS.

Just opened for early fall buyers. Entirely New Designs and Colorings in Every Grade. Note the prices:

Large line Moquettes at 90e, worth \$1 25.

Large line 5-frame Body Brussels at \$1 00,

5,000 yards Tapestry Brussels at 60c

Large line best Lowell Ingrains at 60c

Large line Cotton Chain Ingrains at 250

10,000 pairs Lace Curtains, our own im-

portation, from 75c per pair up.

Large stock of Fur Rugs in all sizes.

EDWARD

GROETZINGER,

627 and 629 Penn Avenue.

The Largest Exclusive Carpet and

Curtain House West of New York.

THE COBRECT THINGS FOR FALL.

Our assortment is complete.
Our prices the lowest for fine goods, fit and finish.

light and heavy weights can't be beat. We have them in all colors, styles

EDWARD SCHAUER,

407 Wood street.

Our selection of overece

WOOD COLORED SUITS, GRAY SUITS, LIGHT COLORED TROUSERS,

BROWN SUITS,

CHECK TROUSERS.

call and see it.

rorth \$1 25.

AT THE HANDS OF THE RAILBOADS | WILL SAVE YOU MONEY.

Are you going to the

EXPOSITION?

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MARSHELL

THE CASH GROCER,

Come to our store and get your

Packages Checked Free of Charge, Everyone coming to town to visit

the Exposition has some packages of stock is consigned through from they cannot get along without. Yet they don't want to carry them or other Eastern points on a through rate, around all day.

Bring them to our Pittsburg store. We will give you a check for them. So there will be no possibility of your goods being lost.

You Need Not Buy Anything, We will feel well paid if you will only take one of our price lists home with you.

and is closely lived up to at Pittsburg, and also at Bunalo, Chicago and other prominent live stock centers. It has been claimed, And compare our prices with the however, that the railroads at Indianapolis did not enforce this rule, and hence the prices you are paying. buyers in that market on shipping their If we can't save you money, throw stock East are frequently able to get much lower rates from that point than the tariffs away our price list. You will have

> of caring for your packages. If we can save you money (and we know we can) you can send your

> lost nothing, and be ahead the bother

order by mail. See our price list for our liberal terms and discounts on mail orders.

MARSHELL, 24 Diamond Square,

PITTSBURG.

79'to 85 Ohio St., Corner Sandusky, ALLEGHENY.

NOTE-It will soon be Nos. 24 and 25 Diamond square. We will then have a ladies' waiting room fitted up with all conveniences for the

Hugus & HACKE.

OPENING WEEK.

GRAND : EXHIBIT : OF

Fall and Winter Novelties New Black Silks, New Colored Silks,

New Novelty Silks, New Colored and Black Velvets. the issue of the question in anxiety, as it closely affects their interests. It is hoped that the action taken by the Central Traffic New Colored Dress Goods, New Black Dress Goods,

> New Paris Robes, New Wraps, Jackets and Cloaks, New Linens,

New Flannels. New Blankets, New Eider Comforts

New Lace Curtains, The first autumn months the best

in which to make selections. Cor. Fifth Ave. and Market St.

the common parlor organ, and has created a great sensation in musical circles. The price is not higher than that of the ordinary organ. H. K. Kleber & Bro., 506 Wood street, are the sole agents, and they invite all, whether purchasers or not, to call and see it. BIBER & EASTON.

> OUR CLOAK ROOMS

Have Now on Exhibition a Very Complete Line of

FALL AND WINTER

GARMENTS LADIES, MISSES and CHILDREN.

75 LADIES' Beefers and Blazers in quies shades and black just bought at a bargain. These are medium weights, and suitable for Fall wear. We offer them at \$3.50 and

Novelties in FUR AND FEATHER-TRIMMED

MANTLES AND JACKETS. MEDIUM WEIGHT

FOR EARLY FALL WEAR.

LADIES' Gingham and Calico Wrappers at greatly reduced prices, to make room for Fall Goods now arriving.

CHILDREN'S fine Cashmeres, Dresses and Imported Jersey Suita. These are very shapely, and made in best manner.

BIBER & EASTON

505 AND 507 MARKET ST