HE IS FOR HARRISON

McKinley Is Not a Candidate for President, and Is Very-Evidently

NOT HUSTLING FOR BLAINE

The Tariff Champion Confident That Both Tickets Will Be the Same as in 1888.

IT'S A REPUBLICAN YEAR IN OHIO,

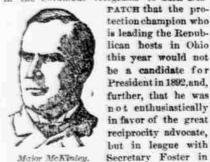
And the Major Has Not the Slightest Doubt of His Triumphant Victory Over Governor Campbell.

KENTUCKY GOES JUST ABOUT AS USUAL.

The Conference of Quay and Cameron Reported to Be for the Purpose of Preparing to Fight the Administration.

CLEVILAND IS STILL STRONG IN THE SOUTH

One month ago it was stated exclusively in the Columbus telegrams to THE DIS



Secretary Foster in apport of the present occupant of the White Bouse for another term. Confirmation of these statements is now secured direct from the lips of the author of the present tariff law.

Major William McKinley, Jr., accompa nied by his wife, registered at the Monongahela House yesterday morning. They are the guests of John N. Taylor, the East Liverpool pottery manufacturer, and came to the city with a party of young folks on pleasure bent. The Major and his wife, who quite ill, have been visiting Mr. Taylor for several weeks. He is looking remarkably well, and said he was getting all the rest he could, for he knew when the campaign opened it would be a constant effort atil election day.

A REPUBLICAN YEAR IN OHIO. When asked about the situation in Ohio, the Major said: "Well, Governor Hondley says that Ohio goes Democratic every six years, d this is not one of the years. That is comforting to me, and I do not feel the slightest doubt about the result. I see General Warner in a recent interview in THE DISPATCH stated that I would lose more votes on the silver issue than on the tariff. It was a good interview, and the General, you know, is a tariff manthat is, one of the Randall school,

"The farmers of Ohio are an intelligent people, and I don't think they care to sell a full bushel of wheat for a short dollar, Our people have always insisted on a sound currency, and I don't think free silver will have much influence in the fight. As for the wool men, they are not disgruntled about the tariff. They are getting more for their raw material to-day than they have received in the last three years, with the exception of a few months last season, and they are paying less for their manufactured goods. It is not true, either, as our Democratic friends claim, that the importations have increased since the duty went into effect. They have decreased. The Democrats are also divided on the silver ques tion, and I don't think it will cut much of

OPENING OF THE CAMPAIGN.

"I will begin speech making August 21, when I will address a Grand Army reunion at Bowling Green. I am scheduled for some time after that to speak at meetings of farmers. Yes, I presume the ablest Republican speakers of the country will stump the State, but I cannot give the list at present. I don't just know who will

The Major fought shy of the Senatorship question. When asked if Sherman would be elected, he replied:

"The next Legislature will undoubtedly be Republican. It is not the intention of the people to be represented by two Democratic Senators. The election of the Senator rests with the Legislature, and I am sure they will do the best possible thing for the people. I don't know that there is a fight between Sherman and Foraker. I am not posted, and haven't seen either of them for some time."

HARRISON TO BE NAMED AGAIN. The Major thinks the next Presidental

candidates will be Harrison and Cleveland. When it was suggested that Quay, Dudley and others were working for Blaine, he said he didn't know anything about it. He had not seen Quay for a long time. He was reminded that his name was frequently men-

"Oh, bosh," he replied. "I have one fight on my hands, and am attending to it strictly. I won't allow anything to swerve me from my course."

Illis attention was called to the statements

that Secretary Foster was willing that contributions should be levied on the Ohio clerks in the Treasury Department for campaigu purposes. He remarked that he had publication, but he didn't understand that assessments had been made or would be. He added that Secretary Foster would not do anything that was not right and proper. In general, he concluded that the tariff was working well all over the country, and as far as he could see and learn the people were satisfied. He stated for the benefit of the Amalgamated Association that if there are American tin plate workers in the country, then under the law Welshmen can't be brought in under contract on the ground that it is a new industry and skilled mechanics are needed.

ONE STORY PROMPTLY DENIED. In speaking Major McKinley's visit to Phasburg, and ominent Donocratic politi-cian said: "Lenew Mr. McKinley was coming. He is the to raise money for his cam-

paign in Ohio. Some time ago he tried it by rsonal letters to the manufacturers. He en attempted it through Senator Quay, out had no better success. Now he is here to

James B. Scott and A. M. Byers were both interviewed on the matter yesterday, and while they did not doubt that the tariff champion was here to raise money, they denied all knowledge of any previous attempts. The members of the A. Garrison Foundry Company, in which John H. Bicketson is interested, also denied any knowledge of previous attempts having been made. The members of the firm of Jones & Laughlins also made the same statement

THEY WANT CLEVELAND.

ORTH CAROLINA FARMERS IN FAVOR OF THE EX-PRESIDENT.

The Farmers' Alliance Is Remarkably Strong in That State-Democrats Will Have to Work Hard to Shake Them Off -A False Move Made.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 .- A North Carolina mocratic editor, of social as well as proessional eminence, who stopped in Washington for a brief visit on his way from the editorial convention at Minneapolis, says that the Farmers' Alliance there is very much stronger than persons in the North generally

the Farmers' Alliance there is very much stronger than persons in the North generally suppose, and that the Democrats are now waking up to the fact that they made a great mistake in attempting to dicker with it, for every inch of concessions made by the Democrats the Alliance has shown its appreciation by turning around and demanding an eli. It will be necessary, he believes, to call a halt on the timid Democrats and have a firm stand taken by the party before it is too late, lest the Alliance swallow it whole. When asked whether it will be possible for the Alliance to wipe out the normal Democratic majority of 18,000 to 21,000, he answered that it was within the possibilities, but that he believed the Democrats would rally when it came to the struggle on national issues. Continuing, he said:

"I am not sure that Cleveland would not be the most promising candidate we could name, as far as the Alliance is concerned. It is hard for any one who does not come into daily contact with those people to realize how very great a favorite Cleveland is with the farmers down our way. They snap their fingers at the talk about his being controlled by their enemies, and they answer that he has been tried and they know all about him. Some of the very traits which alienated the professional politicians from him are those which have made him strong with our country people."

These opinions derive extra weight from

with our country people."

These opinions derive extra weight from the fact that the gentleman who gave them voice was always a Randall Democrat as long as the Pennsylvania leader sat in his long as the Pennsylvania leader sat in his place in Congress, and is a convert from conviction alone. His judgment and his forecast on political matters are respected at home, where their trustworthiness has been tested, and that he keeps abreast of the times is shown by the exceptional fact that he is about the only editor of a weekly in his State who is making money from his paper and declining political office, because he can't afford to bother with them.

AN ALLEGED FRIEND OF BLAINE

Declares That McKinley Should Not Win in Ohio This Fall.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] COLUMBUS, Aug. 3 .- There is a current ru nor here among the energetic supporters of McKinley, and strong friends of the Harrison administration, that the greatest danger to the Republican cause in the Ohio cam-paign will be the indifference if not opposition of Secretary Blaine, and his following in the State. This idea is strengthened greatly by the developments of the past few

General James A. Hall, of Maine, an orig inal stalwart Blaine man, who came to Columbus years ago, has just returned from Maine, and expresses an indifference as to the result of the Ohio campaign. While he did not see Blaine, he saw a man close to him. Anything he says comes of personal touch with the Secretary. In conversation with an admirer of McKinley and Harrison to-day, Hall gave expression to the thought McKinley bill and personified by his nomination for Governor, ought not to win and he did not believe it could.

IN FAVOR OF DALZELL

He Will Take the Stump Both in Pennsyl-

vania and in Ohio. PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH, 1 BRADDOCK, Aug. 3.-During the Blaine campaign in 1884 there was a Republican club here known as the Carnegie Guards, which was the strongest organization in the his-tory of this place. It is likely they will be called together for reorganization to send delegates to the Scranton Convention, with instructions to stand out for Dalzell, A visit was made to the home of John Dalzell at his cozy home at Hawkins station, and De said that it was his intention to stump the State this fall in the interest of the Re-

publican party ticket.

He also said that he had promised Major William McKinley, of Ohio, to make several addresses in his behalf during his campaign for Governor. Mr. Dalzell is to be given a large reception here shortly by his Republican admirers, the suggestion having recently been made by several of the delegates to the Sermon Convention. In Bradgates to the Sermon Convention. cently been made by several of the dele-gates to the Scranton Convention. In Brad-dock, North Braddock and Port Perry there are four clubs that will send delegates to vote in favor of Mr. Dalzell for President, and a reception here on the evening of the Convention will be a right royal one in a manufacturing town where Mr. Dalzell has so many friends.

SCRANTON LYING LOW.

He Is Not an Open Candidate for the Republican State Chairmanship.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH, 1 SCRANDON, Aug. 3.—When about a month ago, the Wilkesbarre Record put forward ex-Congressman Scranton, of this city, for Chairman of the Republican State Committee, the nomination was heartily seconded by the papers in this region and caused much comment among the promi-nent politicians of this section of the State.

nent politicians of this section of the State.

Mr. Scranton was seen by a reporter to-dag and in an answer to a question concerniny his boom, said:

I am not a candidate in the sense of seeking the office of Chairman of the State Committee, and will do nothing to obtain it. As to whether I would accept it or not if it were offered me, I cannot fell, but in my opinion it is very doubtful that I will be chosen. I have not been in the swim of State politics in ten years on account of my Congressional work. On the other hand, Mr. Watres is thoroughly conversant with State Congressional work. On the other hand, Mr. Watres is thoroughly conversant with State politics and represents the Republicans at Harrisburg, consequently he would be a very good man for Chairman of the State

GETTING IN LINE.

Democratic Clubs Are Being Organized at a Very Rapid Rate.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 3 .- Secretary John D. Worman, of the Democratic Society of Pennsylvania, reports that the Democratic societies and clubs are active in the several cieties and clubs are active in the several counties of the State and that the county Chairmen are urging formation of organizations in all towns. These are being daily reported to him at Harrisburg.

From present appearances the meeting of the General Assembly of Democratic societies at Pittsburg, shortly after the State convention of the Democracy of the State, will be larger than that of last year.

THE DONEGAL CONFERENCE.

Quay and Cameron Conclude It and Leave

in Different Directions. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] HARRISBURG, Aug. 3.-Senators Cameron and Quay to-day broke up the momentous political conference which they are supposed to have held at Donegal the past two days, and from this city left in opposite directions. They are believed to have had a protracted consultation as to the best means of defeating President Harrison for re-nomination, and to have discussed the condition of the Bepublican party in this state, owing to the Delamater and Bardsley disclosures.

Senator Quay added another Genial to the and Quay to-day broke up the momentons

truth of the story that he intended to sur-render his seat in the Senate, and jocularly referred to the report that he was lying low because this was not a Republican year, and that he would bob up with flying colors in 1892 to command the Republican forces. "All I have to do this year," he said, "will be to sleep and dream." The Senator left for his Beaver home at 3:40 o'clock this after-noon. Next week he will visit New York to welcome home his youngest son and three daughters, who are on the way home from Europe. Senator Cameron left for New York this afternoon.

MAJORITIES ROLLED UP

BY THE DEMOCRATS IN KENTUCKY'S OUIET STATE ELECTION.

The New Constitution Adopted Almos Unanimously-Alliance People Gain a Strong Hold on the Legislature-Republicans Were Not in It.

Louisville, Aug. 3-With a quiet election Kentucky has to-day elected a full State ticket, adopted a Constitution and chosen a Legislature to enforce it. The State officers elected are: Governor, John Young Brown, of Henderson; Lieutenant Governor, M. C. Alford, of Lexington: Attorney General, W. J. Hendrick, of Flemingsburg; an Audi-tor, Treasurer, Superintendent of Public In-struction, Register of the Land Office and Clerk of the Court of Appeals. All are Democrats and go in by majorities ranging from 20,000 to 40,000. The Republican party has not had in A. T. Wood, of Mount Sterling, so aggressive and popular a candidate as Bradley was four years ago, and the Democratic majority will probably show an increase. Returns are now in from only 50 out of 119 counties and returns are not full from these.

Democratic majority will probably show an increase. Returns are now in from only 50 out of 119 counties and returns are not full from these.

The new Constitution has carried with a sweep, and the majority for it is placed at anything from 50,000 to 100,000. It has not lost in a single county, and in some cases the vote in its favor has been practically unanimous. That it would carry has been conceded ever since the Courier Journal withdrew from active opposition, but the heavy majority is a great surprise to its opponents. These have included some of the best-known and ablest public men in the State, including Senator Carlisle and Governor Buckner. The People's party has polled onle about 20,000 votes. These have come mostly from the Republican party and from the cities. While the Alliance was supposed to be back of the People's party, it has done very little for it on account of dissensions which arose last January and which caused the ratirement from the Alliance Presidency of S. P. Erwin, the People's party candidate. The Alliance has devoted itself to the Legislature, and probably has practical control of that body, and so will control the revision of the laws under the new Constitution. In only a few instances has the Alliance put out candidates in opposition to the Democratic nominees, but it has taken care to control the Democratic nominations. So while the Legislature will be nominally Democratic it will have strong Alliance amistions and tendencies.

This may make its interpretation of the anti-trust, the anti-corporation and the ralional commission features of the new Constitution, very nearly what the Alliance leaders desire. In several instances where the Alliance has made Legislative nominations, it has won. This is notably true at Owenshoro, where Petit and Berkhead, the Alliance nominees, have both been elected by 200 to 500 majority. Petit is the former Reading Clerk of the National House of Representatives. As a beneficiary of the Democratic party he is bitterly condemned for his defection to

the Alliance.

The Prohibition party had a full ticket in the field, but have polled a very light vote.

AN ALLIANCE SENSATION.

Third Party Leaders in Kansas Denounc

the Sub-Treasury Scheme. [SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] TOPEKA, KAN., Aug. 8 .- A sensation has een created in Alliance circles in this State by the publication of open letters from W. A. Harris and C. W. Shum, prominent leaders in the People's party, protesting against the sub-Treasury scheme. Harris is regarded as the safest leader in the Alliance camp, and would have been elected United States Senator in place of Peffer had he not been a Confederate Colonel Shum was the Peo ple's party candidate for Lieutenant Governor last fall. The sub-Alliances through-out Kansas this month will vote on the sub-Trensury scheme, to decide whether it shallbe incorporated in the People sparty platform, and the indications now are that it will be defeated. Frank McGrath, President of the Alliance, has come out ownly against it defeated. Frank McGrath, President of the Alliance, has come out openly against it.

Colonel Harris declares that: "After a brilliant victory has been won by the Alliance, the so-called treasury scheme was brought forth—a scheme in its essential features modeled after the most victous and corrupt practices which we had condemned; a scheme patterned after the illegitimate loaning of money by the Government to the National Banks and to railroads, and the warehousing and storing of goods for im-National Banks and to railroads, and the warehousing and storing of goods for importers and distillers; a scheme to tax the many for the benefit of the few, and of even the most doubtful benefit to those few." He says that "the substantial business men all over the country have unanimously protested against it, and that it is certain to he in a bout the complete overthrow of the oring about the complete overthrow of the reople's party if not at once abandoned."

REPUBLICANS OF DAUPHIN

Will Elect Delegates to the State and Con

stitutional Convention To-Day. PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. HARRISBURG, Aug 3 .- The Dauphin County Republican Convention will to-morrow nominate candidates for delegates to the State Convention and to the Constitutional Convention, Ex-Senator E. J. Herr and M E. Olmstead, the corporation lawyer, will be chosen to represent the Reprobably be chosen to represent the Re publicans in the Constitutional Conven-

A resolution will be adopted instructing the Dauphin county delegates to support Louis W. Hall, of this city, for delegate at

FARMERS WILL GO IT ALONE. Democrats Make an Ineffectual Effort to Fuse With Them.

TOPERA, KAN., Aug. 3 .- In pursuance of the plan outlined at the Democratic convention f Shawnee county to fuse with the Farmers Alliance in county politics, the Democratic managers approached the Alliance people to arrange for such fusion.

The latter repelled the Democratic advances. They said they were fighting both of the old parties and would fuse with nobody. They would nominate a full ticket of their own. nobody. The of their own.

DOUBLE-QUICK MARRIAGES.

New York Justice Splices Five Couples in Exactly Ten Minutes.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) New York, Aug. 3 .- City Judge John Henry McCarthy made up in activity what he lacked in dimensions when he was confronted to-day with the job of uniting in matrimony five love-lorn couples. They had congregated in room 13 of the City Hall, where the Judge bustled in on them at 3:10 r. w. At 3:20 he bustled out again, having made ten into five.

The happy pairs were Frank F. Hyde, of Boston, and Emma N. Joigensen, of Brooklyn; Glovanna Norcisa and Maria Pratti, of New York; Nathan Schlosberg and Jenny Schlosberg, of Long Island City; Paola Langone and Fortunata Colichia, of New York, and Solomon Schaaf and Fanny Cohen, of New York. matrimony five love-lorn couples. They had

STOCKWELL FAILS AGAIN.

He Is a Daring Speculator and Has Been Through Many Assignmets.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW YORK, Aug. 3.-Alden B. Stockwell failed again to-day, or rather suspended pay-ment. This time it was on the Consolidated Stock and Petroleum Exchange. Stockwell was short 200 shares of St. Paul, Lackawanna

SKIRT ANTI-SLAVERY A Wholesale Dress Reform Crusade THE FEMALE FASHIONS MUST GO.

About to Be Inaugurated.

A National Committee Chosen to Conduct

the Coming Campaign. MISS WILLARD'S SEVERE ARRAIGNMENT

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] CHAUTAUQUA, N. Y., Aug. 3.—A great dress reform movement is about to be inaugurated in the United States. It will be concerted and comprehensive, and embrace all the schools, from the most conservative to the most radical. The crusade against the prevailing fashions, which was begun at Chautauqua about a week ago, was the first intration of what was a second or the second of nation of what was coming, but to-day the ecret leaked out, and it shows that the woman reformers are on the warpath and really mean business. The great trouble up to the present time with the ladies has been to get a leader, a sort of Martin Luther, as it were, who could precipitate a great reformation in the fashionable world with some de gree of energy, enthusiasm and enterprise. The leader has just been found in the peron of Mrs. Frank Stuart Parker, of Chicago, who so bravely nailed her dress reform thesis against the gates of Chautauqua about week ago, and has since that time been re a week ago, and has since that time been re-ceiving delegations of women from all over the country in her suite of rooms here, and defended her position and propositions in a way that has gained the widest attention all over the country. On May 30 the general officers of the National Council of Women held a very important meeting at Indian-apolis and passed a set of resolutions that a crusade should be waged as soon as possible against the prevailing style of dress among women.

THE FIRST MOVEMENT.

The first thing aimed at was the adoption of a much-needed, more comfortable and sensible form of dress for women engaging in business avocations. This was to be the first of a series of proclamations emancipating woman from skirts, garters, corsets, high beels, high collars-in fact from everything that handicaps the female sex from competing with men in the various pro-fessions of the classes and occupations of

competing with meal in the various professions of the classes and occupations of
the masses.

The ladies say that the slavery of skirts
must be abolished and hence they have just
selected as a Central Committee the following prominent women; Mrs. Frank Stuart
Parker, Chicago; Mrs. Francis E. Russell, St.
Paul: Annie Jenness Miller, New York;
Elizabeth Stuart Phelps Ward, Anna C.
Brackett, Dr. Mary Putnam Jacobi, Miss
Grace Dodge and Margaret Sangster.

From the bondage of bustles and bands,
from the bondage of bustles and collars,
the ladies propose that the Lord shall deliver them, and hence the present crusade,
Chautauqua seems to have been hit upon as
the place to precipitate the movement. A
monster secret meeting was held here a
week ago, and several men who had stealthily crept in to get the latest intelligence on
the subject were summarily "bounced."

DRESS REFORM'S CHAMPION.

The system of skirt anti-slavery was then unfolded by Mrs. Parker, the Chicago cham-pion and cultured propagandist of the new order of things. This lady is one of the most charming of persons, and is the wife of Colonel Francis Parker, the Principal of of Colonel Francis Parker, the Principal of the Chautauqua Teachers' Retreat, and President of the Cook County Normal School in Chicago. She is an author, writer, lecturer and elecutionist; a very pretty woman, with classic features and expressive eyes, and is a most engaging conversationalist. She was a professor some years ago in the Boston School of Oratory.

The new reform touches almost every article of women's apparel that is "fabled in song and illumined in story," and hence will deprive the trousseau of many a girl of much of its glory. Before mentioning the details of the new system, it should be said that its first souffle with the old sweeping skirt system here has been most stirring and even sensational, for Chantauqua has four styles tem here has been most stirring and even sensational, for Chantauqua has four styles of dress in full swing, namely, the "no skirts" the "old skirts," the "dividing skirts" and the "apology for skirts (or trouserettes)," the last named being worn by the gymnasium girls. The radical reformers go in for a slight modification of actresses tights, while others are less extreme, preferring some improvement on the divided skirt, which they say is too roomy, while the tights are not roomy enough.

A SWEEPING CRUSADE.

The new crusade is very sweeping, and dress now solely inhabited by men, and the curious thing about it all is that Miss Frances Willard has wheeled the whole National Temperance Union into line in support of the movement. In her very bright address here Saturday, entitled "A White Life for Two," she made some very striking and sug-

estive remarks.
"When we heard what Mrs. Parker had "When we heard what Mrs. Parker had been saying to the Chautauqua ladies about dress reform, we gave three cheers for her," caid the great temperance apostle. And then she followed this up by some startling statements. "This death line," said she, drawing in the air with her finger the outline of a woman's waist squeezed into the shape of a sand hour-glass, "I call it the death line," and here her voice became strong and resonant, her gestures animated and her eyes flashing; "this line has filled more graves than whisky." And the great audience in the amphitheater applauded her to the echo. She then told the story of the mandarin's wife, who, when some Americans expressed horror because she pinched her expressed horror because she pinched her foot, exclaimed: "We pinch the foot, but you pinch the life." Miss Willard then added that she didn't believe that "any woman with the con-strained waist, the flaring hat and the high heeled shoes will be allowed by the heavenly

owers to invent anything."

FEMALE FIGURE STUDIES. The reformers will endeavor by photo raphs, statues and lectures from prominent artists to change the present ideal of pro-portion in the human figure. They recommend that each woman supply herself with a good photograph of the Venus De Milo. They good photograph of the Venus De Milo. They also suggest the study of such figures as the Venus Genetrix, Juno, the Flying Victory, Amazon, Thordwaldsen's Eve, Richter's Queen Louise, of Prussia, Coming Down the Stair, and a standing figure called "The Fates," by Thurman—in fact, a study of all the most approved statues, in order to get the female eye accustomed, as the artist's eye is accustomed, to right proportions.

The reformers will try to make American women understand that barbarians in every age, with their limited ideas of real beauty, have deformed the body in various ways, as the Flathead Indians, who endeavor to change the shape of the head; the tattocing of various artistic designs upon the human body; the savages who put rings through their noses and sticks through the rims of the ears; those who hang heavy pieces of wood or ivory on the lower lip, cut off the eyebrows, file or blacken the teeth; the Chinese, who deform the foot or permit the finger nails to grow to the length of yard, training the hair to grotesque forms, and last but not least, the crowning deformity of the compression of the waist: the so-called civilized nations being the only nations as yet who have attacked a vital point.

BAKER GROWING WEAKER.

nderson, Who Shot Him, Held to Await the Result of His Wounds.

CRONTON LANDING, N. Y., Aug. 3,-Baker, Ingersoll, who was shot three times on Sat urday night by Orville M. Anderson during a quarrel, was still alive at noon to-day. He

orverie. Anderson, who did the shooting, was this morning arraigned for examination before Coroner Sutton. The Coroner, after listening to testimony of the witnesses, who told substantially the same story as has already been published, committed Anderson to jail to await the result of Baker's injuries. Anderson will have an examination Wednesday.

HOW MURPHY GOT OUT OF JAIL.

is First Wife Withdraws Her Charges an SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. BUTLER, PA., Aug. 3.—The Murphy-Brell narringe is still a subject of interest here.

Murphy had not been in jail 24 hours until he was visited by his first wife, who, on his own promise to return home with her, withdrew the charge of desertion against him, and he was discharged from prison.

He had no sooner been set free, than he set out for Glade Run, in company with his mother-in-law, to join wife No. 2. The doubly deceived first wife, thoroughly aroused and indignant, made a new information against her husband, and officers are now in pursuit of him.

PATTISON'S REQUEST.

HE WANTS AN INVESTIGATION INTO THE REVSTONE BANK.

Anxious to Know How State Funds Disag peared-Secretary Foster Asked to Allow the Investigation—A Special Treasury Probing Committee Meets To-Day. [SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] HARRISHURG, Aug. 3.—Governor Pattison has sent the following important communi-cation to Secretary of the Treasury Foster,

asking for a full investigation into the man-ner in which the State funds disappeared in the wreck of the Keystone Bank of Phila-"The published reports of the committee appointed by Mayor Edwin S. Stuart, of Philadelphia, to investigate the accounts of John Bardsley, late Treasurer of the city and county of Philadelphia, seem to indicate that a considerable proportion of the moneys misappropriated by Mr. Bardsley, and which made up his deficiency to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and to the commonwealth of Pennsylvania and to the city of Philadelphia, was deposited in the Keystone National Bank of Philadelphia, which bank has been closed, by order of the Comptroller of the Currency. The apparent loss to the Commonwealth and to the city of Philadelphia is about \$1,500,000, in which loss the State is largely concerned, directly and indirectly.

the State is largely concerned, directly and indirectly.

"In view of this fact I respectfully ask that you will authorize the receiver of the Keystone National Bank to permit a committee of three or five citizens, to be designated by me, to examine the books, papers, accounts, etc., of the bank, with the view of ascertaining what deposits of public moneys in which the State had or has an interest were made in said bank by John Bardsley, and what became of the money thus deposited, so that the same may be recovered if possible. It is, of course, only desired that such examination shall be made as to the deposit of public funds passing through the hands of John Bardsley, as Treasurer of Philadelphia and agent of the Commonwealth of Peunsylvania, and of such funds as the Commonwealth may be directly or indirectly interested in, and it is respectfully suggested that such authority as you may give to the receiver may be limited accordingly.

"Il lays been awaiting the result of the in-

ngly.
"I have been awaiting the result of the in-"I have been awaiting the result of the investigation by the gentlemen already engaged in the examination of the accounts and affairs of the Keystone National Bank, in the hope that their reports would have contained the information which it is important that the State's officers should have in their possession. But as an examination is being made by experts designated by the Mayor of Philadelphia and by other expert accountants selected by the Philadelphia Councilmanic Investigating Committee, I am of the opinion that a like investigation should be made on behalf of the Commonwealth, and I concluded that her interests require that I shall obtain the desired information as early as possible and in the manner I have indicated. I trust that you will see your way clear to accord the desired information at as early a date as practicable, especially in view of the large interests involved, and of their importance to the people of the Commonwealth."

The Democratic members of the joint legislative committee, originally appointed to investigate the methods of handling State funds, but continued in order to investigate the State Treasury and Auditor General's Department, in connection with the Bardsley defalcation, will meet here to morrow, and an interesting session is expected, in view of the preceding expressed views of the Governor.

AN EXCITING TIME

the Quaker fity Granite State Office Over a Notice of Execution. EMIGRATION OF HEBREWS

PRPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 3.-The Philadelphia office of the Granite State Provident Assothis morning of considerable excitement when a Constable from Magistrate McCarty's office put up a bill on the front window, mouncing that an execution and levy had been entered on the goods in the office and that the sale would take place on Monday next. A large crowd of the shareholders mext. A large crowd of the shareholders were present, waiting for the arrival of the Secretary, Mrs. S. F. Edwards, who resides at Roxborough, and who was late getting to the office. The anxious shareholders became very restless, and their anxiety for the safety of their money which had been invested was increased when they learned that Thomas F. Hanlon, a lawyer, had forestalled them, to the extent of having secured judgment on a claim for \$54, which it was said he bought from a colored preacher in Delaware.

it was said he bought from a colored preacher in Delaware.

The dissatisfaction among the shareholders was at its beight when Secretary Edwards appeared on the scene. After a time she partially succeeded in calming the fears of the excited crowd, who were mostly colored people. After disposing of the waiting crowd she hunted up a scrub woman, and had the objectionable Constable's notice washed from the window.

THE YANKEE DORY BACES.

Captain Lawler, With His Sea Serpent, Thousand Miles Ahead.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. New York. Aug. 3 .- The ocean race be tween the Yankee dories Sea Serpent and Mermaid will soon be over. They left Conassett, Mass., on June 24 for London. Captain Lawler had charge of the Sea Serpent and Captain W. A. Andrews held the tiller of the Mermaid. According to a dispatch from endon and the report of the German steamship Haffs, which arrived at this port from Hamburg to-day, the Sea Serpent is likely to win by at least 1,000 miles. The steamship Dornara, which arrived at London on Sun-day, passed the Sea Serpent 55 miles west of the Scilly Islands, which are 30 miles south-west of Land's End. England. The Dornara west of fand's End. England. The Dornara did not report the date, but it probably was on July 31. The Hafis passed the Mermald four days before, on July 27, about midocean, or 1,300 miles from Cohassett.

Captain Hudson, of the Hafis, says Captain Andrews was cheerful and confident of completing his voyage. The weather was clear, and the Mermald was making about three miles an hour against a light easterly wind. If he sailed 250 miles more between July 27 and July 31 he would have been still more than 1,000 miles astern. The Sea Sermore than 1,000 miles astern. The Sea Se pent has made remarkably good time for a small boat. She may complete the voyage to London within 45 days.

FIFTY YEARS TOGETHER. John and Isabella Beecher Hooker

Celebrate Their Golden Wedding. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. HARTFORD, Aug. 8 .- The great event of this week in this city will be the celebration of the golden wedding of John and Isabella Beecher Hooker, which will occur at the City Mission rooms on Wednesday after-noon. The occasion will be made the more interesting by the presentation to the bride of the representatives of the lady managers of the representatives of the lady managers of the World's Columbian Commission, of which she is a member, and also many

which she is a member, and also many prominent woman suffragists, who have promised to come. Nearly 2,500 invitations have been sent out to people in this country and Europe.

The affair will take on the shape of an old-fashioned tea party. There will be all the old-time friends of the Hooker and Beecher families and the grandchildren of the two families. The aged couple will receive sitting under a bower of flowers and green whee. A bride's loaf will be presented to Mrs. Hooker by the Equal Rights (lub of Hartford, of which Mrs. Hooker has been the President for many years, and Mr. Hooker the Treasurer. Senator Joseph R. Hawley will act as master of ceremonies.

WEBSTER A MURDERER.

Goodwin, the Man He Shot, Dies in the Hos pital He Was Carried To. NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—Charles E. Goodwin who was shot last night by Bertram C. Web ster, the horse owner and bookmaker, died at 2 o'clock this morning in Roosevelt Hos-

pital.

No trace of Webster has yet been found, although several detectives are bunting for

CONCLAVE MUST BE HELD IN ROME.

BARCELONA, Aug. 3.—Great excitement was No Nation Should Offer Hospitality to the Sacred College.

AN UNCERTAIN FUTURE IS NOT WANTED

Rome, Aug. 3.—"Where shall the next Con-clave be held?" is the question which is now being much discussed in Government cir-cles. The church dignitaries are interested observers. This question, it is believed, will be the pivot of the policy both of the Italian

Government and of the Vations.

There is good authority for the statement that the Italian Government has sent explicit instructions to its representatives abroad to prevent the Conclave from being heid away from Rome. It dreads above all things a foreign Pope and a conclave away from the Eternal City. The account of the situation which follows reflects the opinions entertained in ecclesiastical circles. All the Italian Government's confidential negotiations with the great powers are bean the Italian Government's confidential negotiations with the great powers are believed to be inspired with this dominating idea: That Italy will respect and safeguard the liberty of the Conclave, and therefore no nation should offer its hospitality to the Sacred College should the Cardinals decide to hold the Conclave elsewhere than in Rome.

NO OUTSIDE SUPPORT WANTED. Italy hopes that her attitude will caus the Sacred College to abandon all idea of leaving Rome, or if the idea is still cherished privately, that the design will not receive

privately, that the design will not receive outside support.
The Government would thus in the first place make it appear to the world that the Papacy is free in Rome since Italy respects the liberty of the Conclave, and the Sacred College can sit openly in the capital of the Italian dominions and in the second place would thereby maintain the status quo.

In the diplomatic documents exchanged before and after the Conclave of 1878, the Italian Government declared that this Conclave gave conclusive testimony of the liberty of the Holy See under the new regime. In following the evolutions of Italian policy since 1870, one sees everywhere the firm resolution to prevent any modification or displacement of the factors which compose the polito-ecclesiastic and Pontifical situation in Italy and at Rome.

The REASON EXPLAINED.

THE REASON EXPLAINED.

The reason is manifest. Should any chang ake place the Government would find itself confronted with an entirely new situation. This would be the unknown, and the Italian Government fears the unknown, because it believes that the existing conditions are believes that the existing conditions are safeguards of its regime, which, in the mind of strict Catholics, bears the stigma of the occupation of Rome and of the law of guaranties.

The meeting of the Conclave out of Rome would not only awaken, in Catholic and independent minds, the idea that the Holy See was not free at Rome, but it would also mark a new departure on the part of the

was not free at Rome, but it would also mark a new departure on the part of the Papacy, the beginning of a new era. In any case, it would render the future an absolute uncertainty. Perhaps it would be the starting point of the transformation of the central government of the church.

Were the Conclave to be held away from Rome it would immediately bring the whole Pontifical question to the front. The reopening of the question morally and diplomatically, ecclesiastically and politically, as it would be opened, is what the Italian Government wishes to prevent at any price. Therefore, fn giving assurance to the Cabinets that it will respect the liberty of the Conclave at Rome, the Italian Government virtually says that the Italian Government virtually says that the Sacred College shall not be free to hold the Conclave where it pleases, as it should do, conformably to the needs of the Church and condition of Europe at that time.

Baron Hirsch's Plan Approved by a Confe ence of French Associations

Paris, Aug. 8 .- A conference of the French Hebrew Associations was held here to-day, at which the plans of Baron Hirsch for the melioration of the condition of destitut Hebrews were discussed. The conference approved of the plan of the Baron aiming at the co-operation of the Hebrews in Europe and America in the work of organizing the emigration.

It was decided to again send delegates to

It was decided to again send delegates to Russia for the purpose of constituting a Central Committee in St. Petersbarg and of establishing provincial committees to be charged with regulating the exodus. Emigrants leaving without the sanction of the Central Committee will have no share in the benefits of Baron Hirsch's arrangements. It will, of course, be necessary to obtain the consent of the Russian Government before these committees can act in Russia, but this connmittees can act in Russia, but this cor sent is confidently hoped for. Baron Hirsel is making arrangements to secure the co-operation of the German Central Committee In his plan as outlined above.

COMMITTED AN IMPRUDENCE.

The Cahensley Scheme Will Never Be Ac

cepted by the Propaganda. ROME, Aug. 3.-The recent interview tween President Harrison and Cardinal Gibons created an interest as an indication of the importance attached in America to the Cahensley question. The Pope, Cardinal Simeoni and chiefs of the Propaganda have been much impressed with the declarations of the President. The tributes of the American press to the wisdom of the Pope's decisions are also greatly appreciated.

The Holy See sincerely regrets that the friends of Mr. Cahensley have spread a report that Rome placed obstacles in the way of his scheme. From the first the Propaganda declared to Mr. Cahensley that the Holy See would never accede to the demands for intional bishops. Cardinal Simeoni and Monsignor Persico both assert that the Cahensley scheme will never be acthe importance attached in America to the eon and aconstant reside both assert that the Cahensley scheme will never be accepted by the Propagauda. "Never," the declare, "will it accord such prerogatives to immigrants. Mr. Cahensley committed grave imprudence. We can never ente upon such a course."

EIGHTEEN CHRISTIANS ARRESTED.

Thrown in Jail With Turkish Convicts an Stabbed With Knives. London, Aug. 3 .- A dispatch from Cret says, the house of a Turkish family in the village of Ceramos was recently attacked and two men, a woman and a child were murdered.

Eighteen Christian subjects were arrested for the crime and were imprisoned with Turkish convicts. While in prison they were stabbed with hnives and so seriously injured that they lay for eight days in a dangerous condition.

PROOFS OF FRIENDSHIP.

They Went Straight to the Heart of France When Given by Russia, Paris, Aug. 3.-M. Ribot, Minister of For

eign Affairs, delivered an address at Sc. Omer to-day. During the course of his re-marks he took occasion to dwell upon the warmth of the hospitality accorded the offi-cers of the French squadron at Cronstadt the Russian Government. of the Russian Government.

He said the reception that had been given the French fleet was a striking proof of the iendship of Ru sia, which went straight to

SUICIDE OF UNIONISM.

If Liberals Drop Home Rule It Will Lead t a Great Party Split. LONDON, Aug. 3 .- Mr. Morley, speaking as Learnington to-day, said that if the Liberals dropped home rule as their foremost plank it would lead to the greatest split the party It would lead to the greatest spite the party had ever known.

He predicted that Mr. Balfour's local gov-ernment bill would be an irretrievable step toward home rule and would mean the sui-cide of Unionism.

Belgium's Queen Is Dying BRUSSRIS, Aug. 3 .- The Queen of the Be ans has been seized with a sudden illnes and is dving. The sacrament of extremunction has been administered.

> King Alexander in Russia. PETERSBURG, Aug. 3.-King Alexander

the youthful ruler of Servia, arrived at St. Petersburg to-day on a visit to the imperial family. He was met at the railway station by the Czar and several of the Bussian Grand Dukes, and was accorded all the honors paid to a ruling sovereign.

REVOLUTION IN BARCELONA.

Republicans Attempt to Surprise the Garrison and Are Defeated.

caused in this city last night by what was believed to be a revolutionary movement on the part of the republicans, but which subsequently proved to be a desperate attempt upon the part of certain speculators on the Bourse to bring about a decline in the prices of the securities dealt in upon the Exchange. A hand of Wayner ways of whom

Bourse to bring about a decline in the prices of the securities dealt in upon the Exchange. A band of 150 men, some of whom were armed with rifles and others with revolvers in their hands, cautiously approached the garrison of the city and attempted to surprise the guards. The sentries were vigilant, however, and soon discovered the approach of the men.

The guards ordered the band to hait and give the countersign. The men made a rush upon the sentries, trusting that in the confusion which would follow they would be able to force their way into the barracks. As they ran toward the sentries they delivered a velley from their weapons, and some of the guards fell to the ground, having been struck by the bullets of the aggressors. The other sentries, however, stood their ground and answered the volley with a fusillade from their rifles. For a short time a regular battle was fought and a number on both sides were wounded. A number of arrests were made, including well-known Federal Republicans. The latest report justifies the belief that the affair was a genuine revolutionary attempt on the part of Republicans.

FESTIVITIES AT CHERBOURG.

Visitors Tendered a Gand Ball and a Banquet.

CRERBOURG, Aug 3.—The f 16.5 100 city yesterday in honor of the crew of the Russian cruiser Ko. ontinued to a late hour. After the tion at the town hall and the subset banquet, a grand ball was given in honor the Russian visitors. America and Greece were also included in the honors of the oc-

casion.

The officers of the American and Greek war ships now in the harbor were invited to attend the ball and were present in large numbers. A very pretty effect had been arranged in the ballroom which was the subject of much praise from all present. Besides the usual decorations of flags, bunting and flowers, an immense number of varicolored fairy lamps had been so arranged that they represented the national colors of Russia, the United States and Greece.

PAILED FOR SEVERAL MILLIONS.

New York Dealer in Commercial Paper Makes an Assignment. NEW YORK, Aug. 3.-Abraham Backer, ealer in commercial paper, made an assign ment yesterday without preference to Benjamin F. Finstein. Mr. Backer was a heavy dealer in commercial paper and also the capitalist of the firm of A. Backer & Co.

drygoods and commission merchants. He also manufactured goods at Glastonbury, Conn., where he has a fine mill. Mr. Backer's principal business dealing in Mr. Backer's principal business dealing in commercial paper. His large connections in the South and Southwest enabled him to handle a great deal of commercial paper, either as a broker or purchaser. Some of this paper he indoresed and had discounted in his banks on which he has a contingent liability and some of it he sold outright. He was said to obtain some of the best paper and he handled about \$15,000,000 annually. Mr. Backer was very popular in financial and mercantile circles, had the confidence of banks and bankers in this city and elsewhere, was a director in city banks and in several Southern banks.

Mr. Backer's assignment, it is said, is principally due to the condition of the money market, which made it very difficult for him to float the quantity of commercial paper.

market, which made it very difficult for him to float the quantity of commercial paper which he generally handled, and also to the decline in certain Southern railroad bonds in which he was a large holder. His trouble, it is said, in relation to Southern railroad bonds, was the result of his connection with the Macon Construction Company, of Macon, Ga.

Mr. Backer could not be found at his office westerday. The clerks said he did not come

down to business on account of the assign ment, and that was a complete surprise to them. His labilities are said to be about \$4,000,000, of which \$2,500,000 is direct and 1,500,000 contingent. The latter is said to be all right and no loss is anticipated.

PULLMAN'S IMMENSE PROFITS.

Railroad Company Wants an Acc to See if Its Bills Were Right. Curcago Ang 3-There was filed in the Inited States Circuit Court this afternoon a mit that may in various ways effect every ailroad of importance in the country. Th mit is filed by the Chicago, Milwaukee and t. Paul Railway Company against the Pullman Palace Car Company for an accounting under a contract made in 1882, by which the Chicago, Milwankee and St. Paul road se cured from 30 to 45 palace dining and sleeping cars. The road charges that the Pull-

man Company under the contract for mainman Company under the contract for maintaining the cars made charges that were grossly excessive and fraudulent.

The railroad company agreed to pay such a proportion of the general expenses of the car company, as the number of cars upon the line bore to the whole number of cars run by the Pullman Company on all lines operated by it, but the bill shows that the charges according to this agreement were \$20 21 on each car for one month, and if this was a pro rata charge, the amount retained by the Pullman Company from all the companies it had contracts with must have been \$1,218,885 per annum. Regarding the enormous amounts paid to porters and conductors the bill says that there was never any detailed statement of the wages paid these employes.

PRAISE FOR THE TROOPS.

Captain Chester, of the Regulars, Speak Highly of the First Brigade. WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 .- The War Depart nent has received the report of Captain James Chester, of the Third Artillery, who inspected the encampment of the Pennsylvania State militia, First Brigade, at Devon, Chester county, Pa., from July 18 to 23 last The report refers in kindly terms to the First Brigade as one of young and earnest men, and to the officers of the guard as 'sneh as would take high rank in any army." The report speaks highly of the personnel of the artillery of the brigade. "Its general appearance was good, but closer inspection disclosed many defects, for which neither officers nor men are in any way responde." They drilled well. The cavalry in the brigade consisted of the City Troop of Phila-delphia, and the report—says it sustained its excellent reputation in drill, discipline and

excellent reputation military appearance. A RECEIVER APPOINTED For the Fraternal Company and All Its

Charter Rights Declared Forfeited. [SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 3.—A decree has bee anded down by Common Pleas Court No. 3, in the quo warranto proceedings instituted by District Attorney Graham against the United Order of Fraternal Co-operation, that the United Order of Fraternal Co-operation has forfeited all of its charter franchises and privileges, and that it has no chises and privileges, and that it has no longer power to exercise any corporate rights whatever, and that its officers and members are hereby forbidded to act under the said charter or do or claim to do any act, matter or thing thereunder.

It is further ordered that John Huggard be appointed receiver of the order, security to be entered into in the sum of \$50,000.

SCHOOL WARRANTS ISSUED.

The Share of Money Pittsburg and Allegheny Are to Receive. HARRISBURG, Aug. 8.-A number of school

warrants were issued to-day, and they will all be distributed within the next ten days. The Superintendent of Public Instruction The Superintendent of Public Instruction states that he is waiting for the reports from Pittsburg and Allegheny superintendents, and upon their receipt will issue warrants for the amounts due them.

Pittsburg will receive \$77,243 31 and Allegheny \$34,128 20. Next year, under the new law, Pittsburg will receive \$103,108 25 and Allegheny \$85,320 70.

WURJE HAN AFRICA.

Terrible Fate of a Chinaman at the Hands of Indian

CALIFORNIA LYNCHING.

Government Police.

The Victim's Limbs Severed From His Body While He Was Still Alive.

RESULT OF AN INVESTIGATION.

The Mongolian Government Preparing to Demand Satisfaction.

WHITE MEN IMPLICATED IN THE DEED

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., Aug. 3.-Ex-United tates Marshal Hopkins has just returned rom Bridgeport, Mino county, where he investigated for the Chinese Consul General the murder of Ah Quong Tir by Nevada. Pinte Indians. He brings a mass of affidavits which show that previous story did not tell half the horrors of this monstrous crime against a poor defenseless Chinaman, who was first robbed by white lawyers and then abandoned to the second state of abandoned to the vengeance of the Indians
by the Sheriff and his officers.

by the Sheriff and his officers.

Libytill be remembered that Ah Quong Tir cut of the policy of the control of it in. s river. When arrested two lawyers pretended to get a confession from him that it in. he killed the Indian in self-defense, but on the trial the Chinaman denied he had made any such confession, and on the evidence produced he was promptly acquitted.

FELL AMONG PHILISTINES. His lawyers, Parker & Murphy, took all the hinaman's stock of goods for their fee, al-hough he had refused to give them a bill of sale which they asked for. He agreed to pay them \$1,000 if they cleared him, but his goods were worth between \$4,000 and \$5,000. After his death the claims of the two lawyers were settled for \$600 by representatives of the Chinaman's creditors, but many of the goods had been sold at low prices, and the remainder were seized by the public admin-

When the Walker river Indians came into town and threatened to lynch the Chinaman the Sheriff swore in six deputies and guarded the jail, but on the day of the trial, as soon as he had delivered the Chinaman at the Court House, he left the prisoner unproted, although the street was full of excited Indians clamoring for his blood.
Affidavits have been presented that Chair-

nan Hunnewell, of the Supervisors, and a nerchant named Hughes advised the Indians just before the trial to kill the Chinaan, as it would save the county the costs of the trial. Two other white men encourged Indians to seize the prisoner and butcher him, and reputable witnesses will

NO NEED OF A PANIC.

A claim was made that citizens were ter-

orized by the armed Indians who threat-

ned to sack the town unless the Chinaman was delivered to them. The real facts are that only seven of the Indians were armed, three with Winchesters and four with pistois and one determined white man with a revolver could have stood off the whole The by the Government Indian police from Walker River Reservation, and as described by the woman who saw it through field glasses, was very horrible. The Indians acked off the arms and legs of the China-

Consul General is determined to press the ase and demand that those concerned in the outrage be punished.

man while living. Then they disemboweled him and cut off his head, which they used

as a football, playing the game with the ghastly head in the sage brush. The Chinese

M'CAMANT'S TAX SCHEME.

He Says the Present Is Wrong and Advocates the Budget Plan. [SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] HARRISBURG, Aug. 3 .- Auditor General Mo-Camantis preparing his reply to Treasurer Wright, in reference to the abuses in the mercantile apprasier system of assessing and collecting. In this connection the Auditor General declares that the present system of collecting State taxes is all wrong. It is too cumbersome and expensive. The Auditor General favors the budget system, which might be applied in two ways. First, a commission would sit each fall and determine on the amount necessary to run the State Government during the following year and to defray the expenses of counties and townships, municipalities to levy taxes for their own expenses.

The Auditor General would wipe out all, or nearly all taxes but the income, which he considers the most equitable method of taxation. The adoption of this idea, however, would be a radical departure from the laws now on the statute books and has been declared to be inquisitorial, therefore the Auditor General suggests another method of simplifying the collection of State taxes. This is to prepare the annual budget of the cost of running the State and assess the counties upon their valuation. ent system of collecting State taxes is all

DRINKERS MUST OBTAIN LICENSES.

A Novel Ordinance Introduced in th Kansas City Council. KANSAS CITY, Aug. 3.—Councilman Bowles introduced an unique ordinance in the lower use of the Council to-night. The ordinance requires the purchase from the city of a license by all drinkers of intoxicating liquors, the license to vary in cost from liquors, the license to vary in cost from \$20 to \$50, according to the expensiveness of the liquor which the purchaser drinks.

The ordinance further provides that each application for a drinker's license shall be countersigned by the applicant's wife. In presenting the ordinance Mr. Bowles explained that an enforcement of its provisions would yield a revenue to the city of \$1,000,000 a year and at the same time greatly promote the cause of temperance.

TWO WIVES CLAIM HIM.

The Cowboy Artist Will Also Have to Face a Charge of Bigamy. (SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 3.—Albert Raymond, better known as "The Cowboy Artist," who was arrested in Allegheny City on an affi-davit made by Shellenberger & Smith, charging him with the embezzlement of

about \$100, was looked up in the City Hall to-night, having been brought on by Detective Hulfish. Hulfish.

This afternoon a woman carrying an infant called on Chief Wood and said she was his wife. Detective Hulfish says that Raymond has another wife and child living in Allegheny. It is probable that the additional charge of bigamy will be made against him.

THERE MAY BE A LYNCHING PARTY. A Mob Compels a Sheriff to Keep His Pris-

oners at Home. McARTHUR, O., Aug. 3 .- To-night there is a fear of an attack on the jail to lynch Michael Woolweaver and his sons, Henry and Colby Weaver, who last Saturday killed Car In-

weaver, who has saturally kneed car inspecter Leaman and wounded Station Agent
Ewing at this place.

The Sheriff to day started to take these
three culprits to Jackson for safety, but a
great crowd compelled him to come back, so
the preliminary trial was held before a magistrate here. The excitement here is at the
top of heat, reacy to steak out of bounds.