General Interest Manifested Here ind an Pennsylvania's Movement To-

of as many of these as were in town yesterday were obtained regarding what in-dustries should receive special attention, and how they should be best brought to notice at lemen is that the iron and oil interests should be given the premier place, and that less, if any, attention should be bestowed upon agriculture, as this was not a farming State. Manufacturers and citizens seen in this relation had, generally, not given the matter attention. Various suggestions are offered in the interviews following, regarding the best means of exhibiting Pennsyl. in products at the Fair. J. M. Guffy, who is one of the commission-

ers, is a nervous little man, but brainy and picturesque in his dress. He is a representare oil and gas man as well as a good Demoerat, and the Governor no doubt appointed him with the view that he would take care of the oil features in the State's exhibit. This industry, by the way, has become one of the most important in Western Pennsylvania. "I hardly know," said Mr. Guffy, "what to say. This is a big subject, and will require considerable study and hard work. I sion, and do not know how the money is to be spent. The sum of \$300,000 is a good deal it is intended the amount is not large. Pennsylvania is one of the greatest States in the Union, and it would be disgraceful if our exhibit is not among the very hest. Unlike other States, we have the raw materials and the manufactories at home. Think of the iron and steel, coal and coke and oil produced around Pittsburg. at the tobacco output, agriculture and loom industries in the East and the lumber interests in the North. Where is the State that can show such an array of substantial They Will Drill an Oil Well.

"I think the people of the State will make their exhibit the finest in Chicago. I feel sure they have pride enough in their own not

to be behind anybody else.

"As for the oil business, all the products of the field, and the apparatus for boring will be represented. For that matter, the oil men could show foreigners how they drill wells in Pennsylvania. I will wager that the oil exhibit will be up to a first-class standard, We can't tell what will be done until the commission meets and some plan is formulated. Much depends for the success of the exhibition on the people of the State. It is in their hands to make or mar Pennsylva-

A. G. Roenigk, who is another commissomer, was found at the Americus Club playing billiards. He is a young man, en-thusiastic, and has good, practical ideas. He said: "Owing to the importance of Pennsylvania, I think the first duty of the commission, after organization, would be to denational board a first-class sition for the State at the Fair, and then ork. The exposition will be a great school of instruction, and the historical restures of Pennsylvania should not be over-

A Fort Pitt in the Windy City. This State played a prominent part in the of the country, and every chool boy is familiar with such names as school boy is familiar with such names as be old independence Hail in Philadelphia and Fort Duquesne in Pittsburg. Without roing too much into details, why not have a bre simile of the old fort built and placed on anhibition. The patriotic relies in Philadelphia that could be moved should form part of the display. These reminders of revolutionary days have a charm that will please year. American, and they will be as much an exerct an exerct and they will be as much an exerct an exerct and they will be as much an exerct an exerct and they will be as much an exerct an exerct and they will be as much an exerct and they will be as much an exerct an exerct and they will be as much an exerct an exerct and they will be as much an exerct an exerct and they will be as much an exerct an exerct and they will be as much an exerct an exerct and they will be as much an exerct and exerct and they will be as much an exerct an exerct and they will be as much an exerct and they will be a supplied to the exerct and they will be as much an exerct and they will be a serious and t ery American, and they will be as much an ject of interest as the most unique thing
the fair. Then I would not
riset the natural history of the
atc. A collection of the birds, work
r taxifermists, would be a beautiful sight
du source of study and profit. Under the
ad of mining would come coal, coke and the to compete in original designs for ennsylvania's buildings at Chicago, Calirnin is the only State that equals our own its appropriation for the fair."

Foley Will Care for the Politicians. Commissioner Patrick Foley was seen on Fifth avenue yesterday afternoon, "I take he said, "that the Governor in selecting t, he said, "that the Governor in selecting fix men from Allegheny county assumes hat Pittsburg is the business center of Western Pennsylvania, and so it is. Mr. Guffy will look after the oil interests, Mr. Riley will be the authority on fron. Superintendent "itcairn on railroads, and I suppose I was amed to take care of the rank and file of colliticians." Mr. Foley smiled when he made this remark.

this remark. d in Westmoreland and Fayette coun-but the owners and their offices are in burg. Here is where money and ir nation can be obtained. The Governo formation can be obtained. The Governor certainly looks to Pitrsburg to uphold this part of the State, and there is no excuse why we shouldn't be ahead of anybody. Our manufacturers are tich, we have raw materials and the business men ought to be glid of such an opportunity to boom their trade. My understanding is that the \$300,000 is intended to pay the expenses of the Commission. The Commissioners give their services free, but it will cost some money to pay for the living of 31 elegant gentlemen in Chicago. Then I suppose that each State will be expected to look after its exhibit, care for the buildings, and this will consume most of the aplook after its exhibit, care for the buildings, and this will consume most of the appropriation. The money is to be spent in offering inducements to manufacturers, or in paying freights. And never fear about business men letting such a chance to advertise their wares slip by. Every exhibitor will have to get up his display, and pay the freight to and from Chicago. All that the State can promise, as I understand, is to protect the property, and see that everyody pay that Pennsylvania's exhibit will be a dandy, and never fret that we will be behind other people."

Linkelf

Pitcairn, when asked for an exression of opinion regarding how best the rate could be represented at the fair, said at he had given the matter no thought, e said he was surprised to find his nume among the list of Commissioners, and could not account for its being there. His knowledge of the fact was derived from the morn ig newspapers. As he wasn't a politicis ing newspapers. As he wasn't a politican he could not account for his being selected. He had not had time to give the matter any thought, and really knew nothing about it. George N. Rijey who is connected with the National Tube Works, was in Chicago yester-

WHAT MANUFACTURERS THINK.

Some of Them Have Not Considered the Matter, But Others Make Valuable Suggestions-The Appropriation Not Con-

sidered Sufficient, Citizens interested in the iron and steel trade and kindred interests had not much to say about the World's Fair generally. They had not given the matter any thought. Vice President Lemuel Bannister, of the Westinghouse Electric Company, remarked when called upon, that he doubted if the appropriation of \$300,000 was

if the sum mentioned was sufficient for the purpose. He supposed individual manu-facturers would make an effort toward ade-

H. K. Porter supposed that it would be within the province of the commission to say what means should be adopted toward an adequate representation, rather than the business of individuals. He had not given the matter, so far, any thought If it were thought neces-sary to make any special exhibit WHAT THE COMMISSIONERS SAY.

WHAT THE COMMISSIONERS SAY.

The Keystone State Must Put Its Best
Foot Foremost and Make a
Successful Exhibit.

MORE MONEY WANTED THANISALLOTTED

The Commissioners for Pennsylvania to the Columbian Exposition of 182 will meet next Weanesday, the list of July, in the Suprene Court room, Harrisburg, for creanization. The names of the members were published in Tuesday's issue of The Disparch, and number 31. Of these six are selected from Allegheny county. The views of as many of these as were in town yesterday were obtained regarding what in-

Wondered How They Got There.

There was a somewhat general inquiry as to how the members of the commission how they should be best brought to notice at the Fair. The opinion of some of these genture of the members the appointment was a surprise. It was assumed that Governor Pattison had acted arbitrarily, and selected the names of gentlemen of whom he had personal knowledge rather than those who might be regarded as specially qualified by experience to undertake the work.

George A. Macbeth & Co., on the Southside, have had considerable success with its exhibits at international expositions and are expected to make a brilliant display in Chicago in 1893. Mr. Macbeth has been in the East and will return to-day. In a recent interview with a DISPATCH reporter, however, Mr. Macbeth said he was only waiting upon developments in Chicago before making preparations for his display. He is interested in the fair and wants to see it made a practical exhibition of what Amer-Pattison had acted arbitrarily, and selected fore making preparations for his display. He is interested in the fair and wants to see it made a practical exhibition of what American industry and capital can do. As soon as it is decided that individual firms will be permitted to display their own products, he will settle upon a plan for exhibiting his section of the glass industry.

George Duncan, of George Duncan & Sons, the tableware manufacturers, said he had not studied the personnel of the commission sufficiently to express himself. He felt satisfied, however, that the interests of the State would not be neglected by them. He favors spending the appropriation in a display that will show up the State's products in the industrial and manufacturing line in as practical a way as possible.

There was a feeling of indifference in the remarks of James Campbell, ex-President of the Window Glass Workers' Association. He said he supposed the commission was all right and that they would use their best judgment in the expenditure of the appropriation.

Wants to Have a Big Coal Exhibit.

Wants to Have a Big Coal Exhibit. John N. O'Neil, of the W. W. O'Neil Coal Company, said the rivermen had talked much of their immense industry, and now was the opportunity to exhibit it. If they would display a system of locks and dams

showing a miniature fleet, it would give some idea of the extent of the canal business. A small coal tipple, showing the sys-tem of loading the boats and barges, and a photograph descriptive of the mining operations, would no doubt make a fine ex-hibit.

hibit.

George W. C. Johnston, of James A. Henderson & Co., said that Pittsburg was the main coal center of this great and glorious United States and the rivermen should seize the opportunity to spread themselves.

Mayor Gourley thinks efforts toward an adequate representation of State industries should be made rather in the direction of the iron, steel and oll industries than toward agricultural exhibits. The object should be to exhibit those things in which Pennsylvania excels.

exhibit those things in which Pennsylvania excels.

"The \$300,000 appropriated is not a large sum for such a purpose," said the Mayor. Half a million would have been much better. In fact, it seems certain that the amount will be far from sufficient unless the manufacturers lend their aid freely and bountifully to the movement. I have no doubt they will do this. It will be to the advantage of every manufacturer, the owner of every mine, the member of every oil company, in fact every man with capital invested in Pennsylvania's specialities, to have them Pennsylvania's specialties, to have them well presented."

VETOES THE MOTOR BILL.

Governor Pattison Has Some Private Infor

mation on the Subject. Word came to Pittsburg yesterday afternoon that Governor Pattison had vetoed Senate bill No. 63, entitled "An act relating to street passenger milway companies, providing for a sale or lease of their property and franchises to motor power companies, and for their contracting for the construction of motor, cables, electric apparatus and appliances, and providing for the validity of sales, leases and contracts heretofore In commenting on the bill the Governor

In commenting on the bill the Governor says: "It has been brought to my notice, not only that the approval of this bill would affect rights which are now the subject of litigation, but that its enactment was secured for that direct purpose. Certain street passenger railway companies have heretofore effected sales or leases of their property and franchises, which, under the law as it stood at the time, they were not competent to make. Their right to do so has been questioned in the courts. Their act is claimed to have worked wrong and injustice, against which the courts have been appealed to to intervene. While that litigation is pending, and for the express purpose of effecting and deciding it, to control the judgment of the court in which it is pending, and to make this new law react upon the subject of such litigation, is the express purpose and will be the undenied result of this bill."

DR. GEORGE IS REWARDED

He Is Given Prof. McClurkan's Place at the

R. P. Seminary. A meeting of the Board of Superintendent of the Reformed Presbyterian Theological of the Reformed Presbyterian Theological Seminary was held yesterday afternoon. The chief object of the meeting was to appoint a temporary professor to fill the vacancy at the seminary caused by the resignation of Prof. McClurkan. Rev. R. J. George, D. D., was appointed as such temporary professor for the coming winter, with Dr. McAllister as alternate.

The resignation of Rev. J. C. K. Milligan, of New York, as Chairman of the Board, was read and accepted. Rev. Dr. Stevenson, of Philadelphia, was elected to fill the vacancy. A committee was appointed to consider the subject of additional lecturers connected with important subjects relating to theological learning.

Sickness Among Children. Especially infants, is prevalent more or less at all times, but is largely avoided by giving proper nourishment and wholesome food. The most successful and reliable of all is the Gail Borden "Eagle" Brand Condensed Milk. You grocer and druggist

LINOLEUMS at prices not to be found in any other store in either city, at Welty's, 120 Federal street, 65,67, 69 and 71 Park

Baby Carriages.

We have about 200. Must be closed out before July 4. The assortment is large, styles the very best. Prices within the reach of all. Look at them before you buy.

JAMES W. GROVE, Fifth avenue.

Linerusta waiton, pressed goods, hand-made goods; also cheap and medium grades, with ceilings, friezes and borders to match, and a full line of wood moldings, at Welty's, 120 Federal street, 65, 67, 69 and 71 Park

way. LEVEL-HEADED men use Iron City beer and stop ice water these warm days. For sale at best bars.

SUMMER waists—50c up.

JOS. HORNE & Co.'s Penn Avenue Stores.

Whew, but It's Hot. the Reystone was a pretty big State with a large variety of products and diversity of interests, and he questioned at James W. Grove's, Fifth avenue.

ALL WIRES GO UNDER The Public Safety Committee Affirm-

atively Recommends

DOING AWAY WITH THE NUISANCE.

A Fireboat, Water Tower and More Firemen Also Agreed To.

PROVISION IS MADE FOR A DIRECTOR

After many weeks of waiting the Con mittee on Public Safety got together yester-day afternoon and acted on several important measures. The unanimous approval of the committee on the ordinance authorizing underground wires, and also on the one providing for the improvement of the Bureau of Fire with a fireboat, water tower and several other features. Twenty-four members were present and with those interested in the two measures there were 33 persons in all. Only about two-thirds of them could find seats in the little room, but they stuck to business for two hours. One member suggested removing to Common Council Cham-ber where everybody could have seats, but

the suggestion came too late. Hereafter all large meetings will be held in one of the If the Councils agree with the committee all telegraph, telephone and electric light wires in the section of the city below Grant street will be removed from the unsightly poles and buried under the street paving in conduits before November 15, 1892. The great net-work of wires will be removed, and not one will be allowed to cross a street.

All the Wires Must Go Under. The first ordinance taken up on this question was one "relating to the occupancy of streets, lanes or alleys by telegraph, telephone and electric light companies." It provides for the placing underground of all provides for the placing underground of all such wires in the downtown section before July 1, 1892. Chief Brown suggested that owing to the delay of the ordinance, which was presented several months ago, the time be extended to November 15, 1892. This was urged by General Manager Metzgar of the telephone company, and was adopted.

Mr. Metzgar—I would ask another amendment also. The ordinance provides for the removal of all poles from the streets. It will be simply impossible for our company to furnish its customers if this is the case. We need at least one pole for every block of houses. The wires could be run up this pole from the conduit and distribute from its top to all the houses in that block. This will be absolutely necessary in most cases. In one to all the houses in that block. This will be absolutely necessary in most cases. In one or two it can be avoided by running the wires up the elevator shafts of high buildings and distributing them from the tops, but ordinarily one pole to each block or square will be needed.

Mr. Russell—Will electric light and telegraph companies also require a pole for each square?

Mr. Metzgar—I can only speak for my own company.

Chief Brown—Companies that have failed Chief Brown—Companies that have failed to send representatives here will have to appeal to Councils for anything they want, provided the ordinance is recommended.

Superintendent Campbell, of the Postal Telegraph-Cable Company, hadbeen occupying a seat in the room and was then invited to give his opinion of the ordinance.

Mr. Campbell—There is a general impression that this thing of putting telegraph wires underground is a very simple matter, but that is wrong. So far as trunk lines are concerned it is a simple enough affair, but when it comes to the district messenger service, private wires and branches, it is simply impossible. In the downtown part of this city there are over 2,000 district messenger call boxes distributed through the various offices and business houses.

It Would Knock Out the Call Boxes.

It Would Knock Out the Call Boxes. The adoption of an ordinance of this kind will simply make it impossible to have mes-senger calls. The reason is that compara-tively few messenger calls are permanent fixtures in offices or stores. A man may want a call box for a month, six months or a want a call box for a month, six months or a year but the trade or custom generally is only transient and it would not pay to run underground wires to them. Another thing, occupants of the downtown business houses are all tenants. If they owned their properties it would pay us to run a line into their buildings. But from these cail boxes 90 per cent of the telegrams of the Pittsburg offices are sent. If you pass this ordinance you place us in the power of the telephone companies. We will be compelled to pay them to collect our messages. And it's the business people of your city who will be inconvenienced. We can put our trunk wires underground, but there are 100 local wires to nd, but there are 100 local wires to

derground, but there are 100 local wires to one trunk wire. Chief Brown—Those hundreds of little local wires are just the ones that interfere with the work of the firemen and make the streets unsightly. They are what we want to get rid of.

Mr. Campbell—It is not right to compel tel-Mr. Campbell—It is not right to compel telegraph, telephone and electric light wires to be put under ground and allow railway wires to remain where they are. It looks like discrimination against the people who were first on the ground, and giving newcomers unfair exemptions from the law. You'll find that the courts will call 'this discrimination, and unless you make your law general you might as well not make it at all. Mr. Lambie—We are not considering the convenience of any company, but the safety of the public. Electric railways will be compelled to put their wires down also as soon pelled to put their wires down also as soon pelled to put their wires down also as soon as it is made practical. I would like to hear from Superintendent Mead, of the Bureau of Electricity.

Mr. Mead-Now is the proper time to have the wires put underground. Developments in electrical science have made such a plan practical and preferable. It will cost more and be inconvenient to the companies, as Mr. Campbell has said, but it is much safer for the public. I have investigated the question thoroughly in cities where the underground system is in use, and find it perfectly feasible.

Passed It Without a Murmur. The ordinance as amended was then affirm

tively recommended. Another ordinance was then taken up which relates to the renoval of poles and restricts the construction of the condults or subways for underground wires to certain limits, provides that detailed plans must be submitted to the approval of the Chief or Committee of Public Works, and fixes penalties for violations. It was amended to allow an extension of the

was amended to allow an extension of the time limit until November 15, 1892, and also requiring that the city's electric wires must be allowed a place in the underground conduits of companies who enjoy such franchises. In this shape it was recommended to Councils.

The ordinance relative to the fireboat and water tower in the first section authorizes Chief Brown as soon as practicable after February 1, 1892, to purchase for the use of the Bureau of Fire a water tower, a fireboat, four first size steam fire engines, two hose carriages and a lot of ground within the territory embraced in the first five wards for the erection of an additional engine and water tower house.

the erection of an additional engine and water tower house.

The second section provides for the appointment of a Fire Director at a salary of \$3,000 per annum, and the third section authorizes the appointment of 50 additional men to the fire department, as many as may be required to be employed on the water tower, fire boat and the four new steam fire engines, and the balance to be distributed among the other existing companies according to the judgment of the chief, and all to be paid at the same rates as all firemen are now paid. In the final section of the ordinance the City Councils are required to provide in the next appropriation ordinance for sufficient money to pay for the new apparatus and salaries, and for the erection of an engine and water tower house on the lot previously mentioned.

My L. T. Recovery move to affirmatively. reviously mentioned.

Mr. L. T. Brown—I move to affirmatively ecommend the ordinance. It is a good one and its provisions are demanded by the except.

Chief Brown was questioned about the Chief Brown was questioned about the cost of the new apparatus.
Chief Brown—The first-class fire engines will cost something near \$5,000 each. The water tower will cost \$3,500, two new lose carriages \$1,500, a fireboat \$35,000, and the 50 additional firemen \$45,000 a year. The whole expense will be about \$105,000 additional for the first year, exclusive of the lot of ground, upon which I could not give anything like accurate figures.

ccurate figures. Fire Boats Can Work at Any Time. In answer to a question as to the impracticability of a fireboat in the winter season, Mr. Brown said that by observation there had been but 12 days during the past three years when it would have been impossible years when it would have been impossible to operate a fireboat in the Pittsburg harbor on account of the ice. The style of boat desired would not draw more than 28 inches of water, and in the dry summer season, since the Davis Island dam has been built, such a boat could go almost snywhere within the city limits. As to the increase of the number of men to the fire companies, Mr. Brown said he had satisfied himself that nine men, as at present, was an insufficient number to man an engine, hose carriage, attend to horses and run hose lines. When a line of hose was under pressure it required eight or ten men to handle it with any kind of speed, whereas there were only five to do the work, and there was generally one man from each company off duty, reducing the hosemen to four. There should be, he thought, at least II men to a company, and that number were allowed in other large cities, where the necessity was not as great for them as here.

Chairman Lambie, speaking in support of the ordinance, said he had given the matter considerable thought and mad conversed with a great many people about it, and he felt satisfied that there was a well-grounded desire for a general improvement of the fire service at any cost.

MET ON THE QUIET.

The Fourth Annual Convention of Steam Fitters Adjourn Before

desire for a general improvement of the fire service at any cost.

After some further discussion and questioning the ordinance was affirmatively recommended.

The ordinance providing for the creation and distribution of a fund for the care, maintenance and relief of aged and disabled policemen, the contents of which were recently published, was next taken up, and after a few amendments of minor importance was also affirmatively recommended by an unanimous vote. Fight Looked for on the Extras in the

REMEMBERS THE DAY.

Dr. Nardyz Entertains in Honor of an Im portant Day in His Calendar.

Dr. and Mrs. M. L. Nardyz entertained s select party of friends at dinner last evening. The occasion was the anniversary of their wedding day, and it was also the anniversary of the Battle of Solferino, 1859, and also one of Monzday's lively fighting during the Siege of Paris, 1870. On both of thes days Dr. Nardyz was severely wounded, days Dr. Nardyz was severely wounded, and only rescued from death by the timely aid of a comrade. St. John's Day has been since the doctor's jour du saint, and he never fails in remembering it.

The dinner was very elaborate and included courses of wine from sunny mountain sides of the Doctor's native Italy. The affair partook still more of a congratulatory nature because of the presence of Mrs. Hitchcock, daughter of Dr. Nardyz, who on Tuesday was wedded to Mr. Raymond Hitchcock, of Philadelphia.

THREE SERIOUS FALLS.

One Man Drops Dead From His Wagon and

Two Others Break a Leg. One death and two broken legs resulted rom accidents yesterday, as follows: Bonn-William Born, aged 50 years, a rag peddler living at 56 Forward avenue, fell from his wagon yesterday afternoon on the road near his home and died before anyone reached him. It is supposed apoplexy was the cause of death. The deceased leaves a wife. The Coroner will hold an inquest to-

whe. The Coroner will hold an inquest today.

Finn—Patrick Finn, a laborer employed at the Eliza Blast Furnace, fell off a trestle last night and broke his right leg at the ankle.

Wilcott—Jerry Wilcott fell on the pavement at Forty-first street last evening and broke his left leg. He was removed to his home, on Clay alley.

PARK PURCHASES LEGAL.

Governor Pattison Signs the Bill Which Puts Pittsburg Straight. The park bill authorizing the purchase of land by cities of the State for park purposes, and the improvement and maintenance thereof, was approved by the Governor yesthereon, was appropriate the purchase of the purchase of additions to Schenley park beyond question. Some claims had been made that the purchase was contrary to law.

Temperance People in Line The Prohibitionists have made every effort to make their convention in Lafayette Hall to-day a success. Among those expected from abroad are National Secretary John Lloyd Thomas, State Chairman H. D. Patton, John D. Gill, late candidate of the party for Governor; Andrew Brown, of Fayette county, who is spoken of as the probable nominee for State Treasurer, and L. C. Wick, Chairman of the Butler County Committee.

Will Join the United Presbyterians. The congregation of the Allegheny Cove nanter Church met last evening in the U. P. seminary and appointed a committee to go to the meeting of the Allegheny Presbytery of the U. P. Church, to be held on next Tues-day at De Haven. They will present a peti-tion signed by 127 members of the Covenan-ter Church requesting admittance to the U. P. fold.

The committee appointed to look for a site for the temporary location of the Pittsburg Female College will not decide on a place until next week, but Dr. Norcross states that the school will be ready for business in the

Rooms With Power and Light to Rent. The attention of parties using power for light manufacturing business, and also wishing a central location, together with the conveniences of front offices, passenger and freight elevator service and electric light furnished by the lessors, is directed to

the building, 75, 77, 79 Diamond street.

There is now for rent on these premises to desirable tenants a large area on the sixth floor, lighted on all sides and from a central area also; the whole of the fifth floor, being a space 60 feet by nearly 100, also splendid-ly lighted in every part; and two rooms on the second floor, sizes 30x20 and 18x18—both excellent for work rooms and offices com-

Power on these premises supplied with electric light included in the rental. Apply to John T. Shields, Dispatch building, corner Diamond and Smithfield, second

Germania Savings Bank. Until the reconstruction of its building recently destroyed by fire, they are temporarily located at No. 7 Sixth avenue, corner of Wood street. 4 per cent interest paid on time deposits.

Bank open from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. TTSu JAMES W. GROVE, agent for Columbia bicycles. Why pay \$135 for an inferior ar-ticle when you can buy the best for the same price? Our wheels take the lead in easy running, quality and workmanship. Full line all the best makes for boys,

misses, men and women. Get our price be fore you buy.

Awnings-We can save you money. Jos. Horne & Co.'s Penn Avenue Stores.

LACE CURTAINS at any price you may want, at Welty's, 120 Federal street, 65, 67, B. & B. Brocade black silk grenadines-50c ones Boggs & Buhl.

BABY carriages, about 200 cheap, medium and fine, to be closed out before July 4. You'll save money by taking advantage of this lot. They must go if prices will do it.

JAMES W. GROVE, Fifth ave.

HAMMOCKS-the best-\$5 and ur JOS. HORNE & Co.'s Penn Avenue Stores.

MILLIONS of rolls wall paper to be sold at a price, at Welty's, 120 Federal street, 65, 67, 69 and 71 Park way. Zephyrines-32-inch-10 cents.

Boggs & Buhl THE drink for warm weather is Iron City Brewing Company's beer. All first-class saloons keep it.

Would You Like to Know Where you can get the most as well as the best for your money? Try James W. Grove, Fifth avenue. If you want a bievele. tricycle, velocipede, wagon, lawn swing, tennis racquet, croquet set, baby carriage, trunk, bag, fireworks, hammock or any-thing in that line, you'll be satisfied.

WIND enough to sail the Puritan-fans from 3c up—thousands o' them.

Jos. Horne & Co.'s Penn Avenue Stores. AFTER a sleepless night use Angostura Bitters to tone your system. All druggists.

Amalgamated Scale. NO REPLY TO P. J. M'GUIRE'S LETTER

The fourth annual convention of the National Steam Fitters and Steam Fitters Helpers' Association closed yesterday afternoon after being in session for three days. The meetings were held in a hall at the cor-ner of Market and Water streets, but so much secrecy was courted that their pres-ence in the city was not known outside of their own craft until yesterday. There were some 25 or 20 delegates present

rom the principal cities in the United States where the organization is represented, and the business of the session was largely of a routine character of interest only to the membership. The reports of the officers were very encouraging to the mem-bership. They showed that there were no trade disputes in existence anywhere. The organization is building up rapidly and especially in New York, Chicago, Boston and Philadelphia, where there is the greatest amount of business done in this be of industry.

Shorter Hours Were Discussed. The question of shorter hours was a matter that occupied a great deal of time during the session. The association has succeeded in securing an agreement with their em-ployers to discuss the eight-hour question, although no demands have been made upon although no demands have been made upon them. There are other irregularities that the men want arranged before taking up the shorter hours with too much vigor. The question of wages was considered and \$3.50 fixed as the uniform rate for a day's work. A resolution was passed indorsing the eight-hour strike in Pittsburg and pledging the moral support of the steamfitters to the strikers.

The following officers were elected yesterday for the ensuing year: H. H. Campbell, Philadelphia, President; J. P. McGrath, Detroit, Vice President; E. F. Harrison, Brooklyn, Secretary-Treasurer; John Manyon, Chicago; P. J. Duff, Bridgeport; S. M. Paul, Philadelphia, T. J. David, New York, and John Fallon, St. Louis, Executive Board.

All Local Unions Are Represented.

All Local Unions Are Represented. It was decided to hold the next conver tion in Detroit. Before leaving last night, Secretary Harrison, who succeeds B. E. Stone, of Massachusetts, in that position, said: "Our organization com-prises all local unions of the trade prises all local unions of the trade in every part of the country and we have succeeded in making the association of value not only to ourselves, but to the employers as well. Our motto is mutual protection, education and co-operation. We protect our employers' interests by doing our work faithfully; we protect ourselves against unfair competition and incompetent workmen; we educate our mechanics in regard to the power and force of steam, that they may be better fitted to perform their duties, and we co-operate with all kindred organizations, that our strength may be increased."

NO ANSWER FOR M'GUIRE.

Contractors Totally Ignore the Secretary Proposition. The striking carpenters were busy yester day preparing to take contracts. They say their fight will be conducted on an entirely

different basis from this on. They want the public to know that they are prepared to take all kinds of contracts, and Mr. Kent, representing the new Union Supply Company and the Construction Company, will be found at the headquarters, 537 Smithfield treet, for this purpose.

Mr. McGuire's letter containing the two

Mr. McGuire's lêtter containing the two propositions for a compromised id not secure a response from the contractors. No reply will be made to it. President Barnes, of the Builders' Exchange, said yesterday: "While I have nothing to do with this conference, I am sure Mr. McGuire will receive no reply from the master builders. If his letter has had the effect of exciting public sympathy, the public has more confidence in him than it has in us, that's all, And when a man—well. I—well, I know we have nothing to say to Mr. McGuire."

The usual number of claims, correspondingly varied, were given out yesterday by both sides, and each seemed equally confi-

both sides, and each security and cont of success.

In regard to the new structural company, Agent Snyder said: "Our company will be composed of men who are not only mechanics, but who are capable of carrying on a contracting business. We have been promached to the contracting business. We have been promached and we will pay the a contracting business. We have been prom-ised plenty of contracts, and we will pay the wages now demanded of the master build-

TROUBLE IS LOOKED FOR.

Manufacturers Decline to Accept the New Amalgamated Scale. As predicted in THE DISPATCH a few days ago, the nine-hour clause in the amalgathe way of an amicable settlement. The manufacturers have as yet failed to sign the new scale and the old one expires next

new scale and the old one expires next week.

A committee consisting of D. B. Oliver, James M. Bailey, James McCutcheon, Sr., B. Everson, G. M. Laughlin, A. W. Painter, J. W. Friend, Frank Richardson and John Moorhead, went to the amalgamated convention yesterday and asked for the courtesies of the convention to explain their position on the new clauses in the scale. They were heard, but it is thought their pleas had not the desired effect on the delegates, as there was no inclination manifested on their part to change either the nine-hour clause or the extras on puddling. It is thought now there will be some trouble before the matter is settled.

The convention will not adjourn until tomorrow. The committee on officers' reports has not yet reported and it will take a day to dispose of its report. The election of officers will consume some time, and it is possible that part of Saturday will be consumed in winding up the business.

in winding up the business Tank Furnaces Closed.

The large tank furnaces of the Chamber McKee Glass Works at Jeannette close down for the senson Tuesday night. Twelve hundred men, many of whom are South-siders, are now ready for a big excursion season, as the next fire will be somewhat later than in previous years, on account of the depression in so many kinds of business

A Slight Distinction.

John G. Mowry, Corresponding Secretary of the Granite Cutters' Union, stated vesterday that the men did not demand William T. Hamilton's discharge from the employ of Samuel Young, but that they had told the latter they could not work with non-union men. A cross suit has been entered against Campbell for conspiracy.

The Largest on Record. One of the big blowers at the factory of R. C. Schmertz & Co., Limited, made the other day rollers 521/4x83/4 in size. This is the largest glass on record outside of plate glass and no doubt will be exhibited at the World's Fair.

Columbia Bicycles. Nothing made to equal them in beauty, strength and easy running. Buy a Columbia, and know you have the best bicycle made.

JAMES W. GROVE, Sole Agent, this territory.

TWENTY THOUSAND shades at a price, at Welty's, 120 Federal street, 65, 67, 69 and 71 Park way. TTS CLOSING out parasols—\$1 25 up—half price. Jos. Horne & Co.'s

Penn Avenue Stores. JUNE, July and August are the beer months. The Iron City Brewing Company's beer has the call everywhere. B. & B.

Handsome syles—handsome colorings, 24-inch black ground Indias, 75 cts. Boggs & BUHL.

JAP folding fans, 3c.

JOS. HORNE & Co.'s

Penn Avenue Stores. WE are headquarters for bicycles, tri WE are headquarters for bicycles, tricycles, velocipedes, baby carriages, tennis,
croquet, lawn swings, Fourth of July goods
of every description. In prices we acknowledge no competition.

J. W. GBOVE, Fifth avenue. CAUGHT BY A PHOTOGRAPH.

Sergeant Metz Arrests a Young Girl Who Ran Away From Her Parents Barbara Ryan, a 15-year-old girl of Kincaid street, Nineteenth ward, was arrested by Sergeant Metz, of Central station, at 11 o'clock last night. The girl disappeared from her home over a week ago and the pafrom her home over a week ago and the parents had her picture sent to the different police stations in hopes of some of the officers finding her. Sergeant was walking along Smithfield street last night when he caught sight of the girl, whose face he remembered from the picture.

At the station she said she had been living with Mrs. Brown, on Federal street, since she ran away, but would give no further account of her actions.

1891.

NEW FORMS OF INSURANCE.

Protection Against Financial Losses of All Kinds Assured. The American Casualty Insurance and Security Company of Baltimore City has been organized by prominent manufacturers, bankers and business men throughout the United States, with a corporate capacity to afford all the protection which the extensive development of commercial or manufactur-ing interests may demand.

The paid-up cash capital of the company amounts to the sum of \$1,000,000, with a surplus of \$571,377, which constitutes it the largest and strongest of its class now doing This company affords by one policy under a combination contract various features of insurance hitherto undertaken by several

companies under separate policies, includ-ing also original and important forms of protection never before offered to the pubbest representatives would not be selected. They would be a lot of muttonheads who lic. Some of its provisions are as follows:
First—Employers' Liability Clause—The
object of this insurance is to cover employers against liability for losses consequent upon casualties happening to persons em-ployed by them. The advantages of such nsurance are manifold.

Second-Contribution Clause-An tirely original plan of insurance adopted by the trief original plan of insurance adopted by this company and copyrighted by the man-agement, to harmonize and cement the mu-tual relations existing between employer and employe, in that full indemnity is furaccidental death or whether the employer is liable or not liable for such accidents, according to the terms and provisions of the form of insurance best adapted to the particular circumstance of each insurer. The benefits of contribution insurance are too numerous to mention

"I claim that when the ballots were numbered that it was a wise provision and avoided all the hypocrisy about voting which the Australian system covers up. In order to change the voting system it is not necessary to call a convention."

Ex-Governor Beaver was at the Union depot last evening, going home from the Washington and Jefferson College commencement. Speaking of Governor Pattison's vetoes, Mr. Beaver said: "When I was Governor I never turned down a bill because I would have voted against it, if I had been in the Legislature. If I thought a measure was unconstitutional, against public policy, or there was a loud dissent from it, or there weren't funds enough to pay an appropriation, I used the veto, and for no other cause. I never set up my judgment against the Legislature, and never felt that such a prerogative was my right. Governor Pattison believes that if he can furnish reasons for a veto he is justified, and he is honest in his opinion. I do not think that he seeks for causes to veto rather than hunt for the good points in a bill. I was opposed to the Constitutional Convention, but now that the measure has passed the Legislature I will vote for it; though I think it is uscless. In my section of the State we are not booming anybody for State Treasurer, but if a Western man like Mr. Price, of Erie, is chosen for Auditor General, the other nomine will come from the East and vice versa. Third-Public Liability Clause-The purpose of this insurance is to protect the in-sured against liability claims for accidental injury or death to persons other than those in his employ from any cause happening upon his premises or elsewhere. This insurance will furnish indemnity for injuries caused by horses and vehicles, the careless acts of employes, the defective construction of buildings, and numerous other sources of danger which may arise in various ways, which the observance of every possible pre-caution cannot foresee or prevent; neverthe-less the strict terms of the law clearly estab-lish liability for heavy consequential damchosen for Auditor General, the other nomi-nee will come from the East and vice versa. The Republican party in the State is united and pulling together. The loss of the Governship was a personal matter."

Fourth-Boiler Explosion and General Casualty Clause—Insuring against all direct loss (excepting by fire) to the property, real and personal, of the assured, and property of other persons for which the assured is liable, caused by the explosion or rupture of steam boilers, tanks, vats, extractors, rotaries, digestors or bi-operators, including also any and every accident (excepting fire to the engines, pumps, steam pipes, ele-vators, shafting, belting, hangers and pulleys. This is a highly-important feature of this

kind of insurance.

For full explanations of the methods of business adopted by the American Casualty Insurance Company, call on or address J. W. Arrott, General Agent, 533 Wood street, own pockets, but the next Legislature would rectify the evil, as it was a bad precedent to set.

A meeting of the Young Men's Republican Tariff Club will be held at 7:30 to-morrow evening. Among other matters of interest a committee from the Thirtieth Ward Republican Club, of Philadelphia, will be present to present resolutions and testimonials from their organization. Some distinguished speakers will be on hand.

Chairman H. P. Ford stated yesterday that he had called a meeting of the County Republican Committee for 1 o'clock Saturday Pittsburg, Pa.

EXCURSION TO ATLANTIC CITY

Via the Picturesque B. & O. R. R. On Thursday, July 2, 1891, via Washington, D. C., Baltimore and Philadelphia. Excur-D. C., Baltimore and Philadelphia. Excursion tickets for the round trip ten dollars (\$10), tickets good for 10 days, and good to stop at Washington city returning. Special trains with Pullman parlor and sleeping cars and day coaches will leave B. & O. depot, Pittsburg, at 8:15 A. M. and 9:20 P. M. E. D. SMITH,

Division Passenger Agent, Pittsburg, Pa.

Excursion to the Ocean. The B. & O. R. R. will run their first ex cursion to Atlantic City on Thursday, July 2, via Washington, Baltimore and Phila-delphia. Special trains of day coaches and Pullman parlor and sleeping cars will leave Pittsburg at 8:15 A. M. and 9:20 P. M. Bate ten dollars (\$10) the round trip; tickets good for 10 days, and good to stop at Washington city returning. This will afford excursionists an opportunity of spending Fourth of July on the seacoast.

with chintz colorings. These are very hand-some imported cotton dress fabric, and as READ our large advertisement in this pa-per calling attention to the auction sale of 249 Millvale Terrace lots, on Saturday, June 37%c, they will go quick at 25c. 27, 1891. The chance of a lifetime to secure a good lot at your own price.
STRAUB & MORRIS.

REAL ESTATE SAVINGS BANK, LIM. thfield Street, Cor. Fourth Avenu

Capital, \$100,000. Surplus, \$69,000. Deposits of \$1 and upward received and interest allowed at 4 per cent. FLINT GLASSWORKER Excursion Via the Pittsburg and Lake Eric

Railway to Annual Picnic at Beaver, June 29. Round trip rate from Pittsburg, 65 cents. Trains leave Lake Erie station at 7:00, 7:30, 8:15, 9:55 and 11:45 A. M., Central time. Tickets good returning until June 30.

BARGAIN LIST NO. 5.

Pianos, \$125. Organs, \$20 We have accummulated a lot of secondhand pianos and organs, They must be sold for want of room. Don't miss this oppor-

New England Organ..... Burdette Organ..... Estey Organ.
Clough & Warren Organ.
LECHNER & SCHOENBERGER,
On With avenue

General Agents for Kranjeh & Bach, Ivers & Pond, Stultz & Bauer, and Jas. M. Starr & Co pianos and Miller Organs. Thsu

Horses and Mules. One hundred head of horses and mules all sizes, have just arrived at the Arnheim Live Stock Company, Limited, stables, 52 Second avenue, Pittsburg, Pa. Among the horses are several matched teams of draught horses of the Norman breed suitable for general purposes; several saddlers, drivers and family barouch horses; mules, all sizes, from 4 feet to 17 hands, some of which are well mated, several pairs weighing 2,600 pounds. We can sell our stock for less money and give better satisfaction than anyone on the market. We guarantee to save you from \$15 to \$40 per head. Give us a call and see for yourself.

B. & B. New black ground Indias, so scarce and 24-inch at 75e. Boogs & Buhl. 32-inch at \$1 25.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething gives quiet, helpful rest. IF you wish to keep cool drink Iron City Brewing Company's beer.

Constitutional Convention.

BEST PEOPLE NOT INTERESTED.

Ex-Governor Beaver Hints That Pattison Is

Too Free With the Veto.

LEGISLATORS BADLY OUT OF POCKET

"I wish THE DISPATCH with all its influence

He still lingers at the Schlosse

would oppose the Constitutional Conven-tion," said Colonel Thomas M. Bayne yester-

before he goes abroad. "Such a gathering at this time would be very

dangerous. Conventions of this kind are

only called when the people are greatly

stirred up over public abuses, and then they send the best people to represent them. When the last Constitutional Convention was held the voters felt that it was time to

check the evil of special legislation and to

limit the taxing power of municipalities, so

that if the sum to be raised should exceed

certain amount it would have to be sub-

mitted to a direct vote of the people. These were evils that had to be corrected, but

othing will be gained by another conven-

"If such a gathering were held this year the

would tamper with the Constitution, and

nobody knows where they would stop. The

risk is too great. Within the last few years

a number of queer isms in politics have arisen, and the best thinking people admit they are not good.

The Old System Is Good Enough.

"I claim that when the ballots were num

pered that it was a wise provision and

They Are Down on Pattison.

J. S. Fruit, of Sharon, chairman of the Appropriation Committee, went East

the Appropriation Committee, went East last night. Representative W. T. Marshall, of Allegheny, met him at the depot and they naturally expressed their disgust of Governor Pattison for vetoing the expenses of the Appropriation Committee. Mr. Marshall said they acted according to Mr. Pattison's instructions and with his approval, and it is strange that he should dump them in this fashion. The members paid the hotel bills out of their own pockets, but the next Legislature would rectify the evil, as it was a bad precedent to set.

BIBER & EASTON.

NOTE A FEW OF

MANY

GENUINE BARGAINS.

THIN AND COOL, 25c A YARD.

Pineapple Organdies in black grounds

they have been considered good value at

CHALLIES.

THESE ARE BARGAINS.

H. S. embroidered Handkerchiefs at 18c. All linen, unlaundered Handkerchiefs

Gents' all linen H. S. Handkerchiefs at 15c.

Gents' H. S. fancy border Handkerchiefs

Chiffon Ruffling in white, black and full

line of colors, 50c to \$L. No. 1 ribbons in all

shades to match dress goods just received

BOYS' WAISTS.

Seamless Waists for children, 3 to 12 years,

These Waists combine durability with per-

Ladies' French Balbriggan Underwear,

TWO GLOVE BARGAINS.

New Windsor Ties for ladies and children,

25c and 375c.

A very full line of Baby Caps, in white and

BIBER & EASTON,

505 AND 507 MARKET ST. je21-surrs

U. & S.

SUMMER UNDERWEAR.

Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Vests, in Cotton, Lisle and Silk, from 25c to \$5.

ULRICH & SPENCER.

Specialties in

HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR

For Men, Women and Children.

642 PENN AVE.

BARTLETT Wrought Steel Ranges.

Cinderella Ranges and Stoves.
Send for catalogue. Estimates furnished
J. C. BARTLETT,
api8-rrs 203 Wood st., Pittsburg.

Warm Air Furnace

Open Saturday Evenings.

Boys' Seersucker Pleated Waists, 35c.

Boys' Flannel Waists, 50c, 75c, \$1. Boys' "Star" fancy and white Waists, in

with ribbed arm, a real bargain, 50c.

4-button Kid Gloves at 65c.

black lawns, from 25c to \$2

4-button Suede Gloves at 75c.

almost endless variety, at June prices,

Very choice new patterns at 5c.

at 25c.

at 25c.

at 30c to 48c.

fect ease and comfort.

tion now, and I feel sure the people will de

clare against it.

TOO MUCH AT STAKE.

afternoon. A chairman, vice chairman and secretary are to be elected, and other business are supported by the companitation of the executive committee to tire the people on the judge-ship fight.

The Leading

PAINTED feather fans 50e-worth \$1. JOS. HORNE & Co.'s Penn Avenue Stores,

Thursday, June 25, 1891, JOS. HORNE & CO.'S

Pittsburg, Pa.,

PENN AVENUE STORES.

More about Ladies' Summer Waists. Thousands here to meet the great demand. The best values offered anywhere. Material and making would cost you much more. Prices regularly would be a great deal higher. It's economy to take advantage of these low prices and a guarantee of satisfaction to buy from such an un-

SUMMER

Shirt and Norfolk WAISTS.

(On first floor front Cloak Room). AT soc: More of those fine American Cam-

bric Waists at 50c—the best Waist ever offered for the money.

A special value in Pleated American Cambric Shirt Waists at 75c. worth easily a fourth or third more

The many times replenished line

Flannel Norfolk Waists, the select

of Percale Waists-we take the maker's output-at \$1-worth \$1 50 AT \$2 to \$4:

styles, made the best and of the best materials to be found in any similar line of Waists.

AT \$2 50 AND \$3: Cheviot Shirt Waists, in all the bright, pretty stripes common to this class of goods, and the choicest of the styles only here-prices

A big bargain in a Plain White Silk Shirt Waist, Such a Waist for \$4 was never before offered.

Black Japanese Silk Blouse Waists at \$5, and Stripe Wash Silk Shirt Waists and Stripe Wash Silk Nor-

ore than the quality commonly offered at this price,

> A new line of Colored India Silk sts, in black, navy, car dinal, salmon, pink and cream white-just the right line of shades to please-\$6.

folk Waists at \$5-all are much

A full line of Summer Blouse Waists in the Ladies' Muslin Underwear Department and on the center table-from the bargain 50c Lawn upward.

Summer Dresses

In Gingham and White French Muslin, plain made or tastefully trimmed with lace and embroidery.

Ginghams, \$5 and up. French Muslin, \$4 and up.

Cheap Summer Wrappers 26-inch Challies now 10c. 36-inch Challies in choice French coloring Better values than were ever offered and design, 12½c.
Cashmere India, a very handsome printed cotton dress fabric, at 12½c. These are twilled, very soft and light weight. in this line of goods-a very large

special purchase just opened to-day: Calico Wrappers at 75c. Calico Wrappers at \$1 and \$1 25. Gingham Wrappers at \$1 50. Cotton Challis Wrappers at \$1 50. Printed Batiste Wrappers at \$2 50

JOS. HORNE & CO.,

609-621 PENN AVE.

SPECIAL BARGAINS -PRIOR TO-

STOCKTAKING. Carpets and Curtains

> Body Brussels Carpets, Tap. Brussels Carpets, Ingrain Carpets. Rag and Cottage Carpets, Rugs, Curtains,

Linoleums, etc., All to Go at 15 to 25 Per Cent Less Than Regular Prices.

We will have an immense stock of goods oming in in a few days, and room must be made for it.

EDWARD GROETZINGER,

627 and 629 Penn Avenue.

We will begin taking stock on the 1st of July, and prior to that time will offer special bargains in every department. Boyal Wilton Carpets, Axminster Carpets, Moquette Carpets,