[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

sanctification, and while we are glad and have the faith, we cannot devote all of the time praying for them."

Everybody in attendance was talking of Charles H. Weeks' marvelous cure of a peculiar nervous trouble that is said to have baffled the Cook County Hospital physicians

ORATOR DEPEW IN COURT.

WEALTHY RAILROAD DIRECTORS

FORCED TO FACE A JURY.

They Are Being Tried on a Criminal Charge

for Allowing the Use of the Wrong Kind

of Apparatus-Four Widows Watching

pipe.
Mr. Tuttle was recalled and said that he

law.

It was said that Judge Van Brunt contemplates leaving for Europe on Saturday if the case is concluded. He and Mr. Depew may possibly travel by the same steamer.

Among the spectators in court to-day were four women, who, it was said, were widows of the victims of the collision of February 20.

TERRORIZED BY BANDITS.

RULED BY ROBBERS.

Princes-Farmers Under Arms. [SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. ]

Unionrows, June 23.—There is more trouble in Georges township with the notorious ing west about the same distance, Frank Cooley, his brother Jack, and several other members of the same gang, have ruled as tyrannically as any old country despot. A gentleman who recently visited that locality says the people are completely cowed, and fear to even mention the names of the gang for fear of terrible retribution. In every household there is a revolver lying within reach, and there is no telling when it may be needed. Even the women are accustoming themselves to use firearms, and are never known to travel any distance at night.

"The gang is very large, and has its friends scattered all over the neighborhood, always reporting when there is any danger is sight. The Cooley family numbers by of whom eight are boys. There is now a reward of \$100 offered for the arrest of the leader of the gang, Frank Cooley, who is wanted for torturing old Miss Rose, of Smithfield, two years ago, in an attempt to get her money. He was sentenced to a term in the penitentiary, but

since, but he has always been warned in time to escape.

The very latest work attributed to the gang is the burning of Charlie Ewing's new house at Smithfield. He was reported to have said something about the gang, and his house was immediately set on fire. Last week the little Presbyterian Church at the foot of the mountain at Hydetown was broken into by the gang, and the new church carpet stolen. The people are enraged at this sacrilege, but fear to take any steps to bring the perpetrators to justice.

The gang lives high, as hardly a day passes in which someone is not held up or a nousewife robbed of her garden truck, or anything the desperadoes take a fancy to. The residents and farmers there have become so used to the gang appearing at their

PROF. KING ON THE STAND.

The Pittsburg Elocutionist Gives Testimony in the Marlatt Trial.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) Youngstown, June 23.—In the Marlatt mur-der case the first witness called by the State to-day in rebuttal was Prof. Byron W. King the well-known elocutionist, of Pittsburg, who testified that Marlatt came to him to be cured of stammering, and that he prescribed a course he should pursue, extending through a year. The witness stated that he through a year. The witness stated that he observed nothing peculiar in the actions of Mariatt, and believed him to be sane.

A number of neighbors living near Marlatt testified that they believed him sane. Samuel Nye, a member of New Lisbon grand jury which indicted Marlat for murder, testified that his mother said to the grand jury that "She never noticed any insanity in Ira until the murder, and that there was no insanity in the family."

COIN IN THE TREASURY.

It Is Much Less Than It Has Been for Sev . eral Years. WASHINGTON, June 23 .- A statement pre pared at the Treasury Department shows that the net gold in the Treasury, coin and

that the net gold in the Treasury, coin and bullion, on the 20th inst., was \$121,333,339 or \$11,873,824 less than was held on the 1st inst., and \$63,839,655 less than was in the Treasury June 1,1820.

The statement only goes back to Janu-ary, 1888, at which time the net gold in the Treasury amounted to \$202,335,184 or \$81,621,-845 more than at present. The gold holdings were greatest in March, 1880, when they were \$213,818,233.

the Department. [FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.] WASHINGTON, June 23.-The following Pennsylvania postoffices have been selected

for promotion to money order offices, the order to take effect July 6, 1891: Mahoning town and Mount Jackson, Lawrence county, and Drifton as an international money order office. In West Virginia, St. Joseph, Marshall

PREPARATIONS PROGRESSING

WASHINGTON, June 23 .- A telegram re Arrangements for the Fourth of July cele bration at Schenley Park have nearly all been completed, and there is little left to be done except the erection of stands, staking off grounds, etc., at the park, and Chief Bigelow is having that work done now. More money is needed. There is some talk of having a sham battle between the Fourteenth and Eighteenth Regiments, but no official action has been taken.

A Jolly Dog.

gents' claims of regularity in their contest against the President of Chile and the present Congress. The insurgents claim to be acting under authority of a delegation of the late Congress and the manifesto of the present Congress declares such delegation non-existent, because, as alleged, the late Congress never delegated its power, and that had it done so the act would have been unconstitutional, and had it not been unconstitutional such action could not exceed the life of the late Congress which closed May 31st last.

BELLE BILTON AGAIN.

FORMER LOVER OBLIGED TO PAY

Wife of the Earl of Clancarty, the

British Peer, On More Incidentally in

THE COUNTESS BILLS.

for divorce brought against Lady Du.

and who has for a long time been known as

an ardent admirer of the music hall star;

was liable for \$245 due for fodder supplied to

the horse of Lady Dunlo under his (Wert-

HENRY CAMPBELL'S LIBEL SUIT.

etters Bearing the Plaintiff's Signature in

Mrs. O'Shea's Handwriting. Conk, June 23.—The action for libel brought by Henry Campbell, member of

Parliament for South Fermanagh, and private secretary to Mr. Parnell, against Alder-

heimer's) name.

the European Missions.

A BRITISH CONSUL'S COOLNESS.

Backed by the Native Authorities, Prevents a Great Massacre.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 23.-Chinese letters just received give an account of the Wuhu riots. It had been reported for several days that a mob of Chinese had determined to loot and burn the property of the Jesuits at Wuhu, owing to the rumor that a number of Chinese children had been killed and their eyes taken out to make medicine for the

mob of Chinese gathered about the premises of the priests and broke through the walls, eventually setting fire to the cathedral and the other buildings after driving out the missionaries and pillaging the place. A mob then proceeded to the English consulate and destroyed considerable property by throw-ing stones. The arrival of Taoti, a local magistrate, and the coolness of the British consul, alone saved the buildings from being set on fire. The consul and wife escaped

set on fire. The consul and wife escaped from the mob by dressing in Chinese costume and, hurrying to the Custom House, embarked with the other foreign residents on the Chinese Navigation Company's receiving ship.

On May 19, the German gunboat Iltia arrived, and Captain Ascher lent his influence to secure protection for the missionaries. Placards, however, had been posted by the rioters announcing that the mission buildings would be destroyed on Friday. May 22. Placards also had been posted in the French quarter of Shanghai, threatening the foreigners.

A number of foreigners, headed by the Anumor of foreigners, heated by the Consul, armed themselves and passed the night at the Custom House, and, assisted by Taoti, repelled the mob, who twice during the night made an attempt to loot and set fire to the Custom House and residences of the foreign officials.

Chinese Gunboats to the Rescue.

Next morning a crowd again set fire to the Custom House and surrounding build-ings, but the custom's staff, fully armed, charged the natives and again put out the fires. In the afternoon three Chinese gun-

charged the natives and again put out the fires. In the afternoon three Chinese gunboats, which were escorting Shen Ping Cheng, the Governor of Ashui, up the river, arrived on the scene and, learning of the riot, began to fire blank cartridges, which had the effect of frightening the mob.

Some 20 soldiers arrived from Talping Fu, and these lent additional protection to the foreign residents. The mob did not make any demonstrations against the Methodist Episcopal (American) mission, but, advised by the British Consul, missionaries from that point also embarked on the Tehsing, which brought them, together with the ladies and children of Wuhu, to Shanghai. At Chian King, the priests who escaped from the Wuhu in a boat were picked up.

There was only one British man-of-war on the North China station at the time of the riot, and this one, the gunboat Linnett, was near Woosung, but it was sent for and proceeded to Wuhu. On May 16, four days after the Wuhu riots, the natives of Nganking made an attack on the Roman Catholic mission there, rumor having reached them that Taota, of Wuhu, had forwarded a dispatch to the authorities decinaring that the alleged deeds of the missionaries were true. The priests succeeded in the priests succeeded in the priests who the catholic mission was not the only one attacked, for a crowd fully large made a descent upon the inland mission near North Gate, but the Chinese authorities arrived in time to prevent any serious damage.

Native Women Reclaim Their Children.

Native Women Reclaim Their Children The crowd lingered about the mission during the next two days, and the native omen came to the orphanage to reclaim seir children who were left there. A French man-of-war was sent for and arrived on the 18th. Captain de Jonquieres informed the Governor of Nganking that if the rioters did not obey the mandates of the mandarins he

not obey the mandates of the mandarins he would not hesitate to take strong measures. The Governor responded that order would be maintained.

Some of the Gaelic's passengers brought the information that the natives of Canton had again broken out ugainst the missionaries in the burned mission situated on the banks of one of the rivers in the province, and put to death all those connected therewith. Just before the Gaelic left, it is stated, four of those murderers were put to death. our of those murderers were put to death. Cases of abduction and murder are become ing numerous, several men and women have been enticed beyond the borders of Canton and held for ransom. If ransom were not forthcoming the unhappy victims are to be put to death.

A LUCKY NEW CASTLE WOMAN.

She Inherits \$200,000 From a De Relative in England.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] NEW CASTLE June 23 -Mr and Mrs I. T. Vannetta, of New Castle, are to be enriched to the extent of \$200,000. Mr. Vannetta is a hard-working man, and has lived here for a number of years. Mrs. Vannetta is English by birth, her maiden name being Woods. By the death of a relative in England she

By the death of a relative in England she has fallen heir to valuable property, the aggregate value of which is about \$200,000.

The relative, whose name was Woods, died some years ago, leaving her possessions to be divided between her legal heirs. Mrs. Vannetta has a brother who is a promising young lawyer in Ohio. He heard of the death of his relative, and immediately began legal proceedings, and as a result secured for his share the amount of \$200,000, and the same to his sister.

PRINCE GEORGE IN CALIFORNIA. The Brave Man Who Saved the Life of th Czarevitch in Japan.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 23.-Prince George, Greece, who was instrumental in saving the life of the Russian Prince Imperial from the attack of the Japanese policeman near Tokohoma May 11, arrived to-day on the steamship Gaelic.

When questioned regarding the affair.

When questioned regarding the affair, Prince George modestly replied: "Oh, it was nothing. The fellow made two strokes at the Czarewitch and I caught both blows with my walking stick." He goes from here to Copenhagen, stopping in New York and London, and will thence proceed to St. Petersburg, where he hopes to rejoin the Czarewitch, who is proceeding overland from Vladivostock through Siberia to the Russian capital. ian capital.

PRESIDENTAL APPOINTMENTS. New Receivers of Public Moneys and a

Certificate of Merit. WASHINGTON, June 23 .- The President this afternoon made the following appointments Receivers of Public Moneys, Warren C deceivers of Public Moneys, Plummer, of North Dakota, at Minot, N. D.

ning was caused by a slight chimney fire at 3716 Penn avenue. vice Dean W. Hammond declined; William H. Hare, of Washington, at North Yakima, Wash., vice Thomas N. Vance, resigned: Frederick G. Brathwaite to be Assistant Surgeon in the navy with the rank of Enpany's pavilion, at Lake Harvest, burned yesterday morning. Loss, \$15,000; insurance, stroyed one of the principal business blocks of this town. Loss estimated at \$75,000; in-surance, \$35,000. NEAR Wushington, Pa., early yesterday

sign.

He also awarded a certificate of merit to
John F. Tritle, a sergeant of Company E,
Seventh Cavalry, for distinguished service
in action at Wounded Kase Creek, S. D., De-

CHILEAN INSURGENTS

Are Seeking to Obtain Aid From the French Government.

An alarm from Box 9, shortly before 11 at 42% Sixth street. A lot of patterns stored in a cupboard, and belonging to William Watson, a tailor, were set on fire, probably by spontaneous combustion. The loss will not reach \$25. selved here to-day from Paris states that the efforts of the Chilean insurgents to secure aid from the French Government are becoming desperate. The insurgents, the telegram says, have promised to deliver to Peru immediately the territory of Tacna and not reach \$20.

Aτ McKeesport last night a clerk in the store of William Fulton tramped on a match which set fire to the fireworks, of which he

Pera immediately the territory of Tacha and the port of Arica, provided the Peruvian Government recognizes them as beiligerants and gives them other assistance. The Peruvian Government has peremptorily rejected the proposition of the insurgents.

The Chilean legation here to-day received a cablegram stating that the National Congress of Chile has unanimously approved by acclamation a preamble and resolution which are designed to discredit the insur-

EXPRESSIONS WE USE. DEATH IN OBSCURITY.

THREE

The Forgotten Existence of the Wife of Actor Edwin Forrest

CENTS

ENDED A WEEK AGO IN POVERTY.

The Famous Divorce Case in Which the Great Tragedian Was Bedten.

HER BRIEF CAREER UPON THE STAGE

NEW YORK, June 23.—Catherine N. Smelair, the widow of the tragedian, Edwin Forrest, dled on Tuesday last at 62 West Eightyourth street. She was 74 years old, and her death was caused by a combination of petry diseases attendant upon a general physical decline. Though once well known as the wife of the famous star and later on as an netress of no mean ability, her closing years were passed in the darkest obscurity. Broken in health and fortune, she lived er last days beneath the roof of an old friend, and went to her grave unknown and orgotten. To the theatrical veterans who personally recall Forrest and his beautiful wife, the news of her death will be a great surprise, for many of them believed that she had passed away long ago. Mrs. Forrest was very attentive to her religious duties, and the parishioners of St. Matthew's, a quaint little wooden church upon Ninth avenue, near to her late residence, knew her well. All of the children who play about the neighborhood knew her also, and often while on her way to and from church she would stop and chat with them. She leaves but one relative, Theodore Voorhees, of the New York Central Railroad,

Wedded Half a Century Ago. Catherine Sinclair was the daughter of John Sinclair, a well-known vocalist in his day. Edwin Forrest married her in England during his successful visit to that country in 1837, and she returned with him to America at the close of that year. Mr. and Mrs. Sinclair followed with the children and in-

British Peer, On Court—The Jur 880 1840 Per 185 Verdlet Against dus Werthelmer. 164 10100 Jo Bench at division of the High Con. 1 Ployods 3 1 play decided that Isidor We Lady Dus Personnel In the unsuccess of Proposition of Lady Dus Personnel In the Unsuccess of Proposition of Lady Dus Personnel In the Unsuccess of Proposition of Lady Dus Personnel In the Unsuccess of Lady Dus Personnel In the University of Lady stalled themselves in Mr. Forrest's home was stated at the trial that their conduct used an estrangement between Catherine inclair Forrest and her husband, which eventuated in the famous divorce suit be-(Beile Bilton), now Countess of Clancarty,

fore the courts of Penusylvania.

No trial in the legal annals of this country has excited more widespread attention.

The public followed its course from start to finish with intense interest. In 1849 Mr.

Forrest accused his wife of deceiving him, having discovered a very compromising letter signed "Consuelo" among her papers.

For several months after this they continued to live together, but finally agreed to separate forever.

to live together, but finally agreed to separate forever.

On the lat of May, 1849, they left the house on Twenty-second street, in which they had been living for several years, and parted with a mutual promise that neither should refer in the future to the cause of the separation. Mrs. Forrest did not keep this spromise. She told her friends the reasons for the parting between her husband and herself. A Resort to a Divorce Suit.

ence closed both parties determined to resort to the courts.

The "Consuelo" letter was written by George Jameson. A more absurd composition from the sickly, sentimental point of view was never put upon paper; in the hands of a jealous husband it was enough to compromise the most dutiful of wives. Jameson igured in the trial as the co-respondent. He was an actor, and played in both tragedy and comedy. His tilents were varied, and his fascinating ways made him agreat favorite with all who knew him.

He was born in New York in 1812, and made his debut here January 23, 1837, in a farce called "The Chameleon," personating five separate and distinct characters. In 1830 he joined the company at the National Theater, corner of Church and Leonard

Theater, corner of Church and Leonard

streets. In 1861 he went to Eogland, and on his return here made a successful reappear-ance as Pete in the "Octoroom" at the Win-ter Garden Theater. On October 3, 1868, he was struck and killed near Yonkers by a Hudson River Railroad train.

In Favor of the Wife.

After a long and exciting trial, during which both plaintiff and defendant brought

strong counter charges, the jury brought in

a verdict on January 24, 1852. It was in fa-

vor of Mrs. Forrest and by it an alimony

was granted to her of \$3,000 a year. Mr. For

rest appealed from this verdict several times without success, the higher courts finally confirming it and adding another thousand dollars per annum to the original

alimony.

After the verdict in her favor Mrs. Forrest

ADJOURNED UNTIL JULY.

The Westinghouse Electric Company Not

Ready to Make a Statement.

The annual meeting of the Westinghouse

Electric Company was again adjourned yes

terday until July 15 at 10 o'clock. Only eight

people were present at the meeting yester-

day, six of them being officers. In the absence of Mr. Westinghouse Mr. Bannister

announced that asabout three-fourths of the

stock had been turned in, it was deemed ad-

HIS EMPLOYER'S MONEY.

vate secretary to Mr. Parnell, against Alderman John Hooper and Mrs. Eliza Nagle, as owners, or part owners, of the Cork Daily Herald, which commenced yesterday, was continued to-day.

Counsel for the Herald to-day contended that if Mr. Campbell did not telegraph about hiring the house at East Bourne Mr. Parnell did so. Mr. Vinal, a real estate agent, deposed that letters (produced in court) which were signed by Mr. Campbell's name were really in Mrs. O'Shea's handwriting. Mr. Campbell, recalled, said that he had never heard of the letters or telegrams until this action was brought. The scandalous rumors thus started soon came to the tradgedian's cars, and a brief correspondence between the husband and wife followed. Mr. Forrest wrote, reminding his wife of her broken piedges, and repeating his accusation of infidelity. She re-plied with vigorous defense of her innocence in both matters, and when the correspond-ence closed both parties determined to re-

THE HARRISON PARTY IN PARIS.

Minister Reld Meets the Ladies at the Sta tion and Tenders Hospitality. Paris, June 23 .- The United States minister, Hon. Whitelaw Reid, and all the attaches of the United States legation, met

Mrs. McKee and Mrs. Russell Harrison upon their arrival at the milroad station. The indies were driven to Mr. Reid's resi-dence, where they will make their head-quarters during their stay in this city.

GORST RETAINS HIS OFFICE. alisbury Patches Up a Peace Between Him and Viscount Cross. London, June 23 .- Lord Salisbury has

effected a reconciliation between Viscount Cross, Secretary of State for the Indian Deartment, and Sir John Gorst, Political Sec-etary of the India Office.

The result is that Sir John Gorst's resigna-ion, previously tendered, has been with-

DIED IN THE BEAR'S PIT.

German Servant Girl's Novel Method o FRANKFORT, June 28 .- Last evening a serv

ant girl visited the Zoological Garden, and, After the verdict in her favor Mrs. Forrest determined to utilize the notoriety which the trial had brought her and go upon the stage. George Vanderhoff, a famous actor of a famous theatrical family, was engaged as her instructor. She showed much natural talent, developed rapidly under his tuition, and made her initial appearance upon the stage February 22, 1852, at the Broughams Lyceum, New York. The first character which she portrayed was Lady Tenzlein "The School for Scandal," and her success was immediate. The promise which she gave as Lady Teazle, however, was not sustained by her work in the roles which she subsequently attempted. Among them were Pouline, Lady Mabel and Beatrice, and her supporting cast in these parts included Walcott, Brougham, Chippendali, Mrs. Mader and several more of the best known players of the day. Her season closed on the 17th of the following month. unseen by anyone, took off her clothing and umped into the bear's pit. Her mangled body was found in the pit this morning.

France's Demand on Haiti. Paris, June 23.-Foreign Minister Ribo has timited France's action in the case of Pigaud, the Frenchman recently killed in Haiti, to a demand that Haiti pay an indem-nity to Pigaud's family.

ONE COOL PLACE.

rs Charmed With Breezes From the Monongahela River.

One of the coolest spots in the city is that part of the Monongahela House lobby looking out on the river. At the present time the view of the stream with its high water

the view of the stream with its high water and the neighboring bills with their bright dress of green is very beautiful. A company of drummers can always be found these days sitting in the doorway, and in the evening they congregate on the pavement. The breeze that whistles along Water street at night is delightful.

"I am surprised." said a business man from the East yesterday, who was enjoying the scene from the doorstep, "that so many of your people here should prefer to leave their pretty homes in the suburbs to spend the summer at Cresson. A more uninviting place I never visited in my life. There is some excuse for those who go to the seashore. It is a change of air and scene, and a dip in the salt water is healthy. Why, you have any number of delightful summer places almost in the heart of the city, if the people would only realize this fact. Pittsburgers don't improve what they have."

visable to adjourn until July so that the company will be ready for reorganization. The absence of the stockholders showed how tired they had become of delays. One said he had heard a short time before that nine-tenths of the stock had been transferred, and he could not understand why only three-fourths was reported yesterday. An Earthquake Near Los Angeles.

Los Angeles, June 23,-Slight shocks of earthquake were felt here last evening at Pasadena and San Fernando, a few miles from here.

The alarm of fire from Station 213 last eve-

AT Minneapolis, the Steel Railway Com-

Ar Jefferson, Tex., fire Monday night le-

morning, tire destroyed the Beaver Refinery

Company's works. Estimated loss \$6,000; insurance unknown. The fire is supposed to have been started by the boiler explod-

W. Scott Thomas Held for a Hearing on a Charge of Embezzlement.

THE FIRE RECORD. Ar Chicago yesterday the starch works of Stein Hirsch was damaged by \$15,000 by fire; fully insured.

W. Scott Thomas, a young man in the em-ploy of V. De Beaumont, was arrested yesterday by Constable Heiner for the embez-zlement of \$250. Mr. De Beaumont is an

element of \$250. Mr. De Beaumont is an architect and alleges that the accused was given the custody of a promisory note for \$250, converted it into cash and appropriated the money to his own use.

The warrant was issued by Alderman Mc-Masters and soon afterward the defendant was before him. In default of \$500 bail he was committed to jail for a hearing on Friday.

CHARGED WITH BIGAMY.

George Owry Married Again Without a Divorce From Wife No. 1.

Last December George Z. Owry, who lives on Mt. Washington, was married. His wife heard it rumored recently that he had an neard it rumored recently that he had an other wife and was not divorced. She wrote to the woman in Chicago, and she replied that she had been married to Owry in 1880 by Father Karney in St. Paul's Cathedral and that she had not been divorced from him. Sult was entered against Owry, and he is now in Jail. A hearing will be held on Friday.

A Demand for Trained Pugilists, Patrons of the Castle Shannon Railroad ompany are making a loud call on the com

which set fire to the freworks, of which he had a large stock for the Fourth of July. The explosion of the fireworks blew the whole front out of the store, and in a short time the building was on fire, but was saved by the fire department. The loss is total, as the goods not burned were damaged by pany either to put a constabulary on the

# PLEADING FOR

Bardsley Attemps to Show That He Is Not a Scoundrel, but a Victim.

HE CLAIMS A CONSPIRACY.

Federal Officials Told Him the Keystone Was Safe, and He Was Caught in the Crash.

NOTHING LOST IN SPECULATION.

On the Contrary He Made Money in Stock Deals, Which Will Yet Be Used. to Square Accounts. JOHN WANAMAKER ENTIRELY INNOCENT.

The Ex-Trensurer Was Ignorant That He Violated Any Law in Receiving Interest Upon State Funds in Banks.

SENTENCE AGAIN SUSPENDED INDEFINITELY

philadelphia, June 25.—John Bardsley went into court to-day to learn his fate and went back to Moyamensing prison without knowing what that fate was to be. He was thoroughly self-possessed in the courtroom when he stood up before Judge Wilson, and he made a bold and characteristic statement in his own defense. Before reading his defense he had listened to the testimony of the Mayor's experts assailing his financial operations.

This testimony showed more in detail what has already been printed about Bardsley's use of public money for private gain. It was shown that on his stock speculations with Clendenning & Co., Bardsley lost between \$80,000 and \$100,000; that his profits in the way of interest paid by banks and bankers would make good this loss and still give him a profit of \$160,000,

The Peculiar Financial Transaction.

The Peculiar Financial Transaction The statement was made that for the purses of stock speculations he had borrowed 181,000 from the Farmers' and Merchants' Blank and \$280,000 from the People's Bank. He had taken certain Government bonds

from the trustees of the Philadelphia Gas Works and had sold them, putting the \$60,-000 he had realized at interest for his personal profit for seven months. He had also put \$400,000 in the Bradford mills. he experts figured out that even that if \$1,000,000 was in the Keystone there was still a deficiency of \$2,400,000. Mr. Bards-

ev's statement was more sensational than had been expected. The first thing he said was that his predecessor as City Treasurer had left \$1,100,000 on deposit with the Keystone Bank. President Marsh and Bank Examiner Drew he charged had misled him. He attacked them both, Among other things he accused Mr. Drew of having received financial favors from the bank and

week at the request of the late John C.

Charges Against Federal Officials. He also charged that the son of ex-Controller of the Currency Trenholm, who was once Drew's assistant, had lived at Marsh's house and kept the bank plunderer informed as to Drew's movements. Headmitted that he had loaned State money without knowing that it was prohibited by law, Most emchatically he asserted that not a dollar had een lost to the city or the State through his

courty \$1,000,000 in the broken bank and bowed that he had due bills for the money, With other depositors he had been duped by the false statements of Marsh and Drew. Among other things he denied that they had assisted Marsh to escape or had ever con-templated it. He cleared up Wannaker's

A summary of Bardsley's itemized statement shows a net balance due the city, of \$101,001 88, and a net balance due the State \$1,002,769 64, making a total due the city and Stare of \$1,04,631 32. This balance is acunted for as follows: Clearing House due President of Keystone Bank for 100 boods of 200,000; notes taken from Granville B. stone Bank, \$25,000; 750 shares of stock in Farmers and Mechanic's Bank, \$100,000; cash to Farmers and Mechanic's Bank, in connecm with 750 shares of stock, \$808 43; each in

ands of assignee, \$5,000; total, \$1,155,808 43; palance due the the city and State, \$38,822 8

The Plea of Ignorance Entered. Continuing, he said: "I have been asked why I do not know what the Keystone Bank did with the \$925,000 deposited with it between March and October 1890. I reply I neverknew of a case of a depositor asking the bank officers what they proposed doing with the deposit. Remember this money was placed in the bank when there was no suspicion of insolvency, no doubt of its being good, and even the members of the

"During all the months, and especially during December, Bank Examiner Drew made many public declarations that every ink in Philadelphia was solvent and that the people need fear no danger, During the fall of 1890 he assured me time and time again, that the Keystone was all right and in as good condition as other national banks in Phladelphia in pro-portion to their capital and surplus. Nothmy was left undone on my part to protect

the interests of the city and State,
"When the true condition of the bank was ascertained I was astonished that Mr. Drew tid not know of the insolvency of the bank, and so expressed myself to ex-President Marsh, who said he believed that Mr. Drew did know all about it. From the fact that ic (Mr. Drew) was under obligations to Mr. Lucas and himself for money borrowed he (the President) thought Mr. Drew wanted to ssist the bank all he could.

of Mr. Lucas' drawer a promissory note or notes, signed by Mr. Drew, for money bor-

rowed, and that he sell held them, and with what had been loaned him up to date the name amounted to \$2,850. The Presidentalso tated that valuable presents, or sums of money, had been presented or given to Mr. "I assert most positively that Mr. Drew the bank, and had he communicated the fact

is from Keystone Bank, \$925,000; receipt of altimore Traction Company \$1,000 each,

Clearing House Commission had no suspicion of the true condition of the bank."

A Bank Examiner Borrowing Money. "The President said that at the time of Mr. s' death he (Mr. Marsh) had taken out

by himself or Mrs. Lucas or by both. ald have known the true condition of

own funds to remain there. Mr. Marsh stated to me that on one occasion during the lifetime of Mr. Lucas, Mr. Drew came to examine the bank. It was a week before it was expected A presented a prosented by the convention will be taken to Cleveland, provid-

amine of Mr. Lucas, Mr. Drew came to examine the bank. It was a week before it
was expected. A messenger was at once
dispatched to Mr. Lucas at his home. He
sent Mr. Drew a note which caused him to at
once leave the bank and postpone the examination for one week. There never was any
arrangement between President Marsh and
myself in relation to the Keystone Bank. I
was a depositor and nothing more, nor do I
know of the wherabouts of Mr. Marsh.

"It has been stated that I had arranged
with Mr. Marsh to leave the city. This also
is absolutely false. I have also seen it stated
that I attended a conference where it was
arranged that Mr. Marsh should leave the
city. I positively deny ever attending such
a conference, nor did I ever know there was
such a conference held.

Willing to Assist the Recovery.

Willing to Assist the Recovery. "I have been informed that the city has rdered a suit to be brought against the said tobert Glendenning & Co. to recover about \$95,000 lost on the sacrifice sales of shares of stock sold by Glendenning & Co. on my order. If this be true I shall be willing to assist the city or the State in this or any other said.

other suit.
"It is also true that I loaned sums of State "It is also true that I loaned sums of State money to Glendenning & Co.; also to a number of banks and banking institutions through H. H. Yard. It is also true that I have deposited State moneys in the Seventh Manufacturers', Spring Garden, Keystone, Third National, People's Bank, Columbia National, Chester National and Drexel & Co., and did receive interest from each of said banks and firms. I also deposited State moneys with the Farmers and Mechanics' National. I received interest from the Farmers and Mechanics' National Bank under the following circumstances: It was under the following circumstances: It was but my duty as City Treasurer to pay over to but my duty as City Treasurer to pay over to them certain sums of money to en-able them to pay the interest on the city debt. In January and July this is gen-erally done. In consequence of its being paid over at earlier periods than the required three days prior to July and January 1, the bank agreed to pay a rate of interest not to exceed 2 per cent per annum. A part of the time 1½ was paid.

One Successful Speculation "In connection with this bank I desire to say that the President loaned money with which I purchased 2,000 shares of stock of the West Chicago Passenger Railroad. The most of that stock was bought for about \$90 per share and a larger portion afterward

Did Not Spend It in High Living. In concluding his statement Bardsley says "For the past 20 years my household expenses have never exceeded \$1,500 per year, which sum also included my personal ex-penses. In March last I moved to Germantown to be near the factory, buying last June a property cosing \$20,000, which sum represented my wife's savings of her 10-cent which had come to him as City Treasurer eces, my savings from all outside sources

pieces, my savings from all outside sources and especially my salary for services rendered outside my public duties or my business—all set aside to this home which my wife and I were preparing for our old age. I married 39 years ago, and from that day to this we have lived and denied ourselves.

"I understand I am to be sentenced on three charges: First, loanig public funds; second, receiving interest on public funds; and third, buying securities with public funds. These three charges I admit to be true. Not knowing there was any lew sealnst loaning the State money in my hands it did loan to Robert Glendenning & Co. and several national banks in the city and to several other banks through H. H. Yard by various sums of money. Every dollar of the various sums of money. Every dollar of the money I loaned either to Glendenning & Co. or to banks was returned at the times fixed by me, together with interest, and all of this money, both principal and interest, so returned to me I have paid over. No part of

turned to me I have paid over. No part of that money is now in my possession.

"Specond charge—Receiving interest on State money. It is true I did receive interest on State money, but it is equally true that I did not know of any law which made it a crime for me to do so. The interest so received amounts to thousands of dollams, all of which has already been paid by me to the State or will be collected by my assignee out of my assets. I have none of it in my possession. of having postponed his visit once for a

No Money Lost on Stocks. "Third charge-Buying securities with sublic funds. It is true I did buy some of the securities named in part with public money. I did not buy securities, however, with any thought of retaining them, but only with the thought of making secure a portion of the large amounts in my hands, with the itention of selling the same when required to make payments to the State. The securito make payments to the State. The securi-ties so purchased have all been sold and the proceeds paid over, together with all divi-dends on the same, and no portion of this money is in my pocket. I am especially anxious that this court and the public shall fully and clearly understand that neither the State nor city is the loser to the extent of one doilar by reason of my doing any of one dollar by reason of my doing any these things for which I have been indicte On the contrary, the profits arising from these transactions, which exceed all the losses, have been put by me within the con-trol of the authorities to whom they belong. trol of the authorities to whom they belong.
"It has been asserted in papers that many prominent politicians and others have been borrowers from me and have shared in some way the profits of the office. I want to say in this connection it is true I have assisted many men in private, political and public life in small loans, yet in every instance, so far as I can remember, the money has either been returned or is amply secured, and in no case has there been any person or persons benefited to the extent of one dollar by reason of my holding the office.

Believes II Is a condition of the loans of the latest and the second for the latest and the second for the latest and l

Believes It Is a Good Excuse. "I was ignorant of there being any law prohibiting what I have done, or I never would have attempted it. I am aware, it is said, that ignorance of law is no excuse for its violation, but it is nevertheless and must be so admitted by all fair minded persons. I never in my life violated the law to my knowledge, never even accused of it, never was arrested in my life on any charge, and have always tried to be a good, faithful citizen in every respect. I have resided in this city over 40 years, 35 of which have been in active business, and over 25 years in the public service, 23 of which I was a member of Councils, devoting the best years of my life to public work, neglecting my business. "I am stripped of all my property, my family penniless, thrown on the charities of the world; my reputation destroyed and my body in prison, and all for what? Because a bank has failed in which I placed the money intrusted to my care, and because I have violated a law to me unknown and never before enforced. I have accounted for every dollar of the money collected by me and I have shown that I did not keep one dollar for my use. I can't be called dishonest. It can't be said I have robbed or embezzled, cheated or defrauded, either the city of State, and when I have made all reparation in my power by turning over all my property and giving all possible assistance to both city and State, what more can I do?" knowledge, never even accused of it, never

## OHIO STATE CONVENTION.

Its Date Will Be Fixed by the Dem Some Time To-Day.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] COLUMBUS, June 23 .- The Democratic State committee will meet to-morrow for the purpose of fixing the time and place of holding the next convention and arranging the apportionment for delegates, a point which has been a source of much trouble between the Campbell and Neal elements in the party. Several of the members of the committee arrived to-night, among them the two members from Cincinnati, who are prononneed against anything which will be for

committee, while the Neal supporters claim nine.

The two members from Cuyahoga county are not counted in this estimate, and with the votes of these two it is likely the Convention will be taken to Cleveland, providing the membership of the committee is present to-morrow and not represented by proxies. Eleven is a majority. Sandusky is making a fight for the location, but the contest will be between Cleveland and Columbus, Governor Campbell and his friends favoring the latter place. Lewis G. Bernard and some of the Neal men on the committee state that they will be able to get what they want to-morrow in case their members are present, and force the apportionment of delegates to be made on the election of two years ago, which will give Neal some 80 odd delegates from Hamilton county instead of 30 odd in case the apportionment is made on the vote of last fall.

## THE FARMERS' ALLIANCE.

LEADERS ARE LIKELY TO DISAGREE

AND A SPLIT OCCUR. Meeting of the Anti-Sub-Treasury League Called, to Be Held at Dallas, Tex., Early in July-Hall Will Probably

Resign. [SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] JACKSON, MISS., June 23 .- During the visit here of Messrs, Polk, Livingston, McDaniel and Willetts, the Farmers' Alliance leaders, many interesting developments came to the surface relative to the National Alliance matters. The National Alliance Legislative Council met in Washington last February and created a Legislative Committee, consisting of three members, of which M. S.

Hall, President of the Missouri Alliance,

The functions of this committee was to formulate measures growing out of the Ocala demands to be represented in the Fifty-second Congress. Hall, from the in-ception of the sub-Treasury measure, has been one of its strongest opponents. ception of the sub-Treasury measure, has been one of its strongest opponents.

When he was selected a member of this committee it was regarded as a victory for the anti-sub-Treasury people, and it was proclaimed as an indication of the abandonment of the scheme. After his election Hall began a war against the scheme, and, with his coadjutors, has succeeded in organizing a movement covering the entire Southern States. A call for a meeting of the anti-sub-Treasury League at Dallas, Tex., on July 10, is the result.

Treasury League at Dallas, Tex., on July 10, is the result.

This meeting promises to be largely attended. Within the last month remonstrances have been sent to Hall by members of the Legislative Council, and members have also urged upon President Polk the necessity of taking action against Hall.

Polk has had considerable correspondence with Hall, advising him to desist, and very recently submitted to him one of two alternatives, either to cease his opposition to the sub-Treasury plan or to tender his resignation as a member of the Legislative Committee. June 25 was fixed as the date for an answer. Those who know President Hall assert that he will decline to be coerced, and that he will resign and fight the sub-Treasury men harder than ever.

It is believed by many that this will split the National Alliance, and that independent

## the National Alliance, and that independent organization will grow out of the Dallas meeting. CO-OPERATION THE BATTLE CRY.

The State Lecturer of the Kansas Alliand Writes an Important Letter. TOPEKA, June 23. - Van Buren Prather, State Lecturer of the Kansas Alliance, has addressed a communication to the Congressional Alliance, setting forth the plan for organization in compliance with the plans the National Council formulated at Washington last February. The address is important in that it gives the first official declaration. showing that the system of co-operation is to hereafter form the sub-structure of the

Alliance movement. On this point the address says:
"We have been working upon the competitive plan until we are nearly a nation of wealth-producing paupers. Others have wealth-producing paupers. Others have been working upon the co-operative plan and are wealthy. Show the difference to our people. We are the masters of the structure, not only politically, but from a business standpoint, if we will only learn the great lesson of co-operation. I would advise not less than two days for lectures, meeting and schooling upon the different topics for discussion. Present and unbroken front and march on to victory by following the principles of co-operation. Then milions of wage-slaves will soon be emancipated and happiness and presperity will be our reward. The laborer is worthy of his hire, and by the eternal, he shall have it!"

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION OPPOSED. County Republicans Instruct for Morrison for State Treasurer.

WAYNESBURG, Pa., June 23 .- The Green County Republican Convention, held here to-day, was marked for its harmony. The following ticket was placed in the field, the Associate Judge, Samuel Webster, of Cen-ter; Sheriff, Dennis White, of Whitely; Jury ter; Sheriff, Dennis White, of Whitely; Jury Commissioner, David Weaver, of Jackson; Poor Director, William Kinney, of Jackson; Coroner, W. T. Baker, of Waynesburg; I. H. Knux, of Waynesburg, was chosen delegate to the State Convention; Allen P. Dickey was elected Chairman of the County Committee; and L. W. Sayers, of Waynesburg, Secretary. The Convention instructed for John W. Morrison, of Allegheny county, for State Treasurer. The Convention, among its resolutions, adopted one expressing its op-

## resolutions, adopted one expressing its op-position to the holding of a State Convention for the purpose of revising the constitution.

DIVERGENT ALLIANCE MEN.

Grand Forks the Battle Ground Betwee Conservatives and Radicals. GRAND FORKS, S. D., June 21 -The Stat Farmers' Alliance convened here this morning. Three hundred delegates are in attend ance, being representative Alliance men from all parts of the State. The meeting will continue at least three days. The busi-ness will include the election of officers; of

delegates to the National convention; the adoption of a constitution, by-laws and a platform.

Radical and conservative views are both strongly represented. Intense interest centers in the question of Walter Muir's eligibility to re-election as President. Muir represents the radical men, who wish to indorse the Cincinnati platform favoring ultimate silver coinage and Government iper cent, loans. There is strong opposition to Muir and the Cincinnati platform.

## THE POLITICS OF MORMOWS.

Leading Dignituries Denied That the Church Directed Disorganization. SALT LAKE June 23 .- President Woodsuf of the Mormon Church, and George Q. Cannon, another Mormon official, asserted in an interview to-day that there is no truth in the charge that the so-called People's party of Utah, the membership of which was wholly Mormon, was dissolved by the

## church. Mr. Woodruff said. "We disclaim the right to control the political action of the members of our body." He declared that he favored the separation of church and POLITICAL CLUBS IN M'KEESPORT.

tenublicans Will Form a Second One, an Democrats Will Organize. McKresport, June 23.-McKeesport will have another Republican club. It will be a branch of the State League, and will be organized soon. Its originators expect to have membership of 300 to start with, and will have as members some of the best old Republicans in the city.

The Union Club, which was started a few weeks ago, is growing in membership. The Democrats will organize a club early in

## BUYING OUT COMPETITION.

The Whisky Trust in the Act of Absorbin Another Outsider.

CHICAGO, June 23.—The Herget Brothers distillery at Pekin, Ill., which has been com peting with the Whisky Trust, has succumbed to the latter organization.

It was authoritatively announced to-day nonneed against anything which will be for the interest of Campbell. It is learned the Neal members of the committee will make a fight to get the convention located at Cleve-land. It is conceded by the opposition that the Neal people have six members in the

At this point of the battle her excitement be-came so great, that although she insists that she did not faint away, she has no recollec-tion of how the fight ended. The dog was subsequently killed. It is feared that she animal was mad as it had been noticeably ugly and discontented for several days. Believers Holding an Excited Con-

MANY EXPECT TO BE MADE WHOLE

Scoffers Cannot Shake the Faith of Many of the Worshipers.

NUMBER OF HEALINGS REPORTED

CHICAGO, June 23.—Believers in the power of prayer to cure physical ills are holding ar of prayer to cure physical his are holding an excited bonvention at Western Springs. Large crowds of cripples and helpless invalids are present, and at all times the excitement and enthusiasm runs high. The Rev. A. B. Simpson, President of the International Christian Alliance, a New Yorker, national Christian Alliance, in New Yorker, has been presiding at the meetings. "We shall pray for all who suffer," he said to-day, "but we are not practicing divine healing or sanctification, and while we are glad all

baffled the Cook County Hospital physicians.

"The doctors who attended you at the hospital declare that you feigned your illness, as you were without money," said a reporter to Mr. Weeks.

"They say that do they?" he replied.
"Hear, brothers and sisters," and he beckoned to a number, "hear what the doctors say," and he told them the story.
"Riessed be heaven," they shouted, "the devil has been attacked and he now tries to wreak his vengeance; but let the world scoff, and we will care not. God has made you well again, and we can laugh at Satan while we glorify the result of this meeting." recting."
"There will be more than one cure effected fore these meetings are over," said Mrs. J., Webster, who has been in total blindness or the last eight years. "I feel sure that

C. we oster, who has been in total bindness for the last eight years. "I feel sure that God in his goodness will restore my sight as did Jesus when he walked the earth. My heart is filled with faith and He will reward me in His own good time."

"Yes, and I expect Him to heal my daughter Lulu," said John D. Williams, a hardware merchant at 233 Lake street. "She has been unable to walk since she was 3 years

He Was Cured of Blindness.

"For many weary months," said the Rev W. D. Smock, "I was unable to see anything as others say, but I had much faith in God's holy promise, and I constantly prayed to Him for relief. Two years ago I was attending a meeting upon these grounds. I always carried my Bible with me, because I felt carried my Bible with me, because I felt more secure from the errors of the world with His word in my hand. I was rooming with two ministers who had been restored to health and they, thinking my faith was not strong enough, twitted me more or less about my habit of carrying the Bible. One night after a meeting, when we had returned to our room, they asked me to reada chapter for the evening. I uttered a silent prayer to God and said under my breath: 'I know Thou wilt heal me, Lord.' I opened the Bible and read, not only one chapter, but several. Since then I have had perfect eyesight."

for five years. She attended the meeting this morning and seemed to be as healthy a "I have not had a physician call upon me or upon my family," said D. C. Peck, "for many years. Implicit confidence in the Lord has cured me of many ailments and my wife, who suffered for 15 years, was completely cured in a single night." Healed After Years of Illness.

ight." Mrs. L. J. Bushawn, claims that she was

cured a short time ago of a complication of diseases with which she had been a sufferer

Mrs. W. F. Hunt testified that she had been made a perfectly well woman after

a [number of years of illnes by her faith in the promises of the Lord.

The exercises of the camp this morning followed the usual routine beginning with a prayer meeting at 6:30 in the morning. It does not require a fortune to attend these meetings. meetings.

The following announcement is made by The following announcement is made by the management: For those not bringing their own outfit the committee has secured tents set upon floors.

It is expected that persons will bring their own bedding, towels and curtains for tent, which division will be chicked as baggage. The cots will not need mattresses. Provisions will be sold on the grounds so that the parties can board as economically as may be desired. While there are plenty of believers in the alleged cures reported at Western Springs, there are also many skeptics. There were several belligerent individuals at the meeting to-day who came to convince those present that they were mistaken in placing any credence in the stories of marvelous cures, but their efforts availed little.

WHITE AND YELLOW. Pretty Florida Girl Wedded to an Al-

mond-Eved Celestial. [SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] GAINESVILLE, FLA., June 28 .- A wedding ook place here to-day which attracted cor erable attention. Woh Sing, proprietor of a Chinese laundry, also of a f little grocery store, was married to Miss Alice Ramsey, a native Floridan, whose parents have been for some years residents of this place. Judge Gardner officiated.

The wedding was set for noon, but hearing that a large crowd had expressed its inteation of being prosent, the bride and groom stole a march on the public and the knot was tied at 11 o'clock in private. When the uninvited guests arrived, the newly married couple showed themselves on the veranda much to the disappointment of those who hoped to witness the ceremony. Woh Sing made a speech in broken English and said he "lovee Florida gol velly muchee." He is a native of Canton, China, but has been in this country a number of years. ttle grocery store, was married to Miss

THE BEECHER STATUE. It Will Be Unveiled To-Day With Interest

ing Ceremonies. [SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] NEW YORK, June 23.-The Beecher statue in the City Hall plaza in Brooklyn will be unveiled to-morrow. Mayor Chapin will preside. The statue will be unveiled by Gertrude Rosana Beecher, a grandchild of the preacher, who will be led to the statue during the unveiling.

The Rev. Dr. Charles K. Hall will make the presentation speech and Park President Brower the speech of acceptance. President Seth Low, of Columbia College, will deliver the oration and the Rev. Gustave Gottheil, of Temple Emanuel, New York, will pronounce the benediction.

## WILL BUY STATE BONDS. Sinking Fund Commissioners Will Invest

Half a Million. [SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] Columnus, O., June 23.-Eastern holders of State bonds have made a proposition to the State bonds have made a proposition to the State Sinking Fund Commissioners for the purchase of the bonds before their maturity. The commissioners have been offered the bonds at 5 per cent premium, and their purchase would save the state between \$60,000 and \$70,000 interest.

It is expected the commissioners will go to New York about July 1 to confer with the holders and they expect to make some the holders, and they expect to make some ar-rangement with them. They will probably buy \$500,000 worth of bonds.

WOMAN AGAINST DOG A Terrible Fight in Which the Woman

Came Off the Victor. [SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH,] LANUNS, June 28 .- Mrs. James Parrist ad a terrible fight with a ferocious buildog here to-night. The animal jumped at her throat, and during the struggle that ensued the woman was bitten at least a score of times. Her left hand was badly mutilated,

Incite the Ignorant Chinese to Loot

MERE BUGABOO TALES

FOREIGN WARSHIPS TO THE RESCUE

NEW York, June 23 .- When the Court of yer and Terminer convened to-day ork of trying the New Haven Railroad diectors for misdemeanor in allowing stoves to be used in the passenger cars of the road, contrary to the statute, was begun. Dr.

contriry to the statute, was begun. Dr. Channeey M. Depew sat through nearly all the session, not only as defendant, but as counsel to the lawyers who are conducting the defense—John M. Bowers, Henry W. Tafft, Thomas Thatcher and Jas. W. Townsend, Jr.

President Clark, Vice President Reed and Directors Robinson, Wheeler, Nowbridge, Park and William Rockefeller were in court. They were doubtless as notable an array of wealthy alleged criminals as ever faced the bar of a New York court.

District Attorney Nicoll opened the prosection with an address that lasted nearly half an hour. Mr. Nicoll said that it seemed to have become the general belief among railroat directors that their functions were solely ornamental. They need only meet once a year and divide the earnings. Those directors must be taught that their responsibilities were different from those of the directors of private corporations. They were liable, civilly and criminally, for gross negligence. On the afternoon of Tuesday, May 12, a

gence.
Lucius Tuttle, General Manager of the road, when asked if he had any personal knowledge of the character of the heating apparatus in use on February 20, the day of the funnel collision, said that it was the Baker heater system, which he explained as coal fire. Colls of pipe about the fire contain water which when heated passes up and down the coach through continuations of the pipe.

and no power to change the system of heating. He explained how the road was operated, named its branches, and said that a majority of its ears never entered the State of New York.

Mr. Nicoll tried to show that at a meeting subsequent to the accident the directors tool; steps that proved their cognizance of how the cars were heated in violation of law.

The Cooley Gang, Entrenched in Mountain Fastness, Descend Upon the People Like Robber Barons-The Gang Live Like

TOWNSHIPS IN FAYETTE COUNTY

Frank Cooley and his gang. Over a strip of territory of about six miles along the base of the mountains above Hydetown, and extending west about the same distance, Frank

ago, in an attempt to get her money. He was sentenced to a term in the penitentiary, but escaped from the jail here by sawing the bars of his cell. There is no doubt that he was assisted by members of his gang. Several attempts have been made to arrest him since, but he has always been warned in time

The residents and farmers there have be-come so used to the gang appearing at their doors at night that they are inclined to shoot first and inquire names afterward, and all strangers riding through that locality are warned against knocking at the peace-ful farmers' doors after night.

A FEW POSTAL CHANGES. Several Pennsylvania Offices Promoted by

county, is made a postal note office. Cross-creek Village, Washington county, is made a money order office. For the Fourth of July Celebration, by More Money Is Needed.

the wrist being bitten through and the fieshy part of her right arm below the elbow was badly chewed.

The plucky woman finally thrust her hand into the dog's mouth and selzed his tongue and held on with a tenacity born of despair.

The plucky woman finally thrust her hand into the dog's mouth and selzed his tongue and held on with a tenacity born of despair.