FULDATO THE FRONT,

He Explains a Few Interesting Matters About the Late Corbett and Jackson Affair.

THEY WERE SCHEMING FOR A DRAW

Some Grand Swimming Contests.

There is to be a grand swimming tournament on the Allegheny river on July 11. The arrangements are being made by James Tay-Royalty and Other Great Personages Have Been Refused Admission to the Athletic Club. Charles and John, and Prof. McEwan, There will be amateur contests and a professional race, and a handsome prize will be offered for the latter. The object of the contests is to have a life saving crew organized.

TO-DAY'S LOCAL BASEBALL CONTEST.

Pittsburg Swimmers Arranging for Some Races-General Sporting News of the Day.

VESTERDAY'S ASSOCIATION GAMES. St. Louis 3 Columbus ...

6 Louisville (SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH,) SAN FRANCISCO, June 21 .- L. R. Fulda, Pres

ident of the California Athletic Club, has made publicly a long explanation and de fense of the action of directors and referee in the Corbett-Jackson affair. In the beginning of his defense Mr. Fulda makes this unconsciously amusing statement:

"We number in our membership scions of the nobility of Europe, properly and regularly proposed and elected. Many attempts have been made from time to time to elect under fictitious names influential members of the royal families, but such attempts have seldom succeeded. We recognize no other standing than that of known re-

It would be interesting to know what have been blackballed by the club because they didn't come up to standard respectabillity. Coming down to the question at issue, Mr. Fulda deals first with the state ment that the directors had money on Jackson. "The directors, as a rule, he says, "refrain from betting, but a few have done so from time to time. In my mind it should be atterly prohibited. On the occasion of the late Jackson-Corbett match but 3 of the li directors had any wagers."

After declaring that the club has been out-

After declaring that the club has been outrageously imposed upon at times. Mr. Fuldaenys: "That either Corbett or Jackson was improperly treated will always remain an open question in the minds of the unattendant public, but not in our minds or of the majority of the membership of the club. The gentlemen themselves are the only ones who knew the inner workings of their own winds, but are too astute to give them utter. minds, but are too astute to give them utter-ance, except as they reflect to their exoneraance, except as they reflect to their exoneration, preferring, very wisely, to leave their
onse in the hands of their prejudiced and
partisan following. As a general thing, a
thoroughly defeated man will explain how
the other man was no good and only defeated
him by his own failures. Suffice it to say,
for our own part, that we only knew at the
thue, from their own utterances and our
own observation, their true condition, and
judged them accordingly."

There may be more in that paragraph than
appears on the surface. Upon the authority
of some members, it is whispered about that
the real reason for declaring the affair "no

of some members, it is whispered about that the real reason for declaring the affair "no contest" was that Jackson and Corbett were overheard talking while in the ring and agreeing to make the match a draw. President Fulda, however, does directly and plainly charge that Corbett deliberately violated the rules from the very beginning of the contest by clinching Jackson in every round and paying no attention to the round and paying no attention to the referee's order to break away.

Mr. Fulda's statement of the circumstances Mr. Fulda's statement of the circumstances leading up to the decision of "no contest" is as follows: "Finally, when it became apparent to the referee that there was no prospect of a termination, he called me up and said that he did not propose to allow the match to go on in that manner, or the club to be imposed upon; that the match was for the championship and that the principals should either fight or be ordered out of the ring."

SATURDAY'S BALL GAMES.

The League. At Pittsburg-

At New York-

The Association. Athletics, 3; Boston, 12. Columbus, 3; St.

To-Day's League Schedule.

Cincinnati at Pittsburg. Boston at Philadelphia. New York at Brooklyn.

At Johnson

An Joh

To-Day's Association Schedule. Boston at Philadelphia. Washington at Baltimo

They Played Sleepy Games. Had anyone predicted that J. Palmer O'Neil's Pittsburg team of stars would win the booby prize on the trip just closed, he would have been laughed at. Such how Davenport, Ia., four years hence eyer, has turned out to be the case. The Pittsburgs won just 3 games in 16 attempts.

l each from Brooklyn, New York and Phil delphia. I cannot imagine what the trouble has been. The pitchers certainly should have done better, and better efforts should have done better, and better efforts should have been put forth by the team in general. An inclination to play a sleepy game was noticeable in several instances, and this may have caused the falling off. The Pittsburgs arrived in Brooklyn Decoration Lay morning in second place. They left Boston Tuesday night a poor seventh in the race. There have been several rumors about cliques and factions floating around of late, but they are not accepted as authentic by most people. The team sadly needs the services of Bisubauer and Hanlon. A first-class shortstop would be of immense benefit to the team. Why don't you try and make a trade with Mr. Brush for George Smith, Mr. O'Nell'—Sporting Times.

To the Sporting Editor of The Dispatch: Kindly correct statement in Sunday's Dis-PATCH regarding baseball game between Jarecki and Gil Well Supply Company

nines.

Both clubs were on the ground, but the grounds were not in condition to be played on. Game was postponed indefinitely.

Sam Dobson,
Captain O. W. S. Co. B. B. Club.

To-Day's Home Game.

The local and Cincinnati teams will play off a postponed game to-day, and it will be the last on the home grounds until July 4. foxy to the end. To-day's contest will be interesting, inas much as the last position is once more at stake. King will pitch for the home team, and it is stated that he is in good form. Manager Loftus could not say last evening who his pitcher would de.

To-Morrow at Sheepshead Bay. New York, June 21.-The following are the

entries and weights for to-morrow's races at gram from Peru, which says in substance First race, sweepstake, \$1,000 added, Futurity course Kingston, 129; Miss Colville, Ocypete, 117 each; Bermuda, Leveller, 116 each; Sextus, Lord

each; Bermuda, Leveller, 116 each; Sextus, Lord Harry, Simrock, Poetente, 101 each; Vintage, Time filly, Mill Hace, Nellie Bly, 106 each, second race, sweepstake, for maiden 2-year-olds, \$1,000 added, five and one-half furiongs—Emms Primrose, Algema, Ninone Piccallilly, sister to Jim Denglass filly, Fauvette, Zorling, Beile D. Motte, Balaciara, 116 each; Delusion, Shellback, Othmar, Schuylkill, Blitzen, Wah Jim, Ermintrade volt, Fidello, Johannes Servis, 118 each; Third race, for 3-year-olds, \$1,000 added, mile and three-sixteenths, selling—Midget, \$5 pounds; Long Leaf, Katrina, 106 each; Lillian, Adventurer, Calcium, Mountain Deer, Lepanto, 106 each; Tammur, 115. sel, killing them and taking possession of their arms. The Esmeralda fired 80 shots,

Fight acce, hardless.

Fourth race, for all ages, \$1,000 added, selling, alle and an eighth—lim Chare, Longford, 108 counds exch: Benedictine, 106: Virgie, 96: Long bance, 111; Rambler, 106: Barnegat, 102; Admiral, Fifth race, hardless.

quarters on turf-Come to Taw. St Luke, 122 PEARS THE DREIBUND. Eleve Rover, 110; Algernou, 112.

Bostox, June 21.-The owners of the Boston National League Club were questioned to-day regarding the current report that they had offered King Kelly large induce-

lor, the veteran oarsman and his two sons,

Mahan Got the Forfeit.

which was to have occured June 29, was de-clared off on account of Maber's illness. Mahan was awarded \$200 forfeit.

General Sporting Notes

WARD is turning out lots of errors these days,

SLAVIN says that he cleared \$4,000 here during his short stay.

JAMES MCLAUGHLIN has signed to ride for Charles Reed & Son.

DAVE MCCONN gave Marty Berger \$2,000 for rid-ing Lountaka to the front in the Suburban.

BEECHER may leave Washington for Omaha. He is sick of his lay-out at the national capital.

Down in Louisville the papers have begun a crusade against the hawking of beer in the stands.

HENRY CHADWICK, the oldest baseball writer in the world, has just passed his seventieth birthday,

UMPIRE BATTIN will not be so lenient with kick-ing players to-day, so all hands had better be careful.

Our sluggers will start on a Western trip this evening and it is to be hoped good luck will attend them this time.

FULLER returns of the Bunker Hill day games at Boston give the League attendance as 4,601 and the Association, 3,800.

WILLIAM ERDENRICHER—As far as we know he signed with Baltimore after leaving here, but never played ou account of illness.

O. P. CAYLOR, one of the brightest sporting writers who ever handled a pen, now editor of the Sporting Times, is convalescing after a serious ill-ness.

It is now stated that Slavin and Kilrain each got \$5,000 of the \$10,000 purse, as Kilrain would not go into the ring without he received one-half lose or win.

SCOTT STRATTON received two telegrams from Manager Chapman, of the Louisville team, on Sat-urday. It would seem that Scott will return to his old club.

ONE or two players in the local team should be a little more houest to themselves, their employers and the public, and put a little more earnestness into their work.

CHARLES E. RANDALL, of Chicago, has been de-posed as Chairman of the Racing Board of the League of American Wheelmen. He entered into a squabble with President James R. Dunn and lost his head.

HECTOR P. COWAN, Princeton's great football player, has been graduated from Princeton Semi-nary and ordained a minister in the Presbytery of Otsego. He will be pastor of a mission church in Missouri.

THE well known habitue of the races, Captain "Knickerbocker," is said to have won quite heavily on Charade's recent success at Sheepshead, The captain did not get the top price, but said 100 to 1 was good enough for him.

ORBIN HICKOK will not come East this year he says, but will drive the brown stallion Stamboul on the California tracks to heat his record, 2:11. What will be done with Adonis, 2:11, it is hard to say. He is being used on the road at present.

MIKE DWYER put it pass, oo to win \$2,000 on Sir John at Sheepshead Bay, and he dropped it all. Kingmaker, an unknown, beat the "I to 12 cinch" by six lengths. These were the only horses in the race, and the bookies made a big killing. King-maker was on the boards in to 1.

JOCKEY BERGEN was really responsible for Loan-take being started in the Saburban. Dan McConn has been credited with winning fabulous amounts on the race, and may have backed him to a limited extent in the winter books and on Tuesday, but he had listended to scratch him until Bergen begged him to start the horse and let him have the mount, and Mr. McConn consented.

KREISTURNFEST FESTIVAL.

The Turners Enjoy Themselves in Their

Usual Hearty Manner.

Kreisturnfest was a great success, notwith-

drove the crowds under shelter. Five

hundred active Turners participated in the

exercises of the day. The games began early

in the morning and continued all day without

interruption. The feature of the day was the wand drill, in which 500 joined. No results were made known to-day of the vari-

ous contests, the awards to be announced on

The best record made in jumping was by

cago, secured 33 points out of a possible 36. Wands and parallel bars took up the after-

noon, and to-night an oratorical contest was held. The next meeting will be held at

BARDSLEY'S SENTENCE.

It Is Believed That He Will Be Given

Heavy One When He Comes Un.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

PHILADELPHIA, June 21.—Bardsley's

entence and his statement to the Court

Tuesday promise to be the features of the

City Treasury scandal this week. There is

much speculation, both as to the sentence and

the statement. The ex-Treasurer intends to excuse and defend himself, rather than

trace the missing money, and that being the case, it is believed that he will get a very heavy sentence from the Court. The maximum on the indictments to which he has

City and county officials are of the opinion that if Bardsley would make a full and frank confession to the Court it might re-

sult in taking a number of years off his sentence. On the other hand if he attempted to conceal anything or pro-

tect anybody, they were as firmly convinced that the Court would give him practically a life sentence. It is said that Bardsley appreciates this fact and it is also said that he believes he will be able

to impress the Court with the feeling that

he is telling the truth. Those who know him well know him to be sly and foxy and they believe that he is going to be sly and

FIFTY CHILEANS KILLED.

The Esmeralda Fails in Attempting to Se-

cure Provisions.

Legation in this city to-day received a tele-

that when the warship Esmeralda, after its

voyage to San Diego, arrived at the Labos

Guano Islands the captain, being short of

provisions, landed 50 men to take

The employes and workingmen in care of the islands attacked the men from the ves-

exhausting her ammunition. The dispatch

"It is false that the Chilean Government

derived any benefit from the Labos Islands.

whose works have been stopped since Jan-

uary. Perfect order reigns in Chile and the

army, well disciplined, is anxious to go to

Tarapea and make an end of the nitrate

concludes as follows:

ossession of provisions on the islands.

WASHINGTON, June 21-The Chilean

pleaded is 65 years.

standing the occasional dashes of rain that

ST PAUL, June 21 .- The second day of

TERRA COTTA has broken down once more

WE need to-day's game.

ments to return. President Soden said he could not consent to Mike Kelly's returning. Treasurer Billings said he had made no offer to Kelly. Director Conant said he had made no offer, as he could have done no good, and that so long as his two partners opposed Kelly's return there would be no such offer made. FOR AN ALLIANCE WITH RUSSIA. The Emperor's Vanity Caused the Failure

GOSSIP FROM EUROPE'S GAY CAPITAL

of the First Attempt.

Through a New Diplomat

PARIS, June 21 .- The Comte de Monteello, who replaces M. de Laboulaye as French Ambassador at St. Petersburg, will be specially charged to obtain definite information from the Czar as to the action of Russia in the event of war between France and Germany. M. Ribot, Minister of For-SAN FRANCISCO, June 21 .- At a meeting of eign Affairs, has learned that M. de Labouthe California Athletic Club last night the fight between Billy Maher and Billy Mahan, laye's failure to get the proposal for an al-liance discussed arose from the Czar's anger at the fact that the overture was first sub-Foreign Affairs, instead of to him. The Czar ordered M. de Giers to ignore the proposals for negotiations, and took the first occasion to snub M. de Laboulaye, who felt compelled to ask M. Ribot to relieve him

from his duties. The withdrawal of Baron Mohrenheim, Russian Ambassador at Paris, is imminent, as M. de Laboulaye acted on his advice. During the visit of the French squadron to Cronstadt, the Czar will be personally approached on the subject of united action against the Dreibund, which is rendered all he more necessary through the menacing of the commercial coalition between the two countries.

Carnot Approves the Encyclical The French Ambassador to the Holy See has presented to the Pope a letter from M. Carnot, in which the President expressed his high appreciation of the Pope's encyclical on social questions.

Ex-Empress Eugenie and Princess Lactitia will start for Farmsborough to-mor-

Monchicourt, the liquidator of the Panama Canal Company, has held repeated onferences with M. Constans, Minister of the Interior, on the condition of the company's affairs. The report that M. Christople is considering a scheme involving the Credit Foncier in an attempt to revive the canal company, is unfounded. Ministers Fallieres and Constant have had a meeting with high judicial authorities regarding the prosecution of M. de Lesseps. Official opinion generally tends against his prosecution, but M. Constans says that public feeling demands that that famous engineer be

placed on trial. A dinner was given Thursday at the United States legation in honor of the Russian Ambassador, Baron de Struve. Among those present were A. L. Snowden, United States Minister to Greece; ex-Speaker Thomas B. Reed, D. O. Mills and Miss Porter. On Friday Hon. Whitelaw Reid, United States Minister, Mrs. Reid and D. O. Mills started on a short trip among famous chateaux around Tours.

French Plans for the Chicago Fair. M. Proust, Art Commissioner to the Chieago World's Fair, says that at the coming meeting of the committee on the fair, at which Minister Roche will preside, he will submit a plan to enable France to be splendidly represented at the exhibition. Among other things he will propose to send to Chicago plaster casts of the art objects in should the treiting stallion Nutwood live to be the age of George Wilkes and Electioneer, it is confidently predicted he will sire more speed and greater numbers than either of the sons of the Hero of Chester, and the glory of Miss Russell will go into the future alone and unequalled by any mare that has so far seen the light of day, but Nutwood cannot have all the glory, for be it known that his future triumphs will depend on marcs of the Wilkes and Electioneer family not too near up to the thoroughbred fast. the Trocadero Museum, showing the proginst all loss by insuring their ing objects of art free from New York to Chicago.

The trainmen and busmen of Bordeaux and Marseilles have gone on a strike.

NOT A MERE FIGUREHEAD. QUEEN VICTORIA SOMETIMES INTER-FERES IN POLITICS.

She Knows Better Than the House of Lords on Which Side Royalty's Bread Is Buttered-Why She Reductantly Favored the

ous contests, the awards to be announced on Tuesday. Running jump, putting the shot and fencing took up the morning, and were engaged in chiefly by the Chicago, Milwau-kee, Davenport, St. Paul and Minneapolis Disestablishment Bill. LONDON, June 21 .- The position of the Queen in English politics is usually supposed to be generally passive. Her Majesty did not approve of the disestablishment The best record made in jumping was by Emil Goetz, of Chicago, who made 19 feet 6 inches. He sprained two toes in the attempt, which is two feet behind his record. Adolph Stammwitz, of Minneapolis, put the shot, weight 35 pounds, 22 feet 6 inches. There were 13 participants in the fencing. William Eckic, of the Lincoln Turnycrein, of Chicago and the state of the Lincoln Turnycrein, of Chicago and the state of the Lincoln Turnycrein, of Chicago and the state of the Lincoln Turnycrein, of Chicago and the state of the Lincoln Turnycrein, of Chicago and the state of the Lincoln Turnycrein, of Chicago and the state of the Lincoln Turnycrein, of Chicago and the state of the stat policy, but she accepted the decision of the sountry, and the Commons used her influence to induce the Lords on the one hand to accept the bill and Mr. Gladstone to take conciliatory methods with the Lords The Archbishop of Canterbury was her mediator and go-between, and throughout the progress of disestablishment the bill went through an active period of wire-pulling, interviewing and lobbying which would have strained the nerves of a professional

When the bill went into the Lords the general expectation was that they would reject it and that another of those Constitutional crises would arise which threaten the tional crises would arise which threaten the existence of the Upper House as now constituted. The fate of monarchy is so reasonably associated in the mind of Her Majesty with that of an heriditary Upper House as to create alarm when the position of the latter appears menáced. Undoubtedly, if the peers had rejected the disestablishment bill Mr. Gladstone would have been backed up by an enraged country, and the always impending agitation to try, and the always impending agitation to disestablish the peers as a legislative body would have received a dangerous momentum.

The Queen wrote to the Archbishop: Considering the circumstances under which the measure has come to the House of Lords, the Queen cannot regard, without the greatest alarm, the probable effect of its absolute rejection in that House. Carried as it has been by an overwhelming and steady majority through a House of Commons chosen expressly to speak the feeling of the country on the question, there seems no reason to believe that any fresh appeal to the people would lead to a different result. The rejection of the bill, therefore, would only serve to bring the two Houses into a collision, and so prolong a dangerous agitation of on, and so prolong a dangerous agitation of

the subject. These words, pregnant of application in the early future, are being quoted through-out the Liberal press as a proof in anticipa-tion that the Queen, accepting the verdict of the country on Home Rule, will use all her power and personal influence to prevent the Lords from opposing it.

MANY MILITIA IN PERIL

Two Trains Collide Filled With a Body of

Soldiers. LONDONDERRY, June 21 .- An empty train collided with a train carrying a body of militia on a single track railway two of the militia train was killed, the fireman was fatally hurt and scores of the militia and others were injured.

The first three carriages of the militia train, which were laden with baggage, were smashed to splinters. Had they been occu-pied by militia the casualties would have

CYCLONIC DISTURBANCES.

frees, Roofs and Signs Blown Down by a Great Gale of Wind. CATRO, ILL., June 21 .- A cyclone this afternoon did considerable damage, un-roofing a great many houses, tearing up trees by the roots, blowing cars off the rail-yet.

road track and knocking all telegraph wires

L. M. Lass, of the derrick boat, was blown from the bank across the river onto the sand bank. The ferry boat Gwynn, France Will Negotiate With the Czar from Paducah with an excursion party for Carlo, just landing, was blown over to the Kentucky shore. Aside from roofs and shrubbery very little damage was done in this city. There was no loss of life.

SENATOR M'DONALD DEAD.

HE PASSES AWAY PEACEFULLY SUR-ROUNDED BY HIS FAMILY. A Biographical Sketch of His Career and Short History of His Political Achleve-

ments-Arrangements for the Funeral to Be Made To-Day. (SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH 1 INDIANAPOLIS, IND., June 21.-Ex-Senstor McDonald died to-night at 11:35 o'clock. He had been ill for some time and vesterday morning it was feared that he would not last throughout the day. Bulletins were published at intervals during the day and he finally passed away surrounded by mitted to M. de Giers, Russian Minister of his family. He died peacefully without a struggle and was conscious almost to the last. The arrangements for his funeral will be made to-day.

> Ex-Senator Joseph Ewing McDonald was orn in Butler county, O., in 1819. His father died while the son was an infant, and the latter was educated by his mother until his 13th year, when he was apprenticed to a addler. He entered Wabash College, Crawfordsville, Ind., at 18 years of age, supporting himself by working at his trade at odd hours and between terms. He was at Asbury University in 1840-2, and after leaving college studied law. He was admitted to the bar in 1844, and, removing to Crawfordsville in 1845, established a practice. He was elected Attorney General in 1858, and three years later removed to Indianapolis, where he has since followed his profession. He was elected to Congress as a Democrat in 1848, and served in 1849-51, but was defeated in the next can-vass, and also in 1864 as Democratic candidate for Governor against Oliver P. Morton. He was Chairman of the Democratic State Committee in 1872, reorganized the party and secured the election of a Democratic Levisla. ture by which he was sent to the United States Senate in 1875, serving until 1881. While in that body he took a conspicuous part in de-bates on finance, and was in favor of hard

> money and a protective tariff. In 1884 McDonald was the choice of the Democrats of Indiana for President, and he received the vote of the delegation from that State in the national convention. He was thought to have good chance for the second place on the ticket, at last, but after the nomination of Cleve-land there was a rush to Hendricks that swept everything before. Since that time the ex-Senator has not taken any very active part in politics.

A GREAT ELECTRICAL GENIUS.

thing About Nikola Tesla, Who I Known by Many Pittsburgers.

Nikola Tesla is fast becoming famous and many Pittsburgers who learned to know him during his stay at the Westinghouse works in this city rejoice at his progress. A few weeks ago Tesla was thought to be near his end from a bad attack of the grip. But he pulled through, stood up before the electrical engineers and took 250,000 volts of electricity. As he laid down the handles after this terrific shaking up he remarked quietly: "And they say 1,000 volts will kill a man?"

Tesla is a Montenegrin. His family are pastoral people. An uncle is a Bishop in the Greek Church. He is slender in body, nervous in his movements and intense in his application to the mysteries of electricity. His Greek face lights up and his black eyes gleam when he discourses on his favored theme. The electrical engineers grow enthusiastic when they talk of Tesla and his They belive that pictures, by constructing galleries which Greek is the greatest pioneer to-day shall be in every way safe, and by convey- in the field of electrical exploration. So declaring, they bar not even Edson. Tesla iperformed before the engineers some experiments which one of then declared had not been exceeded in startling importance since Faraday's time. He suggested and illustrated new principles and possibilities. He advanced the theory that electrical and other phenomena are identical. "We cannot call electricity ether, but may call it but we may call it other associated with

matter," he said.

With the development of his theory of ether power Tesla opens up a future which is dazzling. "The time will come." he says, "when all our machinery will be driven, not by steam or electricity, as now, but by a different power. All we want is a way to energize the dormant force. When we find that the settler in the wilderness as well as the manufacturer in the town will enjoy the

benefit of it.

WHITELAW REID'S BIG HOUSE.

His Country Residence Will Eclipse Anything Ever Yet Gotten Up.

Mr. Whitelaw Reid's new country house at White Plains, when completed, will be the largest, handsomest and most thoroughly appointed of all the luxurious country retreats of wealthy men in the vicinity of New York, says Contractor A. L. Bridges. The old house burned to the ground simply because there was not sufficient water at hand to put it out. We are putting in a water-works plant that will supply enough water for a small village. This has suggested the introduction of a dozen other modern luxuries, which heretofore have been sup-posed to be attainable only in town or city. Such is the electric light plant, which will furnish light for the big building from gar-

ret to cellar.

The guest chambers number over one dozen. The dining room is long and high, almost completely sheathed in glass on the two sides, and finished in polished oak. The library will perhaps be the most remarkable room in the house, with shelves for 25,000 volumes and finished in fine old seasoned woods, that will look as if they had stood the worms and finished contarior. The hall ret to cellar. woods, that will look as if they had stood the worms and frosts of centuries. The hall of entrance is as spacious as was the re-tainers' assembling place in some medieval castle. Three open fireplaces will heat it. These are also found in every room, and a steam-heating plant supplies their deficien-cies from the standpoint of actual warmth. Nothing on an equally extensive scale has been attempted in a country house before. It is now nearly ready for occupancy, and I know that Mr. Reid will give a house-warming in the old baronial style when he takes possession. Next fall, I think, it can be thrown open. The cost will go very near

WILL NOT RESIGN YET. Superintendent Porter Says the Census

Work Is Well up. WASHINGTON, June 21 .- Various reports were in circulation to-day to the effect that Superintendent Porter, of the Census Office, had resigned. To an Associated Press representative who called on him to-night, to inquire into the truth of the rumor, Mr. miles from Londonderry to-day. The driver | Porter emphatically declared that he had not resigned, and that he did not contem-plate doing so until he had com-pleted the work which he had undertaken. pleted the work which he had undertaken. The large number of removals that are now being made in the bureau, Mr. Porter said, was because of the completion of the work for which the persons discharged were employed. He said the work of the bureau is well up, and that the statements will be completed by the end of July, and all but two of the ten volumes will be ready for the printer by July 1.

All News Is Bad News.

Atlanta Journal.] The latest piece of bad news from Hait is that Hippolyte has not been assassinated

on by the United States.

EUROPEAN SUPREMACY IS GONE. Pennsylvania Appears to Be the Most

The Greater Part of It Now Carried

Favored State There. CONNELLSVILLE COKE IN BIG DEMAND

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) PHILADELPHIA, June 21 .- If Europe in tends to regain supremacy over Mexico's foreign commerce she will have to do some tall hustling; at least such is the opinion of W. E. Butcher, a former Philadelphian now residing in Monterrey, who is in this city at present, a guest of the Elmwood

rope gets most of the foreign trade," said Mr. Butcher, in the course of a conversation upon the baby Republic, "but statistics recently issued disprove that statement. To-day three-fifths of all Mexican exports and imports are transacted with the United States. It was only a few years ago when England, France and Spain held complete sway over the foreign trade, but they have lost a great deal of it, and they are losing more every month; and the reason why the United States has been able to step in is because of the recently built railoads, and because of the McKinley bill. "The city of Monterrey is the best instance of what Americans can do in Mexico. Eight years ago this city had 20,000 inhabitants; railroads and Americans came in, and now its population; by the last census,

The Boom at Monterrey. "Monterrey, you know, is the capital of the State of Nuevo Leon, and is about 175 miles from the Texas border. It used to be a sleepy old Spanish town; but now every-thing is on the jump. In 1882 Americans commenced to come in, with the railroads, and now there are 3,000 or 4,000 of ther there. Smelting plants, employing millions and millions of capital, are in operation, on account of Windom's decision regarding the duty of lead contained in ores, and more are being built. Two lines of steamers are being organized to ply between New York and the new port of Tampico, about 300 miles from Monterrey; Americans are starting manufactories in Monterrey and elsewher and Mexico generally has awakened to the salvation lies in a high protective tariff, whereas the United States has

"It seems hardly possible that Mexico will agree to any reasonable plan of reciprocity, however, because she has vastly more raw material than she knows what to do with; and she is succeeding splendidly in getting mills and factories started with American money and American machinery, both of which, you may be sure, come in without any duty at all.

Pennsylvania Well Represented "So far, Pennsylvania and New York are petter represented in Montterey than any other States. William P. Grimm, formerly of Philadelphia, has a large knit goods fac-tory there, and it is the only one in the Republic of Mexico. He is doing splen-lidly, and buys all of his wool within 30 of his office. You can readily see what a tremendous advantage he has over those who have to pay for raw material grown 600 or 700 miles away

"During the last year Monterrey has been enriched by three smelting plants for silver and lead, all managed by Americans, and owned by them and the English, Spanish and Mexicans. The Guggenheims, of Philadelphia, whose works were formerly at Pueblo, are putting in at Monterrey nine fureacces; and when completed, these will torm one of the finest smelting plants on the American continent. They will have a capacity of 450 tons a day, and with the other two plants will need fully \$10,000,000 capital. Still another large smelting plant, owned by the Kansas City Works, is being put up at San Louis Potosi. The removal of these industries to Mexico, and the consequent loss of capital, etc., to the United States, is due entirely, as I said before, to the reading by Secretary Windom of the silver clause in the McKinley bill; and nobody is more delighted with that interpretation than the Mexicans. At first they were anxious, for taey did not see what would result; but now they have great smelting plants put in, enriching their most pros-perous commercial center, and they are mighty glad of it.

A Great Benefit to Labor.

"All the labor at the furnaces will be native, except officers of the companies, of course, and the machinists. Three years ago, when I first knew something about Mexico, common labor cost from 25 to 37 cents per day; at present you cannot get an able-bodied man to work for less than 75 cents. Houses that rented two years ago for \$10 or \$15 a month, now bring from \$40 to \$50. Two years ago there was not a showwindow in a store of Monterrey. To-day the merchants have a high fever to see which can make the biggest splurge in such

decoration. "So far Pennsylvania seems to be more favored in Mexico, for the manufacturers down there want Connellsyille coke, and they get it whenever possible. Of the 3,000 tons per month used by the Monterrey furnaces nine-tenths is Connellsville coke, and when the Guggenheims get started they will need 2,000 tons more per month. Monterrey gets considerable soft coal from Indian Territory, and this, mixed with Pecas coal, from Texas, is used by the railroads. And, by the way, one sees more Baldwin and Porter becometives then any Baldwin and Porter locomotives than any other. Mexico has some coking coal in the Sabina district, near San Fillippe, in the State of Coahula, and the mining of this is growing to be a very large business. It is owned, I believe, by Huntingdon prin-

Cost of Living in Mexico.

"As an example of what it costs to live 10 AX-"As an example of what it costs to live in Mexico, just consider some prices of manufactured goods brought in from the States. Fine accommodation at the principal hotel costs about \$10 per week. Furniture used to be brought in over the Rio Grande, and a common cottage suit, costing \$25 to \$30 in Philadelphia, would sell for \$15 to \$190 at Monterry. But all this

\$25 to \$30 in Philadelphia, would sell for \$115 to \$120 at Monterrey. But all this will soon be changed. A big factory owned by Gerome & Dougherty is turning out furniture there, and they will be able to supply the market before long.

"It is a curious fact that nine out of every ten hats you see in Mexico bear a Philadelphia trade mark, even including the sombreros. A hat sold at \$3 here costs \$8 or \$9 in Monterrey. I have seen no American neckwear in Mexico, that in vogue being of French manufacture and very costly indeed. French manufacture and very costly indeed Steel Rail Trade Lost to England.

"Heretofore all steel rails for the railroad came from England to Galveston, and were then brought through the country in bond But when the new port of Tampico is fully established this will be changed. A Phila delphia steamship company has already placed a line of vessels there, and is build-ing more. Already a foreign company has a line plying between New York and Tampico "The

Tampico.

"The population of Mexico numbers about 10,000,000, but of these only about 3,500,000 are available as commercial factors. Splendid law and order exists in the larger cities, and the judges don't allow technicalities to interfere with the process of justice. Education has been made compulsory, and in the City of Mexico is one of the finest military schools in the world."

Mr. Butcher said again in closing that the United States has everything to gain from Mr. Butcher said again in closing that the United States has everything to gain from reciprocity with Mexico; but that the latter has about made up her mind to follow the example of the States, and foster manufac-

Ore Handlers Lose Their Strike. CLEVELAND, June 21 .- The ore handlers'

strike was finally settled yesterday, the NO DANGER OF DEATH men agreeing to secept 11 cents a ton. They struck for 13 cents.

A SPECTRAL WITNESS. CORPSE OF A MAN DRAGGED FROM

THE GRAVE FOR TESTIMONY.

CINCINNATI, June 21.—Three spectral

years, the undertaker caused the grave to be

Andrew DeKalb Ernst was a son of An-

legacies excepted, one of which was \$5,000

to Andrew DeKalb Ernst, her stepson. He had disappeared early in the sixties. He left two children in Louisville. One of them, a boy, died in a blind asylum. The

ABE LINCOLN CURED HIM.

From a Whisky Barrel on a Bet.

William Graham Green, now 80 years old,

taught President Lincoln all he ever knew

about grammar. He tells this story: There

used to be a fellow named Enoch Easten,

who spent a lot of time loafing around. He

But, Abe, he's got 90 cents the best of

me," I said.
"Will you promise me that you'll never

"Billy," said Lincoln, "you are getting to

an age when you're beginning to think a good deal about the girls. Wouldn't you like to have a plug hat to wear when you go calling on them?"

calling on them?"
"Yes, I would," I said, "but they cost \$7."

in here again and wants to bet with you on

have kept my word ever since, and I've never bet on anything. And what's more, I wouldn't for \$1,000."

A Hard Question.

New York Sun.]

to quit it."

SPECULATIONS OF THE DOCTORS. Three Photographs of the Cadaver Attached to a Deposition in Court-A Girl Claimant's Effort to Establish the Iden-Sonell's Case Has an Important Bearing tity of Her Father. on Hydrophobia.

exhibits—photographs of a cadaver, which had lain in the grave for eight months—are AN OLD CONTROVERSY AGAIN REVIVED attached to depositions handed up to Judge

Shroder in the Ernst case. The body is that [SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] of Andrew Ernst, who died near Gunnison, NEW YORK, June 21.-The gila monster Col., in August, 1889. It was placed in a box, the head resting on a bag filled with hay. A thin shirt, trousers and a piece of that bit John Sonell's finger in Dr. C. S. Allen's snake poison laboratory Saturday appears to have been a harmless specimen. canvas wrapped around the feet constituted the dress when the body was ready for burial. It was taken to Gunnison and in-Controversy rages over the poisonous or nonpoisonous nature of this lizard's bite, but terred by an undertaker there.

The April following, litigation having arisen over a legacy of \$5,000 to one Andrew DeKalb Ernst, who had been missing for 25 Sonell was certainly more frightened than hurt. Dr. Bensel, who had charge of the case at Bellevue, could find no symptoms of poisoning, and felt sure that the man could ed, and with the aid of a photographer, get well if he did not die of fright. This raised the body, when three photographs of it were taken, and subsequently attached to the depositions of the undertaker and his morning the swelling of his hand, which might have been caused by the cutting out of the flesh which the lizard's teeth penetrated, sub-sided somewhat. Sonell became convinced drew Ernst, whose portrait graces the wall of the Mercantile Library. He left the that his fears of death were groundless. He was able to eat, and permitted a cheerful serenity to overspread his face. But the mental shock had been so great that he was property on the northwest corner of Fifth and Race streets, to Seth C. Foster, in trust for his widow, who was to receive the income and devise the property at her death. She gave it to her children, certain still weak.

When Dr. Bensel was asked to-day what when Dr. Bensel was asked to-day what he thought of the case, he said. "There is no doubt that the man will get well. He either was not poisoned or else the wound was cauterized in time. It may be that the gils monster had been biting its basket and had exhausted all its venom. Or, again, it may be that the gila monster is not always refreene."

other, a daughter, upon attaining womanhood married a stenographer, and is now
living in St. Paul. This daughter is the
claimant of the \$5,000 legacy in question.
The legacy to Andrew DeKalb Ernst was
conditioned on his being alive at the time
of the testatrix's death. There is no doubt
at all that the St. Paul. Dr. Bates, who cauterized the wound, said: "I have seen the gila manater hits." said: "I have seen the gila monster bite a good many times, and I do not believe that it is any more venomous than our little lizard. It's ugly appearance caused all at all that the St. Paul woman is the daughter of Andrew DeKalb Ernest, deserted by sorts of superstition to arise about it. If it is poisonous then I think Dr. Bensel's idea may be right. I have seen a rattlesnake bite a half a dozen dogs. The first dog will get a full charge of poison and will die in a few minutes. The second dog will not die him in infancy. But before she can take the legacy she must show that he was living in 1883 and is now dead now. She contends that the Andrew Ernst who died in 1889, in Colorado, was Andrew DeKalb Ernst, her few minutes. The second dog will not die for some time. The third dog will either not die at all or will take a much longer time. The fifth and sixth dogs may show no signs of poisoning. I do not think that the absence of the "crazy plant" in the habitation of the gila has anything to do with its poison. If it is venomous in one place it will no doubt be venomous everywhere." father. Her claim is opposed by the representatives of her grandmother's estate. How the Martyr President Took a Dram

The case of this man Sonell is interesting just now in another way. There have been several cases of supposed death from hydrophobia lately, and some controversy has arisen as to whether the victims died of the bite of a rabid animal or the fear of death. was a betting, trifling kind of a man and he had a lot of tricks that he was always betting on. He had a trick of doubling up his hand in some way so as to hide his middle finger. Then he would bet you that you couldn't mark his middle finger with a pen. I lost some nickels betting with him, and The balance of testimony in most of these cases has been in favor of the theory of fright. Yet here is a man who receives a bite from a supposedly venomous reptile, and who is convinced by long experience as s snake charmer with venomous reptiles that the bite will kill him. His whole one day Abe Lincoln said to me:
"Billy, you ought to know better than to bet on anything, but especially than to bet with a man on his own tricks. You ought bearing showed that he had no hope of es-cape. He is not an educated man, and is of an excitable, nervous temper. But he does not die from fright. The mental shock prostrates him, but his reasoning powers seem to have been sufficient to convince him that his mortal fear was groundbet any more if I manage it so that you can get 'way ahead of him with one bet?" asked Lincoln.
"Yes," I said, "but I'd hate to quit

MANY BANK CLEARANCES.

Noticed as Compared With Last Year's Figures. Boston, June 21 .- The following table. compiled from dispatches from the clearing nouses of the cities named, shows the gross exchanges for last week, with rates per cent of increase or decrease as against the similar amounts for the corresponding week

Inc. Dec. 15.00 14.06 his tricks, you just say that you don't care to bet on such triffing things with him, but that you will bet that Abe can take a 40-gallon barrel of whisky off the floor and take a dram from the bunghole. You say 2.65 Baltimore ... New Orleans Pittsburg Cincinnati take a dram from the bunghole. You say that you'll bet him a plug hat on it."
"But can you do it?" I asked.
"That night he took a barrel of whisky and chimed it up a little on his left knee, and then tilted it on his right knee, and kind of bent back, and I pulled the bung out of the hole and he took a dram sure enough, and spurted it right out again on the floor. The next day I won the plug hat from Enoch, as Abe had said I would. I have kept my word ever since, and I've 12.05 4.04 1.08 280.00 11.03 16.05 29.00 Salt Lake City Washington 21.05

RAILWAYS MORTGAGED.

Over Two Million Dollars Borrowed to

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., June 21 .- A mort-

gage given by the Chicago, St. Louis and

of Sangamon county.
It is for \$2,544,000, and covers the entire

Pay Old Debts.

· Not included in totals.

It is easy to tell when a man is flattering your neighbor, but it isn't so easy to decide when he is flattering you. THE WEATHER.

merville Journal.]

For Western Pennsylvan West Virginia and Ohio: Fair, Cooler, West-

Comparative Temperat PITTSBURG, June 21.—The United States Signal ervice officer in this city furnishes the following:

****** June 21, 1891. 8 AM- -68 8 AM- -71 _... _... _... __78 \$ 5 PM-6 4 PM-* 8 PM-__75 000000000000

0000000000 TEMPERATURE. BAINFALL. Gossip of the Levees.

The marks on the wharf show 9 feet 3 inches and

THE John A. Wood will pass Memphis to-day. THE H. K. Bedford will leave at noon to-day for Parkersbug.

THE Keystone State will leave to-day at 4 P. M. for Cincinnati. THE Reysone State will leave to-day at 17. A. for Cincinnati.

THE Mt. Clare left Cincinnati yesterday for this port with empties.

THE Iron Age leaves St. Louis to-day for this port with five empties.

THE coal Bluff sunk a barge of fire clay at the Portsmouth ice piers Saturday night.

THE Hudson left Cincinnati yesterday for this port. She is due to-merrow night.

THE John F. Walton had her wheel chain repaired at Paducah and passed on down.

CAPTAIN 1. M. MASON, of the Anchor line, St. Louis, has returned home from a visit with Captain M. A. Cox, of the Brownswille line.

THE HARTY Brownsand Alice Brown passed Cairo.

The Harry Browmand Alice Brown passed Cairo esterday morning. The W. W. O'Nell arrived at lairo with a portion of her tow and returned to the bhio river to meet the remainder. THE Dave Wood, Smoky City and Sam Brown passed Evansville yesterday morning. Charlic Clark stranded her tow a few miles below Owens-boro. The Charles Brown went to her assistance. Up to 5 P. M. yesterday .00 of rain fell in this vicinity. The morning report showed Johnstown, 1.20; West Newton, 1.25; Greensboro, 1.62. The total rainfall for June is 3.42; for the same period of last year it was 2.40, a difference of 1.62, or 1.64 above the average rainfall for three years, that of 1859 being 2.25.

****** In the Case of the Snake Charmer Bitten by a Gila Monster. NOT FANTASIES!



WE STAND ON FACTS

That isn't the whole story -we stand on the right kind of facts, and when we are talking about them we hold none of them back.

We Have Taken the Lead

In the Merchant Tailoring trade because we have earned it by giving Honest Work FOR HONEST PRICES, by avoiding clap trap and by calling a spade a spade every time. We want your confidence as well as your custom, and will see that you get an adequate return for both. It will .pay you to look at our splendid line of

Fine Suitings

For making to order at \$20. See the grand values we are making to order in suits at \$25. Our line of fine dress suits at \$30 to order would cost you forty dollars else where. Perfect fit and firstclass workmanship guaranteed in every particular. See our elegant display of

Fine Trouserings. TROUSERS TO ORDER AT \$5. * TROUSERS WORTH \$8 AT \$6. \$10 TROUSERS AT \$8.



MAKERS OF FINE READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Custom Tailors, Hatters and Furnishers, Peoria Company, and the Chicago and Northern Railway Company, to the Mercantile Trust Company, of New York, was filed yesterday in the office of the Recorder STAR CORNER.

STAR CORNER.

line of both railroads. The proceeds are to cancel the outstanding mortgages of the companies, which have been consolidated.

I am answering Mrs. Pinkham's letter, that reached us at Cairo. as told me just what to do, and I am feeling much better; besides, she has given me a list of places where her preparations are sold. I found them here in Alexandria, and have laid in a stock. My mind is easy now, so any time you wish to start, I'm ready!"

American addies travelling abroad find the Compound invaluable. It sustains the energies in the most trying climate, and 's a faithful friend whenever needed. Mrs. Pinkham's foreign correspondence is very large, and increases rapidly. Send stamp for "Guldo to Health," a beautiful illustrated book

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE Is the only Positive Cure and Legitimate Remedy COMPOUND for the peculiar weaknesses and aliments of women.

It cures the worst forms of Female Complaints, that Bearing-down Feeling, Weak Back, Falling and Displacement of the Womb, Inflammation, Ovarian Troubles, and all Organic Diseases of the Uterus or Womb, and is invaluable to the Change of Life. Dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus at an early stage, and checks any tendency to Cancerous Humor. Subdues Faintness, Excitability, Nervous Prestration, Exhaustion, and strengthens and tones the Stomach. Cures Headache, General Debility, Indigestion, etc., and invigorates the whole system. For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either sex, the Compound has no rival.

4. All Druggists sell it as a standard article, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozanges, on receipt of \$1.00.

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