THE BEST WANT DIRECTORY

TUESDAY. APRIL

21. 1891--TWELVE PAGES.

A number of members on both sides of the House have expressed a willingness to support the bill, and O'Dowd says it will be passed.

EIGHT TO BE HANGED,

BUT THREE WERE PARDONED AND ALL

THE REST ESCAPED.

The Crowd Which Assembled to Witness

a Recapture.

Wholesale Execution in Indian Territory

Disappointed-But Very Little Hope of

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.

EUFAULA, I. T., April 20.-Those who

gathered at Weewake Court House, 58 miles

execution of seven negro murderers and one

chief on Friday last. Yesterday all the

from their guards, a few shots being ex-changed by light horsemen and friends of

the condemned.

THE DISPATCH correspondent with repre-

entatives of other journals, left the scene at

o'clock this morning, at which time there

of them were convicted and sentenced to death about three weeks ago, since which time they have been chained and gnarded by light horsemen, there being no jails in this nation.

this nation.

Eight horsemen had been summoned from

Deep Fork and Tulsatown to assist in the execution, but did not arrive until after the

escape, which was effected when there were but two guards present. The murders these men committed were of the most brutal character, and occurred in October, 1889.

LAMAR'S RELIGION.

Young Men.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, April 20. - Justice Lamar,

of the Supreme Court, appeared in a new

role yesterday as a lecturer before the Sun-

day afternoon class of the Young Men's

Christian Association. The announcement

that he was to speak attracted a large crowd

young men vesterday was a most interest-ing one, delivered in a most solema and

impressive manner, almost suggestive of

Justice Lamar dwelt upon three occasions

in his life when he listened to religious ad-dresses, which had made a deep and lasting

tancy about speaking of his personal experi-

polors, and he would simply add that he be

lieved there was a God, who was infinitely great and merciful, and he believed in His

holiness, justice and goodness. The Justice closed his address by reading a portion of a

CANADA TO RAISE THE TAX.

But Will Not Keep the Chinese Out of the

United States.

PRPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

OTTAWA, April 20 .- The Governor Gen-

ral to-day received a memorial from the

British Columbian Legislature asking that

he Chinese restriction tax be increased from

authorities here to take steps to prevent the

leparture of Chinese from Canada across

the border, the Minister of Customs stated

o-day that the Dominion Government was

powerless to do anything in the matter, as when a Chinaman had once paid his poll

tax of \$50 the Canadian authorities could in

It has been stated that the Dominio

Government would take steps to prevent the

hemselves across the border, but this is not

the case. It is not within the power of the Canadian Government to prevent the Chi-

United States Chinese restriction act being violated as far as Canada being made the

no way interfere with his movements.

hannel through which they

ences, but he always desired to sho

chapter of St. Paul.

on upon his mind. He had a hes

ANARCHY'S RED FLAG

To Be Unfurled Throughout the Coke Country by Herr Johann Most.

HE COMES WITHOUT A CALL.

Labor Leaders Do Not Want the Revolutionary Agitator, but He Is on the Ground.

THE STRIKE NOW SEEMS STRONGER

Operators Are Semewhat Discouraged by the Bitter Stubbornness Displayed by the Cokers.

MILITARY CALLED OUT AT LEITH.

The Resistance Encountered in Making an Eviction Causes Some Temperary Excitement, but No Bloodshed.

BOTH SIDES DENOUNCE THE CORONER'S VERDICT

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT, I SCOTTDALE, April 20 .-- Herr Johann Most will lend his assistance in the coke troubles, and if he is allowed to get off any of his fire-eating harangues in the region the bombshell will burst from the hill top and valuable property be destroyed by the torch. To-day he passed through this place and sent a letter to labor headquarters to the effect that he will return here to-morrow.

The grizzly old anarchist could make things hum here if he were allowed to address the strikers in his characteristic style of oratory. There are hundreds of men here who need but his inflammatory utterances to start them out with the torch to avenge their alleged wrongs. Smaller-calibered men of Johann's ilk are responsible for the bad work so far done, and if he is allowed to travel about here there will surely be work for the deputies to do, and Winchesters will come in good play.

Labor Leaders Do Not Want Him.

An attempt will be made to prevent Most making a tour of the region. The labor leaders say they know nothing of his plans, and will do nothing to help him. It would he well for them if they would prevent his visit, as he could do more damage to their cause by a half dozen speeches to the excited miners and cokers than could be renaired in

The week opens slightly favorable to the coke strikers, though the prospects for the end of the affair are but little better than dast week. All the operators felt jubilant on Saturday, as they had dozens of men promise to go to work, but when this morncame very lew strikers were ready for duty. Yesterday the bosses were scouring the region on the outlook for men, and reported to their superintendents that they had scores of promises, but their men failed to go to work this morning. There are no more men at work in the region to-day than there were a week ago, and perhaps not as many of the original strikers.

A Lot of Foreigners Imported.

A large number of Italians have been brought in and put to work and there are a large number of others who have quit work. At Painter 10 Italians were put to work and there were several other additions. Two of the old men were not on hand, but sent word that they were sick.

The Black Hills mine was started with only six diggers and no ovens were charged from there to-day. They will begin charging from there to-morrow. Dexter did not start this morning as was expected. The report from the H.C. Frick Coke Company's



Schoolhouse Near Shaft R. Morewood, Where Strikers Meet Nightly.

office was that while there were more men at work than on Saturday, there were not as many as was expected. No figure would be given out, as Manager Lynch has decided that he don't want it known how well he is

The same report came from the other companies, but the majority of them refuse to make a statement as to the number of men working. The labor men are very jubilant to-day and say that the wind is at last

blowing their way. Still a Difference in Figures.

They declare that the figures as to the increase at the various works are exaggerated and in some cases there have been heavy losses. They claim that victory is near at hand and that some of the operators are weakening. However near the truth this may be, it is true some of the operators are slightly discouraged at the slow progress they are making in breaking the back of the

Manager Lynch, of the Frick Company, is one of those who don't feel well over the outlook, or at least he appears that way. To-day's happenings may have very little to do with the end and there may be a big reaction in favor of the operators at any

Should the strike be declared off tomorrow not more than half the ovens would be used, as there is not enough demand for coke. The market is very much depressed and if all the ovens were put in operation the bottom would fall out entirely.

A Probable Cause of Trouble. The importation of Italians will doubtless cause trouble, as some of the men are getting very warm on the subject. Yesterday at Summit over \$,000 men and boys congregated about the works. An attempt was and the wives of other strikers, to the number

so much noise by beating an iron coal wagon with a hammer that they could not make the men hear. In the crowd was a brass band, and considerable noise was made, but

there was no damage done.

A crowd of men surrounded the house of Wm. Allison of West Overton, who works at Painter, and made him and his family very uncomfortable. Allison's wife will have 19 of them arrested. Among the number against whom informations will be made are Rev. Hillery Ball, local Methodist preacher; Frank Christner of West Overton, and Thomas Greenwood of Painter. John Lisko, a Hungarian, made informa-tions against Superintendent John A. Asser

of Leisenring No. 1; Wm. Carroll, yard boss; Isanc Hufiman, stable boss; Henry Kurtz, chief clerk, and Frank Campbell, constable, charging them with conspiracy, assault and battery and shooting with intent to kill. They each gave bail in the sum

of \$1,000 for their appearance at court.

The Charge Against the Bosses. Lisko alleges he was sent for and went to the office at Leisenring No. 1, where the constable confronted him with a warrant on a charge of conspiracy and intimidation. He wanted them to take him to his wise, so he could tell her where he was going, but they rejused to do so. He further says that they assembled and beat him. His wife followed him to the office and opened a back window, from which he escaped. While he was running away he alleges several of those charged shot at him. Lisko was afterward rearrested

at court in June. There were no evictions at Morewood to-day, because Sheriff Clawson was too busy to be here and his deputy decided to wait till to-morrow to put the people out. Michael Barrett, the labor leader, who is among those to be evicted, said there would be no trouble, as all were willing to go.

and gave bail in the sum of \$1,300 for trial

their fare and then refused to get off, and the trainmen, after making a number of in-effectual efforts to unload them, finally ran the train on a side track, cut off the coaches, prisoners and all, and came on the engine to Vance's Mills Junction and reported the situation to railroad headquarters.

The Train Load Lost. The engineer brought the engine to Union-town with Constable Chick and three of his prisoners aboard. Nothing has been heard of the trainload left behind.

of the trainload left behind.

Late to-night a telephone message was sent from Lamont to Leisenring No. 2 notifying the deputies and company officials there that 250 strikers had just left Lamont for Leisenring. No men were working at the latter place to-day. In the south end of the region everything has been quiet to-day, except at Leith. The water tank at Kyle has been repaired and work resumed.

CORRECTING AN ERROR.

Troops Were Not Withdrawn From Westmoreland County on Arrangement.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) UNIONTOWN, April 20 .- Adjutant General McClelland wishes to correct the impression that has gotten out, to the effect that the troops were withdrawn from Westmoreland county on the strength of an agreement between the strikers and the authorities that there should be no more lawlessness. Concerning this he said to-night, "I see that several newspapers have assumed editorially that the with-drawal of the Tenth and Eighteenth regiments was the result of an understanding that lawlessness should cease. This is altogether erroneous, as there was no under-standing directly or remote with anybody.

DRIVEN TO DESPAIR.

PITTSBURG.

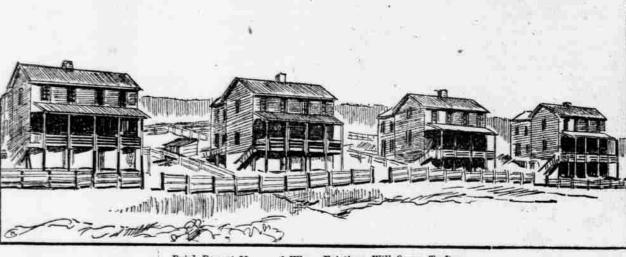
The Sioux Indians Were Forced Into the War of Last Winter.

REVELATIONS OF A MINISTER. The Red Men Cheated by Agents and Badly Treated in General.

BAD CHARGES AGAINST BUFFALO BILL

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. NEW YORK, April 20.-The Rev. William J. Cleveland, who has had a 17-years missionary career among the Indians, and who made a careful investigation into the recent Sioux outbreak in Dakota, gave a brief account of his discoveries and experiences before the Indian Rights Association at the Broadway Tabernacle this morning. Mr. Cleveland said that he spent nearly all the time since January 10 last in going through the Sioux reservations. He had seen all their camps, talked with the Indian leaders in the late war and with inhabitants of the border, and as his investigation was entirely independent and conducted without bias in any direction, he thought that the result might be of interest. He continued:

"There was no real outbreak of the Indians previous to the beginning of the hos-tilities last fall. Nearly all the talk about the Indian depredations is nonsense. They



Brick Row at Morewood Where Evictions Will Occur To-Day.

He says it is impossible to secure houses in town, as the majority of those who have houses to let are in the power of the operators, and will not rent them to strikers. Verdict of the Coroner's Jury.

There was considerable discussion about the verdict returned by the Coroner's jury at Mt. Pleasant this afternoon. As the verdiet didn't say anything except that the deputies killed the men there was little to be said by either side. However, the strikers claim it ought to have been declared murder, and the other side say the deputi-should have been exonerated.

A meeting of strikers was to have been held at Mt. Pleasant this afternoon after attending the inneral of Edward Eargley, but the meeting did not materialize. Several hundred men followed the dead coke worker to his grave, but no attempt was made to nold a meeting. The programme was ar-ranged withou, consulting the district offi-cers and they decided not to silow it to come

work. They also claim that there was no one at Leith, and that there were only one miner and two cokers at work at Davidson Parish mines. Dunbar, but the strikers con vinced them that they were not coke work ers and sent them to Greensburg. At Mor rel! 20 Italians were taken to the mines, but the strikers got them to like sunshine better.

FIGHTING THE SHERIFF.

WOMEN TURN OUT TO OPPOSE EVIC TIONS BY M'CORMICK.

The Sheriff Orders Out the Troops, Which Scares the Women and They Give In-Trainload of Prisoners and Women Side Tracked and Lost.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. UNIONTOWN, April 20 .- The boys of Company C spent a quiet night at the armory, and the forenoon passed without incident, but they were startled at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon by an order from Sheriff Mc-Cormick to move at once to Leith. Sheriff McCormick had gone up at 2 o'clock to make several evictions, and the order to the troops meant that there was trouble.

There was great excitement when it was learned that the company had been ordered out, and as the line of soldiers swept up the Southwest Railroad track, it was followed by crowds of excited people.

The Order Countermanded. Midway up the track a deputy was seen hurrying toward them. He handed a note to Captain Frasher, and, after reading it, the Captain turned his command and marched them into an open field, and it was known to the great relief of soldiers and spectator that the emergency had passed. The troops spent an hour and a half in drilling and re

turned to the armory.

The trouble at Leith arose over the determination of Andy Dunsko not to be evicted peaceably and Andy was backed up by all the Hungarian women in the neighborhood The Sheriff had evicted Joseph Hartman who offered no resistance, but when he attempted to enter Dunsko's house he was met by the women, who rushed at him and struck at him with their fists and any eapons that came handy.

One brawny woman aimed a blow at the Sheriff's head with a hatchet, which barely missed its mark. The Sheriff was not accompanied by a single deputy and did not even have his revolver, so be withdrew, rushed to the company office, armed him-self and sent a deputy to hurry up the

The cooler heads crowded around him and implored him to countermand the order for the troops, promising their assistance to evict Dunsko. The women were thoroughly rightened at the prospect of the troops and began to carry the goods out of Dunsko's house themselves. After much persuasion and good promises the Sheriff notified Captain Frasher that the troops were not needed

Restrained by the Leaders. A mob of 200 collected at Leith early this morning, when the men went to work, and Sheriff McCormick had been sent for in anticipation of trouble. The mob was de termined to attack the men working in yard, and were with great difficulty restrained by their leaders.
Several evictions will take place at Leith

to-morrow. Deputy Crawford went to Leisearing No. 2 to-day to serve the in-junction papers on 32 of the strikers en-gaged in the riot there on Saturday morning. Closely in his wake came Constable Chick to arrest the rioters. Twenty-six of the latter were arrested and taken on board made to talk to the Italians, who were some of 40 or 50, poured into the two coaches and distance away, but the superintendent made took possession. The women refused to pay

Indeed, it would be difficult to imagine with whom such understanding could be had. "The two regiments were withdrawn on the belief that their presence was no longer necessary, but the continuance on duty of Cap-tain Loar's company at Mt. Pleasant was considered wise. The call of Sheriff Mc-Cormick for assistance shows that no mistake was made. The two boxes of extra ammunition sent by Colonel Hawkins to Captain Frasher arrived this afternoon, and the boys are now well equipped."

CAPTAIN LOAR'S COMPANY

Was to Have Been Withdrawn To-Day, But Is Now Ordered to Remain.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATORS Uniontown, April 20 .- The flurry at Leith was the only thing to-day to disturb Adjutant General McClelland's equanimity. He is still under the doctor's care. When The labor men here report that the Cambria Iron and Steel Company tried to start Mahoning and Atlas, but no one went to work. They also claim that the Cambria Iron and Steel Company tried to start to see the troops march away. He was the start to see the troops march away. much relieved when the news come back that McCormick's order had been counternanded. Previous to this he had reported to Governor Pattison as follows: "Please accept the saying that no news is good news," and he did not see fit to add anything

to this laconic report.
On Saturday, before Sheriff McCormick's call for help had reached the Governor, the Adjutant General had sent an order from Harrisburg to Captain Loar to dismiss his company on Tuesday evening, April 21. To-night he sent an order to Loar to continue his company on duty. The members of Company C are in excellent spirits. Two men are on the sick list.

ASSAULTED A WORKER.

Several Strikers Jump on John Cope and Badly Beat Him.

(FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.) MT. PLEASANT, April 20 .- John Cope, Morewood employe, was assaulted by several strikers as he was going home from work. He suffered numerous very severe bruises. He made information against

John Barrett, charging him with the as-Barrett is a son of Michael Barrett, one of the prominent labor leaders.

Several telegrams were received Colonel Smith yesterday from Adjutant General McClelland about the situation in the coke country. The last one stated that in the General's opinion no troops were needed at present.

VERDI MAY FIGHT YET,

DIPLOMATIC FRIENDS TRYING TO BOLS-TER UP HIS COURAGE.

He Was a Barber in New York Before He Became a Doctor and a Count-A Bare Possibility That the Challenge May Not

Be Accepted. IFROM A STAYF CORRESPONDENT. WASHINGTON, April 20 .- Dr. Verdi, the Italian friend and confiduat of Baron Fava, late Italian Minister to the United States, who got himself interviewed and then went back on the interview because his contemptuous expressions against the United States brought him into disrepute, has kept himself very quiet and secluded since the publication of the open letter to him by

George H. Harries, the reporter, whose inter view he contradicted. There is a rumor abroad to-day, however that his diplomatic friends have got the doctor's courage screwed to the point of talking seriously of sending a challenge to Harries. Whether the rumor is true canno be ascertained, as the doctor is not accessi ble to correspondents. On the other hand, there is a rumor that if the doctor does present a challenge Harries will refuse to recognize it, though he is utterly fearless, dead shot and an expert fencer, on accounof the fact that the doctor is not his equal in

social degree. It seems that although the doctor wear the insignia of a count and claims to be of noble family, he was a barber in New York before he became a doctor in Washington. At least this is an assertion the corres ent of THE DISPATCH received on what should be excellent authority. Mr. Harries will hardly refuse to fight on this account, however, as he is a radical in belief, and recognizes no social distinction based on any except moral grounds.

First of the Season.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. COLUMBUS, April 20 .- Merrick L. Benson, aged 20, went in swimming this evening and was drowned by being seized with

beyond their reservations, and they had to do this to save themselves from starvation. Reduced to Wretchedness.

go away wherever they thought they might make a living after the manner of their forefathers. The bubble was pricked in the fall before it was ready for bursting, and the Indians were driven to war. General Miles' army had to contend with a lot of desperate men."

Mr. Cleveland then told of the many breaches of the agreement with the Indians of which, he said, the Government had been quilty in the last quarter of a century. He

was charged to the indians.

Big Shrinkage in Cattle. tractors in January, by which time the un-initiated expected that the weight would be increased, and the Indians would profit cor-respondingly. But a remarkable thing oc-curred. When the weighing took place in January it was found that the cattle weighed only from 700 to 900 pounds. How there could be such an astonishing falling

"But the thing that aggravated the Indians was that, notwithstanding the falling off, they were credited with the 1,130 pounds for each animal. Thus they were cheated out of hundreds of thousands of pounds of beef. The general cause of the war was the the failure of Congress to act on the report of the Indian Commissioners. More trouble may occur if Congress does not act." He said that the Indians who were taken

to Europe should be immediately recalled. When Buffalo Bill went to Standing Rock to arrest Sitting Bull, he said, he was not in a fit condition to do so-in fact, he was intoxicated. Mr. Cleveland was of the opinion that Buffalo Bill only wanted to get Sitting Bull for his show.

TOUR OF GOMPERS.

He Speaks About the Remarkable Trip Has Made. PERCIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR.

NEW YORK, April 20 .- Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, returned to-day from a two-months' speech-making and organizing tour all over the land. His faith in the solidity and strength of the federation is greater than ever, and he believes that the noble order of Knights of Labor is no longer in it. He said: "In one way my trip has been the most remarkable of its kind ever undertaken. Crowds assembled to hear what I had to say about our organization. The energy dis-played in the work of organizing open unions was wonderful, and the enthusiasm unions was wonderful, and the enthusiasm over the eight-hour movement was unbounded. I found that we had strong friends in every center of industry. In San Francisco I addressed a meeting of 14,000 men. I found that the laboring men in the West are more closely united and in greater harmony than they are here. are here. From all that I saw I am con-Labor represents the true feeling of work-ingmen throughout the country." In Denver the Legislature suspended business and gave Mr. Gompers the privi-lege of the floor. The miners of Denver presented him with a gold badge, the metal n which had been mined by men working

ewelers working the same length of time. CREGIER GIVES IT UP.

ight hours, and jeweled and lettered

He Asks the Canvassing Board to Declar That Washburne Is Chicago's Mayor. CHICAGO, April 20 .- When the official anyassing board met this morning to declare the result of the late Mayoralty election Mayor Cregier, Democrat, through his at-torney, withdrew all objections to the can-vass as completed last week, and asked that clared Mayor-elect

SUNDAY BASEBALL

Ohio Cities.

Ohio Cities.

Ohio Cities.

Ohio Cities.

ONE THE DISPATOR.

COLUMBUS, April 20.—The resignation

Ohio Cities.

ONE THE DISPATOR.

O

The victims were Robert Reed and Wiley Walo, who at the time were acting as light horsemen. The Indians are much disatisfied with the turn of affairs, and more trouble will yet grow out of it. simply killed and carried away a few cattle He Tells What It Is in a Sunday Address to

"The fact is the Indians were reduced to such a wretched condition by their unjust treatment by the United States Government that they were intent only on sustaining life till the spring, when they had deter-mined—or, at least many of them did—to cut loose from all Government control and go away wherever they thought they might

Mr. Cleveland then told of the many breaches of the agreement with the Indians of which, he said, the Government had been guilty in the last quarter of a century. He gave one instance which is novel and savois strongly of political methods familiar to this city. "The Government," he said, "agreed to furnish a certain amount of beet to the Indians. At first three nounds a day was allowed, but later it was cut down to a pound and this is the way the agreement was carried out last year. In the fall cattle were bought which weighed on an average 1 130 pounds. On this basis the whole herd

"The cattle were to be delivered by the conoff can be told only by the agents and the

ese population leaving the country.

HARD TO GET AT. Much Difficulty in Finding Out the Natio ality of the Slain Italians. WASHINGTON, April 20 .- The Depart nent of Justice is in receipt of a letter from District Attorney William Grant at New Orleans, who was requested by it to ascertain the nationality of the Italians who were killed there last month; the circumstances under which they came to this country, etc. The District Attorney says he has encountered much more difficulty at getting some of the particulars in the case than he had anticipated, which has resulted in delaying his report. These particulars refer to the nationality of the men. He has made a request to the epartment for certain information in con-

ANOTHER SURVIVOR OF BOONE.

ection with the matter.

The Only Remaining Descendant of the Famous Kentuckian Arrested. DES MOINES, April 20. - George S. Boone he sole remaining lineal descendant of Daniel Boone, was arrested by the United States authorities and brought to this city for trial to-day. He is charged with pension frauds. Boone served in the Confeder-ate army, while his father was a Union soldier. The father is dead, and the son has, it is alleged, for some time been draw-ing the pension allowed to the former. Boone has been living in a cave on the Des Moines river, about 40 miles below this

Prepared for Repair Work. WASHINGTON, April 20. - Under author ity conferred by Congress, the Secretary of the Navy is making arrangements to open

SOME FINE FIGURING of Senator Morrison was presented to the

Senate to-day and accepted. The only matter of importance considered was a bill in troduced by Mr. O'Dowd, of Cincinnati The Apportionment Measures at Last which amends section 70,320 Revised Statutes, prohibiting amusements of any kind on Sunday, by providing that base-ball by professional or amateur clubs in properly inclosed grounds may be permitted by ordinance in Cincinnati, Cleveland, Toledo and Columbus. Ready for Presentation.

PATTISON SURE TO USE THE VETO.

Political Jealousy May Prevent a World's Fair Commission.

SEANOR REPLIES TO AN ONSLAUGHT

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. 1 HARRISBURG, April 20.—The apportion ment bills are all about ready for presentation. The Senatoriat and legislative bills are framed and will be introduced to-morrow. The Senatorial bill makes fewer changes in existing districts than any bill yet proposed. Allegheny county is given an additional Senator, the districts being the same as in the Meek bill, which was

west of here, this morning to witness the given in THE DISPATCH last week. The western districts remain as at present negro thief were disappointed. Three of the condemned, Prince Hawkins, Lake Twenty-fifth. Clinton county is taken from the former, leaving Clearfield and Center to Andy and Jeff Brown, were pardoned by the comprise the district, and is added to Me-Kean and Potter to make up the Twentyothers, by the aid of their friends, escaped fifth, from which Tioga is taken. Tioga is added to Lycoming.

> The Proposed Political Complexion Under this bill the Senate will, after the election in 1892, stand as at present, 31 Re-

was no prospect of a recapture as the men were being well taken care of by their friends and the water courses are much swelled by recent rains. Those who escaped were Ross Riley, Perry Johnson, Cuige Barnett, Catsar James, murderers, and Douglass Brown, in for larceny. Under the laws of the Creek nation the penalty for the first offense of stealing is 50 lashes, second offense 100 the wastern counties Cambria, Clearfield and Jefferson each gain a member, and Clarion, Crawford, Huntingdon, Liawrence, Mercer and Somerset each lose one. Westmoreland county is left with four Representatives, but having over 100,000 population must be divided into legislative disof stealing is 50 lashes, second offense 100 and the third is death. Douglass Brown has been convicted for the third time. All

triots.
The First district is composed of the town ships of Perry, St. Clair, Fairfield, Ligo-nier, Cook, Donegal, Mt. Pleasant, North-east and South Huntingdon, Rostraver and Sewickley, together with Latrobe borough and other boroughs in those townships. It is given two members, and has about 1,000 Republican majority. The rest of the county is made into another district, with two members, and is strongly Democratic. Holding Back the Congressional Bill,

The Congressional bill is also ready, but will not be introduced until the Republican steering committee has considered it fully. It may be regarded as the measure upon which the Republicans of both Houses will be asked to stand firm. It adds one district to Philadelphia and one to Allegheny county. In the latter case that portion of Allegheny county now added to Washington, Fayette and Greene, is now taken away, which would make the latter district year close if not certainly Danneratic. All very close, if not certainly Democratic. All

the other districts in the State remain as at The judicial apportionment bill has not yet been perfected, and its details are not given out. It is not thought that it will differ very materially from that presented in the Senate by Mr. Williamson. In view of the fact that haddly anyone believes that the Covernor will size these bills when the Governor will sign these bills when passed, with the possible exception of the legislative and judicial bills, the bother about them seems rather absurd, but the Legislature must at least go through the mo-

A Congressional apportionment bill has also been prepared for the purpose of show-ing what the Republican party can do if it cared to gerrymander the State others have been. It gives the Republicans 25 of the 30 districts, and is "fearfully and wonderfully made." The Western and Central districts are arranged as follows:

rai districts are arranged as follows:

Nineteenth, Clearfield, Center, Mifflin, Union and Snyder; Twentieth, Bedford, Fuiton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Perry and Franklin; Twenty-first, Indiana, Cambria and Bair; Twenty-sorod, McKeau, Potter, Elk, Cameron, Clarico and Jefferson; Twenty-third, Erie, Warren, Venango and Forest; Twenty-fourth, Crawford, Mercer and Lawreace; Twenty-fith, Beaver and Washington; Twenty-sixth, Armstrong, Westmoreland and part of Allegheny; Twenty-seventh, Greene and Fayette; Twenth-eighth, Twenty-ninth and Thirueth, Allegheny county.

Quite a number of the more stalwart Republicans favor the passage of a bill of this kind, arguing that for Republicans not to take advantage of their opportunities is fool-ish, when Democratic legislatures have gerrymandered every State where they have had the power.

HENEY HALL,

WORLD'S FAIR BILL

Pattison May Veto It on Account of Certain

\$50 to \$100. As regards the application of the United States Government to the Objections to It. [FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.] HARRISBURG, April 20. - Governor Pattison has magnified his objection to the World's Fair bill, even as amended, by including himself and Lieutenant Governor Watres in the commission. It is understood that his objections are based upon Section 6 of Article 2 of the Constitution. which says: "No Senator or Representative shall, during the time for which he shall have been elected, be appointed to any civil office under this Commonwealth." When will refuse to concur in the House amend ments and it will go to a conference com-mittee, where it will be amended, so as to provide for 9 commissioners instead of 13, two to be appointed by the President pro tem, three by the Speaker and four by the

As the President pro tem and the Speaker will appoint Republicans, this will give that party a majority on the commission, which is just what Republicans want and what His Excellency doesn't want, but it is probable that no further concessions will be made by the Legislature. It is argued that the State is largely Republican; that the Legislature is Republican, and that to place n the hands of an accidental Demo Governor the power to have the State rep-resented at Chicago by a Democratic com-mission would be to do that which the majority of the people would not sanction. That seems to be the feeling at present and upon the Governor's acceptance or rejec-tion of the smeaded bill will depend the State's representation at Chicago.

TAGGART REVENUE BILL Large Number of Protests Against It Will Be Heard To-Day.

TEROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT, 1 HARRISBURG, April 20 .- The Senate Finance Committee will take up the Taggart revenue bill to-morrow, when ex-Senator Louis W. Hall, of Harrisburg, will appear in opposition to the measure on behalf of the Pittsburg manufacturers. A committee from the Philadelphia Board of Trade will-appear against the bill the same day. On Wednesday the Manufacturers' Club, of Philadelphia, will present their objections, as will representatives of the Single Tax Association, while Giles D. Price, of Erie, will take up the cudgels in defense of this much abused measure. Mr. Taggart said to-night that he thought the bill would pass the Senate, but would doubtless be considerably amended. If eviscerating and amending are synonymous terms, Mr. Taggart's prophecy will come

It is very generally the opinion now that

the bill will be defeated, and that the bill prepared by Treasurer Boyer, changing the method of taxing the capital stock of cor-porations and increasing the rate from 3 mills to 4, will be passed in its stead, in-

reasing the rate 2 or even 4 mills more.

AN ATTACK ON SEANOR VIGOROUSLY REPLIED TO BY THAT GEN-TLEMAN IN THE HOUSE.

He Says That He Has Stood Honestly by His Anti-Discrimination Resolution — Both Sides Responsible for Dilatory Tactics -Another Attempt On Friday.

HARRISBURG, April 20 .- Mr. Seanor, of Indiana, rose to a question of privilege tonight and brought the anti-discrimination esolution to the front for a time. He had read from the clerk's desk an extract from a Philadelphia paper, charging him with double dealing in the matter, and attributed to his neglect and indifference the failure to obtain a vote upon his resolution to place the anti-discrimination bill on the calendar, It also asserted that the Republican party was responsible and would be held accounta-ble. Mr. Scanor said that bject of this bject of this Republican

PROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

attack was to place him a members of the House in a lit was unjust, unprincipled and unt He had never been absent the fesolution could have been calle But once since it was offered had he had never been to be a lit was offered had he had never been calle and the second poportunity to call it up, and then second for the lits of its since it was offered had he had poportion into to call it up, and then stated as aupporters were sick it was to stempt it. He had used all hon to get it up, even asking the recognize him first for that purities the first for that purities had been present their resolutions had been present there were several ahead of his.

It was charged that the bill migut have been in better hands. This meant it would have been in better hands had he Demo-cratic side of the House had it. They might have been better, but not honester hands. The bill had just as good friends among Republicans as among Democrats. If dila-tory tactics had been resorted to on the Republican side to prevent a vote, they had been ably seconded by Democrats. Neither side could claim all the credit, nor should eceive all the blame.

Mr. Seanor will try again on Friday, and claims that he has more than the necessary number of votes pledged to him, but at this late day it is hard to see how the bill could be passed now, even if placed on the calen-

DEFEAT DECIDED ON

For the Baker Bill at the Conference With Quay in Philadelphia. IFROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. HARRISBURG, April 20. - Senator Crouse, Chairman of the Senate Election Committee, said to-night that a meeting would be held this week to consider the Baker ballot held this week to consider the Baker ballot reform bill, but that the date was not yet fixed. It is given out here to-night that the defeat of this bill was decided on at the conferences held in Philadelphia last week between leading Republicans in both House and Senator Quay. In that event the Robinson bill to provide for the calling of a constitutional convention will be partitional. be put through. This bill has been submitted to ex-Attorney General Wayne MacVeagh, who, while strong for ballot re-form, is said not to favor the Baker bill, and he is of the opinion that the dual propositions, the calling of a convention and the election of delegates, are constitutional and both can be voted upon at the same time. He holds, however, that the Legislature should pass a bill calling a convention for the specific purpose of removing the ballot numbering clause from the Constitution, without asking the people to decide, and should provide also for the election of delegates this fall.

gates this fall. OPPOSED TO MAY 8.

Final Adjournment May Be Put Off as Late as May 21, FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT!

HARRISBURG, April 20,-It now looks as though final adjournment might be put off as late as May 21. The Philadelahia members are beginning to manifest opposition to an early adjournment. Mr. Brooks said to-night that he would certainly oppose an ad-journment on May 8, as it would be impos-sible to get through the necessary work by that date. The 21st would suit best, but a also. But instead of getting equal rights compromise might be made on the 15th. he was "forced to live in an alley and listen Mr. Riter, who reported the resolution to at night to the stamping of horses in stables adjourn May 8 from the Committee on next door. In the South a colored man has Rules said that he was not now in favor of it, and would not call it up unless directed

to do so by the committee.

He did not think it would be wise to fix any date for final adjournment until after the ballot reform bill, revenue bill and the apportionment bill were disposed of, or at east so far advanced that the way to their final disposition could be clearly seen.

THE ROAD BILL'S FATE.

Its Friends Say a Reaction Has Set in Favor

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.] HARRISBURG, April 20 .- If the road bill s reached this week it will be postponed until Tuesday, April 28, when it will come up on final passage. This postponement will be made at the request of quite a number of members who desire further information as to their constituents' wishes on the bill. Its friends still maintain that a reaction in its favor is steadily going on When it was up on second reading, Mi Wherry attacked it savagely. To-day petition was received, signed by a large number of Cumberland county's leading citizens, including every county of asking for the passage of the bill. official, L This from Mr. Wherry's own county is very gratifying to the friends of the measure. Prior to the bill's coming up again, its friends will hold a conference and endeavor to frame a section fixing some sort of a standard for road making, to take the place of Section 7, which fixed the original standard, but which was stricken out on

second reading. READING THE BILLS.

All on the Calendar Disposed of for the First Time in This Way.

SPECIAL TRUEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH, I HARRISBURG, April 20 .- Owing to small attendance, the business of the Senate tonight was almost entirely confined to reading bills the first time, all of which on the calendar were disposed of. A resolution was introduced by Green, of Berks, which was soon after favorably reported, to supply charters for business where charters have been lost or misplaced, and validating acts done under them.

GETTING DOWN TO WORK.

The Soldlers' Orphan School Investigating Committee Meet To-Day. TPROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. 1

HARRISBURG, April 20 .- The Soldiers' Orohan School Investigating Committee will meet to-morrow and arrange for begin ning its work. The delays thus far have arisen from the accident to Senator Grady and Chairman Baker's attention to his ballo It is now expected that the committee

will go to work in earnest.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. HARRISBURG, April 20.-Arthur H. Davis was sworn in as a member of the Continued on Seventh Page,

THREE CENTS.

Public Meeting of Colored People to Protest Against Discrimination.

ALLEY-WAY TENEMENTS

Denounced as Unfit Dwelling Places for Ministers.

HORSES NOT LIKED AS NEIGHBORS.

One Preacher Says His Race Is Treated Better in the South.

SCATHING ARRAIGNMENT OF AFFAIRS

The Non-Denominational Colored Minsters' Council of Human Rights, of Pittsburg, Atlegheny and surroundings, spoke very emphatically at its weekly meeting in the Wylie Avenue Church vesterday. Bev. Dr. C. Asbury presided. After prayer by Rev. Mr. Gibbons, Rev. Dr. Asbury said, in opening, that the meeting was the United Ministerial Council of Pittsburg and Allegheny, called specially to consider a question of importance to the people of the African race. He said there was nothing sectarian about the council. Rev. Dr. Laws then read the report of the committee appointed at Monday's meeting, Revs. R.S. Laws, D. D., C. Asbury, D. D., G. W. Clinton, C. G. Sampson and J. W. Watson. They reported the following:

Protesting Against Discrimination. WHEREAS, The indiscriminate provisions of the Constitution of the United States and of the Constitution of the State of Pennsylvania prohibit, on the basis of Ameri-can citizenship, such cruel distinctions as are practiced by real estate brokers and other business men of Pittsburg and Allegheny between the races of citizens, so destructive of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; and
Whereas, This undue and inhuman distinction is both inimical and destructive to the

Afro-American citizenship, alone on account of their race, color and previous condition of servitude, in open violation of the Constitutions named; and Whereas, These distinctions are practiced ad shown mostly in instances of residence

houses in which to live, and business houses in Whereas, The long-established custom of the native residents of the Afro-American race in the Northern States, has been to cowardly submit to the brutal impositions of evil-disposed white people who, through total ignor-ance of the equal status of Afro-American manhood in common with other races of man-kind, have dared to restrict the privileges and mmunities of Southern colored laborers who were persuaded to come here by immigrant agents, and deny to them their civil right of renting tenement houses as residences, and the equal right to employment for which they were

prought here; and Whereas, Through this unjust treatment in denials to inhabit comfortable residences, great impairment of health through inconvenience and disadvantages has come mong us, and the crowling of the many closed workmen into a single mili has thrown men out of employment and reduced others to smaller wages than paid to white men; therefore, be it

Denominational Colored Ministers' Council of

Human Rights, that the whole system of Northern treatment of the colored citizens is pretentious, and ought to be reformed. Sore on the Way They're Treated. On a motion to adopt the report Dr. Laws said it was a fact that it was especially grieve ous to be forced to set forth this grievance. The speaker said his rights were as sacred as those of the Mayor of the city, not only because the United States and the State guaranteed it, but the constitution of heaven did some rights, but here he is forced to associate with people who pave the way to Hades, justly, but brutally, as they were forced to associate with horses. They now want to bring colored people here to break a strike

in the coke regions, and when it is broken the negro can take one-third of what a whit-man is paid." The speaker then drew a parallel between the colored people and the foreigners from Europe. He said he had been 52 years in his country, and hadn't as much right as the ignorant foreigner who had only been here a few months. White Americans are keen to advance their own interests, but they are all for self, and especially do they discriminate against black skins. The North is much behind the South in this re-spect. There is not the feeling there against

the colored people that is found in Pittsburg. No Mother Country to Protect Them. The Italian can depredate as much as he leases, said the speaker, and be protected by his nation, but colored people, who have always lived here and have helped to make proposed that the whites should do him

Rev. John Writ moved that further discussion be postponed until another occasion, and after remarks by Secretary C. G. Sampson the motion carried.

Rev. Mr. Sampson next read a paper en-

titled "The Hypocritical American Idea of Christianity." He said they had quantity, but not quality. Much is given ostenta-tiously, but the highways and by-ways are neglected. The speaker rapped Rev. Mr. McCormick, of the Central Presbyterian Church. Such will not lift a finger to ease a colored man's burden; such blame colored people for immorality, when they are just as they made them. White preachers for 250 years preached from the text: "Servants, obey your masters," etc., knowing that chastity was a by-word among when applied to colored women, sands of whom died rather than sands of whom died rather than literally obey their masters. As to the ministerial portion of the colored race, Mr. Sampson said it compared favorably with white clergymen. Mr. Sampson said newspaper records would bear him out. The paper was a scathing arraignment of the color line, of the white ministry, white churches and white business people generally who be that treatment of the color line. erally, who, by their treatment of the negro and their hypocrisy, etc., are making more infidels in this country than all other causes combined. Colored people are neither rioters nor Anarchists, unless filled with the

white man's whisky. Views of Another Preacher. Dr. Laws said his idea of religion was not included in the American practice thereof. God's plan is that every one shall be rewarded according to his works, but the American idea is to get as much out of the laborer as possible for as little money as

Prof. J. C. Taylor was rather disposed to look on the bright side, and was a possible future for his race.

Dr. Asbury thought it strange that there are occasion to discuss these should be any occasion to discuss these questions, but occasion existed, neverthe as. The speaker didn't care