And Some Who Claim to Have Been Appreached in Liverpool.

TENANTS ORDERED TO VACATE HOUSES

SCOTTDALE, April 5 .- Immediately upor receipt of THE DISPATCH at Scottdale yesterday, the interview with H. C. Frick, in which several charges were made against Robert Watchern, was shown that gentleman, and he was asked to give his side of the story. He refused point blank to say anything for publication, but after considerable pressure was brought to bear he changed his mind. Mr. Watchorn was not satisfied to make a mere statement, but decided to substantiate what he might have to say by submitting affidavits from various men living in the vicinity. These statements could not be prepared in so short a time, and it was decided to leave it over till to-day. The following is Mr. Watchoru's statement as taken at his dictation:

My aftention was called to a published state-nest made by H. C. Frick which appeared in ment tonde by H. C. Frick which appeared in several Pittsburg morning paners, two of which I saw. Mr. Frick (if correctly reported), and as it appears in divers papers without variation I take it for granted that is his own language, consures me for what he is pleased to call my willful faisehoods, without ascertaining whether I have used any such language or not. On arriving at Pittsburg I declined to express an opinion of any kind, and of personal friends of mine who are engaged as reporters I requested not to be quoted in any way.

First, because I was not in a position to talk, and second, because on such occasions, pending judicial or inquest proceedings, expressions on oul or inquest proceedings, expressions o the questions at issue are premature, injudi-cious and improper. But as Mr. Frick does not doesn it becoming to ask me whether I am corctly reported, has assaued me in severe and repretable language, I do not propose to waste time in disavowing the language he ascribes to me, but will take him at his word and try to dislodge him from his self-constituted and pre-sumed impregnable position.

Wholesale Attacks on Labor Leaders. Fortunately there are men in many localities in various States who assumed to advise their fellow workingmen, but from want of better judgment, and poverty of ideas, make very proper remarks. As long as men select their leaders from among themselves, and where else should they secure them, this will do as long as the mass of them remain illiterate and uninformed, but this does not justify any man (who happens to be rich) in attacking leaders in a wholesale manner and classing them all as in a wholesale mainter and classing them all as reckless, lawless citizens. Many there are who are known as labor leaders who are not Mr. Frick's inferiors in any sense of the word, unless perchance we admit wealth to be the standard of mandaness and good of izenship. Mr. Frick evidently knows the potency of the lines, "Give a dog a bad name and you might as well all him," for the burden of his attack is to create a nublic feeling against the mee. In

imes, "Give a dog a bad name and you might as well nill him," for the burden of his attack is to create a public feeling against the men, he declares make the builets for the 'poor deluded foreigners' to fire.

There are numerous leaders whom Mr. Frick can't charge with insincerity or lawlessness and they may defend themselves. For my part I am sure he canot find a solitary individual, be he prosperous, or poor learned, or illiterate, caployer or employed, citizen or sogurner, who will even hint at such hase insinuations as he makes against me provided they have decided to draw out the overs on Monday arrangement for regulation of wages is made. This should not be considered as a "lockout" or a strike, but

Mercly a Suspension of Work pending the strike but harvone as he makes against me provided they know me. If they don't know me they are not in a position to pass judgment, and common everyday good breening would restrain them from so doing. During the days of Gorsuch

Denunciation of Anarchistic Doctrines "Where was this maranding Watchern then?" Let Mr. Frick ask the men who atended those meetings. They will tell him that Watchorn took the platform with them and denounced their infamous doctrines, and for so doing received abuse of the anarchistic press. My advocacy, by influence, precept and example, by tongue and pen, has always been, is now and always will be, ballots, not bullets, intelligent, law-abiding action, not defiant and lawess attacks on property, law or person. Mr. Frick says: Let the leaders explain why these men are out in throngs at this early hour. I have no doubt they can do so perfectly satishave no doubt they can do so perfectly satisfactorily to any and all right-minded persons, but not being a leader, nor having any part in the matter leading up to thus very deplorable affair, I leave that for others and confine measures might be regarded as coming from the Governor. He does are boner overnuch and reflects on the Chief Magistrate of the Commonwealth, who has a Cabinet to select from the wants a mouthpiece at the scone of the Company's plants, came to measure to select from the wants a mouthpiece at the scone of the company's plants, came to measure to select from the company's plants, came to measure to select from the company's plants, came to measure to select from the company's plants, came to measure to select from the company's plants, came to measure to select from the company's plants, came to measure to select from the company's plants, came to measure to measure to measure to select from the company to the select from the he wants a mouthpiece at the scene of

The facts are that the first thing I did upon The facts are that the first thing I did upon hearing of the killing was to hurry to the coke regions and personally appeal to the miners, thousands of whom know (and I am pleased to say) respect me. I have neet them and reasoned with them in their agitated state of mind, and leave it to those most competent to judge with what result. If the influence I have used for peace has given any man effence in him speak, "for him have I offended." Mr. Frick has deliberately charged me with knowingly making a false statement. This is too grave a charge to mass by unnotined and in grave a charge to pass by unnoticed, and in some climates would warrant an order for "pistols for two and co fee for one,"

A More Sensible Procedure. However, with Northern blood in my veins, common sense in my head, and general dislike or firearms, I propose to resent the language by a square denial substantiated by sworn testinony, and personally I know nothing of these imper:ations, and whenever I have referred to these it has been on the strength of statements made by his employes; and if I had time to make an investigation now I have no doubt I could find sufficient ground for the statement be alleges I have made. Here is the exact language used by Mr. Firsk-or at least cred-ited to him-in Saturday's papers: "And I am ited to him—in Saturday's papers: "And I am now ready and willing to state that mether myself nor my company nor anyone in its behalf, directly or indirectly, assisted, procured or requested any man to emigrate to this country." Now this is bold language and, if true, Mr. Frick has been grossly misropresented and ought to be put right. I met several men to day who reherated what they have said to me on former occasions, and for the purpose of general information I requested them to qualify their language, which they did in the following manner: Daniel Collins said:

"Lam not at present employed anywhere, having been lajured in a railroad wreck at Ferguson, 18 months ago. I came from England in 1857, of my own volition. A year earlier ferguschi, is motths ago. I came from En-gland in 1887, of my own volition. A year earlier I was approached at Liverpool, England, by a man named Hargraves, who offered me my passage free from that point to Scottdale, Pa., passage free from that point to Scottdale, Pa., and guaranteed me 52 per day to work in the mines of the Connellaville coke region. I declined to accept, but nine others accented the offer, and on arriving here (Scottdale) were received by the H. C. Frick Coke Company officials, and were assigned work at the Valley Works. Me brother, being one of them, gave

Justice of the Peace,
Jumes Collins says: "I signod an agreement
at Widness, Lancashire, England, to come to
America to work for the H. C. Frick Coke
Company, wages to be \$1 75 to \$2 per day. They
also stated in their agreement that there was
no strike in the Connellsville region, nor was
there any anticipated. On my arrival at Scottdale, to my surprise the whole region was on
strike. This was in the month of Japuary, 1886.
Of course, I refused to work, and I traveled to
Pittsburg, and was there met by the British
Consul, who conducted me to H. C. Frick's
office. Mr. Frick said he

Did Not Know Anything About Me Coming to work for him. The agent in England gave us a letter addressed to General Superintendent Lynch, and when we presented the letter to that gentleman he would not return it to us. We remained in Pittsburg four weeks, until the end of the strike, and H. C. Frick settied the hotel bill for all of us. He also furmished us with tickets from Pittsburg to Scott-dale and other points in the Connellsville re-one of the largest in twenty in the county.

WATCHORN'S REPLY

Figure 1. See 1. Se

The Experience of One Hungarian. Albert Barion says: "I have a friend in New York city and he sent me a letter in Hungary that if I liked to come to America I could make a good home in the United States. I was in New York three or four days and I could not New York three or four days and I could not get work at my trade, milling. I spent all the money I had on the fifth day. An agent came along and said: 'I want to hire 100 miners and coke drawers to go to the Connellsville region to work for H. U. Frick & Co.' I am like other poor emigrants who stopped at Castle Garden, and I said. I will go there when these people go. Next day we all started to go to the Connellsville coke region. The first night our train stopped on the road, and we stayed there IS days on account of a great strike. During the ISth day our engine started and stopped at Broadford. I don't know how many men were left in Broadford. I know how many came to the Valley works—30. I was one of them, and the halance went to Mt. Plegsant. I never saw a coal bank before. I never knew of the strike, because if I had known of the strike or what a coal bank was like I never would have seen coal bank was like I never would have seen the Connellsville coke region. Last week Father Lambing asked me to translate a letter Father Lambing asked me to translate a letter that Mr. Lynch had received from one poor fellow in Hungary. This man asked a job from Mr. Lynch, and I read the letter for Mr. Lynch, and he asked me to answer and tell this man in Hungary that he has plenty of Hungarians here already and he wants no more. When I wrote this letter Manager Lynch put his name down below.

"Sworn and subscribed before me this 4th day of April, 1891.

J. MERRITT, J. P.,
"Scottdale, Pa."

A Case of Misinformation. Mr. Frick alleges that I made another willful misstatement when I said his officials had to compel men to go to work, but no one acquainted with the methods adopted by the quainted with the methods adopted by the parties referred to will have much difficulty in doubting Mr. Frick's statement. I do not charge that he willfully prevaricated, but he certainly is misinformed if he believes what he declares to be the truth, and it is only fair to presume that the general public will believe that he ought to know what he says is true. Mr. Frick's precise language as given in said papers on this point is: "The statement made by Mr. Watchorn that we are trying to compel our men to go to work is false."

Of course I saw no compulsion used, because I was not there. A reporter claims I told him such was the case (so says Mr. Frick), and without further argument, we will submit the

ary 2, owing to the termination of our last scale agreement, and our failure to agree on another one. We have made several attempts to formulate a new scale, but have not succeeded, and the company has tried to induce men to return to work individually, thus ignoring the regular Scale Committee. The men would not go to work without a general agreement on the part of the men so to do, as all quittogether, by Mr. Lynch putting up a notice to the effect that a friendly suspension of business was necessary, as the following will show:

at all times in the future, as in the past, to take everyday good breeding would restrain them from so doing. During the days of Gorsuch and Parsons, they appeared before the miners sentatives." This suspension still continues, defined Parsonic, they appeared before the miners this and other States and urged them to get the law and its votaries, to sack and under, to murder and arson.

Denunclation of Anarchistic Doctrines.

Where was this maranding Watchers and ded those meetings. They will tell him that atchern took the platform with them and nonneed their infamous doctrines, and for so fag received abuse of the anarchistic press. It advocacy, by influence, precept and exple, by tongue and pen, has always been, is wand always will be, ballots, not bullets, intellent, have abiding action, not defiant and laws attacks on property, law or person. Mr. ich says: Let the leaders explain why these wars out in throngs at this early hour. I we no doubt they can do so perfectly satis-

datory and failure to comply brings direful results to those who depend on the company for JAMES CROW.

"Sworn to and subscribed before me this 4th day of April, 1891.

Some More Sworn Statements.

Henry C. Diehl says: "On or about the 77th of March, William Mullan, superintendent of the H. C. Frick Coke Company's plants, came to me at my house and said, 'Why ain't you at work? You complain of being hard up,' I replied: 'It is not arreed by all men to go to work your place will be taken by others.' I replied: 'It is not arreed by all men to go to work by J. Grumbly, the pit boss.

"Sworn to and subscribed before me this 4th day of April, 1891.

"Sworn to and subscribed before me this 4th day of April, 1891.

"Merritt, J. P. Scottdale, Pa."

The following statement was given me to-day and I could not have it sworn to, but I will have

Meanwhile the Louisiana courts will show

ford, superintendent of the H. C. Frick Comuany, came to my house about 9 o'clock P. M.
on the 27th of March, and asked me to go to
work the following morning. I refused to
work under the scale presented by the company. He still insisted, and when I again
refused he ordered me to move from the house,
and I have moved. W.M. KROSEHBURG."

During a series of years in which I have been
connected, officially and otherwise, with miners'
affairs, my veracity has never been openly
questioned by either employer or employe until
now, and it is because I do not propose to allow
Mr. Frick or any other man to do so that I
have given the above statement.

Mr. Watchorn said that he believed the foregoing was enough to put him in the proper going was enough to put him in the proper light with the public. However, if anything further is needed, he has at his hands volumi-nous documentary evidence which he says he will withhold until occasion demands that it be made public.

PARKER.

THE M'KINLEY TARIFF BILL

To Be Tested in a Suit Brought by a Louisville Warehouse Company. Warehouse Company has brought suit to se-cure an interpretation of the clause of the McKinley tariff bill under which reimported whisky is taxed. At present tax is paid on the quantity of whisky in the barrel at the time it is entered for importation. The clause of the McKinley bill says any import withdrawn from a bonded warehouse shall pay duty only for the weight at the time of withdrawal. time of withdrawal. But whisky pays by gauge and not by weight and the question is whether being so reckoned it will come under the clause referred to. Whisky usually loses several gallons

day of April, 1891.

J. Mehritz, Junice of the Peace,
Jumes Collins says: "I signed an agreement at Widness, Laneassire, England, to come to America to work for the H. C. Frick Coke Company, wages to be \$175 to \$2 per day. They also stated in their agreement that there was also stated in their agreement agreeme

BISHOP BRENNAN CONSECRATED.

inthe County. (SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) day consecrated Bishop of the new diocese in Texas. Bishop Tobias, of this diocese, was 50 priests were present.

Vicar General Wall, of Pittsburg, preached the morning sermon and Bishop Phelan the evening sermon. Bishop Brennan will leave for his new see in about two weeks. He will make Dallas his headquarters. His dioceso is

NOW SHY OF SILVER

Coinage a Party Measure,

THOUGH IT WILL PASS THE HOUSE.

The Fate of the Scheme in the Present

Senate More Doubtful. GORMAN ANXIOUS TO HAVE IT SETTLED

[FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.] WASHINGTON, April 5 .- Notwithstanding the promise of the Democrats that they would fight the free coinage fight to a finish, a strong effort is being made to reach some understanding that a fatal break may not occur between the Eastern and Western Democrats in the Fifty-second Congress. A lively correspondence is in progress between Eastern, Western and Southern leaders on the subject, when personal consultation is impossible, and it is pretty confidently predicted by some of them that the free coinage question will be got out of the way, if not without some trouble in the next Congress, at least before the convention of 1892. One Policy Not in Doubt,

It is well known what the Republican pro gramme will be. It was said recently by a prominent Republican Senator that the silver question would be settled so far as the Republican party was concerned long before the meeting of the 1892 convention by the adoption of a policy something like that proposed by the late Secretary Windom, only that the present volume of coinage would not be increased, but that silver certificates would be issued as against all silver bearing the stamp of American production that might be offered at the Treasury.

As to the Democratic prospects a good Democratic authority said to-day: "It has been practically settled that free coinage will not be made a party measure in the next House, that no caucus will be held to bind individual members, that a free coinage bill will be passed by a combination of Democratic, Farmers' Alliance and probably of Republican votes also, and sent to the Senate early in the session. It has been ascertained, however, that it is by no means certain that such a bill will pass the next Senate, although that body has been reinforced by new silver Senators. Several of the Democratic Senators who voted for free coinage last winter are dubloas now as to the policy they then voted for. They say that the financial panic has the effect to stampede the country on the currency question and that the dire consequences predicted as certain to occur in case free coinage was refused have not materialized." been practically settled that free comage

Dangerous to Democratic Success. Congressman DeWitt Warner, of the Reform Club, is one of the few Democrats who look upon the silver question as dangerous to Democratic success. Mr. Warner expresses the opinion that with a free coinage candidate on a free coinage platform, the Democrats would not carry a single Eastern State. Mr. Warner says that it is not only the moneyed waner says that it is not only the moneyed men of the East who are against free coinage, but the laboring men as well, who, he says, know by experience—some of them at least— that an inflated currency will not increase the wages of labor to the extent it increases the nominal price of the necessaries of life, and consequently, that the purchasing power of their wages would be less than now.

The outping is shared by a large and influtheir wages would be less than now.

The opinion is shared by a large and influential number of Eastern Democrats, especially in New York, Connecticut and Massachusetts. A straw which may show the direction of the wind at this time is a remark attributed to Senator Gorman, who, when asked if an anti-free coinage planform, said that it was yet too early to lay down the issues for 1892, and that the silver question might be practically settled by that time.

LIGHTNER.

THE FLURRY SUBSIDES. LITTLE INTEREST MARIFESTED IN THE ITALIAN AFFAIR.

Blaine Is Not Just Ready With His Reply to Rudini-Investigation Into the Characters of the Slain Italians Now Going Forward.

WASHINGTON, April 5 .- The excitepletely subsided and it was not a topic of sufficient live interest to engage attention in fashionable drawing rooms to-day. Secretary Blaine is not yet prepared to make public anything throwing additional light on the situation, and unless there should be another bombshell as sudden and as startling as the recall of Baron Fava, it is probable that the Italian entanglement will not again be a subject of all-engrossing pub-lic interest and that it will take the usual

tedious course of diplomacy.

There is some desire manifested to know the nature of the reply Secretary Blaine will make to the message of the Marquis

admitted, has had much to do with the affair, to become calmed.

Meanwhile the Louisiana courts will show what course will be pursued there, and the matter of indemnity must, of course, remain practically in absyance until Congress meets, the Secretary not having any appropriation on which to draw, if it should be fully admitted that the families of any of the men lyached were entitled to a pecuniary recommense. were entitled to a pecuniary recompense.

THREE SICK JURORS

May Cause a Retrial of the Kincald-Taulbee Murder Case.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. WASHINGTON, April 5 .- A rather unusu situation now obtains in the progress of the trial of Charles E. Kincaid for the murder of Congressman Taulbee, of Kentucky, on account of the illness of no less than three of the jurymen-Messrs. Middleton, Darcy and Hoover. Unless there is decided improvement In their condition by to-morrow the situation will become very perplexing. On Thursday, Juror Middleton, who is a colored man, complained of being ill and during the proceedings of the day had medicine administ several times. This was kept up on Friday and it was then seen that he was an extremely sick man, and fears were entertained that he would not last the day out.

When the hour set for the trial to commence

When the hour set for the trial to commence arrived yesterday, a statement was made to the judge by Dr. Townsend of Middleton's condition, so the effect that it would be impossible to bring him into court. Assistant District Attorney Clagett was ready to finish his argument and the case might have gone to the jury in the afternoon had not this unforeseen circumstance arisen. Darcy is very sick and it is feared that either he or Middleton or both will die and the trial will have to be gone over again, which would be a very severe strain on again, which would be a very severe strain on Kincaid.

THEY DON'T BELIEVE IT.

No Stock Taken in Mills' Reported Withdrawal From the Contest.

[FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT,] WASHINGTON, April 5 .- The information given in an Atlanta paper and telegraphed over the country that Roger Q. Mills has given up the contest for Speaker and is preparing to swing his friends to a Northern Democrat to defeat Judge Crisp, of Georgia, is not credited here. Mills is a supreme egotist and will never believe be can be defeated till a majority of votes are counted against him, it is the general verdict here that he will be in the fight to the finish.

THREW VITRIOL IN HIS FACE.

Lizzie Uhl's Terrible Vengeance Against Man Who Injured Her, BALTIMORE, April & - Infuriated at the

thought of her disgrace, Miss Lizzie Uhl last night met George Zueisar, whom she charges with having injured her, and threw the contents of a large bottle of vitriol in his face, badly burning the whole right side of his head, blis-tering his hands and probably destroying the sight of his right eye.

THE WEEK'S CLEARINGS.

BOSTON, April 5.—The following table, com-piled from dispatches from the managers of the Clearing Houses of the cities named, shows the gross exchanges for last week, with the rates per cent of increase or decrease, as against the

		THE.	Tice.
New York	477, 130, 251	****	16.9
Boston	84,711,669	0.8	****
Chicago	75, 842, 000	9.0	****
	33, 802, 571		15.2
Philadelphia	90, 00 m 044	****	
St. Louis	20, 550, 775	****	6.5
San Francisco	16, 180, 948	****	6.9
Baltimore	13,646,885	7.6	****
New Orleans	11, 521, 365	48.9	
Cincinnati	12, 247, 550		0.5
Discount of the control of the contr	11, 156, 903	****	
Pittsburg		****	22.7
Kansas City	2, 85 a 560	****	2.8
Louisville	7,000,000	****	16,0
Buffalo	7,042,038	4.1	****
Galveston	5, 073, 314	371.1	2537
Milwaukee	4, 471, 000		12.1
		82.4	
Minneapolis	5, 673, 479		** *
Providence	4,863,400	4.5	****
Detroit	5, 868, 952	15.7	****
Cleveland	4, 939, 478	****	1.1
Omaha	3, 669, 180	****	25.8
Denver	4, 292, 717	****	27.8
St. Paul.	3, 460, 182	8.4	*****
		0.1	***
Columbus	2, 865, 200	12225	8,2
Memphis	2, 976, 750	35.4	****
Indianapolis	4, 040, 000	90.6	****
Dallas	1, 644, 337	50.0	****
Duluth	1, 512, 336	10000	8.9
	2, 223, 346	17.8	0.9
Hartford	An march, Critis	11,0	7574
Richmond	1, 957, 586	****	9.9
Nashville	2, 235, 011	14.1	****
Portland, Ore	1, 923, 932		7.2
Salt Lake	1,509,674		19,6
Washington	1,515,762		13.7
Peoria.	1,729,396	10.9	A 404 F
		20.9	2272
St. Joseph	1, 135, 102	19994	15.0
New Haven	1, 200 810	****	34.4
Springfield	1, 441, 202	***	2.2
Portland, Me	1, 175, 721	****	2.2
Worcester	1,059,532		C.9
Fort Worth	1, 177, 897	74.3	

Sioux City	1,075,606	10,2	****
Scattle	1, 120, 321	6,3	****
Norfolk,	\$95,002	28.7	****
Tacoma	904, 645	13, 3	
Grand Rapids	810, 133	8.1	
Wilmington	630, 263		4111
withington		****	21.4
Syracuse	723, 823	****	1.1
Los Angeles	679, 299	****	1.0
Wichita	487, 168	***	35,6
Lowell	800, 839	38.6	-
Birmingham	635, 030	9059	30,7
		20.0	400. 6
Des Moines	1,010,668	24.8	****
Chattanooga	500,000	2222	14.0
New Bedford	636, 835	15.9	
Lexington	208, 378	****	8.7
Topeka	255, 154	****	5.2
Lincoln	526, 527		1.0
Monteon		****	
Montreal	6,649,725	****	12.6
Halifax	1, 163, 728	32.9	\$
*Houston	3, 204, 541	****	****
*Rochester	1, 289, 91	4355	
*Waco	1, 240, 591	****	0.00001
	of many only	****	****
Total	ne sin no		
Total	296, 819, 981	****	9.9

USED A BUTCHER KNIFE.

An Italian Woman in Chicago Carves Another in a Horrible Manner.

CHICAGO, April 5,-A murderous fight, the result of a long standing feud between two Italian women, Mrs. Jesse Gallio and Mrs. Congette Vallone, occurred to-night in a State street tenement house. Mrs. Gallio this morning series tenement house. Mrs. Gallio this morning sent a message to Mrs. Vallone offering terms of peace and asking her to make a call and settle matters amicably. Mrs. Vallone, on arriving, was cordially greeted, but while she was taking off her shawl and hat, Mrs. Callio locked the door, and placing the key in her pocket, went to a closet and secured a large butcher knife. She then informed Mrs. Vallone that she had invited her to her apartments for the purpose of settling the trouble between them, and proceeded to carve her.

of settling the trouble between them, and pro-ceeded to carve ner.

Mrs. Valione shricked for help and tried to make her escape, but her frenzied assailant pitilessly bore her down upon the floor. Four-teen times the Gallio woman plunged the blade into her victim's face, neck and body, and only desisted in her bloody work appar-ently from sheer exhaustion. Mrs. Gallio was arrested. Her victim cannot recover.

Its Purchase by the Thompson-Brice Syndicate Is Denled.

TERCIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR Cleveland, Lorraine and Wheeling road is de-nied. Mr. Thompson passed through here on his usual tour, but was not accompanied by an inspection party, as was stated. He said the controlling interest in the road had been owned by Selab Chamberlain, of Cleveland, lately deceased, but there were others who owner

large blocks of the stock.

Under the present management the road has earned more money during the present season than any other road in Ohio with its mileage. It is said the Thompson-Brice interests can get all of part of the Chamberlain stock, but if the road is sold outright it must be when its earner. road is sold outright, it must be when its earn ing power is greatly reduced.

Arrest of Five People Who Conspired to Get Possesion of It.

tectives to-day arrested five of the conspirators who are charged with having plotted to gain possession of the great estate gain possession of the great estate left by the millionaire leather merchant, Loring A. Robertson. The method said to have been employed by the alleged conspirators, as has already been published, was to foist a fraudulent widow upon the estate in the person of Cassie Helen Brooks.

The prisoners are the Brooks woman, Lawyer Byron W. Cohen, James Daskam, speculator, of Stamford, Conn.; Edward L. Studwell and Mrs. West. Cohen, Daskam and Studwell were charged with subornation, while Cassie Brooks was charged with perjury. The conspiracy is said to have been hatched in Stamford, Conn.

Frenchmen Are Not Satisfied With the Guarantees Given. PARIS, April 5.-If Chicago expects to get

yet given at American exhibitions must be assured.

Benjamin Constant says he is not inclined to send other pictures than those already in the United States. Bouguereau, whose opinion is very weighty, he being President of the Society of Arts, says that while he is most kindly disposed toward art movements in America, It is too great a risk to expose valuable works to such a long absence when it is difficult to get redress in the event of irregularities. yet given at American exhibitions must be as-

TOOK POISON IN THE DOCK.

to Kill Himself.

a Chinaman named John Lay, was brought into court this morning to hear the verdict of the jury, which had been out since last even-

The Democrats, as Usual in That Town, Carry Most of the Offices, DAVENPORT, IA., April 5,-In the municipal election yesterday the Democrats elected the Mayor, Clerk, Treasurer and Assessor by jorities ranging from 1,500 to 2,000; also 4 out of 16 Aldermen.

The Republicans probably get the Police Magistrate. White is elected Judge of the

At the Last Report He was on the Road to Recovery. ST. AUGUSTINE, April 5.-Bishop Gilmour's

condition Father Houck reports to be de cidedly improved.

To-night Dr. Smith, who is in attendance, stated that the Bishop had passed the crisis and was fairly on the way to recovery.

MORGANTOWN-River 10 feet 11 inches. Ther WHEELING-River 21 feet 6 inches and failing. Weather cloudy and cold. LOUISVILLE-River 16 feet 1 inch on falis; 10 feet 5 inches in canal. Weather clear and cold. CINCINNATI-River 23 feet 11 inches and rising Weather cloudy and cold. Negro Pugilist.

FOR WESTERN PENNSYL-VANIA AND WEST VIR-GINIA: FAIR, WARMER, SOUTHERLY WINDS;

WARMER TUESDAY. FOR OHIO AND INDIANA: FAIR, WARMER, SOUTH-ERLY WINDS; LIGHT RAIN MONDAY NIGHT; WARMER TUESDAY.
PITTSBURG, April 5.

The United States Signal Service officer in this city furnishes the following: Ther. Ther. 25 8:00 F. M. 34 Maximum temp 28 Minimum temp 23 35 Range 16 Mucan temp 31

SPECIAL WEATHER BULLETIN.

The Cold Snap Spreads Out as Far South as Georgia. It was below freezing point throughout the lower lake region yesterday, the cold spreading as far south as Georgia. In the Western States it was warmer. There was a depression

LUCKY CARELESSNESS.

A Diamond Merchant Runs a Narrow Escape From a Heavy Loss. CHICAGO, April 5 .- Alvin Patten, a diamond merchant of New York, staying at the Palmer House, received a diamond necklace and ring valued at \$10,000 yesterday, to show to a lady customer in this city. Last evening the lady called and was shown the jewels in the parlor, After examining them, Mr. Patten laid them After examining them, Mr. Patten laid them upon the sofa, and carefully tying the box in which the diamonds had been received he carried it to the clerk to be locked in the safe. This morning he called for the box and, upon opening it, was dumfounded to find it empty. A few moments later he was almost beside himself with delight, for Walter Hungatel, one of the parlor boys, danced, into the office with the jewels in his hand. He had found them lying on the floor near the sofa on which Patten had laid them.

KILLED HER WITH A HATCHET. The Horrible Crime of Ed Hollinger, the

JERSEY CITY, April 5.—Edward Hollinger, better known as "Big Hollinger," a colored pugilist, murdered his wife this morning. Hollinger was arrested three weeks ago for assault on his wife, but was released on promising that he would live apart from her, and this promise he would live apart from her, and this promise he kept. This morning he called to see his wife, who had taken rooms in a shanty at 317 Third street. Mrs. Hollinger said she did not want to see him, but he forced his way into the room where she and her children were in bed. He drew a lather's hatchet from his helt and struck his wife on the head. The blade stuck in her skuil. He pulled it out and struck her two more blows with the hatchet, one in the face which split open both the woman's lips and her chin. Mrs. Hollinger fell back dead on the bed. Hollinger then tried to commit suicide by cutting his throat with a table knife, but he only made a slight gash. Meeting a policeman on the street he told him what he had done, and surrendered himself. He told Chief of Police Murphy he was glad his wife was dead. "I deliberately killed her," he said, "and I am willing to hang for it."

Prevent

by toning up

Sarsaparilla

Take it also to restore strength after an attack.

Will Cure You

YON YONSON. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

April 13-"THE STILL ALARM." ap6 53

"OH, IF MOTHER WERE ONLY ALIVE !"

All through life she has known a mother's watchful care. She now is a young mother, and gains strength but slowly. She would "give to do everything for her precious baby, but cannot; the doctor is so strict, and does not sympathize with her, "as mother always did."

That baby has unfolded in the young mother's heart, new emotions. She has a living responsibility, and requires strength to enable her to perform a loving duty. At such a time, too much care cannot be taken, and the Vegetable Compound is indispensable. Send stamp for "Guide to Health and Etiquette," a beautiful illustrated book.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VECETABLE

Is the only Positive Cure and Legitimate Remedy COMPOUND for the peculiar weaknesses and ailments of women.

It cures the worst forms of Female Compilaints, that Bearing-down Feeling, Weak Rack Falling and Displacement of the Womb Indomestics Could be a property of the It cures the worst forms of Female Complaints, that Bearing down Feeling, Weak Back, Falling and Displacement of the Womb, Inflammation, Ovarian Troubles, and all Organic Diseases of the Uterus or Womb, and is invaluable to the Change of Life. Dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus at an early stage, and checks any tendency to Cancerous Humor. Subdues Faintness, Excitability, Nervous Prostration, Exhaustion, and strengthens and tones the Stomach. Cures Headache, General Debility, Indigestion, etc., and invigorates the whole system. For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either ex. etc., and invigorates the whole system. For the cure of Kidney Complaints of either ex, the Compound has no rival.

All Druggists sell it as a standard article, or sent by mail, in form of Fuer or cenges, on receipt of \$1.00.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS.

LYDIA E PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE JOS. FLEMING & SON, 412 Market street, Pittsburg

LYDIA E PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE JOS. FLEMING & SON.

YOU SAVE

YOU SAVE

BYBUYING

KEECH offers extraordinary inducements to purchasers of Household Goods Not only have you the very largest and choicest assortment of FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES, REFRIGERATORS, BABY COACHES, etc., to choose from, but you can buy on the easiest terms and at prices far below those of other houses. Keech buys in such quantities as to secure goods at factory prices. Buyers, therefore, have an advantage in that they purchase at what are really

WHOLESALE PRICES.

KEECH will furnish your home from top to bottom and save you money. See him before you make your selection. Baby Conches from \$3 50 to \$30; catalogue free. Bedroom Suites, Hardwood, from \$16 75, \$18, \$19 up. Parlor Suites, Plush, Tapestry, Hair Cloth, all prices. Carpets, Velvets, Axminsters, Brussels, etc., all new. Refrigerators, all sizes, all styles, all prices. Clothing, Spring Stock, Wraps, Jackets and Men's Suits. Library Furniture, Embossed and Plain Upholstery.

EVERYTHING FOR THE HOUSEHOLD.

923, 925 AND 927 PENN AVENUE.

NEAR NINTH STREET. OPEN SATURDAYS TILL 10 P. M.

A SENSE OF DECENCY

Constrains many people to hide the dirt of their kitchens. They make the kitchen a secret chamber, into which it is forbidden to enter; but half the trouble which they take to hide the dirt and the disgrace which it entails, would keep the kitchen clean, and all its pots and pans bright as a dollar, that is, if they use

A SUIT OF CLOTHES

FOR EVERY MAN.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HAVE

Here is the opportunity, the passing chance, the opportune moment to make an investment in clothing. Those who need Men's or Boys' Clothing it will in-

WE MAKE THE OFFER

In the plainest of English, so that you, your friends, the public and everybody who reads this announcement cannot mistake WHAT WE MEAN.

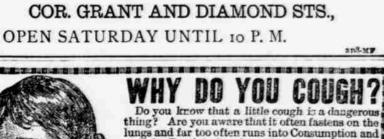
Do you want a fine suit of clothes or an elegant silk - faced Spring Overcoat? Then HARK YE: Read on and see what the P. C. C. offer in exchange for \$10 in money—

YOUR OWN FREE CHOICE 2,000 MEN'S SUITS

1,000 SPRING OVERCOATS

Including all the garments formerly marked \$16,\$18,\$20 and \$25, and elegant silk-faced Spring Overcoats, superb Sack and Cutaway Suits, made from fine domestic and imported fabrics. YOU CHOOSE ONE FOR \$10.

PITTSBURG COMBINATION CLOTHING COMPANY,



ends in Death? People suffering from Asthma, tell you that "IT STARTED WITH A COLD. Can you afford to neglect it? Can you trifle

with so serious a matter? Are you aware that DR. ACKER'S ENGLISH REMEDY for Coughs, Colds and Consumption is beyond question the greatest of all Modern Remedies? It will stop a Cough in one night. It will check a Cold in a day. It will prevent Croup, relieve Asthma and cure Consumption if taken in time, "You can't afford to be without it." A 25 cent bottle may save you \$100 in Doctor's bills-may save your life! Ask your druggist for it, or write to W. H. MOOKER & Co., 46 West Broadway, New York, for book.

DR. ACKER'S COUGH REMEDY JOS. FLEMING & SON.

OIL WELL SUPPLIES.

Artesian Wells. For household and mechanical purposes. Prices DARRAGH PURE WATER CO., ja81-48-D 107 First av., Putsburg.

IRELAND & HUGHES. FORGE AND MACHINE SHOP -AND MANUFACTURERS OF-

Oil and Artesian Well Drilling and Fishing Tools, Corner Twenty-first Street, and A. V. R. R. Telephone No. 1222

PITTSBURG, PA.

TUBING, CASING, LINE PIPE, STEAM PIPE

W. S. WATSON, AGENT. OFFICE: 108 FOURTH AVE.,

PITTSBURG, PA. Works at Oil City, Pa. Correspondence Solicited.

Prices on Application

ju24-60-MWF DEACKER'S COUGH REMEDY JOS. FLEMING & SON, 412 Market street.

> OIL WELL SUPPLIES. AJAX ENGINES

Corry Boilers.

The best Oil Well Machinery in the world. All sizes of Engines and Boilers Also all sizes Stationary Engines and Boil ers. Write for prices. Offices in Pittsburg, Washington and Butler,

JAMES M. LAMBING, SOLE AGENT, CORRY, PA.

Always write or telegraph to Corry Office,

NEW WALL PAPERS TO MATCH SPRING COLORINGS

> CARPETS DRAPERIES. WILLIAM H. ALLEN,

517 Wood Street, Near Fifth ave. Protect Your Horse.

Horseshoeing being a most important opera-tion, it is necessary that all shoers should understand the construction and diseases of the foot. The want of knowledge and skill of shoeing often generates many diseases, such as corns, quarter and center crack, which are very annoying. Attention given road, track and interfering horses, I also manufacture a HOOF OINTMENT, guaranteed to keep horses' feet in good con-dition.

ANDREW PAFENBACH,

Cor. West Diamond and Erie Sts. (Rear of Semple's Store), ALLEGHENY, PA.

such was the case (so says Mr. Frick), and without further argument, we will submit the following sworn testimony, all of which has been voluntarily given, men having walked many miles in order to furnish me this evidence, on learning that I was at Scottdale. James Crow furnished the following:

"I live at Morgan station and am engaged at drawing coke for the H. C. Frick Coke Company. We have been out of work since February 2, owing to the termination of our last scale agreement, and our failure to agree on another

datory and failure to comply brings direful re-sults to those who depend on the company tor

me at my house and said, 'Why sin't you at work? You complain of being hard up.' I re-plied: 'It is not agreed by all men to go to work.' Mullen said: 'You will not get any work.' Mullen said: 'You will not get any
other scale, and if you will not go to work your
place will be taken by others.' I replied: 'I
will risk that.' I was also strongly urged to
go to work by J. Grumbly, the pit boss.

HENRY C. DIEHL.

"Sworn to and subscribed before me this 4th
day of April, 1891. J. MERRITT, J. P.
Scottdale, Pa." and I could not have it sworn to, but I will have him make affidavit to it to-morrow: William Kroseiburg says: "William Mullan, of Broad-ford, superintendent of the H. C. Frick Com-

LOUISVILLE, April 5,-The Louisville Public

His New Texas Diocese Is One of the Larger ERIE, April 5 .- Dr. Thomas Brennan was toconsecrator assisted by Bishop Phelan, of Pittsburg, and McGovern, of Harrisburg. About Democrats Will Not Try to Make Free

Pittsburg Goes Down to Tenth in the List of

similar amounts for the corresponding week in

developing north of Montana, creating warmer weather in that section.

Dutside New York 419,689,730 "Not included in totals

THE C. L. AND W. ROAD.

WHEELING, April 5 .- The report that the Thompson-Brice syndicate was to purchase the

THE ROBERTSON ESTATE.

NEW YORK, April 5.-Inspector Byrnes' de

ART AT THE EXPOSITION.

the best work of the leading French artists for the World's Fair, better guarantees than any

A Prisoner Convicted of Murder Attempts DENVER, April 5.- Thomas Heffner, who has een on trial in the Criminal Court for killing

when the verdict "Murder in the second degree" was read, Heffner was seen to raise a small vial to his mouth and swallow the contents. Physicians were immediately called in and by the use of a stomach pump saved the prisoner's life. The vial contained arsenic. How the prisoner procured it is not known.

DAVENPORT'S CITY ELECTION.

uperior Court without opposition. BISHOP GILMOUR IMPROVING.

River Telegrams. PRECIAL TELEGRAMS TO THE DISPATOR ! BROWNSVILLE-River 14 feet 3 inches and fall-ing. Weather cloudy. Thermometer, 25° at 4 r. M. WARREN-River 37-10 feet and falling. Weather

neatness.is a hook without a bailshould make their houses look fair with SAPOLIO = Try a cake in your next-

BAPOLIO