#### THE PITTSBURG DISPATCH. SUNDAY, APRIL 5, 1891

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# The Dispatch.

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#### PITTSHURG, SUNDAY, APR. 5, 1891.

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### THE CITIZENS' MEETING.

The value of public discussion upon municipal matters was well illustrated at the meeting called by the Mayor yesterday alternoon. The entire debate was interesting, a great deal of it very warm, and some of it so personal in character that it might have been omitted. But the value of the meeting in the public debate of leading municipal topics and the free expression of various views was very great, and sets a precedent which, it is to be hoped, may be frequently followed in the future. The usefulness of such discussion is apparent from the fact that while the question of indorsing curative legislation evoked a wide variety of discussion, after the effect of the measure had been made clear there was really a very small dissent to that action.

This indorsement represents about all that was positively accomplished by the meeting with regard to the pending legislation. As THE DISPATCH said in advance, there was no doubt as to the vast preponderance of public opinion in favor of the proposition that those benefited by the improvementa already made should, if possible, be made to pay for them. The question whether the curative legislation will hold water still remains a doubtful one, only to be decided by prompt test cases if the law is ready been referred to in these columns, was passed. The question of assessments where | left in the air, as it were, by the citizens' property owners were not benefited formed a meeting yesterday afternoon. After a disleading part of the discussion; but when it was pointed out that the pending measure provided for a fuil trial of such cases in the courts, that objection was practically overcome. On the practical issue whether the attempt should be made the indorsement was a decisive one. The other point on which the meeting took final action was an unexpected and interesting enlargement of the scope of the meeting, Mr. Bruce's speech arraigning past methods in municipal politics, and espe- sible contingencies outside of that case. The cially attacking the provision in the charter vesting the appointment of heads of tractors who have done the work of improvdepartments in Councils, was per- ing streets is admitted; but it is by no means haps the leading feature of the clear that this necessity is so imperative as meeting, and secured the passage of his res- to call for wiping out the salutary checks olution calling for an amendment to make and restrictions on the issue of municipal those positions elective. There is not much indebtedness. Yet, so far as can be judged likelihood that this amendment will attain. from the study of the proposed measure poslegislative enactment, and if there were the sible at this time, this is what it amounts to proposition would be susceptible of much Its only check on the issue of indebtedness is more discussion. The experience of the city the constitutional limit. It does not even has proved that whether officers are elected provide that the issue of bonds at any one by the people, appointed by the Mayor, or time shall be no greater than the amount appointed by Councils, the good or bad due contractors on the work that has been influences which prevail over their selection done. It permits a rate of interest one of will be rooted at the polls, and it is there two per cent greater than the city ought to that any lasting reform must do its work. pay. Finally, as it is quite possible that There was a large amount of work left the amount of money due on improvements undone by the meeting. The question of is- might at a given time exceed the constitusuing certificates of indebtedness was re- tional limit of indebtednesss, it will in such ferred to a committee, and is to be acted cases reduce the practical working of such upon at an adjourned meeting to-morrow. a provision to a matter of fear, favor or in-The bill for future street improvements was fluence, which will be the reverse of edifynot reached, although there is little proba- ing. bility of dispute over it. But singularly The obvious justice of providing paymen enough nothing at all was heard of the bills for the contractors produced a development relating to the wharves, or that legalizing of feeling in favor of indorsing this measpayments for park property. Are these bills | ure only as applying to the debts already abandoned, or has it been concluded that | contracted. But even that feeling is based they are not matters on which public disens. sion is deserved?

proved highways within a single year; and affect the enthusiasm of other men ready to real estate values have increased in the county adopting this policy \$1,500,000, ex- erament land. On April 17 the Omaha clusive of the advance within the city of lands will be thrown open, and already over Elizabeth of \$700,000 more. With such practical demonstration of the

gain in rural wealth by systematic road improvement, there should be no doubt about the adoption of a similar policy for mending the roads of Pennsylvania.

THAT CAPITAL SITE.

THE DISPATCH must ber the pardon o aid in proving that he who goes unprepared into a country where at best existence is but the genius who proposes to remove the capital of the State, as noticed in these a continual round of hardships is foolish, especially if he takes wife and children columns some days ago. The apology is along. The innocent victims of thoughtnecessary because we did not gain a comprehension of the full breadth and scope of lessness and greed suffer more than he, bethe scheme of capital removal. It was supcause weaker and younger.

posed the proposition was to remove the capital to Lock Haven, but a subsequent Are, de l'Ope a, Paris, France, where anyone article demonstrates that no such modified transfer of the capital from the low grades

of transportation will satisfy the author of this scheme. He proposes to plant the center of legislation on the lofty level of the mountain tops, to surround it with a State forest, and there, amid the elevating

THE DAILT DISPATCH is delivered by carriers at center of the State a virgin and un-

polluted spot can be found. From the lofty plateaus, expansive and inspiring views can be obtained. A beautiful moun-20 pages, made up of THREE PARTS. | tain lake can be created to supply the needs of the half million people who would gather to form the population of the future capital. Avenues 150 feet wide and twelve miles long will run up the mountain plateau

with intervening avenues of 120 feet as a minor attraction. From the summit a scenic scope of six miles either way is assured, and here a site of forty square miles when stamps for that purpose are enclosed, but the Editor of THE DISPATCH will under no tional, State and county avenues." But a greater attraction is to be had at the ten acre plateau of Kettle Mountain whence five counties can be viewed, and "it at

harvest time the fatigue of mountain climbing vanishes in enraptured thought." This description utterly forbids the idea f soiling so pure and lofty a tract with the concentration of State politics. The enraptured thought alleged to be peculiar to the harvest time of the agriculturist, should not be mixed with the enraptured thought

with which the legislative rooster pursues his harvest. No! Whatever may be done with the capital, it must not be permitted to drag down and pollute this lofty and wirgin tract, to the level of ordinary politics.

### THE LONGEVITY PROBLEM.

fice any vested interests, it will no doubt The advice given elsewhere by certain prove to be very like what would have been proposed had Sir John been defeated. prominent men who have attained great age, as to the best methods of securing longevity,

States.

quire such proof would close the lands

against the very people for whom they are

intended. This leaves the matter with the

individual alone. He should see, for the

few acres for almost nothing is not the best

canital and some experience are needed, for

REJOICING OVER A NECESSITY.

A definite proposition has not yet been

tainly ensue.

is interesting rather from the fame of the THE PANIC IN ITALY. advisers than from the authority of the ad-If anything was needed to banish thoughts vice. There is the usual variety in the of an immediate war between Italy and the methods recommended. Von Moltke sug-United States, it has come in the news that gests tresh air, plenty of sleep, regularity of a financial panic has made its appearance habits and temperance; Bismarck prescribes in Leghora. There is a possibility of the

bathing, athletic exercise and the ability to panic's spreading all over the country, and banish care, and so on. The fact is, examif it does the Italians will be too busy with ples of longevity will furnish arguments for their internal affairs to think of warring almost any practice and style of life. with this country over the expatriated Smokers and non-smokers, drinkers and brigands. Even if the trouble does not non-drinkers, those who have led quiet and spread the chances of war are still materially peaceful lives, and those who have plunged lessened. The prime necessity for the carry into great conflicts, all have illustrated long ing on of hostilities is good financial credit. ife. It may be pertinent, though not comand the present trouble will seriously implimentary, to quote the dictum of an emipair that of Italy. Burdened as they are nent scientific man that the quality which with a heavy national debt. Italians will most contributes to longevity is the placid think twice before trying to add to it, selfishness which enables a man to pass though that they could do so is by no mean through all conflicts with a minimum of ex- certain now.

hanstive drafts on his nervous power. With It is to be hoped that the Leghern trouble these views before us we may conclude that | will not spread. On the poor the miseries the real question is not how a man can live of such panies rest most eavily, and the

Detroit was the crasiest. The only satisfaction that a sensible person can gain from it is the knowledge that those who became insane rush upon and occupy newly-opened Govthrough their own foolishness will not long remain a public burden, as their physical con-500 would-be settlers are in Ashland, Wis., tion is such that death must soon ensue. ready to swoop down upon them. When

opening day arrives their numbers WITH James G. Blaine, Jr., in Madrid will probably have been trebled. They are to attend to that reciprocity treaty with Spain. he country can rest quietly in the confider as poorly prepared as were those now suffering in Oklahoma. The story that that if it becomes necessary he can run over and adjust that little trouble with the Italian will come from them will be similar to the Government. others. Misery, want and starvation will

PENNSYLVANIA claims the unique distinction of having a fisherman who went after fish and returned with the acknowledgement that he had caught none.

### THE regular Democratic papers of Chi-

cago are now engaged in telling the public what a bad citizen Carter Harrison is for run There is no practical plan for the preven ning as an Independent Democratic candidate tion of this suffering. The lands are opened for Mayor. If half what they say is true, it to settlement, and it is desirable that they amounts to a severe indictment of the Demoshould be occupied. The Government, in cratic party of Chicago, for having, in the past, raised such a bad man to a position of power declaring them ready for settlers, has and prominence in their city politics. reached the limit of its authority. So long

\_ as a man is a citizen, and agrees to perform THE rumors of a deal between the Havethe duties enumerated in the laws pertainmeyers and the Spreckels are not to be taken ing to the subject, he cannot be asked to as pointing to an advance in the price of sugar, produce proof that he is able to cope with though it is pertinent to inquire if the recent drop has anything to do with the proposed co the unknown difficulties that may appear after he has taken out his patent. To reolidation.

> PUBLIC discussion of municipal measures as developed at yesterday's meeting was exceedingly interesting if not instructive.

good of himself and family, that getting a THE press of this country is anding some solace in the prediction of English experts thing that could happen him. A little that the monster guns with which the Italian warships are armed will be likely to prove a failure. That may be true: but before they fail if he does not possess both suffering will cerit might be very unpleasant to have the cities or fortifications of this country used as targets for the demonstration of their inability to la a long time.

The great rejoicing that is said to be SOME of the representatives of the Jingo going on in Canadian Government circles element among the press are taking a bitter shows how easy it is for people to be pleased revenge on Baron Fava for the scare he has with what they have to take. After the given them, by the conventional efforts of the wood working artisan in the line of portraiture. recent elections in the Dominion, the Tories busied themselves over the circulation of

HEALY got a black eye in the early part statements that reciprocity with the United of the Silgo contest; but the permanent black States had cut no figure in the campaign. eve seems to have rested with Parnell. Their action in opening up negotiations

with this country on the subject does not AUSTRALIA'S new form of government agree with their statements, and the unis very good, so far as it goes, but it does not biased mind is forced to the conclusion that go far enough. As things have been arranged Mr. Blaine's pet scheme did cut a very imthe Governor General will prove an irritant portant figure. The majority by which Sir because he will only favor England to whom he will look for support. The Australians let John Macdouald's government continued in slip a good chance to make themselves indepower was so small that it is thought unpendent. wise to tempt fate by neglecting to enter

into closer commercial relations with the THE ethereal mildness of gentle spring may still be counted among the pleasures of hope. But a much-enduring public will soon move for an inquiry whether the groundhog is submitted, but as it is promised to be based responsible for this weather.

on mutual concessions which will not sacri-THE pleasantest news received by Pittsburgers for some time is that La Grippe is osing its grip.

SIGNOR D'ARCO'S radical declaration that Italy does not propose to let the Constitution of this country stand in the way of what she wants, looks as if Signor D'Arco has been tudying American politics at the same school as the corporations and politicians of Pennsylvania.

#### PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

PROF. TYNDALL is reported to be in reatly improved condition

DR. TALMAGE pleads guilty to a weakless for playing blind man's bluff. CORNELIUS VANDERBILT has a thor-

oughly good face, full of character and radiant ith geniality.

MISS GABRIELLE GREELEY is a handsome woman, and possesses all the sweet, gen-tle characteristics of her father. JOHN L. WALLER, of Kansas City, Kan.,

the new Consul of the United States at Mada-gascar, is a colored man. He was born a slave in Missouri and 18 41 years old.

LANDER, who furnishes dance music for

MURRAY'S MUSINGS

Thoughts Apropos of a Closkmaker Riot-Assassin Guiteau's Head-Women in Theaters and Street Cars Without Escor -Color Line With the Police.

who seems to be making her way in the world with a hammer. Among the other workmen she attracts no attention, but it is a strange sight for those who happen to pass that way. This woman squats on the stone heap all day long, through the different changes of tempera-ture, snow, rain, cold or sunshine, with her long-handled hammer, patiently breaking rocks into wainut bits and cording up the pieces. She is unable to speak the English language, but she can break rocks just the same—this ac-complishment being a foreign one. One of the greatest evils with which New York has to contend is the large body of foreigners with socialistic ideas, who do not un erstand the language of the country of thei The Color Line in the Force. adoption nor appreciate the privileges granted under its laws. A case in point has recently In a certain precinct in Brooklyn the white policemen are on a strike because of the ap-pointment of a black man on the force. The been attracting considerable attention even outside of New York. This is a turbulent white men feel that their dignity has been crowd of Poles, who have been kicking up : rumpus among their own kind for years. The last outrage perpetrated by the ringleaders of affronted. They refuse to sleep in the dormi-

this set was that over in Jamaica I. l. it which the employing cloakniaker was mo his stock in trade destroyed, and his child's ity of a porter or station keeper; but as a policeman, drawing the same pay with them-selves and doing the same outy-this is borrid! It is a curious thing that just about the time when the color line is being oblicrated in all of the recently share States it should be revived by that equivocally respectable Brooklyn police force.

his stock in trade destroyed, and his child's eves put out by vitriol. The chief of this cloak-making gang is named Barondess, who is a very intelligent man, and may be said to be a born leader in a small way. This Barondess has cut quite a figure in all of the strikes in which the Poies have been concerned, and there have been a great many. He seems to have a great influence over them. His utterances have been exploited in the newspapers, and these show that he is in all respects superior to the men whom he dominates. He has been getting his foot in it lately by the determina-tion of the legal authorities, backed by certain complaints, to teach these poople that there are certain laws of personal liberty in the United States that cannot be violated with impunity. It seems that Barondess has been in the habit of going to an employing cloak maker and demanding 350 or 5100 or more on the threat that he would declare a strike in their shops. Not unfrequently this money was paid, though The Sale of Bad Tailor Debts. The Merchant Tailors' Association that car-ried out its threats to sell the judgments against the delinquent customers of its membership did not realize much money by the transaction. The tailors and delinquent debtors, however got any amount of free advertising. There are at least a dozen swells and would-be swells of New York now who will not be able to pur-chase a suit of clothes unless they have the that he would declare a strike in their shops. Not unfrequently this money was paid, though it was always done under protest. It is not be-cause of this that the subject is worthy of at-tention, but because of the general ignorance which seems to prevail among these people as to their rights and privileges under the laws of the United States. It has seemed a curious thing that these foreigners who are driven out of their native countries by acts of oppression, real or alleged, on the part of the ruling classes, are more intolerant and tyrannical toward their fellow laborers than any other class of the American people. ready money. There was one of them at leas who was surprised-that was the man whose who was surprised-that was the man whose judgment was sold for something like 70 cents on a dollar. The other fellows were sized up on the average of \$2 each. It is unnecessary to say that the tailor who offered the judgment was very much surprised also. Perhaps he is sorry now that he disposed of so good a cus-tomer at auction. CHARLES T. MURRAY. NEW YORK. April 4. NEW YORK, April 4.

A Scene in a Street Car. From the front platform of a Broadway car

one can see a good many interesting sights. This is especially so on pleasant days in the shopping district. The swarms on the sidewalk and the jam in the cars of fashionable Gothamites afford no end of amusement and in truction. The other day, while on the front platform with a friend, I was struck by the renarkable beauty of one of these. She was a lovely blonde, dressed in the prevailing quiet style, and just the sort of a woman that everybody turns around to admire. In fact, my friend admired her so much that he imme-diately threw away his unfinished cigar and passed within. There were about three gentlebased within. There were about three gentle-men inside, who were seated, and these three simultaneously arose and offered her a seat. She only occupied two of them—the seats, not the gentlemen. She draw a nickel from her apparently well-filled pocketbook and held it daintily between her fingers. The conductor walked into the car, stood around in a confused sort of way and then walked out, leaving her still clinging to the coin. When she goot out of the car, six blocks farther up, she still had the nickel between her fingers, and looked quite pleased with the idea that she had beaten Dan Lamont's corporation out of 5 cents. Verily the ways of a woman are past finding out. "No gentleman on earth would have done such a thing as that," said my friend, as the mercury of his admiration slowly sank to the bottom of its tube.

its tube.

## The Head of Charles Guiteau

In a Sixth avenue museum the other day aw displayed in a large jar in the center of the show room, a human head, poised midway be-tween the top and bottom. Round the neck were the marks of a rope. Across the scalp were the statches of the surgeon. There was a small crowd continually around this horrible sight, gazing upon it with morbid curiosity. From the placards and certificates displayed it would appear that the ghastly exhibition was the head of the late unlamented Charles Guiteau, who at one time cut such a conspicuous figure in the public press. It recalled the time when I saw the man in the flesh dragged from

ingure in the public press. It recalled the time when I saw the man in the flesh dragged from the Sixth street station in Washington, after he had fired the fatal shot into the body of President James A. Garfield. It reminded me of the long and anxious season of waiting, watching and praying that followed upon that great event. Also of the long and sensational trial, and lastly of the satisfaction with which i stood at the foot of the scaffold that this con-temptible wretch explated his criminal act against humanity and his country upon. The last time 1 had looked upon that repulsive face was as it lay in its coffin in the chapel of the Wash-ington jail the day after the excention. I saw it lowered into the basement like a dead cat, and buried within the stone foundations of the prison. To be suddenly confronted here in New York with such asight certainly recalled some painful reminiscences. The head, as it is exhibited in this dime museum, has nothing in it to remind me of the man as he was in life.

who seems to be making her way in the world

Seem-Wealth in the Mortar and Pestle -Mules and Rapid Transit-Facts About Church Debts.

There was antelope on our bill of fare vester day at dinner. A Minneapolis man who sat next to me smiled when he saw the antelope. "Some weeks ago," he said, "when I was traveling on the C., M. & St. Paul Railroad

hanced to take dinner with the Superintend ent of the dining car service. He is an old friend of mine. As soon as we were seated in the dining car and the waiter had handed us the bill of fare 1 noticed the Superintendent's face grow cloudy. He called the steward to him and addressed him with: 'Yon're overtory of the station house with a black man. It is not because the black man is not a very dedoing it, are'nt you? Here you have mountain cant fellow. There would be no objections on their part to him if he slept there in the capacsheep, venison, antelope and bear on this bill of fare-surely, there's no call for four wild meats at one meal, and there can't be any money in such extravagant catering for this

company." "Well, sir,' replied the steward, 'it isn't so bad as it looks. You see we've an overstock of mutton and we're working it off the best way we can." body, the

### The Drug Business Pays

A drugstore pays better than a saloon in Hot Springs. The water of the Springs contains bout a score of more or less potent drugs, according to the analysis printed in the guide books, and in the neighborhood of this place other springs supplement the supply of medicine with such things as sulphur and potash and iron in all sorts of mixtures. Yet the drugstores do a splendid business. The doctors se dom allow a patient to take the waters without

dom allow a patient to take the waters without fortification of some kind in the shape of pill, powder or potion. And the druggist has to fill the prescriptions of course. You may be sure he knows how to make out his bill, too, and he has so much practice that he is expert to a wonderful degree. You can pay as much here for three or four ounces of water and a pennyweight of drugs as anywhere else on this globe. After you have been here a week or two it will cease to surprise you that every rich man in this region at some time or other has been in the drug business. With you it is common to rate a man as rich if he is con-nected with the Standard Oil Company, for in-stance, but here it means far more if it be said that so-and-so has a drug store.

-A needle, after a devious experience of 36 years in the body of a Springfield, Mo., woman, came out through her side the other day. The needle had lost its temper and was as pliable as Humorous Rapid Transit.

As I have remarked ore this, rapid transit in a piece of wire. the South is humorous all the time. Tim -A veritable curiosity has been captured being of no earthly importance in this latitude. in Africa. It is an elephant, larger than the the joke is always cheap and agreeable. Yeslate lamented Jumbo, pea-green in color, trunk-less, and has tuxes that branch out something like the horns of a deer. It is in possession of a native King, who will not part with it. terday, having no thought of anything beyond a ride in the sunshine, I boarded one of the

open cars which are now running through the open cars which are now running inrough the town. At the next conner the car stopped, and remained at a standstill long enough for the little mules to go to sleep. I was sitting just behind the driver, and thinking perhaps that some rule of the road entailed a long wait at this point, which was outside the town proper, and I asked him if he intended to start again soon -A Salina, Kan., family is eating fresh, ripe tomatoes from a vine which was taken into the house last fall and carefully nurtured during the winter. At the prevailing price of coal in Kansas the tomatoes are supposed to represent a value of about \$1 apiecs.

and I asked him if he intended to start again "Wal, I dunno, suh," he replied politely. "You see, that ole lady wants to get on this heak kyar-but I can't tell how long it'll take her to get heab," and he pointed up a road at right angles to the track leading to three or four cottages perched on a hill a quarter of a mile away. Half way between us and the cot-tages an old lady was walking toward us. She did not seem to be in a hurry; neither did she wave her hands frantically or scream as a Northern woman would have done under sim-llar circumstances. She took her time, and the driver of the street car recornized her sacred right to go slow. When she had taken her seat, he unwound the brake in a leisurely way, woke the mules and we went on. -Largely because of the electric light, the average time of transit through the Sues Canal goes on diminishing it tarbuint torough the outer year. Last year it was 24 hours 6 minutes, whereas in 1859 it was 25 hours 50 minutes; in 1888, 31 hours 15 minutes; in 1887, 35 hours 56 minutes and in 1886 not less than 36 hours.

-A dog belonging to a resident of Cordell. Ga., got his head wedged in a hollow tree one day while chasing a rabbit, and, falling to release himself, remained in that position for Il days without food or drink, when the master found him and got him out. He was alive, but it is not known what became of the rabbi -A physician who died in Philadelphia

### Stopped for Pop Corn.

on Wednesday, aged 72, was a very eccentric Still further South at Dallas, Tex., the other citizen, so much so that he regularly paid his board at a high-priced hotel but very rarely lived there. Although himself a dootor, he would never allow a doctor to be called in whon he was ill and would not take medicine of his own. day, some friends of mine were riding on a street car when a lady in the party saw some pop corn on the sidewalk. "Oh! what lovely pop corn," she said, "I wish

-A man in Vermont who neglected his "I suppose you'd like me to stop the car and wife finds himself confronted by a petition get some for you," was her husband's ironical remark. The driver of the car overheard it signed by over 100 of the best known women in signed by over 100 of the best known women in the town and addressed to the Court asking for his dismissal from the office of County Clerk. This kind of female suffrage made hum sick, and the judges have postponed action until he gets well. and stopped the car at once and said he'd wait while the popcorn was bought for the lady. This act of courtesy astounded the Northern-

#### They Go to Church, Too.

woke the mules and we went on.

I had some!"

-Tapping a telegraph pole to get maple Nobody has ever accused Hot Springs of being too godly, but there is no lack of churches sap is a rather uninviting occupation, but a certain gentleman did that identical thing last Thursday on the New Hartford road, near Every denomination of any importance has its place of worship. The most pretentious church Invision of the New Hartistic road, hear Winstead, Conc. The pole stands in a line with maple trees, and when he came to the tree he bored it and hung his sap-pail on the pole and started for the next tree. Happening to look up after he had passed on he went back and recovered his pail, but failed to plug up the hole. and I presume the most prosperous belongs to the Episcopalians. It is a handsome building the Episcopalians. It is a handsome building of brick, finished in oak within. The incum-bent the Rev. Mr. Miller, is evidently a high churchman, and to his and the congregation's credit it must be said that the altar and chancel filled with great Easter and calls illies, looked vary beautiful on Easter Sunday morn-ing, however questionable the authority for placing a triple-pointed grown outlined with small gas jets in the center of the reredos may have appeared to some Episcopalians in the church on that occasion. The church was crowded with fashionable visitors, and the cea-

## TALES FROM ARKANSAS.

-A woman's agricultural school is one of ills of Fare Are Not Always What They he new English projects. -There are said to be over 50,000 American visitors now in Mexico.

> -An Atchison street car has been painted black for funeral purposes.

-Feathery snowflakes as large as silver dollars fell in New York the other day. -Texas is to have "the biggest soap fact-

CURIOUS CONDENSATIONS.

ory in the world," with a capital of \$15,000,060. -There are within the present city limits of Milwaukee 30,000 lots which are unoccupied. -The very unusual sight of two blind

men fighting on the public street was seen in New York recently. -A philologist estimates that the coinage

of new words goes on the rate of 100 annually in the English language. -Two acres of land adjacent to the Lon-

don Houses of Parliament have been advertised for sale at £1,000,000 sterling. -There is living in Centerville, Ky., a

blacksmith who has just learned his correct name, though he is over 50 years old.

-An Atchison woman recently refused the present of a handsome set of books because they did not match the color of her front room

-A Douglas county, Kan., farmer was mpelled to use four horses the other day to ul 20 bushels of corn to Lawrence, but he got a bushel for it.

-As a guess at the census taken vester day, the Registrar General estimates that the population of the United Kingdom is about \$9,000,000 of souls.

-The day after the last of the whaling fleet had departed from San Francisco a large school of whales appeared in the bay and "cavorted" audaciously.

-The Commissioners of the District of

Columbia have been asked to recall all permits

issued to Italian organ grinders, as it is alleged that the music may cause trouble.

### TESTIMONY ON ROAD IMPROVEMENT.

A very valuable addition to country road literature is a pamphlet by Mr. Ripley, noticed editorially by the New York Post. That journal says truly that the necessary thing for those who agitate in favor of road improvement-outside of localities where good roads are demanded as a luxury-is to convince farmers and rural property owners that good roads will actually pay. Mr. Ripley's pamphlet is the best evidence on that point since it chronicles the results of a systematic effort in New Jersey.

Mr. Ripley was largely instrumental in securing the passage of a law in New Jersey, by which a board in each county is authorized to designate certain thoroughfares as "country roads" and to bond ing regularity. From the first legalized the county for their improvement. Having secured the passage of the law he led in stirring up his own county to take advantage of it, and a year's work in the construction | are the unfortunates who furnish the latest of Telford roads has demonstrated the value | instaliment of the tale of woe. Believing of the improvement. Real estate along the the country was a modern Eden they went improved highways has doubled and even in droves from all parts of the South only quadrupled in value. The former has dis- to find they had been deceived. Poorly covered that the ability to haul a ton where prepared for a struggle in a new country, he could only haul half a ton before ma- they are now willingly to leave, but the terially increases the productive value of his very circumstance that caused their misery

longest, but how he can live best,

THE LAND-HUNGRY BUT FOOLISH.

homa settlers are still received with sadden

occupation of that territory there has been a

continued story of destitution, and, in many

cases, of actual starvation. Colored settlers

Reports of great destitution among Okla-

discussion.

American satisfaction is that it will dissi-THAT CERTIFICATE PROPOSITION. nate the remnants of the war cloud. The proposition to authorize the issue of certificate: of indebtedness, which has al-

SOUTHERN REPUBLICS AT CHICAGO. The news that several Central and South American Republics have taken steps toward representation at the World's Fair cussion which did not fully reach the real is a stinging rebuke to the unpatriotic merits, or, rather, demerits, of the question, policy of certain sovereign States in this it was referred to a committee and will come country. That sectional differences or a up again at the adjourned meeting to-morpenny-wise financial policy would prevent row. In the meantime, it is proper to reany State from making a creditable disview the proposition as it stands after a little play at the fair was not contem-

plated when the subject was first The proposed measure is framed to meet a broached, and if any countries were not special emergency, and, like most general expected to participate, those countries were legislation drawn to cover an especial case, some of the smaller and poorer Republics it leaves uncovered the wast range of possouth of us. The unexpected, however, has, as usual, happened, and it has become painnecessity of providing payment for confully evident that the hitherto backward Republics are more alive to the benefits to be derived from proper representation at Chicago than are portions of this country. There is no excuse for the States that have refused to appropriate money for representation at the Fair, for while there is good ground for criticism on the way things are done in Chicago, there is a growing belief that the enterprise will be successful. If it is, the States that are not represented will be the only sufferers from their folly.

> WIDE approval is given to the remark of the Minneapolis Tribune that "if we cannot prove that the victims of the New Orleans mob were assassing then we owe their families and the nation of which they were subjects every reparation in our power. If we do prove i Italy must abide by the terms which this Goverament, always generous, chooses to extend," But what puts this country in a hole is the fact that the chosen and Constitutional method of determining the guilt of those Italians has already acquitted a majority of them. It will be hard for this Government to go behind the

return of a jury, even if it is of the New Orleans kind.

THE London Times calls Chaupcey M. Depew a "professional conversationalist," and upon a misapprehension of the case. It is thereby makes another display of its ignor not necessary, because the charter as it now ance. A conversation is familiar discourse particinated in by two or more persons, but stands provides a remedy for the trouble. It Chauncey does all the talking himself. is entirely competent for Councils to prepare

an ordinance providing for a short loan on IN California now, a man convicted of the lines of this proposition and to submit it train-wrecking is liable to capital punishment to a vote of the people. All the features of while the man who wrecks a whole railroad is the loan can be carefully matured and propliable to have to purchase a seat in the United erly examined. It, after full discussion, the States Senate. whole people indorse the proposition, the

transaction will be beyond criticism, and SINCE Italy has a great navy and no money to send it to sea, and the United States no navy by comparison, but lots of credit, it is the salutary and useful check now existing will have been kept alive. If the people suggested that they pool their issues, divide vote down the loan, the contractors will be up their assets on an equal footing, and then justified in calling upon Councils to increase proceed to have a deuce of a time. In view of the tax levy in order that they may be paid. the prevalence of combination principles, it is cult to see why this course should not be

taken on the same philanthropic motives a those which inspire the trusts. THE Jersey City genius who has invented

locomotive that will travel at the rate of eighty miles an hour should lend his machine to Baron Fava, as that gentleman must be anxious to leave a country in which he made such a monkey of himself.

THE only thing that Uncle Sam can guarantee other nations is that he will not stand much abuse over the killing of men who left their country for their country's good.

OF all the erazy contests ever gotten up to draw the dollars from the pockets of the land. Travel increased ten-fold on the im- prevents their doing so. These facts do not public, the so-called sleep-fasting contest in

the New York Four Hundred, is a fine-looking. Italian peasants are now burdened with powerful man, with iron-gray hair and musenough suffering. The only cause for tache and a dark, lustrous eye. THE Princess of Wales will set an inter-

esting example to amateur photographers by having some views taken of herself employed in decorating a tea-set of Wedgwood ware. KING OSCAR, of Sweden, is every inch

king. He is tall and well built, with broad shoulders, a handsome florid face and gray hair and beard. Age seems only to add grace to his person.

THE Hon, William Heywood, a lawyer of Lancaster, N. H., recently attended the 119th consecutive term of the Vermont Supreme Court at Guildhall, covering a period of 50% years of practice.

DR. BURNETT, Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett's comparatively unknown husband, was a physician in a small Tennessee village when he met and won his future wife. He is now a specialist in diseases of the eye.

THE Marquis Imperiali, now acting as Charge d'Affaires at Washington for Italy, is an accomplished musician, and played the first violin in the orchestra at a fashionable operatic performance at the capital this sea-

SILAS G. PRATT, the American con poser, who will give his "Allegory of the War in Song" for the Grant Monument Association, is a fine-looking gentleman, with hair and mustache just beginning to turn gray, and is in his 45th year.

> OTEEN VICTORIA puts in her spare time in plying the crochet needle, and at an exhibition of women's industries lately held at Glasgow a pair of wristlets in gray stripes and a blue and scarlet hood worked by the Quee were on view.

HAD TO HAVE ANOTHER.

### Why a White Woman Refused Her Change in a Street Car.

Chicago Tribune.1

She was a well-dressed woman-not flashily dressed, but handsomely and in perfect taste. She sat in the rear end of the street car and eyed the other passengers-not boldly, but curiously. A quiet, demure little woman she appeared to be. Near the middle of the car sat a colored

woman, poorly dressed, but not looking in any way slovenly.

These were the only two in the car who had not previously paid their fares. The colored woman was the first the conductor approached and she gave him a nickel. He gave it to the other when she handed him a dume. She held it between the tips of her gloved hands and acked sweath. "Can't you give me another?"

"Another?" he asked. "Why?" She shrugged her shoulders slightly, glanced

at the colored women, and said: "I'd rather have another, please," "I'd rather have another, please," She got it, but the conductor looked at her pretty hard while he was fishing up the other

"Speaking of snobbery," said the conductor "Speaking of snobbery," said the conductor when he reached the platform; "but, then, why speak of snobbery-Chestnut street!"

### TO FILTER LONDON FOG.

How Air in the House of Commons Made Clear for Members.

Galignani Messenger. ] Far down in the recesses of the House of

Commons, beneath the feet of unsuspecting senators, is a spectacle which, if it could be exhibited in a public place in London, would

exhibited in a public place in London, would send a thrill of horror through the com-munity. It is a vat hayer of what at first sight looks like cotton wool that has been first dragged through the Thames mud and finally sprinkled over with ink. Originally it was a mass of virgin white cotton wool. For many years the resident engineers have been battling with the fog. They have motified is effects within the House, but never till now have they succeeded in absolutely con-

till now have they succeeded in absolutely con-quering it. A layer of cotton wool is prepared and the air, drawn from the outside, is samply driven through it by force of a steam fan. The bed of cotton wool is six inches thick, and the area in use this week has extended over S00

The effect of the process is simply start. If this filth had not been arrested by the ling. If this fifth had not been at enter layer of cotton wool it would have pass the House and into the lungs of the hor

t to remind me of the man as he was in life. It might have been the head of any dead man but for the certificates which are displayed in connection with it.

Ages Vary With Circumstances.

Speaking of the curious foibles of woman ind reminds me of another incident of the

street cars. A lady and a little girl sat by my side. The conductor eyed the woman sharply as she tendered him the customary nickel, and equested another coin for the child.

Why, you don't charge for such a little child as this, do you T'"

"How old is the child, madam ?" "She isn't four years of age yet," was the eply. The conductor looked incredulous but mur-

muring something to the effect that it was all right went gloomily to his post, looking as i his unspoken thought was that the woman had unmistakably iied. Then the little child had had had had

"Mamma !" "What, dear ?" "What, dear ?" "Ann't I more than four years old to-day ?" "Hush !" She tried to quict her. But the scheme didn't work, for the child came back to the subject in the next block. "Mamma !" "What dear ?"

"What, dear ?"

"What dear ?" "You know you told Aunt Sally yesterday that I was ix years old next May ?" This was said in a piping voice that went through everybody in the car, failing only to reach the conductor who was on the platform. The mother mounted a faint blush but it was very faint indeed to the one which crept over the child's face when it got slapped on the back and hustled out of the car.

### He Was a Judge of Sparklers.

The jolly one-armed gentleman who presides over the cigar case in the bar of the Fifth Avenue Hotel displays a rather fine diamond stud upon his manly bosom. The other day some of his intimates played a joke on him by extracting the diamond from its customary posing place without his knowledge. Then they submitted it to him a few minutes later, asking his judg-ment on the quality of the stone. He looked at it very critically and said he didn't think it was worth much. It had a flaw; it was off

color; it was probably paste. At each succes sive criticism the crowd roared with laughter somewhat to his confusion. When the denoue ment came it cost him a quart bottle for the rigidly exacted promise that the joke shouldn' get out. It didn't get out. At the Theater Without Escort.

On Wednesday and Saturday afternoons the

stranger to New York customs might wonder at the number of young girls to be seen on Broadway. These are the matinee girls. It has come to be a great custom of these young adies to attend the matinees together and go about without any reference to male escorts; in fact, indulging in this sort of pleasure they prefer to be by themselves. They generally load up with bonbons and all sorts of truck, ex

cepting peanuts, before they enter the theater, and then during the play, not privileged like their masculine friends to go out between the acts to see a man, they munch these dainties in their seats. Very often they go out into the

in their seals, very often hey go det into the foyer and promenade up and down, gossiping hke a regular tea party. When the play i over they go trooping home in couples an clusters, as merry and independent a set o maidens as can be found in any city of the Union

maidens as can be found in any city of the Union. There is some delightful freedom about this which is rarely to be found in great cities, and which is more rarely expected to be found. These young people not only have a good time, but they have it without any of the compromis-ing features that are often associated with fe-male independence in other cities. It is not an uncommon thing to see ladies attend the various places of annusement even at night without nale escorts, though this is not so common as to attract attention. Women are just as safe, for attract attention.

male escoris, inough this is not so common as to attract attention. Women are just as safe, for that matter, at night as they would be in the daytime in that section of New York covered by the theater-goers. It is hardly the correct thing for ladies to attend public places alone at night, but there is no other than the fashiona-ble reason to prevent it or make it in any de-gree perilous.

A Woman in Man's Sphere.

A woman engaged in man's outdoor work would perhaps not attract attention in contiental countries, but is rather a singular sight here. At the corner of Sixty-fifth street and the Boulevard extensive blasting operations are in progress, preliminary to the erection of more flats the coming season. Among the men who are breaking stonas in the vicinity to be used as concrete is employed a brawny woman,

tionary processes through which the material goes in its transition from raw pig iron to table cutlery has increased its cost cents to \$15. But the comparison might be continued with

POWER OF IMAGINATION.

A Story That Makes a Point Against Doo

tors' Medicine.

"The power of imagination." said an uptown druggist to a New York Zimes reporter, "is

past comprehension. Not long since a domes-tic in the employ of a prominent family came

into the store in great haste with a prescrip-tion which called for two grains of morphine in

two ounces of aqua pura, that is, distilled

water, the accompanying direction reading:

liayed.' The patient for whom it was intend-

ed was the head of the family, who was suffer-

ing from a severe attack of nervous neuralgia.

lly physician who had written the prescription

was behind the counter when the messenger

arrived, having dropped in, as was his wont, on the way to his office. While I was putting up

the prescription we chatted and laughed and joked and passed the time of day as only pro-

Joked and passed the time of day as only pro-fessional men are capable of doing. I filled the bottle, corked it carefully and labeled it prop-erly, and, when the retreating form of the do-mestic had disappeared out of the store door, returned to my companionable physician vis-itor. As I did so I saw to my amazement the two grains of morphine reposing upon the pre-scription scales.

two grains of morphine reposing upon the pre-scription scales. "Good God, doctor," I ejaculated, "I've given that girl nothing but distilled water. The morphine is here, look at it. What shall I do?" "Do?" he replied, with admirable sang froid, 'do? Why, nothing at all. I'll wager you a bottle that the aqua pura will work as well without the opiate as with it." "'Agreed,' said I. 'And do you know,' con-cluded the pharmacist, 'the doctor was right and the patient with the nervous neuralgia-an exceptionally intelligent and college-bred man -was sleeping as peacefully as a babe after the second dose of the mixture.""

THE VALUE OF LABOR.

Suggestions on It in a Theoretical and Prac-

According to the New York Times, the man

who carries a watch in his pocket seldom stops

to think of the labor required to make one of

the tiny hairsprings that form one of its com

ponent parts. And yet that innocent speck of

mechanism furnishes food for thought on an

The value of a handful of raw nig iron, say

five pounds, is \$0 051. Convert into steel rails and the five pounds become worth \$0 075. If the same weight of steel be made into table

knives, such as one ordinarily uses at dinner,

60 blades are turned out, worth \$15 at jobbing

rates. Thus it is seen that the various evolu-

elaborate scale.

tical Sense.

"Now, it so happened that the identical fam-

'A teaspoontul every hour until the pain i

even more interesting results. Suppose the five pounds of material be converted into Before the collection was taken up the priest announced that there was \$4,000 debt on the church which he hoped would be materially reduced by that morning's offerings. I don't know how much was collected, but I should say a large sum. As we were returning from church a gentleman who has visited the Springs every year for a decade past remarked to met "It is a singular fact that church debts down here are most obstinate things. Last year I went to this very church on Easter Sunday and the debt was stated to be \$4,000, to which we were invited to contribute liber-ally. And we did, for \$1,200 was collected. But the \$4,000 debt bobs up all sereme again this year." five pounds of material be converted into watch hairsprings, one of which—and by no means the smallest—weighs one-quarter of one grain Troy. In five pounds there would be 10.200 of these litle coil, which, at the rate of \$1 75 a dozen, would be worth \$16,670 25. In this way the man who stops to think about it is furnished with an interesting comparison, suc-gesting the value of labor in both its practical and theoretical sense.

### DEATHS OF A DAY. Captain Thomas H. Lapsly.

BRADDOCK, April 4 .- Captain Thomas Bound to Get Eight Dollars. H. Lapsly died at 8 o'clock at his home on Brad-The colored population mostly attend th tock avenue. He had been ill for the past three Methodist church, the pastor of which is a months with paralysis of the brain. This left him several days ago, but his constitution was such that he could not recover. All his family were very able man of their own race. On a recent Sunday three or four white folks from one of the hotels attended this church and enjayed round him at the time of his death except his sor around him at the time of his death except his son John, who is in Chicago. Captain Lapsly was in his 72d year. He was born at Pine Creex, this county, 1819. He was identified with the Edgar Thomson Steel Works when it was started 20 years ago, and has been counceted with it ever since as Superintendent. He was quite a wealthy man and prominent in all social and political af-fairs. the heartiness of the worship very much. The collection amused them greatly. The pastor announced that the sum needed was \$8, and that everybody was expected to contribute something. "To avoid discommodin' any pusson," he con-

A HUNGRY CAT.

Woman's Hat.

Always at Something Worse,

It is entirely unnecessary for any journal of

Paul Pioneer-Press. 1

this year.

Captain James D. Touhey.

tion will pass up and leave their offerin's with Br'er Smith, who will furnish change as de-ERIE, April 4.-Captain James D. Touhey, a well known character throughout Western Pennsylvania, died to-day at the age of 60 years. sired." So everybody, but the little band of whites at So everybody, but the little band of whites at the back of the church, stepped up and settled with Br'er Smith. Then the preacher said : "If there's any people too bashful to come up heah, I'se pot too proud to go to dem," and ac-cordingly he trotted down and gathered in the ducats of the Caucasians. The counting of the money took some time, and when it was con-cluded the preacher announced that \$1 75 was still lacking of the desired sum-\$3. "Br'er Smith will now pass aroun' der basket, while we sing dat beautiful hymn, 'Hark! I Hear Dat Angel Sing." Captain Touhey was a native of Cork. It was Captain Toolney was a native of Cork. It was soon after the time of his artival here that the Mexican war began. In that conflict Mr. Touhey, then a mere lad, served as a drummer boy. Cap-tain Touhey was among the first to respond at President Lincoin's call. He entered the nary and was assigned to the gnuboat service in the Mississippi river. Captain Touhey was quite well known as a contractor. He leaves, besides his wife, four children.

#### Hon. Peter M. Dox.

while we sing dat becaution hyper, that it heat Dat Angel Sing." So the basket went around and the white people alone gave \$1 more. The preacher again announced the result, and, strange to say, he insisted that the sum now lacking was \$2 25. HUNTSVILLE, April 4.-Hon, Peter M. Dox died in this city last night in the 78th year of bisage, Judge Dox was born at Geneva, N.Y. He his age. Judge DOX was born at Geneva, N.Y. He was in the Legislature and a Judge of County Court there. He moved to Alabama in 1885. In 1865 he represented Madison county in the re-vision of the Constitutional Couvention, and he represented the Eighth Alabama district in the Forty-first and Forty-second Congresses. insisted that the sum now lacking was \$2 23. Again the basket wert around, and this time the preacher was satisfied. The way the preacher's arithmetic is ex-plained by the African aristocrat who waits at our table is that in "our church, sub, dey allus mus' hab even money-and dat's how!" HEPBURN JOHNS, HOT SPRINGS ARE, ARTI 3 Rev. John Martin.

HOT SPRINGS, ARK., April 3. Rev. John Martin, pastor of St. Luke's

Church. Mansfield, Allersheny county, died at the pastoral residence in that place yesterday. He contracted a severe cold some time ago, which later on developed into pneumonia. He was formerly a resident of Philadelphia. The funeral will take place to-morrow morining at St. Luke's Church, and the interment will be in St. Mary's It Tries to Steal the Bird From a Praying Chicago Herald, 1 The family was composed of the mother

### Clifton Bell.

DENVER, April 4 .- Clifton Bell, the leading sporting man of the West, died here last night. His name is known to the members of the class to His name is known to the memoera of the class to which he belonged from one ocean to the other. Heil was an lilinois man, but left that State in 1840 and went to California. He at one time owned Harry Gilmore, who won the Long Branch Omni-bus in 1882. He also owned Lily B, dam of Chaos, winner of the Futurity in 1889. Joseph C. Gregg.

Joseph C. Gregg died at his residence. objection to the prayer. All at once she was or No. 125 Bluff street, yesterday morning. He was 2 years old, and had suffered for some time from be years due, and has subscale for some time from brain cancer and lung disease. The funeral serv-ices will be held to-morrow morning at No. 333 Firth avenue, the interment taking place later in the day at West Newton, Pa. the floor nearer and nearer to the lady wh M. T. Jewell.

# YOUNGSTOWN, April 4 .- M. T. Jewell, a

the floor nearer and nearer to the lady who was making an earnest prayer. She did not stop when she reached her, but as carefully, or more so, commenced to creep up the lady's back. She was nearly up to the fur boa around the neck when the sad-faced mother spied her. The mother, without raising her head, which was bowed in devotion, reached over and clutched Miss Kitty by the back of her neck. The cat refused to give up her position and fastened her claws in the lady's cloak. Her eyes glared and never once moved from a bird, as natural as life, that was poised upon my lady's bonnet. Strength finally loosened the clutch of the claws. The prayer went on and was finished. There had not been a faiter in the voice through the whole of it. The cat had not been noticed before the wrayer commenced, and was not mentioned afterward. ieading druggist and ploneer resident of this city, died at the Tod House this morning of pneumonia, superinduced by la grippe Deceased was 66 years old, and was prominent in politics. He leaves a wife. Henry J. Brubach.

### One of the best-known residents of Bloom eld was Henry J. Brubach, who died at his restdence on Cedar street yesterday morning. He was 82 years old, and his funeral will take place to morrow afternoon.

Wilson Porter. Wilson Porter died at 2 o'clock vesterday morning from heart failure at his bome in Pleas ant Valley. Allegheny. He was a well-known painter. He leaves a wife and small family.

ndividual to deny that Talleyrand, during his Samuel Cooper. stay in America, "sold buttons in a little store in Philadelphia," Talleyrand was never en-MCKEESPORT, April 4 -- Samuel Cooper gaged in so innocent a calling for one moment aged 71 years, died at Buens Vists to-day of the grip. He was very well known in this vicinity.

crowded with fashionable visitors, and the cos opposite and the spike termination crowded with fashionable visitors, and the cos-tumes of the ladies showed that even in this health resort the Easter bonnet blooms fre-quently. Before the collection was taken up the priest announced that there was \$4,000 debt on the

De Solo's men. Auss nas sand, ut enough re-reminder of an age long passed, but enough re-mains to identify it with the first white man who ever walked where Tampa stands. -One of the San Francisco Custom House

inspectors on the Oceanic dock discovered two suspicious looking cylinders near the entrance vesterday afternoon which bore the appearance of infernal machines. They were connected together by wires, and were filled with greenish liquid. After reflecting on the terrible consequences that would happen in case they were exploded, he deftly poised them on the point of his cane and threw them into the the point of his cane and threw them into the slip. A moment afterward a telegraph lineman made his appearance, evidently on the lookout for something which eluded his vision. On making inquiry he learned of the inspector's action, and instantly the air was filled with thunderous exectations. The supposed in-fernal machines were nothing more or less than the innocent jars of an electric battery.

-In the proceedings of the Royal Geo-

graphical Society for January, 1891, it is esti-mated that the population of the world in 1860 was 1,487 600,000, representing an average of 31 to the square mile, and an increase of 8 per tinued, "who ain't got change, the congrega cent during the decade. Of the continents, Asia has the largest population, 830,000,000, and the lowest percentage of increase, d per cent, Australia has the smallest population, 4,730,000, Australia has the smallest population, a 100,000, aud the smallest average per square mile, 14, but the highest rate of increase during the de-cade, 30 per cent. Europe is the most thickly settled continent, with a population of \$80,200,-000, which is 101 to the square mile. The nopu-lation of North America is estimated at \$8,200,-

000, which is an average of 14 to the square mile and represents an increase of 20 per cent during the past decade. -Our Saxon forefathers had many

methods of rebuking liars and boasters, and three object lessons in reproof have come down in proverb to our time. One was the presentation of a cake to a confirmed prevaricator, whence the proverb, "He takes the cake." At whence the proverb, "He takes the cake." At feasts a large wooden knife was sometimes provided by the host, to be presented to the most outrageous boaster of the company, and by him to be retained until he found a brargart more intolerable than limself. The third was the presentation of a whetstone to a man noted for his lack of regard for the truth, as a hint that he would need to sharpen his invention if he intended to continue in the business. A slanderer was sometimes set in the pillory with a whetstone hung about his neck, the whet-stones of three centuries ago being provided with a hole, and by means of a cord were hung from the belts of butchers and other persons who were obliged frequently to use them.

#### FANCIFUL AND FUNNY.

the family was composed of the inother, three children and a cat. They were very poor, and when their circumstances were reported had nothing in the house to eat, but the cat had remained loyal, and was an henored mem-When two girls meet they kiss. When twomen meet they don't. This shows plainly who want kissing the most. - Pottsville Reputber of the household. The lady, who was from

some "mission," knelt down to pray with the She-Wasn't that Bavarian lullaby we mother and her little ones. The cat was on the window-sill looking on and blinking heard in the new opera just perfect? He-Yes. I hay awake all night thinking about her eyes respectfully. She appeared rather curious, but did not appear to have any it .- The Epoch.

GOING TO BURY THE HATCHET.

the alert. Intense interest had taken the place of indifference. She stealthily jumped The news from the West is encouraging, very. Which the vigilant scissors man culls. down from her perch and crept carefully along

The indians again are preparing to bury The hatchet in palefaces' skulls. -New York Press

"Mamma," said a precocious youngster at the tea table "the other evening, after a long and yearing gaze toward a plate of doughnuts, "Mamma, I think I could stand another one of those tried holes. "-- Drake's Magazine.

Mr. Newbridge-Fligh's rich wife inends to sue him for obtaining money on fals pretenses. Mrs. Newbridge-Why. how is that?

Mr. Newbridge-He told her he loved her befor she married him, - Wheeling Pen Pictures,

"Did you ever know that Harry Simp

kins wrote poetry?" said one matinee girl to an

"No: I don't believe he can." "Oh. I saw some that he wrote, " responded the first matince girt, as a dash of color came into her

"Well, the rhymes and meter may not have

een so awiully stylish, but (and here there was a

little burst of emphasis) the sentiment was just lovely."-Washington Post.

"Was it good?"