# NEED NOT RETRACT.

Rev. MacQueary Required Only to Abstain From Teaching and Publishing His Views

FOR HIS REINSTATEMENT.

Question About the Wording Bishop Leonard's Sentence

SETTLED BY THE COURT RECORDS.

He Is Still an Episcopal Clergyman, and May Resume His Work.

THE DECISION ONLY LOCAL AT BEST

PEPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCE.1 JAMESTOWN, N. Y., March 28 .- Rev. Howard MacQueary, the heretical Episcopal minister of Canton, O., who is filling the pulpit of the Independent Congregational Church here two Sundays, has consented to the publication of the following matters not heretofore made public. They include the decision and opinion of the Ecclesiastical Court which tried him, the dissenting opinion, the Bishop's letter and the minis-

ter's reply, just sent. The court for the trial of presbyters or deacons recites its authority under the canons of the church and makes its presentment, which has been published several times, and from which, therefore, are taken simply the charges preferred against the accused clergyman, viz:

Exact Finding of the Court,

It is charged that by writing and publishing the book ("The Evolution of Man and Christianity") and by still holding and teaching the opinions therein set forth regarding the virgin birth and resurrection of our Lord, the Rev. Howard MacQueary has held and taught and is now holding and teaching, publicly and ad-visedly, doctrines contrary to those held by the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United

Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States of America.

It is charged that by holding and teaching as aforesaid, the Rev. Howard MacQueary violated declarations and engagements made by him at the time of his ordination, and thus has done that which involves a breach of his ordination. It is the decision of the court, whose signa-tures are affixed, that the accused is guilty of the first and second charges contained in the

This document is signed by a majority of the court, Albert B. Putnam, Y. P. Morgan and Henry B. Aves. They also sign the

Not to Teach Nor Publish. In compliance with the requisitions of Title IV., Canon XII., of the digest of the canons of the Diocese of Ohio, it is the opinion of the majority of the court, whose signatures are Queary shall be suspended from the ministry of this church until such time as he shall have presented to the Bishop satisfactory evidence setting forth that he will no longer teach and publish the views concerning the virgin birth and resurrection of our Lord Jesus Christ, as set forth in the presentment and declared by a majority of the court to be contrary to the doctrines and teachings held by the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States of

The Bishop Wanted a Betraction.

cluding some members of the court, that the if the order affecting the Sheriff was allowed sentence went beyond the decision and to remain. A continuance until April 11 opinion of the court, and therefore Mr. Mac- was granted. Queary asted the Bishop to allow the de eision and opinion to be published and to strike out the word "retract" and "rein his sentence. The following letters explain the situation:

Further, if after the space of six months from rather, it after the space of six month-from the time of notification by the Bishop, he shall fail to comply with the condition of this opinion herein set forth, he should be deposed from the ministry of this churca. CLEVELAND, O., March 17.

The minority report, signed by William Henry Gallagher and Georg: Franklin Smythe, simply dissent from the foregoing verdict and opinion of the standing com-

CLEVELAND, March 23, Rev. and Dear Sir:

The verdict and opinion would have been sent you before this, but I have been absent from home and find your letters on my return. I have just had a copy made and forward it by this mail with the dissent. Mr. Gallaguer's "reasons" have been published. Mr. Smythe did not give me his, though he offered to do so. I am quite sure you do not believe me capabl of doing you an injustice or of acting unkind'y toward you in any way. I think that our relations have been unmarred by
Acrimony or Lack of Courtesy.

So that in the preparation of the sentence I have had but one sentiment, and that of sor

Should you within six months present to me the) will no longer teach and publish the views (stalics are mine) would not that mean etc., '(talks are mine) would not that mean retraction of the most practical character? Such a promise would be published to the world. It would certainly be an acknowledg-ment that you agreed with the "majority of the court," who declare your teachings to be contrary to the teachings and to be contrary to the teachings and doctrines of the church, and such a promise would be a permanent pledge, would it not? This is my view of the "opinion." My words were not a rescript of the court's expression, because that was hardly necessary, and the use of the word "court" is certainly correct, though the minority dissent. But I need not argue the matter. I aim simply to assure you that I could matter. I aim simply to assure you that I could matter. I aim simply to assure you that I could not intentionally do you an injustice. My per sound letter with the sentence must have con-vinced you of this. I am, faithfully, W. A. LEONARD, Bishop of Ohio.

P. S. I ought to add that it was not my intention to increase the severity of the penalty factory to you to have the exact wording of the factory to you to have the exact wording of the opinion reproduced in the sentence I am en tirely willing to re-write the same, and also I you desire it, state that this is the opinion of the majority of the court. Return to me the original official sentence, and in the thereof I will send you a sentence following the exact wording of the court's paper. Of course it will bear date from March 18, 1891. W. A. L. Mr. MacQueary's View of It.

e as gentle and courteous in your dealings with me as your ecclesiastical obligations would

I am glad that you offer to meert the exact I am glad that you offer to insert the exact wording of the opinion of the court in the sestence, and I shall be obliged if you will do so, for I don't understand the verdier just as you do. The court asks that I "no longer teach and publish" my "peculiar views" of Christ's birth and resurrection. In other words, I pm asked simply to omit all consideration of these two topics from my teachings and wilking. But a "retraction" would hold in that diocese, for, of course, the court cannot lay down the law for other dioceses. A "reons on those subjects are erropeous, and of course, I could not admit. Whether at nd of the period named—six months from March is-I shall give the required evidence that I will "no longer teach and publish my giews" shall remain an open question un september 18, 1891. Meanwhile I have resigns my purish in your diocese, and feel at liberty of go whatever my hands find to do.

HOWARD MACQUEARY. Reasons of the Majority. Mr. MacQueary was asked whether he ought not to have been given the reasons of

majority of the court for their decision "I think so," he answered, "but the canon law on this point is not very clear, and personally I care very little about the reason for the decision. The important point is that the verdict does not, as the Bishop's sentence did, require a retraction or my opinions, but simply a promise not to morning, it was 22 inches deep on the "teach and rublish" my views of Christ's level.

birth and resurrection. Of course, this decision legally affects only the diocese of Northern Ohio, for being a diocesan tribunal the court cannot hav down the law for any other than its own jurisdiction. What, therefore, is 'beresy' in one diocese may be 'orthodoxy' in another. Hence the reasons for such a decision as this are not as important as some might suppose, and I shall not trouble myself about getting them."

Not Required to Retract. "What about the resignation you sent the "That was intended simply as a notice to the Bishop that a retraction of my opinions was out of the question; but since I am not required to retract I would, of course, with-draw that resignation, if it were worth any-thing. But the Bishop could not, under the law of the church, accept any resignation, and, therefore, I am still an Episcopal elergyman temporarily suspended. Whether I shall ever resume ministerial work in that

## COMPLICATED GAS CASE.

ALLEGED BREACH OF CONTRACT OF UNIONTOWN COMPANY.

It Leads to a Mixed Up Condition of Al fairs in the Courts-Andrew W, Mellon, of Pittsburg, a Participant in the Lega

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. I PHILADELPHIA, March 28. - The Supreme Court to-day granted a continuance the petition of Louis Whitman & Co., glass manufacturers, of Uniontown, against decision rendered by Judge Inghram, of the Fourteenth Judicial district in their suit gainst the Payette Fuel Gas Company, also of Uniontown. The case is of a most complicated nature and arose from an alleged breach of contract on the part of the gas company to supply gas to the works of Whitman & Co. for manufacturing purposes. Some months ago the gas company shut off the gas supply to Whitman's works, alleging a shortage in the yield from the gas company's wells and also a failure on the part of Whitman & Co. to carry out their part of the contract.

When the gas was cut off Whitman filed a bill in equity in the Fayette County Court, denying the allegations of the gas company, and asking for a mandatory inunction to compel the restoration of the gas supply, and claiming the absolute right of the entire supply of the gas company's well, if needed for his business. Judge Inghram refused to issue such an injunc-tion, and this decision was appealed from, the case being argued before the Supreme Court in January last. The decision of Judge inghram was then reversed and a mandatory injunction directed to issue as prayed for.

When this injunction was served, Andrew W. Mellon, of Pittsburg, a large creditor of the gas company, issued an execution on a judgment held by him against the gas company and the Sheriff at once seized the property. Judge Campbell, counsel for Whitman, had in the meantime drawn a formal order in accordance with the decision of the Supreme Court, adding a clause by which said order should reach the Sheriff, who was then in possession of the property.

The Sheriff, in obedience to this order, promptly restored the gas to Whitman's works, to which the gas company and Melion objected and obtained an injunction revoking that part of the order which ap-plied to the Sheriff, and the gas was at once

cut off again.

Judge Campbell then petitioned the Su-The Bishop Wanted a Retraction.

In explanation of the following letters it may be well to say that Bishop Leonard, in pronouncing the sentence of suspension upon Mr. MacQueary, said that "the court had decreed that in case Rev. Howard MacQueary fails to retract his errors in six months" he should be deposed from the ministry. It was the opinion of many, including some members of the court, that the cluding some members of the court, that the

## CHANGE IN LIBRARIANS.

W. M. Miller, of the State Library, Gets a Promotion

SEPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH. HARRISBURG. March 28 - Assistant State Librarian Orwig has given way to W. M. Miller, of Snyder county, who has been second assistant the past four years. Mr. Miller will be succeeded by a Democrat in a few months. The State Librarian, Dr. Egle, is a Republican, but the appointment of his subordinates is vested in a Board of Trustees, consisting of the Governor, Attor-ney General and Secretary of the Common-

The act under which these selections are made was drafted by State Librarian Egle, who also provided in the law for his own appointment for four years a short time before the retirement of Governor Beaver. Governor Pattison has not yet issued a com-

## A MONSTER WHALE

That Me asured a Hundred Feet Caught Off

the Irish Coast 'BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANYA DUBLIN, March 28.-Several whales have been seen off the Irish coast. One captured at Wexford last Thursday was 100 feet long. A fisherman named Windham saw an unusual disturbance in the sea a short distance from the entrance to the harbor, evidently caused by the struggles of an enormous creature, in its endeavor to get into deep water. The pilots of the fort station launched a boat, but were cautious not to approach too near. They continued to watch all day, when the struggling became weaker. Windham ventured to draw near the monster and suc ceeded in plunging a long knife under one of its fins. The monster turned out to be a

## KATE CASTLETON IS BETTER.

The Popular Star Thought Out of Dange by Her Physicians.

MPRCIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATON. PHILADELPHIA, March 28,-Miss Kate PHILADELPHIA, March 28.—Miss Kate JAMESTOWN, N. Y., March 26.

Rt. Bev, and Dear Sir:

The decision and opinion of the court, together with the dissenting opinion and your letter of the 23d inst. have all just reached me, for which I thank you. Your explanation of the delay in transmitting the verdict I accept as satisfactory. Your letter confirms the opinion I have always held, viz: That you wished to be as easile and courteous in your dealings ally improving and is now regarded as

being out of danger.
"When she acted with such sprightliness "When she acted with such sprightliness Manager at the state of the state at the Walnut," said Business Manager Simpson to-night, "the large audience did not think that she was suffering intense pain and a very sick woman."

## FERRY SLIPS AND CARS BURNED.

The Philadelphia and Reading Company Lose \$90,000 at Camden. CAMDEN, N. J., March 28 .- Fire to-night destroyed the depot, ferry slips and houses and eight passenger cars of the Philadelphis and Atlantic City Railroad at Kaighn's

Point. The road is operated by the Phila-

delphia and Reading Railroad Company.

All the valuable papers, tickets, etc., were

The flames spread so rapidly that many of the employes narrowly escaped injury. Ticket Collector Fox was badly burned before he could get out of his office. The loss is estimated at \$90,000. of Keokuk, committed suicide to-day by hanging. It is thought his mind was at-

Big Snow at Harrisburg. ISPECIAL TRLEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR. 1 HARRISBURG, March 28.—The heaviest snow that has visited this vicinity for many years fell yesterday and last night, and this

## HARVEST OF DEATH

Terrible Ravages of the Grip in Various Parts of the Union.

VICTIMS ARE DRIVEN TO SUICIDE.

Chicago Full of Corpses That Undertakers Cannot Handle.

COMPARATIVELY LITTLE IN THE EAST

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR! CHICAGO, March 28 .- There have been 920 deaths in Chicago during the past six days. The record for the week will show nearly 1,100 deaths. Never before in the history of the city has the mortality been so appalling. The grip, which is daily growing more virulent, is responsible for the great increase. Over 500 persons have been swept away by the scourge since Monday. The hospitals are filled to the doors, and the undertakers are worn out preparing bodies for burnal. In Calvary alone, 200 corpses await interment.

Vital Statistican Tomlinson estimates that 200,000 persons are down with the grip in this city. He ascribes the terrible mortality to the weather, which continues wet and cold. Assistant Statistician Crowley died to-day from the scourge, and Dr. Charles T. Parkes, one of the most eminent surgeous in the West, and Chief Surgeon of Bush Medical College, passed away later in the day from the same disease. There are not hearses enough in town to carry the dead to the graves to-morrow, and many funerals which were to have taken place within the next 24 hours will not be cared for until Monday.

Late this afternoon Soren Olsen, who has been suffering from the grip, cut his throat and died. Matthew Gaylord, while insane from the scourge, took morphine and may

#### BAD IN PHILADELPHIA.

The Disease, However, Is Not So Virulent as It Was Last Year.

PHILADELPHIA, March 28 .- While there has been little mortality directly traceable to the attacks of influenza in this city, the grip has not been idle. The town is stricken with it to a remarkable degree. The symptoms noticed are general malaise and intense lassitude, with low fevers and higher temperature, pains in the head sceming like a band of iron shrunk upon the forehead, and aches in the small of the back as distinctive characteristics. The street is full of business men who tell of a three-days' period of the disease.

Last year's epidemic bore dreadful fruits

of fatality or lasting debility, while this year's seems to be merely an influenza, which, though its immediate effects are seen, has shown no signs of being permanent. The patient who has gone through it all, however, is a pretty sick man. It is noticeable that women are less affected than men, and the influenza makes no distinction between overworked, weakened men and the healthiest of athletes, saving that the nervous effects are more strongly marked in those patients who have not lived under the best hygienic con-

#### NOT SERIOUS IN BOSTON.

use Is Present, but Figures Shor Its Attacks Are Light. PETERAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR!

BOSTON, March 28 .- The presence of the grip in Boston is undoubted, but its severity is slight, and in proportion it will pertainly not equal the attack of last year despite its present excessive prevalence in the Western and Middle States. The Board of Health for the State and city are the authorities upon which the above statemen is made. Dr. C. H. McCollum, City Physician of Boston, gives these particulars o the influenza locally up to this morning:

the influenza locally up to this morning:

We unquestionably have a moderate amount
of the grip in our midst, but the attack is not
very severe, and as the warm weather is approaching it will disappear without any serious
danger to the people of Boston. The only way
we have of judging the prevalence of the disease is by consulting our death reports. In
January, 1890, 233 deaths from consumption
are recorded, against 123 this year. Pneumonia
for the same period carried off 332 in 1890,
against 139 in January. Influenza also caused
30 deaths, against one this year. Compara-0 deaths, against one this year. Compara about the same proportions. In 1896 for that month influenza caused three deaths, against one this year; consumption 125, against 88, and pneumonia 121, against 85. So you see, the conditions are not very serious.

#### RATHER LIGHT IN NEW YORK. The Mortality Statistics at the Metropolis

Very Near Normal. PRESENT TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH 1

NEW YORK, March 28 .- The doctors say there is no grip in this city, or, at least, so very little that it practically amounts to none. The death rate is about normal. The number of deaths in this city for the 4 hours, ended at noon to-day, was 121. There were four deaths from the grip, complicated with other diseases. One woman, 64 years old, died from influence and asthma; another woman, 27 years old. rom influenza and cerebro-spinal menin gitis; a man of 53 years, from grip and typhoid pueumonia, and a man of 50 years, rom grip and pneumonia. The total number of deaths this year attributable to the grip has been 15. Of the 895 deaths this week, 47 were from bronchitis, 179 from oneumonia and 124 from phthisis. The death rate was 28 in 1,000 per year. In the last week in March, 1890, there were 783 deaths, and in 1889, 860.

## DIDN'T CARE TO LIVE.

The Grip Drives a Farmer to Despondency

and Then to Suicide. NEW CASTLE, March 28. - Columbus Bruce, a well-to-do farmer, 45 years old, who lived near Edenburg, committed suicide last evening by shooting himself in the right temple with a 38-caliber revolver. A note was found in his bedonamber stating that he had been sick with the grip, beand that he contemplated suicide.

#### BUSINESS CRIPPLED AT WHEELING. From 1,000 to 1,200 Cases Are Esti

by the Physicians There. PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. WHEELING, March 28.-The grip is raging in this city, and it is estimated by

physicians and druggists that there are from 1,000 to 1,200 cases. Business houses, manufactories, news-paper offices, etc., are all short-handed, and the prescription business of the drugstores is 100 per cent greater than usual.

#### At Wabash, Ind. WABASH, IND., March 28.-City physi-

cians say that there are from 1.500 to 2.000 cases of the grip here and that the number of patients is on the increase. There have however, been no deaths from the disease. Drove Him to Satelde

feeted by an attack of the grip CAN'T SETTLE THE CONNECTICUT MIX.

KEOKUK, IA., March 28, - William

Woolley, a prominent and wealthy citizen

ial Senate Committee Has Beache No Conclusion as Yet.

relating to the election of State officers, were in session all the afternoon. They announce that they have reached no conclusion, but have gone ever the whole ground in a friendly spirit. They will meet again Mon-day morning, and are expected to report Tuesday morning, when the Senate meets

Hope is expressed here, however, by some, that they will find common ground to stand on, and it seems certain that if they report any measure, that measure will readily pass both Houses.

#### TWO EMBARRASSED COMPANIES.

Another Uniontown Manufacturing Concer Falls to Pay Its Men.

UNIONTOWN, March 28 .- The Columbia fron and Steel Mill, following the unfortunate example of the Pennsylvania construction shops, failed to pay their men today, as was promised two weeks ago. Checks for but two of the five weeks due were given to the men to-day.

The officials of the company explained to the men that they would be able to pay the balance in about a week, and wanted them to continue at work. The First National Bank cashed a few of the checks, but cre-ated a great deal of excitement by stopping and refusing to pay any more on the checks presented. The checks were then hawked about town by the holders, and offered at liberal discounts. Most of them were cashed at 10 per cent discount.

The workmen met in Commercial Hall

this afternoon, and decided by a ballot to continue until the fourth story of the big Masonic Temple at Chicago is completed and loaded at this end. They are then promised their money.

#### KOCH'S LYMPH A SUCCESS.

It Achieves a Splendid Victory in Texas, Sub-Tropical Climate,

SAN ANTONIO, March 28 .- Whatever the results or lack of results of Koch's lymph in the winter air of more northern atitudes, its success in the highlands of Sonthwestern Texas has been demonstrated. It has been given the most thorough trial, and has accomplished more than was expected of it. It has been the undoubted means of saving 12 lives, and many more have experienced benefit from its use. The total number of patients undergoing the course is 98, and 12 have been cured.

In every instance the dose has been the smallest permitted by Koch, and sometimes even so little as one-sixth of a milligramme. Dr. Jenkins says that he has uniformly obtained better results from smaller injections. One of the most rapid and satisfactory cures is the case of Hon.
L. L. Foster, State Commissioner of Insurance Statistics, Agriculture and History, and shortly to be appointed Railway Commissioner by Governor Hogg.

#### THE STATE LINE COMPANY ABSORBED. Six Great Ocean Steamships Are Sold to the Allan Company.

MONTREAL, QUE., March 28,-The Allan Steamship Company has purchased the vessels of the State Steamship Company of Glasgow, now in liquidation. One of the members of the Allan Company has been for some time on the other side, negotiating for the purchase of the vessels, and the news of the successful result of his mission was received at the office here last night. The steamers purchased are: State of Alabama, 2,313 tons; State of Indiana, 2,584 abama, 2,315 tons; State of Indiana, 2,305 tons; State of Nebraska, 3,996 tons; State of Pennsylvania, 2,483 tons; State of Georgia, 2,489 tons, and State of Nevada, 2,488 tons. They are all first-class steamers. It is generally believed that some of the boats will be put on the St. Lawrence route to replace the steamers Siberian, Corean, Assyrian and Pomeranian, which go on the Glasgow service on May 1.

#### IT IS WRIGHT'S HANDKERCHIEF.

A Discovery That Goes Far to Solve the

NEW YORK, March 28 .- It was clearly established to-day that the handkerchief used as a gag and found crammed down the throat of Carl Emanuel Ruttinger, whose body was found on the mud flats at Tottenville, S. I., belouged to William Wright, who was Ruttinger's companion. Attorney Taylor went to Tottenville yester-day with two handkerchiefs which had been sent by Wright's relatives to this country from London. He went to the police station and got Sergeant Thomas Drummond to let him examine the handkerchief marked M. W., which was found crammed down the throat of Ruttinger. The lawyer made a careful comparison of the handkerchiefs sent from London and the one in possession of Sergeaut Drummoud and the three were identical in every detail.

## MAHONE AND LANGSTON.

The Colored Congressman Says the Mou tain Came to Mahomet.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. 1 PETERSBURG, March 28.-John M. Langston left this morning for Richmond to call on Governor McKinney, and from Richmond will go to Washington. In reply to questions he said the reconciliation between him and General Mahone, which was brought about through the influence of Judge Waddell, would be the means of sending a solid Republican delegation to the next National Republican Convention. Langston, on being asked in reference to the dissatisfaction existing among some of his followers in consequence of his alliance with Mahone, replied that he did not go to Mahone, but that some days before he and the ex-Senator made friends overtures came to him (Langston) from the Mahone faction.

## A MANIA FOR BAPTISM.

The Alleged Converted Franciscan Monk

Turns Out a Fraud. INDIANAPOLIS, March 28.-Investigation to-day shows that Henry C. Berg, the alleged Franciscan monk who was baptized into the Christian church last night, is a fraud from Louisville, who has been doing a thriving business as an "apostate," being utterly impartial as between denominations in bestowing his

He has probably been baptized in more different styles than any other man in

## NOT A SEAL, BUT A SIGN MANUAL

Discovery That Caused Governor Davis to Refuse a Connecticut Requisition. PROVIDENCE, March 28 .- Upon the report made by Attorney General Slocum, who examined the papers, Governor Davis has refused to allow the extradition of Thomas Garnett, wanted in Connecticut for em bezzling, forgery and jail breaking.

Attorney General Siceum found that the seal upon Acting Governor Bulkeley's requisition was not the State seal of Connecticut, but merely the sign manual of his private

Rockefeller Will Not Leave. REPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, March 28 .- District Attor sey Nicoll said to-day that he had learned that William Rockefeller, of the Standard Oil Company, one of the directors of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, had bought his ticket and was about to sail for Europe, while the grand jury's investigation of the tunnel collision was still incomplete. Mr. Bockefeller's counsel informed me that Mr. Bockefeller would

Prince Napoleon's Will. ROME, March 28.-The will of the late HARTFORD, March 28.—The special Sen-ate committee considering the various bills to his son, Prince Louis.

## A DANGEROUS PLATE

claim: "Keep back," As he came down he saw Taulbee and Donaldson talking on the stairs. On hearing the voice he saw a third man and saw Taulbee rushing toward him. Then he saw the flash and heard the report of the pistol. Taulbee was within an arm's length of the muzzle when the shot was freed.

William E. Curtis testified that Kincaid was a man of delicate health and nervous temperament. His general character was that of a peaceable, amiable and quiet gentleman. Mr. Curtis was asked if he had not heard threats made by Taulbee sgainst Kincaid. The question was objected to and the Court decided to hear arguments on the admissibility of the testimony. Sensation in the Treasury Over Counterfeit Discovery.

HASTY CONSULTATION HELD

To Formulate a Plan for Recalling the

Counterfeited Beries.

GOVERNMENT PAPER PINELY IMITATED

WASHINGTON, March 28 .- A sensation has been caused at the Treasury Department by the discovery of a counterfeit \$2 silver certificate, so nearly perfect in all its parts as to be almost impossible of detection. Heretofore all counterfeits of our paper currency have been readily detected by the failure to imitate the distinctive character of the paper on which Government George Clendinin, of Washington, and is 37 years old. He graduated at Columbia notes are printed, which is so arranged that each part of it, forming a complete note, contains a small silk thread running through it lengthwise.

This paper is for the first time almost pe fectly imitated in the counterfeit just discovered. So far as is now known it has been used only in counterfeiting the two dollar silver certificate of the series of 1886. This note was designed under the supervision of Treasurer Jordan, and contains on its face a vignette of General Hancock. It is estimated that there are now nearly \$40,000,000 of these notes in circulation, and the tor of St. Peter's in West Chester, one of problem before the Treasury Department is how to get them back into the Treasury and the United States. to substitute a new series without serious embarrassment before any considerable quantity of the counterfeit notes get into

This was the subject of a secret confer ence at the Treasury Department this after noon between Secretary Foster and the lead-ing officials of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. It was practically decided to suspend the printing of the \$2 silver certificate, and to institute a new series of the same denomination. These will contain a vignette of Secretary Windom, and will be issued as soon as the necessary plates can be engraved. It will take about two months to prepare the plates, and in the meantime the Government will exert its utmost en deavors to secure and destroy the plates and the other paraphernalia used in the manufacture of the counterfeit.

Director Leech, of the Mint, said to-day that after July I it was probable no more silver dollars would be coined, but silver oertificates printed instead. Congress had given the Secretary of the Treasury power to recoin about \$2,500,000 of the subsidiary coin now in the Treasury, and that, too, would probably be done as soon as possible after the beginning of the next fiscal year. This will in effect put just so much more money in circulation. There are also about 2,600,000 silver dollars in the Treasury, against which silver certificates can I

#### A STRIKE MAY RESULT.

Washington Job Printers Demand Highs Wages and Less Hours. WASHINGTON, March 28 .- The proprie tors of the job printing offices in this city have been notified by the officers of Columbia Typographical Union No. 10 that a higher rate of wages must be paid their emploves for a less number of hours' work. It has been resolved by all the more prominent employers to refuse the requests made and to resist any and every effort the union may put forth to enforce its demands. That means a strike, and the bosses say that a strike will result in the importation of non-

union printers.
It is intimated by one of the bos the attempt at increase is part of a plan formulated by Government printing office employes to bring about, if possible, a change in Congressional sentiment, which will restore the wages in the national offices 50 cents per 1,000 ems for day work. the wages in private offices were increased the argument of the Government printers sult there should be a saving of 2 cents per would be strengthened.

## WASHINGTON BANK AFFAIRS.

Two Plans by Which a Receivership Can Now Be Avoided.

WASHINGTON, March 28 .- Mr. Lacey, Controller of the Currency, to-day received the official report of National Bank Examiner Hepburn in regard to the Washington National Bank, of New York, recently closed, but refused to disclose its contents He has, however, addressed a communication to Mr. Hepburn, suggesting that only two courses are open if a receivership is to be avoided. In the first place, the Controller can levy an assessment of 50 per cent upon the capital stock, which would reinforce the assets of the bank by \$150,000 cash.

In case this amount was paid in the Concoller says he would permit the bank to retime business. If resumption is found impracticable the Controller suggests that \$357,000 in addition to the immediately available assets already in hand would enable the bank to pay its creditors promptly in full, whereupon they could vote to go into voluntary liquidation and close the af-

#### fairs of the bank themselves. INDIANA IN ARREARS,

The State Must Pay 847,000 in War Claims

to Uncle Sam. WASHINGTON, March 28 .- The Secretary of the Treasury has stopped the payment of the Treasury draft for \$769,144, drawn in favor of the Governor of Indiana, in settlement of the claim of that State under the direct tax act. This action is due to a discovery that there is an unsettled liability on the part of Indiana, amounting t \$47,000, on account of old war claims, which liability was overlooked in the settle the State's account with the Government. The matter will be settled for the present by paying the State all in excess of the amount in dispute, leaving it for future

## TOBACCO REBATE CLAIMS.

adjustment.

They Call for an Aggregate of Nearly

WASHINGTON, March 28 .- The Treasury Department is now engaged in the settlement of a large number of tobacco rebate claims, under authority of the McKinley tariff act. There are 1,000 tobacco manufac-turers and 600,000 retail and wholesale tobacco dealers in the United States. About 26,000 claims have so far been filed, and they are still flowing in at a great rate. these claims will aggregate nearly \$1,000,-

## NO MONEY IN IT.

Attorney General Miller's Opinion on th Philadelphia Mint Bill. WASHINGTON, March 28. - Attorney

General Miller has given an opinion to the Secretary of the Treasury, holding that the act providing for the construction of a new mint building in Philadelphia contains no express appropriation for that purpose.

The Director of the Mint will confer with the Secretary of the Tressury early next week to determine the future action of the Department in regard to the matter.

#### A PEACEABLE MAN Is What One Witness Describes Kincald t

Have Always Been. WASHINGTON, March 28 .- W. H. Stillman, of Friendship, N. Y., was the first witness in the Kincaid trial to-day. He testified that he was an eye-witness of the tragedy. He was at the foot of the stairway, when he heard a voice exANORDNANCE TERROR

dinin, an Episcopal Divine.

ARKANSAS AND THE FAIR.

the State Appropriated No Money.

Commissioner. In his letter of resignation

Major Adams states that in his opinion the

Legislature should have made an appropria-tion sufficient to give the State a creditable exhibition at the Fair, and because the

A LABOR DISPUTE SETTLED

Indianapolis Contractors and Trades Union

Reach an Agreement.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 28.-The back-

bone of the building troubles was broken

to-day, when the Contractors' Association

arrived at a compromise, brought about through the efforts of National Secretary

McCuire. The agreement provides for a permanent arbitration committee; eight hours as a day's work, over time to be

paid for at time and a half; holiday work

as double time; wages of journeymen shall in no case be less than 27 1/4 cents per hour;

The carpenters agree to work with non-union men in other trades. The contractors

SUGAR WILL BE CHEAPER.

to the McKinley Bill.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.;

stair builders, 35 cents per hour.

The New Instrument of Destruction

Is a Heavy Wire Gun,

THAT STANDS SUCCESSFUL TESTS. A Pressure of 41,500 Pounds to the Square

Inch Shown by It.

THIS IS THE HIGHEST TEST ON RECORD

HORACE GREELEY'S DAUGHTER ENGAGED SPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCE. NEW YORK, March 28 .- Many army and the Will Wed Rev. Frank Montrose Cleasavy officers think that John Hamilton NEW YORK, March 28 .- Miss Gabrielle Brown, of Greenville, N. J., has practically settled the heavy ordnance question by in Greeley, the daughter of Horace Greeley, is engaged to be married to Rev. Frank Montventing his segmental tube wire gun. He has been working on this instrument of rose Cleadinin, the rector of St. Peter's destruction for many years, but it is only within a year that he has been able to bring Protestant Episcopal Church, of West Chester. Rev. Mr. Clendinin is the son of it, as he thinks, to perfection.

The Brown gun is essentially a wire gun.

University, Washington, and afterward at Princeton Theological Seminary. Mr. Clendinin remained in the Presbyte-An inner tube, made up of numerous steel segments, is wound with steel wire at a ten-Mr. Clendinin remained in the Presbyte-rian church only one year, and during that time he was pastor of the Presbyterian church at Nashville, Ill. That was in 1880, and in 1881 he went over to the Prot-estant Episcopal church and became rector of St. George's Church, of Belleville, Ill. After remaining in Belleville for three years, he became rector of Grace Church at Cleveland, and remained there from July. tion of 150,000 pounds to the square inch. This so compresses the segments that no possible powder pressure will open the inner irice of the tube. In winding the wire a tersion regulator is employed, by means of which the tension at which the wire is wound is brought to one-tenth of an ounce of uniformity throughout the entire mass Cleveland, and remained there from July, 1884, until May, 1887, when he became rec-A Protection for Gunners.

To protect the wire from the missiles o rapid-firing guns, a cast steel jacket encases the wire-wound tube, and to this jacket the runnions are attached. Finally the completed gun is bored out to receive a lining LITTLE ROCK, March 28.-Major John Adams, appointed by Governor Eagle to represent Arkansas in the World's Fair Commission, has resigned his position as

tube. This tube, however, is inserted only to protect the core. Two sizes of the Brown gun have already been designed, the five-inch and ten-inch gun.

A section of the proposed five-inch gun was tested at Fort Wadsworth to-day. The section tested was a cylinder 20 inches long. At each end a steel cap had been sunk aroung the segment are and into this was aroung the segment arc and into this was screwed a breech plug. Pressure gnages were screwed into the inner face of one of the breech plugs, and by these the pressure was measured and recorded. Highest Pressure on Record.

Legislature has refused to make such an appropriation he refuses to act as Commis-The two-pound charge showed a pressure of 41,500 pounds to the square inch. This is a higher pressure than has ever been at-tained in a east gun, it is said. After the cylinder had been cleaned, 48 powder pel-Governor Eagle has replied to Major Adams, accepting his resignation, and expressing regret that the bill making an appropriation for World's Fair purposes was killed by the Legislature. Governor Eagle lets, aggregating three pounds, were put in it, together with an ounce of loose powsays he will shortly send a special message to the Legislature, urging the importance of the State being represented at the Fair, and asking for liberal appropriations. der. This time the report was much louder and fire and smoke issued fiercely from the cylinder. When they tried to loosen the breech plug with their hands they could

not. Then a couple of sturdy sol-diers were set to hammering it with sledges, but this did no good either. From an exterior examination it was deeided that the lining tube had a split, al-lowing the gas to get back of it and force it to wing the gas to get oack of it and force it in and at the same time melt the threads of the breech plugs and solder them to the cylinder. The lining tube is not an essen-tial feature of the gun. It is put in temporary until the steel segments get seasoned, as it were. This lining tube is made of steel and is only half an inch thick, consequently it can't be expected to have the strength of wire covered segments and to-day's mishap in no wise, it is said, reflects discredit on

#### NO END TO SHIPWRECKS.

agree not to discriminate against union men. It is expected that the plasterers, painters and plumbers will immediately ar-bitrate their differences. The Latest Is a Brig Ashore at Ocean, Md., but the Crew Saved. PRILADELPHIA, March 28.-Information

was received to-day that the unknown vessel reported ashore at Ocean, Md., is the A Reduction of Two Cents a Pound Owing American brig Hattie, Captain Sanborn, from Hayti, with logwood, for Portland. The brig lies well upon the beach directly NEW YORK, March 28. - After the end of opposite Ocean City, and it is thought that will be imported free of duty, and as a re-The crew of the Hattie, nine in number were rescued by means of the breeches buoy.

A dispatch from Wilmington Del., says. pound on all refined sugars consumed here. Under the provisions of the McKinley bill The gale at Delaware Breakwater abated materially this afternoon, and no more danger is apprehended. There are about 40 vessels riding at anchor in the harbor. Of the two schooners that went aground last night the Faben's crew remained aboard, the refiners were allowed to take the raw sugar, which has been placed in bond by the importers to be held there until the day arrived when it could be taken out without but the crew of the Nowell were taken off

paying duty, and refine it in bond.

This provision was made so that there

the rush of orders to be filled has caused

A BIG SHIPMENT OF SUGAR The Queen of Hawaii Having Trouble With

and desires his removal.

Her Cabinet SAN FRANCISCO, March 28.—The British steamer Hounslow arrived from Honolulu to-day with 4,200 tons of sugar. This is stated to be the largest cargo of sugar ever brought to San Francisco. Captain Gifford stated that Queen Liliuokalani was experiencing some difficulty with her Cabinet. The Reform party was

making vigorous opposition over some ap-pointments. He stated that the party had

petitioned for the recall of Minister Carter,

#### with some difficulty by the life-saving crew. An unknown schooner is reported ashore above the mouth of the Broad Kiln. would be no sugar famine in the early part of April. The refineries of the Sugar Trust have been running their full capacity, and

An Ohio Coal and Iron Company Finds Itself in Trouble. COLUMBUS March 28 -Representative of the Shawnee and Iron Point Coal and Iron Company, owning valuable coal lands and property in the Hocking Valley, applied to the United States Circuit Court for

Master of Accounts to take charge of the affairs of the company.

Charges are made that Johnson M. Welch, of Athens, O., President, conspired with Thomas Cochran, of the Guarantee Safe and Deposit Company, of Philadelphia, and fraudulently secured and misappropriated \$115,000 in bonds, together with several thousand dollars profits of the company.

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skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, from pimples to scrofula. "ALL ABOUT THE BLOOD, SETN, SCALP, AND HAIR" mailed free to any address, 64 pages, 300 Diseases, 50 Illustrations, and 100 Testimonials. A book of priceless value to every sufferer. CUTICURA RESERVANT are sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, the Great Skin Cure, 500.; CUTICURA SOR, an Exquisite Skin Purifier and Beautifier, 260.; CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the greatest of Blood Purifiers and Humor Remedies, \$1. Prepared by POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Boston. Bad Complexions, pimples, blackheads, red, rough, and oily skin Purifiers and Beautifiers, the celebrated Cuticura Soap. Incomparably superior to all other skin and complexion soaps, while rivalling in delicacy and surpassing in purity the most expensive of tollet and nursery soaps. The only medicated toilet soap, and the only preventive of inflammation and clogging of the ports, the cause of most complexional disfigurations. Price, 256. (3)

Skin Purifier and greatest of Humor Remedies, cleanses the blood

of all impurities and poisonous elements, and thus removes the cause.

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LADIES EXECUTIVE FAIR COMMITTEE Miss Mary McCandless, of Pittsburg, Is One

> of the Appointees CHICAGO, March 28.-Mrs. Potter Palmer has announced the Executive Com-mittee of the World's Fair Board of Lady Managers, Mrs. Palmer says she divided the country into four parts of equal population, and selected six ladies from each part; that she divided the honors as equally as she could between the political parties, and that she endeavored to select ladies who resided within 12 hours' ride of Chicago. The first meeting of the Executive Committee will be held April 8.
>
> The committee consists of Mrs. Jonas R. French, Boston; Miss Ives, New Hayen; Mrs. Amv M. Starkweather, Pawtuckef, R. I.; Miss Ellen Ford, New York; Miss Mary E. Russelle. Newark: Miss Mary McCando

E. Russelle, Newark; Miss Mary McCand-less, Pittsburg; Mrs. William Reed, Baltimore; Mrs. Newton Lynch, Martins-burg, W. Va.; Mrs. John A. Logan, Washington; Mrs. Susan G. Cooke, Knox-ville; Miss Mollie E. Beck, Tampa, Fla.; ville; Miss Mollie E. Beck, Tampa, Fla.; Mrs. Mary C. Cantrell, Georgetown, Ky.; Mrs. James P. Nagle, Little Rock; Miss Shakespeare, Naw Orleans; Mrs. Rosina Ryan, Anstin, Tex.; Mrs. Virginia C. Meredith, Cambridge City. Ind.; Mrs. Edward L. Bartlett, Santa Fe; Mrs. P. P. Rue, Santa Rosa, Cal.; Mrs. Sarah G. G. Angell, Ann Arbor, Mich.; Mrs. George M. Shepard, Chicago; Miss O. E. Miller, Cedar Rapids, Ia.; Mrs. Frances B. Clarke, St. Paul; Mrs. John S. Briggs, Omaha; Mrs. E. E. Allen, Portland, Ore.; Mrs. Coleman Thatcher, Jr., Chicago. Chicago.

Death of a Centenarian SPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH. Boston, March 2.8-Mrs. Margaret A. Lynn died in Cambridge, Mass., Friday night, at the remarkable age of 113 years. There is a well nuthenticated record of her birth in County Derry, Ireland, in the year 1788, and there is little doubt that she was the oldest person in the State.

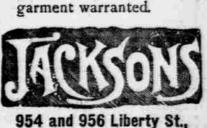
## THE MAGIC TOUCH.



The magician of former days accomplished wonders with his wand, if the fairytale books are to be believed, but the Magician is out of date. The Magic used by Jacksons is fine workmanship and low prices. The way to make clothes go off like magic is not to hire a magician, but to sell good goods at a price that is within the reach of everybody. Jacksons' grand preparations for a big Spring Trade are beyond question the grandest of any house in this city. Our stock of fine Home-Made Spring Box Overcoats, \$8, \$10, \$12 and \$15, go like magic. Price, workman-

ship and fit make 'em go. Jacksons' Splendid Stock Spring Suits-all our own make; every suit warranted kept in repair free of charge for one year.

Our Magic Charm, \$10. \$12, \$15 and \$18 for Cheviot Suits. You don't have to gamble on anything to get your money's worth at lacksons'. We don't resort to guessing schemes, nor anything that is not in keeping with strictly honest business methods to get your custom. Honest goods, low prices and every



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