COLORED MEN'S REQUEST.

They Ask the President for a Representa

President Promises to Consider.

tive on the World's Fair Commission and

Another on the Federal Bench-The

WASHINGTON, March 23.-The National

ommittee of the Afro-American Press Asso

iation, P. H. Murray, Chairman, and H. Price

Williams, Secretary, called upon the President to-day and presented the following address:

"To the President: .
"The Afro-American Press Association of

the United States, at its recent annual session

held at Cincinnati, O., selected the undersigned

committee to present to your Excellency, Hon

Benjamin Harrison, President of the United

States, the general claims and individual me

its of a large class of American citizens for a

representative and prominent position on the

Columbian World's Fair Commission, and also

o suggest the propriety and wisdom of select-

ing a capable negro jurist to fill a place on the bench of the Federal judiciary. "The body we represent are the young, pro-

gressive and brilliant men of their race. They

have been effective in molding thought, ele

vating the masses and giving impetus to every

onward movement that helps to make the pro-

cress of a recently enslaved people the marve

of American civilization. As Afro-American

of American civilization. As Afro-Americans we desire nothing that others may not claim. There is neither merit nor demerit in race or complexion, but in ability, labor, patriotism and loyal service to the public good, which qualities we believe we possess, there is that for which we desire already suggested."

The President, in response, said in substance that so far as a position on the World's Fair Commission was concerned, there were no vacancies, and if one were to becur the alternate would fill the place. If it became possible, however, to do anything and the proper man was presented he would make the appointment.

however, to do anything and the proper man was presented he would make the appointment. Speaking with reference to the request that a colored man be appointed to the bench, the President asked if the delegation had a man who was thoroughly versed in the law and had arrived at that eminence in practice which would entitle him to an appointment as a Circuit Judge. "Present the name of a good man," said the President, "and I will give it that consideration which its importance commands."

Census Statistics on Coal.

shed in a Western paper, and believed to have

emanated from ex-Senator Pierce that Sena-

tor Edmunds, of Vermont, contemplated re-

signing his seat in the Senate, is not fresh

news. Some months ago the Senator talked of

resigning, ostensibly on account of ill-health.

It is not known whether he has abandoned the

can no more dominate the body, as in other

days. The Westerners have none of the fear of New England "culture" pefore their eyes, and do not fall down and worship the intellect-ual joss from Vermont.

Can Hold the Meeting.

recently presented to the Treasury Department whether, in view of the limited amount

remaining of the appropriation for the use of the World's Columbian Commission prior to

ranted in incurring the expense of a meeting

The Indictment Was Bad.

States versus Clark Brewer et al, which come

among the judges of the Circuit Court of the

United States for the Western District of

Tennessee. Brewer and others were election

officers, and were indicted under a Federa

statute for refusing, or neglecting after elec-

tion, to open the ballot-boxes at the place

read aloud the names of the voters, these being

requirements of the law of Tennessee.

The indictment did not allege fraud, or in

affected by the action of Brewer and his co

answers five questions in favor of the election officers, and does not answer the remaining

Newfoundland Annexation.

WASHINGTON, March 23 .- "The proposition

of some of the Legislators of Newfoundland to

withdraw from British association and call

men the United States for protection and an

nexation, is doubtless complimentary to this Government and people," said a high official of

the State Department this evening to THE DISPATCH correspondent, "but it is quite im-practicable that it should be done in that way.

Secession means rebellion. Protection from the United States would make us a party to the rebellion, and that would mean war with Great

Blair Accepts the Mission.

has accepted the Chinese mission and has ar-ranged to sail from San Francisco for the Flowery Kingdom on the 1st of May. He has already received his instructions from Secre-tary of State Blaine.

Secretary Halford's Wife Ill.

WASHINGTON, March 28.-Ex-Senator Blair

The Supreme Court, in an opinion by Ju

es. The lower court submitted eight

tent to commit fraud, nor that the elec

WASHINGTON, March 23.-The Suprem

July 1 next, the commission would be wa

WASHINGTON, March 23 -The question was

Disapproving of the Appropriation

bition in Humboldt, Cal. It is 16 feet in width. It will be among the Humboldt exhibits at the World's Fair.

A document of exceeding great beauty and onsiderable interest to l'ittsburg arrived in -A crab was caught in the harbor of Viche city yesterday from Paris, and will shortly d and placed in a public place for ex

toria, B. C., that was three feet six inches around the waist. It was presented to the Maseum of Natural Science. hibition. The important paper is the certifi-

-A Chinese capitalist, under a concession of lands free of rent, is making arrangements to colonize lands on the Isthmus of Tehuaute pec with Chinese agriculturists. -Artificial eyes are supplied to all the

the grown inhabitants of some of the villages are engaged in their manufacture. -The Secretary of War has recently

the war of the rebellion began April 15, 1861, and ended August 20, 1866. -An eminent German has been counting the number of hairs in human heads of differ

-A frontier town has settled the social question in a novel manner. Those who put

-A Syracuse man who wanted some "genuine, home-made and unadulterated Bayarian beer" sent over to Bayaria and got two barrels. He was bragging of its purity, when a chemist analyzed the beer and found the adulteration 7 per cent greater than in the average American-brewed.

-The United States Fish Commission experience of some years has almost demonstrated the fact that the readers of books and the students of literature, history, travel, poetry, philosophy or science are not to be looked for among the so-called educators of the youth of our city." Mr. Luckey's letter is designed to arouse a lagging interest in the library, as but 200 out of 600 teachers are members. has been recently exporting the eggs of Guinnat salmon to France. It appears the tribu-taries of the Mediterranean do not take kindly to this fish, and its introduction has hitherto been comparatively a failure. Some 90,000 were sent in the recent shipment.

ess than any other medium. It is usually kept in vaults of banks for demand rarely made, and for this reason the loss by abrasion is but one-half of 1 per cent in 20 years. In a \$20 gold place, the standard weight of which is 515 grains, the Government allowance for loss by abrasion is 2.55 grains. of the Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association was held at the Homeopathic Hospital ciation has been laboring under difficulties lately, and on this account the attendance was quite small. It is not generally known to the ladies throughout the two cities that such an organization is in existence, and, as the association is as yet without funds, there has been no way to give it publicity. Mrs. Charles F. Sherriff, President of the association, precided yesterday. There was not much business to transact, and consequently very little was done, with the exception of appointing a Press Committee and a Committee on Badges. On the former committee Mrs. E. J. Sneed. Mrs. Agnes Montreville and Miss Maggle Ertman, and in the latter Mrs. W. S. Bickel, Miss Anna Turner and Miss E. L. McCreery, were appointed. The association then adjourned to meet next Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

tor in Bengal was told to count the families of his district. The word "hand?" means family and also a cooking pot. The official chose the latter meaning, and now the Indian Census Bu-reau has on hand a lot of absurd information -On a pane of glass at an inn in London

Poland was made of Smyrna gold braid, embroidered in turquoises with verses from the koran. Its supports were of silver gift, beauti-fully chased, and profusely set with enameled and jeweled medallions. It had been taken from the Turkish camp before Vienna, and the standard of Mohammed had stood under it. -New Haven, Conn., is celebrated for

lectures is, "The Voices from Calvary." Last night Rev. Mr. Hodges most touchingly and eloquently dwelt on the "Voice of Forgive-ness," from the first words of Christ on the cross: "Father, forgive them, for they know not what they do."—Luke xxiii., 34. MRS. GENEVRA JOHNSTONE-BISHOP, the Chicago singer, and little Miss Ethel Herr Jones, the prodigy planist of this city, who have together been concerting this winter, will be heard at the Acme Council No. 219, Jr. O. U. A. M., third anniversary entertainment, to be given at Odd Fellows' Hall, Southside, March 3l. Toerge's Orchestra, Haydu Quartet, and other musical attractions of renown will also appear, and Miss Millie Gardner will be the elecutionist of the evening.

ocutionist of the evening THE last recital given by Mr. Ethelbert W. propestration, was given at the Sewickley Pres

orenestration, was given as the command that byterian Church, last evening. It was attended by a large number and the audience showed its appreciation of the excellent programme by hearty applause. Mr. Nevin is now making a tour, taking in St. Faul, Chicago, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, New York and Boston. Social Chatter

THE many friends of Rev. D. S. Mulhard late pastor of the Thirty-seventh Street Baptist Church, will be pleased to learn that an Eastern university has conferred on him the honorable degree of Doctor of Divinity, CARDS have been issued by Mrs. Hannah

Nevin, of Sewickley, for the marriage of her taughter, Martha Mary, to Mr. JohnsBroomall ooth on Thursday, April 2. It is to be nome wedding and a private ceremony. A SOIREE MUSICALE that will be held this vening at the Central Presbyterian Church will have as performers Misses Medbury, Miller, Fee, Orcult and Hays, and Messrs, Orenit,

THE commencement exercises of the U. P. Seminary will be held at the Fifth U. P. Church to-night, and continued at the First U. P. Church, Allegheny, to-morrow evening. ONE of the interesting engagements just an-

nounced is that of Miss Dollie Pitcairn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Pitcairn, and Mr. Omar S. Decker, of the East End. THE second annual Purim masque ball of

at New Turner Hall. Forbes street. THE Mendelssohn Club, of the East End, vill give a concert this evening, on Collins ave nue, in Masonic Hall.

A BIG REWARD OFFERED.

The Return of W. B. Shepherd to Wilker barre Will Get It.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WILKESBARRE, March 23.-A circular has on issued offering \$4,000 reward to any one who will give information that will lead to the whereabouts of William B. Shepherd, and return him to his family, if alive, or for su

ce of his death, so that his family

DEATHS OF A DAY.

James E. Moran. James E. Moran, a well-known resident of Mansfield, died yesterday morning at Mercy Hospital. Heart failure was the cause of his eath. For several months Mr. Moran had no been in good health, but his friends did not arprehend any serious results. However, his co. dition became much worse last week and he wa. dillon became much worse last week and he wa, taken to the hospital. He was prominent in political circles and was a recognized leader of the Democratic party in Mansheld. He was a delegate to several State conventions, and was a member of the Democratic State Executive Committee, He was a gauger under Revenue Collector Bigler. He leaves a wife and several children, who have the sympathy of many friends,

L. E. Angel. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. 1 SCOTTDALE, March 23 .- L. E. Angel, the coke shipping agent and political leader, died suddenly at his home in New Haven this moreing. He had only been sick a few hours prior to his

J. Aaron Cole.

J. Aaron Cole, formerly superintendent J. Aaron Cole, formerly superintendent of the Southside Hospital, died at his residence, No. 2115 Jane street, Southside, yesterday morning at 9:30 o'clock. Mr. Cole was 32 years old, and had long been a sufferer from consumption. He had been confined to his bed about two months. Mr. Cole was the first superintendent of the Southside Hospital, coming from Homestead to take that position when the hospital was ovened. He was a genial man, and made many friends during the time he held control of the hospital, which was about a year and a haif.

Mrs. Margaret McLaren

Mrs. Margaret McLaren, aged 85 years, died at 8:30 o'clock vesterday morning, at the resi

scribed figures, the march of progress, including science, industry, agriculture and art. The inscription is as follows: "Republique Francaise ministre du commerce de l'industrie et des colonies exposition universelle de 1889, le iury International des recompenses decerne un diplome de medaille d'or aux Ecoles publique de la ville de Pittsburg, Etats Unis," The signatures of the paper are those of the Director General and President of the Exposition. After framing, the document will be a tion. After framing, the document will be a suitable companion piece for the certificate granted by the Philadelphia Centennial to the Pittaburg public schools for superiority and excellence. The gold medal from Paris is still

our teachers to maintain it, experience of some years has almost

THE second meeting of the Ladies' Branch

yesterday afternoon. This branch of the asse

AT Grace Reformed Church, corner Grant

treet and Webster avenue, Rev. George

Hodges, of Calvary Church, East Eng, last

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC SCHOOL GEORGE LUCKEY looked pale and pensive yes-terday afternoon and had an expression of re-Duquesne Theater. return atternoon and and an expression of re-markable meekness upon his countenance. Yesterday was the first day in nine that found Mr. Luckey at the Central Board rooms, he having been confined to his home at Hazel-wood with a sickness suspiciously like the grip, though such the convalencent dislikes to admit. Mr. Luckey's expression of meekness, however, was a deceptive one, as the following pictures. Letter for distribution summer than however, was a deceptive one, a circular letter for distribut circular letter for distribution among the teachers was the result of a few minutes' effort on his part, and certainly savors not of meekness: "On account of your known interest in the Teachers' Library you have been selected to act as agent in securing members for the coming year. When the library was essablished we relied upon the professional pride of our teachers to maintain it, but an experience of some years, has almost demon-

character work, while the villainous end of the piece was capitally supported by Harry Rich and Benson H. Pierce, as John Todd and Lawyer Hemingway, and Tributatton Prouty, that almost rival of Mrs. Varden, found a worthy exponent in Mrs. F. A. Tannehill.

Miss Dora Wiley was quite herself in the role of Martha Giddens, as the wife of that fascinating being who consents to be called simple "Crumbe" for her sake. Miss Edith Ellis makes a winsome Fanny Todd, and the rest of the female characters are well played.

The singing was very good, and the rare old tunes brought many a thunderous encore. The scenery, etc., left nothing to be desired.

The "Fall of Atlanta" was produced last night at the Grand Opera House under the auspices of Abe Patterson Post 88. G. A. R. The proceeds will go to the relief fund of the post, and apart from the merit of the attraction this reason will suffice for as good house during the week as was the case last evening. As a Grand Army entertainment it is fitting that the characters should be sustained by people allied with the Union soldiers, and this is the case. David Jones as Major Rollston, fitted the part as only an old soldier could. Charles Armstrong found an exponent in George McC. Kountz, who might have been heard to better advantage. I. D. Bryson played the Confederate soldier and rival Captain Winder in good style, and H. H. Farren would have done better as Ned Gordon if he could have made himself heard.

George M. Connell as the spy and scout, Leon J. Long as Pompey, and John S. Brown as Hans Synder, acquitted themselves well. Mr. Long introduced a couple of original songs which were well received. Miss Lillian Burkhart made a good Cora Rallston, and as Hattie Calhoun Miss Marcaret J. Wise acquitted herself admirably. Company E, of the during the week as was the case last evening.

night gave the first of the series of Passion Week free lectures. The general theme of the quitted herself admirably. Company E, of the courteenth Regiment, helps to fill up the bat-

When Harry W. Williams' Own Speciality Company is announced at the Academy it is sufficient guarantee for a week's genuine fun and first-class entertainment. The company drew big houses when here lately, but

Harris' Theater.

McKee Rankin's drama, "The Runaway Wife,

at the Opera House this week. Little Mis

Lottle's singing, posturing and grimaces mad

crowded houses attested their appreciation ner really wonderful precocity. The play

Davis' Museum

McCloud and Mellville's clever compa

big hit at both performances yesterday

"Little Lottle," a diminutive prodigy, may

this time it is, if anything, stronger. Master Eddie, a youthful delineator of the magic art, is a new addition, and with Prof. H. J. Abbott last night sufficiently mystified the big audience. Drummond and Staley, the "musical blacksmiths," have an act which is particularly clever, and they manage a series of quick transformations and effects, which are admirable. John Le Clair, the juggler, did some excellent work, and "Tubb's Visit" can only be described as a laughable absurdity which does one good to see. Dagmar sang as sweetly and is as handsome as of yore, and the entertainment closed with a funny act by Wheatman entitled "Twenty Faces Under

which to base a revenue zed and they may not he estimated revenue from miscellaneous ses is increased almost \$150,000 over that of One Hat." be called the star of the company presenting

His Honor Reaches a Conclusion. "If the foregoing statements are well founded "The appropriation of \$326,861 40 for parks wing's specialties are a feature of the ser a cuarming ceam, accompanying their numor-ous songs and operatic selections with pleasing notes on the Italian harp. The Grausses are very good. Henderson and Booth, in "Re-hearsals," are above the average, while Man-ning and Wolley do amusing burlesque imita-tions and songs. Carmonells, the musical knife resent an opportune time to indulge the sthetic tastes of those who advocate prodigal

tures they may be made a serious burden to those who pay the taxes. Some Unnecessary Improvements. "From what I have been able to learn there They may be demanded by some philanthropic land owners who manifest an abnormal anxiety to benefit a very small portion of the human ments made at the expense of the genera

"Another objection to the ordinance is found erally admitted fact that coal can be s at greatly reduced cost, If this be tr should natural gas be continued at so great a xpense to the faxpayer? I might ref-

AN OLD CASE SETTLED.

Supreme Court Decision. ISPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCE. PHILADELPHIA, March 23.—The Suprem ration arising from the attempt of the Com-

Court this morning ended the 7-year-old litionwealth to escheat coal lands in Elk and Jefferson counties, as the property of the New York, Lake Erie and Western Railroad Company, by affirming the judgment of the Com n Pleas Court of Jefferson county, which held, as a matter of law, that the ownership of the lands in controversy by a corporation known as the Northwestern Mining and Ex-

the lands in controversy by a corporation known as the Northwestern Mining and Exchange Company, whose capital stock was owned by the railroad company, was not an evasion of the act of April 26, 1855, forbidding the ownership of land in the State by foreign corporations. When the case decided this morning first came to the Supreme Court a majority of the Court were of the opinion that the question should have been submitted to the jury as a question of fact, and it was, therefore, sent back in January, 1886, for retrial.

In the meantime another case between the same parties, and involving precisely the same question, came up from Eik county. That case was argued before six judges in January, 1888, and ordered to be reargued. The reargument took place in May, 1889, Chief Justice Gordon having in the meantime retired, and Justices McCollum and Mitchell come upon the bench. It was decided in March, 1890, in an opinion by Chief Justice Paxson holding that the facts were undisputed, and that it was for the Court to pass upon their legal effect. Justices Sterrett and Clark dissented from this judgment.

AMONG THE THEATERS. Mayor Gourley States His Reasons for

The Bijou held a delighted audience las night. Barney Ferguson is a grotesque figure and his conception of humor is as grotesque as his appearance. As Dennis McCarthy he pre The Mayor's message to Councils, embodying sents us with an Irishman that is a type, but ar exaggerated one, of the good-natured, fighting Hiberman with whom we are all familiar. The piece in which he appears is called "McCarthy's Mishaps." It is not exactly a farce-comedy nor is it a farce, and it certainly is not a drama Yet it contains the elements of all three. It is

able "Gaiety Dance."

There is nothing in "McCarthy's Mishaps" to criticise seriously, but the performance as a whole is a sure cure for the blues. It is one long laugh from beginning to end, save when a tiresome villain and an equally tiresome deserted wife occupy the stage for ten minutes' boredom at intervals. Their parts should be cut out.

"Old Jed Prouty" drew a goodly house to the Suquesne last evening. People go to see "Old Jed" for the same reason that attracts them to one of Whitcomb Riley's poems. The public likes a strong flavor of human hature in its plays, and in the case of "Old Jed Prouty" and its kim the human nature is much accentuated by the simplicity of its setting, "Old Jed Prouty" surpasses "The Old Homestead" in the diversity of its characters; and Mr. Richerd Golden's support certainly played much more evenly than did the company which last presented Denman Thompson's drama in this city,

That Mr. Golden nimself was unexceptionable in the title role goes without saying. Joseph Conyers, as Beacon Hill, and Frank R. Jackson, as Zack Wilcox, showed commendable character work, while the villainous end of the piece was capitally supported by Harry Rich one of Whitcomb Riley's poems The public likes

every reason to expect that about \$280,000 will remain delinquent in the hands of the collector at the close of the current year. If this reasoning be correct we have here in this one item of estimated receipts, after deducting the \$50,000 already mentioned, an assured deficiency of \$230,000.

"Regarding water rents, the committee have evidently based their estimate upon an assessment of about \$750,000, whereas the Superintendent of the bureau has said that he does not and cannot expect to be able to assess a larger

t seems a reasonable one Receipts of the Mayor's Office. "The ordinance estimates the receipts from the past year were in a large measure the re

estimate, in the opinion of persons most competent to know, is \$15,000 too high. "The Supreme Court decision strikes down the receipts from engineering with the assess ments and liens from which the receipts were ments and liens from which the receipts were to be derived, and nothing can be expected from this source in the present condition of things. Motwithstanding this fact your ordinance anticipates \$10,000. The increase of \$20,000 over the estimate of last year from liquor license is evidently based upon one of two assumptions—either that the court will grant 400 licenses, or that the Legislature will pass an act diverting the entire license fee into the city treasury. These are uncertain contingencies upon which to base a revonue. They may be realized and they may not.

idea, though it is known that his health is much improved. It was this supposed intention of Mr. Edmunds that gave tongue to the rumer that Secretary Proctor would resign to follow Edmunds in the Senate.

It is believed that Mr. Edmunds is tired of It is beneved that Mr. Edmunds is tired of the Senate, not on account of ill-health, but because of the new, aggressive, and, as he per-haps thinks, uncouth and unstatesmanlike blood that has flowed in and permeated the Senate from the "wild and woolly West." He last year. I am informed you propose to collect this \$150,000 by the authority of curative laws expected from the Legislature. These laws have not yet been passed, they have not been approved by the Governor, and even though your expectations may be fully realized it will not be possible to collect any considerable portion of this money during the present year. Legal questions will arise, delays will ensue, and in all probability the Supreme Court will again be appealed to for a decision touching the constitutionality of the act. the inevitable conclusion must be reached that

this ordinance will be followed by a deficiency ranted in incurring the expense of a meeting in April next, as provided in the by-laws. A revision of estimates at the Treasury Department leads to the conclusion that the meeting need not be omitted for pecuniary reasons.

Secretary Foste: to-day telegraphed the Secretary of the World's Columbian Commission as follows: "It is believed no obstacle exists to prevent such meeting, especially in view of the fact that the commission may so legislate as to make it possible to pay all necessary expenses out of the sum apportioned to the commission. This office will do all that is possible to aid in preventing a deficiency in funds available for use of the commission for the current fiscal year." of at least \$400,000 at the end of the year There are other objections to this measure which make it impossible for me to approve it. embraces the following items, as shown by Mr. Bigelow's estimates, to which I cannot sub-Sigelow's estimates, to which I cannot subscribe: William A. Hoeveler, \$27,086 40; Charles B. Seely, \$5,000; Miss Stella H. Kennedy, \$10,000. These items aggregate \$42,086 40, to be used for the purchase of property from the persons named for Highland Park. The impression was given out while the ordinance was under discussion that this property had already been purchased, and that the duty devolved upon Councils to provide for the payment. This land has not been bought, nor do I believe the present an opportune time to indulge the expenditures for the enlargement and develuent of public parks. Aside from the pres illegality of the contemplated purchase, neither the present nor the immediately prospective condition of the city warrants the appropria-tions of large sums of money for additions to the already acquired park property. Parks at all right, but by wild and extravagant expend

where the election was held, and for failing to race through the instrumentality of improve

in the appropriation of \$90,000 to supply ga fuel to the water works of the city. It is a gen Those presented constitute some of the graunds upon which I base my refusal to approve the measure.

measure.

"I believe that by careful pruning \$300,000 could be taken from the appropriation without detriment to the city, while such action would remove the future necessity of providing for large deficiencies. Respectfully submitted, "H. I. GOURLEY."

Litigation Seven Years Old Ended by

IN SOCIETY'S DOMAIN.

The Pittaburg Public Schools Diploma Arrives From Paris - Superintendent Luckey Indites a Cutting Circular-A Pleasing Concert-Coming Weddings-Social Chatter of a Day.

cate from the Paris Exposition authorities awarding a medal to the Pittsburg public hools for the best primary work shown there during the Exposition. The certificate is of considerable size, and is a handsome piece of artistic work, representing, by beautifully inscribed figures, the march of progress, includ-

world from Thuringia, Germany. Nearly all

ent colors. In a blonde one he found 140,400, in a brown 109,440, in a black 102,962, and in a red

out their washing belong to the aristocracy; those who do their own inundry work are mem-bers of the middle class, and those who take in washing form the lower class. -An enterprising Western insurance agent has struck a new idea in advertising. He

engages a lot of pretty girls, and has them draven through the town on an open wagon, with the legend above them: "The men we marry must insure in the \_\_\_\_\_\_ company."

-Gold while in circulation is handled

-Blunders in census taking are not singular to any particular country. An enumera-

is scratched the following inscription Thomas Mount Jones dined here March 16 1816, and ate six pounds of bacon and drams 19 pots of beer." It is a question for discussion whether this frail memorial owes its existence to a desire for fame and distinction or to the boastfulness of a glutton. -The state bed of the last King of

having given the name of "Punkin Head" to all New Englanders. It originated from the all New Logianders. It originated from the blue laws, which enjoined every male to have his hair cut round by a cap. When caps were not to be had they substituted the hard shell of the "punkin," which being put on the head every Saturday all hair which protruded was clipped close to the shell's edge. -In an old geography printed in 1812 ap-

pears the following: California is a wild and almost unknown land. Throughout the year it is covered by dense fogs, as damp as they are unhealthful. In the interior are active vol-cances and vast plains of shifting snow, which sometimes shoots up columns to great heights. This would seem almost incredible were it not for the well-authenticated acc

-A Gainesville Tex, girl has probably the longest hair in the world. It is 10 feet 6 long. The present growth is of th seven years, as in 1884 her head was shaved dur ing a spell of brain fever. It is necessary to her health to cut out large quantities of hair every few months, and this she has a regular sale for from some large wig manufactory in the East, which pays her well for it, as its fineness and silky gloss is exceptional, being of a much admired red-gold tint.

-The tide of revolution is bringing the human race to a strange pass. Certain cele brated scientists now allege that the coming race is to be a hairless and toothless one. This may cause some anxiety in reference to the children of our grandchildren, for perchance they might be one of the elect. The natural deduction that is to be made is that the coming race will not be a strikingly handsome one. It is, however, a positive fact that baid heads and toothless gums are decidedly on the increase. ncrease.

-Queer appetites some creatures have. A butcher of Seymour, Ind., is said to have found in the stomach of a slaughtered cow a silver half dollar, several small bones, a let of needles and pins and a quarter of a pound of iron nails and pins and a quarter of a pound of fron nails. But a more remarkable discovery was that made by a servant in a St. Louis restaurant. While he was opening clams the other day there dropped from one of the bivalves a gold ring inscribed "S. S. to R. S." The clams had been purchased from a New York house and were gathered from the ocean bed near Fire Island.

-When the earth was young, says the astronomer royal for Ireland, it went around so fast that the day was only three hours long. The earth was liquid then, and as it spun around and around at that fearful speed, and around and around at that fearful speed, and as the sun caused ever-increasing indes upon its surface, it at last burst in two. The smaller part became the moon, which has been going around the earth ever since at an increasing distance. The influence of the moon now raises tides on the earth, and, while there was any liquid to operate on in the moon, the earth returned the compliment.

-The fact that Easter falls on a very early date this year (March 29), has caused a "friend of facts and figures" to collect some curious statistics. In 1883 he says Easter fell on March 25, and will only once again this century, namely, in 1894, fall on so early a date. It three following centuries it will occur only eight times on the same date—namely, in 1951. 2035, 2046, 2057, 2163, 2114, 2125 and 2198. 2035, 2046, 2057, 2103, 2114, 2125 and 2198. The earliest date on which Easter can fall is March 22, and this only in case the moon is full on March 21, when this date happens to fall on a saturday. This combination of circumstances is extremely rare; it occurred in 1093, 1761 and 1817, and will happen again in 1999, 2076 and 2144, while during the three following centuries it is not once "on the books" at this early date. On the other hand Easter never falls later than April 25; this was the case in 1606, 1734 and 1896, and will only happen once in the next century, namely, 1943.

SCISSORED SMILES.

Slowbov-Ah, Duffer, my boy, you are a lucky dog. I didn't mean to spy on you, but I couldn't help seeing your charming wife with her arms around your neck-a perfect picture of iomestic joy. I assure you it was affecting.
Duffer—You think so? Well, so does my pocketbook. My wife, Slowboy, hugged an Easter bonnet out of it. - Chicago Times. It is more blessed to give than to be given way .- New York Recorder.

"I feel all dun up," said the helpless debtor when the last collector for that day politely asked about his health. - Washington Star. First Beggar-I asked her for some ove-

Second Beggar-An' what said she?

obby, what is the hardest stone in the world? Bobby—Don't know. Fond Father—Can's you think? Bobby-feth, thir: but I can's think hard

Mrs. Newbride-Oh, doctor, tell me what

is the matter with my husband?
Dr. Sensible—Um-er-he is suffering with a severe, but only temperary, paralysis of muscles, induced by an exaggerated internal application of stimulants.
Mrs. Newbride—And the harrid cabdriver who brought him home said he was drunk, -Spare

The Dispatch.

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THE DAILY DISPATCH Is delivered by carriers at

PITTSBURG, TUESDAY, MAR. 24, 1891. WILL SERVE A USEFUL PURPOSE, Though Mayor Gourley's vicorous veto message on the appropriation ordinance failed to secure from Councils yesterday any reversal of their previous action, it served at least several useful purposes. Not only did it put the Mayor in the position, which since his induction into office it is due to him to say he has constantly sought to occupy, of dealing justly and to the best of his intelligence with public questions, but it also impressed upon Councils and the public that the matter of annual taxes is

already a serious one, and unless carefully handled promises to grow very much more so in the near future. Pittsburg has had several years of notice able growth and prosperity, during which city expenditures have kept full pace with the material improvement. In such periods there is a natural tendency to extravagance. The taxpayers are willing to pay for an efficient government; but at a time when a couple of million dollars for street improvements are hanging in the balance, and the annual appropriation itself runs up to

\$4,500,000, they are inclined to take stock, and ask what is coming? The heads of the departments and the Finance Committee carried the vote yesterday, as the Mayor and the public expected from the start; but there was at least a pretty full discussion, which together with the arguments on the Mayor's veto, will fix public

attention on the results as they reveal themselves later on. As already pointed out in these columns. it is not the capitalists or the propertyowners who in the end pay the taxes. The class engaged in productive labor has to meet the whole of them, and it is, therefore, important not merely to thousands of individuals, but to the industrial interests of

## the town to watch how they are being spent.

THE REIGN OF THE GRIP. The readiness with which our nineteenth century people adapt themselves to any sitpation however novel, is strikingly shown necessary evil. Of course, the visitor is so importunate that there is no resisting. Like the Pale Horseman, whose precursor, fortunutely, "the grip" seldom is, this new ailment steps with equal pace to "the palace of the rich and the hovel of the poor." So, to all alike, is the same experience; smile at first, in a few hours grow serious, then take to bed and try quinine and hot waterbags and other devices, whether simple or of the schools, to get rid of the cold in the head and the pains in the bones, and the nervousness which so often becomes almost hysterical. Alter a few days the sufferer is

the worse for the wear. That in so soft and balmy an atmosphere pity, since otherwise the young spring opens | State forestry, it will not be necessary to cases of "the grip" are really very light. Its bark-and everybody is barking more or

# worse than its bite.

STICKING TO AN EXPLODED IDEA. There is one thing really amusing about the Sugar Trust now under fire in New York, if stubborn devotion to an exploded idea can be said to be worthy of a smile. Mr. Havemeyer yesterday gave an exhibition of this stubbornness which, if it were not evident that he does not believe in his | ferred to proposes to amend the Constitution. own claims, should be properly termed as foolish. In giving the inference that he joined the trust mainly for the general welfare of the public, he goes contrary to the well-known fact that a monopolistic trust composed of a few men has never benefited and never will benefit the people. Trusts are not formed for any such purpose. In fact, business principles as understood by Mr. Havemeyer and his associates do not

allow of any benefit to anyone but them-Mr. Havemeyer admits this latter fact when he refused to divulge the secret process by which his firm has been able to refine sugar cheaply. This process may be properly kept a secret, no doubt, but doing so most effectually refutes Mr. Havemeyer's claim to be a public benefactor. No mental carpentering will ever be able to so dovetail the two statements as to produce a smooth piece of work. The only thing that the trust magnates can do is throw off the mask of hypocrisy, acknowledge that they only wish to benefit themselves at the expense of others, and claim the right to do so. When they reach that stage they will find plenty to show them where they are

## AN AGGRESSIVE LAMB.

wrong.

There is a decided flavor of the wolf who attacked the lamb for muddying the stream below him in the declaration of the London Times that the ambitious of the Kongo (late Congo) Free State for territorial aggrandizement must be curbed. The spectacle of the pacific, unarmed and neutral Free State molesting those inoffensive and unprotected powers, England and Germany, and not suffering them to enjoy their hard-earned African possessions in peace, is calculated to arouse panie in all Christendom. If a State without an army or navy, which exists only by international agreement, and has to obtain the consent of all civilized governments to levy a ten per cent tariff, or keep whisky and shooting irons out of its domains, can fall upon and plunder England and Ger-

#### many, what one of all the governments in the world is secure in its possessions?

This is the more alarming prospect on account of the manner in which the respective possessions were obtained in Africa. The Kongo State was created by the agreement of all the powers, to have a neutral State there founded on the civilized method of treating with the natives, permitting the whole world to trade there on equal terms. The English and German possessions were founded on the right of the strongest. That the pacific State should deprive the naval and military powers of their territory earned by the travail of their Krupp and Armstrong guns, is more puzzling than dangerous; but, like all things that cannot be understood, is calculated to arouse conster-

Really, if this thing goes on, some way must be found to restrain the aggressive and bloodthirsty lambs and protect the innocent

# and much-enduring wolves!

THE DEMOCRATIC BLUNDER. The attempt of the violent Democratic partisans to cry down the pending ballot reform bill, principally so far as can be perceived because it is a non-partisan measure, and that the ultra Democrats cannot conceive of permitting a reform to be established by any votes other than their own, is properly answered by the Philadelphia Record. That journal, which tempers its partisanship by a fair degree of intelligence and impartiality, points out that the bill was drafted by non-partisan Ballot Reform Association with a view to securing as early as possible the practical measure of ballot reform possible under the Constitution; that it secures secrecy while preserving the constitutional

purpose of the numbering clause of the Constitution. The Record tersely says: To oppose the Baker bill is to oppose imme diate practical ballot reform. The passage of the bill would in no wise hinder the calling of a

Constitutional Convention, and the one measre ought not to be antagonized by the other. This is the view of the more sensible part of the Democracy, which supports the Constitutional Convention plan. The fact is that while the pending bill, like all other measures, may have details-such as the form of the ticket, for example-which could be improved upon, it secures the important objects of ballot reform. With the disposition of the ballot numbering that it makes, it is a really better bill than it would be if the ballot-numbering clause were repealed, as, while it prevents unauthorized inquiry as to how a man votes, it preserves

evidence for judicial desection of the substitution of bogus ballots. But our more rabid Democratic friends cannot see this, and, as a consequence, as the Record says, they are putting themselves in the position of opposing immediate practi-

cal ballot reform.

LOCK HAVEN'S URGEST AMBITION. An article appears in the last issue of a Lock Haven paper which indicates a lofty and peremptory ambition on the part of that thriving lumber town. We believe that town has already shown premonitory symptoms of a desire to have the State capital removed to its locality. But there has never been so striking a manifestation of the spirit of the boy who, in putting up a prayer for the supreme object of his desires,

avowed: "I want a vellow sled with green runners: and I want it now!" The argument in this article by which it is shown-conclusively to the Lock Haven people, we presume-that the capital should and political centers had to be located on waterways-lik, poor farms in our own in the quiet acceptance of "the grip" as a | time-the devastation of forests producing drouths and floods "will eventually force not only the people, but also railroads, to a higher elevation." Consequently the necessary action is to locate the capital at the geographical center of the State, to establish "State forestry on the public domain and a State capital in the center thereof to commemorate Columbus' discovery of the New World." The pro gramme is an attractive one, but it will prove to have its drawbacks. Thus, to say nothing of the question whether geographical centers are as important as railroad centers, in locating a State capital, and the usually about again, seidom feeling much | doubtful accessibility of a capital in the midst of a State forest, there is the great objection that the wood sawing propensities as we had yesterday, there should lurk the of our practical politicians would utterly germs which convert half the houses of the | destroy the forests. Beyond that if Lock community into temporary hospitals is a Haven cures the damages to the rivers by

up most agreeably. But there is the conso- move the people and railroads to higher lation, as we have already said, that most elevations, which impales the Lock Haven combination on the borns of a dilemma. But this is not the only original feature less while the complaint is on-is very much of the argument. Lock Haven wants the capital so promptly as to fix the commemoration of Columbus' discovery, of next year, for the date of its removal. The Constitution requires sundry formalities such as action of the Legislature, and a vote of the people before the capital is moved; and as that process will be entirely too slow to suit the peremptory desires of that energetic town, the article re But the spectacle of the State falling vigor ously to work and amending the constitu tion in order that Lock Haven may get the capital in time to celebrate the Columbus anniversary that way is made rather remote. as it takes two or three years to amend the Constitution. To carry out this part of the project, there is no way but for Lock Haven to improve on the example of Chicago and adjourn the Columbus celebration say till 1897 or 1898, in order to get time enough (1) with salt and bread for lunch at night,

> tal; and (3) to build the new buildings. create the State forest and blow them both in, with appropriate ceremonies. On the whole we would advise our ambitious friends not to be too prompt about moving the capital. Great bodies move slowly and capitals have the same defect. If the Lock Haven folk will wait until the next century, and meantime study some method for making the Susquehauna river run uphill, they may perhaps induce a flood that shall wash the capital buildings up that stream from Harrisburg to their own

to amend the constitution: (2) to induce the

Legislature to pass the act moving the capi-

municipality. GOVERNOR NICHOLLS. of Louisiana seems to have made up his mind from the ex amples of Watterson and Governor Bulkeley, of Connecticut, that writing letters is a day gerous practice. That is the most creditable explanation of the fact that he has not ye

answered Secretary's Blaine's missive. A MILD experiment in the Socialistic direction has been on trial in Cleveland, Cinshape of free State employment agencies During that time a little over 20,000 applica tions for work were made and slightly in excess of 18,000 applications of employers for labor Between the two the bureaus secured work for 5,575 men and 3,407 women. Whether this proportion is more or less than the intelligence offices would have secured we cannot say; but it may be taken for granted that the charges, being nothing, were not like those of a good many regular employment agencies, to excess of the service rendered.

THE discovery of the Legislature that

the Legislative Record is a cheap and bar faced humbne conveys the encouraging assnr ance that the legislators can recognize a fact after it has been flourished under their noses

for about fifteen years. IT IS sad to learn that the United States Senate has suffered a loss in the defeat of Estee for the California seat in that body. A cotemporary says that it "deprives the Senate of one of the most brilliant neckties in the country." The field that exists for brilliancy in the Senate is so vast that if Mr. Estee's es pecial talent had been known sooner, the people would have risen to demand that the opportunity of securing for the National Legislature the benefit of his shining talent in haberdashery

should not be neglected. FAITH DOCTORS are getting in narrow quarters in the West, where two of them were nearly lynched the other day, because two of their patients insisted on dying. If they can cure a lynching by faith they will demonstrate

their power. THE fact that young John Jacob Astor was unable to stand the tariff of charges imoosed by that hostelry at St. Augustine, Fla. speaks volumes for the energetic way in which the management of that institution levies taxes on its guests. Young Mr. Astor has wisely taken flight for Mexico, and hopes to find the bandits of that country more reason

able than the Florida hotel clerks, MISSOURI is considering a law to make lying by private detectives a special misde-meanor. Why this unjust discrimination against private detectives as compared with

UNCLE JERRY RUSK declares that if Germany and France do not exhibit a more friendly disposition toward the American hog, the United States must put French wines and German sugar under the ban. The farmers will vote unanimously in favor of this proposition, but will the consumers of French wines

swear off ? THE way in which the vessels of the United States navy have been wiped out lately indicates that the Navy Department is getting into close sympathy with the Treasury

Department. THE testimony of the Sugar Trust magates, in the New York investigation, is very convincing to the effect that since the Courts have helped them to reorganize outside of the State of New York, the Sugar Trust does not care the value of a pound of unrefined sugar, with the duty off, for the State of New York,

THE fact that the Peabody fund for the London poor has increased from \$2,500,000 to

vigorously distributed among the poor. "UNLAWFUL killing ought to stop, and the people who ought to begin the stopping are Mafia assassins," remarks the New York World. The people who ought to begin the stop are the whole people, and they should do the stopping by seeing that the law is enforced

by honest, vigorous and fearless officials.

BLAIR will sail for China on May 1. This s a strong reason for making May Day a na-EX-MAYOR CARTER HARRISON, of Chicago, made a great hit in the local politics of that city the other night. By hitting Mike Mc-

Chicago Democracy, if not harmonious, is at

#### Edmunds Tired of the Senate. Donald, the gambler and political boss, over the head with a cane he demonstrated that the WASHINGTON, March 23.-A report pub

POINTS ON PERSONS. THE Rev. Andrew P. Peabody, long

least in first-class fighting trim.

chaplain of Harvard College, observed his 80th birthday last Wednesday. SHERIFF BROWN, of Chickasaw county, promptly be transported from Harrisburg to low; is 23 years old, and the youngest Sheriff their town is that while in old times cities in the Northwest, if not in the United States. MRS. AMELIE RIVES-CHANLER is now in San Rema, where her health is sufficiently improved to allow her to be seen much in

> WILLIAM RACHE a great-grandeon of Benjamin Franklin, attained his 80th birthday on Monday, March 16, and on that evening visited the Philadelphia Ledger office alone. LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL'S traveling companion in his forthcoming visit to South Africa will be his brother-in-law, Mr. Moreton Frewen. They will be accompanied by a regu-

larly organized escort, including a doctor.

HON, THOMAS W. BICKNELL, of Boston. has been requested by Hon. W. T. Harris, United States Commissioner of Education, and the leading educators of the country to take charge of the educational exhibit of the United States at the World's Fair. QUEEN OLGA of Greece presented the Crown Prince with a chapel and altar for use in the field upon the occasion of his assuming

ommand of the First Regiment of infantry recently. The small church can be divided into numerous pieces and carried in bags. It can be set up on low or mountainous lands. MISS WANAMAKER, daughter of the Postmaster General, is going abroad in time to he presented at the drawing room the Queen olds in June. The order for the gown Miss Wanamaker is to wear then is already in the

hands of Worth, and he is busy preparing de-signs to be submitted to her for her choice. MR. JOHN F. PLUMMER, of New York has a copy of "Marching Through Georgia" in General Sherman's handwriting, together with this note: "These popular verses have been sung annually for the last 23 years by the Army of the Tennessee, but were not sung during the war. I first heard them in Washington in May,

JONATHAN TRUMBULL, of Norwich

President of the Connecticut division of the

Sons of the Revolution, has purchased the old

war office of his ancestor, Governor Trumbull, George Washington's bosom friend and coun sellor. This building, situated in the rural town of Lebanon, has been neglected of late years, but now it will be well cared for, SENATOR EDMUNDS is the champion onion-eater of the Senate. A Cabinet officer declares that when the Senator goes hunting he eats an immense plateful of onions three times day. He eats them fried for breakfast

boiled for dinner, fried at evening, and then he takes several large ones and eats thom raw ALFRED RUSSELL WALLACE has received the first Darwin medal from the Royal the theory of the origin of species by natural The Copley medal was awarded to Prof. Simon Newcomb for his contributions on

gravitational astronomy, and the Rumford medal to Prof, Heinrich Hertz for his work on ctro-mag netic radiation. GEORGE D. REYNOLDS, United States District Attorney of St. Louis, also has his plan for decreasing drunkenness. He would establish a State Inebriate Asylum and compel those who make and sell liquor, including druggists maintain it. The tax he would levy would be \$1,600 on the distiller, \$500 on the wholesaler and \$100 on the retailer per year. Every intoxi-

cated man should be treated as insane and sent to the asylum until cured. Emerson-The Sphinx.

Schiller-The Republican Poet.

Goethe-The Poet of Pantheism Shelley-The Eternal Child. Kents-The Resurrectionized Greek, Byron-The Poet of Passion. Moore—The Butterfly.

Jeremy Taylor—The Shakespeare of Divines. Coleridge-The Insulated Son of Reverie. Bunyan-Spencer of the People. Shakespeare-The Myriad-Minded. English Parnassus. Spencer-The Poet's Poet,

A Question of Interest.

Nicola Tesla, the inventor, was in the city

yesterday. He returned to New York last evening. Mr. Tesla said the Westinghouse Company could easily get all the money accord, but it wants it at the lowest rates of interest,

Chancer-The Well of English Undefiled of the Morning Star of English Poetry. Cadmon-The Milton of the Forefathers.

WASHINGTON, March 23.-Private Secretary Halford has been called to the bedside of his wife who is now in Florida, and whose health for months past has been poor. Her illness is considered of a very serious nature, and fears are expressed for her recovery.

Masonic Jewels Found

GAINESVILLE, GA., March 22.-This after-

noon Miss Sallie Myers and Miss Hester Hutchinson walked out from Ellijay into the hills near Cox's mill to gather wild flowers. As hills near Cox's mill to gather wild flowers. As they were walking along one of them saw a bright key and picked it up. They began to search for other articles, and after raking among the leaves and scratching in the loose dirt they found a number of silver Masonic jewels of very line workmanship, including a square, a plumb, a level, keys, etc. The keys were not crossed, but came apart.

The oldest members of the Masonic fraternity here do not remember to have ever heard of the lodge at this place losing any such articles. Judging from the extra quality of these jewels they may have been there a great many years. HIS HONOR'S VETO,

dinance-He Does Not Expect Much

Consideration-Afraid of a Big Deficit.

his reasons for vetoing the appropriation ordin-ance, mentioned elsewhere in this issue, is as

"To the President and Members of Commo

"GENTLEMEN-I respectfully return you

herewith C. C. Ordinance No. 762, entitled 'An

ordinance levying taxes, assessing water rents

and making appropriations for the fiscal year beginning February 1, 1891, without my ap-

proval. While I realize very fully the im

probability that any objections which may be

modification of the ordinance, I nevertheles

Old Favorites Appear at Each of the Lead

an uproarious three hours of fun, and Mr. Ferguson furnishes three-fourths of it himself. Mr. Daniel Keating, a good knockabout variety comedian, helps Mr. Ferguson in a rough-and-tumble specialty, and Mr. Charles H. Gorman does another Irishman in a clever

The dancing of the feminine contingent of the company is worthy of special praise. Nearly all the ladies dance, and dance well. Little Marguerite Ferguson, still smaller Vinie Daly, and Miss Lizzie Daly each dance alone, and Misses Carrie Behr and May Montford are graceful and pleasing in the perennially enjoypresented in this communication will effect any feel that it is but due to Councils and just to myself to state some of the reasons which prompt my refusal to share in the responsibility of this legislation.

"A careful reading of the ordinance forces graceful and pleasing in the perennially enjoy-able "Gaiety Dance."

"A careful reading of the ordinance forces the conclusion that in order to grant the large appropriations demanded by some of the departments of the city government it became necessary to swell the estimated receipts very largely in excess of what can reasonably be expected from the sources designated.

"While such a policy may effect the present purpose of its adroit advocates to provide large appropriations without increasing the large appropriations without increasing the millage, it will inevitably result in a deficiency correspondingly large at the end of the year. The payday will come next year, loaded in all probability with superadded burdens. Figuring on a Deficiency. "The ordinance estimates the revenue from

city tax at \$2,700,000, allowing, according to the statement of the Controller, but \$107,860 to cover exonerations, deductions, discounts, lost taxes and amount not collected during the year. This sum of \$107,800 does not in any way appear in the ordinance, but it is a tacitly understood excess of the tax levy that will be re-

derstood excess of the tax levy that will be reported to the treasurer over the estimated revenue of \$2,700,000 referred to above. The discounts and exomerations will exhaust about half this amount, leaving approximately \$50,000 as against the uncollected balance at the end of the fiscal year.

"Now, the delinquent balance at the end of the year of the levy of 1890 was \$245,453 99; of the year 1889, \$170,229 50; of the year 1888, \$38,-157 51; of the year 1887, \$211,014 24, etc. The collections of the year 1889 tax were very close; and, as will be observed, the delinquent balance at the end of 1890 was over \$245,000. In view of all past experiences, therefore, we have when the committee told the President that there were a number of that class of men among the race, whose names would be pre-sented to him with the endorsement of the bar sented to him with the endorsement of the bar of the State in which they practiced, he advised that their names be sent in and promised to consider them impartially.

The interview was very cordial and pleasant, the President inviting the committee to call again and thanking the negro press convention for its kindly remembrances of his endeavors to act fairly by the race. view of all past experiences, therefore, we have every reason to expect that about \$280,000 will remain delinquent in the hands of the collector

WASHINGTON, March 23.-The Census Office to-day issued a bulletin giving a history of the coal product in the States west of the Mississippi river. The product in 1880 is shown to have been 4,584,324 short tons, while in 1889 it tendent of the bureau has said that he does not and cannot expect to be able to assess a larger amount than that of last year, which was \$614.000. Of this assessment \$135,000 remained uncollected at the close of the fiscal year, leaving but \$508,000 of revenue realized during the year from this bureau. The ordinance estimates the receipts from water rents at \$500,000. In the light of the facts presented, is there any substantial reason to believe that the revenue from this source will be almost \$100,000 in excess of that of last year? On the other hand, is not the conclusion justified that at the end of had increased to 16,067,500 short tons. While the quantity produced in 1889 has increased more than threefold during the decade, the value is shown to have decreased from \$1.93 in the mines in 1880 to \$1 52 in 1889, making the total value of the output of 1889 \$24,413,262 Four States and Territories are now given as producers of coal for which no product was re-ported in 1880, namely, North Dakota, Texas, New Mexico and Indian Territory, The bulletin further shows that in 1889 there is not the conclusion justified that at the end of the year 1891 there will be a deficit in your esti-mated receipts from water rents of about \$70, 000? This may not be a happy expectation, but The bulletin further shows that in 1889 there were 569 regular mining establishments west of the Mississippi river, and 1,328 country banks and local mines. The aggregate of wages paid was \$17,156,335, and the number of persons employed is given as 36,165. Of the whole product, 10,151,229 tons were mined in the trans-Mississippi valley, 4,836,368 in the Rocky Mountain region, and 1,179,903 on the Pacific coast. The value per ton of the trans-Mississippi product was \$1,42; the Rocky Mountain region, \$1,55, and the Pacific coastregion, \$2,25.

the Mayor's office at \$77,000; from engineering, \$10,000; from liquor licenses. \$80,000. The increased receipts from the Mayor's office during sult of the extensive prosecutions of illegal liquor sellers. Without these prosecutions the revenue from this office would not, in my judg nent, have exceeded the sum of \$60,000. The

is no pressing necessity for either the bridge on Larimer avenue or the one on Forward avenue.

public; but that there has been any general de-mand I have not been able to discover. The appropriation of \$50,000 for these structures should, I believe, be dispensed with for the

rebellion, and that would mean war with Great Britain.

"The only way in which annexation could be accomplished would be by the Newfoundlanders first making good their independence and then suing for admission to the Union. Then the United States would consider the question whether they would be a desirable acquisition, Privately and confidentially let me say, I don't think we would want them."

To Unrestricted Emigration to America and

quite well rendered by a capable companies aded by Frank Evans. Miss Eda Clayt plays the title role acceptably, and Mr. Mar Miller and Bullock. opened last evening at Harry Davis' Fifth Avenue Theater. McCloud and Melville mak a charming team, accompanying their humor

grinders, produce the most harmonious strain from scissors, saws, and hatchets. In th lecture half are Porthos, who lifts 1,10 pounds; Collins, the faster: Sol Stone, th lightning calculator, and La Petite Mignonett and her mysterious cabinet.

World's Museum. "Monte Cristo" is well done at the World's Museum by a good company. The play is put on in excellent style, and the large and that enjoyed it last night was loud in its ex

pressions of approval. In the curio hall then are a large number of curiosities of all kinds As usual, the management of the World's give a really wonderful entertainment for 10 cents.

IMPRESSIONS OF PITTSBURG. What an English Newspaper Knows Abou Our Local Customs. The old saying about going from home to hear the news is illustrated by the following editorial paragraph clipped from a late numbe

of the London Globe and sent to us by a gentle-

man of this city who subscribes to that nini

organ of London intelligence:
"The town of Pittsburg is apparently in the enviable condition of enjoying a complete immunity from loafers. In that bustling center the unemployed are conspicuous by their ab-sence, the entire male labor of the place being monopolized, so the New York correspondent of the Manchester Examiner tells us, by the rolling mills, factories and oil works. The re-sult of this state of affairs is to throw into the hands of the enterprising and able-bodied females of the locality sundry occupations which in other cities are usurped by the male person. Foremost among these functions is that of charloteer. The majority of the ruck and van charloteer. The majority of the truck and van drivers in Pittaburg, so we learn from the same authority, are of the female persuasion. 'Any early riser may see the streets leading up to the markets crowded with trucks all driven by women.' This arrangement has not only an economical but an ethical significance. In New York, for example, where a female driver is as rare as a black swan, the sum total of public profanity is largely contributed to by the drivers of that city. There every Jehu is a professor of the art of ornamental objurgation. But in Pittsburg driving is a dream of delight.' In New York the recording angel's notebook is chokefull of curses. But in the great industrial center of Pennsylvania nothing worse than you're just too horrid for everything is ever heard. The behavior of the Pittsburg drivers is as genteel as that of the crew of the good ueard. The behavior of the Pittsburg drivers is as genteel as that of the crew of the good ship Hot Cross Bun. It is true that they are occasionally at fault on the subject of the rights of way and similar technicalities. But the practical loss is far outweighed by the moral gain."

CHICAGO MINISTERS OBJECT Also the Mafia.

CHICAGO, March 23 .- At to-day's meeting of the Methodist Ministers' Association of this city a long report on the Maffa lynching in New Orleans was made, in which the Maffa and unrestricted immigration were denounced. A reso-lution accompanying it sympathized with New Orleans in the impotence of its legal machinery against the Mafia, and declared mob law un-Christian and un-American. After a brief but heated discussion, the re-port and resolutions were laid on the table.

death. He had just returned from a two months stay in Florida. where he went on account of ill health.

Last Saturday afternoon he said that he never feit better in his life, and on going home he was taken with a severe cold, followed by a violent coughing spell, and rappured a blood vessel, bleeding to death. He was one of the most widely known men in the coke regions.

dence of ner son-in-law, on Forbes street, op-posite lithridge. Mrs. McLaren was an old resi-dent of the city, whose death will be regretted by a large circle of friends. Her funeral will take place at 19:20 o'clock to-morrow morning. Mrs. Lee A. Lyman. Mary H., wi'e of Lee A. Lyman, of the brokerage firm of Lyman & Harris. died at the family residence. Coleman place. Homewood, at 5 o'clock yesterday morning. The funeral will take place at 2 o'clock to-morrow afterneon.

Second Beggar—She said "go to."
Second Beggar—Whereat you said—
First Beggar—Aye, that and more, madam. I could easily go six. New York Heraid. Fond Father (to Bobby, aged 5)-Now,

The boarder sighed, "Will some kind soul, in charity,
Explain why steak well done is such a rarity?"