HELD FOR TREASON.

An Old System of Blackmail and Persecution Revived in Germany.

PROSECUTION OF A LADY

For Speaking Disparagingly of the Emperor's Portrait,

ON A DISMISSED SERVANT'S WORD.

Court Scandals, Involving High Names, Finally Hushed Up.

DISSATISFIED WITH MIQUEL'S POLICY

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.]

BERLIN, March 15.—Trials for high treason, which for some time past have happily not been heard of in German courts, have reappeared under the benevolent despotism inaugurated by Emperor William, and there is the same fine flavor of espionage and blackmail about them as of yore. The case of Schmidt versus Von Pummel is one in point. The defendant is a respectable lady, wife of a high placed official, and the informer Schmidt is a discharged servant, formerly in her employ. Schmidt deposed that he heard Frau Pummel make use of a disparaging expression while dusting a portrait of the Kaiser.

Still Pushing the Prosecution.

The untrustworthiness of the witness was plainly proved at the trial, but the prosecution is being pushed on with as much rigor and disregard for justice as if the safety of the realm depended upon the conviction and incarceration of the defendant. It is more than probable that the Emperor knows nothing about the affair and that the over-zealous or spiteful disposition of some State's Attorney or other is responsible for the disgraceful proceedings.

The court scandals involving the name of the late Prince Frederick Charles as a dealer in diplomas and orders of chivalry, which were reported at length on February 16, have been finally hushed up, and all the charges against that scoundrel, Maurice Reiter, who served as a catspaw in the shady transaction of His Highness and the court clique, have been dropped. One insignificant person is left to take his trial on charges so irrelevant as to guarantee him an easy escape.

Sure of an Acquittal.

His public trial is set down for Wednesday next, when possibly a subordinate official of the Court Marshal's office will be put into the dock as an accomplice; but the indictment is so constructed as to make a speedy dismissal of the case, according to law, necessary. This is only one of many signs of important deviation from the new course of which so much has been said in laudation of the present reign.

Dr. Miquel has heretofore been looked upon as one of the principal exponents of the new departure, and has done his share this week toward discrediting his and the Kaiser's policy, by the unfair partiality he has displayed toward the 17 lordly Prussian magnates, who are exempt by law from taxation. Herr Miquel has declared that the magnates must not be asked to relinquish their rights unless they receive a round sum in compensation. The Liberal party are indignant at their old Democrat's cowardly retreat, and they remind him that in his farewell speech as Burgomeister of Frankfurth he promised to make it his business, as Secretary of the Treasury, to procure the equalization of taxation at all hazards.

DEPOPULATED ACRES.

The Black Forest Country Denuded of Its Farms and Peasantry.

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.]

BERLIN, March 15.—The Baden Government is losing its reputation as a model administration, and is making itself unpopular by its policy of buying up small farms and thereby driving the settled peasantry into the cities to swell the mass of discontented workmen. The farmers of the Black Forest, who once measured their fortunes by the size of their measure-heaps, as Mark Twain picturesquely puts it, have greatly diminished in number during the last two years, and their acres are now to a great extent covered with young trees, planted by the State. It is admitted that fair prices are given for the holdings, but the ready cash thus suddenly thrust into the pockets of people who never, or very seldom, were in the habit of holding the commodity, is in itself a misfortune. So great has been the depopulation of the Black Forest that no fewer than six peasant schools have had to be closed since the beginning of the present year.

The State is now in treaty for the purchase of the village of Fauldenherst, near Berndorff, which means that 150 well-to-do families will be scattered over the country to find new habitations as best they may. Business people in the neighborhood consider those villagers the most prosperous of their class in the country. Their only misfortune is that their homesteads happen to be situated in a Government forest domain.

AMERICAN STATIONS.

German Naval Authorities Charged With Entirely Neglecting Them for Africa.

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.]

BERLIN, March 15.—The debates on the navy estimates will be additionally interesting next week if, as expected, one of the Liberal members assails the Marine Department for neglecting the East and West American stations. The first has had the benefit of the presence of a single cruiser for the last four years, but this has now been recalled, while the West American waters have not had a glimpse of the German flag for five years, owing to the demands of the African service.

The department will be told that Germany maintains a navy for the protection of German trade all the world over, and not in the African wilderness alone, and if necessary supply will be withheld until proper assurances are given that the American stations will be properly looked after in future.

MRS. MAYBRICK'S CASE.

Preparations for the Effort to Reopen It Are Going Forward.

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.]

LONDON, March 15.—Preparations for the effort which will be made to reopen the Maybrick case are going forward rapidly. No definite action will be taken for six weeks, at the end of which Baroness Von Roque will return to England.

Meanwhile, Mrs. Maybrick will be removed from Woking to Aylesbury prison, the former being taken by the War Office for barracks.

GULLIBLE GERMANS

Being Made the Victims of Swindlers With Confederate Greenbacks.

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.]

BERLIN, March 15.—Confederate greenbacks are still highly valued in Germany, it seems, since the international chevalier in the industry is able to dispose of them in large quantities among unsophisticated people who might know better. A noted Berlin detective says that at least 100,000 marks are raised annually between the Rhine and the North Sea on those musty old notes of hand.

A man was recently apprehended in Belgium paying his hotel bill with a $50 greenback. It was a game he had been playing for years. Germans, especially of the middle class, appear to attach an exaggerated value to the possession of notes of American currency.

DENIAL FROM PARNELL.

HE SAYS THE LATEST MRS. O'SHEA STORY IS PURE FICTION.

His Duties in the House of Commons Not Neglected for Her—Criticism of the Opposing Leaders—Pleased at His Delegates' Reception.

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.]

GALWAY, March 15.—Mr. Parnell was interviewed to-day by a Dunlap reporter. At the same time he was shown a cablegram telling of the enthusiastic reception accorded his representatives in New York this morning. Mr. Parnell said: "I am exceedingly pleased at this testimony of American sympathy. I never, even in the most serious phases of the crisis caused by Mr. Gladstone's letter, had any reason to doubt the soundness of the Irish-American opinion on the great question of Ireland's right to choose her own leader."

The reporter then called Mr. Parnell's attention to the sensational report published on Saturday and cabled back here, alleging that he had absented himself from the House of Commons during the debate on the Irish distress question Thursday night in order to visit Mrs. O'Shea at Brighton. Mr. Parnell replied to this: "The story is pure fiction. There was nothing requiring my presence in the House at that time. The debate was a circumscribed one and no useful question could have been asked upon it. The members of my party, who are acquainted with the local details dealt with by the Chief Secretary, were there and spoke. I have not a sufficiently close acquaintance with the localities to join in the discussion, and what I could have said, if I were there, was much better said by the representatives of the divisions directly concerned."

Parnell then pointed out that McCarthy took no part in the debate and that Sexton, Healy and all his chief opponents were likewise absent from the House on the night in question. "That shows," Mr. Parnell continued, "how ridiculous this charge is. If my opponents could make any capital against me by joining the debate they would have done so. But of course there was no room for them to do so. Yes, I wrote my manifesto on Thursday night. I was also engaged during that night in attending to urgent details connected with our campaign in Ireland. The suggestion that I broke an engagement I had at the House is, as I told you, a lie. This fanciful story I believe emanated from the same source as did that other false report of a fight between the two sections of the Irish party during their sittings in room 15, a report that, by the way, resulted in an order being given excluding its authors from the lobby of the House of Commons hereafter."

COURTESY OF COMBATANTS.

Emperor William Never Had an Idea That a Reconciliation Was Possible.

PARIS, March 15.—It was stated on the highest authority that the German Government drafted the long statement which appeared in a dispatch published from the London *Times'* Berlin correspondent, and claiming to represent the Emperor's reason for the Alsace-Lorraine decree. In this dispatch, it will be remembered, Emperor William was said to repudiate the idea that he had been misinformed as to the state of affairs caused by the Empress Frederick's sojourn in Paris, saying that the courtesy he sought to establish was merely that of combatants politely bowing before crossing swords, and that he never had any idea that reconciliation was possible.

But the Emperor is supposed to have added, from the moment that his action was interpreted as a sign of weakness by a handful of howling dervishes who succeeded in making a whole nation giddy, it was his duty to reassert the dignity of the German nation. "It was not the Emperor's business to look into the motives of these outbursts," the Emperor is alleged to have said in conclusion.

A FRIEND OF THE NORTH,

The Dying Prince the Strongest Intellect in the Bonaparte Family.

PARIS, March 15.—Hon. J. Bigelow, ex-United States Minister to France, in an interview to-day, said that Prince Jerome Napoleon, who is lying at the point of death at Rome, was "a good friend of the North." Mr. Bigelow added: "When the Imperial Court was leaning toward the South, Prince Jerome Napoleon exerted his utmost influence in our favor, and opposed the Mexican expedition. Prince Napoleon believed in the final success of the North. I remember that when he was residing at the Palais Royal the appointment of the French Minister to Washington was announced.

"He is no friend of yours," said Prince Napoleon, addressing some of the members of the diplomatic corps who had Southern sympathies.

"The Prince's influence was greatly weakened by his licentious habits, but undoubtedly his was the strongest intellect of the Bonaparte family. Having the Prince on my side, greatly strengthened me in the negotiations ending in the collapse of the Mexican enterprise."

BROKEN HEADS AT NEWRY.

The Police Called in to Protect an Anti-Parnell Gathering.

DUBLIN, March 15.—At an anti-Parnellite meeting held at Newry to-day there was a scene of great disorder, the Parnellites turning out in strong force and doing their utmost to break up the meeting. The disorder began when a series of resolutions denouncing Parnell in the strongest terms was put to the meeting. The resolutions were received by the Parnell men with hoots and groans and several personal encounters between opponents and supporters of Parnell took place in every direction. The police were frequently compelled to interfere and undertake the work of separating combatants, using their clubs freely.

Rev. Father McOscar, administrator to the Primate, preaching to-day, said that he had advised the Primate to refrain for the present from taking issue with Mr. Parnell, but that if the latter persisted in his present course the sacrament would be refused to his adherents.

TRADE WITH AMERICA.

Spain Has a Scheme of Her Own for a Treaty of Commerce.

MADRID, March 15.—The Ministers of Foreign and Colonial Affairs have drafted a scheme for a treaty of commerce with America in response to the Washington Government's proposals.

The scheme will be examined by Premier Del Costillo before being presented to Mr. Blaine. The Premier desires to expedite the negotiations.

FRANCE MAY HOLD ALOOF.

If Demands Are Refused She Will Not Take Part in the Fair.

PARIS, March 15.—The prompt appointment by the Chamber of Deputies of a committee to study the question of participation in the Chicago Exhibition must not be interpreted as meaning that France is overjoyed at receiving the invitation and that she will be represented at the World's Fair.

France's cordial acceptance of the United States' invitation only paves the way to a demand which, if not conceded, will perhaps result in France's absence from Chicago. In an interview recently with a prominent member of the committee, the gentleman referred to said: "Unless the United States Congress protects French trade-marks the Chamber is unlikely to grant much money. The question of trade-marks will be a great obstacle to the success of the interests in France."

NEW CHILEAN WARSHIPS.

The French Government Will Not Allow Them to Leave Toulon.

PARIS, March 15.—The French Government has acceded to the recent request of the Chilean revolutionists, who asked that the Chilean war ships just completed at Toulon, and destined for the service of President Balmaceda, should not be allowed to depart.

DEATH OF WINDTHORST.

A Memorable Letter From the Pope Praising His Many Virtues.

ROME, March 15.—The Pope on March 3, sent to Dr. Windthorst the grand cross of the Order of St. Gregory the Great, and yesterday he sent a memorial letter praising the piety, genius and virtues of the deceased leader.

TIME FOR RETALIATION.

SECRETARY RUSK SPEAKS HIS PIECE AGAINST GERMANY.

He Says We Have the Best Meat Inspection Law on Earth and That Discrimination Against the American Hog Must Cease —In Favor of Redress.

WASHINGTON, March 15. — Secretary Rusk was asked this evening what he thought of the statement said to have been made by Dr. Von Boetticher in the Reichstag on behalf of the German Government, to the effect that the new sanitary measures adopted in the United States were inadequate and, therefore, that the Government did not intend to rescind the prohibition placed upon the importation of American hog products. He replied:

"I can hardly believe that such a statement has been made, for it imparts wilful or pretended ignorance of the legislation now in force in this country providing for meat inspection. The last meat inspection law passed by Congress provides for the most thorough and complete system of inspection possible, and it will be more thorough than that now in force in any other country in the world. Not only cattle and hogs must be examined immediately prior to slaughter, but I have the power to cause post mortem examinations to be made, and in the case of swine, microscopic examination of all hog products, and every precaution that science can avail itself of to detect disease will be adopted.

"The certificate issued by this Government after such examination will guarantee that the animal from which the product came was free of disease. If an ante mortem examination and a microscopic examination after death will not satisfy the German Government of the purity of our hog products, then it is simply because they purposely propose not to be satisfied with any system of inspection. This Government has long and patiently suffered the imputation placed upon its meat products by foreign nations to exist under cover of just such pretexts as is said to have been made by Dr. Von Boetticher, but the time has about arrived when this unjust discrimination of prohibition against our meat products, and the false statements as to their purity, as the excuse for such prohibition, must cease.

"Such statements as are imputed to Dr. Von Boetticher will no longer be permitted to go unchallenged by this Government, and such redress as the laws of this country permit to be had should, in my judgment, be enforced."

A BOSTON MAN'S WILL.

It Is Found in an Old Pair of Trousers Picked Up in New York.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

NEW YORK, March 15.—Perry Ansorg found an old black pair of trousers in One Hundred and Sixteenth street, near Third avenue, and took them to the East One Hundred and Twenty-sixth street police station. He turned them over to the police, because he had found in the pockets the will of Michael Donlon, of Boston, and a bill of sale to Michael Donlon by the New England Trust Company of a plot of ground on Carolina avenue in a part of Boston which once was West Roxbury.

Donlon paid $411 13 for the land. He makes special bequests amounting to about $2,000 and leaves his residence on Franklin place and a double dwelling house on Washington street to his wife, Ann. The instrument bears Michael Donlon's mark and the stamp, "Registry of Probate, July 15, 1890." The Register's signature looks like George Foyal.

A DEMAND FOR LIGHT.

Even the Police on Butler Street Object to Darkness.

The citizens of the Eighteenth ward, who reside along Butler street beyond Fifty-first street, are in an indignant frame of mind at present and there is considerable talk of holding a meeting to give expression to their feelings. The cause of this indignation is the lack of light in that part of Butler street beyond Fifty-first street. They claim that Butler street below Fifty-first is well lighted by electric light, but that there are no lights beyond Fifty-first street to the Sharpsburg bridge.

The police in this unlighted district also complain that it is almost impossible to carefully watch their beats owing to the absence of lights. There will be a meeting Tuesday night to take action in the matter.

GONE TO CALIFORNIA.

The Golden State Divides Honors With Florida as a Winter Resort.

Quite a party left yesterday over the Union Pacific road for San Diego, expecting to return by way of San Francisco and Portland. They were Rev. W. F. Hamilton and wife, Washington; Miss Margaret Woods, Greensburg; Mrs. Beeson and daughter Jennie, and Mrs. General Bailey, of Uniontown.

The season at the Pacific coast watering places is at its height now, and almost as many Eastern people spend the winter in Southern California as in Florida. Those who can afford these luxuries and go somewhere every winter usually alternate between the East and West.

SUNK AT HER DOCK.

A British Steamer Goes to the Bottom in New York Harbor.

NEW YORK, March 15.—The British steamer Curlew sunk at pier 6, East river, in this city, to-day. One of the vessel's sea cocks on the side was left open, and water poured in until she went down. She is a small vessel, and was until recently employed in carrying mail from Nova Scotia ports to Newfoundland.

PERISHED IN THE FLAMES.

General E. B. Fowler's Brooklyn Residence Burned and His Son Loses His Life.

NEW YORK, March 15.—The residence of General E. B. Fowler in Brooklyn, was partly burned this morning and the General's son William, aged 22, perished in the flames.

The other members of the family were rescued with difficulty. The loss on the building and furniture amounts to $80,000.

THE PARNELL ENVOYS

Received by the Welcoming Committee Down New York Bay.

A FORMAL ADDRESS PRESENTED

To Which Mr. O'Kelly Replies on Behalf of the Delegates.

HE TALKS AT LENGTH ON THE SITUATION

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

NEW YORK, March 15.—The steamship Etruria, having on board the Irish M. P.'s who are delegates for Parnell, reached the bar late on Saturday and dropped anchor off Quarantine for the night. The committee which had arranged to receive the envoys went down the bay early this morning. When the committee boat ran up alongside the Etruria the envoys were not yet on deck. In response to loud calls, Mr. O'Connor soon made his appearance at the rail and was greeted with three cheers. As soon as possible Messrs. O'Kelly, Redmund and Harrison were taken aboard the boat. Dr. O'Neill, for the special committee, presented to the delegates the formal address of welcome. He said:

"We have heard of the secession from the National ranks of those who preferred the dictation of an English leader to the leadership of a fairly chosen, supremely well equipped, tried and unpurchasable Irish statesman. And we desire to say that in your representative capacity you are welcome to the affection of our hearts, the hospitality of our homes, and all the resources we can influence or command."

A Response of Thanks.

In response to this address, Mr. O'Kelly, for the delegates, thanked the committee for their cordial welcome. Continuing, he said: "The question in Ireland is not a personal question. It is the old contention of the right of Irishmen to rule in their own land in their own way. The men who are responsible for the present dissensions have sheltered themselves behind other issues. We have come here to explain the true issue. If we can explain to you fully the dangers of the situation and the benefits of your support, the struggle in Ireland will be short and decisive."

When seen later in the day, the statements which Mr. O'Kelly proceeded to make proved startlingly different from much of what had been received by cable. No McCarthy meetings are held in the large centers, he said; they are held only in out-of-the-way places and inside of chapels and other buildings. The opposition to Parnell in most of Ireland is very slight. What there is is in the smaller districts and much of it is due to local causes. There was always some opposition to Parnell, although Ireland, as a whole, was overwhelmingly in his favor, and there is little more opposition to him now than there has been. Some who formerly stood aloof are now numbered among his followers and there are enough of such to take the places of all who have abandoned his cause.

Effect of Ecclesiastical Thunder.

When asked as to the effect of the attitude of the priests, Mr. O'Kelly said that the ecclesiastical thunders "had only had effect on old men, who are preparing for the next world." In a general election," he continued, "the McCarthy party will lose nearly every seat which it at present controls, and will practically disappear. It will be swept out of the country."

When asked about the Paris reserve fund, Mr. O'Kelly said it was composed of money raised largely through Parnell and intended to be absolutely under his control. By his appointing McCarthy a trustee, however, he had blocked its use for the political purposes for which it was intended—the expenses of a general election, as neither he nor McCarthy would permit the other to get the benefit of it. Rather than have it lie idle, Mr. Parnell was willing to have it distributed, under proper safeguards, among the sufferers from eviction, but his propositions to have this distribution made by a committee composed of one of each side had not been accepted.

The Parnellites will hold a meeting in the Cooper Union on Monday night. They may quit the city at the end of the week, but will continue to consider it their headquarters. They will have to divide up in order to meet their various country engagements. They expect to visit nearly all the larger cities in this country and Canada. They will probably spend the entire summer here.

THE CONNECTICUT MUDDLE.

House Republicans Have a Programme of Action Arranged.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

HARTFORD, March 15.—Chairman Benton, of the Republican State Central Committee, said late to-day that the House would pass the Judson bill Tuesday and then send it to the Senate, after which they would take a recess for two weeks. He had no faith that the Senate would concur in the Judson bill, which confers upon the Superior Court the power to decide who is Governor of Connecticut, but he had a faint hope that such might be the action of the Senate. If, during the two weeks' recess, the House will take on Tuesday, the Senate does not accept the Judson bill, or some other practically similar method of settlement, the House will pass all bills which seem to be necessary and will adjourn sine die.

Inquiry among most of the Democratic Senators, who are in the majority, indicates that the Judson bill will be rejected. The Senate will adhere to the original determination to do nothing until all the Democratic State officers are seated. Should the Legislature adjourn without filling any of the many vacancies in the several civil and criminal courts of the State the greatest confusion will ensue.

A WEDDING MARRED.

The Groom Charged With Bigamy Flies From the Marriage Supper.

OTTAWA, March 15.—Fred W. Hall, of Cleveland, O., and Miss Katie Warren, of this city, were married here last night. After the ceremony the bride and groom and invited guests sat down to a wedding supper in the house of the bride's father. The merriment had reached its full sway when a friend of the young lady beckoned to the groom to come to the door of the room. Hall immediately grew white and replied nervously:

"Is it me you want?"

Hall went out, and was then and there charged with having a wife and family in England. After some hesitation, Hall admitted that he had been married, but claimed that he had been divorced from his wife. The matter becoming known, the greatest excitement prevailed, and in the midst of it, after the newly-made bride had given back the wedding ring, Hall disappeared and has not since been seen. It is supposed that he left for Cleveland on the night train. Steps will at once be taken to have the marriage annulled.

BUYING ARTILLERY MULES.

The Guatemalan Government Is Getting Ready for the Worst.

GALVESTON, TEX., March 15.—The Guatemalan Government is buying artillery mules here. Guatemalan dispatches say there is no reason to talk of war, though Salvador is showing distrust of the other Central American States.

President Barillas is stimulating agriculture and commerce as a sure preventive of war.

DIED.

MULLEN—On Monday, March 16, 1891, at 1:35 A. M., at his residence, corner Bedford avenue and Schafer street, Thirteenth ward, Pittsburg, JAMES MULLEN, aged 60 years.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

ITALY IN ARMS.

[Continued From First Page.]

to Italy. The question is an international one.

The newspaper expresses the hope that the Italian foreign office will do its duty.

A VERY BITTER FEELING

Among the Sons of Italy Resident in Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, March 15.—There was considerable excitement here to-day in Italian quarters. Large numbers of Italians gathered during the day at the office of the Italian Consul, where they had translated to them the newspaper accounts of the New Orleans tragedy. They were bitter in their denunciation of the affair.

Consul Jerome Fedeli received several telegrams, one from the Consul at New Orleans, the contents of which he declined to reveal, and one from Carlo Barsotti, New York, editor of *Il Progresso Italo Americano*, asking for a statement of the feeling among Italians and Americans regarding the tragedy. He replied that the Italians were a unit in demanding that the Italian Government take immediate cognizance of the affair, and that the American Government be made to make suitable reparation.

CAPITALISTIC ANARCHISM.

That Is What the Chicago Socialists Term the New Orleans Outbreak.

CHICAGO, March 15.—At the meeting of the Trades and Labor Assembly this afternoon Tommy Morgan, Socialist candidate for Mayor, offered a resolution, which, after being discussed for three hours, was finally adopted. The preamble recites that laws have been enacted for the most severe punishment for all acts of violence committed by outraged labor, and whereas yesterday in the city of New Orleans prominent professional, business and public men, openly and deliberately organized a mob around them, and with their co-operation murdered 11 unarmed defenseless prisoners in the jail of that city, therefore be it

Resolved, That this body demands that the same principles and laws that have been strictly enforced on the working people be now enforced on these murderers, for the reason that if capitalistic anarchism be not prevented by the severest punishment, the ruling class in this case will practically be above the law, and the discontented laboring classes subjected to some kind of capitalistic anarchism.

THE ROOT OF THE EVIL.

The London News Thinks Corruption Is at the Bottom of It All.

LONDON, March 15.—The *News* commenting on the lynching of the Italians at New Orleans, says:

Italy's indignation is shared by the whole civilized world. In nearly all such cases in America the disease, corruption, is at the root of the evil. The Americans are at once the most patient and the most impatient of people in the world. When they have grown tired of any grievance they move to their revenge with the swiftness of a hawk. The people of New Orleans could have soon discovered which of the jurymen in the Italian trial had fingered the murderers' gold, and it would be better to keep the jail intact for them.

IMMEDIATE ACTION URGED

To Secure Reparation From the United States Government.

MILWAUKEE, March 15. — There are about 500 Italians in this city, and at several important gatherings to-day the New Orleans murders were vigorously denounced. Telegrams were sent to Washington and New York demanding that immediate action be taken to secure reparation.

DISGRACE TO THE COUNTRY.

Signor Breganze to Bring the Matter Up in Parliament.

ROME, March 15.—The *Riforma* denounces the New Orleans lynching as an outrage, and says it is a disgrace to the United States that such acts are possible within its borders.

Signor Breganze will interpellate the Government in Parliament regarding the affair.

ANOTHER SYRACUSE FIRE.

A Woman Believed to Have Lost Her Life in the McLennan Flats.

SYRACUSE, March 15.—At 5 o'clock this morning before the firemen had left the scene of the disasters of the previous day fire broke out in the St. James' Episcopal Church in this city, and having destroyed the structure, spread to and destroyed the McLennan flats next adjoining, owned by P. B. McLennan. The Misses Curtin, two sisters living in the flats, were taken down on ladders after all other avenues of escape had been cut off. It is believed one woman was burned up.

The Standard Watch Company occupied the whole ground floor of the McLennan building, and their loss is a heavy one, amounting to between $25,000 and $40,000. The McLennan block was built about three years ago. It was valued at about $30,000 and was insured for $18,000. The superstructure of the church cost about $9,000 and the building and furnishings were insured for $8,000. It is estimated that loss by fire in Syracuse in the last 24 hours will aggregate over $1,000,000.

BETTING ON HIS LIFE.

An Instance Showing the Extent to Which Gambling Will Carry a Man.

A few years ago a shooting occurred in a Los Vegas saloon. One man got three bullets in his body and lay groaning on the floor. One glance showed that his moments were numbered.

His breath came in quick, convulsive gasps, and at times he moaned with pain, as a friend bent over him and endeavored to stanch the wounds.

Gambling was at its height in Los Vegas at this time, and in the midst of this scene a gambler sprang upon a faro table and shouted: "I'll bet $50 to $40 that man dies within five minutes." No one responded, but the offer drew no remonstrance from the crowd.

THE LATEST IN ADVERTISING.

English People Deluged With Recommendations on Postal Cards.

A new method of advertising is being tentatively adopted in England. It would seem to consist in sending post cards recommending a particular play, book or picture, and as this recommendation is pretty likely to meet not only the eye of the person to whom it is addressed, but also those of the postman and servant, through whose hands it passes, the scheme seems likely to prove a successful one.

A gentleman writes to the *Times* to say that he has received the following letter: "Do go to the ——— Theater; both plays are most excellent and entertaining. We thought that you might like to know—February 20, 1891."

DEATH OF FRANK FEHR,

The Well-Known Louisville Brewer, Noted for His Liberality.

LOUISVILLE, March 15.—Frank Fehr, owner of the City Brewery, and one of the wealthiest men in the city, died here to-day. He was taken with pneumonia about ten days ago, and this complicated with diabetes resulted fatally this morning.

He was a native of Alsace, but had lived here 27 years. He rose from obscurity by force of inventive genius and executive ability. He was noted for liberality to his employes, and a few years ago took a number of them into partnership with him.

SPECIAL TO LET LISTS TO-DAY.

EXPERTS OF THE CUE.

Eastern Players Arrive to Take Part in the Tournament.

SOME POINTERS BY M'LAUGHLIN.

President J. P. O'Neill States He Will Not Favor Galvin's Release.

GENERAL SPORTING NEWS OF THE DAY

Messrs. McLaughlin, Burris and Cline, the Philadelphia billiard players, arrived at the Monongahela House yesterday morning, and are all in fine form to participate in the billiard tournament, which begins in the Central Rink this evening. It had been expected that the first game would be played this afternoon, but so many alterations are to be made in the interior of the rink that the work will not be finished until supper time. The tournament, therefore, will not start until 8 o'clock this evening, when Messrs. Cline, of Philadelphia, and Bushart, of Pittsburg, will be the contestants.

The three visitors are excellent gentlemen. None of them have played in this city before, but they all have heard about the popularity of the game in Pittsburg. During a conversation Champion McLaughlin said: "Mr. Schaefer told me recently in Chicago that Pittsburg is a fine city for a billiard player to visit and I won't be surprised if there is a national or international tournament here before this year passes by. Of course, billiard playing is becoming more popular all over the country, but it is becoming very much so in Pittsburg. The recent Chicago tournament was a good one and Carter played extremely well."

"Do you think Ives can defeat Carter?" was asked.

"Well, that is not a very nice question for me to answer. They are both great players. Sometimes Carter's playing cannot be beaten, and sometimes he plays very, very badly. Ives is a regular player and a brilliant one. I am not prepared to say who is the better man between them. But I would like to see a tournament in which Ives, Carter, Schaefer and Slosson took part. That would be a great event."

Regarding the local tournament, Mr. McLaughlin said: "I think the tournament will be a success, as we are all in good form, and each of us, of course, wants to win. The 14-inch balk line is a great game and tests one's skill. But I have found that the atmosphere has much to do with the quality of the playing. If the atmosphere is very changeable the play will be bad, and if the atmosphere is good and steady there will be some good playing."

Messrs. Burris and Cline stated they were pleased to visit Pittsburg, as they had heard so much about it. They expect the tourney will be a great one. Burris is quite young and is looked upon as a coming star among the experts of the cue.

Mr. Meyers has decided to only announce the names of the contestants for the current day, that is, the players who will compete against each other to-morrow will be announced in to-morrow's paper, and so on during the week. The game this evening is expected to be an entertaining one as it will be Pittsburg against Philadelphia. It is only fair to state that Mr. Bushart, the local man, has not had as much practice at the game as he ought to have had, and the same may be said of Mr. Walker. Mr. Lew Shaw, of Cleveland, will be referee, and Mrs. Shaw, the famous lady billiardist, will also be present at the contest. During the week Mr. McLaughlin will likely practice at the Davis' billiard rooms.

JAKE MEANS BUSINESS.

The Champion Billiard Player Talks Very Plainly to George Slosson.

CINCINNATI, March 15.—Jake Schaefer, the champion billiardist, has authorized the following statements:

That he will go to New York to play Slosson for the championship of the world provided $250 are allowed for expenses. That if Slosson is unwilling to allow expenses, Schaefer will go to New York and play Slosson a match game for from $1,000 to $5,000, the winner to take everything and pay all expenses. That he will also play in a tournament, provided that there are no less than four entries, $250 to be the entrance fee, the winner to take as a prize, besides all the money, the emblem representing the championship of the world which Schaefer now holds. That he has deposited $100 forfeit with the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company to make a match for Frank Ives to play Slosson a 14-inch balk line game, from 500 to 800 points, for $500 a side, the game to take place in New York within from 30 to 60 days.

M'ALEER'S MOVEMENTS.

Reasons Why He Goes to Cleveland Instead of to St. Louis.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

YOUNGSTOWN, March 15.—By reason of certain matters transpiring the past week the fact of Jimmie McAleer, the center fielder, signing with the Cleveland League club last night occasions little surprise. While with the Cleveland Players' last season he signed a personal contract with Al Johnson for three years. When Johnson purchased the Cincinnati club, McAleer thought it proper that he should go into the Association and he went to Pittsburg and signed a St. Louis contract.

When Johnson retired from the business McAleer concluded that this released him and so wrote Von der Ahe, and then went to Cleveland and signed with the League. He is in excellent condition, having taken the best of care of himself during the winter.

Old Sport Galvin.

Various rumors are current to the effect that "Old Sport" Galvin is to be released by the local club. If a recent statement made by President O'Neill is to be believed there is no truth in the rumors. A few days ago Mr. O'Neill stated emphatically that Galvin would be on the team. If any of the officials are desirous of getting rid of Jimmy they should remember that he is one of the most popular players in Pittsburg. It is also reasonable to expect that the "young man" will be quite able to hold his own during the season. But it is almost time that something was being done toward getting a local team arranged.

Menkin's Body to Be Sent Home.

Yesterday a son of Charles J. Menkin, who died on Saturday at the Red Lion Hotel, arrived in the city to take charge of the remains of his father. The body of the deceased will be shipped to-day by Funeral Director George A. Smith to Cleveland, O., for interment, and the expense will be borne by the Duquesne Kennel Club, of this city, Mr. Menkin having come here to exhibit his dogs at their show.

Sporting Notes.

THERE is a good picture of Fred Carroll in this week's *Sporting Times*.

JOE MCAULIFFE wants to fight Kilrain and the latter wants to fight anybody.

BUCKLEY has not yet signed with the New York club, but is expected to do so in a few days.

PUBLIC opinion seems to favor the action of Al Johnson in selling out his baseball interests.

This time last year Joe Mulvey had $1,250 that did not belong to him. And now—he is still keeping it.—*Sporting Times*.

THERE are over 900 horses entered in the stakes of the Washington Park Club to be run at the coming summer meeting.

HENRY GEORGE, while traveling for the benefit of his health in Bermuda, has become a devotee of the wheel, and finds that it is a health-giving recreation.

AND the wind didn't blow through his whiskers; I refer to J. Palmer O'Neill's. Not this time. It just caromed off and went around. Mr. O'Neill's whiskers are very dense.—*O. P. Caylor*.

THE final deposit in the wrestling match between the unknown and Harlam is due at this office this evening at 5 o'clock. If the parties can meet this afternoon it will be more convenient.

KING THOMAS is the latest candidate touted to win the Brooklyn or Suburban, or both. He will be no longer remembered as a $40,000 yearling that never won a race than he would be were he to leave the maiden class. A $40,000 horse that could win a race would be no freak.

CAL MCCARTHY has resumed training for his battle with George Dixon at Troy on the 26th inst. He has not been out of condition since he trained for the meeting on February 5, as he anticipated that they would soon be brought together, despite the several disappointments. He is a few pounds over weight, but will be down to the limit on the day of the meeting.

AT Louisville, Ky., on Tuesday, Judge Thompson rendered a decision in the celebrated pool-room cases. He holds that horse-racing is not a game of chance, and that pool-rooms cannot be prosecuted under the gambling laws, and therefore dismissed the defendants, who are the proprietors of the five pool-rooms in that city. An appeal will be made.

SPEAKING of Guy Hecker, the veteran, Henry Chadwick says: "The renowned pitcher and first baseman of the Louisvilles, of 1889, and the Pittsburgs, of 1890, holds a record which is not likely to be beaten in a hurry. It is that of playing in two consecutive seasons on the two worst beaten teams of the League and American Association. He saw the Louisville team whipped in 111 games in 1889, and the Pittsburgs in 113 games in 1890.

YOUNG LAMAR'S death and his famous run to victory at the Yale-Princeton football game of 1885 suggest another incident illustrative of college life. While Lamar was making the fastest run of his life for that Yale goal his cap flew off. Lamar never missed it, and, in fact, never saw it again. It became Yale property, for Wurtemberg, then a Yale substitute, picked it up after the game as a great prize. Lamar's cap became a sort of a Yale mascot, and Wurtemberg wore it during his football career. He had it when he made the one touchdown for Yale in the Harvard-Yale game of 1889 in Springfield. Yale won by a score of 6 to 0. Thus Lamar's dingy cap has a history hard to parallel. The chances are that it is still worn each year by some Yale player.

THE WEATHER.

FOR WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA AND WEST VIRGINIA: FAIR, EXCEPT LIGHT RAIN OR SNOW ON THE COAST. WARMER, SOUTHERLY WINDS.

FOR OHIO: GENERALLY FAIR, COOLER MONDAY NIGHT, VARIABLE WINDS.

SPECIAL WEATHER BULLETIN.

Montana and the Dakotas About the Warmest Spots Now.

[PREPARED FOR THE DISPATCH.]

The high pressure occupied all the country east of the Mississippi river yesterday, with the center of the cold wave over the Middle Atlantic States and fast working off the coast. From Georgia to Maine the temperature was from 10° to 20° below the freezing point, and it was about at freezing in the Ohio and Mississippi valleys. It was decidedly warm west of the Mississippi. The temperature of Montana and the Dakotas was between 35° and 40°, equaling that of the South Atlantic States. To-day promises to be fair and warmer; Tuesday, threatening, rainy and warmer.

River Telegrams.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAMS TO THE DISPATCH.]

MORGANTOWN—River 8 feet 2 inches and falling. Cloudy. Thermometer, 39° at 4 P. M.

WARREN—River 4.8 feet and falling. Fair and cold.

CINCINNATI—River 41 feet 7½ inches and rising. Cloudy.

LOUISVILLE — River falling; 19 feet in canal, 16 feet 8 inches at falls, and 44 feet at locks.

OLD COUPLE BURNED TO DEATH.

Their Screams Startled a Passer, but Too Late for a Rescue.

ROCKFORD, ILL, March 15.—Owen Garry and his wife, aged people, were burned to death in their home this morning. It is supposed the woman got up and struck a match to get a drink, and in so doing set fire to the bedclothes.

Their screams were heard by a stranger passing the house, but before a rescue could be effected both were dead and horribly burned.

SUNDAY'S SAD TRIO.

One Man Crushed and Two Others Fall on the Ice.

Only three accidents were reported in the two cities yesterday. One was fatal. Here's the list:

HAMILTON—About noon yesterday Thomas Hamilton, 24 years of age, was instantly killed by being caught in the elevator shaft at Jones & Laughlin's furnace at Frankstown. He was a married man and lived with his wife on Bigelow street, Twenty-third ward. An inquest will be held to-day.

LODER—Officer Frank Loder fell on the ice on Butler street yesterday and broke his leg.

MILLER—While walking on Twelfth street yesterday morning James Miller fell and broke his right leg.

JOE M'MASTERS GONE AGAIN.

**Two Young Allegheny Boys Skip Sil