BUYERS AND RENTER

LOOK FOR BARGAINS

IN THE EVERY MORNING DISPATCH.

THREE CENTS.

ROUSED UP BY REED.

FORTY-SIXTH · YEAR.

The Big Speaker the Cause of a Lively Session of the Legislature.

A PARTISAN RESOLUTION

Indorsing the Policy of the Maine Man Offered With the Idea of Drawing the Lines.

DEMOCRATS DRAGGED IN CAMERON

And Wanted His Action on the Force Bill Approved, but the Republicans All Held Tegether.

UPPERMAN ON THE MOTOR CAR SCHEME.

The Anti-Discrimination Measure to Receive Another Heaving at the Hands of the Committee Which Shelved It,

A SURPRISE FOR MERCER TEMPERANCE PROPLE

PROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.1 HARRISBURG, March 9 .- The "Czar" from Maine was the innocent cause of a flurry in the House to-night, and brought both Republicans and Democrats in solid phalanx under the party banners. A dull session had been anticipated, but Mr. Seyfert, ordinarily a very retiring member from Lancaster county, threw a firebrand into the Democratic camp which made things lively. It was in the shape of the following resolu-

Maine, Speaker of the Fifty-first Congress, by his ruling on the formation of a quorum, made vital the principle that Representatives in Congress were elected to transact and not obstruct, delay and prevent the legislative affairs of the nation and by his courage and firmness in enforcing his ruling, secured the passage of important and necessary measures; therefore,

A Boom for the Big Speaker. Resolved. That the House of Representatives heartily indorses the action of Speaker Reed and commends his course to be wise, statesmanlike and patriotic and deserving the thanks of the people.

A roar went up from the Democratic side, and Captain Skinner was instantly on his feet, moving to amend by the insertion of a clause indorsing the course of Scuator Cameron in voting for free silver and against the rule to close debate in the Senate.

Speaker Thompson promptly decided the amendment not germane and out of order. Mr. Ritter, of Lycoming, deprecated wasting time with such folly, and moved that the resolution be laid on the table. A division was called for, and the motion lost by a strict party vote of 79 to 56, the Republicans applauding the result vigorously. The Amendment Offered by a Democrat.

Mr. Gillan, a Democrat from Franklin county, moved to amend by striking out the commendatory clause of the resolution and inserting the words "do most earnestly condemn Speaker Reed's action as being arbitrary and revolutionary," At this the Re-publican side jeered loudty, prompting the veteran Tewksbury to shout that "he laughs best who laughs last." The yeas and navs were called and Mr. Gillan's amendment voted down by a party vote of 86 to 55.

Mr. Ritter moved to amend by making the resolution read that the Republican members of this House "approved Mr. Reed's course," but Mr. Brooks raised the point of order tpat the Republican members were only part of the House and consequently could not take such action. The the vote recurred on the original resolution. The parties again aligned themselves, and it was adopted by a vote of 84 to 53. Mr. Skinner then returned to the fray and offered the following:

Cameron and the Force Bill.

RESOLVED. That the course of our senior United States Senator in aiding to defeat the Federal elections bill merits the cordial and most hearty approval of this House.

Mr. Brooks at once moved that the second reading and further consideration of this resolution be refused. The year and nays A Measure That Will Probably Aron were again called, and the motion carried by another party vote of 79 to 54, which ended the matter. There was no debate at any time upon the subject matter of the resolution or upon the amendments. It was simply a test of party feeling and fealty.

After it had been disposed of, several Republicans expressed their gratification that it had come up, giving as their reason the fact that while the Democrats had been practically acting as a unit on all questions, the Republicans had been going haphazard, and After it had been disposed of, several Re-Republicans had been going haphazard, and that it was time they were bracing up and getting together on something.

HENRY HALL.

AGAINST THE BAINS BILL.

Why Some of the Insurance Companies Are

Opposed to Its Provisions. PROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT, I HARRISBURG, March 9.-The title insurance upanies are up in arms against the Bains providing for the accumulation by them of a reserve fund for the net profits to be invested for the protection of policy holders until the fund so accumulated shall amoust to 1 per cent of the sum insured by all the policies in

It was reported favorably from the Insurance mittee, but was recommitted to-night on on of Mr. Baker. It is said that the secret of much of the opposition lies in the fact that many of the Philadelphia companies are based upon a very insecure foundation, and that the work supposed to be done by them, and upor which they issue their policies, is in reality done by the other companies.

TO REVISE THE MINE LAWS.

Commissioners for the Anthracite and Bi minous Regions Appointed.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 HARRISBURG, March 9.-In the Senate to night a message was received from the Governor announcing the appointment of the fol-lowing commission to revise and amend the an-bitracite mine and ventilation laws: Miners—Martin McCormick (at large), Lackawanna: John P. Kearney, Archibald, First district; Michael J. Gibbens, Smithville, Lu-merne county, Second district; Edward Will-

iams, Peeley, Luzerne, Third district; Anthony Reilly, Hazieton, Fourth district; William B. Dowline, Shenandoah, Fifth district; Patrick F. Brennore, Girardville, Sixth district; Patrick H. Devers, Wingswells, Swarth district; Patrick H. Devers,

district: Fatrick F. Brennore, Gratuville, Sixth district; Patrick H. Devers,
Minersville, Seventh district, Coal OperatorsLewis A. Riley, Philadelphia, Thomas M.
Righter, Mt. Carmel, and William Connell,
Scranton. Mining Engineers—John R. Hoffman, Pottsville, and John F. Snyder, Scranton.
Mine Inspectors—Samuel Gay, of Pottsville,
and Hugh McDonald, Luzerne.

The, Governor also sent the following names
of members of the commission to revise
and amend the bituminous and mine ventilation laws: First district, Andrew
Hunt, Elizabeth, Allegheny county: Second, Edward Bell; Robbins station,
Westmoreland; Third—Robert S. Sindden,
Jackson Center, Mercer; Fourth—O. R. Wilson, Blossburg, Tioga; Fifth—John Kirk,
Uniontown, Fayette; Sixth—James E. W.
Kilduff, Gallitzen, Cambria; Seventh—William
Barker, Joint, Allegheny; Eighth—John
Baird, Phillipsburg, Center.

THE MOTOR COMPANIES.

HOW THEY MAY CONSOLIDATE UNDER THE BILL OF MR. CROUSE.

The Capital Stock of the New Corporation Not to Exceed the Aggregate of Those Merged-Stockholders Must Ratify Any Such Agreement.

IFROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.1 HARRISBURG, March 9 .- Senator Upperman to-night produced the bill introduced by Senator Crouse for the consolidation of motor companies. He was quite indignant at the charge of having carried the bill away for the purpose of concealment, and denied his brother, who has been to Pau, it emphatically.

The bill provides that any two or more incorporated motor companies may merge and consolidate in the following manner: The President and Secretary of each company may, when authorized by its Board of Directors, enter into a joint agreement under their corporate seals for such merger or consolida-tion, prescribing the terms and conditions thereof, the mode of carrying it into effect, the name of the new corporation, number of shares of capital stock, the amount or par value of of capital stock, the amount or par value of each and the manner of converting the capital stock of each corporation into that of the new corporation, but the capital stock of the new corporation shall not exceed in amount the aggregate amount of the par value of the capital stock of the companies merged or consolidated. This agreement shall be submitted to the stock-holders of the careal convenies at a specific agreement shall be submitted to the stockholders of the several companies at a special
meeting for the purpose, and a vote taken by
ballot for its adoption or rejection, each share
of stock entitling the holder to one vote by
person or proxy, and if two-thirds of all the
votes of all the stockholders of the several
companies are cast for its adoption, a certified
copy of the agreement shall be filed in the
office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth,
and shall be deemed and taken as their act
and agreement of consolidation and be evidence of the existence of such corporation, and
the several companies parties thereto shall be the several companies parties thereto shall be

All rights, powers, privileges and franchises of the several companies shall bring to the new corporation, subject to all their restrictions, liabilities and duties, and all property, rights of way, debts due them shall be deemed transferred to it and the title to real extra transferred to it, and the title to real estate vested in any of them shall not be deemed to

rested in any of them shall not be deemed to revert or be impaired.

All rights of creditors and liens upon the property of any of the companies shall be preserved unumpaired, and they shall be deemed to continue in existence so far as is necessary to preserve them, and all debts, inbilities and duties of either of them shall attach to the new corporation, and be enforced against it to the same extent as if they had been incurred or contracted by it.

FOUR NEW MEASURES.

enator Robinson Doesn't Want Candidate Solicited for Favors.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. HARRISBURG, March 9.-In the House to night bills were introduced as follows: By Beatty, Fayette, providing for the punishgree or false certificate of sale. By Morrow, Indiana, to enable any township which surrounds or immediately adjoins any borough, to hold all elections authorized by law within the corporate limits of such borough. In the Senate Mr. Robinson, Delaware, in-troduced a bill to prohibit and restrain solicitatroduced a bill to prohibit and restrain solicita-tion of candidates for office to buy tickets, or any other valuable thing, or subscribe for char-

table objects or organizations, describing offense, corrupt solicitation and providing for a fine not exceeding \$250, or impresonment of not more than three months, or both, at discretion of the Court. Mr. Penrose, Philadelphia, introduced a bill to authorize married women to organize corporations and elect officers thereof. Neeb's bill to allow poolselling at agricultura airs, etc., and to encourage the breeding one animals was reported favorably.

A PERSONAL EXPLANATION.

Mr. Johnson Says No Unfair Advantage Was Taken on the Scanor Bill. TEROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT,]

HARRISBURG, March 8.-Mr. Johnson, o' Cameron, Chairman of the Judiciary General Committee, rose to a question of privilege to night, and positively denied that any unfair advantage had been taken in the committee's action on Mr. Seanor's anti-discrimination bill The committee was composed of gentlemen who would not stoop to take advantage of any Speaker decided the point well taken, and one. The meeting had been called at the re quest and solicitation of Mr. Seanor himsel quest and solicitation of Mr. Seanor himself, who had said he would see the friends of the bill and have them present. There was a quorum present when the bill was acted upon, and the committee's action had been regular in every respect. To remove any cause for complaint, if Mr. Seanor made a motion to recompany the bill he result seanor did not for the committee of the seanor made a motion to recompany the bill he result seanor did not for the seanor made a motion to recommit the bill he result seanor did not seanor made a motion to recommit the bill he result seanor did not seanor made a motion to recommit the bill he result seanor did not seanor made a motion to recommit the bill he result seanor did not seanor made a motion to recommit the bill he results and the seanor made a motion to recommit the bill he results and the seanor made a motion to recommit the bill he results and the seanor made a motion to recommit the bill he results and the seanor made a motion to recommit the bill he results and the seanor made a motion to recommit the bill he results and the seanor made a motion to recommit the bill he results and the seanor made a motion to recommit the bill he results and the seanor made a motion to recommit the seanor made a motion the se planet, if Mr. Seanor made a motion to recom-mit the bill he would second it, and fix such a time for further hearing as its friends might desire. Mr. Seanor thereupon made the motion, and the bill was recommitted. A bear-ing is now fixed for Wednesday afternoon at 2 welcock.

TEMPERANCE IN MERCER.

Great Opposition in That County. [FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.] HARRISBURG, March 9.-A bill likely t cause commotion among the temperance people of Mercer county has been introduced by Mr Hines, one of its Representatives. It repeals the special act of 1871 relative to the granting

BENEVOLENT INSURANCE.

Representatives From the Strong Secr Orders to Fight the Mushrooms.

(FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.) HARRISBURG, March 9,-Grand Master George Maloney, of Franklin: Grand Secretary J. M. McNair and Past Grand Master W. R. Ford. of Pittsburg, representing the A. O. U. W.: S. A. Will, of Pittsburg, Grand Archon of the Heptasopis, and other representatives of fraternal societies from Philadelphia and elsewhere will appear before the House Insurance Committee on Thursday evening in favor of the bill introduced in the Senate by Mr. Porter and in the House by Mr. Cotton relative to

WOMAN'S KINDLY HEART.

A Delegation From Philadelphia Argue Against Senator Thomas' Bill. [FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

HARRISBURG, March 9.-A delegation of senting the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, were here to-day in opposition to Senator Thomas' bill providing that street car drivers when driving horses unfit for street car drivers when driving horses until for work shall not be subject to arrest until ar-rival at the end of their trip.

Mrs. Richard White, President of the East-ern branch of the society, and Mrs. Lovell, State Superintendent of Legislative Work of the W. C. T. U., were especially urgent in their opposition to the measure, and labored with a vigor that somewhat amazed the grave and rov-erend Senators.

The West Penn Hospital. (FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. 1

HARRISBURG, March 9.- J. H. McCreery, ex-

Recorder Graham and Superintendent Cowan, of the West Penn Hospital, are here to urge the Appropriations Committee to report favorably the bill appropriating funds for that institution. T. J. Keenan, Jr., is here on a similar errand for the Newsboys' Home.

THE PRINTING FOR COUNTIES.

A Measure Providing for Publication in Leading Newspapers.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. HARRISBURG, March 9.-Mr. Finley, of Washington, introduced a bill to-night relative to the publication of all notices and advertisements required to be published by or on behalf of the counties. It provides that they shall be published in not less than two nor more than five papers, one of which may be in a language other than English, and one of which shall be of the leading minority political party. The county commissioners, in the first week of January each year, shall designate the papers in which such publication shall be made.

RAY HAMILTON IS DEAD.

SO DECIDES SURROGATE RANSOM, AND HIS WILL IS ADMITTED.

The Report of the Commission Sent to France Submitted to the Court-Schuyler Hamilton Satisfied With the Proofs

PERCHAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. ilton was legally declared dead by Surrogate Ransom to-day, and his will was admitted to probate. Schuyler Hamilton,

named in the will, and Colonel G. E. P. Howard, one of the commissioners who went to Idaho to get evidence of the death.

Schuyler Hamilton was first on the stand. He testified that he was satisfied from what Dr. Green had told him, that the body found in Snake river was that of his brother. The watch which was found on the body he identified as the watch he knew his brother had carried. Gilbert M. Spier next testified that the watch was the watch that Dr. Green had given to him. Colonel Howard explained why he had not got the evidence of John B. Sargent, Robert Ray Hamilton's partner in the ranch business. The commissioners, he

A MAN WITH A HISTORY

The Ex-Commander of the Czar's Body-Guard Dies in a Hospital. PHILADELPHIA, March 9 .- There died in the Philadelphia Hospital yesterday a man with a history—Matthew Zaleskevicz—a Russian refugee. He was born in Kostronia, near Moscow 50 years ago, and, entering the army, rose rapidly until he became commander of the body guard of the Czar, the present ruler's father. He then resigned to undertake commercial pursuits, and soon became one of the leading grain merchants of the Russias and obtained much renown as a philanthropist.

Through the malignity of a discharged servant a charge of collusion with the Nihilists was brought against him. His immense estates were confiscated and he was thrown into prison. His excellent military record saved him from being sent to Siberia, and after suffering four years of solitary confinement he escaped and made his way to Odessa. From there he was carried in a sailing vessel to a Mediterranean port, and then made his way to London, where, for a time, he worked as a laborer. Friends in this country induced him to come to America, and he arrived in New York December lass. The rigorous winter proved too much for a father. He then resigned to undertake com-The rigorous winter proved too much for a broken-down constitution. Three weeks ago he came to Philadelphia and, his ailment increasing, he finally drifted penniless and hopeless to the Philadelphia Hospital, where yesterday he died

tived by an almost unanimous vote. The second overture was negatived by a vote of 30

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. BANGOR, March 9.-The most exciting mu nicipal campaign which Bangor has known for many years culminated to-day in an election, the result of which is a complete surprise to everybody, except the best informed of the politicians. Joseph E. Snow was elected Mayor by the Democrats by 374 majority, he having 1951 votes against 1,445 for F. O. Beal, Republican, and 132 for George H. Fox, Prohibitioniet

The city is usually kepuolican by from 300 to 700 majority. One great issue in the fight was the railroad question. Mr. Snow is a solid bus-iness man and very kindly disposed toward the Bangor and Aroostook road. Mr. Beal, who was once a Maine Central conductor, is known to have been hand in glove with the officials of

FROM PREACHER TO LAWYER,

terial Work Distasteful. EFECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH NEW YORK, March 9.- Nearly all of the large ongregation of the Lee Avenue Congregational Church in Brooklyn were surprised on Rev. Dr. Henry A. Powell announced briefly that he had determined to retire from the min-

TRICHINOSIS IN IOWA

More Are Looked For. IDA GROVE, IA., March 9 .- The epidemic o trichinosis in the German settlement continues and two more deaths have occurred, making five deaths in all. Several new cases have developed and two more deaths are feared.
Advices from Washington say that an investigation will be made by the Bureau of Animal Industry to prevent further infection of the swine in this locality.

The Body of a Watchman Found in the Ruins of a Foundry.

Lyons, IA., March 9.— Taylor Brothers' foundry and machine shop burned here at an early hour this morning. Loss, \$6,000; insurance, \$3,200.

The body of the watchman, T. L. Taggert, has been found, face downward, in the ruins, Foul play is suspected.

PITTSBURG. TUESDAY. MARCH 10. END OF A DEADLOCK.

Streeter Has Made Too Many Promises to Get the Senatorship, and

GEN. PALMER WILL PROBABLY WIN

Lead the Break To-Day.

This is the general opinion of Republicans

and Democrats alike. Either Streeter or

Palmer will be elected within the next 24

grown tired of the fight, and say they are

going to settle it also. It certainly rests

in their hands. Both of them have been

receiving petitions from their constituents

asking them to drop Streeter and vote for

It looks very much as though Streeter is

done for. Senator Evans, of Aurora, leader

of the anti-Streeter Republicans, is largely

responsible. It seems that Streeter, in his

last conference with the three F. M. B. A.

men, gave a forecast of the speech he pro-

posed to make when elected. In it he made vital concessions to the Republican party,

saying he would upon all questions not essential to the principles of the F. M. B. A.

Streeter Is Entirely Too Willing.

Moore and Cockrell objected and Streeter

promised to amend his speech in accordance

with their wishes and to conclude it with

the assertion that he would consider himself

independent and a true representative of

the F. M. B. A. party. Senator Evens, it

is stated, had a long conference with Cock-rell in Chicago Saturday. He stated to

Cockrell that he (Evans) might be forced to support Streeter, but that it would be under

protest and because the independent candidate had made every concession to the Re-

publican steering committee, which had been requested by even the most radical Re-

This made Cockrell indignant, and he as-

sured Evans if he had given him proof and

sured Evans if he had given him proof and exact nature of the pledges Streeter had made the latter would no longer receive the support of the F. M. B. A. delegates. Evans promised to do this at a meeting here to-morrow morning, the statement to be made in writing this morning. At this conference Moore is also to be present, and he and Cockrell are to prepare an announcement to the public reciting their loss of confidence in Streeter, and stating that, on account of his pledges to the Republicans, the F. M. B. A. will no longer support him for the United States Senate.

At a conference this evening Taubeneck re

minded his two colleagues that several weeks

of no consequence. Fifteen votes were cast for Palmer, 9 for Streeter and 1 for Ogfesby. All the members will be on hand in the morning, however, and at 11.55 the final struggle of one of the most remarkable Senatorial contests on record will commence.

WON'T PRODUCE THE BOOKS.

The Sugar Trust Official Belies Its Eager

ness to Testify Before the Committee.

NEW YORK, March 9 .- The investigation of

the Sugar Trust by the Senate Committee was

continued to-day, G. S. Ellis, an accountant,

testified that the trust had made a profit of

10 per cent of this. The remainder was still in

Mr. Harris counsel for for the Senate Com-

mittee, said he hoped the persons interested in

the former Sugar Trust, and now in the American Sugar Refining Company, would prove the sincerity of their professed eager-

prove the sincerity of their professed eagerness to testify, by producing on Saturday, the books of the constituent corporations. Mr. Root rose promptly and said emphatically that the books would not be produced. "We must put a stop to these unreasonable searches and seizures of our private papers." Mr. Harris rejoined by stating that he had never believed that those persons had any intention of bringing those books before the committee. It was perfectly clear, he continued, that there could be no thorough investigation of the trust and present company without the aid of those books, and he submitted that the committee had undeniable rights to see them. Mr. Root replied that the committee had no right what-

had undernable rights to see them. Mr. Root replied that the committee had no right whatever the books, that they were private papers, and would be defended from the committee's grasp to the last resort of legal means. Senator Vedder said the questions raised would be tested by the full committee Saturday next.

POLITICS AND BOODLE.

Ohio Legislators Watching Each Other With

the Help of Detectives.

SPECIAL TELEGUAN TO THE DISPATCH.

COLUMBUS, March 9.—The mystery surround-

ing the presence of so many detectives in the

city has partially been cleared to-day. The constant inquiry has been what was the occa-

tion for cutting a hole through the ceiling of

the room at the hotel in which Representative

McClure was assigned. It is found that Mc-

Clure is Chairman of the Committee on Cor-

porations, and that he has charge of quite a large number of bills of an important char-acter, and on which the lobby has been keeping

It is learned that the split which was devel-

It is learned that the split which was developed in the Democratic majority at the special session of the Legislature, and the warring factions are responsible for the present condition. The fight involves the State administration, and the friends in the Legislature of Gayernor Campbell, on one side, and the Speaker of the House and his friends on the other. They had become so bitter toward each other that one side called in detectives in the hone of working.

side called in detectives in the hope of working up a case of bribery and boodle on one hand while the other side went at their work more

direct and endeavored to get certain members to accept bribes, and had the officers in waiting

BUT A PANFUL OF BONES.

It Was All That Was Left of a Man Sud-

denly Made Rich.

PRECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1

CHICAGO, March &-Andrew Durfee, an aged

and tottering bachelor was stopping in a small

room above the general store at Hinsdale last

ready to arrest them with the money i clothes before they had an opportunity

over \$11,900,000. Stockholders had be

the hands of the constituent companies.

Has Made Too Many Conce

ay, and the sing

party vote with the Republicans.

The Granger Members Are Expected to A CRISIS IN THE ILLINOIS TANGLE PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., March 9 .- The Senatorial contest will be settled to-morrow.

hours, unless the farmers are bluffing, and the odds are all in favor of Palmer. Cockrell and Moore, of the "Big Three," have

NEW YORK, March 9 .- Robert Ray Ham-France, to secure from young Dr. Green positive evidence of his brother's death, was in the court to testify. With him were Gilbert M. Spier, Jr., one of the executors named in the will, and Colonel G. E. P. How

B. Sargent, Robert Ray Hamilton's partner in the ranch business. The commissioners, he said, went as far as Eagle Pass. That was 180 miles from the ranch where Mr. Sargent was. To get to the ranch it was necessary to pass through Titan Pass. Winter had set in. The snow in Titan Pass was 16 feet deep and a chinook wind was blowing, making it impossible to travel to the ranch even on snow shoes. When Howard had finished testifying the Surrogate said that on the evidence produced he was satisfied beyond a doubt that the will was entitled to probate, and that the fact of the will had been made out. "Mr. Hamilton is dead," he said. "I will sign a decree also." This ends the case in the Surrogate Court.

AGAINST DEACONESSES,

The New York Presbytery Not in Favor of

Their Appointment, NEW YORK, March 9 .- The New York Presbytery spent two hours and a half to-day in debating the overtures of the General Assembly regarding the appointment of deaconesses.
The committee, to whom the question was referred for a second time, reported that it was in favor of the objects sought by the overtures, in layer of the objects sought by the overtures, but, nevertheless, was constrained to negative both, the first because it affirmed what is in dispute—Scriptural authority for the appointment of deaconesses, and of their existence in the apostolic church; and in the second because the proposed office and its duties were not particularly defined.

After a long debate, in which several substitutes and amendments were proposed the re-

intes and amendments were proposed, the re-port was laid on the table by a vote of 39 to 28. The overtures of the General Assembly were then directly voted on, and the first was nega-

BANGOR GOES DEMOCRATIC.

A Disagreeable Surprise for Republicans in the Pine Tree State.

The city is usually Republican by from 300 to

Rev. Dr. Powell Finds Some of His Minis

Sunday morning. After the sermon the pastor, that he had determined to retire from the ministry on May I and become a lawyer. He referred to his recent throat trouble and added: "While I have found the pulpit work very pleasant I have found some of the details of a minister's work distasteful to me."

Dr. Powell graduated from the law school of the University of the City of New York. He was admitted to the bar in 1882, but he had been preaching before that time. Under Dr. Powell's pastorate the income of the church has been increased from \$3,000 a year to \$12,000. The pastor receives a fine salary, and the work is as pleasant as that of any church in Brooklyn.

Five Deaths Have Already Occurred and

room above the general store at Hinsdale last night, when flames wrapped themselves about his bed and burned him to death. For years Durfee was in abject poverty. Last Saturday he fell heir to \$2,000, and only yesterday a friend died and willed him \$2,500 more.

Nothing was left of Durfee but a panful of bones, and the body of the man who had set aside \$2,500 for the old bachelor was carried from a neighboring house to the outskirts of the village, as if was thought the flames would claim that too. The loss is said to be \$20,000.

FOUL PLAY IN A FIRE.

New York, March 9 .- Judge Freedman of the Superior Court has decided against Lillian Russell in the suit brought by her former manager, James C. Duff, to recover damages, and for injunction to restrain her

LILLIAN RUSSELL'S TIGHTS.

Judge Freedman Decides That She Should

Have Worn Them.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

from appearing with any other manager during her contract with him. At the time the

temporary injunction was granted in January, 1889, Miss Russell had already engaged to play with the Casino Company, and in view of the large expenditures that had been made, Miss Russell gave a bond of \$2,000 agreeing to pay that Russell gave a bond of \$2,000 agreeing to pay that sum as liquidated damages in case it should be finally determined that Duff was entitled to an injunction.

She was allowed then to fill her engagement at the Casino. She had refused to perform for Duff because he required her to wear tights, her physicians having advised her, she said that it was dangerous to her health to appear in such a costume. Her contract with Duff, was to expire in June, 1889. The Judge says she made no attempt to compromise the difficulty, if any there was, with the plaintiff. He holds that the evidence justifies the conclusion that her excuse was in a great measure a mere pretense.

THE LIBERAL MANIFESTO.

CARTWRIGHT, LEADER OF THE CANA-DIAN OPPOSITION, SPEAKS.

He Dwells on the Fact That the Two Great Provinces Are Liberal, While the Gov. ernment's Majority Is a Patchwork Affair-Bright Prospects.

TORONTO, March 9.-Sir Richard Cart-

wright, the Liberal leader, has issued an address to his constituents in South Oxford, in which he says: "For the first time since 1874 we have gained the two central Provinces of the Dominion, and we have gained them on a clear and distinct issue, in the teeth of an absolutely unlimited expenditure of money and of eyery other engine of corruption which a reckless and utterly unscrupulous administration was able to bring to bear. Our opponent's array, on the other hand, is most literally a thing of shreds and patches, made up of ragged remnants from half a dozen minor provinces, a great majority of whom do not even pretend to be actuated by any principle save that of securing a slice of booty for themselves and the sections r constituencies they respectively represent.
"Not even Sir John, Macdonald's most abject "Not even Sir John, Macdonald's most abject worshipers can fail to see that he has blundered terribly in many ways, and most of all in his dealings with the United States, and that he has led his followers into a cul de sac, out of which taere is no escape, save through such a series of pitiful and probably useless humiliations as even his lust for place and power at all hazards and at any sacrifices can scarcely terret blust for makers. tempt him to undergo.

tempt him to undergo.

"For ourselves, strong in our convictions, and fortified by the vertict of the two chief provinces of the Dominion, our course is clear. We propose to pursue without wavering the line of policy marked out in successive debates and resolutions already thrice recorded in Parliament on the question of free trade with the rest of the continent. I am making no idle boast when I pledge that I will not cease my opposition, in session or out of session until we have succeeded in freeing our country from opposition, in session or out of session until we have succeeded in freeing our country from the shackles which the folly and ignorance of a the shackles which the folly and ignorance of a portion of her citizens have imposed upon us. For my own part, I see a very strong reason for believing that the end is near, and even very near; and that, humanly speaking, nothing can prevent the success of the Liberal party save only dissensions in its own ranks, of which, as matters now stand, I am happy to be able to assure you there appear to be no danger, so far, at any rate, as its Parliamentary representatives are concerned."

A SUBSTANTIAL EXPRESSION.

ago Streeter had avowed that he would upon all questions not essential to the F. M. B. A. Friends of the Late Secretary Windom Will party vote with the Republicans, but Moore and Cockrell insisted he had since that time Probably Give a House to His Widow. and Cockrell insisted he had since that time made additional concessions which would bind his future action.

"Very well," said Taubeneck, "but I warn you if you desert Streeter now you will ruin yourselves in the F. M. B. A. party."

Cockrell and Moore retorted that they were competent to care for themselves and would be responsible to their constituents. The understanding now is that after the conference with Evans to-morrow Taubeneck will continue to yote for Streeter or any other man he may select, and that Cockrell and Moore will yote for Palmer or simply east their votes in such way as secure his election.

There was no quotum in the joint assembly to-day, and the single ballot cast was therefore NEW YORK, March &-One of the gentlemer who have been prominently connected with the novement among the personal friends of the ate Secretary Windom to make some expres sion to his family of the high esteem in which he was held by them, and of their apprecia

tion of his public services, makes the following "No public or general appeal has been made, or will be made, in the matter. This would have been as foreign to the thoughts as it would have been as foreign to the thoughts as it would have been objectionable to his family. The amorat contemplated has been realized, and it is prohable that it will be invested in a suitable residence at Washington if the family shall determine to make that city their home, which is now thought to be their intention."

which is now thought to be their intention, POTIGHT A PITCHED BATTLE

Desperadoes Seek Revenge Against Witnesses, and Are Elected. LOUISVILLE, March 9.-A regular pitched battle was fought by a number of desperate men at Vidalia, near Cumberland Gap, at 'o'clock last evening, with the following casual ties: Hugh Johnson, shot through the head and chest, killed outright; Garrett Sothern through the bowels; not expected to live; Shelby Gibson, shot through the leg; a by-stander named John Owens, hit by a stray bullet

n the chest.
The first two were arrested last October or suspicion of being the men who had shot young Morris Wills, a young Englishman. The fight orginated by these men, who sought revenge against those who were witnesses against

TRIED TO BLOW OFF HIS HEAD Because His Mother Would Not Give Him

Any of the Cake. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR.1 NORTHPORT, N. Y., March 9.-Claude Spen er, a 15-year-old lad of Crab Meadow, near this place, placed the muzzle of a gun under his chin last evening, and, fastening a string to the trigger, discharged the gun by pulling the string with his foot. The shot tore away a portion of his face and destroyed his left eye. He will undoubtedly He had a quarrel with his brother, and as a

means of punishment his mother told him that she would not give him any of the cake which she was baking. The boy then became sulky, and subsequently got possession of the gun and shot himself. His father and uncle committed

Mrs. Sully S. Cannon Met and Conversed With General Lafayette. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW HAVEN, March 9 .- Mrs. Sully S. Cannon celebrated her 101st birthday at the home

OVER A CENTURY OLD.

of her son, William J. Cannon, to-day. The event was not made one of special moment event was not made one of special moment other than as many friends of the old lady called upon her and offered congratulations.

Mrs. Cannon still has remarkable strength for one so old, and walks about with apparent ease and is very erect. Her eyesight and hearing are, however, impaired, but her memory is still accurate, and she relates with considerable pride of having met and conversed with General Lafayette.

WESTERN STATES JOINING HANDS.

Commercial Alliance May Be Formed at the Denver Meeting. DENVER, March 2 .- Denver begun preparations for the Trans-Mississippi Commercia Congress, which is to be held here on May 19. It will be composed of delegates from all States and Territories west of the Mississipp river, and is intended to unite all the people of that region in efforts to secure national legis-lation to foster closer commercial relations, and, as far as possible, establish an alliance offensive and defensive on all questions of special interest to the West.

POOR BUSINESS IN THE MILLS.

Manufacturing at Fall River, Mass., Not Profitable of Late. FALL RIVER, MASS., March 9.- The quarterly returns from the mills show that manu-facturing has not been especially profitable for the past three months. Twenty-five corporations, representing a capital of \$14,410,000 and operating 46 mills, have paid in dividends \$236,-350, or an average of about 1.64 per cent.

Ten corporations, representing a capital of \$4,508,000 and operating 11 mills, have paid no dividends during the past three months.

THE CHINESE MUST GO.

The California Senate Passes a State Exctusion Bill. SACRAMENTO, March 9.- The bill drawn up by the Attorney General excluding the Chinese was passed by the Senate to-day.

The Senate refused to concur in the ments to the ballot reform bill made House

SOCIETY'S RACE WAR.

The Pretty Teacher, With a Tinge of Colored Blood, Reinstated.

SOUTHERN LADIES TO WITHDRAW.

Miss Deaha, the Ex-Secretary of Wimodaughsis, Frees Her Mind.

NOT A QUESTION OF CHRISTIANITY

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.) WASHINGTON, March 9,-Miss Fannie Smith, the fair-skinned and beautiful young school teacher who was dismissed from the classes of Wimodaughsis by the Secretary, Miss Desha, because she was discovered to formally reinstated as a member of the wealthy and aristocratic Wimodaughsis Club, and now nearly every one of the hightoned Southern ladies who are members of of the club, and have made it a fashionable the nine new circuit judges provided for by the fad, are apparently about to leave the org

ization.

Miss Annie Shaw, one of the most liant and progressive members of the club, and President of the Board of Directors, is mainly instrumental in the movement for race equality in Wimodaughsis, and she seems to enjoy the situation. She declares seems to enjoy the situation. She declares that it is too near the end of the nineteenth century for any person laying claim to in-telligence or even decency, to proscribe people of other races than their own merely on account of color, or because there is a drop of negro blood in their veins, though it be indistinguishable.

A Fair Defender of the Race. "Why," said Miss Shaw, "I know of fair ladies who will whirl in the waltz with men of notoriously disreputable character and mingle with women whose names have run parallel with scandal for years, and yet they would shudder to come into contact in even a semi-social way with a pure, talented, in-dustrious girl like Miss Smith, who is more than the peer of many of them. I would rather see the club go to pieces than that as a club it should lend itself to such unjust, unchristian, outrageous proscriptions."
Ex-Secretary Desha, sister-in-law of Representative Breekenridge, of Kentucky, who usurped the authority of the Board of Directors in expelling Miss Smith, is firm in her position. She said to-day in explanation of the action: "It was my aim in all that I did to get people of high social standing interested in Wimodaughsis, and to this end was arrangin Wimodaughsia, and to this end was arranging for receptions to scientific people that would give the organization a social tone that would bring in the best element in the city. If colored women were admitted I know that this element would not come in, and therefore I said it was not expedient to admit them. The hardest thing I ever had to do in my life was to refuse a card to Miss Smith. I have been charged with preventing or heading off subscribers, as Miss Shaw termed it. I plead guilty and I did it openly and fairly. I notified the board when I resigned the secretaryship that I would prevent any of my friends that I could from subscribing to a club whose

Colored and White Ladies were placed on the same social footing. The board now intrenches itself on the legal aspect of the case, and claims that as Wimodaughsis is an incorporated institution it cannot refuse admission to any woman on account of her color without being amenable to the law. It took the board some time to get around to this osition. At first it was the purely sentimental position. At first it was the purely sentimental side of the case that they assumed. Miss Anna Shaw put on a look of holy horror when I told the board what I had done in regard to Miss Smith, and cried: 'And we call ourselves Curistians.' I answered that it was not a question of Christianity, but one of expediency and one of the things of the life and excess of Wimodaughais depended. Miss Desha is still a stockholder in

Miss Desha is still a stockholder in Wimodaughsis, and a member of its Board of Directors. She says that she intends keeping these connections, as she is responsible for the building, it being rented in her name. She retains charge of some of the classes, and to these, it is safe to say, no colored lady need make application, as the teachers have declared their intention of resigning if the two races are to be taught together. taught together.

The matter has created an immense sensation in fashionable society, because it is fashion

ion in fashionable society, because it is fashion neasuring swords with fashion, and the duel wer the color line is expected to extend to the nomes of the influential circles involved. LIGHTNER.

WANT THEIR MONEY BADLY.

People Provided for by Congress Hanging About the Treasury Building. THOM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT WASHINGTON, March 9.-There is a con siderable quantity of the aftermath of the late Congress to be seen around the Treasury these days. In the various bills that were pas vision for the immediate payment of much money was made. The folk who represent that money want it and want it badly. The casual observer of some of them would say that they need that money in their business. They haunt the rooms of the officials through whose hands their checks will have to come. But they have not yet got the sight of a single greenback or silver certificate.

Nothing can be done for them until certified copies of the bills in which they are so much interested reach the Treasury from the State Department. As unusual care has to be taken before such certification is made, and as there

was an unusually large number of bills passed, the bigger ones being the most bulky in the history of the Government, the anxious ones will have to six on their benches for quite awhile yet before they get that which they are

ore such certification is made, and as there

THE PRESIDENT DUCK SHOOTING. Secretaries Foster and Proctor Leave Washington for a Short While. WASHINGTON, March 9 .- The President left Washington this afternoon for a few days' duck shooting on Chesapeake Bay near Bengies, Md. He was accompanied by ex-Senator Sewell, of New Jersey. Secretary Foster has gone to his home, Fostoria, O., for the purpose of arranging his private affairs for a permanent residence at Washington. He will be gone about two weeks, and Assistant Secretary Netleton will act as Secretary during that

period. Secretary Proctor left Washington this after-Secretary Proctor left Washington this after-noon for Chattanooga, and after spending a few days in Tennessee the party, which is charged with the definition of the boundary lines of the battle field there, will depart on a tour of inspection of the military posts in the Southwest. He will be accompanied on his tour by Quartermaster General Batchellor and Lieutenant Woodruff, late of General Ruger's staff.

WHAT HILL WILL DO. He Will Hold the Governorship, but Won't

WASHINGTON, March 9 .- Governor Hill will not vacate the office which he now holds until he takes his seat in the Senate," said a New York Democratic ex-Congressman to-day, "He is too shrewd a politician to let go the powerful grip which he now has on New York Democratic politics. In retaining the Gov-ernorship until he takes the oath of office as ernorship until he takes the oath of office as Senator there is certainly nothing wrong.
"It would be wrong, however, if he should take his salary as Senator, which commenced on the 5th of the present month, and besides it would be had politics. Now, Hill is not indulging in bad politics. What he is going to do is to decline the Senatorial salary until he enters upon his duties as a member of the upper branch of the National Legislature."

Draw Two Salaries.

IFROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.1

Lemcke Will Succeed Huston. (FROM A STAFF COBRESPONDENT.) WASHINGTON, March 9.—It is asserted in administration circles that State Treasurer Lemcke, of Indiana, has decided to accept the position of United States Treasurer, and that the resignation of Treasurer Huston will be accepted in a few days.

Rathbone to Be Chief Inspector. [FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.] WASHINGTON, March 2.—It is regarded as likely that E. G. Rathbone, Chief of Inspectors of the Postoffice Department, will be appointed

THE NEW CIRCUIT COURTS

ONE WAY TO GET OVER A BUNGLING PIECE OF LEGISLATION.

Gossio as to Some of the Men Who Would Like to Go on the New Bench-Two Ap- INVESTING SINKING FUNDS pointments Practically Determined Upo by the President.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. WASHINGTON, March 9 .- The new law reorganizing the Circuit Courts was probably the worse bungled act that ever passed Congress, though it had for its framers and managers a lot of the most eminent lawyers of the country. At the very last moment it have colored blood in her veins, has been had to be changed by a joint resolution to Chief Bigelow Describes the Needs of the prevent its depriving the Supreme Court of jurisdiction in a multitude of cases. Now there is a question whether the President can lawfully and constitutionally appoint

> Evarts law, without the advice and consent o passage or defeat.

the Supreme Coh. The ice and the Circuit Judge, already in office 16-ming a quorum, can in each case organize the new court in June, as required by the act, and that the appointment of the new Judges can go over till next winter when Congress will be in session. These same authorities hold that the law is bunging and awkward, and that about half of it will be inoperative. Such as it is, however, it can be put in operation by the judges named, thus obviating the necessity of an extra Senate session, and avoiding the appointment of persons on the bench who might not be confirmed by the Senate. It is an easy way out of what might prove to be an awkward dilemma.

Ex-Representative McComas, of Maryland, wants one of the new circuit judgeships, but as things go Virginia is entitled to it, as Maryland already has a Circuit Judge in Judge Bood. It is thought Mr. McComas has been tendered the Under Secretaryship of the Treasury by Secretary Foster at the instigation of the President, who does not see his way clear to appoint McComas on the bench. Some 300 members and Senators have indersed Representative Culbertson, of Texas, for one of the new circuit judgeships. Mr. Culbertson is one of the best lawyers in the country and has served on the State bench with credit. He is a Democrat, however, and it is not altogether likely that the President will appoint any Democrat.

The California delegation called on the President and unanimously, as far as they were represented in the visitors, urged the appointment of ex-Representative Morrow, of that State, to the new California Circuit Judgeship. The President practically told them he would make the appointment. Two others of the

State, to the new California Circuit Judgeship. The President practically told them he would make the appointment. Two others of the new Circuit Judges are practically determined on. One is ex-Representative Payson, of Illinois, who will be at Chicago. The other will be Judge Lewis, who is at present at the head of the Court of Appeals of Virginia. The case of Judge Lewis resembles very markedly that of Mr. Culbertson, of Texas. The latter is a Democrat, and is indorsed by both Republicans and Democrats. The former is a Republican and is indorsed by both Democrats and Republicans. If Mr. Payson should miss the Circuit Judgship he will hit a Judgeship on the Land Court, provided for at the last session to try land cases in Arizona and New Mexico, growing out of Spanish and Mexican domination.

INDIANS FOR SHOW PURPOSES. Cody's Agent Tickled Over the Decision

the Secretary of the Interior. IFROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT, 1 WASHINGTON, March C. - Everybody Pittsburg knows Major Johnny Burke, the lively and able agent of the Buffalo Bill specta-

cle. Johnny is elated over the decision of Secretary Noble, overruling Commissioner Morgan, by which Colonal Cody secures In-dians for his show. Major Burke is about to start West to select his bucks and squaws. "Pine Ridge is my destination," said he this afternoon, "and unless there is some unlookedafternoon, "and unless there is some unlooked-for happening. I shall start to chase the setting sun within a few hours. I'm going out to select the Indians who will adorn this season's Wild West Show with their savage presence. Haven't settled yet what Indians we want, but Haven't settled yet what Indians we want, but we will get the best on the market. Of course, the public wants to see as many bad Indians as possible, so the chances are that our hostile representation will be quite heavy. The friendies, however, will not get left. They did noble work in the interests of peace during the late troubles and they will get their reward right troubles and they will get their reward right away. Some of the big men stood right by us when things looked darkest, when Pine Ridge was populated with a lot of badly scared people, and we are not going to forget their taithfuiness. They risked their lives, and you can bet your ghost shirt they will receive all possible consideration at the hands of Colonel Cody. 'How long shall I be at Pine Ridge?' Can't say for certain, but I suppose it will take a week or so to close negotiations."

NEGROES AT THE EXHIBITION.

The President Called to Account for Not Appointing a Colored Representative. WASHINGTON, March 9 .- John H. Smyth, ex-United States Minister to Liberia, has written a letter to President Harrison on the subject of the appointment of a colored person to represent the negro race at the World's Columbian Exposition. Mr. Smyth, after re-ferring to the passage of the bill providing for the exposition, which, he says, is to consist of the industrial, agricultural, scientific and art productions of the men and women of the United States, points out that no provision is made in the bill for such separate display of the intellectual and physical acquisitions of the negro citizens as will show that they, as such, have done anything on the lines indicated.

The exposition he says, cannot carry out and make good the purpose of the national display without the distinctive representation of all the people of this composite nation. The greatness, the glory, the grandour of this nation, he argues, is as much the pride of the American negro, as it is of the American white man, and for the President to fail to appoint a colored man to represent the negro race at the exposition would seem to be an international insult offered to 8,00,000 loyal negro Americans. Mr. Smyth, therefore asks that an officer of the exposition of the negro race be appointed and that aplace be made in the exposition for the display of negro industrial agricultural prodhave done anything on the lines indicated

display of negro industrial agricultural prod-ucts, art and scientific achievements, inventive genius and educational development.

BUTTERWORTH'S AMBITION. He Wants to Help the World's Fair, and Then Die in Ohio.

IFROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

WASHINGTON, March &-"I'm off for Chicago," said Secretary Butterworth, of the World's Fair Commission, this afternoon, "but I'm going by the way of Cincinnati, World's Fair matters are moving along very nicely, in deed; couldn't be much more satisfactory. A number of little differences have been reconciled, and lots of valuable and novel suggesciled, and lots of valuable and novel suggestions are being put into practical shape.

"Many of our people fail to realize the advantages consequent upon such an exposition
as we are going to have. European nations
know the value of these fairs, and they encourage them to what would be to us a surprising
degree. Representative Coleman said the
other day that the New Orleans Exposition
had done more for Louisiana than anything
else, unless it was the abolition of slaver;"
"What Illinois Congressional district have you
taken up your residence in?" "My home is in
Concinnati," said the able Buckeys. "There the
ashes of my father and mother rest undisturbed. There will I live, and, if possible,
there will I die and be buried. But Chleago is, there will I die and be buried. But Chicago is nevertheless, a great city."

WILL REORGANIZE IN NEW YORK.

The Banking Firm of Kidder, Peabody Co. Make a Radical Change. NEW YORK, March 9,-Reports were curren

New York, March v.—Reports were current to-day that steps were taken to reorganize the firm of Kidder, Peabody & Co. by cutting the New York office off from the Boston house and organizing a new firm here. It was stated that the New York house would be composed of Thomas Baring and George C. Magoun and their associates and be known as Baring, Ma-

the New York house would be composed of Thomas Baring and George C. Magoun and their associates and be known as Baring, Magoun & Co.

George C. Magoun, when asked about the report, said: "It is not in definite enough shape to make any announcement yet." It is understood that the present firm of Kidder, Peabody & Co. will continue under the same name, and will include those who are now active in it, including the Peabodys and C. E. Kidder.

to the newly created place of Fourth Assistant Postmaster General. The appointment will not of course be made until the President returns from his duck shooting trip.

Councils to Authorize the Chief of Public Charities to

Find a Farm.

The Carnegie Library Location Discussed at Great Length.

KEATING MAKES A SUGGESTION.

City in His Report.

WORK IN BOTH BRANCHES OF COUNCILS

Pittsburg Councils held a short session, but a busy one, and while but little legislation was completed, important matters were introduced and started on the road to final

The selection of a new poor farm site was again brought up, this time by Select Councilman Perry, who introduced an ordinance which takes the matter out of the Department of Awards and places it in the hands of Chief Elliot, subject to the approval of Councils. The ordinance instructs the Chief to advertise for proposals, to be received by the Controller, for a tract of land in Allegheny county, with a river front and railroad facilities. The options shall be good for 90 days, with 30 days additional if any delay occurs. The proposals are to be opened by the Controller and Chief Biliot; the latter is to visit the farms offered, and within 30 days report to Councils the tract or tracts which he deems most suited to Poor Farm purposes. The ordinance was referred to the Committee on Charities.

Investing Idle Sinking Funds.

Mr. Keating introduced an ordinance pro viding for the investment of the sinking fund in city, State or United States bonds. Immediately after the passage of the ordinance, the Controller is instructed to advertise for proposals from bondholders, and every Sep-tember thereafter. The Controller is further authorized, always subject to the discretion of the Finance Committee, to sell State or United States bonds to obtain money to liquidate maturing city bonds, or to purchase city bonds when offered. Heretofore the Finance Com-

when offered. Heretofore the Finance Com-mittee has insisted upon all purchases of bonds made by the Controller netting the city 3% per cent per annum. Controller Morrow said yesterday afternoon that he did not think the ordinance would be returned in the same shape as presented. This is merely a copy of an ordinance which was de-feated some years ago, and does not answer all the requirements. the requirements.

Mr. Keating in Select Council, and Mr. Mac-

Arr. Rearing in Select Council, and Mr. Mac-Gonigle in Common, presented resolutions in-dorsing Senator Film's wharf hills. Mr. Keat-ing's motion was carried unanimously, but in the Common branch the vote stood 38 to 3, Messrs, Brewster, O'Dernnell and Russell vot-ters in the acception. ing in the negative. Locating the Carnegie Library. The Library Committee reported the ordinance which has been in their hands for so long relating to the erection of the Carnegie buildings at the Forbes street entrance to scheniey Park. The ordinance, as presented, lery and the museum on the park site, but Mr. Keating offered an amendment striking out mention of those buildings, and leaving open the question of what buildings should be located there. He explained that Mr. Carnegie would be in the city in a few days, and it would be right and proper to allow him the amplest opportunity to decide, in connection with the Library Commission, what buildings should be located on this site.

Mr. Lambie attacked the amendment saying it had twice been discussed and rejected by the Library Committee. He had opposed it in committee, and there was just as much reason to do so here. He believed the sentiment of the people was against placing the music ball and the main library building at Schenley Park, and for himself he would as soon think of building a theater in the park as a music hall which was intended for the masses. It would be just as sensible to put the one there as the other. He believed that if Councis should authorize the main buildings to be located at the park the people would not sustain their action.

Mr. Carnegie's Expressed Deare. lery and the museum on the park site, but Mr.

Mr. Carnegie's Expressed Desire. Mr. Keating, in reply, stated that the proposition to purchase the Forbes street property for some of the Carnegie buildings had origially emanated from Mr. Carnegie himself. He did not definitely intimate what buildings should be placed upon it, but left it to the judgment of this commission, some of whom, ing close to Mr. Carnegie, were probably inedge of the unexpressed wish of Mr. Carnegie. Mr. Keating confessed that, knowing Mr. Carnegie's desire to have some of the buildings at the entrance, which could be purchased by the the entrance, which could be purchased of the city at a great advantage and answer the two-fold purpose of park and library site, he (Mr. Keating) had helped in his way to procure the purchase of the property when Mrs. Schenley offered it. As for Mr. Carnegie not having expressed his preference in relation to the buildings, he was probably like Mr. Keating himself.

ings, he was probably like Mr. Keating himself.

That was not a matter of location entirely. He wanted the buildings placed where they could be most convenient, with due regard to other advantages. The great advantage of the park site was that it could be had without spending any money for land, so much the more for buildings. If the commission could secure a good downtown site for nothing, or anything near it, he would be in favor of it, but be could not be convinced of the propriety of spending \$6,000 or \$7,000 for land downtown and have less than half the \$1,000,000 gift for the erection of the main and branch library buildings and the art gallery and music half. It would not be right to use the substance of Mr. Carnegie's gift in the purchase of real estate, and thus deprive the people at large of the benefits that the gift itself contemplated.

The Amendment Was Carried.

The Amendment Was Carried. A vote was then taken on the amendment, which was adopted. The roll was called on the resolution, and it was adopted by a vote of 18 to 8, as follows:

Ayes-Messrs, Anderson, Binder, Brophy, Cole-lins, C. Evans, D. P. Evans, Jones, Keating, Mile-ler, Murphy, McCord, McCurry, Paul, Perry, Robertson, Bolukaste, Williams, Wilson-18, Nocs-Messrs, Benz, Braun, Foster, Lambia, Relliy, Treusch, Warren, Ford-5. The Committee of Seven on Legislation appointed to confer with a similar committee of Allegheny Councils in reference to State legislation, reported that Allegheny Councils had appointed their committee. The paper was received and filed. Chairman Ford announced that he would name the committee of Pittsburg Councils at once.

that he would name the committee of Pittaburg Councils at once.

A communication from Hon, B. F. Jones relating to the appointment of members to fill the four vacancies in the Board of Appraisers, created by act of 1878, to appraise the value of bridges, was read. In it Mr. Jones says that according to the third section of the act of 1873 his authority in the matter was doubtful, and while he is entirely willing to perform whatever duty may be imposed on him by the statute, he much preferred that his duty first be authoritatively stated. To Be on the Safe Side. Mr. Lambie thought Mr. Jones would be perfectly safe in filling the vacancies. The committee had considered the point raised and de-

cided that while there might be a question as to Mr. Jones' authority it would be better for him to fill the vacancies, because in event of his death the Board would be beyond all ques-tion dead and impossible of resurrection. If he filled the vacancies and it should afterward be decided that he had the authority to make the appointments the Board would be assured and decided that he had the authority to make the appointments the Board would be assured and the city probably saved a great deal of trouble when the time came for movement toward the encompassing of free bridges.

Mr. Robertson moved that the letter from Mr. Jones be referred to Mr. Lambie, who, as Chairman of the Bridge Committee, should be instructed to confer with Mr. Jones and state the views of Councils in relation to the matter. The motion was approved.