IN THE EVERY MORNING DISPATCH.

THREE CENTS.

FORTY-SIXTH YEAR.

The Brooks Law Amendment Passes the House by a Big Majority, After

A VERY EXCITING DEBATE,

Floods of Elequence Let Loose for and Against the Measure by Party Leaders.

THE LIQUOR LEAGUE ATTACKED

By Magnin, While Tewksbury Repudiates the Name of Rummies for the Democratic Partyites.

BROOKS STANDS OUT FOR HIS LAW.

A Report Gets Started That Governor Pattison Intends to Veto the Bill When It Reaches His Hand.

MEMBERS ON BOTH SIDES DODGE THE VOTE

PROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.1

HARRISBURG, March 5 .- Whole floods of eloquence were poured out in the House to-day. Excited gentlemen strode up and down the nisles, wildly waving their hands toward the ramping horses on the cost-ofarms painted on the ceiling, and almost stopping the electric fan in the ventilator with their impassioned oratory. For an hour and a half there was not an easis of silence in the desert of sound. And the cause of it all was the Brooks bill.

When Mr. Franklin's bill to amend the fifth and eighth sections came up on special order, Mr. Brooks, who had sat significantly silent during yesterday's debate, arose and said he hoped the bill would be defeated. The provision relative to bondsmen might have worked hardship in some isolated cases, but as a rule the general results had proved its wisdom. He regarded the pronosed amendments an entering wedge to It Now More Nearly Conforms to Laws in further and more disastrous attacks upon a measure whose beneficient results were admitted by the whole neonle.

Attack on the Liquor League, Mr. Magnin, of Delaware, made a most impassioned speech against the amendments. its members there could not afford to vote to break down the Brooks bill. The pending might injure the prospects of the modification but was lospined by the Liquor Longue and was intended to scatter to the winds the good results already obtained. It might be argued that the State had declared against prohibition by an overwhelming majority, but prohibition and temperance were two different things, and the Republican party was pledged to temperance.

He feared the Republican members were going to vote against the will of their con- | The House May Have a Chance to Indulge stituents and their own pledges. The bill now before them was the result of a deal be tween the Philadelphia, Pittsburg and Allecheny members, who wanted to get rid of the resident bondsmen clause, and the Representatives from cities of the third class. who wanted the license fee reduced from \$500 to \$500 He warned Republicans to be careful. Their party had in part profited by the mistakes of the Democratic party. but this year their enemies were playing possum and hoped to profit by Republican

Defending the Republican Party. Mr. Riter, of Philadelphia, criticised Mr. Magnin for dragging parties into the matter, but the Republican party had never been afraid to accept a just and legitimate responsibility. The question before the House was a business one. It was simply to enable those whom the courts deemed proper persons to liceuse to take out their licenses. No reason had been given why bondsmen should not be taken from any part of the county. The question at issue was a financial one, and did not touch upon

Mr. Stocking, of Washington, said he favored the clause relating to bondsmen, but opposed that reducing the license fee. His county had given 2,000 majority for prohibition, but if they could not get that they wanted high license, the next best thing.

The veteran Quigley, of Philadelphia, was not surprised that Mr. Stocking opposed the bill, for he came from a county whose very judges had violated the Brooks law ever since it was passed. There were no licensed houses in Washington county, and vet he was informed that there were more "speak-easies" there than in any other county in the State.

Question of Justice. The present bill was only designed to give licensed persons a right accorded the worst horse thief or burglar in the State, Their bondsmen might be obtained anywhere in the county. Why should liquor dealers be

Mr. Franklin said that the clause reduc ing the tee in cities of the third class from \$500 to \$300 only restored it to the figure fixed by the original bill. In 1887 there were seven classes of cities, and the fee had been fixed at \$500 in the first three classes and \$300 in the others. But since that time the Supreme Court had decided that therewere but three classes, and now all cities had to pay \$500. His amendment only restored the bill to its intended shape. In response to Mr. Werry, Mr. Brooks admitted that such was the case.

Ex-Speaker Graham was in favor of the bondsmen feature, as a common sense principle, but he could not vote for a reduction of the fee, and must oppose the bill.

Objecting to Being Called Rummies. The versatile and volatile Tewksbury set the House in a roar by objecting vehemently to the Democratic party being constantly put forward as the whisky party. Every license law passed in the history of the State, with the single exception of the Brooks bill, had been passed by the Demo-cratic party. His side of the House had enough sins to answer for, "political, social

and moral," but they would not continually submit to being called "rnmmies." ating \$50,000 to the Clarion Normal School was reported favorably to the Senate to-day.

submit to being called "rummies."

During a greater part of the discussion the scenes in the House approached disorder, and it was a relief when the vote was taken and the bill passed by a vote of 124 to 47. Quita a number who had been conspicuously present during the debate were as conspicuously absent when the vote was taken. The Democrats voted almost solidly for the bill.

It is rumored that Governor Pattison will veto the bill should it reach him, but it may only be rumor. HENRY HALL.

MANY ARGUMENTS ON THE PENDING BILL TO PREVENT IT.

POLLUTION OF STREAMS.

Oil Interests Not Largely Affected by the Measures - A Feeling, However, That Pipe Line Companies Should be Brought

to Time by Law.

[FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.] HARRISBURG, March 5 .- A meeting was held in the House to-night to hear arguments on the bill to prevent the pollution of streams furnishing water supplies to cities and towns. Dr. Groff, of Bucknell University, President of the State Board of Charities; Dr. B. Lee, its Secretary; Dr. Pemberton Dudley, of Hahneman Medical College, Philadelphia; Dr. J. F. Edwards, editor of the Journal of Hygiene; Dr. Spencer Free, of Jefferson county; City Solicitor Charles F. Warwick, of Philadelphia, and other prominent scientists spoke in favor of the bill, and pointed out the evils arising from

polluted water supplies.

The only oil interest affected by this bill is the limited district known as the One Hundred-Foot. From that stratum oil and salt water came together, and some remedy must be devised. Last summer the Beaver Valley had been deluged with water, one gallon of which contained nine ounces of salt. The water of the Atlantic was fresh compared with it. This came from the compared with it. This came from the One Hundred-Foot district, and no effort had been made to prevent it. Abandoned wells were now allowed to pour 2,000 barrels of salt water a day into the streams. These abandoned wells should be plugged.

When questioned as to the practicability of shutting off the flow of salt water from produc-

shutting off the flow of salt water from producing wells, Mr. Hartman said that was an unsetitled question. It had been decided by the courts
that the Chartiers Gas Company was liable for
damages caused by the flow of salt water from
its wells. The flow from drilling wells could
not be prevented, and was not an important
feature in the evil complained of. The oil refining interests would not be affected, but the
pre lines should be brought under the control
of law. Last summer an eight-inch line had
broken where it crossed the Shenanco river,
and the oil in 50 miles of pipe had run into the
water supply of the Beaver valley, driving the
people to abandoned wells, and causing almost people to abandoned wells, and causing almost an epidemic of fever. An expenditure of \$50 would have put gates at both sides of the river

would have put gates at both states of the river and prevented all this trouble. Charles H. McKee, of Pittsburg; L. H. Will-iams, New Castle; W. H. Grimm, Beaver Falls; ex-Senator Meredith, Kittanning, and William H. Descher, Altoona, were among the repre-sentatives of Western water companies present.

THE JONES BILL AMENDED.

Other States.

(FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.) HARRISBURG, March 5,-D. R. Jones' employers' liability bill was, on motion of its framer, materially amended to-day in the House. As originally introduced, it touched on the strict contributory negligence rule laid down by the Supreme Court. A bill to change The Republican party was pledged to take this rule had been introduced by Mr. Jones and no backward step in liquor legislation, and negatived by the Judiciary General Committee, by the present bill of the fellow-servant rule laid down of the suppleme Court.

The bill as now amended leaves the entire destricts and residence. doctrine of negligence as it now is, except a mere modication of the co-employe rule, and only brings that in accord with the decisions of the United States Supreme Court and in line with the employers' liability acts of England, Massachusetts and Alabama. As to railroads,

A TAXATION WRESTLE.

in One Next Week.

PROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT 1 HARRISBURG. March 5.-The House may on have to wrestle with the intricacles of taxation. To-morrow morning Mr. Taggart will offer a resolution to make the revenue bill a special order for first reading on Monday night, for second reading on Wednesday March

night, for second reading on Wednesday, March 18, continuing from day to day until disposed of, and for third reading and final passage on Tuesday, March 24.

Mr. Taggart was disposed to regard Treasurer Boyer's bill, fixing the capital stock tax for State purposes at 4 mills, as calculated, if not intended, to interfere with the revenue bill and prevent its passage. Mr. Boyer assured him, however, that the two bills, one being for local and the other State taxation. being for local and the other State taxation, cannot conflict, and in evidence of his fairness agreed that his bill should not be called up un-til after the revenue bill had been disposed of.

THE PRUNING KNIFE NEEDED

In the Matter of Many of the State Appr priation Bills.

[FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.] HARRISBURG, March 5.-The demands for noney from the State are still piling up. The appropriations now asked for amount to be tween \$16,000,000 and \$17,000,000, and this with out the general appropriation bill, which will probably demand between \$4,000,000 and As the total revenues will not reach \$13,-000,000, the pruning knife will have to be ap-plied with more vigor than discrimination, the direct tax appropriation notwithstanding.

SENATOR QUAY'S HEALTH.

His Son Dick Reports It as Being Much Improved.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. HARRISBURG, March 5 .- Dick Quay arrive in the city from Florida this evening, bronzed as an Indian and evidently much improved by his trip. He stated that Senator Quay's health is much better, and that a few weeks more of rest will entirely restore him.

A "norther" had driven the tarpon from the fishing fields, but the Senator expects good sport in a few days. He will remain in Florida six weeks longer.

GREENLAND GETS IT.

The Second Brigade Quartermaster Ap pointed Quartermaster General SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR. 1 HARRISBURG, March 5,-The Governor sent in the nomination of Walter W. Greenland, of Clarion, Quartermaster in the Second Brigade, as Quartermaster General, and the nomination was unanimously confirmed.

On an Inspection Trip. [FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.] HARRISBURG, March 5 .- Chairman Fruit and a sub-committee of appropriations left to-night for Eric, where they will examine the Soldiers' Home and other institutions asking

Flinn's Smoke Bill Reported ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. HARRISBURG, March 5 .- Senator Flinn's bill to suppress the production of bituminous coal smoke in stacks, etc., was favorably reported.

Amended His Bill.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCHLY HARRISBURG, March 5.-In the Senate to day Neeb amended his eight hour bill so as to make it apply only to penitentiaries and

FLINN'S WHARF BILL.

IT PASSES A THIRD READING AFTER BE-ING AMENDED.

An Opportunity to Be Given Aggrieved Parties to Apply to Court for Redress-Councils to Have Authority to Lease Parts of Wharves.

[FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.] HARRISBURG, March 5 .-- When Senator Flinn's wharf bill came up on third reading to-day he said that of late the Senate had been favored with free copies of an evening journal published in Pittsburg, and which honored him with extended attacks upon his course on the bill. In its last issue it had said that if he was in earnest in stating that the bill was only intended to make room for

market gardeners' wagons, why not amend it to that effect? He was glad to say that for once in his life, he and this paper were in complete accord, and since it had no representative in the Senate, he would move the insertion of such an amendment.

The bill was then amended to read that the Conneils might "lease parts or portions of unimproved wharves to market gardeners and hucksters," and a clause added to the proand hucksters," and a clause added to the pro-viso setting forth that nothing should be done "to provent the landing, or interfere with the loading and unloading of boats." The bill passed third reading, but after a consultation between Senators Flinn and Dunlan, Mr. Flinn asked unanimous consent for its reconsidera-tion, which, being granted, an amendment, pre-pared by the Senator from Beaver, was incor-novated in the

porated in it.

It provides that whenever any parts or portions of any wharf shall have been rented or leased under the provisions of this act, it shall be lawful for any person, firm or corporation be lawful for any person firm or corporation that may be aggrieved thereby to apply to the Court of Common Pleas, by petition, setting forth the facts, whereupon the Court shall grant an issue to try the facts as to whether such wharf is necessary for the loading and unloading, harboring or repairing of boats, and shall have all the powers and suthority necessary, and make such rules and orders as shall appear that the control of the con appear just under the circumstances

THE DAILY SRIST.

New Bills Still Keep Pouring Into the House and Senate.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCELY HARRISBURG, March 5 .- In the House the following bills were introduced:

By Boyer, of Dauphin, requiring foreign building and loan associations to take out a license before doing business in this State and taxing them I mill on every \$100 capital stock, By Brooks, appropriating \$25,000 to the Rittenhouse Memorial Association to erect a monument to the memory of David Ritten-

house at Wissahickon,
By Bliss, Delaware, appropriating \$5,000 for
the purchase of a library for the Supreme
Court; appropriating \$5,100 to pay employes of
State Library to make up for increased salaries, for which no appropriation was made two years ago; also appropriating over \$1,600 to Judge of the Tenth District for a similar reason. The following bills were introduced in the

Senate:
By Showalter, appropriating \$50,000 to
Slippery Rock Normal School, Butler county.
By Ross, Bucks, amending the Brooks law,
relative to the sale of intoxicating drinks to
minors and those of known intemperate habits,
preventing a conviction unless the seller
knowingly violates the provisions indicated.
By Brown, York, fixing the maximum number of wards in a city of the third class at 15,
three more than are now allowed. three more than are now allowed.

By Crouse, Philadelphia, authorizing merging and consolidation of motor power com-

PROFITS IN SCHOOL BOOKS.

some Testimony Going to Show What Is Made on Them. IFROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

HARMSBURG, March 5.-At a hearing held to-night by the committee investigating the Meese, of Harrisburg, foreman for the last 20 years of the State printing establishment, where the school books of Taintor Bros. & Co., of New York, are printed, testified that the cost of manufacturing Appleton's readers, including paper and labor, is about as follows: Primers, from 4 to 5 cents; First Readers, 8 to 9; Second, 10 to 12; Third, 12 to 15; Fourth, 16 to 18; Fifth, 18 to 20.

A retail price list from a Western county showed that First Readers sold there for 25 cents; Second, 40; Third, 50; Fourth, 75, and Fifth, \$1 25. Goff's arithmetics, costing from 8 to 18 cents, sold for 40 and 85 cents. These figures give an idea of the profits of the school book business. where the school books of Taintor Bros. & Co.

MANY BILLS REPORTED.

Fow's Anti-Sunday Measure Laid Out in the

Committee Room. PRPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. HARRISBURG, March 5 .- In the House, among the bills reported favorably were the following: Introduced by Elwood, of West-moreland, authorizing school directors and controllers to purchase text books out of the school fund and to furnish the same to pupils free of charge; also fixing the time when such purchases shall be made, providing an interim of five years between changes of books; Pitts burg plumbing and drainage bill; taxing actual value of corporation stock at 4 mills; exempt ing property of the Grand Army of the Repub-lic from taxation.

lic from taxation.

Fow's anti-Sunday bill, proposing the repeal of portions of the act of 1784. was negatively reported. All the bills relating to text books, except Ellwood's, were negatively reported.

ALLEGHENY COURT BILL.

It Passes Second Reading With a Number

of Others. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. HARRISBURG, March-5.-Following were among the bills passed second reading in the Directing the manner which the Courts of Common Pleas of Allegheny county Courts of Common Pleas of Allegheny county shall detail one or more of their judges to hold courts; prohibiting sparring or boxing matches for money; providing for an increase in the amount of personal property tax to be returned to the several counties of the Commonwealth; providing for further distribution to the counties for the moneys received for licenses; to increase compensation of County Assessors in cities of the second class.

A BILL IN EQUITY

Filed Against the Pittsburg, Shenango and Lake Erie Railroad.

(FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.) HARRISBURG, March 5 .- A. H. Steele, of New York, has presented a petition to the At-torney General, alleging that the Pittsburg, Shenango and Lake Erie Railroad is about to issue \$300,000 in bonds to pay claims, which he issue \$500,000 in bonds to pay ciaims, which he states are fictitious, and asking that a bill in equity be filed in the name of the Commonwealth, and an injunction granted to restrain the company from issuing said bonds.

Receiver Huidekoper and S. B. Dick appeared to-day before the Attorney General and made answer, denying Mr. Steele's allegations. No decision was rendered.

ROAD BILL AMENDMENTS. The Office of County Engineer Abolished and Other Changes Made.

[FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.] HARRISBURG, March 5.-In the Senate to day, Senator Lloyd, in pursuance of a consultation held with Senators Harlan and Mylin, who have the road bill in charge, presented amendments to the bill, which were adopted. They abolish the proposed office of county engineer and place the letting of contracts in the hands of the County Commissioners.

Completed contracts are to be approved by a competent person, whose report shall be passed upon by the Commissioners. All State money is to be paid to them, who will also settle all contract payments.

A Short Time to Act. Topeka, March 5 .- Governor Humphrey today sent a special message to the Legislature. Favorably Reported.

1FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.

HABBISBUEG, March 6.—The bill appropria

days remain of the legislative session.

PITTSBURG. FRIDAY, PREPARING TO FLIT.

Washington Officials Making Plans for Summer Idleness.

HARRISON WILL GO TO CAPE MAY.

The President's Wife Sketches the Cottage on the Beach.

VACATIONS FOR CABINET OFFICERS

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 WASHINGTON, March 5 .- Now that the close of Congress has given the warning signal for departure, and the early coming of the blue birds announced that spring is indeed upon us, plans for summer travel and an early flitting may be heard on every side. The Senatorial families will, as a natural result, be first to leave, many having already closed their houses and returned

to their distant homes. As a general thing the Cabinet are among the very last to leave town. Owing to the imperative demands of their official posttion, several of the secretaries were last season compelled to forego their muchneeded vacation, and in consequence their families remained in town, only relieving the monotony by short trips to neighboring seaside resorts and quiet moonlight drives in and around the city. Of this latter class was the family of the Attorney General who, distinguished among officials as one of the most conscientious and hard working of men, prefers to sacrifice personal comfort for the sake of the proper fulfillment of his responsibilities.

The President Going to Cape May. So far as can be learned at this early date, he proposed plans of the Presidental household have as yet assumed a very indefinite form. Mrs. McKee says that upon the return of the President and Mrs. Harrison from their intended Western trip the family will, in all probability, take possession of their Cape May cottage for a few weeks during idsummer. Further their plans are but vague, midsummer. Further their plans are but vague, and all consideration of the subject will be postponed until later in the season.

Mrs. Miller says that it she might consult her fancy she would follow a former plan and start from New York upon a driving tour through New England in the enjoyment of their own carriage, but that according to present prospects they will be compelled to spend most of the summer in town, making short jumps in the near neighborhood, as they did last year, owing to the press of official work before the Attorney General, which demands his presence in the city.

the city.

Miss Florence Miller is anxious to accompany a party of friends abroad, in which case she will be absent until the late autumn. Arrange-ments in this respect have not, however, been definitely settled.

Too Cold at Their Western Home. The family of the Secretary of Agriculture will remain in Washington until June at least, as the climate of their Western home s too rigorous in the early spring time, and they prefer the mild weather of our more salubrious April and May. Miss Rusk is expecting the arrival of Miss Foster, the daughter of our new Secretary of the Treasury, in about a fortnight, as her guest for the coming month. The girls were schoolmates and have continued a warm friendship that will add greatly to their future association in the Cabinet circle.

net circle.
It is understood that Mrs. Windom and fam-It is understood that Mrs. Windom and family will continue to make their home in Washington, where many pleasant associations of past years attract them to the spot. Their present spacious mansion on Massachusetts avenue will be exchanged for one more suited to the quiet life of a private clinen, though the choice of a future residence has not as yet been decided upon. Their loss in official circles will be sadly felt. No plans have ocen discussed by the Secretary of the Navy and his widowed daughter for the approaching summer, Mrs. Wilmerding having a natural shrinking from mingling with strangers since the sad tragedy of little more than a year ago. The quiet home life of the Secretary, his daughter and grand-daughter Alice, is seldom disturbed by any outside interests, every one respecting the deep-seated grief which must long cast the shadow over the broken home.

Mrs. Noble's One Ambitton.

Mrs. Noble's One Ambition. Secretary Noble and family expect to rem: Washington throughout the season. Mrs. Noble says that her sole ambition has been to travel through the Yellowstone Park during her husband's official position as Secretary of the Interior, but that as she was disappointed in this respect last summer, when she had hoped to accompany a party of scientists in company to accompany a party of scientists in company with the Secretary, and in this way snjoy exceptional advantages, she has made up her mind to accept things as they are and make the best of circumstances, though if it rests with her she will use her most earnest persuasions to induce her husband to take the holiday he so much needs. For a few days past Secretary Noble has been confined to his bed with a severe cold, and his physicians enjoined perfect quiet.

luiet.
Mrs. Wanamaker has been absent from the city for the past ten days as the guest of her sister, Mrs. Brown, in New York, where Miss Minnie Wanamaker has been spending the Lenten season. Owing to their absence from the city at the present writing, nothing of their plans for the approaching season can be

Mrs. Harrison Paints a Picture. Mrs. Harrison has recently completed a handome water color representing a group of cottages upon the beach at Cape May with a tempting glimpse of the ocean in the distance. The picture was painted from nature during

The picture was painted from nature during her last season's sojourn at the spot, and upon her return to the city Mrs. Harrison sent the sketch to her former instructor, Mr. Moser, for the usual finishing touches. This the artist, however, considered unnecessary, and so pleased was he with the success of his distinguished pupil that he placed the picture on exhibition in his studio, where it has been universally admired among a collection of other unticketed paintings. Within the past week the picture has been placed with other artistic treasures in the private corridor of the White House, from whence it has been several times removed to the Red Parlor for private exhibition by request of friends, Mrs. Harrison's talent for porcelain painting has long been the subject of porcelain painting has long been the subject of praise by connoissieurs, but it has not been gen-erally known until of late that her skill also mbraced water colors.

Mrs. McKee, Mrs. Russell Harrison and Miss Perrine expect to visit the Walters Gal early in the coming week, and will rem ore for the day to attend to a few

MURDERERS MAKE A PROTEST.

They Object to the Barber and Say They Are Being Robbed.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. COLUMBUS, March 5 .- A rather extraordinary performance occured at the penitentiary mex to-day, when Ed McCarthy, one of the condemned men sent up from Cincinnati, preferred charges before the Board of Managers against the annex guard, charging him with taking things which have been sent them at the annex, among the articles being a quantity of cigars. A number of other charges and complaints are made by the men. They say the guard abused them because they made him walk fast when he took them out to exercise and they also claim that the barber has been changed on them and their faces have become sore.

The Board of Managers will investigate the charges and it is likely a change will be mad in the guards, more for the purpose of satisfy ing a whim of the prisoners than anything else ON A CRIMINAL CHARGE.

Arrest of the Head of a Big Paper Manufacturing Company. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. LOCKPORT, N. Y., March 5.-Walter Jone resident of the Niagara Wood Paper Company, of Niagara Falls, was arrested to-day or harges of making false and untrue statements of the financial condition of his company, and publishing them on January 18, 1880, in the Niagara Falls Gazette, The arrest and exposure was made at the instance of James Davy, of the Falls, a wealthy pulp manuthat the outstanding liabilities and debts of the company were over \$110,000. Davy bases his charges on a report he received from the Treasurer of the county, Henry Durk, just previous to Jones' published report, which showed that the total liabilities of the combany were \$252,223, and the total assets \$243,156. Davy is a minority stockholder in the company, and takes this method of showing up the inside workings of the concern. Jones is well known in paper trade circles all over the country. He will have an examination to-morrow.

MARCH 6, 1891.

MURDERED IN BED.

ONE OF FRANKLIN'S PROMINENT CITI-ZENS KILLS HIS WIFE.

The Man Was Crazed With Liquor and Acted Strangely-The Coroner's Jury Finds Him Responsible, Though Temporarlly Insane-His Watcher Slept. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCEL!

FRANKLIN, March 5 .- A terrible murder occurred here at an early hour this morning, that, owing to the prominence and wealth of the murderer, has created a sensation. At 2 o'clock Thomas Moore, a leading merchant, aged 70 years, shot and instantly killed his wife, aged 68 years, while he was temporarily insane under the effects of strong drink. He had been acting strangely

of strong drink. He had been acting strangely for severl days.

Last night at a late hour he was induced to retire, but refused to remove his trousers, saying there were prowhers around, and he wanted to be ready for them. He was unarmed, and soon appeared to fall into a deep sleen. His aged wide threw herself across the foot of the bed, and was soon asleep also.

Moore awoke in the early morning, and procuring a 32-caliber revolver, which he had concealed, deliberately murdered his wife. He fired but one shot, as she hay asleep, the ball entering her left eye, ledging in the brain and killing her instantly. The noise aroused the son, who came to the room, and found his father standing in the center, with the smoking pistol in his hand. Moore was placed under arrest by several neighbors who were called in.

A few years ago, while laboring under a similar mental trouble, Moore tried to commit suicide by cutting his throat with a razor, and similar mental trouble. Moore tried to commit suicide by cutting his throat with a razor, and has on several occasions made violent attacks on members of his family. He is very wealthy, and has for several years been prominent in this city. His two sons are engaged in business here, and his daughter is the wife of J. C. McKinney, of Titusville, who is a member of McKinney Brothers, the prominent oil producers.

incers.

Mr. Moore has made a statement, saying that Mr. Moore has made a statement, saying that the shooting was accidental, and that he was only after some parties who were trying to enter the house. His condition is very nervous however, and no reliance whatever, the doctors say, can be placed on his statements. Mrs. Moore was a member of the Episcopal Church, and was highly esteemed in this city. Mr. Moore was the head of his firm of harnessmaters in the city, and has been attending to business right along.

business right along.

The Coroner's jury held an inquest and returned a verdict in accordance with the facts, finding Moore responsible for the shooting while temporarily insane. From the evidence it was shown that a son of Mr. Moore's had been delegated to watch his father, but had fallen asleep, and when the father saw this, he rose, secured the revolver, and killed his wife while she was peacefully sleeping.

SUITS FOR \$1,075,000 DAMAGES.

Outcome of Mayor Grant's Fight Against Electric Wires.

PECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW YORK, March 5.-Papers in a sui against the city for \$1,075,000 damages were filed o-day. The plaintiffs are the Brush Electric Lighting Company, which wants \$525,000, and the United States Electric Lighting Company, which sues for \$550,000. The suits are the outcome of the war against the noies and overhead wires, which Mayor Grant started in the fall of 1889. Under his order Commissioner Gifrey went at the telegraph poles with axes. The companies aver that the interference with their business caused by the attack on the poles and the breaking of currents, which supplied private patrons with light, was disastrous, and that for several weeks they were practically prevented from doing business by the city's attack on their poles.

The city will claim in defense that it has the ight to regulate structures in the public thoroughfares which affect the lives and health of the public, and that the plaintiffs had wrongfully neglected and refused to remove the poles.

Instead, however, of being allowed to proclaim their honest sentiments, as are those of the priesyhood who oppose the Irish leader, the Hierarchy forces them to keep select and will Lighting Company, which wants \$525,000, and

INVESTIGATING A STRIKE.

Official Inquiry Into the Trouble at th Corning Glass Works.

PRPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPLACE. ELMIRA, N. Y., March 5,-The State Board I Arbitration has been in session in Corning during the past two days, taking testimony in regard to the strike in the Corning glass works These works have been closed since January 1 and 500 men are out. A number of the striking employes, who were sworn, testified that a numwere union men. William J. Smith, of Pitts-ourg. President of the American Flint Glass Workers' Union ber of men had been discharged because they were union men. William J. Smith, of Pittsburg. President of the American Filmt Glass Workers' Union, was also sworn in regard to the wages paid the men in the Corning works as compared with union prices.

President Houghton, of the company, testified that on December 30 four men had been discharged, and immediately afterward 275 men laid down their tools and walked out of the factory. Three of these men had been discharged because of unsatisfactory work and the fourth for causing discontent among the employes. The board adjourned this afternoon and will immediately make a report of their investigation to the State officers.

AIMED AT PINKERTONS.

Ohio Prohibits the Employment of Foreign

Police Under Severe Penalties. SEPRETAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATEST 1 COLUMBUS, O., March &-By a vote of 63 to 25 the House passed a bill to prevent the im-portation of armed men into the State for colice duty. The bill makes it unlawful for any association, company or persons or associaany association, company or persons or associa-tions of persons, to employ men for the purpose of discharging duties devolving upon police offi-cers, sheriffs or constables in the protection or preservation of public or private property. Sheriffs, mayors and chiefs of police are pro-nibited from appointing any under sheriff, deputy or patrolman not a bona fide resident of the State. A violation of the law is punisha-ble by imprisonment in the penitentiary from ble by imprisonment in the penitentiary from two to five years for individuals and a fine of not less than \$1,000. not less than \$1,000.

The expression was general that the foreign police, called Pinkertons, tended to promote rather than to quell rioting.

THE WORLD'S FAIR PROGRAMME.

ompleted to-day. It provides for a gigantic

resident Palmer Is Growing Worse and May Die Soon. CHICAGO, March 5.-The report of the World's Fair Committee of Ceremonies was

military display and parade under the direction of the Major General of the army Tuesday, Oc. tober 11, 1892; the regular dedicatory exercises Wednesday, a grand ball Thursday, and the wednesday, a grand ball Indisany, and the whole to conclude with a general civic military demonstration Saturday.

Director General Davis, Colonel Dickinson, Colonel McKenzie and Secretary Phosbe Couzins are convalescent. Information was received from Delroit to-day saying that President Palmer was slightly worse and that the dent Palmer was slightly worse and that there were fears that his illness might result fatally. Dr. Thomas Weston, of the English department of the publicity bureau, was stricken with pneumonia last night.

PROTECTING THE CHILDREN.

They Must Go to School in Ohio Until They Are 16 Years Old. IMPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 COLUMBUS, March 5.-The Senate passed a

bill amending the compulsory education law. The provisions of the law are extended to minors between the ages of 14 and 16 years, and compels their attendance at school for a speci-fied time during that period.

No child under 16 years of age is permitted to labor it any factory, mine or other place where goods are manufactured.

A LADY REGISTER OF DEEDS. Although Legally Entitled to Hold the

Office, She Is Barred Out. GUTHRIE, O. T., March 5,-The Republicar ncumbent still holds the office of Register of Deeds, contrary to the decision of the Court that Miss Cora Diehl, the Farmers' Alliance facturer. Jones, on the date mentioned, published a sworn statement that the capital stock of the company was \$100,000, and that the debts were \$88,500.

Davy alleges that Jones knew at that time.

Davy alleges that Jones knew at that time.

that Sir Charles Dilke's intended attempt to re-enter public life has taken shape today. He has been preparing for a long time o produce some new evidence, which goes to prove his innocence of the charges that has lately brought this evidence to a conclusion, which, he says, is satisfactory to nim and in it he has been aided by a com-

of importance was found in it. Mr. Dilke will on Monday next address the electors of the Forest of Dean, with the idea of becoming the candidate of that constituency. This determination has caused surprise, for the Parnell scandal is too fresh in the public mind to warrant the revival of the Dilke affair.

Mr. Stead, in his Review of Reviews, is on the track, and comes out to-night with a protest, to which a large number of signatures have already been secured. The protest will be circulated. It declares that Mr. Dilke has not cleared his character in a court of law, as he promised to do; that the verdict of the jury in the divorce court he has not shown to be a mistaken one, and that he stands branded with perjury and subornation of perjury, equally with one who has stolen spoons or cheated at cards.

with one who has stolen spoons or cheated at cards.

This distribe is signed by the Rev. Scott Holland, Canon of St. Baul; the Rev. W. Thoulton, President of the Wesleyan Conference; the Rev. John Brown, Chairman of the Congregational Union; Lady Sandhurst, the Rev. Price Hughes and Annie Besant. To-morrow Mr. Stead will issue a pamphlet entitled, "Has Sir Charles Dilke Cleared His Character?" as an answer to Dilke's committee.

It Forbids Catholics Ranging The the Parnellite Ranks.

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.]

the priesthood who oppose the Irish leader, the Hierarchy forces them to keep silent and will not allow them to appear on platforms or take any active part in the political struggle.

Take In a Big Horse Show. IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.1 he Queen, to the horse show, which was held at Islington, was the occasion of a great gathering of people in the streets along the route which leads to the hall. The Queen was ac-Princess of Wales and her daughters, the Duchess of Connaught and suite and was attended by a mounted escort. The crowd along the route cheered the royal party, and there was a great display of bunting. The party was met by a recention committee, on which were the Prince of Wales, the Duke of Portland, the Duke of Richmond and Gordon, Baron Tredegar, the Earl of Ravensworth and Mr. Walter Gilber.

The pathway leading to the royal box was covered with crimson carpet. The large andience assembled in the hall had to pay a guinea each for the privilege of gazing on the Queen and her family, as well as for seeing the carrying out of the programme, in which was a grand parade of all the prize horses in the show.

Sir Gordon Cumming to Be Vindicated b the Defendants. FBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] are willing to admit they were mistaken damages should be left to the jury, the case to be submitted without speeches, a simple apology and admission of error only being made.

It is stated that this arrangement has been brought about through the good offices of the Duke of Clarence, who has been visiting both at Tranley Croft, where the incident occurred, and at Lady Middleton's, Sir Gordon's sister. The plaintiff, himself, while refusing all suggested private compromises, is reported to be willing to accept this solution of the difficulty, as fully atoning for the allered offense.

MUST BE RELEASED.

Set Free. PRY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.1

SENSATION IN COURT.

A Prisoner on Trial for Theft Fatally Stabs

BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY, PARIS March 5.-A highly sensational incl dent occurred to-day at the Palais de Justice. A man named Ennel, charged with theft, was

For Penny Postage. IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.

ers of Commerce to-day passed a resolution in favor of a system of penny postage to all the colonies. It is stated that there has been ar increase of 45 per cent in the number of letter since the last reduction in occan postage was

IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. 1 TREVES, March 5 .- The civil authorities still

DILKE TO THE FRONT.

He Will Make an Attempt to Once More Enter Public Life.

EVIDENCE SECURED IN HIS FAVOR,

That, He Claims, Will Fully Establish His Innocence.

EDITOR STEAD BITTERLY PURSUING HIM

IBT DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. LONDON, March 5 .- There are rumors were so disastrous to him awhile ago. He mittee, which has just published a pamph-

let giving the result of their investigation. According to the argument in this amphlet, Fanny Gray, who was said by Dilke to be able to clear him had she desired, but was believed by the public to have been spirited away by Mr. Dilke, as her evidence really was damaging, has been found, and denies the statements of Mrs. Crawford against Dilke. Fanny Gray is now married. The committee watched her for a long period, and could find no evidence that she had been paid money by Mr. Dilke. On the contrary, they found that she is living with her husband and entirely

on her husband's income.

All the evidence in the trial was reviewed critically by the committee, and but little of importance was found in it. Mr. Dilke

A BISHOP'S ORDER.

BELFAST, March 5 .- Great excitement has been caused here in Nationalist circles by the publication of a letter from Rev. Patrick Me-

GLIMPSE OF ROYALTY. Queen Victoria and Empress Frederick LONDON, March 5 .- The visit of Her Majesty companied by the Empress Frederick, the Princess of Wales and her daughters, the

A SETTLEMENT PROBABLE.

LONDON, March 5 .- There is high authority for saying that the Sir Gordon Cumming bar carat case will be settled amicably, but not out of court. It is reported that the defendant making charges of cheating against the wealthy baronet, and are willing that the question of damages should be left to the jury, the case to

A Wealthy Lady Seized as a Lunatic Will Be

LONDON, March 5.-Mrs. Catheart, a lady seized a few days ago in front of the law courts. n the Strand, by the officials of a private luna tic asylum.

This was done on behalf of the lady's relatives, who acted on a physician's certificate, but it now turns out that the lady must be released, because her case is being adjudicated by the courts, and, according to an old English statute, all suitors while passing between the court and their residence are especially under the protection of the law.

Himself With an Awl.

A man named Enner, charged with their, was being questioned by the magistrate. While that official's attention was called to the oppo-site side of the room, the prisoner snatched a brad awl lying on the table and stabbed himself six times in the side, inflicting wounds that will probably prove fatal.

LONDON, March 5.-The Associated Cham

Refuse to Sanction the Exhibition.



CONGRESS LEFT THE SAFE. Uncle Sam Alone With His Depleted

refuse to sanction the proposed exhibition of

the alleged coat of Joseph, the husband of the Virgin Mary. British Squadron Arrives. [BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY]

BERMUDA, March 5.—The training squadren, consisting of Her Majesty's ships Active, Volage, Ruby and Calypso, arrived here to-day. VEXATIOUS PASSPORTS.

THE GERMAN GOVERNMENT ENFORCING THEM VIGOROUSLY.

English Papers Dislike the New Copyright Law-The Maniac Train Passenger in Ireland Poss - Jack the Ripper-

Political Private Special States of the General Private Special Specia BEBLIN, March 5.—

Mar and examined the passports of travelers. Almost all the third-class passengers were prevented proceeding further on their journey. Most of them declared that they were ignorant of the new rules. Many of the passengers exchanged their tickets and started for the south changed their tickets and started for the south of Germany by way of Switzerland. Others had their money returned to them, and were enabled to travel via Cologne.

The press of this city heartily approves the loyalty (as expressed in the address to Emperor William adopted yesterday) displayed by the Provincial Parliament of Alsace-Lorraine for the first time since the Franco-Prussian war. The hope is expressed by the papers that Emperor William will accede to the Parliament's appeal for the repeal on the mitigation of the stringent passport regulations in Alsace-Lorraine.

Despite the appeal made by Emperor William to Dr. Windthorst, the leader of the Center party, at the dinner recently given by Chancellor Von Caprivi, the Centrists met to-day and resolved to oppose any increase of the

The British Still Unsatisfied. LONDON.-The St. James' Gazette this after noon advocates retaliation against the United States copyright bill. "If the Americans will not give copyright to books printed here," it says, "let us retaliate by refusing to give copysays, "let us retallate by refusing to give copyright to books printed in America. The bill is not a reparation, but is passed in the interests of the American printing trades, in order to deprive the British of a flourishing industry." The Pall Mall Gazette says that only a few British authors benefit by the bill. "Copyright bill," says the Gazette, "is a misuomer. The bill means protection for American printers and paper makers."

A Possible Jack the Ripper. DUBLIN-The man Gavan, who made a ferocious assault with a knife upon the passenbefore yesterday, has been declared of sound mind. Gavan has been twice in prison for stabbing persons. In neither case was there mind. Gavan has been twice in passes was there any motive for the act. The police are impressed with the man's likeness to the described appearance of Jack the Ripper, and are making further inquiries into his past history.

France Protests the Porte. CONSTANTINOPLE, March 5 .- The French ambassador here, M. Le Comte de Montebello, has entered a protest with the Porte against the appointment of Justice Scott as judicial adriser of the Knedive of Egypt. The Comta de Montebello declares that the appointment of Justice Scott is fresh proof of the intention of Great Britain to eternalize the British occupa-tion of Egypt, in violation of the rights of the Porte and others.

A New Monte Carlo Scandal. PARIS-M. Blanc has issued a pamphlet in which he charges M. Drevfus with attempting plackmail at Monte Carlo. He alleges that he blackmail at alone Carlo. He alleges that he holds a document in M. Dreyfus' writing, specifying how the proceeds of the journalistic campaign against Monte Carlo should be shared. M. Blanc has requested the Association of Republican Journalists to deal with the matter. M. Dreyfus refused to fight a duel with M. Blanc, but will prosecute him for libel, French Interference in Alsace-Lorraine, BERLIN-In the Reichstag to-day Herr

casion of the Empress Frederick's recent visit to Paris, instead of advancing the interests of Alsace-Lorraine, had resulted in a condition

Hoeffel, one of the representatives of Alsace-

Lorraine in that body, protested that the ac-

tion of the French Patriotic League on the oc-

Prisoners Strangled in Jail. BELGRADE—it has transpired that Helena Markovic and Helena Knicanine, who attempted to kill King Milan in 1882, have been strangled to death in prison. Milan requested M. Garaschauine, who was premier at the time of the attempt, to institute an inquiry into the circumstances of the killing of the prisoners, Up Goes Champagne.

PARIS-The vinters armounce an advance of 121/4 francs per dozen on champagne. The reason given for this advance is that they ap-prehend considerable danger to future vintages by the ravages of the phylloxera. This, how-ever, is considered to be only a pretext.

LEFT A \$1,000,000 ESTATE.

The Will of a Widow of an Ex-Cabinet Officer Admitted to Probate. MEMPHIS, TENN., March 5.-The will of Mrs. Catherine A. Thompson, widow of the late Jacob Thompson, Secretary of the Treasury under President Buchanan, was admitted to probate yesterday. The bulk of the estate goes to her yesterday. The bulk of the estate goes to her granddaughter, Mrs. Kirkman.

To Mrs. Montgomery, another granddaughter, known to the stage as "Ray Douglass," is bequeathed a half interest in a hotel at Oxford, Miss., and about \$50,000 worth of jewelry and plate, and \$50,000 is set aside to be invested for nefit. The estate is valued at \$1,000,000

JONES WOULD SUCCEED HILL.

He and Flower Disagree as to Whether the Latter Is a Candidate. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] ALBANY, March 5 .- Lieutenant Governor

Jones is soliciting the support of Democrats all over the State in obtaining his election to the Governorship when it becomes vacant by Governor Hill assuming his seat in the Senato. He said to-day that he had no fear of opposition from Roswell P. Flower, as the latter has made personal promises which asked that an order be issued compelling the United States appraisers of New York to ressured his position in that quarter.
This statement conflicts, however, with one made to-day by Congressman Flower at Washington, in which he flatly contradicts the Lieutenant Governor on this point.

NINE MEN BURIED ALIVE. Iwo Killed by the Snowslide, and Five Only

Escape Unhurt. SALT LAKE, UTAH, March 5.-In a lide one-fourth of a mile below Alta, in Emery Gulch, yesterday, nine men were caught, Hans Oisen and Barney Cast were killed in-stantly. The body of the latter was recov-August Hansmen and John Ford were badly hurt, but got out alive. The other five had a

After an Exceedingly Close Contest, the Government Gets a Majority.

SEVERAL VOTES TO SPARE:

Ontario and Quebec Provinces Gia Opposition Majorities.

THE TORIES CARRY THE OTHERS.

Government Are Elected. THE FIGURES GIVEN UP TO MIDNIGHT

Macdonald and Other Members of the

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. TORONTO, March 5.-The election took place to-day in a howling snowstorm, and resulted in the Government holding its own as regards the number of seats. But the Government has done more. It has largely increased its popular majorities, while the seats retained or redeemed by the Lil rals

are by unexpectedly small majorities. The greatest surprise of all is Halifax. It was regarded as a close fight, but the Liberals expressed great confidence in carrying it, while the Conservatives did very little boasting, but a pile of solid work. Both parties started work with great vigor when the polls epened, but the Conservatives had superior organization, and the work put in during the first hour encouraged them to proceed with great enthusiasm. By noon the Liberals had practically given up the fight, and thereafter it was only a question what the majority for the Government candidates would be

Loyalist Sentiment in Halifax. The defeat of unrestricted reciprocity in Halifax is due to the strong Loyalist sentiment there, and to the utterly inefficient ment there, and to the fitterly inemicient service rendered by the Liberal press. Indeed, probably the greatest service rendered to the Government candidates was the opposition press. Six months ago Halifax elected the Liberal candidates to the Provincial Parliament by 900 majority. To-day the Conservatives swept the county by an equally large majority. Halifax City alone rolled up 750 majority. All the coal mining counties rejority. Halifax City alone rolled up 750 majority. All the coal mining counties returned Government candidates by largely increased majorities.

Cape Breton county, the two seats for which the Liberals confidently relied upon capturing, re-elected McKean and McDougall by increased majorites. Pictou increased the majority of Minister of Fisheries Tupper and his colleagues, and Cumberland gives Dickey 900 majority.

The interest taken in the result of the elections is probably unprecedented. The people

The interest taken in the result of the each tions is probably unprecedented. The people began to crowd upon the streets about 8 o'clock, and by 8 all the newspaper offices were surrounded by great crowds. The Globe, Empire, Telegram and the News published cartoons and stereotypical views on canvas in front of their respective offices. Watching the Returns Coming In.

The returns from the three Torontos began to come in about 5:30 and kept up till 6:30. The easy defeats of Mowat in West and Wheeler in easy defeats of Mowat in West and Wheeler in East Toronto had been expected, but Kerr's run in Center Toronto was much less than had been confidently expected. Returns from London, Kingston and Hamilton were in about 6 o'clock. Sir Joint's increased majority was loudly cheered, and Carling's defeat was both chewed and ground. Returns from country constituencies showing large Liberal gains, created a good deal of enthusiasm around the Globe office, but were much ground at at the Empire and Telegram offices. As the evening

Empire and Telegram offices. As the evening wore on the crowd became greater and greater, and the excitement more and more intense, as the contest gave evidence of being close.

At midnight the vote for the entire Dominion by provinces stood as follows: Prince Edward Island.

Majority for Conservatives, 17,

Total

nipeg. Hon, J. A. Chapleau, Secretary of State, is elected for Terrebonne, Quebec, by a large majority. J. C. Patterson, Conservative organizer, for Ontario during the present campaign, who was runaing for North Essex, has been defeated. John Hazgert, Postmaster General, is elected for Sonth Lanark by 500 majority, Sir Hector Langevin, Minister of Public Works, has been elected for Richilieu. A dispatch from Hamilton says:

The large Conservative majorities here are a surprise to both parties, especially after the Liberal victory of last week. The city is wild with excitement; large processions with lamps and fireworks are parading the streets, and at nipeg. Hou. J. A. Chapleau, Secretary of State,

Some of the Prominent Victors.

Sir John Macdonald was elected for Kingston

by about 250 majority. Hugh Macdonald (Con.), son of Sir John Macdonald, is elected at Win-

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with excitement; large processions with lamps and fireworks are parading the streets, and at the Conservative headquarters the crowd is A Fair Working Majority. There are 25 constituencies in the Don which return 215 members to the House of Commons. Of these 205 have been heard from. The general conviction is that the Government has secured a fair working majority.

There are 13 Cabinet Ministers, 10 of whom have been elected and 3 defeated. The latter are Hon. C. Colby, President of the Council; Hon. John Carling. Minister of Agriculture, and Hon. G. E. Foster, Minister of Finance.

STREETER PROBABLY THE MAN.

The Republican State Central Committee

Takes Action at Springfield. SPRINGFIELD, March 5 .- Astute politicians recognize there are to-night but two Senatorial possibilities in the Illinois contest—John M. Palmer and A. J. Streeter. Every indication points to the election of Streeter. The Republican State Central Committee to-day, after a lican State Central Committee to-day, after a long session, adopted resolutions which indorse the action of the Steering Committee, and it is believed to-night that the five recalcitrant Republicans who have been standing out against Streeter will come into line very soon. The State Central Committee was ouposed to indorsing Streeter in so many words, and contented itself with expressing entire confidence in the ability of the Steering Committee, and other Republican legislators to do with the question, adding. "We believe it to be to the best interests of the Republican party organization in the "We believe it to be to the best interests of the Republican party organization in the State that our representatives in the General Assembly endeavor to act as a unit with re-spect to the election of a Sebator." In joint assembly to-day the one hundred and forty-first ballot was taken with the following result: Palmer, 101; Streeter, 98; Oglesby & The one hundred and forty-second ballot showed no change. After two more ballots without change, the joint assembly adjourned.

STILL TESTING THE TARIFF LAW. A Case Similar to That of Marshall Field

Co. in St. Louis. Sr. Louis, March 5 .- The attorneys of Charles H. Wyman & Co. appeared before Judge Thaver in the United States Circuit to-day and

arn the papers in the reappeal case of Charles H. Wyman & Co. from the appraiser's decision, and an appeal from the St. Louis port of entry. This is the case wherein the constitutionality of the McKinley bill is questioned, and Mr. Wyman sues to recover \$1,481 collected under the bill since its passage.

United States District Attorney Reynolds United States District Attorney Reynolds alled a reply to the petition, asserting that this court has no jurisdiction, the act having been committed in the Southern district of New York Judge Thayer took the matter under advisement. This suit is similar to that of Marshall Field & Co., at Chicago.

A Bible Sold for \$7,400. NEW YORK, March 5 .- At the Brayton Ives sale to-day, the famous Guttenburg Bible was sold to J. W. Ellsworth, of Chicago, for \$7,400.

denied the same privilege?