NOBODY TO CENSURE.

Outlines of the Report of the Legislative Committee Which

PROBED THE MAMMOTH HORROR.

A Difference of Opinion as to the Cause of the Accident.

THE ADVOCATES OF WOMAN SUFFRAGE

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18.—The joint committee of the Legislature which visited the Mammoth mine a few days after the terrible calamity which cost nearly 100 men their lives expects to have its report ready for presentation to the Legislature this week. It will not be long, as a portion of the work assigned to the committee will be undertaken by the commission appointed to revise and modify the bituminous mine laws if changes should be thought necessary to secure increased safety to miners.

This was one of the original duties of the committee that inspected the Mammoth mine. Another duty was to ascertain the condition of the families of the dead miners with a view to the extension of needed relief. The distribution of $25,000 among these people by the owners of the ill-fated mine will likely render unnecessary any assistance from the State. The only thing for the committee to do with these matters disposed of is to report the cause of the accident.

Senator Thompson, who is a practical miner, does not think the company operating the mine was at all responsible, and as the evidence from witnesses working in the neighborhood was to the effect that the fire bosses had done their duty, so far as their knowledge went, it was reasonable to suppose that they were guiltless of any negligence in the Mammoth mine. In his opinion the fire damp imperceptibly arose from the bed of the mine, accumulated about the roof and came in contact with a naked lamp, causing the explosion. Other members of the committee have different theories concerning the origin of the disaster.

THE SCHOOL BOOK FIGHT.

Letter From a California Official Against the State Publishing Them.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18.—The publishing firms which have been wont to furnish the public schools of Pennsylvania with necessary books are leaving no opportunity unimproved to defeat the bills providing for the printing of these books by the State. Among the arguments against the adoption of the proposed scheme is its alleged unsatisfactory working in California. J. W. Anderson, Superintendent of Public Instruction of that State, has written a letter, which is being extensively used by representatives of publishing firms with the members of the Legislature. The only merit it has, in his opinion, is that it secures State uniformity. The cost has been immense, 50,000 of each of ten books published in California having cost $400,000. Private publishers have been required to reduce the price of their books, but superior books turned out by the State can be purchased in the open market even without a discount. Superintendent Anderson closes his letter with the statement that he cannot advise any State to assume the publication of the school books in view of the vast appropriation required, the interest on these appropriations, the wear and tear of the plant, the inferiority of the books and their greater cost than better books in the market.

COSTS IN CRIMINAL TRIALS.

Two Bills Intended to Greatly Reduce Expense to Counties.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18.—Senator Robbins, of Westmoreland, introduced two bills to-night, which would result in great saving to counties in the expense of running criminal courts. One of them allows jurors to dispose of costs in all criminal cases except those triable exclusively in the courts of Oyer and Terminer. In cases of unfounded prosecutions in petty larceny, instead of compelling the payment of costs by the county, as at present, the jury or grand jury could compel the prosecutor to pay costs.

The other act overrules the Kishbaugh case, decided by the Supreme Court, in which it was held that in criminal prosecutions, where a defendant was acquitted or the bill ignored and prosecutor sentenced to pay costs, he can be discharged without payment of costs or any imprisonment. The result of this is that no criminal will pay costs and the counties are compelled to pay the costs. This bill proposes to compel every criminal sentenced to pay costs, and either to do so or go to jail. Many thousands of dollars will be saved to the counties if these bills become laws.

TAXATION OF CHURCH PROPERTY.

The American Secular Union Trying to Create a Sentiment for It.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18.—The American Secular Union is trying to create a sentiment among members of the Legislature in favor of a modification of the Constitution so as to include in the list of taxable subjects church property, from which, it is maintained, a yearly revenue of $30,000,000 could be obtained by imposing a 2 per cent tax on its full value. The system of exempting church property from taxation is denounced as unjust and oppressive and in utter disregard of the most obvious obligations of morality—a kind of deadheadism of which honorable men should be ashamed.

The individual is compelled to contribute to the support of churches just as much as his own tax is increased in consequence of the exemption of church property from taxation, the Secular Union says. It is needless to say that the movement of the body is not making much impression on the legislators.

FEMALE SUFFRAGE AGAIN.

Senator Thompson Asked to Father a Bill in Favor of It.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18.—The frequent rebuffs which the advocates of female suffrage have received at the hands of the Legislature have not discouraged them, for they have concluded to make another struggle for the franchise at this session. Mrs. Lucretia M. B. Mitchell has written a letter to Senator Thompson, of this county, in which she refers to his ardent advocacy of the cause of women several years ago, and asks him to extend his fatherly care to a bill that the disfranchised women propose to submit to the Legislature.

Mrs. Mitchell expresses the hope that at no distant day this will be a real republic, that is when the fair sex have the power to wield the ballot.

SAT DOWN UPON.

The Bill Against Giving or Selling Liquor on Decoration Day Defeated.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18.—The House bill to prevent the furnishing of intoxicating drinks on Decoration Day by sale, gift or otherwise was knocked out to-night by a vote of 97 to 64, because of the gift feature, which Representative Fow showed was on a par with the unconstitutional provision in the Brooks law, to prohibit a man in his own house from giving a drink of liquor to a friend.

The Senate bill prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors on Memorial Day will doubtless meet a similar fate, because cities of the first and second class have been excepted from its operations.

APPORTIONMENT BILLS.

THREE OF THEM INTRODUCED INTO THE HOUSE FOR ACTION.

Copies of the Bills of Four Years Ago Used—Probability of the Governor Using His Veto Pen on Them—No Extra Session to Be Called.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18.—By previous arrangement three bills were introduced in the House to-night relative to the apportionment of the State into Congressional, Senatorial and Representative districts. This action was simply to give apportionment a start, the arrangement of districts having no significance. Copies of the bills of four years ago were used by Lyttle, of Huntingdon; Taggart, of Montgomery, and Towle, of Forest, who read in place the several measures. The Apportionment Committee will soon be struggling with them, and a sufficient partisanship will likely be injected into them to induce the Governor to disapprove them.

In the event of no Congressional apportionment passing under the National apportionment legislation, two Congressmen would have to be chosen at large and 28 by district as now. In no event is it thought the Governor will call an extra session to have apportionment laws passed, in view of the fruitless extra session during Governor Pattison's first term.

He then supposed the Legislature would perform its constitutional duty in a few weeks, but it not only failed to pass Congressional apportionment legislation, but frittered away nearly six months and adjourned without enacting it. Then the Legislators received $10 a day, but under the present law they would receive $500 a session, without regard to its length.

BILLS IN HOUSE AND SENATE.

A Measure to Fix Common Councils' Representation in Pittsburg and Allegheny.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18.—Among the bills introduced to-day in the Senate were the following:

By Neeb, to change the number of freeholders necessary to ask for consolidation of boroughs and townships from one-half to three-fourths; authorizing cities to levy a vehicle tax on street cars, whether horse, electric or cable; (By the request of the Controller of Pittsburg, fixing the ratio of representation in Common Councils in cities of the second class, making it about 40 members. (Graham introduced a similar bill in the House.)

By Penrose, Philadelphia, authorizing trust companies to become sureties.

By Heinz, Luzerne, to prevent delivering of bread on Sunday by bakers and others.

The following bills were introduced in the House:

By Wood, Philadelphia, to exempt property belonging to the Grand Army of the Republic from taxation.

By Stocking, Washington, empowering County Commissioners to fix the time for Assessors to make returns of assessments and registrations, and providing a penalty.

By Wherry, Cumberland, to empower cities to levy and collect a vehicle license fee or tax on cars used by street railway, motor or traction companies operating roads wholly or in part within the municipal limits.

By Flickinger, Erie, appropriating $10,000 to the Hamot Hospital, Erie, and $5,000 to the Erie Home for the Friendless.

By Flickinger, prohibiting railroad companies from using stoves or furnaces to heat their cars. (Railroads less than 50 miles long are exempt from its operations.)

GRANGERS' TAX BILL.

Many Petitions Sent in to Both Houses in Favor of It.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18.—The Committee of Ways and Means will hold two meetings to-morrow to give the corporations a full opportunity to point out the objectionable features in the Grangers' equalization tax bill. The Pennsylvania, Philadelphia and Valley Railroad Companies are expected to be represented at the hearing.

The Grangers have had their day before the committee, but they are keeping on sending petitions to Senators and members of the House in favor of the measure. Nearly all those presented in both branches of the Legislature to-night had reference to this bill. Senator Meek, of Center, presented 16, from as many Grangers, and nearly all the Senators from the country districts were loaded with them.

TAXES OF VOTERS.

Member Johnson to Explain His Bill on That Subject.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18.—Representative Johnson, of Wilkesbarre, will to-morrow appear before the House Judiciary Committee to explain his bill, which seeks to prevent any person but those personally interested to pay for their naturalization papers or their taxes.

Mr. Johnson may be obliged, in order to give the bill a chance of passage, to amend it so as to confine it to the payment of naturalization papers, Representative Leeds, of Philadelphia, having informed the member from Wilkesbarre that the Republicans of Philadelphia would suffer greatly if the power were taken from committees to pay the taxes of voters.

BETTER CAPITOL BUILDINGS.

A House Committee Appointed to Look After the Matter.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18.—The Speaker announced the selection of McCullough, Taggart and Wherry as the committee on the part of the House to inquire into the advisability enlarging of the accommodations of the Capitol buildings or erecting new ones.

Stocking, of Washington, offered a resolution, which was adopted, paying a high tribute to General Sherman.

The bill was passed second reading fixing the weight of a ton of bituminous coal at the mines at 2,000 pounds.

Leaves of Absence Granted.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18.—Leaves of absence were granted to-night to Hays, of Venango; Cochran, of Armstrong, and Seely, of Lycoming, because they were detained at their homes by the flood. Dick Quay was given two weeks' leave of absence to enable him to accompany his father to Florida.

Looking Out for His Company.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18.—Calvin M. Payne, manager of the National Transit Company, is here to see that the cause of the opponents of the bill to reduce the rates for the transportation of oil is properly presented at the joint meeting of the Senate Judiciary and House Corporation Committees to-morrow.

Would Cost $94,758 45.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18.—In the House a communication was read from the Superintendent of Public Printing and Binding, in which he stated that the proposed edition of 34,000 copies of the "Birds of Pennsylvania" would cost $94,758 45.

Looking After Brewery Legislation.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18.—Theodore Straub, of Pittsburg, who had been East, stopped over here this evening to find out the character of the legislation affecting brewers.

Special To Let Lists This Morning.

MINERS WORKED UP.

They Indignantly Deny That Strikers Fired the Moyer Mine.

THE FIRE IS STILL UNQUENCHED.

The Number of the Men Imprisoned in the Shaft is Still Unknown.

A THEORY OF THE DISASTER'S CAUSE

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.]

SCOTTDALE, Feb. 18.—The fire in the Moyer shaft, at last reports, was still burning, but the company's officials are hopeful that the flames will soon be quenched. The whole mine has been flooded, and it is believed that the fire is under control. It is feared, however, that the fire is smouldering and will break out again in all its fury.

The fate of the three or four miners who are imprisoned is still a profound mystery. Many of their friends still maintain the idea that they are still alive if they have reached anything like a safe place. They agree that Yugowogne, who is the oldest of the three imprisoned men, is thoroughly conversant with the mine, and in an emergency, would be cool and make a desperate effort to escape. Others ridicule this idea, and have abandoned all hopes for the entombed men. The workmen have been imprisoned for four long days and nights, and it does not seem possible that they can survive.

Origin and Number of Lost Unknown.

The number of the dead is still in doubt. Two Huns, who have been missing since the disaster, turned up to-day safe and sound. They were thought to have been in the mine at the time the fire broke out. The life of every person who enters the shaft is imperiled, as the deadly fire-damp is understood to be quite prevalent.

The exact origin of the fire nobody seems to know. It may have been caused by the ignition of some waste material, or by the explosion of the naked lamp in the hands of the machinist. This the latter denies, however, by saying there was no explosion. The Coroner's inquest, which will be held as soon as some of the bodies are recovered, is expected to develop the cause. The miners' organization is already making preparations for the Coroner's hearing. They will be represented by the shrewdest members of their order, and are determined to secure a fair and impartial hearing.

This announcement caused widespread comment to-night, as Operator Rainey and the Knights of Labor are at present engaged in a bitter fight over the strike. Rainey has Pinkerton detectives to guard the plant from labor agitators. The inquest will be quite exciting unless all signs fail. The passions of the striking cokers and miners have been thoroughly stirred up by the charge that they fired the shaft.

The Industrial Effect of the Fire.

Secretary John DeHaven said this evening: "The W. J. Rainey Company should not be too quick to make groundless charges against our men. They have gone to that already. While I do not know positively what caused the fire, I would stake my life that it was not the work of any of the strikers. It is a base charge. All this talk about Machmest Leech being a member of our organization is bosh." Leech is the man who is said to have acted suspiciously since the occurrence of the accident.

The fan which is being erected in the slope to change the air current, is almost finished. As soon as the fire is extinguished, the work of clearing the wreckage and the search for the dead or imprisoned men will begin. While the plant may be idle for several days, yet the loss will not be so heavy as at first expected.

The men known to have been lost visited the shaft to blow some coal down for Monday morning's work. They used rock powder and it is stated that the shaft may have been fired in that manner.

ANOTHER WILL CONTEST.

Direct Heirs Object to Being Left Out of the Bequests.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 18.—The estate of Henry G. Soulard, who died yesterday at the advanced age of 90 years, is valued at $1,000,000. The old man died childless—never had any children, in fact—and his wife has been dead two or three years. Mrs. Soulard was a Miss Laue, the daughter of Dr. Harvey Laue, of Ste. Genevieve, and after her father's death her mother and married sister, Mrs. Chenie, lived with her until they died.

Mrs. Chenie's daughter married Frank X. Lamotte, of the real estate firm of Green & Lamotte, and after his death she became the wife of General D. M. Frost. She died several years ago, leaving two girls by her second husband, who are now attending school at the Visitation Convent, and a son and daughter by her first husband. The son is J. Soulard Lamotte, who has lived for many years at the Soulard homestead, on South Twelfth street, and the daughter is Lizzie, now the wife of Mullanphy Cates.

Mr. Soulard left a will in which all his immense property is given to Soulard Lamotte and Mrs. Cates. This will be contested by the direct heirs of himself and brother, who assert that for ten years previous to his death the old gentleman had been in a mental condition unfit to make a will, and that his wife's relatives obtained control of him.

The contest promises sensational developments and historic names will figure in the courts.

Excursion to Wheeling

Next Saturday, February 21, via the B. & O. R. R. Rate $2 the round trip; tickets good to return until the 23d.

Special To Let Lists This Morning.

The Soft Glow of The

TEA ROSE

Is Acquired by Ladies Who Use

POZZONI'S

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TRY IT.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

ELY'S CREAM BALM
Applied into Nostrils is Quickly Absorbed, Cleanses the Head, Heals the Sores and Cures

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Restores Taste and Smell, quickly Relieves Cold in Head and Headache. 50c. at Druggists. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y.

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Either of the above, $1 per bottle, or 6 for $5. If your druggist does not handle these goods write to WM. F. ZOELLER, Sole M'f'r.,
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LATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

—La grippe is raging at Leghorn.

—Smallpox is epidemic in Belfast.

—Chicago workingmen will start a co-operative store on a large scale.

—The last steamer from Apia reports a case of cannibalism in Samoa—the first in many years.

—Joseph Kirby and James Kennedy were frightfully injured by an explosion of patent paint at Wilmington, Del.

—A Denver family named Hartung were poisoned by eating raw pork Tuesday. One little girl died and the others are in danger.

—The Sioux Indian chiefs, on their way back to Pine Ridge Agency, say they received many fine promises at Washington, but they have no faith in them.

—Between 30 and 40 human skeletons were unearthed by workingmen in Chicago while digging a foundation. They are supposed to be those of Indians.

—A wealthy stock raiser, of Leskilwa, Ill., William Harsh, who had on his person a large sum of money, mysteriously disappeared in Chicago last Saturday.

OPENED FOR BUSINESS.

A Magnificent Bridge Over the Tennessee River at Chattanooga.

CHATTANOOGA, Feb. 18.—The magnificent new iron bridge across the Tennessee river, connecting Chattanooga with the north side of the river, was opened this morning with impressive ceremonies. It is the first public bridge built across the river since the old war bridge was destroyed.

It cost $250,000 and is 2,370 feet long and 105 feet above the low water mark.

Arrested for Forgery.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 18.—John T. Davis, alias C. G. Goodman, was arrested here at a late hour last night, charged with forgery. He paid a tailoring firm for a suit of clothes with a bogus check for $150 on the Gallatin Bank of New York. He first claimed New York as his home, but afterwards said he was a clerk from Boston.

HE-NO

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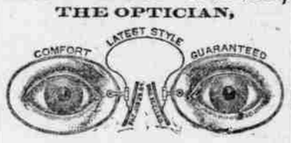

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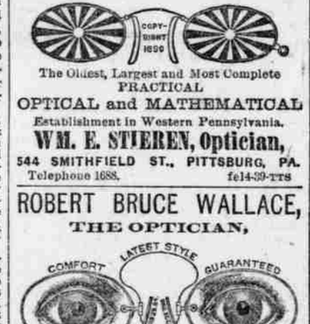

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Statement for the Year Ending December 31, 1890.

Assets	$147,154,961 20
Reserve on policies at 4 per cent	$136,668,368 00
Liabilities other than reserve	505,359 82
Surplus	9,981,233 38
Receipts from all sources	34,978,778 69
Payments to policy holders	16,973,200 05
Risks assumed, 49,188 policies	160,985,985 58
Risks in force, 206,055 policies	638,226,865 24

THE ASSETS ARE INVESTED AS FOLLOWS:

Real estate and bond and mortgage loans	$ 76,529,231 72
United States bonds and other securities	51,311,631 54
Loans on Collateral securities	8,624,400 00
Cash in banks and trust companies at interest	3,556,441 59
Interest accrued, premiums deferred, etc	7,133,256 35
	$147,154,961 20

I have carefully examined the foregoing statement and find the same to be correct.
A. N. WATERHOUSE, Auditor.

From the surplus above stated a dividend will be apportioned as usual.
The business for 1890 shows INCREASE over that of 1889, as follows:

In assets	$10,753,633 18
In reserve on policies and surplus	10,554,091 94
In receipts	3,859,759 07
In payments to policy holders	1,772,591 67
In risks assumed, 4,611 policies	9,383,502 21
In risks in force, 23,745 policies	72,276,931 32

Year.	Risks Assumed.	Risks Outstanding.	Payments to Policy Holders.	Receipts.	Assets.
1884	$34,681,420	$351,789,285	$13,923,062 19	$19,095,318 41	$103,876,178 51
1885	46,507,139	368,981,441	14,402,049 90	20,214,954 28	108,908,967 51
1886	56,832,719	393,809,203	13,129,103 74	21,137,176 67	114,181,963 24
1887	69,457,468	427,628,933	14,128,423 60	23,119,922 46	118,806,851 88
1888	103,214,261	482,125,184	14,727,550 22	26,215,932 52	126,082,153 56
1889	151,602,483	565,949,934	15,200,608 38	31,119,019 62	136,401,328 02
1890	160,985,986	638,226,865	16,973,200 05	34,978,778 69	147,154,961 20

NEW YORK, Jan. 28, 1891.

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Star Corner.

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ESTABLISHED 1861.
Eyes Examined Free.

Artificial Eyes Inserted.
J. DIAMOND, OPTICIAN, 22 SIXTH ST.
de28-TTSu

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

EVERY LADY WHO WANTS TO SEE THE LATEST SPRING NOVELTIES IN DRESSES AND SUITS SHOULD CALL AT KAUFMANNS'.

If lovely styles, handsome goods, large assortments and lowest prices count for anything, then our Ladies' Dress and Suit Department will double the very liberal patronage it enjoyed last year. A brief review of the styles now displayed will give ladies some excellent ideas of what will be worn this spring. The following points cannot escape the eye of the general observer:

SKIRTS! The English Skirt, with plain front and full, pleated back, seams to hold full sway.

WAISTS! Waists come in Fedora Fronts, Blazer effects, etc.—the very latest being 27 inches long, double-breasted Jacket effects, with plain or hip gore.

TRIMMINGS! No end of beautiful trimmings—narrow silk and velvet ribbons, gold and silver braids, gold and silver embroideries, plain silk embroideries, etc.

MATERIALS! Among the materials you will notice Cashmeres, Ladies' Cloths, Camel's Hair effects, Boucle effects, Homespuns, English Plaids and Checks; also Silks in plain black and colors.

HOW OUR DRESSES ARE MADE:

They are ready-made in name only—in every other particular they correspond with the work turned out by the best dress makers in the city. And then they'll cost you not more than two-thirds or (more than likely) one-half of the price you would have to pay, if you'd buy the goods and have your dress made.

A FEW OF OUR PRICES:

Ladies' fine plaid dresses, full plaited skirts, waist with velvet collar and cuffs, at only $5.
Ladies' fine cashmere suits, in black and all staple colors, waist with velvet collar and cuffs, at only $6 50.
Ladies' fine all-wool cashmere dresses, plaited skirts, with five rows narrow gros grain ribbons, waist with revere, collar, cuffs and revere trimmed with ribbons, in black and all new shades, at only $12 50.
Ladies' beautiful suits, with all-wool flannel waists, handsomely trimmed with Goutache braid, English skirts, all colors, at only $15.
Ladies' fine all-wool English plaid suits, waists with velvet vest, collar and cuffs, full English skirt, at only $14.
Very fine lustre dresses, waist and skirt trimmed with rows of narrow velvet ribbon, in black and colors, at only $15.
Ladies' fine cloth suits, English skirt, with the new long coat basque, sleeves and revere braided with tinsel, large pearl buttons, at only $22.
Ladies' fine black cashmere suits, plaited skirt, waist with revere, at only $9.
Ladies' fine all-wool cashmere suits, waist and skirt trimmed with wide silk passementerie, at only $14.
A full line of ladies' extra fine all-wool black henrietta suits, from $15 to $30.
An elegant line of ladies' black and colored silk dresses, perfectly, stylishly and handsomely made and trimmed, from $25 to $50.

MANY MORE.

Come and See Them All.

KAUFMANNS'

Fifth Ave. and Smithfield St.

AMUSEMENTS.

RAPIDLY DRAWING TO A CLOSE.

THE MARVELOUS RUSSIAN

VERESTCHAGIN EXHIBITION, Carnegie Library, Allegheny. "You will be impressed as you never were before."
10 A. M. to 10 P. M. 50 and 25 cents. fe17

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
One week, commencing Monday, February 23, Wednesday and Saturday Matinees,
J. C. DUFF OPERA COMPANY
Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Matinee and Evening, THE RED HUSSAR.
Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Matinee and Evening, DOROTHY.
MARIE TEMPEST From the LYRIC THEATER, LONDON.
CHORUS OF 60. ORCHESTRA OF 25.
Seats on sale Thursday, 9 A. M. Prices, $1 50, $1, 75c, 50c, 25c. fe18-59

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
ALL WEEK.
MATINEE SATURDAY.
McCAULL OPERA COMPANY.
Wed., Thurs., Sat. Matinee, BLACK HUSSAR.
Friday and Saturday, SEVEN SUABIANS.
Next Week—Duff Opera Co. fe16-5

HARRY WILLIAMS' ACADEMY.
TO-NIGHT.
Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
THE RENTZ-SANTLEY
NOVELTY AND BURLESQUE COMPANY.
fe16-55

HARRY DAVIS' FIFTH AVENUE MUSEUM—
Week of February 16, First and Only Troupe of SAMOAN WARRIORS.
Elmer Collins is going 30 days without food.
Admission, 10 cents. fe15-83

AMUSEMENTS.

Bijou THEATRE
Week February 23.
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.
ARCHIBALD CLAVERING GUNTER'S GREAT PLAY,
MR. BARNES OF NEW YORK,
Under the management of Mr. FRANK W. SANGER, of the Broadway Theater, New York. Seats now on sale. fe19-24

DUQUESNE
THEATER.
(Pittsburg's Leading Playhouse.)
PRIMROSE & WEST'S MINSTRELS,
TO-NIGHT, IF POSSIBLE.
(See afternoon papers)
TO-MORROW NIGHT SURE.
Tickets for Wednesday's performance exchanged for later in the week.
Next week—Hoyt's "BRASS MONKEY."
fe19-20

Bijou THEATRE
To-night KAJANKA.
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday. Ben Bon Matinee FRIDAY.
Feb. 23.—"Mr. Barnes of New York."
fe18-13

HARRIS' THEATER—MRS. P. HARRIS, R. L. Britton T. F. Dean, Prop's and M'grs. Every Afternoon and Evening.
N. S. WOOD,
In his new play, "OUT IN THE STREETS."
Week Feb. 23—Struck Gas. fe17-100-TTS

FEICK BROS.,
21 SIXTH ST.
Surgical Instrument Establishment.
Specialties: Scientific fitting of TRUSSES, appliances for DEFORMITY and ARTIFICIAL LIMBS. Largest stock of surgical instruments in Western Penn. Large illustrated catalogue free to physicians.