

proposed resolution, both of which are now in the hands of that all powerful syndicate, the Committee on Rules, is merely intended the direction of the incoming waters, and an that way we ran. The water was soon up to our waista. A few feet further was the first cross beading, and hardly knowing what we did, we turned into this. It pitched upward at an almost perpendicular incline and offered but

GLASS TABLEWARE TRUST.

Large Manufacturers Who Have Gone Into

Libel Suit in Sweden.

TWO FAIR DEFENDANTS

Mother and Daughter.

IBT DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.

Arthur Wilson has an income that is estimate

at not less than £10,060 yearly. Mrs. Wil-

very point.

is not yet an assured fact. The story of the The report was received and fied.

Affidavits from W. H. Alexand nephew, R, A. Lee, were read, after some opposition on the part of Mr. Warmcastle. The affidavits denied reports recently published that Mr. Alexander was the agent of a syndicate in offering a farm to the city. The affidavits were returned to the makers. Mr. Robertson offered a resolution that Councils visit the Poor Farms recommended by the Department of Awards, commencing o-day, and taking one day to each farm, the expenses of the trips to be defrayed by the city,

to make the resolution ridiculous, for both are so absurd that they will probably not be heard of again. No resolution is necessary "for the purpose of attaching a "rider" to an appropriation bill. All it needs is a sufficient number of votes. Possibly in the case of the free coinage

bill a number would be needed sufficient to mustain an appeal against the ruling of the Speaker. The action of Dingley, however, is fair warring to the Democrats that any attempt to get up the free coinage bill will pravoke a counter attempt in the direction of the elections bill. There will certainly yet he a good deal of music in this playing on discordant strings and possibly an extra session.

Here is another feature which may have an important bearing upon the situation, and which the radical silver advocates are trying to turn to advantage. A strong effort will be made this week to call up the bill for the sale of the old mint property in Philadelphia and the crection of a new building.

Trouble Caused by the Spoils.

It is said that there are a number of Pennsylvania members who propose to vote cainst the bill on purely personal grounds. These claim that their reason for so doing is that Superintendent Bosbyshell has not treated them fairly in the matter of appointments. They have probably asked the appointment of a day laborer or two and beeather they were unable to get what they were after they propose to punish not only the hig city of Philadelphia, but the entire State of Pennsylvania for the alleged slight put upon them.

None of the Philadelphia members are party to this means of petty revenge, and they are using their best endeavors to dissuade the kickers from their purpose. The threats came from several of the Eastern "country" members and it can be authoritatively stated that their only object in voting to deprive Philadelphia of a mint, which was recommended by Secretary Windom as his last official act, and by the Supervising Architect and the Director of the Mint, is a desire to get square with Superintendent Bosbyshell for either turaing down their appointments or delaying them.

Trying to Effect a Deal.

There is now only one member of the Committee on Rules who is opposed to granting a rule setting apart a day for the consideration of the bill, and that is Cannon. He is holding out on the general principle of expenditure. Cannon is under the impression that a big appropriation is asked for, but he is gradually being convinced of the fact that but \$50,000 is asked for, the remainder of the money being provided by the sale of the old mint property.

Speaker Reed is entirely in accord with the hill and he has from time to time assured the Philadelphia members that he will help them all he can. There is a rumor here tonight that the free coinage Democrats are trying to effect a deal with Congressman Vaux by which he will use his influence to bring the silver bill out of the committee in order that it may be considered in the House and in return the free coinage Democrats will vote solid for the Philadelphia mint bill. Mr. Vaux says that the rumor has no foundation, but there are those who claim that such negotiations are now pending.

Dalzell Ready for the Fray. The other disturbing element of the closing days of the session is the Beiter-Barrundia-Minner affair, Congressman Dalzell herman moved to amend Section 3 by "My arrest, I claim, was part of the plan

Mr. Suerman moved to amend Section 3 op striking out the word "prohibited" and insert-ing in lieu thereof the words "subject to the duties provined by inw"; so that books, etc., copyrighted and printed abroad shall not be prohibited, but shall be subject to tariff duties. The amendment went over without action.

plicit understanding in this matter." Then he showed a number of dispatches signed D., which he said referred to silver transactions.

LARGE PROFITS PROMISED

They Failed to Realize and a Co-Operativ

Bank Shuts Up Shop.

"SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

failed. "The doors leading to its unpretention

A SOUTHERN CYCLONE.

Birmingham,

Bank Wreckers Plead Not Guilty

d to the indictments against them, and

have been hurt.

A GOVERNMENT HAUL The Central and Union Pacific Railroad

Will Have to Pay Up. WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.-It is learned from a

letter recently sent by H. A. Taylor, Commis sioner of Railroads, to the Secretary of the Interior that action is about to be taken under the recent decision of the Supreme Court, in the case of the United States, appellant, vs the Central Pacific Railroad Company. This de-cision reverses a decision of the Court of

Claims, in which it was held that in the process of ascertaining the net earnings of the Union and Central Pacific companies, upon which 25 per cent is required to be paid, the Governper cent is required to be paid, the Govern-ment, under the Thurman act, could deduct from the gross earnings not only the actual operating expenses, necessary repairs and in-terest on the first mortgage bonds, but also that there should be deducted all sums paid for improvements, betterments and new equip-

The Supreme Court reverses the decision and holds that, under the Thurman act, the net earnings must be ascertained by deducting from the gross earnings only the actual operat-I on the gross calling only the actual operating expenses, necessary repairs made within the vear and interest on the first mortgage bonds. Under this method of calculation the net earn ings of the Central Pacific Company will be in creased over \$2,000,000 and the net earnings of the Under the Statement of the Central Pacific Company will be in the statement of the Central Pacific Company will be in the statement of the Central Pacific Company will be in the central Pacific Company will be in the statement of the Central Pacific Company will be in the central Pacific Company will be in the central Pacific Company will be in the statement of the central Pacific Company will be in the central Pacific Company will be in the central Pacific Company will be in the statement of the central Pacific Company will be in the statement of the central Pacific Company will be in the statement of the central Pacific Company will be in the statement of the statement of the statement of the central Pacific Company will be in the statement of th the Union Pacific nearly \$7,000,7% since th sage of the Thurman act 25 per cent of which sum will now be recovered by the Governmen

SUNDRY CIVIL BILL PASSED.

An Extended Debate on the Question of

Cierks for Congressmen. WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.-After the reading of the House journal to-day, a rather stormy de bate ensued as to the order of business, but the House finally went into committee of the whole on the sundry civil bill. On motion of Mr. Dunnell, of Minnesota, an amendment was adopted appropriating \$10,000 to complete the approaches to the public building at Winona,

Mr. Hayes, of lows, offered an amendment to the legislative appropriation bill providing ses-sion clorks to Representatives with a salary of \$6 a day. A point of order was made against it, Bontalle but was overruled by the Chair. Mr. Boutelle, of Maine, excited a good deal of merriment in advocating the amendment by declaring that never before in the history of the country had ever assembled a Courtes which would need the services of clerks as would the members of the With second Country had

the services of clerks as would the members of the Fifty-second Congress. Mr. Kelley, of Kansas, offered an amendment to Mr. Hayes' amendment providing that clerks should be appointed under civil service rules. The reading of the amendment elicited some laughter, but it was deteated. Mr. Hayes' amendment, with an amendment fixing the salaries of the clerks at \$100 a month, was support to without division. The committee agreed to without divi reed to without division. The committee in rose, and the sundry civil bill was passed

A SURPRISE IN STORE

In the Appointment of a Successor to Se tary Windom.

(FROM & STAFF CORRESPONDENT.) WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.-The denial in Lon don by Hon. John C. New of the report which originated in New York this morning, that Mr. building hat on the platform, and then crossed the track and levelled the store of Thomas Davidson. C. T. and James Davidson were in the store, and both ware hurt about the head and P. D. Lee was braised about the body. The cyclome then lifted, and, passing over a three-story building, struck the Helena Rolling Mill, about 200 yards from the station, taking the roof off of both the mill and stock house. The cyclome passed on in a southeasterly di-New had been cabled to come home to succeed the late Secretary Windom, sets at rest a story which was not believed here in the beginning. Gossip appears to have exhausted itself in running the gamut of names brought out before Mr. Windom was yet interred, and all of which have since been dismissed as probably in sible. Not one of these gentlemen have The cyclone passed on in a southeasterly diffection, and a report has reached here that i struck Talladega in its course. sent for so far, and it is believed the Pr sent for so lar, and it is believed the Pres-has in view some one not thought of or gested by the cossips, as in the case of th appointment to the Supreme Bench. It is erally believed that the appointment will great surprise when it comes. great surprise when it co

THE INDIAN CONFERENCE.

A Decided Vote by the Sioux Chiefs Again Military Agents.

dia-Minner affair. Congressman Dalzell WASHINGTON, Feb. 9,-The conference completed his arrangements to-day for open- with the Sioux Indian delegation was resumed to plead to such pleaded not guilty.

an attend of a state of the state

an almost perpendicular incline and offered but a slight footbold. "A piece of 'flagging' was at the foos of the cross cut and the two men helped me wrench this loose, and then shoving me up on their shoulders. I put it across the tunnel. After helping Mike and Cragle up on this perch. I climbed up myself. After resting on the beam, I began to feel above and back into the cross cut. Then the starting discovery was made that a great mass of loose coal was held above us by a log becoming jammed in some way, and of the committee to ruin my character and break down my testimony. I was honor-ably acquitted when the case came to trial, and now I am perfecting negotiations with an attorney to bring suit ugainst the Sergeant at Arms and the House of Representatives. They cannot prevent the truth of this silver pool matter from coming to light. I will make a clean breast of it in the proceedings against the House. Cashier J. M. Donald did not tell the facts in his testimony. When I swore that he was acting as the treasurer of the Congres-sional speculators, who were to make money upon the silver measure, I had proof to that effect. Mr. Donald engaged me to look after the Washington end of the affair, because he said he could not trust anyone connected with Congress. Here is the cipher agreed upon be-tween us, which I was to use in telegraphing him at New York. This matter the Investiga-tion Committee refused to allow me to place in committee to ruin my character and us by a log becoming jammed in some way, and I surmised that possibly hundreds of tons of loose rubbish from the abandoned workings above were in this cross cut. If this stuff totated to run nothing could save as Nathing tarted to run nothing could save us. Nothing ould be done but sit on our perch, which was ust three inches wide

The Terrible Sufferings Endured.

"From Wednesday morning until our rescue, with but one exception of possibly half an hour, we were sitting on the narrow strip of bim at New York. This matter the Investiga-tion Committee refused to allow me to place in evidence." Then Mr. Owenby gave the cipher dispatches which had been used, and resuming, said that Mr. Donald, acting upon these tips, was to do the purchasing of silver for the gentlemen he refresented. He said that he had mentioned two of them-Cameron and Ketchaw-and that he would give the others in due time. Continuing, he said: "I have a great quantity of evidence which I was not permitted to rive lagging. We were careful with our lamps, and by burning one after the other, the oil lasted a ew hours. Then came darkness, and we huddled close together for warmth. of evidence which I was not permitted to give that will show that Donald and I had an ex-

huddled close together for warmth. We soon prew stiff and numb. Then we rubbed each other as well as could be done in our dangerous position. It seems now as if we had been in there a year. Time did not move to our think-ing at all, and the intense darkness added to the horror of our surroundings. "We denesday dragged through and the night, then came Thursday, but after that we lost track, and had no idea how long we had been in the place. After awhile a terrible thirst came upon us, and Cragle began to act queer. There's a car, 'he said, 'let's get on it and ride away. Come, come,' he cried, and with that he jumped off, and I heard him strugging below in the water. I went down after him. Here 1 n the water. I went down after him.

found Cragle drinking in great gulps of water. I put my head down to taste it, and found it so strongly filled with sulphur that it blistered NEW YORK, Feb. 8 .- The Mechanics Coand burned my tongue. It seemed to cool the fever, however, and I drank several mouthfuis. operative Bank of Brooklyn has apparently

Gibbering Like an Idiot.

offices on the second floor of the Thompson-Jefferson building in Court square have been "Shilling had been left on the beam above, and I could hear him up there gibbering and closed for several weeks and on one of them talking to himself. Then came the fear that a dispossessor notice is posted, setting forth that he would loosen the rock behind us by some the bank officials have failed to pay the Jan means and it would come pouring down. I uary rent, amounting to \$29 17. The bank spoke sharply to Cragle, and induced him to started business last summer, the officers an climb up with me to the lagging again. Once nouncing that the bank was incorporated unback to our seats, Shilling got better and kept quiet. At intervals afterward both became wild, and it was hard work to keep them from

nouncing that the bank was incorporated un-der the building and ioan association law of 1851, and that when all the stock had been sub-zoribed for, the capital would amount to the neat sum of \$200,000,000. The stock was issued at \$200 a share, payable \$1 monthly, so as to come within the reach of a large number of persons. About a month after the opening of the bank, reports appeared in some of the Brooklyn papers, alleging some misrepresentations about the financial standing of the concern, and its business decreased to such a degree that the managers soon closed up or the control and the managers son closed up shop without riving any notification to the State banking department or to ther deposi-tors. The fact that the doors of the bank have been closed for several days and that no crowd of clamorous depositors have been knocking for admission is evidence that very few person

On the Brink of Eternity.

Cragle this evening said: "If one piece of cose coal above our heads had started nun-Havoc Wrought by a Whirling Cloud Near drads of tons would have rolled down the sharp pitch, and hurled us into eternity. I did not deep 15 minutes the whole time. The other BIRMINGHAM, ALA., Feb. R-A cycl. men would go off into a slumber. I would men would go off into a slumber. I would punch them and tell them to keep awake, as they were liable to drop down into the water. No one can tell the misery we suffered but God. I knew Rineer would stand by me. When I fell off the perch into the rubbish I was very weak. I said: 'Boya, I am sick: I cannot get up again.' I then prayed to God for help. Then Rineer and the Polander came down and struck Helena this afternoon about 4 o'clock. A dull, roaring sound was heard, and the people had only time to get to their doors when they saw a black, whiring cloud skim over the top of the hotel in the northern part of the village. It next encountered the telegraph twisting them off like pipe stems. Co down the railroad track it laid the station building flat on the platform, and then crosse

weak. I said: 'Boys, I am sick; I cannot get up again.' I then prayed to God for help. Then Rineer and the Polander came down and helped me up. 'I never loss heart but once. That was when the pump stopped and the water rose again. I prayed azain. We were very thirsty. I put my lips to the dirty coal and snoked it. My, but it tasted good. I took the cotton out of my lamp, socked it with water and passed it up to the Polander. He sucked the cotton dry.'' 'This is the second rescue of miners alive made in the anthracite region. The first was at Sugar Notch in 1875. Five men were impris-oned for seven days. They lived off the carcars of a mule.

BLOWN UP BY DYNAMITE.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 9 .- The tightening o One Way of Closing a Saloon Resorted to the grip of the law upon George F. Work, Louis by Ohio People. E. Pieiffer and James S. Dugan, the alleged wreckers of the bank of America, was con-tinued before Judge Arnold in the court house to-day, where the three defendants were called CLEVELAND, Feb. 8.-At 8 o'clock this more

ing the saloon of Fisher Coulter, in Fredericks-burg, Wayne county, O., was wrecked by a dynamite explosion, one end of the building being blows out, The building was occupied _ reigns,

the New Concern "SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. 1

FINDLAY, Feb. 9 .- The first practical outome of the efforts that have been making off and on for the last five years to form a combination of the glass tableware manufacturers of the country took shape to-day, in the application of a charter of an intended corporation t be called the "United States Glass Company," The nominal capital of the organization i placed at \$1,000,000. The table glassware house that have signed the incorporation are located in Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia, and are as follows: Columbia Glass Company, of Findlay; Nickle

Columbia Glass Company, of Findlay; Nickle Piate Glass Company, of Fostoria; the Robbs Glass Company, of Wheeling, W. Va.; the O'Hara Glass Company, of Pittsburg; the Bryce Glass Company, of Pittsburg; the Rip-ley Glass Company, of Pittsburg; the Bryce fiass Company, of Pittsburg; the Adams Glass Company, of Pittsburg; the King Glass Com-pany, of Pittsburg; and the George Duncan & Sons Glass Company, of Pittsburg. The plan of the management of this new trust has been discussed in several meetings which the above named parties have held in this city and Pitts-burg since the first of the year, but none of the details have as yet been made public. The fac-tories which have combined do not represent more than half the table ware manufactories of the country. The beadquarters of the trust will be in Pittsburg.

FIGHTING OVER DEACONESSES.

The Question Still Under Discussion in the New York Presbytery.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 NEW YORK, Feb. 9.-The New York Presby Here 1 tery discussed for more than an hour to-day the majority and minority reports of the committee appointed to consider the overture of the General Assembly regarding the appointment of deaconesses, and then sent them back

to the committee for reconsideration. The Rev. Dr. George W. F. Birch, chairman of the committee, declared that if the minority report were right in accribing the desire for deaconesses to the Holy Ghost, the Holy Ghost contradicted himself, for the Scriptures did not authorize deaconesses. According to the minority report then, God meant one thing and said another, or said one thing and meant an ther.

an ther. The Rev. Dr. Hasting, beginning with "I am a Presbyterian contamore by birth, education, faith and feeling, but I am ready to fight to the end the theory that the Presbyterian polity as such is of Divine origin," argued in favor of as such is of Divine origin, "argued in favor of the theory that the presbyterian polity as such is of Divine origin," argued in favor of the theory that the presbyterian polity as such is of Divine origin, "argued in favor of the theory that the presbyterian polity and not the polytopic of the presbyterian polity and the polytopic of the polyto the appointment of deaconesses. [He had not given up the idea, he said, that there was no warrant for them in the New Testament, which indeed did not warrant boards of trustees.

THE FIRM DISAPPEARED.

They Were Agents of a Milling Conce That Did Not Exist.

DENVER Feb. 9.-The firm of W. H. Meade & Co., who had an office at No. 48 King Block for about three weeks, very suddenly disan peared Saturday and have not been heard fro

since. Their departure was probably prompted by the publication here on the 7th of a Minne-apolis item giving an account of the arrest there of a firm fraudulencly dealing in lumber land, by which the purchasers were defrauded of their money. The Meade firm claimed to be the agents of

The Meade firm claimed to be the agents of the Michigan and Marine Lumber and Milling Company. Their plan was similar to the Min-nearoolis firm, and they required the succers to deposit \$25. After a certain length of time they were promised \$400 with which they were to go to Oregon and prove up a timber claim, the company then agreeing to purchase the land at \$1,000. There can be no doubt but that the firm did a rushing business here as a great many besieged the deserted office to-day.

PEACE STILL REIGNS.

No Truth in the Reports of Revolutions in Central America.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW YORK, Feb. 9 .- It has been a tim honored opinion among the coffee men of New York that the South American republics will

York that the South American republics will stop fighting when the coffee crop is to be gathered. It was officially made known to-day that the recent rumors of the trouble in Hon-duras and Guatemala are without foundation. Jacob Baiz, Consul General for Honduras and Guatemaha, received two cables, one from President Barillas, of Guatemala, dated Sun-day, and the other from President Bogran, dated to-day, saying the American rumors of revolution in Honduras and Central America sere wholly untrue and that perfect peace roigns.

neeting printed to-day stirred up New York York Spiritualists and a lot of folks besides. The statement of H J. Newton, the West COBDEN CLUB SECRETS. Forty-third street Spiritualist, that Rev. R. They Promise to Be Laid Bare Through Heber Newton, of All Souls' Protestant Episcopal Church, whose name is signed to the (BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.) prospectus of the spook investigation, was LONDON, Feb. 8 .- A curious libel case has

already a Spiritualist, but was not willing to say so, caused a good deal of talk. The New York Spiritualists have been asserting for a ist been before the law courts in Sweden. It appears that a Swedish newspaper named long time that the Rev. R. Heber Newton is a Spiritualist. They have gone so far as Motala Posten, accused certain persons of high ocial position, one of these being the late to say that he secretly consulted mediums about matters of business as well as about General Director of Customs, and another the present Lord Lieutenant of the county of spiritual affairs. One well-known medium to day mentioned two seances that he said Mr Newton had attended. One was last May in stockholm, with having received subsidies from the Cobden Club, amounting to £120,000, for carrying on a free trade agitation in their

The Court dismissed the libel, the country. Ine Court dismissed the hole, the writer bleading that all the statements were true, claiming that Prince Bismarck had been able, through the German Embassy in London,

Newton had attended. One was last May in the Chelsea, the medium on that occasion be-ing Mrs. Maud Lord Drake, and at the other Mrs. Riesse, who used to be Miss Phillips, was the medium. This medium said that Mr. Newton had con-suited Mrs. Hesse on more than one occasion. Mr. Newton, he said, had become interested in Spiritualism through Dr. Newcombe, dentist, who wrote a spirit Bible and called it Oshpe. Another medium said that the Rev. Mr. New-ton believed in Spiritualism, and that several members of his congregation were avowed Spiritualists and attended seances regularly. to obtain a copy of the club's secret accounts and these accounts fully bore out the state ments that had been made. The writer of the article received his information in such a way that there could be no question about its authenticity, and he further alleged that these secret accounts would be very soon published in Berlin. The Kev. Mr. Newton, himself, has been confined to his room with a severe cold for several days. "My views on Spiritualism," he said, "were set forth in an article printed in In the Cumming Slander Suit Are a Wealthy one of the Sunday papers a year ago. I believe that there is something in the phenomena be-

sudes fraud." "Have you ever attended any seances?" asked the reporter. "I have never attended a public seance," Mr.

LONDON, Feb. 9 .- Mrs. Arthur Wilson, the rincipal defendant in the Sir Gordon Cum-Newton replied. "You have attended a seance given by Mrs. Maud Lord Drake, have you not?" asked the ning action for slander, is the wife of a partne in the great shipping firm of Wilson Sons & Co

reporter. "I have never been to any public scance," again answered Mr. Newton, and that was all he would say.

Market Court to-day and were remanded until

the detectives should complete their investiga-

GIBBS LOST HIS WATCHES.

An Indianapolis Jeweler Who Was Tripped

Up by Customs Officers.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.-Max Gibbs, of Indian-

apolis, a passenger on the North German Lloyd steamer Ems, which reached her dock,

in Hoboken, this morning, was stopped by a

suspicious Customs officer as he was leaving

the pler, and his clothing was searched. A

ness in Indianapolis. Some time ago he went abroad and brought back a quantity of watches

at not mast that follow yearly. Airs, Wil-son is a frequent entertainer of the Prince of Wales' set, and the Prince often honors her parties with his presence at her residence in Grosvenor place, and can usually be found during the racing season at the Wilson country place at Doncaster. PLAYED THE RACES.

Two Young Clerks Arrested for Wholesale place at Doncaster. Mrs. Lycett Green, another defendant, is a married daughter of Mrs. Wilson. Stealing of Cloth. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

OPPOSING THE BILL

ondon Theatrical Managers Protesti Against Their Receipts Being Taxed.

Albert and Edward Smith are locked up at IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. police headquarters on a charge of stealing several thousand dollars worth of cloth from LONDON, Feb. 9.-Messrs, Irving, Wyndhar and other leading managers are taking united action in opposition to the bill now before Par-William B, Roe, an importer at 66 West William B. Roe, an importer at 66 West Twenty-third street. Several days ago the detectives saw Smith enter an uptown pawa-abop with a roll of cloth under his arm and come out a little later without it. On Friday they saw him repeat the operation, and they followed him until he met Albert. After an earnest conversation, the men separated. Albert was traced to Mr. Roe's store, where he was employed as a clerk. When he was ar-rested he confessed that he had been systemat-ically robbing his employer since last May. He was a trusted clerk, but he began playing the races and stole to make good his losses. He is 18 years old. Forty-five rolls of cloth, valued at \$2,000, have been recovered from the pawn shops. Both men were arraigned at Jefferson Market Court to-day and were remanded until action in opposition to the bill now before Par-flament, which the somewhat unpractical Lon-don Coffnty Council is engaged in promoting, that provides for the taxing of the receipts of theaters. - The idea is borrowed from the French, although Mr. Wyndham and others, ac-quainted with New York theatrical history, are citing the unjust license tax now imposed on places of amusement in that city as an example that should not be followed.

BLOOD REALLY DRAWN.

A Duel Over the Thermidor Results in th Pinking of a Frenchman.

IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] PABIS, Feb. 9.-As a result of the dispute be tween Monsieur Larroumet, the director of the Beaux Arts, and the newspaper, L'Echo de Paris, with regard to "Thermidor," a duel occurred this afternoon in the neighborhood of the city. The combatants were Monsieur Lar-

conmet and Monsieur Jordan, the writer on the The result was that the former was wounded in the right arm.

Blaming the McKinley Tariff.

package in his possession was found to contain eight costly watches, seven of gold and one (BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.) DUBLIN, Feb. 9 .- It is stated that the Mc quaint silver watch of extraordinary size, which Kinley tariff has almost entirely destroyed the icked like a Dutch clock. Besides these, there sewed muslin trade of Ballyshannon, Con Donegal. This, in addition to the failure of potato crop, has caused much distress am were half a dozen pairs of fine undressed kid gloves and a half dozen gold finished fruit knives. Mr. Gibbs said he was a jeweler, doing busi-

CAME UNDER THE OCEAN.

Cable Items of Interest Condensed to the Smallest Possible Space. MME. PATTI expresses her indignation over her arrest in Berlin for alleged breach of con-tract.

abroad and brought back a quantity of watches and jewelry, but the customs consumed his profits. Then his brother-in-law suggested that he bring the next lot in his pocket, and omit the formality of paying customs duties. He tried this with the result noted. The whole seizure was valued at from \$2,000 to \$2,500, and was dutiable at 25 per cent. The goods were conflocated and will be sold at auc-tion. THE plantation negroes on the Portugue

Warmcastle's Point of Order. Right here Mr. Warmcastle raised a point of der. He claimed that, under the Poor Farm ordinance, the Department of Awards was rewired within five days from opening the bids. to examine all the farms and recommend one to Councils. This had not been done, and therefore Councils had really nothing to con-

Mr. Keating held that the department had the right to ask the help of Councils in making a selection, but Mr. Warmcastle pressed his point, claiming the Department of Awards had ailed to comply with the ordinance, and Coun cils had no business with the matter until

they did. President Ford hesitated. First he decided President Ford hesitated. First he decided that the wording of the ordinance, that a ma-jority of the department must report, meant a majority of the farms offered, but Mr. Warm-castle did some lightning calculation, and re-plied that in that case 15 farms should have been recommended, and therefore the report was still incomplete. Finally Mr. Ford de-cided that the original point was well taken, and the consideration of the report was out of order.

order. Dr. Evans moved to refer the matter back to the Department of Awards. He did not see what the Committee on Charities had to do with

Mr. Robertson-If it is referred back to the Mr. Robertson-If it is referred back to the Department of Awards the whole matter falls through. There is no necessity for such a dis-position. The ordinance left the selection of a farm to the judgment of the department, and they have rendered their opinion. The proper thing to do is to assist the department in select-ing one of the four farms. Councils must and should bear this responsibility, and in order to vote intelligently Councils must visit the farms. Warmeastle Wanted to Know.

Warmcastle Wanted to Know.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9 .- Detectives Wade and Mr. Warmcastle-May I ask the gentleman Reap, of the Central Office, have been watching one question? the pawn shops in the upper part of town for two weeks, and as a result of their work James

Mr. Robertson-Certainly. Mr. Warmcastle-Did you vote for the pur chase of the Stewart farm last August?

Mr. Robertson-I did.

Mr. Warmcastle-Were you ever on that

Mr. Walking the weak of the second state of the second sec

Not the Bound of satisfy them we must assume the responsibility ourselves.
The stans-I cannot agree with this view. We went into a departmental form of government in order to fix this responsibility. If three of these gentlemen, who are under oath, recorded in the transaction, we can fix the responsibility and follow it up. I don't suppose there are half a dozen men in Councils who have agod farm from a poor farm, and they should not accept the responsibility when it properly belongs elsewhere.
Mr. Warmcastle-That is just why I want this thing stopped. I believe that under the fits the fit is under the fits the stop of the select the farm here is any other thourable way, and thus save the city a great deal of money. I am sure Councils would approve the purchase if it was not at too high a figure.

* Dr. Evans' Startling Statement.

The peculiar position of the Poor Farm mat-ter had by this time attracted nearly all the

members of Common Council into the Select

chamber. Mayor Gourley took a seat by the

side of the President, and Chiefs Brown, Hige-low and Elliot: leaned against the wall. The

low and Elliot? leaned sgainst the wall. The crowds in the lobby had overflowed on to the floor of the chamber, and the air was getting unpleasantly warm when Dr. Evans tried to clear the atmosphere with this thunderclap: "Just to show how prices jump up when the city is the purchaser, I wish to state that to-day I saw a written option on one of these four farms, the understanding being that if the city does not buy the farm the holder of these four farms, the understanding being that if the city does not buy the farm the holder of the option is to purchase it for 40 per cent less thas it is offered to us. For this reason I repeat my motion to refer the whole matter back to the Department of Awards, and let them fix it up as it should be." A stillness settled down over the chamber for