FORTY-FIFTH YEAR.

NOT FIRE, BUT FLOOD

Which This Time Sweeps a Score of Fated Miners

Out of Existence.

TWO HORRORS IN ONE DAY,

And Both Directly Traced to Negligence of the Most Criminal Character.

IN THE GREED FOR COAL AND GOLD

The Workers Are Pushed Into an Abandened Shaft Holding an Immense Quantity of Water.

BLOW OF A PICK LETS IN THE STREAM

Then Followed a Wild Race for Life, and Only These Who Caught the Pirst Alarm Were Able to Make Their Escape.

BODIES OF VICTIMS MAY NEVER BE RECOVERED

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH, 4 WILKISBARRE Feb 4 -- A terrible mine accident occurred at Janesville, this county, shortly before noon to-day. Nearly 100 men were at work in the Janesville mine operated by the Spring Water Coal Company, when all at once and with hardly a moment's warning the noise of rushing waters was

in seven minutes after the first report the whole mine was flooded with millions of gallons of water. Every gangway and every breast was filled to the brim.

As soon as the miners realized what had happened they made a rush for the main gangway to escape. Those who were working the furthest away could not reach the main gangway in time. They were overwhelmed by the rushing waters and perished in their tracks.

The Only Path to Safety.

Pire Boss Evans was in the gangway when he saw a stream of water coming toward him. He at once gave the alarm to the engineer above to get ready to hoist the carriage. In another minute men came running into the gangway from all directions. They at once made for the carriage and were hoisted up in safety. The fire boss was not the first to take the

carriage. As soon as he saw what had happened he ran up the main gangway as far as the water would allow him and cried out with all his might for everybody to get out of the mine as there was a flood.

In retracing his steps the hero w engulfed in the water which from a little stream at first had now increased to aimost a creek in size. Some of the men who were at work in distant parts of the mine had an awful struggle to get out of the way of the raging waters.

A Wild Race for Life.

Tim Sully says he was pursued by a roaring stream of water through the upper gangway. He ran as he never ran before, but garian who was running for his life too, but and fallen exhausted. As quick as possible Sully picked himself up. The water was now up to his knees. He did not despair, however, but kept on splashing through the water and reached a point of safety just as the water reached his neck. It was a great race for life. Sully fainted after he was brought to the surface.

The accident was caused by the breaking in a mine of a large reservoir of water, which was stored in an abandoned portion of the mine known as No. 8 list. The water had been accumulating for years. Every year it increased in volume. The Fatal Blow of a Pick.

Charles Boyle and Patrick Cole were at work in No. 1 lift just below No. 8 lift. water came pouring through into the breast and gangways, which were filled with men at work. It was impossible to stop the opening. Boyle and Cole had to flee for ways they gave warning, and in this way many men escaped, who would otherwise have perished.

The Hungarians became demoralized, when the water came upon them. They ran in groups and were unable to make quick time and often stumbled. The English miners ran in single file and could make good

After the gangway became almost filled with water a score of men swam on its surface and got out.

List of Those Who Perished.

The following are the names of the dead: PATRICK McCLOSKEY, 32, single. PATRICK KELLY, single, 30, JAMES WARD, married, wife and eight chidren residing in Ireland.
HENRY REID, married, wife and five chil

H. A. GALLAGHER, married, wife and two SAMUEL PORTER, married, wife and four

JAMES GRIFFITH, married, wife and one

SAMUEL BALL, married. The others killed were Hungarians, as follows:

JOE MATZKWICZ. THOMAS KOSASHOWSKY. FREDERICK GECH. JOHN SRENNO.

JOE MARTO. JOE ASKO. THOMAS JECKO.

MOSE PRENKI The company has already begun to pump the water out of the mines. The bodies cannot be recovered until the mine is clear of

water. The mine is a total wreck. It is doubtful if it can be pumped out in six Distressing Scenes at the Shaft.

The terrible disaster has east a gloom over the whole community. It was a distressing scene at the mouth of the shaft. Strong

their hair and wrung their hands in despair. survived the journey is a mystery to the Mr. Brislin, one of the escaped miners at he bottom of the slope, said to a reporter:

I was waiting at the bottom of the slope for a trip to come out. Suddenly I heard a loud noise and thought it was the trip coming out. Then a frightful blast of wind came and knocked me down the gangway. I cried out to James Griffiths. Then the wind blew his light James Griffiths. Then the wind blew his light out as suddenly as it did mine. I tried to run for the slope, but stumbled and fell. Then John Boyle and John Neems came running out. Neems' lamp was burning, and through the aid of Neems' light we got to the slope. The water came pouring after us as we ran. We got to the slope and then the light went out. We clambered up as fast as we could, and the water came rushing after us, rising very quickly. In five minutes the water raised 208 yards to the mouth of the slope, the pitch of which is 839.

And Still Another Horror. An accident almost identical with the above occurred at No. 3 mine of the Susquehanna Coal Company, at Nanticoke, this afternoon. Five men were at work in an old portion of the mine robbing pillars, when one of the pillars was demolished.

It let in a large body of water, which was stored in a lift higher up. Two of the men escaped, but the three others perished. The dead are: W. R. Cragle, W. L. Ryman, both married, and John Levinski, a Pole. The mine is badly flooded with water, and the bodies have not yet been recovered.

CANADA'S PROPOSALS.

WHAT ITS GOVERNMENT WANTS IN THE WAY OF RECIPROCITY.

Seven Points in a Proposed Treaty Sent to Secretary Blaine Through the British Colonial Office-The Reasons for Sending Them in That Manner.

OTTAWA, ONT., Feb. 4.-The following is a copy of a dispatch from the Governor General to the Secretary of State for the colonies showing the nature of the Canadian Government's proposals to the United States, and indicating the desire of the administration for the development of trade between the United States and Canada:

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, Dec. 13, 1890. My Lond—I have the honor to send your Lordship to-day a telegraphic message in cipher, of which the following is the substance: With reference to my telegram of the 10th inst., this Government is desirous to propose a joint commission such as that of 1871, with authority to deal with treaty limitation, and to prepare a treaty respecting the following subjects:

First—Renewal of the reciprocity treaty of 185s, with modifications required by the altered circumstances of both countries, and with extensions deemed by the commission to be to the interests of Canada and the United States.

Second—Reconsideration of the treaty of 1888 with respect to the Atlantic fisheries, with the aim of securing free admission into the United States markets of Canadian fishery products, in return for facilities to be granted to United States fishermen to buy bait and supplies, and to tranship cargoes in Canada, all such privileges to be mutual.

Third—Protection of the mackerel and other fisheries on the Atlantic Ocean and in inland waters.

Fourth-Relaxation of the seaboard coasting I was of the two countries.

Fifth—Relaxation of the coasting laws of the two countries on inland waters dividing Canada from the United States.

Sixth—Mutual salvage and saving of wrecked

essels.
Seventh—Arrangements for settling the boundary between Canada and Alaska.
The treaty would be ad referendum. The manner of this proposal to the United States Government is briefly as follows: States Government is briefly as follows:
Several weeks ago, when the negotiation
were in progress between Newfoundland an
the United States looking to a reciprocit
treaty, the Canadian Government made representations that Canada should have the option sentations that Canada should have the option of being included in any arrangements with that colony as to the fisheries or trade. This contention was based on the solemn assurances given by the Newfoundland Government two or three years are, and repeated on successive occasions, that if any special privileges were allowed any country in regard to the purchase of supplies or balt in Newfoundland such of supplies or bait in Newfoundland such privileges would also be granted to Canada. The Secretary of State for the United States, when he learned of the position of affairs, insisted that the negotiations should be carried on separately. He intimated, however, that he would not be unwilling to enter into negotiations with Canada, but preferred that they should be private and unofficial. The Dominion Government, theretupon, asked the Impernal authorities to remind Mr. Blaine that Canada had always been ready for fair reciprocal arrangements, and had made repeated offers to that effect, which, however, had been ignored or refused by the United States. It was further represented that the Dominion Government and the Dominio the water gained on him. First it was at his heels then it gained and came up to his heels then it gained and came up to his been made to them, to again negotiate, and that they would prefer that these negotiations should be official and under commission from the British Government. Mr. Blaine, ther upon, asked what basis the Dominion Government.

upon, asked what basis the Dominion Govern ment proposed to negotiate. The dispatch above is the reply which the administration of Sir John Macdonald sent to Lord Knutsford for transmission to Washington. SHIPWRECKED CREW RESCUED

They Were Forced to Travel Hand-Over-Hand to Shore.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR O HALIFAX, Feb. 4.-During a heavy gale ast night the schooner Senator Morgan, of Gloucester, Mass., was driven ashore at Cowbay, East Halifax, and became a total wreck. The crew barely escaped with their lives. The sea was breaking fiercely all around, and the crew did not know where they were. To try to land in dories meant Hoyle struck his pick in the roof of his death, so they started a fire on deck by burnchamber, which made a large hole and the ling their bedelothes to attract attention on shore, which they finally succeeded in do-ing. When Captain Graham discovered men on the beach he threw a tub into the water containing a light line with the hope that it would be carried ashore. The break their lives. As they went along the gang- ers swept it in toward land, and when it got near enough a dog swam out and secured it. By aid of the line a hawser was hauled ashore and secured. The crew had to scramble ashore hand-over-hand, being dashed about in the heavy waves, often finding it as much as they could do to retain their hold. One man, the cook, was so exhausted that he fainted before he got ashore. It took two hours to rescue the men from their perilous position.

BAPTIZED IN A COPPIN

A Dying Ohio Woman Undergoes a Very

Strange Immersion SEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCELS SPRINGFIELD, O., Feb. 4.-The entire city to-day is talking of the strangest baptism this section of the State ever knew. For some time Mrs. Rachel Tyree has been seriously ill. During this time she has professed religion and a desire to unife with the Christian (Campbellite) Church. Her illness had been too severe to admit baptism. Last night, however, she became alarmingly worse, and it was leared she would die. She ne almost frantic to be baptized, and it was explained that that ceremony would not be more disastrous than her worry of not being immersed.

Accordingly arrangements were made. There was no bathtub in the house, so a metallic coffin was secured and filled with warm water. The woman's mouth and nose were tightly bandaged, and she was immersed by the Rev. W. A. Gross, and then quickly wrapped in hot blankets. To-day Mrs. Tyree is very low, but no worse

HE HAD WONDERFUL NERVE.

A Wounded Man Walks Four Miles With a Bullet in His Breast.

PETECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. CHICAGO, Feb. 4.-With a bullet in bis breast, Frank Picha to-day walked from the county hospital to his lodging house, a distance of over four miles. The weather was men cried, and women and children pulled intensely cold, and how the wounded man

hospital doctors, who had just begun to probe for the bullet when Picha arose from the operating table and dashed away.

The shooting grew out of an intrigue, in which a William Patterson and Maud Williams were involved. The men were bitter enemies, and last night Patterson shot Picha in front of the People's Theater, just as the audience was pouring out of the doors. When Picha reached his lodgings to-day he fainted from loss of blood. In an adjoining room the Williams woman lay dying on the floor. She had taken morphine because Patterson could not secure bail. Picha may recover.

A BOOM IN COMSTOCK.

THE GREAT LODE IS TO BE WORKED ON THE LOWER LEVELS

nother Store of Millions May Be Uncovered and Former Glory Be Restored-A Shut-Down of Five Years to Be Raised in Some Mines.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 4 .- Reports from Virginia City declare there is great excitement on the Comstock over a decision to drain the lower levels of all large mines and to begin prospecting and mining, which had been practically abandoned for over six years. All work done since then has been on the upper levels, which have been pretty thoroughly explored with diamond drills. For half a mile underground there are only small patches of ground which have not been honey-combed by the drill, and these patches cannot contain a bonanka. Below this level everything may happen, and a week's work may uncover ore worth millions and set the whole Comstock to booming

For several months the work of desining John Mackay, young Flood and others, who control the Middle and North End mines, have determined to begin pumping out the lower level. When the great Com-bination shaft, owned by the Chollar, Potosi, Savage and Hale and Norcross companies shut down five years ago, Comstock was in mourning. At the Combination there is immense pumping machinery, all of which has been idle since. Now Cornish pumps are to be started in the Combination shaft to lower the water until hydraulic pumps can be reached and set going. The starting up of the Union, with its enormous ma-chinery, will naturally follow, and the great lode will then be worked from end to

great lode will then be worked from end to end away down in the ground.
Outside of Consolidated Virginia and California, the Comstock mines represent an actual loss of over \$36,590,000 sunk in assessments in 25 years. Sierra Nevada has taken from stockholders \$6,250,000 and returned only \$1,000,000. Of other stocks, Union has drawn \$2,300,000 in assessments and has never paid a dividend, while Justice bled its devotees for \$3,500,000 but tice bled its devotees for \$3,500,000, but failed to return 1 cent. Mexican has cost its shareholders nearly \$3,000,000 and has not returned a single nickel.

THE CONGRESS OF REPUBLICS.

A Committee Presents a Plan for the Meeting in 1893.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.-The sub-committee appointed Tuesday by the Committee on Plan and Scope of the Pan-Republic Congress, made up a report to-day which will be presented to the Committee of Two Hundred when that committee meets next month

in Washington.

The report is practically a draft of a constitution for the proposed congress to be held in the United States in 1893, the year of the World's Fair. Each country shall be entitled to one delegate at large and or delegate for every 5,000,000 population, these delegates to form one body, while representatives of various civic organizations shall comprise a second body. These houses shall act like any dual Parliament.

BLOODSHED IN THE INDIAN TERRITORY

The First Tragedy in Connection With the Creek Per Capita Payment. MUSKOGEE, I. T., Feb. 4.-The first ragedy in connection with the Creek per capita payment occurred 20 miles west of ere yesterday, at noon. In the morning Government Agent Miller and Mr. Insleleft with the second \$100,000, and escorted

by 18 guards. At dinner, in a difficulty between Gov-ernor McIntosh, Captain of the Light Horsemen, and Bob Marshall, United States Indian policeman, the latter shot McIntosh with a Winchester, killing him instantly.

SUNK AT A RALTIMORE DOCK

A Careless Sallor Is Supposed to Have Left a Waste Pipe Open.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 4.—The steamer Circe which arrived last week from Glasgow vis Halifax and which had nearly finished loading on her return trip, sunk early this morning at her dock. Her cargo of flour is being removed as rapidly as possiple. It is, of course, considerably damaged. one on board the Circe is supposed to have been careless, and to have left open

one of her waste pipes, through which the sea entered. No life was lost.

BOOMERS TO BE EJECTED

Energetic Measures Taken to Protect the

ARKANSAS CITY, KAN., Feb. 4-Prof. Coppock, Superintendent of the Indian Schools, received the following message from Indian Commissioner Morton yesterday: Information has been received here that cattlemen and settlers propose to enter the Cherokee outlet. Give public notice that intruders will be ejected. Keep me advised of any intrusion. The soldiers have been out of the strip for nearly a month, but a large detachment has left Fort Reno to occupy the lands, with orders to eject all boomers now in the strip and keep everybody out.

AFTER THE RREWERIES AGAIN.

waukee and Chicago Plants. CHICAGO, Feb. 4.-Another big brewer deal is on foot. Some English "promoters are now in the city arranging the preliminaries and examining the plans.

The new company is to have a capitaliza tion of \$11,500,000 and will include the Val

PITTSBURG. THURSDAY, FEBRUARY

Not Recognized by Hoar, Edmunds and Others of the Radicals.

RETURN OF INGALLS

A REPUBLICAN CAUCUS TO-NIGHT. Rumors That a New Force Bill is Planned

WITNESS OWENBY BEHIND THE BARS

Pronounced Absurd.

RPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—Senator Ingalls has returned from Kansas and was in his seat in the Senate chamber to-day. He came to the Capitol early wrapped up in a big fur-trimmed overcoat and wearing a white Kansas sombrero. He was in the Senate chamber all day and was something of an object of sympathy. Several of his colleagues, including those who have re-joiced in his defeat, shook hands and offered their condolences, but it was very noticeable that Senators Hoar, Sherman, Edmunds and three or four more who are disgruntled with Mr. Ingalls for his vote against the gag rule and force bill, and who have also severely criticised his silver speech, spoke no word of welcome. They sat in their seats as though they did not notice the wanderer's

Mr. Ingalls has little to say about the fight or the cause of his deteat. All that he cared to say he said in the little short statement given out in Topeka the night after Judge Peffer was nominated. There are many guesses as to what channel of usefulness Mr. Ingalls will enter when he is out of the Senate, but if he has made any plans has best these transparents of the same are failly to himself. A he has kept them carefully to himself. A Republican newspaper at Detroit recently reorganized and placed under new manage-ment has telegraphed him an offer of \$10,000 year to become editor in chief,

Contemplating a Lecture Tour. The Senator did not accept this proposi-

tion, and it is said that he is contemplating

ntering upon a grand and prolonged lecture tour. A colleague of Mr. Ingalls said today, in speaking of these various reports, that it was a little strange that no one had Suggested that Mr. Ingalls might return to Kansas and resume the practice of the law. The decision of the Republican Senators to hold their caucus to-morrow night at the Metropolitan Club has created much gossip, and some adverse criticism. It is main-tained by certain members of the House and others that a public club is a very inappro-priate place in which to hold a Senate caucus, and several of the Republican Senators are of the same opinion. The circumstances that led up to the selection of this novel meeting place are interesting. Last summer the caucuses were held mostly at the residence of Senator McMillan, then afterwards dence of Senator McMillan, then afterwards at Mr. Edmunds' and others. This session the Senators, at their midnight gatherings, have been the guests of Senators Stock-bridge, McMillau, Sawyer and Cameron.

Plumb Anxious to Act As Host. Senator Plumb who has never kept house n Washington or entertained his colleagues in any way is very auxious to extend th his hospitality. Having no house of his own he looked about him for a suitable place in which to entertain half a hundred statesmen. Two or three uptown hotels were suggested, but objection was made and

were suggested, but objection was made and the club was accepted as a compromise.

When some of the members of the club read this morning that a Republican Senatorial caucus was to be held in their house to-morrow night they were very much surprised and could not believe the statement. Outsiders, they said, even though they be Senators, cannot be admitted to the club, except as they are invited by members.

Investigation develops the fact that Senator Plumb, who is a member of the club. ator Plumb, who is a member of the club. had arranged the caucus in the shape of a dinner party. The Republican Senators will all be his guests and he will give them something to discuss besides the order of

usiness to be observed during the remainder of the session. Rumors of a New Force Bill. It has been stated with much emphasis during the past few days that at to-morrow night's caucus a new force bill, drawn up by Johnny Davenport, will be discussed and an attempt made to have it indorsed and put through the Senate. This bill, it is said, contemplates amending the law so as to sepa-rate State and Congressional elections and out the latter in charge of Government officials in all the States without the formality

of a request from the citizens.
Inquiry among the Republican Senators hows that there is no truth whatever in the report, and that the force bill will not be reived at this session. It will even be said by some of the Senators who have heretofore supported Mr. Hoar's bill, that if a caucus were called for the purpose of attempting to revive it half of the Senators would refuse

THE OLD SEWARD MANSION.

retary Blaine Purchases It for the Pric of \$65,000.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.-Secretary Blaine o-day purchased the handsome brick residence, No. 17 Madison place, which he has occupied for the past two years. The sale was made by Thomas J. Fisher & Co., and the price paid was \$65,000. The house, which was owned by the Stoughton heirs, has long been known as the old Seward mansion, and it was while he was living there that the attempt was made upon Secre-tary Seward's life. More recently the building was used by the Commissary Departnent of the army.

Something less than two years ago Secre-tary Blaine leased the house for a number of years, with the privilege of purchasing it at any time for \$65,000. Since he has occupied it he has spent about \$17,000 in modernizing and improving it, and has made of it a handsome and commodious dwelling. The price paid is considered to be comparatively small. At the time the lease was made it was a fair valuation upon the property, but since then the value has increased rapidly, and it is thought that, including the improvements made upon the building, it would now be nearer \$100,000.

A QUAY-CAMERON STORY.

The Latter's Money Said to Have Been Paid Back to Him. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.-The correspo ent of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat has telegraphed his paper as follows:

The new company is to have a capitalization of \$11,500,000 and will include the Valentine Blatz Brewery, of Milwaukee; the three breweries now combined in the United States Brewing Company, and probably two other local breweries.

THE NEBRASKA GOVERNORSHIP.

Governor Boyd Is Recognized by the Legislature for the First Time.

Lincoln, Feb. 4.—After hot fighting in the House this afternoon a resolution was passed by a small majority asking Governor Boyd to deliver his message to-morrow afternoon.

This will result in two messages being delivered, and is the first recognition by the House of Boyd as Governor.

An Old Man Burned to Death.

GREENCASTLE, IND., Feb. 4.—Shortly after midnight Monday night the house occupied by Robert Bond, living ten miles west of here, was burned to the ground, and Bond was cremated. He was 80 years of age. signs of burglarious entrance. AFTER THE MILLIONS.

Stewart Proving Their Claims.

SOME ARE ONLY SECOND COUSINS.

But Believe That They Will Secure a Share of the Estate.

GLADSTONE ACTIVE IN PARLIAMENT

THY DUNLAP'S CARLE COMPANY. BELFAST, Feb. 4.-The deepest interest is taken by all classes throughout the north of Ireland, in the inquiry which is proceeding at the American Consulate here under the authority of the Southern District Court, of the State of New York, as to the claims of various parties in connection with the A. T. Stewart estate. The inquiry, which has reached the third day, is conducted by the Hon, Samuel S. Ruby, United State Consul at Belfast, and Sir James H. Hazlett,

The particular case which led to the inquiry is that of Branagh versus Smith. Interrogatories are being put to the witnesses under examination claiming tions of the late A. T.
At present they include Georg head master of the Belfast Technic head master of the Belfast Technic Barley Mrs. Mary Begley, w. 101

Proceeding Behind Closed Doors. The court closed the doors against the press during the sitting, but the substance of the evidence leaked out. George Begley, who says he is the late A. T. Stewart's second cousin on the father's side, proved

portant one and is being investigated thor-oughly. He has at his disposal an over-

An Acknowledgment of Relationship

byterians.
It is also stated by one of those in attend ance that there is great freedom of language and Americanisms of speech are plentiful. Should the commission result in establishing any claims there will be an application for an open commission to be held in Bel-

ANNEXATION TO SPAIN

guese Insurgents. IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. LISBON, Feb. 4.-Documents have been seized at the office of the Republica Portuguesa newspaper of a very compro mising nature, including lists of sub-

shall have crowned their efforts annexati to Spain is to be proclaimed.

The documents also establish the con plicity of certain priests of rural parishe with the insurgents, and also a number of people who have returned from Brazil with large fortunes. The conspirators have re-ceived money from the Brazilians, several

ANOTHER GREAT CURE.

An Englishman Finds a Microbe Killer in Every-Day Rats. (BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY).

that of Koch, as regards, inoculation, but he thinks he has found the anthrax microbe killer in rats.

AN INCENDIARY PLOT.

by getting married and having the children christened. Then they would move to an-other locality and go through the same perormance. They were always married under pation in the recent riots, attempted last night to set are to the barracks in which

TIN CAN RICHES TAKE WINGS.

AN EDUCATIONAL EVENT.

Ex-President Hayes Witnesses the Inauguration of a College President. CLEVELAND, Feb. 4 .- Rev. Charles F. Thwing, D. D., recently of Minneapolis, was inaugurated to-day as President of the Western Reserve University and Adelbert College. Ex-President Hayes delivered an address n the occasion.

A Bill Against Pinkertonism. corporation from employing an armed force while a strike is pending.

Irish Heirs of the Deceased A. T.

a local magistrate.

under examination claiming to / relahead master of the Belfast Teehm.
Rosie Begley, Mrs. Mary Begley, with the late Thomas Begley, of Meagheraga.
S. A. Lamb, one of the managers of the Bessborough Spinning Company, County Armagh. J. J. Brown, solicitor, of Belfast, represents the claimant, J. Holmes, of New York, and Digby Johns, of Belfast, acting for Judge Hilton.

second cousin on the father's side, proved his case pretty conclusively, and it is not improbable that in the long run he will establish his claim as one of the heirs-at-law. The whole question of the relationship was gone into minutely and the genealogical complications are said to be extraordinary, but Begley is full of confidence and hopes to win. His claim is the most im-

whelming mass of evidence.

Mrs. Mary Begley is the widow of the late
Thomas Begley, of Meagheragall. She also
claims to be a cousin of the late millionaire.
S. A Lamb, Thomas Lamb, of Newry, and Robert Lynas proved acquaintance with A. T. Stewart during his visits to Ireland before 1870, and afterward during his residence in New York, his having de-voted sums of money toward the support of the members of the family with which the present claimants are connected by blood and marriage.

Stewart did this, acknowledging them to be his true relations, and the testimony all through is of a character to justify the statements of the witnesses that they will be able to annul the will. A will be able to annul the will. A peculiar feature of these proceedings is the bearing of the American Consul and Mr. Holmes, who keep their hats on their heads and seem to treat the whole matter with perfect indifference, even getting up and walking about the room as if nothing were going on. This rather puzzled the grave Mayor of Belfast and the stolid Quakers and Presbyterians.

fast, at which every person claiming to be heir or next of kin will be entitled to attend and prove kinship.

Now Relieved to Be the Aim of the Portn

scription, sentences of death against prominent people in Portugal, etc. The let-ters seized prove correspondence between the Republicans and Spain. After victory

of whom have become Republicans since the revolution in Brazil.

BERLIN, Feb. 4.-An Englishman named Hawkins, a Fellow of St. John's College, Cambridge, who has been working in Prof. Koch's hospital here, claims to have dis covered a cure for the disease of anthrax in cattle. His method is exactly the same as

Hawkins waited till Koch's departure be fore making known his alleged discovery, feeling bound by the etiquette of Roch's laboratory. He will go to England to-morrow, and intends to use his discovery for the benefit of Australian cattle breeders.

Imprisoned Soldiers Attempt to Burn Down Their Barracks. IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] BRUSSELS, Feb. 4.-Forty soldiers of the Regiment of Grenadiers, who were imprisoned and committed to trial for partici-

they were confined. The troops of the same garrison succeeded in extinguishing the There is no doubt that a severe punish nent will be dealt out to the offenders.

IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] BERLIN, Feb. 4 .- The Grand Duke and Duchess of Luxemburg will visit their daughter, the hereditary Princess of Baden, whose husband lately attained the generalship of Prussis, in Berlin, toward the end of February.

INY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY,

LONDON, Feb. 4 .- A meeting of the fol-

lowers of Justin McCarthy will be held on Thursday week. It is hoped by that time terms will be arrived at satisfactory to a settlement, which Parnell is ready to The Empress Recovering IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. BERLIN, Feb. 4.-The Empress, who ha

quickly recovered from her illness, intends

Wissman to Visit America. IBT DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] BERLIN, Feb. 4.-Wissman, the German

Means a Tax of a Quarter of a Million Dollars on River Coal Operators

ON EACH YEAR'S BUSINESS.

SHOULD IT FINALLY BECOME LAW.

The Striking Out of the Word Anthracite Does the Work.

RELIEF FEATURES OF THE MEASURE

IFROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.1

the bill will be printed ready for a third and final reading. in passing a lot of bills on second reading. act to tax anthracite coal lands and to create a fund for the relief of persons injured.

striking out the word "anthracite" in the Not much notice was taken of the motion, and it was adopted as amended, therefore, the title now reads: "An act to tax coal lands, etc." That extends its provisions to the great bituminous coal region in Western Pennsylvania, as well as to the entire anthracite district in the East. What the Change Means A conservative member of the House, who

That year the output of coal in the Mo-nongahela Valley was over 100,000,000 tons. That means an annual tax by this bill on the product of the Monongahela Valley alone of \$250,000. Read the bill and figure it out for yourself. The bituminous coal region entire would suffer to the extent of over \$200,000 a year and the authorite over \$300,000 a year and the anthracite re-

ter. Why couldn't railway companies and iron mills be compelled to pay a tax for a similar purpose? Accidents in both are larger in fatalities than in coal mines." Provisions of the Bill.

The bill as amended reads as follows: Section 1—2e it enacted, etc., that on and after the passage of this act, every individual, firm of corporation owning coal lands in this Commonwealth shall semi-annually, upon the first day of July and January

annually, upon the first day of July and January of each year, make a report under oath or affirmation, to the Auditor General of the number of tons of ceal mined upon the land of the said owners of coal lands, whether by lease, contract or otherwise, during the six months preceding the first day of January and July, and shall pay into the Treasury of the Commonwealth at the rate of I cent upon each and every ton of 2,249 pounds of coal mined.

Sec. 2—All money collected under the provision of Section I of this act shall be paid to the County Treasurers of the counties in which coal is mined on a warrant by the Auditor General, provided that the amount allotted to each of the said County Treasurers shall not exceed the amount of tax received from said county under the provisions of this act.

Sec. 3—It shall be the duty of county treasurers in each of the several counties in this Commonwealth, in which coal is mined, to make report on the first Monday of each and every month to the Board of Commissioners of the amount of money held by him from receipts provided for under the provisions of this aet, and to pay the same on warrants issued by the Board of County Commissioners as hereinafter provided.

The Payment of Relief.

Commissioners in the several counties of this Commonwealth, where coal is mined, to issue warrants on the County Treasurer in favor of One Effect of the New Tariff. LONDON-The exports of cutlery from

ROME-It is now announced that King

One Dollar Per Day One Dollar Per Day

for every day that the injury incurred incapacitated the injured from pursuing some honorable means of gaining a livelinood, and for the loss of a limb \$60 additional shall be allowed for each limb lost. When an injury shall result in the loss of life \$60 shall be allowed for funeral expenses and the widow shall be allowed \$6 a month so long as she remains a widow, and \$2 per month shall be allowed to each child under the age of 14 years, provided in all cases that Section 4 of this act shall be complied with, and provided further that the benefit of this act shall apply to those only who are citizens of the United States, or who have declared their intention of becoming such. Brief Bits of News Gleaned by the Way and

Hearings on Friday. PROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT, 1

HARRISBURG, Feb. 4.-The Bank Commission will resume the taking of testimony at Philadelphia on Friday. About 20 of the leading bankers of that city have been summoned and will give their views upon the recent failures and suggest what legislation, if any, is needed to better protect de-

prominent bankers of this city were heard. Ar Cardiff last night, at a banquet by Lord Theirs views as to the more rigid inspection of private banks were rather at variance. They seemed to think that legislation would not improve matters appreciably.

bers to Defeat Them.

bers of the Allegheny county delegation directed against the several street bills introduced by Senators Flinn and Steele to provide curative legislation for the recent decision of the Supreme Court, The circular is signed by Mrs. Annie

Walsh, Mrs. Elizabeth. Need, William [Continued on sixth page.]

Cherokee Outlet.

An English Syndicate Fishing for Mil-

managed the deal so skillfully that before his term as State Treasurer was over he had cleared the \$282,000 put up by Senator Cameron and had made \$100,000 more. The money advanced by Senator Cameron was returned to him. The last payment was made in Senator Cameron's library in Washington. As Mr. Quay went out of the library Senator Cameron turned to a near personal friend and explained the transaction. "Quay," said he, "has just paid me the last of that money, which shows that I am a wiser man than my father." This is the whole story of the Quay defalcation.

THE SILVER SCANDAL WITNESS ONCE MORE IN TROUBLE.

His Testimony Is Contradicted by Littler

Who Knows of No Statesman Except

ARREST OF OWENBY.

Cameron Speculating-The Cashing of Some Checks Under Investigation. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.-James A. wenby, the witness before the Silver Pool nittee, was arrested to-day as soon as he was released from the stand, on a warrant charging him with obtaining money under false pretenses in having had a check cashed for about \$17, which was returned by Donald, of the Hanover National Bank, after the passage of the silver law with a refusal to honor it. Owenby told the officer that he had informed the man who cashed the check he would pay him as soon as he recived his witness fees, and offered to go with the officer and dis-

charge the obligation, but the warrant having been issued the officer told Owenby he must go to court.
When the Silver Pool Investigating Committee met this morning, Judge Johnson, Owenby's attorney, said he wished to with draw his objection to the inquiry as to whether his client had not been arrested, and the committee was at liberty to question the witness fully concerning his past life. The committee did not desire to go into the matter. Owenby then voluntarily stated that a note of his had become overdue and that he had been arrested and acquitted. the prosecuting attorney declaring he would not have issued the warrant had he known

the facts David I, Littler was resummoned. He said he did not remember ever having stated to Owenbey that any Senators and Representatives were interested in silver, and did not believe he ever did, for it would not have been true, except as to Senator Cam-eron. Mr. Littler declared he knew noth-ing in addition to what he had stated when on the stand before, and that he had never heard any Congressman say he was interested in silver. Charles Bradley, Cashier of the National Bank of the Republic of this city, presented checks on the Hanover bank aggregating \$275, which had been paid by him to Owenby, but it was developed by questions put by Owenby that a draft of \$200 not included in his deposit account might have been paid on telegraphic order and not be among the checks.

PATENT BUSINESS BOOMING. The Number of Applications Larger Tha

Ever Before. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4 .- Commission Mitchell, of the Bureau of Patents, has submitted to Congress his annual report. The history of the Bureau during the last year, says the Commissioner, has been so far as relates to the amount of business

growth and prosperity.

The aggregate number of applications for patents and for the registration of trade marks and labels has exceeded that of any personal forms of the Patent Office, and the number of patents grauted and trade marks and labels registered has correspondingly ingressed. The income correspondingly increased. The income last year from copies of patents alone was

Dawes and Cockrell at It. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4 .- During the consideration of the Conger lard bill in the Senate to-day, Senators Dawes and Cockrel got into an exciting colloquy, in which some little pleasantries were bandied about.

MARRYING FOR CHARITY.

HOW A LARGE FAMILY SECURED A

COMFORTABLE LIVING. The Parents Have Been Married Ninetee Times, and the Five Children Christened 29 Times Cp to Date-Working Charitable Ministers and Ladies. ISPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH I BALTIMORE, Feb. 4.-Some time ago

umber of ladies interested in charity had heir attention called to the destitution of a amily in southwest Baltimore. The mother said the father drank and neelected his five children. Some of the ladies in duced the man to reform. He went to a well-known minister and made all sorts of promises, declaring that he was tired of the life he had led, and saying that he wanted to turn over a new leaf. He told the minister that he was not married to the woman who bore his children, and asked for advice. His children were growing up, and

he said, had never been christened. thought his reform would be complete if he could have them baptized. All the ladies were very much gratified, and made arrangements to have the parents married and the children christened. bought and made the little ones clothing gave them money, and rigged out the par-

completed and the children christened, something about the man's actions induced the minister to look up his record. The investigation disclosed that the man and woman had been married 19 times, and the children had been christened 29 times. They would live in one section of the citong enough to get a good start in the world

a different name.

Farmer's Extraordinary Precauti Against Burglars in Vain. CINCINNATI, Feb. 4.-Thomas Armstrong, a farmer living near Madeira, 17 miles from here, to-day reported a burglary and the loss of \$2,400 in money. He had drawn the money from a bank in Cincinnati yesterday to use in buying a farm. He placed it in a tin can and hid the ean in a barrel of flour in the kitchen. He says no one but his wife knew where it was hidden. The house this morning shown

to be present at the great semi-public ball at the Grand Opera House on Friday next. TOPEKA, Feb. 4.-The House to-day passed a bill prohibiting any company or

LOCAL WEATHER SITUATION.

commander in Africa intends to visit America after he vacates his present post

THE CUMMING SENSATION.

Many Prominent People Were Present at the Card Party. 'BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. 1 Programme Feb. 4.—The Sir Gordon Cum-ontinues to be much talked about 8 programme on the carned that the party at Mrs. Ar. Alson's where the alleged cheating occu.red, included, besides the Prince of Wales, the Earl and Countess of Coventry, Earl Craven, Lady Brougham, Lord Somerset, General and Mrs. Owen Williams, Count Herbert Lutzow, Christo-pher Sykes, M. P., Colonel Waldron, A. Farquharon, Berkely Levet, Mrs. Sassoon, Mr. and Mrs. Lycett Green and Miss Wil-

> RELIGIOUS DISABILITY. e's Motion for a Second Reading of

> > His Bill Defeated.

LONDON, Feb. 4 .- In the House of Com-

mons to-day, Mr. Gladstone moved the second reading of the bill to remove religious disability, and during the course of his remarks he said: When we undertook by this bill to remov from the statutes an injustice and an anomaly which are a discredit to us (cheers), we hoped that it would be necessary to spend only a few

that it would be necessary to spend only a few minutes in introducing the bill. What is the Catholics' legal position? Before the act of 1829 every subject was entitled, presumably, to hold any crown office, but Catholics were debarred by the test act. It was contasted whether the repeal effectually qualified Catholics. Parliament, when it repealed the test act, had no specific intention to open these offices, and it was, therefore, his duty not to be deterred from prosecuting this bill, the object of which was simply to remove an anomaly which was supposed to exclude and, perhaps, did exclude, certain of the Queen's subjects from holding certain offices. If the bill was read a second time he proposed to move that it be passed through committee pro forma, reserving that the substantial committee be taken after the report of the bill from that committee. The bill did not affect the succession of the crown, because the crown was not open to competition. The Home Secretary is himself a Catholic, yet nobody disputed his right to hold his office.

Mr. Smith opposed the bill because it applied to two persons only, and moved that it be read for the second time six months hence. After further debate, Mr.

months hence. After further debate, Mr. Gladstone's motion for the second reading of the bill now was rejected, the vote being 223 in the affirmative and 256 in the negative. DUBLIN-Freeman's Journal to-day announces that Mr. Parnell held a short, friendly and vitally important conference friendly and vitally important conference with Mr. O'Brien at Calais Monday. Mr. Parnell yesterday conferred with his sup-porters in London. The McCarthyites

The results of these deliberations will be published at the end of the week. An Important Royal Visit. VIENNA-Archduke Franz Ferdinand heir presumptive to the throne of Austria has started for Warsaw, where the Russian Imperial train awaits him. From Warsaw the royal traveler will be conveyed to St. Petersburg. A great deal of importance is attached to the Archduke's visit.

were also in conference yesterday evening, and their conference will be renewed to-day.

German Emigrants in Brazil. HAMBURG - The Hamburg-American Steam Packet Company has issued a circu lar, stating that it will not convey any Ger-mans to Brazil. It is understood that this action is due to the recent complaints of harsh treatment made by German emigrants

who have gone to Brazil.

of January, 1890, amounted in value to £15,415. For the corresponding month this year, under the new United States tariff law. the exports to the United States amounted to £8,331. Another Attempt to Form a Cabinet,

Sheffield to the United States for the month

Humbert has summoned Signor Crispi's Minister of War, Lieutenant General Vial. to form a Cabinet. LANDS BEYOND THE SEA.

THE German Empress has recovered from her cold. GLADSTONE denies he tried in 1885 to shake A MONUMENT fund for Meissonier has been pened in Paris. MAJOR WISSMANN will return from Africa

Condensed.

dickering with Parnell, THE Czarewitch is on his way from Bombay to Madras, going privately. ALLEGED mutinous grenadiers are being court-martialed in Brussels. THE Grand Duchess of Mecklenburg Schwerin is said to be out of danger.

MR. AND MRS. REILLY have been murdered

at Ballyjamesduff, County Cavan; an agrarian

In London it is denied that the Liberals are

to Berlin via America.

MCCARTHY hopes to tell his followers on February 12 of a satisfactory settlement with he Parnellites. A full report will then be Ar Waterford, February, 2, Captain Hogan's ship Bohemia, from Laverpool for San Fran-cisco, subdued at the pistol's mouth 14 mutin-

Bute, the bursting of an electric lamp caused the hall to be partly destroyed by fire. Of the 400 present none were hurt. Ir is probable that Mr. Gladstone will make a public statement regarding the assurances given by him to the Irish leaders with refer-

THE CHICAGO MAFIA SUSPECTS.

The Court Orders Their Transfer From the

Sweat Box to the Jail.

CHICAGO, Feb. 4.-The Mafia suspect through writs of habeas corpus, succeeded to-day in obtaining an order for transfer from the police sweat-box to the county jail, where friends and attorneys can treely visit the two prisoners.

Any purpose to compel Police Inspector Hunt to divious what evidence he possesses, was, however, utterly defeated,

THREE CENTS.

An Amended Bill Taxing Coal Lands That Has Vast Import

HARRISBURG, Feb. 4 .- A single word stricken out of a bill in the House to-day. by an almost unnoticed amendment, will place a tax of a quarter of a million dollars every year on the coal product of the Monongahela Valley. As amended, the bill then passed a second reading and by the time this intelligence first reaches the wealthy river coal operators of Pittsburg

Just about noon the House was engaged It reached one which bore this title: "An maimed or killed in the employ of individmained or killed in the employ or analysis and corporations engaged in mining anthracite coal in this Commonwealth."

Mr. Davis, of Schuylkill county, who had originated the bill, moved to amend it by

has watched the tendency of this Legisla-ture to radical legislation, subsequently fig-ured what vast import attached to the amendment of Mr. Davis' bill. He said to-"Last year the output of coal in the Mo-

over 500,000 a year and the anthractic region would have to pay a tax of \$400,000.

"It would be a tax of \$1,000,000 per annum on the coal product of the whole State. It would also establish a precedent in legislation that would be sweeping in its character.

ary of each year, make a report under oath or

Sec 4-It shall be the duty of the County

warrants on the County Treasurer in favor of any person entitled to receive relief under this act, upon a certificate duly signed and approved by the district inspector of mines, colliery superintendent and a physician, which certificate shall give the name and age of the claimant, the date when injury was incurred, and the name or number of the colliery and its location where the injury occurred, and the nature and extent of such injury, provided, however, that no warrant shall be issued in excess of the money received, as reported by the County Treasurer under the provisions of this act.

Sec. 5—On and after the passage of this act, all persons employed in or near about the coal mines in this Commonwealth, incurring bedily injury while employed at their work, shall be entitled to monthly payment at the rate of

TO PROTECT DEPOSITORS. The Bank Commission Will Resume Phe

At a meeting of the commission to-night Colonel W. W. Jennings, J. C. Bomberger, W. K. Alricks, F. C. Fiak, Jeremiah Uhler, John R. Shoemaker and other

AGAINST THE STREET BILLS. A Petition Asking Allegheny County Mem-

HARRISBURG, Feb. 4.-Copies of a circular have been received here by the mem-

Kaiser, Henry Marble and John Keenan,