SILVER POOL HUN

It Has Not Been a Very Profitable One for the Committee Thus Far.

NOTHING TO LAY HOLD OF. CONGRESSMAN TURNER SAYS HIS LETTER

Plenty of Gossip Floating Around, But No Actual Knowledge

TO BASE AN INVESTIGATION ON.

A Lead Has Now Been Struck That May Result in Something.

SPEAKER REED FREES HIS MIND

IFROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.1 WASHINGTON, Jan. 9 .- While there is a great deal of gossip in regard to the report of a silver pool in which Congressmen and others were interested, prior to the passage of the bullion bill of last session, the committee which was appointed to investigate the matter has made no substantial progress. The correspondent of a Western paper, who sent out the first intimation of such a sean-

formation, though it is believed that it was Congressman Dockery, of Missouri, who acterward offered the resolution of investiga-Speaker Reed said to-day that the committee had been and still were, looking for something which would be a warrant for an investigation-some point from which to start. The only things that had been got at were some newspaper publications, giving

session, which no one paid any attention to Nothing to Start On.

no authority for the statements, and the

Now, Mr. Conger, he said, was in Brazil, and could not be got back here before Congress would be over. Besides, he said, there was nothing to indicate that Mr. Conger had any positive information on the sub-ject. What he said might be nothing more than the usual oratorical exaggeration, Newspaper men who had written about the pool" had refused to give any information or to indicate in any way where information could be had, Mr. Reed said that the committee would be ready to recommend an investigation at any time there was anything to take hold of to start on.

Mr. Dockery, the Speaker said, had written a letter, giving the names of a number of bankers or brokers who might be examined. out it was not alleged, or even intimated that they had any intermation on the sub-The committee, he said, had not neglected the matter in any wav, and were still trying to get something upon which to base an investigation.

A Lead Being Followed.

It is said that there is one lead that the committee are now following that may put them in a position to get hold of informa-tion, and it may not amount to anything at all. A Congressional investigation is a very ize one, without giving them anything to investigate, would be worse than useless. The members of the committee are un-loubtedly auxious to act upon the resolution as speedily as possible, and they have sought in many directions for something to work on. It is difficult to judge from mere dge, and how much grows merely out of the fact that the increase in the price of silver, caused by legislation favorable to that commodity, gives an opportunity for the

Talk of a pool is heard on every hand but | Cherok it is difficult to tell where it starts and who may be able to give any information on the LIGHTNER.

AN EXPECTED TREAT.

Ingails to Pay His Respects to the Alliance Next Tuesday.

PETECTAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. WASHINGTON, Jan. 9 .- The announce ment that Senator Ingalls proposes to speak next Tuesday in the Senate has provoked much interest, in view of late developments in the Kansas Senctorial fight, and it is expected that Ingalls will then give utterance in his most trenchant manner to his opinions of the Alliance. Mr. Ingalls anticipates that off irs in Kansas will become so entangled be ore January 27, when the Senatorial election takes place, that his presence will be demanded, and he will go

Private advices state that he has persomally received assurance of support from prominent Democrats as soon as they find there is no possible hope of electing one of their own party. Those who have been with Inguils recently, say that in the last two days he has become quite hopeful of reelection and is even cheerful in discussing ter became apparent, but he is inclined to longed affair. It is also understood that existence of the Turner letter was not unknown before its publication to several Congressmen now in Washington.

DEAD TO THE WORLD. The Elections Bill Not Likely to Be Heard

of Again.

PROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. WASHINGTON, Jan. 9 .- There is no se rious indication as yet that the supporters of the elections bill will make any attempt to get that measure before the Senate again after the finance bill is out of the way. Senator Hear is painfully non-communicative on the subject, and when spoken to about it comes as near to being irritated as Senatorial courtesy will permit. The chances are all against the bill being heard of again on the floor of the Senate. No sooner will the figuree bill be out of the way than other bills, whose passage is widely demanded, will be proposed, such as the pure food bill, the compound lard bill, and others in which farmers are largely in-

terested, and these, with the apportionment bill and the appropriation bills, are exmeeted to occupy the remainder of the sessi The fact that the elections bill, even if it were to again be taken up, would put the cuate in the same dead-locked condition it was before, with no way of getting out of it except by an autocratic, Tom Reed bit of strategy, will, it is generally thought, lead forego any further attempt to pass the us but ill-fated measure.

A NOTABLE IMPROVEMENT.

Senator Stanford's Bill for the Extension of the White House.

Washington, Jan. 9 .- Senator Stanford introduced in the Senate to-day a bill for the extension of the Executive Mansion, in accordance with the plan proposed by Mrs. Harrison, to embrace the present mansion as a private Executive Mansion, enlarged by the addition of an Executive Office, or official wing on the west, and a public wing or gallery of pictures, historic relics and treasures on the east, both counterparts of the original structure in design, and con-nected by collonades and hallways, and on the south by a connecting range of iron and glass structures of symmetrical design, form-

gardens, the whole architectural group forming an inner park or garden, at a cost not to exceed \$950,000.

The present intention and hope is that the corner stone of the new structure can be laid with appropriate ceremonies October 13, 1892, as this date is peculiarly appropriate, being the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of A paries and the centennial of discovery of America and the centennial of the laying of the foundation of the present edifice.

CLAIMS A FORGERY.

TO M'GRATH IS BOGTS.

He Explains That a Confidential Clerk, Who Is Now Missing, Wrote the Document-The Original Is Missing, but Supposed to Be in Alliance Hands.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9 .- Representative Turner, of Kansas, has given out an explanation of the much-talked-of letter alleged to have been written by him to Frank McGrath, President of the Kansas Farmers' Alliance, concerning the Kansas Senator ship. "The letter was written," he said, "by a young man about 26 years of age who came to Washington from my district about two months ago. He was a lawyer and wanted an office. In order to help him along, I let him write such of my letters as could be answered without dictation, for he was not a stenographer, and gave him enough to pay his board bill. He hung around me here and at my room, and, of course, had every opportunity to use my stationery. Finally, when it became apparent that he could not get an appointment here, he became angry with me, and in revenge wrote this letter."

"Where is he now," was asked the Congressman. dal, has refused to give the source of his in-

"He left here night before last. I do not care to make known his name, because I be lieve he has gone to Kansss, in which event I will be able to have him arrested and punished. If he knows that I am after him, he will go straight to the State of Washington. I am making every effort to eatch him, and, if necessary, to eatch him, and, if necessary, will go to Kansas to prosecute him. His familiarity with my affairs made it easy for him to incorporate such matters as would declaration made by Mr. Conger, in his give the letter the appearance of be speech in the House on the silver bill last uine. For instance, it was true that I wrote a letter to McGrath, which was wrongly di-rected, and this clerk of mine knew this, because I spoke of the mistake in his pres-ence, and asked him if he mailed the let-

> A telegram received from Topeka vester day said that the envelope in which the letter was inclosed had a request on it to return, if not delivered, to box 57, House of Representatives. This is Mr. Turner's box, and it was said that if the letter was a forgery the forger would not inclose it in an envelope which might come back to Mr. Turner. The latter said that all his envelopes had this request printed on them, and that the clerk had used the envelope as a matter of course, without thought of the consequences, and probably with the idea of adding to the appearance of the genuineness of the letter. The original document has not yet been found, but is being searched for, and when it is produced will throw a good deal of light on the situation. It is said that the Alliance people have it, and are comparing it with Mr. Turner's handwriting. Mr. Turner says that he has nothing to fear from its com-

SOME INDIAN FIGURES.

try Is 244,704.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The Census Bureau has issued a bulletin giving the population and other information of the various India i tribes, exclusive of Alaska. The bulletin shows the total Indian popula-tion of the United States to be 244,704, which is made up of Indians on the reserva tions or at schools under control of the In-dian Office to the number of 130,254, and Indians incidentally under the Indian O's fice and self-supporting as follows: In the Indian Territory 25,357 are 6 Chickneaws 9,291 Creeks and 2,539 There are also about people (mixed Indian colored

and members of the above tribes. The total population of the five civilized tribes is therefor: 64,871; Pueblos, of New Mexico, 8,278; Six Nations and St. Regis, of New York, 5,304; Eastern Cherokees, of North Carolina, 2,885; Indians (98 per cent of whom are not on reservations), taxed and self-sustaining citizens, counted in general population, 32,567; Apaches at Mr. Ver-non barracks (prisoners), 384; Indians in

This makes the total population of the country, including Alaska, estimated at 37,000, almost 63,000,000.

KERR'S PLAN FAVORED.

A New Move by the Democratic Congres sional Committee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9 .- At a meeting of the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee to-day Congressman James Kerr, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee of Pennsylvania, proposed a plan for the reorganization of the Campaign Committee, which met with general favor. It contemplates the selection by the Demo-cratic State Central Committee of every cratic State Central Committee of every
State in the Union of one person well known
for his Democracy, capability, energy and
his general knowledge of the
details of the practical organization in his
own State. The man selected need not
necessarily be a member of Congress. In
fact, a member of Congress is to be rather
the exception. The idea is to secure a Congressional committee that will be in avergressional committee that will be in every sense a representative organization and ye not individually interested in their own re

In addition to the fall campaign com mittee, Mr. Kerr suggested that an executive committee of five be appointed for the purpose of establishing a bureau, which will be a permanent feature of the committe

AN INDIAN'S INTENDED.

Elaine Goodale, the Poetess, to Marry a Full-

Blooded Sioux. INPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WASHINGTON, Jan. 9 .- Much interest was created to-day on receipt of a letter here from the West, which announces that Elaine Goodale, now a school inspector under the Government, formerly of Sky Farm, Mass., who is one of the best-known of the literary women of the United States, is soon to b married to a full-blooded Sioux Indian named Eastman, who is a graduate of Dart-month College, and is now at the Pine Ridge

Agency.
It was in 1885 that Elaine Goodale made her first trip to the great Sioux Reservaa six weeks' trip in a series of papers, which were printed in the newspapers of New York and Boston. Four or five years ago she was appointed a Government day school teaener at White River camp, at Lower Brule agency, Dak. Many of her poetical and prose productions have ap-peared in the magazines during the last 10

A BIG SALARY BILL

It Provides for the Payment of Over 10,000

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9,-The House Committee on Appropriations, to-day, completed the consideration of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill for the next fiscal year, and it will be reported to the House by Mr. Butterworth, Chairman

of the sub-committee.

The bill carries with it a total appropris tion of \$21,559,146, being \$1,136,136 less than the estimates and \$208,41f less than

the appropriation for the current year. The whole number of salaries specifically provided for in the bill is 10,597, being 261 less than the number estimated for and 59 less than is provided for in the act for the current year.

SPEAKER REED'S ACTION.

HIS PROBABLE ATTITUDE ON THE SEN-ATE FINANCIAL BILL

It Is Exciting Much Interest Just Now-He Can Prove a Stumbling Block—The Meas-ure Will Reach the House Some Time Next Week.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9 .- It is the general expectation that in the latter part of next week the Senate financial bill will come over to the House, and members are awakening to the possibilities of another strife over the measure, somewhat similar to that preceding the enactment of the present silver law. There is considerable speculation as to the shape the bill will take in the Senate, as its future outside of the free coinage proposition, which is looked upon as an evitable clause in the bill, will, to some extent, influence members in their views. On this point the silver men themselves do not appear to be united. Some think the bill should be passed, pro-viding for nothing whatever save free coinage, as they fear consideration would be re-tarded if the bill were lumbered up with

general banking legislation.

Others are of opinion that free coinage would be strengthened by association with the sections, popular in the East, reducing the minimum amount of bonds which must be deposited by national banks, to \$1,000, and parmitting the issued signals in pates. and permitting the issue of circulating notes to the full par value of bond deposits.

The attitude which the Speaker will assume towards the bill here becomes of importance, and there is good reason to believe that Mr. Reed has not himself determined upon his course. Last year he was successful in holding the situation well in hand, but the reasons for adopting strong measures are not so potent now as then. A prominent Western Republican silver man, a member of the Coinage Committee and a friend of the Speaker, said that the bill would go to the Coinage Committee and would be reported to the House. Four members of the committee are out and out free coinage men, and he believed enough more votes would be secured to report the bill favorably. If the bill were not reported within a reasonable time a motion would be made to discharge the committee and take the bill up for action in the House. Western Republican silver man, a member

the bill up for action in the House.

The Speaker has it in his power, however, to be a great stumbling block in the way of action, and for this reason his attitude is a subject of intense interest.

BLACKBURN RAISES HIS VOICE

In Favor of the Free Coinage of Silver in Kentucky's Name. WASHINGTON, Jan. 9 .- The finance bill

was again taken up in the Senate to-day and Mr. Blackburn addressed the Senate in advocacy of Mr. Stewart's amendment for the free coinage of silver. He was not willing that the debate should close without his hearing the testimony of his section and his people to the merits of the amendment. He was not willing to have it go to the country and the world that the amendment was simply an effort made by representatives of silver States and that the rest of the country was indifferent to the result. There was not a silver mine within the limits of the great Commonwealth of Kentucky, and yet be ventured to assert that her people were as united, as earnest and as clamorous in their demand for the free coinage of sil-ver as were the people of Colorado, Califor-nis, Idaho or Nevada.

Mr. Morgan followed Mr. Blackburn in

advocacy of the amendment. He yielded the floor without concluding his speech, and the bill was laid asid .

INTERNATIONAL COINS. A Commission Appointed to Consider the

on. Jan. 9.-The P sent to the Senate to-day the following nom-

William A. Russell, of Massachusetts; Lambert Tree, of Illinois; Nathaniel B. Hill, of Colorado, to be commissioners to consider the establishment of an international coin or coins, as recommended by the International American Con ference, as provided for in the act making appropriations for the diplomatic and consular service for the fiscal year ending June

Vice President Morton's Reception WASHINGTON, Jan. 9 .- Vice President and Mrs. Morton gave a dinner and reception this evening in honor of the President and Mrs. Harrison and the Cabinet. The reception following the dinner included the diplomatic corps, the Supreme Court, the Senate and a few personal friends.

Postal Telegraph Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.-The postal telegraph bill was called up for consideration in the House Committee on Postoffices and Postroads to-day. Some parliamentary discussion arose, however, and the bill over till the next meeting.

Sixty Pension Bills Passed. WASHINGTON, Jan. 9 .- At its evening session, the House passed 60 private pension bills, including one granting a pension of \$30 a month to the widow of General

Against a New York Recount. WASHINGTON, Jan. 9 .- There is not much doubt that the House Census Committee will report adversely upon the demand of New York City for a recount of its popu-

THE DISPATCH has a Special Correspondent at the seat of the Indian War. It will give you all the news at all times.

SUED BY A DISCHARGED ACTOR. Mrs. Leslie Carter's Scenic Property At-

tached for Alleged Debt. NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 9.-Mrs. Leslie Carter's effects, scenery and box receipts, were attached to-night in a suit brought by

Arthur Dacre, the discharged leading man. Dacre has a claim for \$3,000. David Belasco claimed the scenery, showing the bill of sale, and the manager of Miner's Theater claimed the box receipts, \$275, for money loaned. Mrs. Carter's baggage is still held. The suit will be settled in Newark. Mrs. Carter claims that she said Dacre \$1,000 and gave him two week's

notice before his discharge for incompetency A VILLAGE BADLY SCORCHED.

Wiped Out.

LINCOLN, Jan. 9 .- The business portion of the little town of Roca, on the line of the Atchison and Nebraska Railroad, was practically wiped out by fire yesterday.

Five of the six buildings, including the postoffice, were destroyed. The mail matter was saved. The hotel and livery stable were also burned. No estimate of the losses can be given.

MURDERED A WOMAN. The Cause of the Crime and Its Perpetra

Are Both Mysteries. NEWMAN, CAL., Jan. 9.—Last night an inknown person shot and killed the wife of Perry McDowell, living on Kinto ranch. about 15 miles south of here.

McDowell has been a cattle foreman on the ranch for several years. There is no clew to the murderer or the cause of the

ON STANLEY'S TRAIL Berbert Ward Likely to Dog the

African Explorer's Heels IN HIS PRESENT LECTURE FIELD.

The Rear Guard War to Be Transferred to This Country. .

TROUP GRINDS OUT HIS OLD TALE

(BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.) LONDON, Jan. 9.-There are people who believe a great deal of money is yet to be made out of the African lecturing business, and it is not proposed to allow Stanley to reap all the rewards which are to be derived from the telling of the stories of his experiences through the Dark Continent. But, curiously enough, these enthusiastic be lievers in the drawing powers of African adventurers seem to be equally struck with the fact that whatever money is in the game is to be made in America. Can it be that they imagine the stolid Englishman does not care about hearing of these hairbreadth escapes, the imminent deadly breach, the cannibals who eat each other, and the pigmies, too; or that they are tired of the whole concern, and the fact that these good gentlenen are game cocks to one another, and that no African lecturer ever loved his brother?

Troup On the Rampage.

Whatever the reason, it is an undoubted fact that Lieutenant Troup has been lecturing to very small audiences, and an also undoubted fact that he has been indulging nimself in attacks on Stanley and Bonny, even intimating that the latter is a liar. He ground out on this occasion the same old, i not sweet, story about Stanley's responsi-bility for the failure of the rear guard, and, as might be expected, he failed to produce Everything on this subject now falls flat

given one or two little chats on the subject of his experiences, is the most likely to reap a reward from the belief in the interest of the average American for African travel. He has just received an offer of £5,000 to go o the States and lecture on this subject. To Dog Stanley's Footsteps.

He has not yet accepted the offer, but i he should, the projector of the scheme, with a keen eye to advertising, proposes to use Stanley Africanus himself to supply a not Stanley Africanus himself to supply a not unimportant part of it, for it is already stated that the line of travel Ward will fol-low will be that laid down by his quoudam chief-just as was to have been the case in Africa-and a great deal of interest is expected to be generated by this means, since the younger man will, like "black care,"

follow closely on the heets of his elder.

Although Ward has not yet notified his acceptance of the offer, it is generally believed that most probably he will, for since the flurry caused by the Baring fiasco in the fluancial world, his rich tather-in-law, Mr. Sanford, is not so rich as he used to be, and the sum which is named for his work a very tempting one.

AN IMPOVERISHED PRINCE. He Is Forced to Sell a Magnificent Gallery of Paintings.

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] LONDON, Jan. 9 .- From the Eternal City ome the tidings that Prince Borghese, the representatives of that family that gave Pope to the Church under the title of Paul the Fifth, and a Prince to Pauline Bonaparte, sister of the great Napoleon, is going to follow the example of his predecessor and sell that magnificent collection of art treasures known as the "Borghese Gallery of Pictures." This will be the second time that the pictures and curiosities of the ancient and honorable race will have been distributed. Poverty, the normal condition of the old nobility of Italy, is asserted to be

the cause of the sale.

The present head of the princely house has failed for over £1,500,000, through disceived here from New Guinea give tortunately is married to one of the Torlonia family, which is imensely rich, otherwise the Borghese race would soon sink into bscurity, as so many of the great poble

A MUSICAL TRIUMPH. Paris Excited Over the Advent of an Ame

[BY DUNLAP'S GABLE COMPANY.] LONDON, Jan. 9 .- Another American This is Miss Ading, or Mile, as she

soprano has just been setting all Paris agog. styled in the programme, and she hails from Boston. In the revival of "La Patrie," at the Grand Opera, the success of the evening was undoubtedly made by her singing in the part, which was originally created by Mme. Krauss. It is saie to say that the role was never so

well sung as by the young American lady who was a pupil of the French Academy of Music. By her performance she has clearly shown herself to be one of the greatest dramatic sopranos now living. All the leading critics are united in their judgment of the young artist, and their praise is enthusiastic. This is another leather in the cap of Brother Jonathan.

KILLED BY THE KING.

The Infant Monarch of Spain Causes His Governess' Death.

IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY I LONDON, Jan. 9.-The Queen Regent Spain is greatly distressed at a most unfortunate event that has occurred in the royal household. The governess of the infant King of Spain, Senora Tucous, was watching the baby monarch while he was indulging in a fit of romps, when suddenly he leaped into her lap, upset her chair, causing her to fail to the floor with great

The unfortunate lady sustained such severe internal injury that she died from the effects, and Her Mujesty, the Queen, together with the whole court, are inconsol-able. The deceased lady was a general favorite, and her sad end will cast a gloom

EARL ROSEBERRY'S LUCK.

He Secures a Big Fortune Through th Death of His Wife. I BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.

LONDON, Jan. 9 .- The Right Honorable the Earl of Roseberry, is deemed a lucky man by the public at large, for by the prov ing of the will of his late wife it is found that be gets a sum equivalent to \$3,500,000. in addition to the fortune which reverts to the children, but which is settled on him the children, but which is settled on him and which at the time of their marriage amounted to \$12,000,000, a sum the late Lady Roseberry inherited from her father, Baron Meyer de Rothschild.

MRS. LANGTRY'S NEW PLAY.

The Jersey Lily to Shine In a Dramat tion of Carmen.

IBT DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.1 LONDON, Jan. 9 .- Mrs. Langtry will, it is said, soon produce a play on the subject of "Carmen." The history of this piece is rather curious and worthy of being chronicled. Some time ago Justin Huntley Mc Carthy, a son of the present leader of anti-Parnellite party, started in to make a play out of the materials of Bizet's popular opera. He soon discovered that F. C. Burnand, the editor of Funch, was engaged in converting the opera into a play for the Jersey Lily. Instead of quarreling over the matter of priority, or any of a possible.

dozen other questions that would occur to any authors, the two joined forces, and as a result an excellent play, it is said, has been produced. Mrs. Langtry is high in hopes WANT REFORM LAWS.

By the way, last night was the fiftieth of "Cleopatra," which continues to attract large audiences. On the 20th inst. Mrs. Langtry will appear as Lady Teazle in the screen scene of "The School for Scandal," at a benefit which is being organized for M. Marius, who was the bushand of Florence St. John. WHAT THE KNIGHTS DEMAND.

Powderly Starts a Move for a Big Indus-STARVING IRISHMEN.

manity of the State.

trial Convention.

A CLOSE WATCH ON LEGISLATORS

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 9 .-- The Knights o

abor in session here to suggest legislation

in the interest of workingmen mercilessly

denounced the railroad relief fund system

and adopted a resolution, urging the passage

of a law modeled on that of England, to pro-

hibit it. Powderly, Hayes and other promi

nent members participated in the discussion

the oil producers in Pennsylvania, recog-

nizing in the convention wise and timely concern for the course of legislative reform,

congratulated the Knights and bade them

Legislation That Is Wanted.

Among the resolutions adopted were the

of laws providing for compulsory education of all children under 16 years of age; to pre-

vent blacklisting; for appointment of a com-

mission to draft a general mining law; pro-

supplies; providing for an eight-hour law; to prevent discrimination by employers with

respect to members of labor organizations

compelling children between 6 and 14 years old to attend school at least six months a

A. F. Dewey, of Washington, D. C., suggested the calling of a State convention of all labor organizations, and Mr. Pow-derly, as a result of the discussion, offered

a resolution, which was adopted, favoring the co-operation of all industrial elements

To Watch Labor Legislation.

phia, were elected the committee to watch labor legislation this winter. Hugh Mc-Garvey, a member of the old committee, was defeated by one vote. The salary of each member of the committee was fixed at \$5 a day for actual service. McGarvey of-

fered a resolution, which was adopted recommending the broadening of the home

A resolution was adopted requesting the

amendment of the mechanic lies law so as to give additional protection to labor.

Action was taken looking to the defeat of members who fail to support labor legisla-

A resolution was adopted fixing the repre

sentation in the next convention at one delegate for every 500 members or less, and one

for each district in addition. Powderly and others congratulated the convention on the

patched, as well as on the character of the

SENATOR WALLACE'S AFFAIRS.

of the Report That No A

Bond Has Been Filed.

INPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

Clearfield published in several papers yes-

terday stated that the assignces of Senator

Wallace had failed to file a bond of \$1,000,

000 as required, and that as a consequence al

the real estate of the Senator would be sold

on January 30, and the lien creditors would

receive only a part of their claim, while the

unsecured creditors would receive nothing.

S. J. M. McCarrell, who is one of Senator

Wallace's assignees, and his brother-in-law,

said to-day that the assignees had not failed

fully satisfied, more than twice the amount

of his debts. His creditors will be fully satisfied, and will receive a hundred cents on the dollar. Senator Wallace will not find himself a poor man by any means when his affairs are finally settled."

THE INAUGURAL PARADE.

All Conditions of Societies Invited to Take

Part in It.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 9 .- Chief Marshal

Asbury Awl, of the Governor's inaugural

parade, has issued an order inviting all gen-

eral officers, with their staff, detailed mili-

tary organizations, old soldier organizations,

partments of the State to participate, all to report to Colonel Awl at headquarters in this city by Saturday, January 17.

Stranahan the Next Deputy.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. 1

HARRISBURG, Jan. 9 .- The presen

here to-day of W. U. Hensel and James A.

Stranghan is interpreted to mean that the

latter is to be the next Attorney General's

SPECIAL Cable Letters from Europe cover the Old World for to-morrow's DIS-PATCH.

ONE INDIAN WELL CIVILIZED.

He Cleverly Forges a Government Check in

Arizona for \$125.

TUCSON, ARIS., Jan. 9. - Advices from

Slomville state that Modoe Wind and two

other Apache Indians were held to answer

to United States Commissioner Blake on the

charge of forging Captain Bullis' name to a

Government check for \$125. The forgery is

til presented to the Assistant United States Treasury at San Francisco, where it was

so well executed that it was not dete

deputy.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 9 .- A dispatch from

manner in which its work was dis-

be appointed by the convention.

Early in the day a dispatch was received

A Mob of Unemployed Laborers Demand Work of the Authorities.

By Associated Press.1 CORK, Jan. 9 .- While a meeting of the Board of Guardiaus, of Clonialky, was in progress to-day, a mob of about 100 laborers from the seacoast neighborhood suddenly broke in upon the Board. Heedless of the remonstrances and of the show of resistance made by the police, the laborers insisted upon having a hearing. The Guardians finally consented to listen to the spokesman

of the party.

The latter said that they and their familie

and that they had were literally starving, and that they had, individually, not been able to earn a shilling in six months. They demanded work, and told the Guardians that they were driven to desperation by the sufferings they and their families endured. The Guardians promised to do their utmost to relieve their distress, but the means of the Guardians are limited Miss Parnell Enters the List.

DUBLIN-The Freeman's Journal to-day publishes a letter written by Miss Anna Parnell, sister of Charles Stewart Parnell, and classes Miss Anna Parnell as being "the most remarkable woman of her time," say-ing that she "maintained the struggle against coercion in 1881 and 1882 after the Land League had been suppressed and the leaders imprisoned." In this letter Miss Anna Parnell says that she has no opinion as to which side is right, and suggests that "if the Home Rule Association is revived on a National, independent basis, it would pro-tect and prevent the interests of the country from suffering through the conflict. What is there to ninder Mr. Gladstone and the is there to hinder Mr. Gladstone and the Liberals from repeating, after the next election what they did after 1880? They do not tell us why the Conservatives may not give home rule. English parties change like Irish parties, but not so fast. They do not explain if racial hatred is extinct, why the brutal, bloody Balfour is where he is; why the British party, whether Liberal or Conservative, always receive a mandate to persecute Ireland, nor why mandate to persecute Ireland, nor why, when the Liberals are out of office, they are the only body entitled to represent th British race."

The Caroline News at Madrid. MADRID-The news that has reached here via San Francisco and New York, as to the era of insurrection and bloodshed existing in the Caroline Islands, between the natives and the Spanish troops quartered there, has caused a great sensation here. It is feared that the United States may claim heavy damages from Spain for losses suffered by American citizens. The Americans here hope that the action of Ad-miral Belknap, in dispatching the Cruiser Alliance to Ponspi in order to protect the American missionaries whose lives and property were endangered, will have a ben-eficial effect. Further and more detailed news from the Caroline Islands is anxiously

Glasgow Business Men Take Part. GLASGOW-At a meeting of leading citizens of Glasgow to-day a committee was appointed to confer with the Board of Directors of the railroads in an endeavor to bring about some settlement of the railroad strike. Considerable enthusiasm was aroused when a number of prominent merchants who send or receive large quantities of freight over the railroads, announced, through a gentle-man who acted as spokesman, that they were per ectly willing, if necessary, to pay an increase in freight charges on condition that this increase would result in the pay ment of higher wages to the striking rail road employes.

BRISBANE, AUSTRALIA-Advices recount of atrocities which have been com mitted by natives. The reports say that the Tugaree, the head-hunting tribe of the islands, made an attack on a village and during the raid they massacred 40 of the in-habitants and looted a large number of dwellings. The tribe threaten to make an attack on some villages near the Government post, held under the command of Magistrate Cameron, who has charge of the Western district. A force of armed constables has been sent to the assistance of the

The West End Worked Up. LONDON-A decided scare was ex-

perienced in police circles here to-day, upon the announcement that the Socialist ele ment of the unemployed masses of 'this city had determined to march in procession through the aristocratic West End. The police reserves were hastily called out, and large numbers of mounted police in the suburban divisions were ordered by tele-graph to report to the police stations about the West End. The rumor turned out to be a canard. The Socialists, it seems, had not even contemplated the march referred to.

The Worst Winter of the Century. LONDON-It is now the seventh week of the prevalence of frost throughout the United Kingdom, with no signs of abatement of the severity of the weather. From country is wrapped in snow and canals and streams are icebound. Even a number of tidal rivers are frozen fast. For duration f the frost period, this is the greatest winter of the century, and in point of severity, the winters of 1813 and 1814 alone exceeded it.

Mutiny on an American Ship LIVERPOOL-TheAmerican ship Indiana Captain Colley, which sailed January from Barrow for New York, has put into Holyhead. Her crew mutinied and fought among themselves. Several of the men were severely wounded with knives. The police were sent for, and the mutineers will be taken into custody. The United States Consul has been notified.

Catholic Missions in Africa. COLOGNE-The Cutholic African Asso ciation has granted 25,000 marks toward building a missionary steamer to be used on Lake Victoria, in Central Africa; 52,000 marks to be distributed among the various Catholic mission stations of Africa; 20,000 marks toward the training of German mis-sionaries, and 3,000 marks for the Catholic

sisters in Airica. A New African Uprising. BERLIN-The Berlin Tageblatt has received advices from East Atrica to the effect that the natives of Lamu have arisen against the settlers, having been incited by Rakuri, the deposed Sultan of Vitu. The British Consul has asked the Suitan of Zanzibar to send troops to the scene of the trouble, as the position of the English inhabitants is very critical.

A Portuguese Crisis Imminent. LISBON-A Cabinet crisis is considered imminent, and it is stated that there is a probability that the new Cabinet will be mpletely composed of members of the Progressist party.

STOPPED THE BALL.

discovered.

The check is dated September 31, and is sent back to Captain Bullis or correction. He could not first the stub, and says he knows nothing of the check. Modoc Wind was educated at Carlisle, Ps. Inspector McKelvy Puts a Damper on the Police Inspector McKelvy, of the Third district, closed a masquerade ball in Metro-politan Hall, on Steuben street, West End, Mississippl's Cash Counted JACKSON, MISS., Jan. 9.-Acting under last night, on account of general miscon section of the new Constitution, the Governor has counted the cash in the State duct. It was being held by the Iron City

Treasury office, and verified the same with the books. He foundathe cash on hand on January 1 amounted to \$323,184. Athletic Club.

The affair grew so boisterous at 11 o'clock that the inspector ordered it closed and declares that it is the last ball that will be beld in his district that will border on the character of this one. INVESTORS will find bargains in to-

RIDING ON HIS CHEEK.

Thomas Creamer Passes Through Pittsburg on a Wager of \$5,000 to Beat His Way In the Interest of the Toiling Hufrom Boston to San Francisco in Twenty-

> About 10 o'clock last night a young ma entered Newell's restaurant and ordered a sumptous meal. After he had cleared up all the dishes slick, he walked up to the

cashier's desk and said:
"Mister, I guess you'll have to wait for your pay."
"The cishier began to look wicked, but his countenance resolved itself into a smile when the fellow told his story. He said his was name was Thomas Creamer, and he was 18 years old. A Boston museum offered \$5,000 to the boy who could beat his way from Boston to San Francisco and return in 21 days, without using a cent

of money.

Creamer, who is a Philadelphia lad, snapped at the chance to "travel on his cheek" for such a big prize, and started from Boston December 21. His route lay via Boston to Philadelphia, Omaha, Evanston, Neb., Ogden, Utah, Battle Mountain, Truckee, California, Oaklaud Ferry, San Francisco. He followed the latter to the letter, passing through Pittsburg two days after his start via the limited. He reached San Francisco December 31 and came into Pittsburg between 9 and 10 o'clock last night on a cattle train. from ex-Senator Emery, in which he said

He is due in Boston to-morrow night.

After eating his meal and telling his story,
he commenced to make his plans for making godspeed in their laudable effort. "Reciprocal expressions of fraternal feeling and he commenced to make his plans for making the homestretch. A gentleman in the restaurant who had engaged a berth on the Pacific express to Altoona told him he could occupy it, if he could get the chance. He had already planned to outwit the gateman by a ladder over the fence, and whether his plans with the sleeping-car porter and others succeeded remains to be told later. He had nothing on but a cheap suit of medium-weight clothes, shoes and a good slouch cap, and bow he could beat his way on trains, without sleep, so far is considered almost miraculous. He travels in style, however, most of the time, making use of good will" were returned in a message to Mr. Emery. the following: Recommending the passage hibiting company stores; regulating the examination of miners as provided by the Gallagher bill, introduced at the last session; favoring free text books; providing for an increase of factory inspectors to 12; providing a penalty for the violation of the anti-monopoly pay bill; to prevent employment of females in factories over 60 hours a week; to prevent overcharging for mine appoints; providing for an exphantage providing for a suphibour law. however, most of the time, making use of his cheek to gain the aid of persons who help him out by rideson fast trains. He says he keeps warm on the trains by donging the

trainmen, and can go without sleep.

The rival of all time beaters fared well in Pittsburg last night, and is now doubt-less either dodging a porter or conductor or

BUDYARD KIPLING'S series of letters of America begin in to-morrow's DISPATCH. They will be the sensation of the day. San

SMALL SCRAPS OF LOCAL NEWS.

LIEUTENANT GEORGE SNYDER, of the

Nineteenth ward police station, was pre-sented with a pair of fine seal skin gloves yes-terday by Mr. J. M. Phillips, of No. 212 Larimer avenue, East End. in Pennsylvania in the work of securing the passage of reform legislation, and to this end inviting other organizations to assist and act with the Legislative Committee to in Peter Sheffler's house, head of South Twenty-sixth street, and the other at No. 387 Cedar street. The loss in each case was trifling. A resolution was adopted, instructing the Legislative Committee to be selected by the convention to publish the record of all the members of the Legislature on labor bills.

M. H. Butler, of Tideoute; T. F. Caffrey, Luzerne, and James A. Wright, of Philadel-

organized. A meeting for that purpose will be held in the Palace parlors next Wednesday THE house of Frank Laggett, on Samson street, Allegheny, was broken open yesterday morning, and about \$380 in cash and jewelry stolen. The robber is still at liberty. AMBROSE SURLEIN'S farm in Shaler town

THE Palace Euchre Club, a former prominent

ocial organization on the Southside, will be re-

ship was burned Sunday night, together with 14 cows and three horses, Loss, \$1,500; partly in-SAMUEL PADIR, who underwent the operation of bone-grafting at Mercy Hospital of THE Pittsburg Teachers' Academy will meet at Union Veteran Legion Hail at 2 o'clock this

DAN DARE EXECUTELS has been appointed director of vocal and instrumental music at the blind asylum. THE Mission Française will hold a meeting at

INVESTORS will find bargains in to-mor-

LASSOED BY THE LAW.

-ANTHONY WILTZ is charged with attacking James Wharton on the Morningside Road, and by the persuasive means of a club, indefinitely GEORGE HARTYEK, an Italian, is in jail

JOHN HARPER, colored, assaulted Frank Kosskey, a Pole, out Penn avenue yesterday. Harper used a club with telling effect upon the Pole's head. J. M. GOWAN and William Sanders were pulled in yesterday on suspicion of lifting workingmen's coats off East End fences.

WILLIAM H. ANDERSON, of No. 115 Ross

said to-day that the assignees had not failed to file the necessary bond, and that the time for the filing had not elapsed: that it had been duly prepared and signed, and would be filed in due time.

"Furthermore," said Mr. McCarrell, "the executions issued against Senator Wallace's property were issued the day before the assignment was recorded, and it was largely because of these executions that the assignment was made at the time it was. By a very conservative estimate Senator Wallace's property will bring, even after the executions issued before the assignment are fully satisfied, more than twice the amount street, is accused of deserting his wife. FRANK G. CARPENTER tells some nev stories of Lincoln in THE DISPATCH to-morrow, beside giving fresh gossip about Ingalis and other public men.

THE TRUST NO MORE.

The American Harvester Company Will Wind Up Its Affairs.

LAW IS THE STUMBLING BLOCK.

Secause It Is an Illegal Combine, Bonds

Cannot Be Floated. THE LARGE FIRMS KICK THE TRACES

CHICAGO, Jan. 9 .- At a meeting in this ity of the directors of the American Harvester Company, which a month or two ago was organized with the enormous capital of \$35,000,000, it was decided to discontinue the project, and the directors representing the organization of the different States were instructed to see that the charters obtained in their respective States be surrendered. President McCormick said at the closerof one meeting: "This step has been decided upon only after we were assured that we could not legally carry out the objects of the association. Able lawyers were consulted, and were of the opinion that under the laws of these States the company could not continue in the form in which it had been started. Therefore, like sensible men, we concluded to abandon the whole affair."

No Effect on Individual Firms. The dissolution of the company will have no effect on the different companies or firms which were merged into it. No change had been made in the business arrangements of any one of them, and hence the action of the new company will work no change in

the firms.

President McCormick thinks there will be no effort made to reorganize the defunct company. It was only after long deliberation that the gentlemen composing the Harvester Trust decided to abandon it. For more than a week the Board of Directors has been holding daily sessions in Chicago. The whole field of the trust's possibilities was thoroughly canvassed and thoughtfully discussed, and the decision was the abandonment of the present form of organization.

The hardest rocks against which the trust can were the decisions of the Supreme Courts of Illinois and New York, the former in the

Gas Trust and the latter in the Sugar Trust case, that one corporation may not legally hold stock in another corporation for the purpose of controlling it.

Bonds Could Not Be Floated. The interests involved were so great that it was agreed that \$50,000,000 capital would

be necessary to put the combination upon its feet. Of this sum \$35,000,000, representing the capital stock of the concern, was to be apportioned among the several conbe apportioned among the several constituent institutions, and \$15,000,000 in bonds were to be issued for working capital. When the company attempted to float these bonds, the United States Trust Company, of New York, through which the negotiations were conducted, instituted a careful legal inquiry into the status of the American Harvester Company, and as the result of this investigation declined to make the loan, upon the ground that the company had been organized in such a way as to vio-late the statut-a prohibiting trusts and sim-ilar combinations of capital to limit pro-duction, and to control trade. Other financial institutions were appealed to, but with the same result.

The Dissolution Practically Accomplish ed Then it was proposed to raise the neces-sary funds within the company itself, but the various concerns in the firm, becoming frightened at the legal aspect of affairs, re-tused to tie up their individual establishments where they would be handicapped by the heaviest legal and financial liabilities. Hence nothing but the dissolution of the American Harvester Company remained. Practically this has already been accom-plished, but a good deal of red tape formality must be gone through in winding up the rectors to-day took the initiatory steps in

An evening paper says: The collapse of this gigantic business combine, so far as can a learned is to be attributed to the second sion of the McCormick Harvesting Machine Company, the Deering Company, the Whit-Barnes Manufacturing C the firm of Warder, Bushnell & Glessner, These individual companies were not satis-fied with the line of policy mapped out by the majority of the directors in the matter of raising prices on the farmers and the conolidation of the interests of the supply onses to the disadvantage of their cus tomers, and were so rebellious at the meet-ing of the directory that before the night-closed they had determined to withdraw from the combine, cut prices and annihilate those who remained stead ast in their pur-

FANNIE B. WARD, in her letter for THE DISPATCH to-morrow, tells of the cruelties practiced by the Peruvians. They skin sheep

4 DAYS' UNLOADING SALE!

SATURDAY, JANUARY 10.

Greatest Values Ever Offered. 52-inch All-woot Cloths at 30c a vard. 54-inch not quite All-wool Cloths, 25c a yard. 40 and 42-inch Fine Euglish Plaids, Stripes and Mixtures that were 75c and \$1, all to

Don't Miss This Great Opportunity to Secure the

go at 50c a vard. 36-inch Black Serges, were 40e, jet blacks only, to go at 19c. 18-inch Surah Silks, 19c. 22-inch Surah Silks, 39c. \$1 50 Striped Silks to go at 50c.

Silk Velvets, all colors, 41c. Silk Plushes, all colors, 18 inches wide, all to go at 41c.

\$15 Coats, Jackets and Newmarkets, All to Go at \$4 90.

Muslin Underwear, soiled, at about one-third off. Toil du Nord Ginghams; large assortment at 8c a yard. Indigo Blue Prints at 6c a yard; best goods only. Men's Merino Underwear, 38c, was 50c. Men's Natural Wool Underwear, 75c, was Men's White All-wool Underwear, \$1, was \$1 50. Men's best quality Percale Shirts, 75c, were \$1 50.

Men's regular made Half Hose, 19c, reduced from 25c. Ladies' Wool Ribbed Vests at 50c, reduced from \$1 50. Ladies' Natural Wool Underwear, 75c, reduced from \$1 and \$1 25. Ludies' full regular made Underwear, \$1, reduced from \$1 62. Ladies' White Merine Underwear, 50c, reduced from \$1. Children's White and Gray Merino Underwear-small sizes, 15e; large sizes, 25e

White Goods and Embroideries, soiled, at about half price.

35 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.