and South America.

New Regima,

How a Baltimore Bank Cashier Al-

PECULIAR STATE OF AFFAIRS.

The President Can Give No Explanation and

the Cashier Won't.

AN EX-COUNCILMAN GETS OVER \$100,000

SPECIAL TREEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH

BALTIMORE, Jan. 6 .- When ex-Coun-

ilman H. Webster Crowl, who had been so

extensively engaged in suburban land spec-

Little by little, however, Mr. Crowl's meth-

ods of raising money became known. People

Military Affairs Committee to-day ordered a favorable report to be made on the McAdoo resolution calling for correspondence and papers with reference to the killing of Sitting Bull.

DECISIVE OPERATIONS AT HAND.

That Is the Opinion of a New Officer Sent

to the Front.

gins, in charge of army headquarters here

during the absence of General Miles, re-

ceived word from Pine Ridge this evening

CHICAGO, Jan. 6 .- Captain E. L. Hug-

ISPECIAL TELEGUAM TO THE DISPATCH.) MORGANTOWN-Hiver 8 feet 6 inches and fall-ing. Weather cloudy. Thermometer 25° at 4 r. M. BROWNSVILLE-River 8 feet 2 inches and falling. Weather cloudy. Thermometer, 280 at 6

clear and cold.

ALLEGHENY JUNCTION—River 9 feet 10 inches and failing. Weather cloudy and cold.

CAIRO — River 25 feet 7 inches and rising.

Weather clear and cool.

LOUISVILLE — River rising: 22 feet 1 inch in canni; 19,9 on fails; 4.7 at foot of locks. Weather clear and pleasant.

EVANSVILLE—River 55 feet and rising. Weather clear and pleasant.

A TRIANGULAR FIGHT.

in Minnesota.

assembled at 3 o'clock it was to elect officers

Sr. Louis, Jan. 6.—The master builders to-night neither are inclined to yield, and met in secret session to-day, and, it is stated, both want the Speakership. The fact that gard to the circular issued yesterday by the may have a tendency to bring them together parpenters, demanding an increase in wages | in the House, but the Democrats claim the on and after May 1.

It is more than likely that a strike will be begun on that day.

Alliance got the best of it in the Upper House and they want the best of the division of offices in the lower body.

PREPARED FOR THE DISPATCH.1

in the case of a girl, Maggie Doyle, who was treated at the Massachusetts General Hospital. Ten days ago she was dying of phthisis or consumption. Now she sits up in bed, takes more food, sleeps well and is so far on the road to recovery

GOVERNOR FIFER'S LAST MESSAGE. It Will Deal With the World's Fair, Ballot Reform and Other Topics.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.-The Governor's nessage will be submitted to the General Assembly immediately after the organization of the two houses to-morrow. It will be the longest yet issued by Governor Fifer, but will not cover a great variety of subjects. The World's Fair and the legislation necessary to make a magnificent

State exhibit, comes in for a good share of the recommendations.

Other recommendations are in favor of the Australian ballot, agricultural legislation, and provision for the employment of convicts after the expiration of contracts.

ST. LOUIS CARPENTERS MAY STRIKE.

The Master Builders Take No Action on Their Wage Demands. Sr. Louis, Jan. 6.-The master builders

lecided to take no action whatever in re- they have arran

be begun on that day.

that Assistant Adjutant General Corbin arrived at the agency to-day, and is now actively aiding General Miles.

Captain Huggins expressed the opinion that decisive operations were at hand. The situation has now become such, apparently, ulation, failed a few months ago, owing situation has now become such, apparently, that a definite move to end the present crisis could not be delayed more than a day or ERLY WINDS, SLIGHTLY COLDER. PITTSBURG, Jan. 6, 1890. The United States Signal Service officer in this city furnishes the following: | Ther. | Ther

Texas north to Wyoming; it remained nearly wrought what seems to be a miraculous cure

Then came a hot parliamentary battle over the rules, in which Ignatius Donnelly was sole spokesman for the Alliance and Demo-crats and John Day Smith was chief speaker for the Republicans. Senator Donnelly in-sisted that inasmuch as the Alliance-Democratic combine was in the majority, the Committees on Railroads, Grain and Warehouses and Banking should be farmers; and session rules continue and a committee be session rules continue and a committee be appointed to decide on permanent rules, he objected vigorously. The resolution was defeated by the Democrats. The three parties in the House are as far from any compromise as ever. The Democrats and Alliance men have been in communication with each other through conference committees all the afternoon, still

SNOWS IN EASTERN PORTION, NORTH-

SPECIAL WEATHER BULLETIN.

Getting Warmer in the South, but No

The storm which was east of Rhode Island on

Monday moved slowly north, and was central yesterday off the coast of Maine. Heavy snow feil in Massachusetts, Vermont and New Hämpshire and on the southern part of Maine. Snow squalls also occurred in West-ern New York and Pennsylvania and over Lake Eric. The storm in the Northwest failed to develop, owing to a high pressure area which appeared on the Pacific coast, but it formed a A Girl Apparently Rescued From a Con-Fair weather prevailed in all other sections, The temperature rose 16 to 25° from Southern Boston, Jan. 6.-Dr. Koch's lymph has

River Telegrams.

WARREN-River 3.4 feet and failing. Weather

Hear and pleasant.
CINCINNATI-River 48 feet 3 inches-just half an
neh higher than hast night.
MEMPHIS-River rose 12 inches. Weather clear Manuficians.

NEW OBLEANS—Weather clear and pleasant.

NEW OBLEANS—Weather clear and pleasant.

ST. Louis—Miver down 4 feet 6 inches. Weather clear and pleasant.

Republicans, Democrats and Alliance Men

Sr. PAUL, Jan. 6 .- When the Senate re-

who had already been decided on by the Conference Committee of the Alliance and Democrats. F. N. Van Dusse, the Alliance candidate for Secretary, headed the list, and the Democrats and Alliance candidates alternated on through the list.

Less Than One-Tenth of Those Captured by Indians Recovered.

It is stated at the Indian Bureau that these 300 head are all that have been recovered from the original herd of about 3,500 head driven off by the hostiles.

THE MIRACULOUS LYMPH.

sumptive's Death.

SPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH.

that the experimental stage may be said to be passed, and in two weeks the physicians ex-

pect to send her to the country for final re-cuperation. She has had three inoculations

and they will be repeated every two or three

days for the present.

A week ago Sunday she was so low that

she received the sacrament of extreme unc-

tion, the last rites in the Roman Catholic Church. So rapid an improvement is looked upon alike by the phy-sicians and friends as an impressive

testimony to the success of lymph treatment. She says she feels much better

and stronger than before the inoculations. She continues to cough, but it is a cough of

the favorable kind, for every time comes up

matter that has been acted upon by the lymph. To her friends her outward ap-

pearance is not altered, but her own feelings

are very much better, and she herself is now confident of recovery.

Curiosity was awakened to know how the cashier, Emory Gardner, a man who stood high in church and business circles, had permitted it and also how it could have been accomplished without the knowledge of the President, Charles J. Baker, and the directors. The Crowl shortage and the reirement of the cashier, Mr. Gardner, wer not alluded to in the report given out at the stockholders' meeting Mouday evening. The Cashier Was Blamed.

Mr. George, who is President of the Traders' National Bank, presided at the meeting. President Baker, in his report to he stockholders, said that the bank had met with reverses on account of the incapacity and untrustworthiness of its cashier to the extent of \$119,000 in allowing Crowl to verdrew his account. The bank's surplus some \$50,000 was gone, and the \$97,264 ! charged in the bank report of January 3, 1891, to the profit and loss account is all loss. The capital stock, which was \$320,000, had been impaired to the extent of one-The capital stock, which was \$320,000, third.

President Baker then explained the manner in which Cashier Gardner had paid out the large amount. It was claimed that he cashier falsified the returns to the President and directors, and the books which would have shown the large overdrafts by Crowl were always in use in one way or mother when inquiry was made for them. Gardner, it was stated, always kept the deposit line less than it actually was to the amount of Crowl's overdrafts. How Crowl Overdrew His Account

Between the dates of September 20 and 27 of last year, shortly before Crowl's failure, the latter got \$27,000 by overdraft from the bank. Most of these overdrafts were made by checks signed by Crowl, payable to his order and cashed at other banks. They reached the Franklin Bank through the Clearing House in the regular order of business and were never rejected by Cashier Gardner so far as is known. Bookke-per Tschudi, of the Franklin Bank, is Mr. Gardner's brother-in-law. It was said at the meeting that when Mr.

Tschudi would call Cashier Gardner's attention to the fact that Mr. Crowl had again

overdrawn his account, Mr. Gardner would reply: "That's all right. I understand it." There seemed to be no disposition to it." There seemed to be no disposition to question Mr. Tschudi's good faith. Mr. Gardner was dismissed from his place a few weeks ago, but Mr. Tsehudi is still in the bank's employ He Might Have Been Hypnotized.

President Baker was on Gardners' bond for \$20,000, and he has made good the amount. Some of those present at the stockholders' meeting took occasion to scorely criticise the management of the back. President Baker was asked by one of the stockholders if he had any reason to believe that Cashier Gardner had made any-

thing out of the transactions with Crowl.
"I don't think so," was Mr. Baker's re-"I don't think so," was Mr. Baker's reply. "I have known Mr. Gardner since his boyhood. I can't account for his action, except on the theory that Crowl has hypnotized him," Crowl borrowed right and left, subscribed for stock, gave his notes for it, and then hypothecated it. Crowl is now in Rosnoke, Va. One man said to-day that he could trace \$50,000 alone that Crowl has forwarded within a short time before his forwarded him.

fore his failure and had never made good. Gardner had been with the Franklin Bank about ten years. He is a comparatively young man, and is said to have been entirely dependent on his salary for his living. When a boy he was a member of Mr. Baker's Sunday school and after became a Sunday school superintendent himself. It was only last November that Cashier Gardper swore out a warrant and had Paving Teller Obadiah G. Deever arrested on the

MONTANA'S POLITICAL DANGERS.

No Provision for Canvassing the State Election for President. HELENA, MONT., Jan. 6-There was no

change in the Legislative situation. The Senate and Democratic House met in joint session, and the Governor read his message. This document is quite long and deals princinally with local affairs. The Republican House was in session only a little while, but attempted to do no business. The Governor calls attention to the

langers that may result from a failure of legislation this session. There is no pr vision for canvassing the State election in 1892. In regard to the choosing of Presidental electors, also, some provision must be made or the State will lose its vote in the Electoral Congress.

A RARE ANTIQUARIAN DISCOVERY.

Caving in of a River Bank Reveals a Mar todon Skeleton MANKATO, MINN., Jan. 6 .- The bone

of a mastodon, have been discovered on the bank of the Minnesota river, several miles northwest of the city. The caving in of the bank, caused by the undermining of the

ground that no attempt will be made to remove them until spring. The farmers living near by discovered the remains a few days ago, and brought word to this city to-

CONDEMNS THE FORCE BILL.

Delaware's Governor Desires His Sta Protest Against It. DOVER, Jan. 6.-Both Houses of the

General Assembly convened to-day. The Democratic caucus nominees were elected. The message of Hoo. Benjamin Biggs, retiring Governor, was received and read. It closed with a denunciation of the force bill and a declaration that it becomes the duty of the Legislature, as well as the Governor, to protest against it.

THE STAMPEDED CATTLE.

who had been losers began to compare notes and their comparisons were not very favor able toward Mr. Crowl's methods. It was only last Monday afternoon, at a meeting of WASHINGTON, Jan. 6 .- The Commisthe stockholders of the Franklin Bank, of sioner of Indian Affairs has received the folwhich Charles J. Baker is the President, lowing telegram, dated Pine Ridge: that those present learned from Mr. Baker Chief Herder Hugh has returned to the agency with 300 cattle. We have no informathat Mr. Crowl had overdrawn his account on that bank to about \$100,000. tion as to whether there are any more scattered over the range. Hugh says he thinks the hos-tiles burned the ranch after he left. The announcement created great astonish

Just What the Rev. Gentleman Is Accused of ment. Further than this the bank holds Having Sald and Written-He Denied Mr. Crowl's paper to an extent that increases the Virgin Birth of the Savior and His his indebtedness to the bank to \$119,000 CLEVELAND, Jan. 6'-The Rev. Howard Macqueary is in town, ready to be tried by the Episcopalian ecclesiastical court tomorrow morning on the charge of heresy. The presentment of the court, a long document, was marie public to-night. The important specifications and charges are as

portant specifications and charges are as follows:

Specification 1—In a book entitled "The Evolution of Man and Christianity," written by the Rev. Howard Macquenry aforesaid, and published in the year 1890 the doctrines of the Virgin birth of our Lord Jesus Christ and of His resurrection the third day, are in divers plans taught to be unworthy of belief." Among the statements in said book, which impugn the doctrine of the Virgin birth of our Lord are the following, to wit: (P. 212). "All the earliest narratives of our Lord's file and teachings fail to furnish us, even approximately, satisfactory proof of the Virgin birth but the evidence adducible rather seems to favor the view that Joseph was the father of Jesus.

The story of the Virgin born, as it stands in the Gospel, is so improbable, and the evidence supporting it is so uncertain that criticism cannot accept it." Among the statements in said book which impugn the doctrine of our Lord's resurrection on the third day are the following, to-wit: The earliest tradition concerning Christ's resurrection simply teaches that it was a spiritual appearance. He showed himself in spirit to the Apostles, And this was not a subjective manifestation of their, but a real objective manifestation of their, but a real objective manifestation of the spirit of Jesus from the unseen sphere. Around this kernel gradually grew the husky narratives of the gospel, whose authorship is so uncertain, whose conceptions are so grossly materialistic, so inconsistent with the conceptions of the unseen sphere, which scientific theology forces upon us that we must set them aside as valueless.

Specification 2—The Stanuing Committee be-

Specification 2—The Stanuing Committee be-Specification 2—The Standing Committee be-lieve that the Rev. Howard Macqueary has not only written the book aforesaid and procured its publication and distribution, but that he still holds and publicly avows and teaches the views therein set forth regarding the virgin birth of Our Lord and His resurrection the third day. It is charged that by holding and teaching as aforesaid the Rev. Howard Mac-queary violated declarations and engagements made by him at the time of his ordinating, and thus has done that which involves a breach of his ordination vows.

POWDERLY'S POLITICS.

He Asks Industrial Organizations to Meet

and Formul a Platform. PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 6. - General Master Workman Powderly has issued a circular letter to the industrial organizations of . the United States, asking their co-operation in a national reform industrial conference, to be held in Washington, February 23, March 25 or July 29, the date to be fixed by vote. The conference is to formulate "a political platform," such as industrialists could favor at the polls.

In the circular, Mr. Powderly embodies the report of the Committee on Political Action which was presented at the last General Assembly of the Knights, and which the desire of the order that the platform be built upon the principles of the Knights preamble—the principal of which are the reservation of public lands for actual settlers, the establishment of a national monetary system without the intervention of banks and the Governmental operation of all telegraphs, telephones and railroads.

TO BE LOOKED INTO.

Complaint of German Sailors Against New did not succeed in doing so. The State De-Jersey Policemen. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

TRENTON, Jan. 6 .- Governor Abbett read communication to-day from Secretary of State Blaine requesting him to investigate the complaint of a number of seamen employed on the steamship Elbe of the North German Lloyd line. The seamen had a little jollification in Hoboken while the ship was in port last October, and the Hoboken police, they say, boarded her without warrant and arrested the men. They were locked up and fined before

their release on the next trip to Germany. The seamen complained to the authorities that they had been outrageously treated by the Hoboken officials and a statement of their grievance was mailed to the German Minister in this country. Governor Abbett will have a thorough investigation of the matter made.

ure of John C. Dueber. AURORA, ILL., Jan. 6 .- The assignmen of John C. Dueber and the Canton Watch Company last evening has created considerable excitement in watch factory circles. Aurora is interested from the fact that Charles Rood, chief owner of the Aurora Watch Factory, has been for some time a hervy creditor of Mr. Dueber. His friends here claim that the amount due him is only \$50,000, as Dueber has been paying off the indebtedness at the rate of \$5,000 a month. Henry Kane, Superintendent and one of he owners of the Aurora factory, has also \$50,000 worth of Dueber's paper locked up in an Aurora bank. It is not thought that the failure will affect either of these gentle men or the Aurora Watch Company.

THE SOUTH DAKCTA SITUATION.

of Legislative Officers. PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 6,-The Legislature

organized to-day. The Senate elected Republican subordinate officers by 1 majority. The House elected Seward, of Coddington county, Independent, Speaker, by 1 ma-The Democrats and Independents are

united in both Houses with the exception of one Independent and one Democrat, who voted with the Republicans in the House in the choice o' Speaker. The opposition victory in the House does not discourage Re-publicans in the Senatorial contest, but somewhat complicates matters.

The Bell Telephone Suit.

of some large animal, supposed to be those

river, has exposed to view the remains of a portion of the huge animal's anatomy. The bones are eight feet from the top of the ground, and are in a good state of preservation, but are so frozen into the

Boston, Jan. 6 .- The time for taking testimony in the suit of the United States versus the American Bell Telephone Com-pany was to-day again extended three months from January.

THE SAILOR'S DARING. "Man overboard! Stand by to lower way the boats!" With what alacrity every

man on board springs to his post at the dread cry, knowing a fellow creature's life is at stake! Yet that life is in no more danis at stake! Yet that life is in no more danger than that of the man or woman who trifles with what may seem "a simple blood disorder," but which in reality is fast sowing the seeds of a fatal disease, when the early use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery would cleanse the blood, restore impaired digestion, tone up the vital organs and ward off consumption. It should take the place in the family corresponding to that occupied by the life preserver on shipboard. If taken in time, and given a fair trial, "Golden Medical Discovery" is guaranteed to cure. This it will do if taken in the earlier stages of consumption, but after a large part of the lungs have broken down, no medicine can stay its fatal progress. How important then that the earliest premonitory symptoms be heeded! Short breath, spitting of blood, occasional chilly

sensations creeping up the spinal column, hacking cough, variable or poor appetite, feeble digestion, with gradual loss of flesh, cold feet, lassitude or general debility, should admonish one that all is not right. You can't afford to fool away precious time if suffering from any considerable number of the above significant symptoms of approaching danger! It's madness to trifle and experiment with uncertain means of relief and cure when thus afflicted! Don't forget, at such a critical time, that the only medicine possessed of such positive curative properties as to warrant its manufacturers in selling it, through druggists, under a positive guarantee of its benefiting or curing in every case, is the world-famed "Golden Medical Discovery." For all Bronchial, Throat and Lung Affections, Weak Lungs, and kindred allments, it is an unoqualed remedy.

For a Complete Treatise on Blood and Skin Discases, or for one on Bronchial, Throat and Lung Discases, enclose ten cents, in stamps, state which book you want and address, Woal which book you want and address, Woal by head of the property of th

\$500 OFFERED for an the proprietors of DR. SAGE'S CATARRH II

SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH.—Headache, obstruction of nose, dis
falling into throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others
tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody, putrid and offensive; eyes wes
ing in cars, deafness; offensive breath; smell and taste impaired, a
eral debility. Only a few of these symptoms illabused.

ECHOES OF THE BOLT.

Republicans Call Each Other A HOUSE BILL THAT WILL BE POPULAR Hard Names, While "the Democrats Smile

COUP OF THE SILVER MEN.

A Belief That Hoar and Others Intended to Crowd Out Their Bill.

HARRISON IS NOT AT ALL PLEASED

Cameron and Ouzy Deny That They Were

in the Secret.

SILVER BILL DEBATE FAIRLY BEGUN THOM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. WASHINGTON, Jan, 6. - Naturally enough the shelving of the elections bill yesterday was the supreme subject of gossip at the Capitol to-day. While there was a great deal of elation among the Democrats, which strongly argued that they looked on the bill as one which would do injury to

their party, there was less bitterness among stalwart Republicans against the bolting Senators than one would have expected in such circumstances. Those who accuse Stewart, Teller and their adherents of bad taith, party treason, conspiracy with the Democrats to defeat the elections bill, and other evil things are met with the counter assertions that the first conspiracy was that of Sherman, Hoar, Edmunds and others to defeat by means of the elections bill alt silver legislation which is demanded by the rank and file of the whole country, and only opposed by Wall street bankers and their

aympathizers. One fact nobody who defended the elections bill was able to dispute, and that is that ample time has been given for the passage of the elections bill, and that not one practical step has ever been taken to bring the discussion to a close. Even after the cloture amendment was reported no attempt was made to bring it up for discussion, but it was proposed to continue on the old lines for a while to see if the Democrats would not some day, or some night, kindly give way and allow a vote on a bill against which they had in private and in public declared war to the last gosp; and it was also bravely decided to hold another caucus, after having held haif a dozen caucuses within a month, at none of which a genuine

attempt was made to devise any practicable plan for passing the elections bill. A Waiting Policy Ruined Them. When it became clearly evident that after all the promises of the managers of the bill that prompt action would be taken this week, they were still determined to pursue the policy of waiting for something to turn up, or of deliberate delay for a secret purthe silver men determined on their sensational coup. It is learned that at the cancus lost night, if an assembly of two dozen Republican Senators out of 51 could be called a caucus, it was generally ad-mitted the elections bill had received its

death-blow, Notwithstanding the talk of a speedy vote on the financial measure no one really expects a disposal of it in side of two weeks. That will leave only six weeks of the session, and there will be the appropriation and other necessary bills to enact, which will occupy the remainder of the time. Even if it were again brought before the Senate to pass, the elections measure would require the same improved parliamentary schinery which it has been impossible to

procure, and its advocates would be as of Judge Acheson's appointment as the The President is Disgusted. It is said by friends or the President that while he is very much disgusted at wasting so much good ammunition in his message i regard to the elections bill, he blames the managers of the measure more than he does the wild Western mustangs who took the bits in their teeth and ran away from their party and their President. But, as one said to-day, "if the President knew a way out of

the hole, why did not he suggest it to Grandtather Host?" Secator Cameron is very indignant, and shows it more than he usually does any emotion, at the charge already published in Pennsylvania newspaper; that he was in the He declares that he was as much surprised as either Hoar or Edmunds t the action of Senator Stewart, Senator Quay pronounces a similar charge against elt too contemptible to notice. not had the faintest intimation that any such movement was contemplated. A number of persons outside of the silver Senators now eclare that they knew of the intended cour last week. Among these is George Jones, the famous head, body and tail of the Green back party. George says he knew all about it and is astonished that not one of the watchful and penetrating journalists of the row "caught on to it;" but everybody knows that if George had known it the whole row would have known it. It may be accepted as absolutely accurate that no one except Stewart, Teller, Jones and Wolcott

of the Republicans, and Gorman of the Democrats knew of the trick contemplated previous to Monday morning. Bitterness Over the Financial Bill.

It is expected that a great deal of acrimon will crop out in the debate on the financial bill. The good feeling between the silver and the anti-silver men is not enhanced by the crilliant and successful strategy of yesterday, and not a little ill humor has already shown on the surface. Senator Teller's declaration to-day, speaking to Senator Sherman, that "in certain sections of the country where the almighty dollar was allpowerful, and where the grossest ignorance existed upon financial questions, save upon questions of discount and exchange, he (Sherman) was a financial oracle," is a

specimen of the stinging personalities which may be expected. It is confidently expected that some kind of free coinage measure will become a law. In the House many of the Republicans who wated against the Senate free coinage amendment to the financial bill of last session have been sorely chastened by the late elections, and literally pummeled into a condition of pro und respect for the tarming element, which is almost universally in favor of fre coinage of silver. It may therefore be assumed that a tree coinage bill has at least been a little over \$3,000,000 and the amount a much better show for enactment than it about \$700,000.

had last session. Senator Teller Explains.

Senator Teller, in his opening remarks upon the financial bill, referred to the long time that had been spent in considering the elections bill, the importance of which he did not question. Yesterday, with a full knowledge of all the criticism his action would bring, but with a full consciousness however, that he was in the discharge of his duty as he saw it, he had voted to lay that bill aside and take up the present measure. He denied that the friends of free coinage had entered into an alliance with the opponents of the elections bill for its defeat. There never was a more unfounded slander published than this. If the elections bill was such an important question, demanding the undivided action of the Senate on the 1st of December, it was an equally import-ant question last July, when it was laid aside by the friends of the measure in order

that the economic question aright be con-Mr. Teller then proceeded to criticise Mr. Sherman's speech, which he declared con-sisted of nothing but assertion as to what would follow the passage of the pending bill. When Mr. Teller had concluded Mr. Sherman said he would reply at some other

time. Mr. Morrill argued against the bill \$1 20.29 per fine ounce, which would have and Mr. Vest in its favor. LIGHTNER. been in violation of law and instruction of

DEALING IN OPTIONS.

WITH THE FARMERS.

Heavy Taxes to Be Imposed Upon Those Who Sell Futures on the Products of the Soil - Speculators Expected to Oppose

[FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.] WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.-Representative Enloe, of Tennessee, offered a resolution today instructing the Committee on Rules to

set apart a day for the consideration of what is known as the Butterworth option bill, which was favorably reported last session by the Committee on Agriculture. It is probable the bill would have been passed at the last session had not Representative Mason, of Chicago, filibustered so persistently against the compound lard bill as to waste the time the compound lard bill as to waste the time

Owing to the amuzing inroads into the old parties made by the farmers' organizations, it is probable that the House and Senate will be somewhat anxious to pass the bill, and for this reason Mr. Euloe's resolution will, so THE DISPATCH correspondent is intermed, probably be speedily and favorably considered by the Committee on Rules, and a day set apart for hills from the Committee on Agriculture with the understanding that this bill be taken up. This prospect makes the measure of vast importance to the country, and the representatives of

the dealers in options and futures may be expected on hand and fill the lobbies of the Capitol, as they did at the last session. The bill imposes a tax of \$1,000 on dealers in wheat, corn, oats, cotton, pork and other farm products, and it is contemplated to amend by adding oil, stocks, etc. It imposes a further tax of 5 cents per pound and 20 cents a bushel upon articles which are the subject of such sales under options or futures. The intention of the bill is clearly defined, that it applies not to legitimat dealers, farmers, actual purchasers or sellers, and so on, but to the gentlemen of the bucket shop, grain pit and bull ring, who do not know whether potatoes grow on trees or Indian corn under the ground.

The report accompanying the bill makes

the following interesting explication of the vexed question:

It is not the object of the proposed law, nor will its effect be to improperly interfere with the prosecution of any legitimate industry or avocation which adds to the supply of the things needful, or aids in the distribution of supplies, or in anywise con-tributes to the stock of useful knowledge in matters of production or the better utiliza-tion of what is produced. But obviously those who deal in "options" and "future" contracts, which is mere gambling, no matter by what less offensive name such trans-actions may be designated, neither add to the supply nor increase the demand for consumption, nor do they accomplish any useful purpose by their calling; but on the con-trary, they speculate in fictitious products. While the farmer labors from day to day, contending with flood and drought to produce his crop, and by reason of its small value when produced, is compelled to deny himself and family the needful comforts of life, the producers of this other, a competing erop—this crop of mere wind—find all "sea-sons summer," and "toil not, neither do they spin," and yet gather a golden harvest. Once the Farmers' Alliance is informed there is a chance for this bill they will make

a tremendous effort to force its passage, and a great fight between them and the specula-BOOMING JUDGE ACHESON.

Strong Delegation of Pittsburgers to Present
His Merits.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—A delegation of distinguished Pittsburgers representing the Bar Association of Allegheny county arrived here this evening, for the purpose of calling on the President in the interest of Judge Acheson's appointment as the successor of Judge McKennan on the bench of the Circuit Court, District of Pennsyl-

vania, Delaware and New Jersey. The committee formally appointed by the Bar Association, Messra. George Shiras, Jr., William B. Negley, C. W. Robb and George H. Christy, arrived early in the evening, and have rooms at the Arlington. A little later Mr. Sol Schoyer made his appearance, having come on from New York, where he had been on professional business. Messra, D. T. Watson and William Scott, and probably others, are exinfluential party will call during the day on the President to urge the appointment of Judge Acheson. Within a day or two a delegation is expected representing the bar of Philadelphia to press the appointment of Mr. Hollingsworth, of that city. It is said

that Howard Reeder, of Easten, has been indor-ed by Senators Cameron and Quay, and that Attorney General Kirkpatrick, of the same city, has the influence of Governor Beaver and Congressman Stone.

As the district is larger than Pennsylvanis, however, all indorsements will be es-teemed by the President, it is said, of rather a personal than an official nature, and will not feel that he is "turning down" anybody

should be happen to appoint someone other than a candidate indersed by the Senators, Representatives or other officials of any one of the States interested.

MISSISSIPPI LEVEES. Gen. Comstock, of the Commission, Thinks

They Are Necessary. WASHINGTON, Jan. 6 .- The House Committee on Improvement of Levees of the Mississippi River began a hearing on the subject of levees this morning and examined General Comstock, of the Mississippi River Commission. He did not think the United States should undertake building levees where bluffs were near at hand, nor did he believe in narrow levees. Of the levees built near the banks since 1880, 25 per cent have caved into the river. The levees should be put where they would be safe. He thought it possible to construct levees that would restrain the waters within 5,000

feet, but he was not certain this would re-sult in scouring out the rivers. It would, he thought, deepen the channel where it was already deep, but on the long spoal reaches like Plum Point, he didn't believe the bars would be scoured out.

To Mr. Blanchard, General Comstock said there was no difference of opinion in the commission as to the necessity of levees to prevent floods. Since the commission had taken hold of the river, the amount ex-pended by the United States on levees had

spent by the States and riparian owner CANNOT BE COINED.

The Men With the Silver Are Not Success ful at Washington. WASHINGTON, Jan. 6-Messrs. Merrick and Morse, the gentlemen who recently tendered a silver brick to the Superintend ent of the Mint at Philadelphia, to be made

into silver dollars for their benefit, to-day

made a written demand upon the Director of the Mint to instruct the Superintendent of the Mint at Philadelphia to receive and coin the silver bullion as requested.

Director Leach replied to them, sustaining the action of the superintendent, and

"The only authority of law for the rec of the silver bullion at the mints of the United States for coinage into silver dollars is that contained in the act of July 14, 1890. "At the date you presented the bar of silver at the Mint at Philadelphia, the Superintendent was instructed by the de-partment to pay \$1 03½ per fine ounce for silver offered for sale, corresponding to the market price. If he had received the bar of silver for coinage into silver dollars for your benefit, he would have paid at the rate of most tremendous cuts in prices.

Jos. Honne & Co.'s

THE ALLEGED SILVER POOL

May Be Investigated by the House Commit-

tee on Rules.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.-The House Com

mittee on Rules to-day examined under

oath Messrs. Stevens and Henderson, corre-

spondonts of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat,

with reference to the reports in newspapers

that Senators and Representatives were in

terested in a silver pool.

The correspondents declined to give any information. No decision was reached by

the committee as to what to do with Mr. Dockery's resolution providing for an inves-

NEW POSTMASTERS.

Five Appointments Made to Offices in

Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.-The following

appointments of Pennsylvania postmasters

F. H. Button, Corry; H. J. Hays, Kit-

tanning; Mrs. Mary M. Housberger, Ta-maqua; D. M. Curry, Spring City; L. M. Kyle, Bellevernon; Thomas Munroe, Gal-

THE JACK TARS PROTEST.

WHY THE EFFICIENCY OF THE NAVY

HAS NOT BEEN IMPROVED.

ments For an Honorable Career.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 6.- Reent propo

and who are totally indifferent or blind to

the vital effects at present existing. The

methods of the past have resulted most dis-

astrously. About 95 per cent of the young

American apprentices and a very large per-centage of the trained seamen gunners leave the navy because it offers no proper career. Quite recently a respectful and dignified petition has been quietly circulated among the war ships. It is addressed to Secretary

of the Navy Tracy and is signed by mer from the United States steamers Philadel-

CROWDING OUT SMALL FRY.

Express Companies.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

Boston, Jan. 6 .- The express business

centering about Boston has been given a

severe shaking up by a movement by the

Adams and American Express Companies

to play into each others bands. The New

England territory, as covered by the two

companies, is divided in a rough way by

the line of the Boston and Albany Railroad,

southern part. The Adams Express Com-

pany used to exchange northern business with the United States and Canada and the

Edstern Express Companies, which operated in upper New Hampshire, Vermon: and

The American bough: those two lines out

and then began to extend its territory. The Adams kept on exchanging goods to and

from the points as originally, exchanging with the old local companies, however,

exchange business away from these smaller concerns in favor of the larger. The move-

one way bill, doing away with the com-

Great January Clearance Sale Bargains

In dress goods, and this morning we add trimmings, with

Penn Avenue Stores.

The passenger department of the Pennsylvania lines west of

Pittsburg is prepared to rent

private cars-including neces-

sary attendants and supplies for "living" in the car-and furnish

transportation to families or parties of from five to fifteen

persons, for special tours of from 30 to 90 days' duration to

California, over any route which may be selected. You

may go or return via Denver, Salt Lake, Santa Fe, St. Paul,

Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego, El Paso, New Orleans, St. Louis, Chi-

cago.

A most delightful health and

pleasure trip can be accom-plished in 60 days or less, and

at a moderate cost-considering

the superior and exclusive ac-

commodations afforded.

J. G. Bennett & Co.,

Leading

Hatters and Furriers, Corner Wood street

and Fifth avenue

Great January Clearance Sale Bargains

In siks,
In dress goods,
and this morning we add trimmings with

Penn Avenue Stores.

most tremendous cuts in prices.

Jos. Horne & Co.'s

Winter Private Car Tours

To the Genial Climate

Maine.

In silks,

of California.

says among other things:

were made to-day:

BELOW THE ISTHMUS.

counsel fees, because Blakeney's lawyer said he could not find his client.

Blakeney is the only brother of the famous beauty, Madaine Muzard, the favorite of the late King of Holland. All old New York residents will remember the story of her adventurous life. When she died, about 19 were adventurous life. When she were adventurous life. When she were adventurous life. Doings in the Republics of Central 12 years ago, the princely fortune which she secumulated from royal coffers came into possession of her parents. They were plain, hard working people, living at Tappan, N.Y. From them the money descended to Mme. Muzard's brother William, the defendant in these proceedings, and to his sister Mary Ann, now Mrs. Charles Pike, of First Place, Brooklyn. Ordinary thrift would have made William worth \$500,000 to-day, but his career has been one of the wildest dissipation. ALGENTINE CONGRESS IN SESSION. The Recognition by Germany of Brazil's

A RAPID INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPEMENT. He is unable to write his own name, yet he once owned a Nyack newspaper. Two years ago the courts decided he was unfit to have control of his property, adjudged him an habitual drunkard and appointed a trustee to care for his estate. Later this order was reseinded, and he has since been

READY FOR HIS TRIAL.

SPECIFIC CHARGES OF HERESY AGAINST

REV. MR. MAC QUEARY.

Besurrection on the Third Day.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR.1

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH NEW YORK, Jan. 6 .- According to official reports from Venezuela that country is now enjoying great prosperity. The coffee and cocoa crops of the past year were unusually more than ever reckless with his funds.

Mrs. Biakeney is an intelligent woman who lives in semi-retirement in a handsome Broadway home. A son and a daughter, both married, are the issue of her marriage heavy. The population is growing. The public revenue has increased, the public debt to Blakeney.

has been reduced and the exports of the year were the largest ever known. The Congress of Argentine is in session. Its most important business is that of improving the financial condition of the Government and revising the political measures adopted after the revolution of last July. The corrupt administration of the affairs of the Treasury under ex-President Cellman 15 to be investigated by Congress. A treaty of commercial reciprocity with Brazil has been negotiated and a similar treaty with Uruguay is in preparation. Several con-tracts for the construction of railroads have been declared null and void on account of the failure of the contractors to comply with

Sailors Should Be Treated as Fairly as Are the law. the Soldiers-Many Leave the Service Recognizing Brazil's Republic Because It Offers Them No Induce-The Republic of Brazil is receiving the official recognition of the Powers of Europe. It has just been recognized by the Emperor of Germany. The first Government that gave it recognition was that of the United Control of States. A new measure for the funding of the internal debt has been adopted, and it is sitions to improve the efficiency of the navy and to introduce reforms that would attract believed that the new 4 per cent gold bonds Americans to serve their flag affoat have will look attractive to the foreign investors.

The paper currency of Brazil has been enormously increased since the establishment of the Republic. met with the most violent opposition from those who appear to have no conception of the requirements of modern payal warfare,

Nearly 60,000 immigrants from Europe arrived at Rio De Janeiro during the past year. The new Federal Constitution has been received with satisfaction by the great body of the Brazilian people. The Government of Uruguay is trying to improve its finances through a revisal of the tariff by which the duties on imports are increased and the system of taxing exports is renewed. The report that the Treasury would be unable to pay the interest on its foreign debt this year has been officially denied. By a constitutional change the number of constitutional change the number of deputies in Congress is to be increased from

phia, Yantic, Vermont, Dale, Minnesota, Chicago, Boston, Atlanta and Yorktown and will soon bear the signatures of men on all other ships in the service. The petition In the Republic of Colombia. The Congress of Columbia has rejected the demand of the English holder of its We earnestly deplore the statements and in-sinuations recently published that Américan citizens are not so subordinate and trustworthy as foreigners, and that they cannot be dis-ciplined and attracted to serve their flag affoat. On the contrary, we humbly submit that the concessions for which we pray would, if bonds and now proposes to pay interest at the rate of 11 per cent. The contract for the construction of a railroad between Bogota and Buenaventura has been approved. There is no improvement in the severe finan-cial depression that has recently prevailed. The people were enthusiastic at the celebration of the anniversary of Independence. The population of Colombia is now reported at 3.540.000.

On the contrary, we humbly submit that the concessions for which we pray would, if granted, bring the naval service into successful competition with the civil itrades that offer ample rewards to manilness and ability. Men would enter the navy with the idea of remaining, and the result would be a corps of naturalized citizens—American blue fackets—serving loyally and with enthusiasm. The concessions for which we petition have already been proposed by beards of officers or in recent discussions by officers.

Briefly, they are as follows: That the seamen may be paid \$30 per month; that the pay of combatant petty officers may be increased; that the ray of "Gun Captains" and such other rates as may be necessary be created with pay of \$50 per month; that Gun Captains may have the same position and responsibility in the navy as the non-commissioned officers in the army, and that petty officers may not be distrated except by sentence of a court martial. at 3,040,000.

In Chile there is widespread opposition to the new ministry which is declared to be unworthy of the support of Congress. At a mass meeting in Santiago the President was warned not to interfere in the elections. A short time ago a mob tore down the national flag in Temuco. The Bolivian Congress has authorized the issue of nickel coinage. The Government has advertised for hids for the construction of several important railroads. In the chief square of the city of Potosi a statue or liberty is to be erected in com-memoration of the proclamation of Independence in 1810.

Railroads in Peru and Ecuador. The reports from Ecuador show that the onstruction of new railroad lines is the construction of new railroad lines is the chier topic of public interest. In Peru the suppression of the recent revolt of the Pierola party has given the Government a new sense of security, and President Bermudez has full power to maintain order against the attempts of the conspirators. He is well sustained by the people. There is no pros-pert of the settlement of the old Dreyfus Between the Adams and American

claims against Peru.

The investments of English capital in lands, mines, real estate and manufacturing are increasing. The work of laving the new cable between Peru and Chile was in progress at the date of the latest advices but several months are required for its comple-tion. There has been trouble in Lima on account of the arrival of a Protestant agent of the American Bible Society. The agent was forbidden last July to sell Bibles or to preach, and as he violated this order was ar-rested and has been held in prison for the past half year. The American Minister the territory north being covered by the recently attempted to secure his release, but American and the Adams serving the

> partment in Washington Is now giving at-PUDVARD KIPLING has written a serie of seven letters on America for THE DIS-PATCH. The first in the series will appear

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S ISSUE. A VICTORY FOR HARRISON. His Friends Get Control of the Indiana State Committee.

rather than the new opponent, the American. The present deal is the taking of this SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 6 .- The fight to-day ment extends wherever the two great lines run. The plan was formulated and per-fected in New York. It is given in explanaover the reorganization of the Republican State Central Committee brought an imtion of the movement that people east of Boston can now ship their goods through on mense number of politicians here. Governor Steele, of Oklahoma, formerly of Marion, was here, and he, with Warfen G. plaints of two charges and other attendant Sayre, ex-Speaker of the House, and the President's son, Russell, were in charge of the administration's interests. Late this afternoon the fight over the reorganization narrowed down to a struggle between the administrationicts and the anti-administrationists. The former won. If the committee could have met free from the influence of the Federal office holders, Marcus R. Sulzer, of Madison, would probably

have been elected chairman, and the political machinery in Indiana would not have been pledged to the use of President Harrison for another term. But that was not possible. Those who are under obligations began coming in early to-day and by noon the administration pressure was so great that the chances of Mr. Sulzer, or any other man who would not pledge himself to Harrison for re-election, began to rapidly glide away.

of Mr. Sulzer were much displeased with the treatment that gentleman received. Gowdy was Michener's choice and it means that Harrison is a candidate for another

NYACK, Jan. 6 .- After nearly 25 years of married life, Mrs. Harriet Blakeney has sued for absolute divorce from her husband, William H. Blakeney, The complaint charges infidelity, covers a period of two woman with whom it is alleged Mr. Blake-

years and names only one co-respondent, a ney now lives at a hotel in Haverstraw.
Blakeney has not yet put in a defense.
Judge Dykman, at White Plains last
Saturday, adjourned the hearing of a motion
by Mrs. Blakeney's counsel for alimony and

Just after noon the committee held a con-ference, and, by a small majority, decided to make John R. Gowdy, of Rushville, chairman, in case Mr. Michener tendered

SUING FOR DIVORCE.

respondence on "the subject is invited. Please address E. A. Ford, General Passenger Agent, Pittsburg, Pa. A Story About Which There Are Sor Peculiar Features. "SPECIAL TRUEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

his resignation, which it was understood he had done by telegraph. Mr. Gowdy has been Auditor of Rush Both Parties Win Victories in the Electio county for eight years, and is a Republican of the radical school. He has been for some time a member of the Executive Committee of the State Central Committee, and is denominated a hustler. The triends

AURORA WATCH MEN CAUGHT. They Lose Heavily on Account of the Fail-

Ætna Insurance Company

HARTFORD, CONN., Jan. 6.-The Ætne Life Insurance Company has commenced issuing accident policies. Its prospectus announces that it is the largest stock company in the world, issuing both life and accident insurance. The company's forthcoming state-ment will show its assets to be over \$36,000,-000 and its surplus approximately near \$6,-000,000. The year 1890 was an unusually prosperous one for the Æina Life, while its premium receipts were largely increased. Its death claims were \$160,000 less than in the previous year.