May be handed in at the main advertising office of THE DISPATCH, corner Smithfield and Diamond streets, up to midnight.

FORTY-FIFTH YEAR.

For to-morrow's issue up to 9 o'clock P. M. For list of leanch offices in the various districts see THEED PAGE.

The Red-Hot Struggle Now in Progress in the Sixteenth Ohio District.

REED'S STIRRING

To the Neighbors of the High Protection Champion to Return Him to Congress.

REPUBLICANS ALL HARD AT WORK,

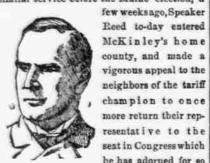
But the Friends of Warwick, the Demo cratic Candidate, Claim Everything With Confidence.

BOTH PARTIES CHARGING CORRUPTION.

No Doubt That Money and Practical Politics Will Have Quite an Influence in Determining

PROBABLE COMPLEXION OF THE FOUR COUNTIES

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. ALLIANCE, October 17,-In return for similar service before the Maine election, a



he has adorned for so ing of the big autocrat of the gavel, like a knight of old, to the rescue of his imperiled comrade, had been long heralded, and every preparation had been made to give him a rousing reception,

Reed and his party arrived here before noon, and were welcomed at the depot by several hundred Republicans. Later many thousands came in from the surrounding districts. The first meeting took place at 2 P. M. in Goddard's Opera House, and when the hour of meeting came, the place was simply packed with over 2,000 Republicans. When Mr. Reed appeared on the stage he received a tremendous welcome. Judge Ambler, of Salem, as presiding officer, gave he distinguished quest a hearty a Consn. John J. Jarrett, of Pitteburg, was first introduced.

A Direct Appeal for the Major. Mr. Reed then followed, and was received

stant in your opinions or inconstant. Two years ago you voted in favor of protection, and not incidental protection, but protection for a purpose, Your sanction to the McKinley bill and your indorsement of its honored author will

were fully 3,000 people inside, while as many more were turned away. Speaker Reed was cheered to the echo, when introduced and throughout his address. When he mentioned the name of McKinley the cople set up such a shout as shook the very building. Mr. Reed said:

Quiet and Certainty Needed. One thing that business especially needs is quiet and certainty. No one can undertake business operations, which project in the future, without having some confidence in that future. That confidence is determined by the majority of the 64,000,000 of people. The Mc-Kinley bill gives the American markets to the American people. To have its full effect it must have your sanction. That alone can enforce it as it needs, and on that ground alone I have come to you and ask you to do again what you did two years ago.

desire, for my own part, your approval by the election of a Republican Honse of Repre-sentatives for the next Congress, for I believe that such election will be conducive to good



Ex-Lieutenant Governor John G. Warwick, government in this country, and upon that basis

rests the liberty of the country. Is there anything in the burning sun of the South that makes men superior to those of the frozen North? And yet the disfranchisement of eight millions of people in the South trans fers their power to men who ought to be our equals, but who seek to be our superiors. Are you prepared te endure this, when it is declared in that solemn instrument called the Constitution of the United States of America that all men are equal?

Speaker Reed concluded his address with a final appeal for the tariff champion, and took his seat amid tremendous applause.

The Hottest Campaign on Record. The remaining two weeks of the campaign in this district will be the warmest ever known in Ohio, tamous for its fierce political struggles. Of the four counties Stark, which is the home of both McKinley and Warwick, and casts nearly half the vote of the district, is close and doubtful. The Major McKinley. many years. The com- Democrats point to the fact that the protection champion, though a candidate at every Congressional election in the last dozen years, has not carried the county since 1880.

In 1884 Blaine carried Stark by a few hundred, and McKinley lost it by nearly the same figures. On the other hand, Warwick, who was a candidate for Lieutenant Governor in 1883 and 1885, carried the county on both occasions, receiving in the neighborhood of 1,000 majority, and running considerably ahead of his ticket.

Local Pride May Play a Part.

In answer to these claims the friends of McKinley point out that since then he has taken a lead in national politics and legislation and that local pride will play an important part in the present contest. They are very hopeful that this feature, in connection with the most thorough organisation and rousing canvass, will insure the Major the vote of his own county.

Wayne, on the west, is usually good for 500 Democratic majority and has lately been giving a trifle more than that. It is probwith the wildest applaase. After thanking able, however, that Congressman Smyser's the audience for his kind recention, he said, work in behalf of McKinley, in addition to the other influences at work, will reduce this to the vanishing point. In fact, it is the opinion of well-posted and impartial observers that McKinley and Warwick will come out of Stark and Wayne about even. This leaves the other two counties, Me-

dina and Holmes, to settle the contest. The give the business world stability. I therefore first-named is a small county, with an almost appeal to this audience to sustain the bill by entirely agricultural population. Ordinarily



M'KINLEY'S OHIO HOME AT CANTON.

electing Hon. William McKinley from this dis-

I say to you that it is impossible that 8,000,000 of our people should continue to be unrepre-sonted. If they are not represented, some one takes their power. Is there anything in our Constitution that gives certain men the right to this superior power? Eight millions of our people are disfranchised. Are you prepared to submit to this wrong? Thirty seats from the South belong to us. They are filled by men who have no more right to them than the men who sit before me now. Why do Why did millions of us go to the polls? Did we not go to the polls as a solemn duty to the Government, and yet there stood that minority in e House who declared they were willing to die for minority rule. They are not dead yet, and the will of the people has prevailed.

An Attack on the Gerrymander. You ought to show by your votes that when men are hired to do the work as Congressmen they shall do that work. Give your votes for Mr. McKinley, your Congressman. Elect him. Let the Republicans of the State of Ohio come out in support of all their candidates for Congress, and elect them, despite the cowardly gerrymander of the Democrats, and I assure you the Democrats will have as good reasons to rejoice if there is another such Republican Congress, as will the Republican party.

This evening, preceding the meeting, there was an immense street parade, headed by three bands. The streets were simply jammed, and all gave three cheers for Reed and McKinley. When the meeting opened at 8 o'clock there was never before seen such an audience in any hall in this city. There

WANTS of all kinds are quickly answer through THE DISPATCH. Investors, artisans, bargain hunters, buyers and sellers closely scan its Classified Advertising Columns. Largest Circulation.

which McKinley's hustlers hope to decidedly increase this year.

The Gibraltar of the Democracy Holmes is likewise small in extent, but it is the Democratic Gibraltar of the State, and bere it is that Warwick and his friends expect to make up for any deficiencies in the balance of the district. This is the county that raised a small army to resist the draft during the Civil War, and it has rarely given less than 2,000 Democratic majority.

To win, McKinley must increase the Republican vote in Medina and decrease the Democratic figures in Holmes, so that the former will overlap the latter. The Warwick ad herents claim that it can't be done. Their hustling opponents say that there has never been a real fight in Holmes county nor all the reserves out in Medina, and that there will be surprises in both sections on

November 4. One feature upon which the Republicans are relying somewhat is the fact that the Order of American Mechanics has recently been organized extensively throughout the district and that Warwick was born on Irish soil. His triends, however, claim that if a fight is made upon him on this account it will result in gains from other

sources. Extensive Charges of Corruption.

Both sides are making charges of boodle and yelling "stop thie." with all their power. There is no doubt that there is a great deal of money floating around the district. Warwick, while by no means a proved to-night, and Dr. Wales, of the navy, his physician, reports him as better district. Warwick, while by no means a millionaire, has accumulated some property, while McKinley's opponents claim that

unlimited funds have been placed at his

It is intimated, however, that there is an organized plan among the workers to put all the boodle in their pockets and then vote for their first choice. This, in substance, is the advice of the Democratic organ in Holmes county to the mossbacks of that sec-

The oratorical and fireworks end of the campaign will be the most brilliant on record. The climax will be capped next week when Blaine joins Reed, Alger, Bur-rows, Dalzell, Sherman and the host of others scarcely less prominent, in the effort to return the author of the new tariff to his accustomed seat. For the other side Governor Hill, Senator Carlisle, Mills, of Texas, Governor Campbell and others will appear.

Opinion of One Who Tried It. Hon. Wallace H. Phelps, of this city, was the Democratic nominee against Mc-Kinley four years ago. Stark county was the only one in the old district which is also in this, and Phelps carried it against McKinley by nearly 300. In speaking of this year's fight, he said: "I can't see how does he will certainly defeat the Major in this district by a good majority. McKinley, I believe, will only carry Medina county and will not have over 1,000 plurality there. That will not be enough to do him any

A peculiar feature of the campaign is the fact that the Democrats are trying to work the soldier vote against McKinley on the ground that Congress has not been suffi-ciently liberal in pension matters, while the party in the rest of the country is generally making charges of extravagance. Extraordinary as it may seem, it is claimed that there are quite a number of veterans who will support Warwick on this account, and because McKinley did not vote for the service

The tariff, however, in connection with McKinley's personality, forms the main issue, and on that the noisy portion of the contest is being waged. The result, though, will depend largely upon the operations o the "practical politicians."

To sum up, it will require an earthquake to elect McKinley, but there are some signs of the beginning of the upheaval.

CARNEGIE at Cluny is the subject of a leverly written article sent to THE DIS-PATCH by one of the correspondents of the London Times. See to-morrow's big issue. Best Advertising Medium.

IT WILL BE INVESTIGATED. COMMITTEE WILL LOOK INTO THE

CINCINNATI CORRUPTION CASE. Indications That the Ohio Legislature Will Do Nothing More in the Matter-Danger of Defeat for the Compromise Bill

-Campbell Thinks He is Safe. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR. COLUMBUS, October 17.-The Legislature o-day adopted a resolution providing for two committees, one non-partisan, to investigate the various boards and departments of the city government at Cincinnati, with full power to act, and another on municipal plan to consider and make suggestions for a new form of government for that city, both to report at the adjourned session in January. There is every indication this will be all the legislation accomplished under the call of Governor Campbell for an extra ses-

The compromise bill, which is the result of a conference between Campbell and the Democrats, was read the second time in the lower branch to-day and went over until tomorrow for passage. It will require all the Democrats to be present and their solid vote to pass the bill, but it is believed some of them will vote against it. The Hamilton county members have secured an investiga tion committee, which is all they asked, and it is understood they are bending their energies to the defeat of the compromise bill. The Republicans in caucus have decided they will vote for nothing emanating from Democratic sources, which cuts off Governo Campbell in any effort to get through his original bills for the abolishment of the obnoxious board at Cincinnati.

The Republicans had agreed to co-operate with Campbell for the passage of his bills which provided for home rule, but the latter consented to the compromise measure of the Democrats, which the Repmblicans insist is not in accordance with his message, and which does not provide for home rule. In short Campbell is the victim of his Demoenemies and Republican friends. There is no one who believes the message of compromise bills can be passed. Campbell claims the probable result is not his fault, and that it will not be to his detrimen politically.

THE DISPATCH to-morrow morning will be an immense newspaper for the masses. It will hold twenty 8-column pages. Larger, better and more widely read than any othe newspaper in the State.

ONLY OFFICE FURNITURE LEFT.

Failure of a Cloak Manufacturer With Liabilities for \$45,000.

EPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR NEW YORK, October 17 .- Another failnre with large liabilities and small assets is reported, making the sixth of the kind which has occurred in the past few weeks. The store of Isaac Rubenstein, manufacturer of cloaks and dealer in drygoods, at 73 Division street, has been closed up by Deputy Sheriff Murphy on an execution for \$2,192 in favor of his wife Anna. At the Sheriff's office it was said that the only assets lett are the fixtures and sa'e. Lawyer Herman Joseph replevined \$2,600 worth of goods for Klingenstein Bros., and H. B. Claffin & Co. got out replevin writs for about \$3,000. These two firms, it is said, took all the stock that was

Mr. Joseph said yesterday that he understood that Rubenstein's liabilities were about \$45,000. Rubenstein was at one time a country peddler. He did an active busi-ness with peddlers, was well known to the trade, got liberal credit from merchants and, although generally slow in his pay ments, had credit for from \$1,000 to \$5,000 His statement of his condition on January 15, last, claimed assets \$33,500, consisting of stocks, \$12,000; accounts, \$21,000; cash \$500. Liabilities, \$9,500. Annual busi

CABLE LETTERS giving all the news rom Great Britain and the Continent are published in the Sunday issue of THE DISPATCH. It is the only pay Western Pennsylvania carrying a Daily Special Cable Service. Largest circulation lest Advertising Medium.

THE USUAL ENDING.

Indians Signing the Sale Contract for 3,000,

000 Acres of Land. DARLINGTON, I. T., October 17 .- Up t o'clock this evening 409 Cheyennes and Arapahoe Indians had signed the contract for the sale of their lands, 3,000,000 acres in extent, to the Government.

Five hundred and twenty-five constitute majority, and that number of signatures will soon be secured.

Admiral Porter's Condition Improved WASHINGTON, October 17 .- The condi tion of Admiral Porter, who has been suffering for some months with an affection of ROYALTY IN DANGER.

PITTSBURG, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1890---TWELVE

Illness of the Beir to the British Throne and His Family.

OCCASION FOR SERIOUS ALARM.

France Still Agitated by the Operations of the New Tariff. PARNELL'S DIVORCE CASE COMING UP.

repositions Considered to Run a Tunnel Between Scotland and Ireland.

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] LONDON, October 18 .- The health of H. R. H., the Prince of Wales, and the members of his family, threatens to become it is possible for Mr. McKinley to win.
Warwick has carried Stark county twice and I believe he will do it again. If he Avondale, whose naturally delicate health Avondale, whose naturally delicate health was not improved by his visit to India, suffers considerably from gout and eczema. The Duchess of Fife has, since her illness in the spring, been growing weaker, and the bracing air of the Highlands, which the Queen regards as the panaces for all royal ailments, has not done her any good. Now alarming statements are current that she has shown decided signs of consumption.

The Princess Maud, the youngest of the sisters, who is not yet 21 and who has always been a sufferer from hysteria, has for some time past been subject to an increase of these attacks.

But, perhaps, the most serious case of all is that of the Prince himself. For some months past his friends have noticed that his health has materially changed for the worse, and his proverbial strength of constitution cannot longer be depended on. His failing health has given him a good deal of concern and he has lost a great deal of his buoyancy and good spirits, and not long since in conversation with some of his intimates he spoke very despondently indeed of his condition.

HE WILL NEVER TELL.

Won't Account For His Duels. [BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.]

Toulon, October 17 .- Lieutenant Wernert, of the Fourth Marines, who left his regiment some time ago because he had fought two duels, one of which ended fatally for his adversary, appeared to-day before a court martial to answer the charge of desertion. In his defense he declared he fought the duels for family reasons, which he would never disclose, and, hearing one of his adversaries had died, he fled to Alsace, but being charged with desertion and with taking service in the German army, he had

returned to surrender himsels. Wernert added: "I fear nothing; several of my comrades, men of unblemished honor, know the reason of my fighting the duels, but like myself, will not here disclosthem." Several officers were called as wit. nesses, but refused to explain the reasons. and gave their words of honor as officers and gentlemen that Wernert had acted as a man of honor and a soldier. The prisoner was acquitted.

SOUND AT THE CORE. sive Speculation.

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. 1 LONDON, October 17 .- "Although the Stock Exchange during the past few days," says a high financial authority here, "has been in a state bordering on panic, there is nothing inherently unsound in the situation. The depression is merely the reaction after a period of excessive speculative activity extending over the past two years. British capitalists have undertaken, through company promoters, to acquire works and businesses in America and elsewhere, and made advances in all parts of the habitable globe.

"The enterprises assured have been in excess of the available capital of the country. Money has thus become scarce, and the share market increasingly difficult to handle. No great damage, however, is yet apparent and the process of liquidation may have to continue for some time to come, but the savings and profits of the nation will eventually re-establish mar-

O'SHEA IS ANXIOUS. BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] He Wants the Date for the Noted Divorce

Trial Rushed. IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. LONDON, October 17 .- When the Divorce Court sits next week application will be made by the petitioner in O'Shea versus O'Shea, Charles H. Parnell co-respondent, to fix a day for trial. The briefs in the petitioner's case have been handed to counsel, and O'Shea is anxious that his petition should be heard and determined at the earliest date possible.

The Solicitor General, Sir Henry James and Mr. Inderwick, Q. C., and several junior counsel are retained for O'Shea, and the leading counsel for the respondent and co-respondent are Sir Charles Russell and Mr. Lockwood Acquith.

THE POPE WAS TOUCHED. Deep Concern Expressed by Him at the Story of Erin's Distress.

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] ROME, October 17 .- Bishops McNally and Lyster had an interview with His Holiness, the Pope, who received them in a paternal and affectionate manner, making many inquiries about the state of affairs in Ireland, and expressed deep concern at the

accounts of the acute distress arising from the potato blight. Bishop Lyster described the sad prospect before numbers of people in his diocese, and the Pope listened with attention and deep interest.

PROPOSING TO SETTLE. Salisbury Will Negotiate With Fra garding Fisheries.

IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. PARIS, October 17 .- The Figure is informed that Lord Salisbury will shortly resume negotiations with the French Government with regard to the Newfoundland fisheries. According to this anthority a note con-

taining conciliatory proposals will be forwarded to the French Foreign Office. From the Abbey to Parliamer

BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY, LONDON, October 17 .- The well-known Archdescon, Frederick W. Farrar, D. D., who served as canon residentiary of Westminster Abbey, has now accepted the chaplainey of the House of Commons, made vacant by the death of Rev. Henry White, the popular incumbent of the Savoy Chapel

HE DENOUNCES OUR TARIFF M. Aynard Predicts That the United State Will be a Loser.

(BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.) Lyons, October 17 .- President Aynard, of the Chamber of Commerce of this city, speaking at a meeting of the committee called for this evening to consider means | ORIGINAL PACKAGES CAN BE SOLD for protecting the silk trade from the effects of the McKinley bill, used very forcible language in pointing to the fresh danger that had sprung up since the committee had been formed. He referred to the economic policy adopted by the United States and criticised it severely. Continuing, he said:

"Some people favor reprisals, but such retaliation I should regard as a mistake, We It Will Affect the Pennsylvania License Law in the adopted reprisals toward Italy, but with most unpleasant results so far as France is concerned. That action has already deprived Lyons of basiness to the enormous amount of 75,000,000 francs and has given to Germany an industrial supremacy in Italy that is most detrimental to the interests of France. Let us leave Americans to reap the inevitable results of their own shortsighted policy. They wish to export without importing, but they will soon discover their mistake. It will be simpler not to hinder such expense than to correct it by hasty and indignant action."

HELP FOR THOUSANDS.

Vienna Society Will Boom Mother-of-Pear to Assist the Poor.

(BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] VIENNA, October 17 .- An exhibition he various styles of dressing the hair for ladies was opened here to-day, the object being to display an assortment of mother-ofpearl ornaments, clasps, pins, brooches and combs, suitable for coiffures. It is intended, if possible, to make mother-of-pearl fashion able this winter and thus extend help to thousands of poor people who have been thrown out of work by the passage of the

new tariff law in America. The Countess Taffe and other society lead ers are setting the fashion, while unemployed families are being relieved out of funds voted by the Town Council, or through

BEFORE THE START.

private generosity.

The Toulon Soldier Acquitted of Deserting O'Brien and Dillon Visit in Paris and Will Sall Next Saturday.

IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY PARIS, October 17 .- Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon intend sailing for America on the Champagne, of the French line, on Saturday, the 25th inst. To-day they devoted several hours to calling on the editors of the Paris papers, thanking them for the kindly manner in which they have been treated by the press and especially the favorable interview given this morning. O'Brien's

A BIG PROJECT.

ositions Considered to Run a Tunn Between Ireland and Scotland. [BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.]

BELFAST, October 17 .- A public meeting was convened by the Mayor of Belfast to-day to consider the scheme of a tunnel between Ireland and Scotland. The meeting was numerously attended by merchants

Mr. Barton, civil engineer, submitted plan by which he proposed to tunnel for 33 miles between Island Magee, in the County Antram, Ireland, and a point in Wigtonshire, Scotland.

UNIVERSAL PENNY POSTAGE Heaton Returns to London to Report What America Favors.

TBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY,] LONDON, October 17 .- Hemiker Henton has just returned from his visit to America, and is now engaged in making the draft of a letter to be sent to the Marquis of Salisbury which embodies the results of the inquiries made in America, and which report that the government of the United States, in deterence to the strong German vote, is i favor of the adoption of the system of a universal penny postage.

DIED ON THE ROSTRUM.

An Excited Socialist at the Halle Congres Expires in Debate.

HALLE, October 17 .- Much excitement was caused among the delegates to the So cialist Congress to-day by the sudden death of one of their number. The Congress was engaged in discussing means to improve the position of the Socialist press. Herr Baumgarten was in the midst of an argument, in presenting which he had become very excited, when he was seen to stagger. Those close to him rushed to his aid, but before they could reach him he fell to the floor dead. The cause of his death was due

either to heart disease or apoplexy.

After the body of Herr Baumgarten had been removed from the hall and the excite-ment had subsided the debate was resumed. A resolution was finally adopted declaring that the Socialist press cannot fulfill its mission unless its means of existence are assured, and urging the members of the party to promote the circulation of the chief Socialist organ and the non-periodical literature of the party. The first and chief duty of the press, the resolution declares, is to enlighten working men and to inspire them with confidence in themselves as a class.

PRAISE FOR BALFOUR.

LONDON-A meeting of the Northern Conservative Union was held at Newcastle to-day and was attended by 4,000 persons. Among those present was Mr. Balfour, Chief Secretary for Ireland, who was presented with a number of addresses. He was given an enthusiastic welcome by the meeting. A resolution was adopted by the union welcoming Mr. Balfour and declar-ing that his ability and untiring energy had saved the union between Great Britain and Ireland. Mr. Ballour, in a speech, made a general statement of his Irish pol-icy. He said that the condition of the country was improving, prosperity was increasing, and respect for the law was widening, though the opposition was unable to disguise the satisfaction with which they garded anything approaching failure of the action of the Government.

COMPROMISE WITH THE TURKS. CONSTANTINOPLE-The Porte has sent a conciliatory reply to the Ecumenical Patriarchate of the Greek Church, in response to the encyclical issued by that body. granting several of the demands made by the Church. Diplomates consider that the reply will form the basis of a compromise if the patriarchate is equally desirous with the Porte of ending the dispute.

ITALIAN INTRIGUES. PARIS-The Siecle says it will, if necessary, publish details proving that Signor Crispi, the Italian Prime Minister, recently [Continued on Seventh Page.]

ALL NULL AND VOID.

The Prohibition Statutes in Kansas and lowa Knocked Out.

A DECISION OF THE PEDERAL COURT.

Same Manner.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. TOPEKA, October 17 .- In the United States Circuit Court to-day Judges C. G. Foster, of Kansas, and J. F. Philips, of Missouri, rendered a decision which declares the Kansas prohibitory liquor law null and void.

The case decided was the application of one Charles Rohrer, an original package agent of this city, for a writ of habeas corpus releasing him from the Shawnee county jail, where he had been confined pending trial on the charge of selling liquor in original packages after the passage of the Wilson anti-original package bill.

The State, by Attorney General Kellogg and County Attorney Welch, of Shawnee county, made two points prominent in the argument of the case before the court, viz.; First, that the Wilson bill is constitutional because the Supreme Court had pointed out in its original Iowa decision that the remedy lay with Congress. Second, that the Wilson bill, being constitutional, the Kansas pro-

TURNING POINT OF THE CASE. On deciding the application the court does not consider the first question, the con-stitutionality of the Wilson bill, but considers only whether the Kansas prohibitory law, so far as it affects original packages, is effective. In brief, the court holds that the prohibitory law in so far as it affects original packages, is inoperative, and can only be made operative by re-enactment of the Kansas Legislature. The ruling, in part, is as follows:

as follows:

The contention of the State is that the act of Congress enlarged the scope and operation of the act of the State Legislature, making that which was a legitimate business one day, a crime the next, not under any law of Congress, but against the law of the State. There is nothing in the wording of the act implying that nothing in the wording of the act implying that Congress assumed such a power or intended to give such effect to this enactment.

MUST PASS A NEW LAW. The Wilson bill left it to the free and un trammeled action of the several States to determine whether they wouldn't include within their police laws this particular article of com brother-in-law is one of the editors of the Journal Des Debats.

Mrs. O'Brien reached this city last night and she, with her husband, stopped at the Hotel Continental until this morning, when they returned to her father's house.

merce. Every State in the Union probably has in its statute some regulation of the traffic in infoxicating liquors. These statutes, as a rule, exampt from their operation liquors and their sale in original packages, thus indicating the general concensus that hitherto it was not recognized as among the police powers of the State to regulate or interdect among the States the traffic in imported liquors. The prohibitory law of the State or Kansas, where it touched upon inter-State commerce, was no merce. Every State in the Union probably has

law at an, at the time of this standard since.

Judge Cooley says: "The term, unconstitutional law, as employed in American jurisprudence is a misnomer and implies a contradiction, that enactment which is opposed to the Constitution being in fact not a law at all." Again Cooley says: "When a statute is adjudged to be unconstitutional, it is as if it had never been. How then can the act of Congress in question have the effect and operation claimed for it by the attorneys for the State. For it must be feet in mind that a legislative act in conflict with the Constitution is not only

PROSPECTIVE IN ITS OPERATION. Continuing, the opinion states that the Wilson law under every rule of construction must be prospective in the operation It must further be conceded, says the de cision, that inasmuch as the right of the State in this new exercise of its police power comes for the first time and alone from the enactment of the Wilson bill, the State cannot apply the law until it passes a new law forbidding the liquor traffic.

The opinion concludes: The operation and scope of criminal laws The operation and scope of criminal laws should not be eniarged by implication, but they should be strictly construed, and where there is any well-founded doubt as to any act being a public offense, especially not maium in se, it should not be declared such, but should rather be construed in favor of the liberty of the citizen. It follows that the petitioner is entitled to be discharged and it is accordingly so ordered.

the Supreme Court of the United States.

The decision has created a profound sensation in this city. The passage of the Wilson bill, it was supposed, banished the original package agent and his traffic from Kansas forever, and to have the original package houses opened again at four hours notice has taken the breath away from the public. Sentiment is strongly and over-

whelmingly against it.

THE EFFECT UPON POLITICS. Leading Republicans believe that this de cision will have the effect of increasing the Republican votes 40,000 in the State. They argue that it will arouse the Prohibitionist to a realization that prohibition is now the vital issue of the campaign, and that the Prohibitionists of all parties will meet the issue and elect a Legislature and Governo that are committed to the Prohibition party. The Democrats and resubsmissionist think the effect will be different. They argue that prohibition has received a death blow, and that voters of the State, believing

that the prohibitory law must go, will elect a Legislature which will enact high license. Already a half dozen package houses are open here and a dozen others will open tomorrow. It is stated that the decision will affect license as well as prohibition States. At Cedar Rapids, Ia., to-day, Judge Stone-man, of the Superior Court, also decided that the State prohibitory law there was void as far as the sale of original packages

is concerned. AN ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE. The Republican State Central Committee rooms presented a busy scene to-day, where 20 clerks were engaged in mailing an ad-dress to the people, an issue of 50,000 of which has been scattered broadcast. It is the opinion that this decision will cause the election of four-fifths of Republican mem bers of the legislative and the State ticket by 50,000 majority over ali. The address

by 50,000 mejority over all. The address says:

We are to day confronted by a decision of the Circuit Court of the United States for the district of Kansas that destroys every vestige of our legislation for the suppression of rum holes and the control of the liquor traffic. This court decides that our prohibitory legislation, having been enacted before the passage of the so-called Wilson bill, is unconstitutional and void. The practical effect of this decision is to allow original package whisky saloons to be opened in every locality in the State, absolved from all legal control, to be BOLDLY RUN WITHOUT INTERFERENCE

of the local officers of the State, the Court says now in opinion on file: "It must be conceeded that as the right of the State to treat such article of commerce as subject to laws passed by the State in exercise of the police power comes for the first time and alone from the en actment of the Wilson bill. Until the State passes a law hereafter forbidding such traffic, it has never exercised the power or discretion (call it what you may) lodged in it by Con-

gress."

In view of this decision, it behaves the temperance men of the State and every earnest and loyal Republican to go to the pools on the day of election and vote and work for the election of candidates for the Rouse of Representatives in your respective districts who will promptly on the convening of the next session re-enact, word for word and line for line, every provision of our legislation prohibiting the manufacture, sale and use of intoxicating liquors and for the election of a Governor who

A HUNT FOR A HOME

That Will Suit the Purse of a Asburg Worker With a Moderate Income.

THREE CENTS.

ALMOST A HOPELESS OUEST.

Very Few Small Dwellings Erected to Meet the Urgent Demand

DUBTO THE CITY'S RAPIDGROWTH

Large Returns on Investments in Moderate Sized Houses,

BIG MONEY MADE IN RENTING PLATS

The Building Inspectors made a rough estimate yesterday of the number and characted of the permits issued and likely to be issued this year.

They figure that not quite so many new buildings will be erected in Pittsburg this year as in 1889, but that the aggregate cost will largely exceed that of last year. In other words, that the edifices are of a more pretentious character, and that little provision is being made to accommodate the rapidly-increasing army of mechanics and small-salaried heads of tamilies in Pittsburg. A number of dwellings have been built, or are in course of erection, but they range in cost from \$3,000 to \$10,000, and when rented are expected to bring from

\$400 to \$800 a year. Mayor Gourley, who is deeply interested in the welfare of the city, was asked his opinion as to the necessity for more dwellings which would rent at a reasonable figure and the effect that meeting this demand

would have upon the city. "If there is one need more pressing than another in this city," said His Honor, "it is the erection of several hundred, yes, thousands, of dwellings which would rent from \$12 to \$20 a month. In this city the man who works for from \$2 to \$4 a day is heavily handicapped by the high rent he has to pay. There is no lack of room for the erection of houses of this character.

PLENTY OF ROOM FOR DWELLINGS. "If you start from the Pennsylvania Railroad at Thirty-third street, and go over the hill, across Wylie and Center avenues, down to Fifth avenue at Oakland, and then on across Forbes atreet and out through the Twenty-second and Twenty-third wards, you will find thousands and thousands of building lots. Some of the choicest pieces are of course held high for residence sites, but much of it can be purchased at a resonable figure. With the rapid transit facilities this city already possesses, and the system projected or in course of construction, there is scarcely a piece of land in the old city that is not at

least moderately easy of access. "I have often wondered why some capitalist or syndicate did not see the profit to small houses. By giving out contracts for 100 or 200 dwellings at a time, they could get the work done at the lowest rate, and the returns from rentals would pay a bu income on the investment. It would not only be a good thing for the investors, but would help the city, which is actually handicapped by its lack of dwellings suited

HOW SUCH INVESTMENTS PAY. Kingfisher capital bill continued until 10 Captain Brennan, of the Building Ino'clock this morning, when the bill was spectors' office, is an old resident of the city. and has watched its growth with interest.

In response to questions on the subject, he said: "There is one thing about Pittsburgers which, while it shows our push and energy, stands in the way of the city's progress—we do things on too large a scale. If you notice, our manufacturers will not descend to small matters. They want to turn out thousands of tons of steel rails, boiler plate, wire, thousands of boxes of window glass, or millions of lamp chimneys, but they don't go into the manufacture

of minor necessities, in which there are

large profits. In fact, they disregard the small economies of life. The same rule ap-

plies to the erection of buildings. The

structures must be costly and magnificent. or they will have none of it. "I can give you an iustance. This year a man erected 50 handsome dwellings at a cost of \$250,000. They will reut for about \$500 each, or a total of 25,000 a year. The land he built upon was valuable, and he could have got enough property, at the same price, a little further out, upon which to erect 250 small dwellings, which could be put up for \$1,000 a piece. If these houses were rented for but \$15 a mouth each, at which price they would be eagerly snapped up, the income on the investment would reach \$45,000, or 80 per cent more than on that sunk in the more expensive residences. The city needs these small dwellings, the people need them; and when capitalists see the big re-

THE REAL ESTATE MEN GIVE THEIR OPINION OF THE DEMAND FOR SMALL HOUSES.

turns promised on such an investment we

They Say it Would Not Only be a Profitable Investment for Capital, but Would Mas terially Assist in the Growth of the City That "a little house well filled" is the demand of the Pittsburg people is the opinion of the real estate men of the city. There are hundreds of people in the city ready to purchase or rent a small house, but no houses of the description wanted can be found. It is not necessary to put up a "for sale" or "for rent" sign when neat houses of five or six rooms have been built, but long before it is even roofed there will be numerous calls for it. DISPATCH reporters visited the real estate men yesterday. Mr. John W. Herron, of W. A. Herron & Sons, said in the course of a conversation:

There is no more demand for houses of that description than there has been for some time but the fact of the matter is that we have not but the lact of the matter is that we have not been able to supply the demand for years. We can always rent a small house without diffi-culty and really have many applications for them in ahead. The demand is for houses of from three to six rooms. A centrally located house of this kind will rent for \$12 50 to \$18 per month. Rents are much higher in Pittaburg than in almost any other city in the country. In Philadelphia you can secure a hundred houses any day of the week, while here there is always a rush for a new house and the new Louisville, October 17 .- Mrs. Sarah Wahle, Vice Protector of Jewel Lodge, Knights and Ladies of Honor, died to-day

always a rush for a new house houses do not appear fast enough CANNOT SUPPLY THE DEMAND. Supply and demand to a great extent regu

BUSINESS Man will find THE DISPATOR the best advertising medium. All classes can be reached through its Classified Adverisement Columns. If you want anything you can get it by this method.



The Kansas Drug Stores Will Suffer a Big Loss of Patronage.

will approve of it. This is the vital overpowering issue of the campaign. The Republican State of the campaign of the campaign. The Republican State of the campaign of the Republican State of the campaign. The Republican State of the campaign of the Republican State of the campaign of the Republican State of the Campaign of

TRICKY BELL PUNC. ES. ARREST OF A MAN WHO RENTED THEM TO STREET CAR CONDUCTORS. Fares Could be Knocked Down Without

Fear of Detection-The Impostor Fur-

nished by Unsuspecting Manufacturers-

He Claims He is Not Guilty of Fraud. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. SAN FRANCISCO, October 17 .- Captain John Curtin, private detective, left here last night for Denver with William H. Robertson, a young Missourian, was engaged in renting out bell punches to street car conductors by which they could knock down without danger of detection. Sixteen Beadle and Meeker punches were found in his room. He told a curious story. He claims to be merely an agent of Patrick Kellum, of

Denver and Kansas City. Kellum has headquarters in Denver, where he purports to be manager of the "Denver Quick Transit Co." By writing on the letter heads of this company and having a box at the postoffice he secured punches from the Beadle Company, of New York, with full instructions. He signed the letters H. H. Hammond. In this way he got both Bendle and Meeker punches from manufacturers who supposed he was manager of a street car line. These punches he then rented to conductors, having 14 loaned in Kansas City and 12 in Denver, each conductor paying him \$10 weekly. By using two punches and duplicate fare slips, conductors could knock down as much as traffic would bear. Kellum also claimed to have punches loaned to St. Louis and Chicago. He said he had studied law on the subject and companies, if they dis-

covered fraud, could not touch him, as he only furnished genuine punches. Robertson came out here two months ago and it is evident distributed many punches, although he had to have all his changed from round to square. He found no difficulty in getting men to use them, though he claims he did not have any out through fear of consequences. Kellum has been arrested in Denver and it is expected Robertson's revelations will break up the

OKLAHOMA CAPITAL QUESTION. Legislators Put in Night and Day, and an Outbreak is Feared. GUTHRIE, October 17 .- The excitement to moderate incomes. in the Legislature over the discussion of the

allowed to be placed upon its passage by its opponents. It was defeated by a vote of To-day a motion to reconsider was made and the same scenes followed as were enacted yesterday. At 8 o'clock discussion was still going on, and another all-night exciting session is in prospect. The same

bitter feeling exists, and an outbreak is not regarded as improbable. IOWA TEMPERANCE WOMEN.

Each of the Two Factions Close Their Re spective Meetings. DES MOINES, IA., October 17 .- The State Convention of the Iowa Woman's Christian Temperance Union closed to-day. Mrs. A. C. Macey was elected Recording Secretary, and Mrs. Ovington, Treasurer, The resolutions adopted commend the original package and anti-lottery law, and pledge aid for the Prohibition campaign in Nebraska.

The third party branch meeting, attended by 85 delegates, elected Mrs. M. H. Dunham, of Burlington, President; Mrs. M. H. Blair, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. Mary McMillan, Recording Secretary, and Mrs. Carhart, Treasurer. THE BEST contributors and correspond nts serve THE DISPATCH in America and

Enrope. Reliable and Readable. To-mor

ow's big nurater will please all. Twenty

-column pages. Largest circulation. REMARKABLE JAIL DELIVERY.

Two of the Escaped Prisoners Return and Give Themselves Up. ATHENS, O., October 17 .- Seven prisoners escaped from the County Jail last night by sawing through the roof. This morning two of them, Charles Tay-

lor, charged with murdering his wife, and Eli Foster, charged with killing Dan Bot-tomly, came back and gave themselves up. Foster had spent the night with his parents.

MRS. DAVIS AT THE CAPITAL. Her First Visit to Washington Since the Close of the War. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.

on Davis passed through this city this norning on her way to New York, where sne is to read the proofs of the forthcoming biography of her husband.

Mrs. Davis has not visited Washington since 1865 until to-day. Her appearance is remarkably vigorous for a woman of her advanced age.

Another Louisville Tornado Victim.

WASHINGTON, October 17 .- Mrs. Jeffer-

from the effects of injuries received in the wreck of Falls City Hall in the cyclone last spring. She is the seventy-seventh victim A Clergyman's Fall From Grace. NEW YORK, October 17 .- Albert F. Vedder, formerly a Presbyterian clergyman, was sentenced to five years' imprisonment by Recorder Smythe in General Sessions Court to-day for abducting 15-year-old Mary