"The Delamater newspaper organs in this State have made light of X, Y and Z.

They have east the rhetoric of ridicule upon Emery because of his forbearance; and even the close friends of the latter have severely

criticised his silence on this all-importan-point. Senator Emery has legal evidence

in the form of the personal affidavits of X and Y. The World has also secured legal

evidence to substantiate the entire story, and for the first time the public is now made

acquainted with the true inwardness of the mystery of the alphabetical strangers who

have tested the curiosity of an entire State

The Names Disclosed.

who served at Harrisburg from the Fiftieth Senatorial district (Crawford county) from

"Y is ex-Representative L. C. Beach, of

Meadville, who was in the Legislature for

Z is Robert Odell, a former journalist of

"The two former gave Senator Emery an

Meadville, who is now a resident of a West

affidavit attesting to the truth of what he asserts in his speech. The affidavit is now in Senator Emery's possession. The charge is openly made at Meadville that Delamater

has 'influenced' the two first mentioned

statesmen to avoid, so far as lies in their

power, the exposure which it is in their

"The wife of ex-Senator Humes is a

e her husband after he gave the af-

woman of mental force and a strong sense of honesty and honor. She made a 'dead set'

fidavit to Emery, and her personal solicita-tion, brought to bear not only upon her husband but upon everybody concerned in

the case, led to the suppression of the actual name of ex-Senator Humes and the absurd

X Y and Z business.

"About the first of September ex-Senator

Humes went to Michigan and saw Odell.

The latter declined to talk, and Humes'

mission proved unsuccessful. Since that

visit Delamater has captured Odell and in-

duced him to deny in a general way the al-

legations. A meeting between Hume, Beach, ex-Senator Emery and Colonel Sam

Dick, of Meadville, occurred at Corry early in September, and Humes and Beach exer-

cised their persuasive powers so powerfully that Emery, despite the fact that he held the

affidavits of the two, yielded to their solicitations. There you have the X, Y and Z in

Phillips Brooks' Protest.

"An important feature of the contest is

the letter of the ecclesiastical lion of the

Episcopal Church of the United States, Dr.

Phillips Brooks. He was a former incum-

bent of a leading church at Philadelphia, and he probably possesses greater influence than any other clergyman of his denomina-

tion. Dr. Brooks wrote to Herbert Welsh, Secretary of the Lincoln Republican Com-

mittee, and the communication is now made

public for the first time.

This letter will be added to the

Crawford Senator's Course.

THE ATTACK ON RUTAN.

DELAMATER'S BRADFORD SPEECH SIZED

UP BY COLONEL M'CLURE.

The Candidate's Action Described as that of

a Madman-The Culmination of a Series

of Blunders-A Severe Criticism of the

ISPECIAL TREEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.

PHILADELPHIA, October 11 .- In a lead-

ing editorial to-morrow the Times will say:

Senator Delamater perpetrate 1 a colossal

blunder when he criticised Senator Rutan in

his Bradford speech. It is one of those blun-

ders that is generally classed as a crime-that

is, a blunder that was entirely needless and ab-

solutely irreparable, and it will be an insupera-ble obstacle to halting the present unnistak-

able popular tide against him. The reflection upon Rufan was as needless as it was offensive. It was the act of a madman, rushing into a powder magazine with a flaming torch, and the result is an explosion from Rufan that will be felt throughout the entire State.

This blunder of Senator Delamater is the culmination of a series of blunders competited by

mination of a series of blunders committed by him ever since he attempted any issue with his accusers. Beginning with the awkward set-up at Chambersburg, where he broke a silence of four mouths to give an unqualified denial of Senator Emery's charges; logically following with his pitiable plea of confe-sion and avoidance in answer to Hensel at Reading, and supplementing that with multiplied decisies.

It will be conceded that if there is anything

in his campaign on the lat of September he is vastly weaker now; what was then only demoralization of his forces has grown into disintegration and bold revolt in every section of the State, and his wanton provocation to Rutan has brought a crushing avalanche upon himself and his cause.

PHILLIPS' FRIENDS ORGANIZE.

A Committee of One Hundred to Help His

Cause Along.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.I

NEW CASTLE, October 11 .- An enthusi-

astic political meeting was held in this city

to-day. Friends of Thomas W. Phillips

and anti-boodle politics from all parts of

of 100 to further the purpose of electing Mr.

A COLD DAY FOR DELAMATER.

His Presence at Clarion Does Not Cause

Big Turnout.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR.

[Continued on Seventh Page.]

BROOKVILLE, October 11.-Senator Dela-

and his traveling companions

the county met and organized a committee

ination of a series of blunders committed by

or circulation over the State."

"X is ex-State Senator Homer J. Humes,

so lorg.

the term of 1885-86.

power to make.

FORTY-FIFTH YEAR.

Binds All Democrats to Work Together for the Success of the State Ticket,

### SAYS SENATOR WALLACE.

The Late Rival Candidates for the Gubernatorial Nomination Meet on One Platform and

### ARE RECEIVED WITH ENTHUSIASM.

An Earnest Plea for United and Harmonious Efforts to Take Advantage of the Opportunity Offered

### TO CARRY THE STATE FOR PATTISON.

A Claim That the Identity of Emery's Alpha betical Characters Has Been Discovered at Harrisburg.

### DELAMATER'S RECEPTION IN CLARION COUNTY

INPECTAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR O PHILADELPHIA, October 11.-Never b fore within its history has the Academy of Music been more crowded with people than

From every section of the city hundreds of citizens poured into the building, filling every seat and crowding the aisles. At last the officers in charge of the door were forced to deny admittance to the remaining bundreds who arrived too late and who were thus compelled, in order to hear the speakers, later on to go to Horticultural Hall, where an overflow meeting was in progress.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the Young Men's Democratic Association, and in enthusiasm, as well as in point of numbers, it was a most decided success. An Enthusiastic Greeting.

Ex-Governor Pattison, the successful candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor, and his gallant opponent, ex-United States Senator William A. Wallace. both of whom spoke in favor of the election of the Democratic State ticket, were accorded a reception such as is seldom given to the most distinguished of our country's

When ex-Governor Pattison made his appearance in the aisle leading to the stage on the right side of the building he was instantly recognized, and at once there arose a shout which, being taken up, was repeated again and again until after he had taken his sent upon the stage. Thrice was he compelled to acknowledge the cheers before the cheering and howling subsided

# Wallace Heartify Received.

Candidate Pattison had been upon the stage fully 20 minutes before ex-Senator Wallace arrived. When Mr. Wallace made his appearance upon the stage, accompanied by ex-Postmaster Harrity, the crowd rose as if one man. Cheer after cheer rent the air and hats and handkerchic's were wildly waved, but when ex-Governor Pattison rose and extended his hand in greeting to Mr. Wallace, who clasped it warmly, there was a scene seldom witnessed at any political gathering, which was again repeated when Colonel A. K. McClure, after being | The Identity of X, Y and Z, Who Testified escorted to a seat upon the stage, greeted the candidate for Governor. Upon the stage

were seated many of the leading Democrate of the State. Samuel Gustine Thompson, President of the Young Men's Democratic Association, under whose auspices the meeting was held, presided, and made a short but telling speech. He was followed in turn by Robert E. Pattison and ex-State Chairman W. U. Hensel, both of whom made speeches of great force and eloquence, which were vocifer-

#### ously applauded. The Speech of the Evening.

The chief interest, however, centered in the speech of ex-United States Senator William A. Wallace, about whose position in the campaign there has been much speeulation and some doubt. Mr. Wallace said: Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen:

am somewhat new in this contest, for I have just come from a foreign shore. I know very little of the current issues, or the drift of events in our grand old Commonwealth, but my interest in her, my hopes for her deliverance, my anxiety for her success or the success of the Democracy in this contest, are as ripe and as decided as ever. [Applause.] The issues of the contest have already been sharply defined. They are upon the one sine, as I understand them, clean, economical, honest government, administered by pure men, and the reverse of this npon the other. [Applause.] The duty of all of us under such a condition of affairs is too plain for any man to err in that which is east upon him. With candidates that are clean and pure, whose records are undisputed and indisputable, with a platform that is equal to the occasions of the hour, why should Demecrats besitate in regard to their action in the coming contests?

## Party and Issues Indorsed.

I accept the candidates of my party. I accept the platform of my party. (Applause.) it is the plainest duty of the Democracy to yield obedience to party behest, when a majorin a paricular direction, and I, for one, hope that every one who hears me now thinks as I do, hows his head in acquiescence and accepts the results and will do his utmost win success. Besides the issue that I have already told you is the plainly defined issue of this contest, there is another one, a stronger one, one that appeals to me, occupying the charges I have occupied in this country and in this State, and with more force, with more determination, with more requisition at my hands than the other. It is that I am to try to bring results to the candidates of my party; that I am to try to bring this instrucentality, the only instrumentality that I believe in, into active, energetic work in the results of Governmental affairs in the country.

I have said that it is our duty to accept these candidates and this platform. This is not all. It is our plain, clear duty to do what we can to unify the organization of the Democracy. It is our duty, our plain, clear, bounden duty to cievate the thoughts of the Democracy, to purify its opinions, if they need purification, to stand for all that is right and just, and pure and true to the principles of our organization and in its standard bearers, and do what we can to elevate and give progress and success to the principles we believe in. Not this alone, but

The Hour Has Come when factions of every kind, of every character and description, within the lines of our organization must yield and hide their heads, and organization and discipline and unity in execution of the will of the majority, are to be over rule in the future. As a Democrat I feel or rule in the future as a Democrat I feel or rule i organization must yield and hide their heads, and organization and discipline and unity in execution of the will of the majority, are to be our rule in the future. As a Democrat I feel and recognize that I am the equal of any man in the country, believing as I do in all her principles, standing by her doctrines, seeking delight and undertaking to push her to the front, elevating, purifying and advanc-ing and moving her to the steady light of day. This is my idea of politics and of Democratic politics [applause]. If we are to have party government we are to bow to party govern-ment. As long as we have party rule we are to bow to party rule. Party rule, and it is in-dispensable in the conduct of a Government like ours. We cannot dispense with it; we must have it; and the people of the United

States will never dispense with it.

The man who has voted the Democratic ticket and believed in Democratic principles, who does not know that this is the opportunity of our people is wilfully blind. Many Republicans have determined to dethrone the rule that controls them in Pennsylvania and this thought is wider than the State. It does not exist alone in Pennsylvania. But the power that controls and dictates terms to us here is as wide as the limits of the Republic.

## The Democrats' Opportunity.

It is for us to do what we can to support and sustain this element that is ready and has been ready and anxious to come to us and bring success to our principles. How shall we do it? Is it to sit by continue bickering and division, or it to sit by continue bickering and division, or is it by unity and harmony, and earnest work, to poll our full vote, bringing our people to the polis and giving encouragement and hope to the Republicans who wish to come to us? Do you think for a moment that these people are going to stay at home and not vote. For many of them will take that line. Or are they going to come and vote for our candidates if we stick and do not show our determination, our strength or our virility, our organization, our power, our determination to vote? Think you for a moment that this element means that it will have its throat cut by the bosses? Nothing of the kind. The reverse of that is true. Let us give them hope and encouragement by showing that we are harmonicouragement by showing that we are harmonious, energetic, pushing a driving and victorious

ous, energetic, pushing a driving and victorious party.

The Democracy of Ponnsylvania continues to turn her face to the light and she proposes to redeem the grand old Keystone State and place her once more in the front. The result of this will be overwhelming. Let those who seek to come to us and who are ready to fight with us who only seek an opportunity to deter those who are with us, join in this movement. They sit supinely by and do nothing of this kind. Let them imagine we are cold and indifferent, that we are willing to sit down. I believe some one accused me of that. Haughter.] But let them believe this, and those of our Republican brethren who will not come to the polis, those who will not vote to change the result, will come in and join our forces and vote for our candidate. Those who do not bring their mind up to that point exactly will stay at home and thus gain the victory. Gide us

The Victory Once More

### The Victory Once More

In this grand old Commonwealth. Let us place our candidates once more in official places of what is right, turn us out again. That is the right course, that is the proper course. My right course, that is the proper course. My Republican friends, suppose we win this year in Pennsylvania; suppose we elect the Governor of our choice and the Lieutenant Governor and the other officials upon the ticket and obtain a majority in the lower House, what is to be the effect upon the apportionment bill? This Senate of ours cannot be changed this year. They have Il Senators holding over and they will certainly elect enough to give them a majority, and they will not give us an apportionment bill as we wish. They will keep the gerrymanders unless we cannot get enough Republicans to join with us. Any Republican who may have compunctions upon that subject should see it from this standpoint.

standpoint.

On the other question of Senator the majority on joint ballot gives us the control of an election of Senator. Would it do any harm for Pennsylvania to have a voice in the United States Senate? (Cries of "No. no.") Pennsylvania, with more than 5,000,00 people—and they have recently admitted two boroughs into the United States in the West that have not as much population in them as the country. vania. He must have her interests at heart, he must do that which pertains to him as a representative of the people. We will never be badly hurt with reference to that. Now, my Republican friends, I talk to you upon this subject. In what will you be seriously injured if that result should come about? I do not see that you will be very badly hurt.

Senator Wallace concluded with a few

remarks on the necessity for ballot reform and a somewhat extended criticism of the Federal elections bill and the McKinley

### SENATOR EMERY'S SECRET SAID TO HAVE BEEN DISCOVERED AT HARRISBURG.

Against Delamater, Disclosed-An Ex-Senator, an Ex-Representative and a

Newspaper Man the Famous Trio. NEW YORK, October 11 .- A Harrisburg special to the World gives what purports to be the names of the gentlemen designated as X, Y and Z in the charges brought by ex-Senator Emery against Candidate Delamater in his recent speech at Bradford. The article says:

"The correspondent of the World is prepared to throw much light upon the Emery allegations. Much doubt has been cast upon the theme on account of the secrecy Senator Emery was constrained to observe on the most important features of his exposition. He stated, as quoted directly from

I received a statement from a citizen of this State in the presence of citizens of Bradford, who attached their oaths to the same. I am requested not to use their names, but in case prosecution their names will appear. The me will go upon the witness stand and swear to the truthfulness of what they said therei of the names I will designate as X, Y, Z to make the statement clear.

The Startling Testimony "The remarkable statements of X, Y, and Z referred to are as follows:

Z referred to are as follows:

X. There is no use of mincing matters. I'll tell you the fellow who got the \$1,300 is now in this country. I gave the information I had. He was hard up and threatened to expose the whole of Delamater's briberies and Wallace just chucked down the \$1,300 to shut him up. You see, I went to Delamater and said: "You spent the money." I told the constable, Mr. Finney, who carried the warrant for Hoag's arrost to give the warrant to Sam Hoag and arrest, to give the warrant to Sam Hoag and say to him: "You had better go down to Mead-ville and have Delamater fix this up." He

went to see Delamater.

Mr. Emery—Y. You got the \$700 from Wallace Delamater, did you?

Y—Yes, sir; I got the money from George Wallace Delamater and paid it to X.

X—I got the money from Y, knowing just where it came from and what it was for.

X.—Now, another case. To Bill Hoag, for his support, Wallace gave a letter, agreeing to give him (Hoag) \$100 help him out in his fight for Sheriff in 1887. One day he (Delamater) met Bill and gave him \$20. A considerable time after that I told Bill that if he would give me the letter I would advance him the other \$80. I got the letter and paid Bill the \$80. After the election I met Wallace Delamater and said, "I want to see you." We went upstairs in the big drinking-room (over the Delamater Bank), when I said, "Wallace, I advanced to Bill Hoag \$80 on your letter; here is the letter; I

Roag \$80 on your letter; here is the letter; I want it back." want it back."

He got up and went down to the bank, got the money and paid me the \$80. Wallace met me and said this fight and trouble had gone on long enough, and ought to end. I said, "Wallace, you spent \$10,000 to secure your election. You bought 50 Democrats in Rockdale township, and you know it. You'd have been whipped it you had not used the money."

He replied: "Well, I know I would, but I had to spend it on account of the heavy load I had to carry in Roberts."

Mr. Emery—You know then that Z. got this money (\$1,300) from George Wallace Delamater; not from a cierk or some one else?

How it Was Arranged.

Phillips to Congress. It will be known as the Lawrence County Phillips Republican Congressional Committee. George V. Boyles was chosen Chairman and James A. Gardner, Secretary.

The friends of Phillips are organising to

How it Was Arranged. Y-I know he got it and how he get it, for was present when the arrangements were made, Delamater said: "l'il just take your note for this to fix it up, but I'll never call upon you to this to fix it up, but I'll never call upon you to pay it." Delamater and myself were the only ones present at this arrangement. We all understood that it was the price of Z.'s silence upon the bribery that Delamater had resorted to over the country to be elected to the Senate. X.—Delamater admitted to me that he had paid Z and the rest of them. Why, there are hundreds of men in Crawford county whom he had bought to vote in every political fight he spent the day in Jefferson and Clarion

#### SUNDAY. PITTSBURG. THE RIPPER'S HOME

A Respectable Lodging House Keeper Mr. Emery—Now, X, may be that will be going too far.

X—it won't be, Senator, because I helped him to buy them. I got a gang for him—all but one. Colonel — fixed him. I tell you, Mr. Emery, everything he ever got he bought. I think he could have been elected Mayor without the use of a cent; but he could not have got his big majority without the liberal use of money. Bill Heag bought Henry Baldwin for \$2. He got his ticket from Hill, and it was with the money. Both were together. I posted the fellows who were buying the votes.

"The Delamater newspaper organs in this Now Convinced That

SHE HARBORED THE MAN OF BLOOD.

Suspicious Actions and Gore-Stained Garments in His Room

STRENGTHEN THE WOMAN'S BELIEP.

chapel Crime.

(BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANT.) LONDON, October 11 .- A sensation of the most enormous proportions has been caused here by the statement made to-day by a lodging house keeper, who is located in the Whitechapel district. She claims, with apparent good evidence to support the claim, that it was at her house that Jack the Ripper lived during his sanguinary es-

capade thereabout. . The woman who keeps the house came to Mr. Albert Backert, the Chairman of the Vigilance Committee, and in the presence of several witnesses told her story, and afterward swore to it. The woman, who is a respectable person, known to the police to be quiet, and conducting a thoroughly respect able place, says that during the period marked by the distinctive murders of the Ripper, a young man called at her house and engaged a bedroom.

### THE STRANGER'S STORY.

He stated to her in reply to her questions as to his business and his ability to pay for the accommodations, that he had been at sea up to the time of his coming there; that he didn't work at all, but was in receipt of an allowance from his father of £1 per week, and that his brother, who was a physician, gave him a further allowance of a trifle over this amount. The woman noticed, when he took possession of the apartment, that he had a great quantity of lothing of all kinds, including hunting

breeches, also revolvers, guns and many other articles not often found in the outfit of a workingman, He asked for a door key, which was given him, and she noticed that he went out and came in at unusual and irregular hours of the night. He was in the habit of lying abed, generally until the afternoon, and would rise about 5 o'clock and leave the house. She could not say what time he returned, because she never chanced to see him when he was re-entering the house.

What first excited her suspicion that there

#### was anything unusual about him was the bloody condition in which she often found the towels sent to his room. THE MYSTERIOUS STAINS.

For this she finally spoke to the man, and remonstrated with him for soiling the arti-cles in such a manner, and asked what could have caused such a profusion of blood as was there to be found. This direct question he endeavored to explain away by say-ing that he was very fond of painting, and in his preparations for those artistic moments he was in the habit of wiping his brushes on the towels and thereby stained them so as to give the impression that it was blood. Further than this, the woman states that she knows, from her own knowledge, that he sent several persons pieces of what

DEAR MR. WELSH—As a citizen and a Republican I am thankful to know that the Republican citizens of Pennsylvania propose to protest against Quay. If ever such protest was needed it seems as if it were needed now. I cannot come to the meeting, and indeed I think that the voices of Pennsylvania should mostly be heard on that eocasion, but I bid you godspeed and shall rejoice in your success. Yours most sincerely,

PHILLIPS BROOKS. appeared to be raw liver.

One afternoon sho happened to be in his room for the purpose of attending to some of here household duties, and there she saw him with a newspaper spread out upon his table, and upon it was a large piece of raw | 67 women and children, who worked as meat that she, at a distance, took to be weavers, have died in the village liver. She asked him what it was and of Schurintolowitz near that town where it came from, and he replied that it There and been very little work him by a triend who was employed on boat that came from New Zealand bearing

#### THE EXPLANATION PLAUSIBLE. The reasonable element in this, and which served to make the woman blind to what the chunks of meat might really be, lies in the fact that most of her lodgers, this young man among them, prepared their meals in their own room.

Upon another occasion, somewhat later than this, she saw the man do up a piece of this meat in a small box, tie it securely and address it to the Chairman of the Vigilance Committee and leave the house with it under his arm. She never saw it or the box afterward. Further even than this, the woman affirms that she saw the man place small bits of flesh in envelopes, which he addressed to different news agencies and papers, and also to prominent members of the police with great apparent carefulness He left these envelopes and the contents in the room when he yacated it, and the woman, discovering them when cleaning the apartment after he had given it up, threw them into the dust bin.

On two occasions he brought home with him blood-stained aprons which he gave to her and which she still has, and is ready to turn over to the police, believing now that they belonged to two of his victims, for now she is convinced her lodger was Jack the Ripper. She says that he always seemed to have ample money, and spent it with a de-gree of lavishness not often met in that lo-

### HIS BLOOD-STAINED CLOTHING. On the morning of the Castle alley mur-

ance in answer to Hensel at Reading, and suppiomenting that with multiplied denials, explanations and legal quibbles, he finally attained his climax of blundering campaigning
by attacking the one man of all in the State
whose silence he should have most coveted.
There is Rutan's answer: there is his challenge, and what will Delamater do about it? It
can't be pretended that Senator Rutan could
escape in any libel action on the plea of a
"privileged communication." He deelares to
the public that Delamater's own letters are
Delamator's accusers, and how can a candidate
for Governor fail to demand the prompt publicity of the letters or the confession that they
exist. der, mhich was the last Jack has thus far committed, her lodger left, and has not yet returned. In addition to the envelopes that he left behind him, the woman found in his closet a pair of silent shoes, several bags and a long overcoat, all of which she asserts are bloodstained in almost every part.

in Delamater's legislative record that won't bear the light of day the man most certain to know of it is Rutan, and that fact will intensify public interest in obtaining a clear insight into the truth. There will be very general anxiety to learn what answer Delamater will make to this newland vital issue raised in the very inner citadel of his party household. In point of fact, Delamater's campaigning has greatly dwarfed him as a public leader. He loomed up creditably in the long contest for a nomination, but he was then stubbornly silent, however accused. After his nomination he long maintained the policy of silence; too long, indeed, to make any departure an act of safety, and when he began denials and explanations he shriveled up into littleness and has made himself weaker every day during the last month. Weak as he was when he started out in his campaign on the list of September he is The woman gives as her reason for not speaking earlier the fact that she did not uspect the identity of the man until after he had got beyond her reach, and then she feared to go to the police, but the secret has so weighed upon her mind that she could keep it no longer, and new she comes forward to warn others against this suspicious lodger.

## ROSE GERTRUDE'S RETURN.

#### A Settled Fact That She Will Come Rack to Europe.

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] PARIS, October 11. - The report that Sister Rose Gertrude is about to return to Europe is confirmed. If she obtains the necessary permission she will resume her duties in that large business bouse here. where she was formerly employed as an accountant. She will, however, at the same time continue her researches on the subject of leprosy, not having lost her interest in the terrible scourge, but being unable to carry out her plans to her own satisfaction.

## WHY MILLS AND CORN DECLINED.

A Russian Paper's Opinion the Condition

Commerce. ST. PETERSBURG, October 11.-The Novosti, commenting on the decadence of the milling industry in Russia and the decline in the price of corn in consequence of the persecution of the Hebrews, in some pelling the closing of the says that in its opinion the expulsion of the Hebrews from districts not especially as-signed to them is one of the main causes of the present critical condition of commerce

Rioters Pardoned. PARIS, October 11 .- President Carno will pardon many of the workmen who were

### imprisoned for taking part in the riotous demonstrations in connection with the strikes DEATH HOVERS NEAR

some time ago. SOMEBODY MUST PAY FOR IT. Physicians Say That Justice Miller No Decision as to Who Will Buy the Coast May Die at Any Moment.

1890.

OCTOBER 12.

coast, but it has not been decided whether

the court or German East African Com-

pany will pay the amount. It is doubtful

if the present Reichstag will sauction the

payment, and the Government is reluctant

to allow the company to acquire sovereign

rights in the territory in question. The ne-

gotistions are still progressing, and a com-promise will probably be arrived at, the

company ceding its supreme rights to the

strengthen her position in East Africa.

FEARS OF A SMASH-UP.

General Uneasiness Prevalent on the Lon

don Stock Exchange.

FBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.]

LONDON, October 11 .- The feeling on the

Stock Exchange to-day is very uneasy.

This morning fears of a general smash-up

were entertained. It is now known that the

cheques of seven members were returned to-

day, instead of five as was reported, though

only three failures absolutely took place. Several important houses, comprising great assets, are named as in a very weak condi-

The financial papers speak hopefully of the situation, but the street is thoroughly frightened. Affairs are critical, beyond a

doubt, and it is said everywhere that Mon-day will be a crisis. If by chance that day

be passed safely, the danger will be passed. Rumors of all sorts are flying about, and great excitement prevails in the city.

A COMPOSER'S SEVERE LOSS.

An Act of Stranss' New Opera Which Will

Have to be Re-Written.

FBY CABLE TO THE DISPATCH. 1

LONDON, October 11 .- Strauss has suf-

fered a severe loss. The third act of his new

opera "Ritten Pazman" has disappeared in

a most unaccountable way. The opera was complete, and was about to be given over to

Sometime ago the composer gave a heap

AN UNFORTUNATE VILLAGE.

Lack of Food, Together With Fever, Dec-

THE DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.

price

imating an Austrian Town.

for them to do, while the

RED SEA DELIMITATION

emi-Official Report of Negotiation Between

Italy and England.

gotiations between Italy and England re-

the Red Sea Territory says that the dele-

gates of each power made mutual conces-

sions and agreed upon the details for the de-

limitation of the territory.

Articles of a projected convention were

also agreed upon concerning the territory, with the exception of the occupation of

Kassala by Italy, when Sir Evelyn Baring,

one of the British delegates, unexpectedly advanced new and excessive claims which

THEY SHED NO BLOOD.

Swiss Liberals Denounce the Law Prohibit-

ing Meetings.

BERNE, October 11 .- All public meet-

ings have been forbidden in Bellinsons.

Thousands of Liberals flocked to Bellinsona

to protest against the action of the Govern

The demonstration was peaceful, no dis-

play of arms being made, but the various

dispersed by cavalry. The people made no resistance and no blood was shed.

GRAVE DIGGERS ON STRIKE.

Cause Trouble.

IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.

DUBLIN, October 11 .- All the grave

Six Hundred Workmen Discharged,

BERLIN, October 11 .- Six hundred hands

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.]

Patti Will Build a Snyagogue.

LONDON, October 11.-Madame Patti

will build a synagogue at Craig-N-Nos, her

A BURGLAR'S LEAP FOR LIBERTY.

He Jumps From a Flying Express and

Found Insensible

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

SYRACUSE, October 11 .- While the Chi-

eago and St. Louis express train on the

New York Central Railroad, due from the

east at 5:55 A. M., was running at the rate

of between 45 and 50 miles an hour this

morning Edward Rich, convicted of bur-

half east of Canastota.

indignation meetings that were held

arding the delimitation of the frontiers of

found nowhere.

nnknown.

Italy rejected.

operations.

of Zanzibar. BERLIN, October 11 .- It has been settled that the Sultan of Zanzibar will accept 4,000,000 marks for his cession of the VISITS FROM SORROWING FRIENDS.

Words of Sympathy Sent by Harrison and Cleveland.

THE SUFFERER LIES IN A DEADLY SLEEP

Government in consideration of the latter raising a loan to pay the Sultan for giving permission to the company to continue Justice Miller was still alive, although the and is momentarily expected. Dr. Lincoln A statement in a London paper to the left the sick man's bedside at 11:30, and to effect that the prospects in Zanzibar are gloomy, as the trade is leaving the island for the German mainland ports is much commented upon here. The Colonial papers those in waiting said that the end must soon come, though it was possible the Justice might live until the early morning.

Mrs. Miller and her son Irvine, a lawyer are exulting over the good bargain made in acquiring Heligoland for Zanzibar, which has become useless as a trade center. The of Chicago, are constantly at the bedside of the dying man, waiting with stricken hearts has become useless as a trade center. The Vossisch Zeitung thinks that England, perfor the great change. Up to 1 o'clock this morning the most serious trouble to be combatted by the physicians was the accumulahaps, intends to take some new step to The accouchement of the Empress is ex-pected in February. Many projected court festivaties will be abandoned. tion of phlegm in the patient's throat, which, on account of the partial paralysis

of the organs, could not be removed.

The choking could be relieved only by raising the patient to a sitting position.

This effort in every instance produced a paroxysm which was itself highly detrimental to his condition. At about 1 o'clock mental to his condition. At about 10 clock this morning these paroxysms ceased, and the sufferer fell into an apparently peaceful sleep, which lasted throughout the night. He now lies in a state of profound coma-tose, in which he no doubt will continue to the end.

#### SYMPATHETIC VISITORS.

Mrs. Reeves, a relative of Mrs. Miller, arrived this morning from her home in New Haven, Conn. No response to telegrams sent to Mrs. Touselin and Miss Corkhill at Colorado Springs have been received, and fears are entertained that the telegrams may not have reached them.

All of the members of the Supreme Court who are in the city have called once or oftener with their wives during the day. Chief Justice Fuller and Mrs. Fuller spent an hour with the family last night and again to-day. Mrs. Dimmick called on behalf of Mrs. Harrison, to inquire as to the condition of the Justice and express her sympathy. The members of all the foreign legations now in town called during the morning, as did many other people of prom-

inence in Washington.

One hour to-day was but a duplication of the others at the home of Justice Miller. Inside lay the helpless victim of paralysis; outside was a stream of sympathetic callers, making inquiries as to the condition of their triend, who, they feared, was to solve the great mystery.

### WAITING FOR THE END.

the artists. The composer, before he left his country house for town, thought he had locked it safely in a cabinet, but it can be Judge Miller is a man of massive frame; full blooded and stout. He had, during the last few years, often spoken to his family of of old manuscript to his valet to be burnt, and he now fears the third act was in that heap. As he has destaoyed his notes and has to compose the whole act over again, his fears of a stroke of paralysis. It is said that his brothers, one or two of whom had died of paralysis, strikingly resembled him in build, and his knowledge gained in his early life by reading medicine had made him apprehensive that some day he might the first performance of the opera will have to be put off indefinitely. go as they had gone. An unsigned letter to his daughter in Vienna lies in his desk.

Mrs. Miller's condition has been distressing all day. She is completely prostrated.
Chief Justice Fuller to-day received a telegram from ex-President Cleveland expressive of his grief at the news of Justice Mil-VIENNA, October 11. - Advices from ler's illness. A telegram was received late this afternoon from President Harrison ex-Ratibor state that during the last two weeks ing to Mrs. Miller his grief at her husband's illness, and stating that if there was any hope of reaching the dying man's bedside before the end came he would at once start for Washington. An answer was returned to the effect that he would be too

of meat and flour has been steadily rising.

The people live on coffee and soup made Mrs. Harrison called this evening from sour flour and potatoes. Meat is almost spent a lew moments with Mrs. Miller. She seemed very anxious, knowing of their When the unfortunate villagers are mutual friendship, that the President should at once come to the bedside of his stricken friend, and left the house with the stricken with typhus they must die, as their lack of vitality and poor health offer no resistance to the severity of the disease. intention of telegraphing the President to

## CHARGES AGAINST A CLERGYMAN.

A Leading Southern Divine Enters Politics ROME, October 11 .- A semi-official and Gets in Trouble. Italian account of the rupture in the ne-

start at once.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NASHVILLE, October 11 .- The Rev. David C. Kelly, D. D., who has for many years been one of the most prominent of the ministers of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and is the present candidate of the Prohibition party for Governor of this State, is the central figure in a very interesting case before the Tennessee Conference. Some months ago Dr. Kelly, who has always been a strong Pro-hibitionist and took an active part in the canvass for the adoption of the proposed constitutional amendment, was nominated for Governor by the Prohibitionists. When the conference met at Pulaski to-day and Dr. Kelly's name was called his

character was assailed by the Rev. C. W. Winn. Bishop Hargrave at once proceeded to appoint a committee to investigate the case. The excitement rose at times to a high pitch, and it was with difficulty that the Bishop could maintain order. The comnittee will submit their report on Monday. It is expected that a very lively discussi

### RICHMOND SOCIETY RUFFLED. The Governor's Neglect of the Count of Paris

Creates a Stir. Dublin Cemetery Employes Quit Work and SEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1

RICHMOND, October 11.-The action o the Governor in declining to go to an entertainment given last night to the Count of diggers of the Glasnevin Cemetery have Paris has made a stir in the city. The Governor had a few days before the arrival of struck, and unless differences between them and the authorities are promptly settled a the Count, expressed himself as opposed to crisis will occur to-morrow, as several inter-ments have been fixed for that day. Virginians taking any notice of the visitor, though it seems that this opinion was not known to the gentleman who gave the entertainment, Colonel Archer son. The Governor's declination was made the more noticeable by the fact that he promenaded with his wife in front of Colonel Anderson's residence a short time employed in the English woolen mills at Grunberg, Silesia, have been discharged since the passage of the McKinley bill. before the entertainment took place. The Count's visit here has created some thing of a war here, anyhow. The country papers have pitched into Richmond for its

eception of the Count, calling it Richmond snobbery, and the city press has hastened to explain that the city has had nothing to do with it, the receptions having been given by a few individuals. The grumblers are also hauling General Joseph E. Johnston over the coals for attending the entertainment

## GAMBLERS START A BLAZE

Which Destroys a Brick Block and Causes Loss of \$150,000.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 CARTHAGE, ILL., October 11 .- A report sches here that the Gouchner brick block La Harpe, Ill., was destroyed by fire early this morning, entailing a loss of fully

glary and on his way to Auburn State Prison, eluded his keepers and jumped from the car at a point about a mile and a The fire is said to have originated in saloon where some men were gambling. Want Birchall Reprieved.

When the train was stopped at Canastota, a party went back and found Rich lying insensible between the tracks and across one rail. His face, head, shoulders and arms were badly cut by his fall, and several bones were broken. He was brought to this city. WOODSTOCK, ONT., October 11 .- An en deavor is being made by some of Birchall's riends in England to have a petition get up

# CAUGHT IN THE COUNTRY.

MEN ACCUSED OF COMMITTING THE TOLL HOUSE ASSAULT FOUND.

They Are Both Young and Answer the De scription Given by Mrs. Saunders-Surrounded by a Mob-Hints Made at Lynching.

SEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 WASHINGTON, PA., October 11 .- News was circulated this morning that the wouldbe assassins of Mrs. Saunders, at Toledo, two miles from here, had been caught. Detective W. B. McBride and Frank Vandergrift succeeded in running down two young fellows at the trestle in Taylorstown this afternoon, who answer to the description given by Mrs. Elizabeth Saunders of her assailants last night, Brush Darr, aged about 18 years, with smooth face and rather WASHINGTON, October 11 .- At midnight | slightly built, and George E. Teaters, aged about 22 years, with sandy mustache and heavy frame, are the parties arrested. Darr says he came from Cassville, W. Va., and

Teaters from Wheeling Island. The men were brought to town late this afternoon on the Baltimore and Ohio. The news that they had been caught, spread like wildfire, and not less than 1,000 people were in waiting at the station. The rumor became current about 3 o'clock that the officers would alight from the cars at West Washington, and an immense crowd had congregated there to see them. They were disappointed, however, for the officers unloaded the frightened young fellows at Main street. They proceeded up that thoroughfare, followed receded by an immense crowd that receded by an immense crowd that receded by an immense size as the jail was neared. Beautiful receded by an immense read with the property of the property of the property of the receded by an immense read with the property of the receded by an immense read with the property of the receded up that thorough fare the property of the receded up that thorough fare, followed up that thorough fare, followed the property of the property of the property of the receded up that thorough fare, followed the property of the property o Hundreds congregated about the pr.

crying: "There they are, they ought to be strung up," and other disagreeable ex-pressions to the frightened prisoners. The officers say they had an exciting chase of seven miles after their prisoners, and tracked them across the country from Thomas Allison's farm to Taylorstown. The course taken by the prisoners was a roundabout one, as they did not seem to have any destination in view, and it is thought they were preparing for an attack on some one to-night. District Attorney Parker will ferret out all the evidence poss ble, and it is said the fellows will have a hard row to hoe. Mrs. Saunders is con-Darr and Teaters were taken to the home of

Mrs. Saunders, west of town, this evening by Sheriff Lockhart and his deputies. Mrs. Saunders said she thought they were the gnilty parties, and when she saw the peculiar walk of Darr, she was positive of the fact. The little yellow dog was not identified, but will be well taken care of until after the hearing. The police are now searching for the third member of the party, who is supposed to be in Canons-

A dispatch from wheeling says the police this evening arrested William Monroe, Joseph Rice and James Mack at Elm Grove on board a Baltimore and Ohio freight train, on suspicion that at least one of them was concerned in the shooting of Mrs. Saunders, at Washington, last night. None of them could give a satisfactory account of their whereabouts yesterday, and in the absence of a complete description of the murderers, they were held. A Washington officer will be there to-night. George E. Teeters, one of the men in jail here, is very well known at Wheeling. He is a ne'er do well, but has no criminal record.

## PRINT CLOTH CURTAILED.

Much of the Output for a Week Taken From the Market.

FALL RIVER, October 11.-The print cloth production of this city has been curtailed 90,000 pieces during the week, thus taking two-thirds of the entire print cloth output for six days from the market. The result of the curtailment has not been entirely satisfactory. While it has in a measure prevented an accumulation of cloth, the ck has nevertheless increased, and there has been litttle demand for 64x4's squares. A third stop of a week is being discussed, and there is nothing in future engagements which would interfere with the movemen It is doubtful, however, if agents can be in-

## NOT GUILTY OF TRAIN WRECKING.

John Kiernan, Accused of Obstructing

duced to sign another agreement.

Tracks, is Discharged. TROY, October 11 .- Justice Grogan, West Troy, this morning discharged John Kiernan, charged with placing obstructions on the Central Hudson Railroad near Karners August 29. ' The Court held that there was no evidence before him that a crime fession of Thomas Cain, Kiernan's alleged accomplice, been admitted it would not have been sofficient.

The motion made by Kiernan's counsel assistant superintendent of the Central adson, Mohawk division, for perjury was denied. Mr. Harrington made the plaint against Kiernan.

#### THE DISPATCH DIRECTORY. A Table of Contents for the Convenience of

the Readers. The issue of THE DISPATCH to-day contains 20 pages made up in three parts. In the first will be found the news of the day, the editorial comment and the sporting and musical departments. The second and third parts are made

up as follows: PART IL.

The Dillon-O'Brien Tangle. The Famine Fund. Expenses of Funerals. The Erie Canai. .LIGHTNER Para's Good Points. .... .... CONSUL J. O. KERBEY Page 10. Clinging to Hope. HOWARD FIRLDING Page 11. Real Estate Notices. For Sale Column. To Let Column. Page II. The Social World. Art and Artists, Educational Talk.

Page 13.

The Grand Army. The Allegheny Courts. Markets by Wire Local Trade News. Page 14. Review of Sports. Secret Societies. .. PRINGLE rage 15. Birds and Fishes. Every Day Science. On Lake Titleaca. .. FANNIE B. WARD Amusement Notices,

PART III.

Came on Mormanism ......F. A. CARPENTER Beauty is Jealous ... ..... CHARLES T. MURRAY Stand Fast, Craig-Royston. Page 18. Down Into Egypt... ALICE MACGOWAY ... A Sketch What St. John Saw. REV. GEORGE HODGES
Preparing a Luxury. ELLICE SERENA
Incidents of the War. Union Soldies
Page 20. .. PAYSIE

AM ......CLARA BRLLE

....E. H. D.

which was much greater and warmer

NATURAL GAS ON TOP. Its Value and Uses Pleased and Surprised Pittsburg's

FIVE CENTS.

### ANYTHING THEY EVER SAW.

Guests More Than

Some of Them Temper Their Praise With Well-Meant Criticism.

ONE MORE DAY OF EXCURSIONS.

Trips to the Coke Regions and the Allegheny River Milis.

### DISTINGUISHED GUESTS LEAVE TO-DAY

Every pleasure has its aftermath: every degree of "unusualness" its moderating conditions. The "unusualness" in this case is the visit of the foreign metallurgists, and the moderating conditions, the honest and outspoken criticisms and opinions of the visitors on what they saw-and didn't see-in the course of their expeditions among Pittsburg's industrial establishments.

The distinguished representatives of the world's iron and steel interest who have been here for the past three days, take up the thread of their travels to-night, and embark for Chicago. It will be interesting to see just what impressions were left upon the minds of the visitors by their acquaintance with methods of manufacture and their treatment in this neck o' the woods.

The visitors were surprised, and at three things. At the rapid development of manufactures of all kinds within a very short time; at the volume and effectiveness of and results obtained from natural gas; and lastly, at the "latish hospitality," as they were pleased to term it, of Pittsburg's people. They were unprepared for the extent of trade carried on here, and marveled very much that the Sheffield of America, as they dub Pittsburg, should have obtained such a pre-eminence in the metallurgical world in so few years.

### NATURAL GAS AN EYE-OPENER.

Natural gas was to them an experience as novel as it was unlooked for. They had heard of "natural gas," of course, but only to associate it with the gas generated from coal in mines. They had a vague notion that holes were bored into the mines or into the contiguous gas-bearing strata, and the fluid pumped into mains and forced to the distributing points. But their experience on the river Friday night, when the splendid display at Hays station was shown them, and nature's fuel flowed out with a deafening roar, to burst into flames, whose heat was plainly felt in the boat amid stream, afforded them a proper appreciation of its value, use and origin. Its effect in boiling iron and melting was carefully inquired into, and some of the English iron masters declared with emphasis that it made a heat so strong, so

clear and so pure as to be to them a revelation in iron making. The visitors candid in acknowledging that they had neither expected nor anticipated such a welcoming or display of open-handed hospitality as that with which they had been made acquainted. They said that their visit here, notwithstanding the crowded condition of the hotels, was one of the greatest pleasure and most enjoyable they had yet made in the country.

Prominence has been given to their views favorable to the city so that their criticisms may have the greater weight. Let it be candidly said at once that the Englishmen learned nothing new while with us; that is, in the direction of the conversion and manufacture of iron and steel.

WHAT WAS OBSERVED BY STRANGERS. What they saw here of steel and ironmaking plants they had seen-sometimes on a larger scale-in their own country. But they also had seen rails, plates and bar iron made with less waste of material than here; workmen less driven and employed in fewer numbers for certain classes of work than in the Pittsburg mills, and more skill displayed in handling the appliances used in iron and steel making than they saw here. On the principle of ex uno disce omnes, let Mr. James Allan, of the Victoria Tube

Works, Coatbridge, voice the general senti-

ment in this latter regard. Mr. Allan is a

practical, keen-witted, shrewd ironmaker, and when asked to relate his impressions of Pittsburg's iron manufactures he spoke right out with characteristic Scotch bluntness. "The only thing," said he, "you are ahead of us in is in your blast furnaces. You cannot get too much credit for the way you make them turn out stuff. But in your rolling mills you are, if anything, a little behind. I con't mean in your facilities for doing work—there I have little to find fault with, as a general rule—but in the way you make your iron. You make too much waste. I noticed in the rail mill at Braddock that the rails were rolled out into lengths much longer than was neces-sary to make the two 30-foot rails, and that the ends cut off ran from different lengths, and were much too long. That was a source of waste that I thought might be remedied. In the plate mill at Homestead the ends cut off by the shears were very wasteful, and did not exhibit a nice calcu-lation of the size of the bloom necessary to

make a plate of the size I saw cut. MORE WASTE THAN IN SCOTLAND. "I was in a bar mill over beyond the river, which if it was in Scotland, would not run three minutes. There was the greatest waste I ever saw in a bar mill, and enough to break any man. I thought that the appliances were not up to the needs of the science, and could have suggested wh a saving would be effected, but didn't think

it would quite do to make any comments.
"In Park Brothers' mill I remarked some things that would not be allowed in an English or Scotch mill. I found there men who were being driven in such a way as I would not permit in my mill, and I was surprised that they stood it. I noticed men at a mill trying to pass a bloom through the rolls. It jammed, and then they actually commenced to ram it with a bar and hammer it with a sledge to try to get it in place. I know that our men would not stand having to do such work as that. In this mill, and in others also, I found more men engaged around the mills than were necessary to the work. Here was an outlay that might

easily be dispensed with.

"I took particular pains to examine into the result of meiting by natural gas. I looked into several furnaces and found a stronger, cleaner and purer heat being made than I ever saw in my life before. I was not prepared for such a grand result, and I was neither prepared for the reception we have received at the hands of your people,

PLEASED AT THE HOSPITALITY. Mr. William Williams, of the New