FORTY-FIFTH YEAR.

ALL EAGER TO QUIT.

The Hitch on the Tariff the Only Thing Preventing the Immediate

CLOSE OF THE SESSION.

A Quorum Cannot be Kept After This All-Important Question Has Been Settled.

CARLISLE DISCOVERS A POINT

Which May Serve to Still Further Retard the Report of the Conference Committee.

WHAT CONGRESS HAS ACCOMPLISHED.

But Few Measures Yet Enacted Into Law Which Are Particular Impertance to the People of Pennsylvania.

THE APPROPRIATIONS SECURED BY THE STATE

Propositions for a compromise on the sugar and binding twine features of the tariff bill have been made. There is now only a slight difference between the Senate and House. This dispute settled, an adjournment will follow in short order. The appropriations passed in which Pennsylvania is interested amount to \$1,663,715. This will be increased \$110,000 when the clause providing for the Pittsburg postoffice rets through.

ITEOM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.] WASHINGTON, September 25 .- The report of the tariff conference was not made to-day, and it is hardly likely that it will be presented before the end of the week. The differences on sugar and binding twine are still unsettled, and it is this that is prolonging the session of the committee. The Republican conferees were in session this morning, and when, at 11 o'clock, the Democratic members were sent for it was believed that a final agreement had been reached, and there was much excitement in the neighborhood of the committee room, However, the Demogratic members were merely sent for to pass upon the results of the labors of their Republican colleagues on all parts of the bill but those relating to sugar and twine.

Ther Mus Agree to Disagree. This was done so that if necessary a report could be made disagreeing on the two points in dispute and agreeing on all other paragraphs. The Democrats demanded separate votes on several of the more important schedules, such as those relating to metals, glass, and the compensatory duties on wool, but this action was of course merely formal, the Republicans having a majority of two on

Mr. Carlisle raised a point which is going to still further prevent an immediate settlement of the Republican differences. He found that in the course of the efforts to come to an agreement among themselves the Republicans had made changes in the bounty clause of the sugar schedule.

A Change Made in Conference Both the Senate and the House had agreed to the provision granting 2 cents a pound bounty on sugar grown in the United States of a polarization of 75 degrees. The conferees had, however, inserted a clause instead of this, giving a bounty of 1% cents a pound on sugars polarizing between 70 and 80 degrees, and 2 cents a pound for sugars between 80 and 90 degrees.

Carlisle made the point that this was an entirely new proposition, which had not been presented to either House, and that theretore it could not be inserted by the Conference Committee. He cited instances where other conference committees had inserted new legislation in a similar manner and where, when the point had been made against it, it was invariably stricken out. The point was declared to be well taken by Senator Aldrich, who is acting as chairman of the committee, and it is probable was to be the basis, will have to be entirely

revised.

Trying to Reach a Compromise. It was said to-day that the Senate conferees would be willing to let in sugar free up to No. 16 Dutch standard with a duty of six-tenths of a cent above No. 16, if the House would make binding twine free, The extent of the compromise agreeable to the House is free sugar up to No. 16, and fourtenths of a cent above that standard, with a quarter of a cent duty on twine.

The difference between four-tenths and six-tenths of a cent per pound on sugars above No. 16 means a difference in revenues to the Sugar Trust of about \$4,000,000, and that energetic corporation is doing everything in its power to have the larger rate

The iron and steel men have given up all hope of securing a change of rates on steel billets, which remain as previously quoted in these dispatches. The House rates on pottery and glass have to a large extent been adopted-60 per cent on decorated ware, 55 per cent on plain ware and rates on window glass running from 11/2 cents per pound to 2 cents per pound.

All Are Enger to Adjourn. Unless something entirely unforeseen should arise to delay it, Congress will adjourn before the end of the month. At least, such is the general expectation. As soon as the tariff bill is disposed of it will be imthe tariff bill is disposed of it will be impossible to keep a quorum of Republicans here, and as no business can be accomplished without the presence of such a quorum, an

adjournment will be imperative. This session has not been a very pre ductive one in legislation of particular interest to Pennsylvania. Outside of items included in the general appropriation bills there has been scarcely anything done of the commission soon to meet in Washaffecting the Keystone State. Of course an ington.

exception is made in the case of the tariff

Several public building bills have become ws, and the bill to authorize the sale of the Government property on Penn avenue, in Pittsburg, was also signed by the President. The bill to sell the Marine Hospital property, on Ellsworth avenue, was not pushed to its passage because it was discovered that the existing law made it incumbent on the Treasury Department to sell that property as soon as it ceased to be used for hospital purposes. The bill to make the Arsenal Park a public pleasure ground is still in committee. It has never been re-ported to the House, for the reason that the War Department opposed the proposition.

No Show for Border Raid Claims. The border raid claims bill will not get through at this session. These few items include about everything of any general interest to Pennsylvania that has received the attention of Congress. The actual appropriations that have been made for the State, however, amount to \$1,663,715, and are in detail as follows: In the sundry civil appropriation bill there were included the following items: For purchase of site and commencement of building a postoffice at Allegheny, \$65,000; at Beaver Falls, \$20,000; at York, \$25,000, and at Chester, \$30,000; for the completion of the Court House and postoffice at Pittsburg, \$240,000; for continuation of postoffice building at Scranton, \$15,000; to continue to date corrections of former surveys of the Dela-ware river for the use on a new large scale chart of the same in the vicinity of Philadelphia and up the Delaware river to Tren

ton, \$1,000; for new machinery, etc., Frank-ford Arsenal, Philadelphia, \$6,000. For Our Rivers and Harbors. In the river ond harbor bill the following appropriations are made: To improve Erie harbor, \$40,000; to improve Philadelphia harbor, \$200,000; to improve ice harbor at Marcus Hook, \$5,000; continuing improvement of Allegheny river, \$20,000; Schuylkill river, \$45,000; Delaware river, Pennsylvania and New Jersey, \$250,000; continuing construction of Herr's Island dam in Allegheny river, \$35,000; to purchase lock and dam No. 6 of the Monongahela Navigation Company, \$162,000; and to construct movable dam at or below the mouth of Beaver river, \$250,000.

The naval appropriation for this year contains the sum of \$181,600 for various purposes at the League Island Navy Yard, including the pay of clerks, and \$73,115 for the Naval Home at Philadelphia. The deficiency bill, which has not yet be-

come a law, contains an appropriation of \$110,000 for heating apparatus, elevators and approaches to the Pittsburg public building. This will undoubtedly be inbuilding. This will undoubtedly be in-cluded in the bill when it passes, for there is no objection to it In either the House or Senate. That will bring the total of appropriations for the State of Pennsylvania made by this Congress up to the sum of \$1,773,715.

LIGHTNER. \$1,773,715.

THE REPORT READY. T WILL GO TO THE HOUSE OF REPRE-SENTATIVES TO-DAY.

An Agreement Said to Have Been Reached on Every Feature of the Tariff Bili-The Date of Operation Only to be Fixed.

Y ASSOCIATED PRESS.] WASHINGTON, September 25 .- The Republican conferees on the tariff bill have definitely decided to report the bill back to the House. The conference reports an agreement on every item in dispute between the two houses, and it will not, as has been

stated, be only a partial report. It will be presented to the House of Reresentatives very soon after that body meets o-morrow morning, and there is confident expectation entertained by the conferees the the report will be considered and disposed of before the House adjourns the day, although there is possibility that a vote on the adoption of the conference report may be delayed until the following day through the desire of members to make explanations of their views on matters with regard to which it has been nece essary to make concessions. All the Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee got together this evening, and the decision to make a report and move its

full consultation. There will be a meeting of the full comnittee to-morrow morning before the House neets to form and pass upon the report before its presentation to the House. The only question yet left open to be decided in he morning is the date upon which the bill shall go into effect. The period between the approval of the bill and its enforcement will be brief and it is thought will certainly not exceed two weeks.

speedy adoption was determined upon after

A COLORED PRESIDENT.

According to Congressman Langson, is One of the Probabilities of the Future.

INPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 WASHINGTON, September 25 .- Prof. John M. Langston, the elegant colored gentleman who has secured a seat in the House of Representatives by virtue of Tom Reed's skill in quorum counting, has started in early to predict a great future for the colored race, probably having himself in mind as the coming leader, three thouthat the proposed agreement, of which this sand enthusiastic citizens of the district, many of whom were white, marched to the suburban residence of the new Congressman lights. The recipient of the ovation, who has a most eloquent and oily tongue, made a flowery speech in response to the congratulations showered upon him and grew most enthusiastic on the subject of his forcible entry into the House as an indication of what the colored citizen is coming to. The Presidency is in the range of Langston's rolling eyes, and he aroused his audience to a high pitch of ex-

citement by the following forecast:

What is the significance of the Republican victory in the House of Representatives? We will go forth and conquer in the name of the whitest and blackest man in the country. We shall aid in the interpretation of the Constitution and in its application. We shall consider the question: Is a pure ballot in a goarded and protected ballot box the shield that preserves our national integrity? Men used to give us no rights. We will help to give the country rights now. We are in the great Congress of the nation. We will advance to the Senate, and, when necessary, when the negro has grown as great and learned and magnificent as he is now loyal and true, he shall go on to the President's ntement by the following fore loyal and true, he shall go on to the Presid

IN LINE WITH BLAIRE.

The Administration of Bogota Approves the Pan-American Congress

WASHINGTON, September 25 .- Secretary Blaine received from Minister Abbott at Bogots, a translation of an extract from the message of the Minister for Foreign Affairs

Conference at Washington. The Minister declares that the results of the conference will be to the everlasting glory and satisfaction of all who took part in the meeting. He recommends to the Congress of Colombia, the adoption of many of the measures proposed by the conterence, and urged the immediate action with reference to an appropriation for the inter-c

A THRIFTY OFFICIAL.

CHARGES AGAINST THE POSTMASTER OF REED'S HOUSE.

He is Accused of Letting Mail Contracts for a Part of the Contracts-A Resolution Investigation Adopted After a Russing Debate.

WASHINGTON, September 25 .- Repreentative Enloe to-day introduced a resolution which recites that it is alleged that the postmaster of the House, J. L. Wheat, whose duty it is to let contracts for the carrying of the mails, let a contract to one Samuel Culbertson for \$5,000 a year on the condition that Culbertson should pay to him (Wheat) \$150 a month out of the money received from the Government for his services, and that Wheat did receive that sum for five months, and directing the Committee on Accounts to investigate these charges and such other matter as pertain to Wheat's administration of the postoffice of the House

administration of the postoffice of the House of Representatives.

Mr. Hopkins, of Illinois, suggested that the resolution be made broad enough to include an investigation of the action of the last Postmaster in regard to the same matter. Mr. Enloe remarked that if any gentleman had evidence that there was anything wrong in the action of the late Postmaster, he would have no objection. Mr. Hopkins remarked that he understood that this contract, which the gentleman claimed was unlawful, had come down from the Postmaster. was unlawful, had come down from the Post-master of the last Congress.

Mr. Caswell, of Wisconsin, said that his Mr. Caswell, of Wisconsin, said that his information was that this practice on the part of the Postmaster had obtained during several Congresses. The postmaster had become satisfied that this money was not a proper and legitimate perquisite. He had therefore covered every dollar into the Treasury. Mr. Hopkins offered an amend-Treasury. Mr. Hopkins offered an amendment extending the investigation into the practices of the postmaster in the Fortyninth and Fiftieth Congresses. Mr. Heard, of Missouri, desired to still further amend by extending the investigation to all previous Congresses, but a demand for the previous question made by Mr. Hopkins precluded the reception of this amendment.

Mr. Houk, of Tennessee, protested that Mr. Houk, of Tehnessee, protested that time should be given for amendment. If a Republican had been stealing, let him be exposed and punished. Let no one seek to

shield him. Mr. Hopkins said that there was no attempt to shield anyone, but the postmasters of the last and of the present House were so interlaced that one could not be investigated without the other.

The previous question was ordered—Yeas, 108; nays, 86. Mr. Hopkins' amendment

was adopted and the resolution as amended was agreed to. A MILLION FOR NICKEL ORE,

of the Navy. WASHINGTON, September 25 .- In the House to-day Mr. Boutelle, of Maine, Chairman of the Committee on Naval Affairs, reported a bill appropriating \$1,000,000 to enable the Secretary of the Navy to purchase nickel ore, or nickel matte, for the manufacture of nickel steel armor, and asked for unanimous consent for After an explanation by Mr. Boutelle the bill was passed.

A DEFAULTER LOCATED.

The Man Who Robbed Boston of \$50,000 Found After Ten Years.

PERCIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 BOSTON, September 25 .- John A. Woodward, the defaulting cashier in the office of the Treasurer of the city of Boston, who skipped with more than \$80,000 ten years covering his tracks until this late day. Although every reasonable effort was made to ascertain in what, direction he had fled, nothing satisfactory was learned as to his whereabouts, and even his relatives and most intimate friends declared that they had received no tidings of him. It has recently been ascertained that his objective point was Buenos Ayres, where he is now engaged

in business. When arrest stared him in the face if he delayed his departure another hour, he boarded his yacht at South Boston and sailed for Quincy, at which place he boarded a local train and reached Fall River, where he took the boat for New York that night. He sailed up the Hudson river to Albany, and from that city rapidly made his way to be sailed from Montreal for Europe. He short time returned to England and at once embarked for South America, where he has

CONVERTED TO A NEW FAITH.

Kentucky Woman Conducting Schwel

furth Mertings at Her Home. PETECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. RICHMOND, KY., September 25 .- A sepsation has been caused here by the opening of a branch "heaven" for George Jacob Schweinfurth, the Illinois prophet. The "heaven" is in the residence of Colonel L. E. Francis and public services, conducted by his wife, are held twice each week. The Francis family is the most influential in this section of the State. Mr. Francis has been for 45 years a prominent member of the Christian church. He is an uncle of Governor Francis, of Missouri, and his wife is a granddaughter of Captain Estell. the famous Indian fighter and cotemporary of Daniel Boone. She is also a relative of Robert Estell, the richest farmer in Mis-

Mrs. Francis first heard of Schweinfurth a year ago, and after a careful study of the scriptures became convinced of his divinity. She is making many converts among th young people and the city and vicinity is greatly excited.

ONE OF MOST'S CONVERTS. After Embracing Anarchy He Neglects to

Support His Family.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW YORK, September 25 .- Fannie Hirschberg, of Philadelphia, called on Coroner Levy to-day to get him to belp find her husband, who, she says, has abandoned her and her two children. She expects another child. She says that a year ago, when Anarchist John Most came to Philadelphia to make a speech, Mr. Hirschberg heard him and anarchy turned his head Since then it has been his chief delight to talk of bombs and dynamite and the happy days when capitalists shall be no more.
Tiring at last of domestic ties he left his home and business as a seller of knives at a stand and came to this city. He took his with him and left his wife very nearly penniless. This was on September 16.

THEY WANT HIM TAKEN BACK.

Mackey Men Strike for More Pay and th Reinstatement of an Employe.

TERRE HAUTE, September 25 .- Operators and clerks on the Mackey lines have gone out on a strike. They demand an increase of pay and the reinstatement of W. D. Sears, of the Federation of Employes,

who was discharged.
President Hopkins, of the Federation, telegraphed to the boys on the Evansville and Terre Haute and Evansville and Indianapolis to go to work pending a conference, to be held with General Manager Saul a Evansville within a week. The company claims that Sears was not discharged because of his membership of the Federation, but for other reasons. The men claimed otherfor other reasons. The men claimed of wise. Only freight trains were delayed.

POLITICAL SURPRISE.

Democratic State Chairman Kerr Knocked Out for Congress.

PITTSBURG. FRIDAY,

KREBBS, OF CLARION, THE VICTOR.

McAleer Gets the Nomination in Randall's Old District, but

VAUX WILL RUN AS AN INDEPENDENT.

To-Night Emery Will Give the Proofs of His Charges Against Delamater. Hon. James Kerr, Chairman of the Demo eratic State Committee, failed to secure a

renomination for Congress from the Twentyeighth district yesterday. George F. Krebbs secured the plum. This result is a great surprise. As expected Senator McAleer was named in the Third Philadelphia district, but the patriarchal Vaux will nevertheless be in the field. SPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH.

DuBois, September 25.-Congressman Kerr was defeated for renomination at Ridgway to-day. The reverse was a stuuning blow and the Democrats of this county see in it a premeditated plan on the part of somebody to get even. The conferees met first Wednesday evening, adjourning until 9 o'clock this morning, adjourning again until 11 o'clock, at which time six ballots were taken without result. The next session was held at 1 o'clock,

and after one ballot at that session the conferees adjourned again until 3 o'clock. When they reassembled matters seemed to have been pretty well fixed, and George F. Krebbs, of Clarion county, received the votes of the Clarion, Elk and Forest county conferees, giving him nine of the 15. The Center conferees voted for Spangler and Clearfield for Kerr.

QUITE A SURPRISE. Mr. Kerr is a son-in-law of ex-Senator Wallace and naturally supported him for the Democratic nomination for Governor. After the Scranton convention, however, he was selected by Pattison and his friends to manage the State campaign. It would seem from this that he was acceptable to both factions of the Democracy, and scarcely a doubt was entertained as to his eventual renomination. The result of to-day's balloting, therefore, is indeed a surprise.

A dispatch from Philadelphia says: The delegates to the Democratic Constitution

To Use in Making Armor Plate for the Use delegates to the Democratic Convention of the Third Congressional district assembled at Caledonian Hall, Pine street, and after a session of about half an hour nominated William A. McAleer without a dissenting vote. The district is composed of the Third, Fourth, Fitth. Sixth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Sixteenth and Seventh wards, and the delegates from all were present, with the ex-ception of those from the Sixth ward. The absentees numbered three all told, while those who put in an appearance, 31 in all, made up the convention. VAUX AS AN INDEPENDENT.

Hon. Richard Vaux, now serving out the unexpired term of the late Samuel J. Randall, will be nominated as an independent candidate against McAleer at a town meeting to be held next Saturday night. It is thought the Republicans will make no nominations. Vaux's friends think he can be elected with the aid of Republican

tion nominated Edwin Gaw Flanigen, a young lawyer. The Second Congressional district convention nominated Edwin F. Lott, also a young lawyer. The Fourth Congressional district convention nominated William Mayers, a manufacturer. The Fifth Congressional district convention nominated J. Henry Taylor, a manufact-

AN APPEAL TO THE PEOPLE. Ex-Governor Pattison Talks to a Crowd of

10,000 at the Doylestown Fair. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR. DOYLESTOWN, September 25 .- This was big day at the Doylestown Fair, and 10,000 people were in attendance. Yesterday Senator Delamater was the guest of the society, and to-day ex-Governor Pattison had the freedom of the grounds. The Democratic candidate came up from Philadelphia on the 10 o'clock train. He was accompanied by Chauncey F. Black, Democratic candiiate for Lieutenant Governor, ex-Postmaster William F. Harrity, Sheriff Krumbhaar, District Attorney John R. Reed, and others. A delegation of Democrats met the party at the station and conveyed them to the fair grounds. Chauncey F. Black was the first speaker. His speech was very brief. He said he had followed the lead of Pattison to victory in 1882, and he expected to do the same this year. Mr. Pattison was presented by President Reeder, and, after prolonged applause, he made a vigorous address. In the course of his speech he

The farmers of this State, who compose one-third the voting population, have the power to correct the evils in legislation. There was a time when the voice of the farmer was heard in the halls of legislation, but he has been crowded out. Never in our history was educa-tion so easily obtained as now with a cheen tion so easily obtained as now, with a school-house on every hill top and a newspaper at every door. I appeal to you fellow citizens, farmers, soldiers, mechanics, to exercise your intelligence and manhood in the coming election, and I shall have no fear of the result. The Constitution says we the people shall rule; not we the syndicate or we the bosses. It is a sad state of affairs, indeed, when men sell their rotes for what they can get, and when the will of the people is shwarted by the use of money, Never let it be said that we sell our individuality. Let all go to the polls and exercise the right of citizenship.

FOSTER A CANDIDATE

He Accepts the Nomination in the Eighth Ohio Congressional District.

SPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH. FINDLAY, September 25 .- When the Republican Congressional Convention of this district, one week ago, unanimously nominated ex-Governor Foster as its candidate for Congress, there was much doubt as to whether the Governor would accept, as the district has a natural Democratic plurality of 1,500 votes, and Foster has lost his grip in the several counties by reason of his connection with the Standard Oil Company and other corporations, These apprehe sions were set at rest this afterno Governor accepting the nomination as tendered by the committee appointed

that purpose, and the campaign is now on.
Foster does not go into the fight with much hope, but more through a sense of duty. It is thought that Harrison, with whom he spent several hours in consultation at Cresson, on Tuesday, promised him the help of the administration if he would be a candidate, and that the President's wish much to do with his acceptance. The Democrats are preparing to give the ex-Governor

CLAMS AND SPEECHES.

But Candidate Delamater Was Not on Hand to Enjoy the Bake.

INPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. WEST CHESTER, PA., September 25 .-The Republican clam bake, held near Media, in Delaware county, to-day, under the auspices of the Republican County Committee. was attended by nearly 3,000 people, but Delamater and General Hastings were not Thomas Honston, of Chester, presided at run again.

The Charges Which Delamater Denied and for Which the Evidence is Now to be Furnished-A Big Audience Confidently Expected.

1890.

BRADFORD, September 25 .- It is expected that ex-Senator Emery's address which is to be delivered in the Opera House in this city to-morrow evening, will have an important influence upon the candidacy of Mr. Delamater for the Governorship o this State. On Friday, April 4, 1890, at a public meeting in Bradford, ex-Senator Lewis Emery, Jr., made charges against Senator George W. Delamater as follows: I charge that he purchased his election to the Senate of this State in 1886; that he directly bribed citizens of Crawford county to vote for him at the general election, and that, when a memorial had been contemplated to prevent him from taking the oath of office, he paid large sums of money for the suppression of the said memorial.

I charge that he did take the oath of office,

SEPTEMBER 26,

the meeting, and vigorous speeches were made by General Sheridan, of New York; Colonel Stewart, Louis A. Watres, Senator John B. Robinson, Hon. T. V. Cooper and General B, F. Fisher.

THIS IS EMERY'S DAY.

HE WILL SPEAK AT THE BRADFORD

OPERA HOUSE TO-NIGHT. .

thereby committing a crime against the good name and statutes of the Commonwealth, I charge, also, that during his services in the Senate he attempted to also, a while I charge, also, that during his services in the Senate he attempted to alter a public record by framing a conference report on a bill before it had been properly considered, contrary to rules and practice, and signing or having had signed the names of the committee, and in so doing offended the dignity of the Legislature and the law of the Commonwealth.

I make these charges without fear of contradiction, and court an action at law whereby I may prove before the people, cath bound.

To these charges no answer whatever was made by Mr. Delamater until August 14. Upon that evening Mr. Delamater was in Chambersburg, present at a public meeting. Some one in the audience called upon him to answer to the Emery charges. Thus chal-lenged, Mr. Delamater said:

I take this occasion to enter my most positive, emphatic and unequivocal denial of each and every charge preferred by Senator Emery.

* * * I enter this denial to all charges, by whosever preferred, which assail my honor as a man and my integrity as a citizen.

When, soon after this denial was made,

Senator Emery's attention was directed to it, he said that, at a proper time and place e would endeavor to make hischarges good Upon September 19 he telegraphed from this city to the editor of THE DISPATCH at collows: "I will reply to Delamater's Chambersburg denial of the charges I made against him April 4, in the Opera House, this city, Friday evening, September 26." It goes without saying that Senator Emery will address a crowded house.

WHITHER ARE WE DRIFTING!

South Carolina Republicans Nominate Straight Democratic State Ticket.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.] Tillman ticket nominated by the Demoeratic State Convention on September 10 has by no means been elected as yet. A bombshell was exploded to-day by the Republican State Executive Committee, which threatens to put an entirely different phase on the matter. The committee was authorized by the State Republican Convention to put out a State ticket if they deemed it advisabl and the committee have

, J. H. Rice All the nominees are straightout Demo crats who opposed the Tillman movement and most of them opposed it on the stump. The Republicans assert that the ticket can be elected even without the aid of white votes. There are 157,000 colored voters in the State against about 80,000 whites. Of the colored voters they say over 110,000 are registered and qualified to vote for State officers, and they can poll 100,000 of these for this straightout Democratic ticket. Be sides this they assert that 20,000 Democratic voters will join them in voting for this as against the Tillman ticket.

SENATOR DELAMATER THINKS

He Will Have the Biggest Majority Eve

Given a Pennsylvania Governor. PRPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. MANSFIELD, TIOGA COUNTY, September 25.—Senator Delamater arrived here to-day at noon in company with C. W. Scott, of Williamsport. They were met at the depot by H. B. Packer, David Cameron, H. Bennett and ex-Sheriff Landrus, and were driven to the State Normal School as the guests of Prof. D. C. Thomas. At 2 o'clock Senator Delamater visited the fair grounds, where 2,500 people were assembled, and made a lengthy speech, which was well re-ceived. He arraigned Governor Pattison, who is expected to follow him here morrow, for vetoing the soldiers' burial bill and the miners' hospital bill, and pledged his unqualified support toward tax reform. which he admitted there was need of He said he was the nominee of the Re

publican party and was not Quay's man nor any man's candidate, but the candidate of the whole Republican party, and when elected, as he surely would be, he would be Governor of no party, but of all the people of the great Commonwealth. Senator Delamater said he had visited nearly every section of the State, and that from every indication he would be elected Governor by the largest majority any Governor ever received. He advocated the passage of the Loage force bill and the Australian ballot reform laws.

REPUBLICANS WHO WILL RUN.

Dovener, Hubbard and Atkinson Mention as Congressional Candidates.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WHEELING, September 25.-The Bennh lican Congressional Convention for this dis trict will assemble at Moundsville at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning. The leading candidates will be Captain B. B. Dovener and W. P. Hubbard, of this city, with a fair sprinkling of delegates for Hon. G. W. Atkiuson, the sitting member.

Atkinson a month ago publicly decline o be a candidate, but his friends are mak ing an effort to stampede the convention for him. Outside of this Dovener and Hubbard are running neck and neck, with chances slightly in favor of the former.

THE CENTENNIAL STATE SLATE.

Colorado Democrata Nominato Thei Candidates. DENVER, September 25 .- The Democratic State Convention nominated the following ticket: Governor, Judge Caldwell Yeaman; Congress, Hon. T. J. O'Donnell; Lieutevant Governor, Hon. Platt Rogers; Secretary William F. Foreman; Treasurer, J. N. Car lisle; Auditor, W. T. Skelton; Attorney General, J. H. Maupin: Superintendent o Public Instruction, N. B. Coy.
The platform denounces the force bill,
demands the free coinage of silver and ar-

raigns the Republican State Treasurer for alleged fraudulent transactions PETERSBURG, VA., September 25 .- The Democratic Convention of the Fourth Conressional district to-day nominated James F. Eppes, of Nottoway county. Ex-Representative Venable, who was unseated by the House on Tuesday, absolutely declined to

CLUBS ARE TRUMPS.

The Latest Development of Mr. Balfour's Brutality in Ireland.

CONSTABLES CHARGE A CROWD,

Using Their Batons Freely, Members of Parliament Being Wounded.

TRIAL OF DILLON AND O'BRIEN BEGUN.

police made an unprovoked attack upon the crowd, in which many heads were broken. Among those assaulted were members of Parliament. John Morley narrowly es caped.

TIPPERARY, September 25 .- To-day's proceedings in connection with the prosecu tion of Messrs. John Dillon and William O'Brien commenced with an exciting incident, Mr. O'Brien arrived at Tipperary shortly before noon, in company with Mr Thomas J. Condon, M. P., for this town, who was arrested at Limerick Junction on his way hither. In the same train were the Hon. John Morley, and the following members of Parliament: Messrs. John Dillon, Alfred Illingsworth, Isaac Holden, Timothy Healy and Timothy Harrington, who

On their way from the station Mr. O'Connor, Mr. Illingsworth and others, who were in advance of the general party, halted for moment in order to await the approach of Mr. Morley. Colonel Caddell, who was in charge of the police, immediately gave the order to move on. Mr. O'Connor protested against this treatment, and Mr. Morley coming up at the moment, Mr. O'Connor called for three cheers for him.

Mr. Dalton and other gentlemen who were talking to Mr. Morley were roughly jostled, and the constable even raised his hand to strike them. Mr. Morley and Mr. O'Connor, however, interposed, and Colonel Caddell ordered the men to desist.

Another exciting scene occurred outside the Court House. The police were ordered out in order to prevent the admittance of people who were not there on business. The crowd was very great, and in consequence of the pressure from the outside the members CHARLESTON, S. C., September 25 .- The of the force were ordered to charge with their batons drawn.

Mr. Sydney Hallfax, of Manchester, who happened to be in the crowd, was knocked down and otherwise maltreated. Mr. Harrington came tuto the court room with blood flowing freely from the wounds he had received. The collar of his coat was saturated with blood, and his appearance created a great sensation. He was immediately given agreed upon a ticket, the composition of which leaked out to-day. It is as follows: Governor, A. C. Haskell; Lieutenant Govthe floor.

The Colonel refused at first, but ultimately the body of the court was thrown open to the general public.

Several attempts were made to procure the names of the members of the police force who had assaulted the people, but these proved fruitless, as the officers declined to give them. When the police charged with their batons, a large number of people were struck and several of them were so badly injured that the blood was streaming over their faces and clothes. The wounded were carried away and an army surgeon, who was the first to arrive, attended them.

Mr. John Morley, addressing Mr. O'Brien, said in reference to the matter: "They have behaved most damnably, Various protests were made on the subject and everybody present was evidently laboring under the most intense excitement. Mr. Dillon, in speaking of the subject, called the police cowards several times, and Mr. John O'Connor was also loud in denouncing

their conduct. PROTESTS OF NO AVAIL. Before the trial opened Mr. Dillon objected to Mr. Shannon as prosecuting attorney, asserting that he had personally encountered him at Cashel, when he (Mr. Dillon) had been grossly insulted. Mr. Shannon declared that he would perform his duty in an unbiased manner. Mr. O'Brien said that the last time he saw Mr. Shannon he was at the head of the police clubbing the people. Shannon had already tried him three times, and his being put in charge of the prosecution of the present case was indecent and an insult. The magistrate auswered O'Brien's objection in the same way that he had disposed of Dillon's, and the

Mr. Ronan, counsel for the Crown, asked permission of the Court to make some alterations in the charges against the prisoners. The latter protested vigorously against such permission, urging that it would be illegal for the Court to grant it. The Court paid no heed to the protests, but permitted the counsel for the Crown to make the desired

changes. case for the prosecution. He reviewed the circumstances which had led to the arrest of the Nationalists. These, he said, went back to the time when the plan of campaign was in force on the Smith Barry estate at Tip-

posed to present evidence to prove conspiracy on the part of the defendants from that time down to when the arrests were made. During all that period he proposed to prove that the defendants were conspiring to prevent the payment of rents to Mr. Smith Barry, and were inciting the tenants of that gentleman not to pay. The defendants protested against the introduction of evidence touching matters that were anterior to the dates specified in the warrants upon which they were arrested. After considering these protests, the Court decided that the prosecution might produce testimony of a general character to prove the existence of conspiracy prior to the dates given in the warrants, but that no evidence could be permitted concerning acts of the defendants which were done anterior to those the dates of which were mentioned in the warrants.

which he eloquently defended his course, the court adjourned. It is belived that the case will last several days.

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. 1 BERLIN, September 25.-The Criminal

All the Protests of the Defense Treated With Contempt by the Court. At Tipperary yesterday the trial of John Dillon and William O'Brien was began. The

(BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.)

were accompanied by other friends.

CLUBBED BY CONSTABLES.

Upon this the police assailed the group.

trial was then begun.

Mr. Ronan then proceeded to open the perary. A CH ARGE OF CONSPIRACY.

That happened in May, 1889, and he pro-After a long speech from John Dillon, in

This is Free Speach to Germany.

THE TIED-UP TARIFF BILL

Court has sentenced a workman named Richter to imprisonment for three months for declaring to a policeman that the Emperor would sooner or later join the Socialist party.

WILD WITH GRIEF. Demented Mother Disinters Her Child's

Body From the Grave. [BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] VIENNA, September 25 .- A horrible deed of a grief-demented mother was made public to-day. Helene Mueller, the wife of a master painter in Moedling, near this city, lost her only child, a boy 2 years old, by diphtheria in February last, after an illness of only one day. The suddenness of the death appeared to paralyze the mother's brain, and make it entirely impossible for her to realize that the child was dead. She has therefore devoted almost every daily hour to sitting on the baby's grave, holding imaginary conversations with the dead one.

One morning a week ago the sexton discovered that the grave had been opened, the coffin lid taken off and the body stolen. He at once went to the house of the mother, and, after considerable trouble, found that the woman had dug the body up a few nights before, taken it to her home, wrapped it in a shawl and placed it in her trunk. During the day she had taken it out and caressed it, and at night, after her husband slept, she had taken the baby to bed with her, and endeavored to icfuse warmth into it.

A RUSSIAN REFORM.

The Female Prisoners No Longer to be Victims of the Knout. IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] St. Petersburg, September 25 .- A re-

form is about to be inaugurated in the treatment of female prisoners. The Chief of the Department of Prisons proposes to the other South. They will get back to what item for the corporal punishment. New York about October 28 and will then ernor, John Bratton; Secretary of State,
J. Q. Marshall; Treasurer, W. A. Ancrum;
Controller, General J. W. Barnwell; Attorney General, J. H. Earle; Adjutant General, and take their change of obtaining seats.

The floor.

FORCED TO VIELD.

Mr. Morley then appeared to Colonel Caddell to allow the peaned of obtaining seats.

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Substitute for the corporal punishment beretofore visited upon women a carefully graded list of banishments and fully graded list of banishments and carefully graded list of banishments and car both to take place on the Island of Shaghalien, and to be regulated in its severity by the nature of the crime for which the woman is held, and the solitary confinement to be measured by the

number of lashes which her violation of the rules would now entitle her. If, under the present law she would re ceive one tash on the bared back with the knout, the new rules would give her instead ten days' solitary confinement, and two days instead of every blow with an ordinary

Another American Princess. THY BUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] DRESDEN, September 25. - Another American young lady is about to become a Princesses. It is announced that Miss

Anna Hollingsworth Price is engaged to be married to Prince Friederich Wilhelm Von Ardeck, a lieutenant of hussars in the city. More Engineers on the Way. TRY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] HAMBURG, September 25 .- The Ham-

left to-day, had among her passengers 124 engineers who are going to the International Engineers' Congress in New York. HUNDREDS SHOT DOWN.

burg-American steamer Columbia, which

Dynamiting, Fighting and the Wildest Disorder at Gos. By Associated Press.] LONDON, September 26 .- The Chronicle's Calcutta correspondent says: It is reported that the troops in Gos are committing the wildest excesses and shooting people indiscriminately. Several popular leaders have been arrested and shot in their residences. The residences of others are besieged, and a lively fusilade proceeds between besiegers and besieged. Numbers of people have fled to the sanctuary of the Cathedral in in old Goa. It is rumored that the Governor General is hiding in the palace and is deaf to petitions from the in-habitants. Many women and children who fled thither for protection have been bayo-neted by the palace guards. Several dyna-

mite bombs have been thrown into the palace by a band of citizen soldiers. The Governor justifies the action of the troops on the ground that a revolution has been declared. It is estimated that 300 persons were killed and wounded in two days' fighting. Meetings of Goanese have been held in Bombay to denounce the Government of Goa and to ask for British an

FAVORS FROM ENGLAND. LONDON-In an interview with an English Catholic nobleman the Pope said fervently hoped for a renewal of permanent diplomatic relations with England. Under the beneficent rule of Victoria, he continued, the Church had enjoyed throug Empire substantial enjoyed throughout the British liberties. received at the ports received at the Vatican from Bishops and Vicars-Apostolic, showing that justice and protection were accorded to the Church everywhere in the Empire, caused him the liveliest satisfaction. had the deepest personal regard for the Queen, whose thoughtful care for the poor and suffering has won golden opinions throughout the world. KILLED IN A DUEL.

BERLIN-In a duel at Hatzburg to-day, between Lieutenant Blethstasser and Lieutenant Garder, the former was killed. The duel was the result of a quarrel in a restau-

TERRIBLE LOSSES BY PLOODS PARIS—The damage by floods in the de-partment of Ardeche alone amounts to 50, 000,000 francs.

CHOLERA IN ENGLAND. LONDON-A death from cholera is reTHE ADVANCE GUARD

THREE CENTS.

Of Britons Who Are to Attend the Meeting of Iron and Steel Men

ALREADY LANDED IN NEW YORK.

The Gathering to be the Largest of the Kind Ever Held in America.

THE WORLD BEING REPRESENTED. Several Pittsburgers Among Those Who Are to Present

The meeting of the American Institute of Mining Engineers to be held in New York next week promises to be the largest in the history of the organization. Several delegates from the British Iron and Steel Institute have already arrived and more are coming.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.1 NEW YORK, September 25 .- Mechanical and mining engineers from all over the world have begun to arrive at the Park Avenue Hotel, to attend the fifty-seventh meeting of the American Institute of Mining Engir ws, which will begin on Monday. Two of the lower corridor of the hotel of the lower corridor of the hotel
en set apart for the institute and they
and printed information for anybody
This meeting of the institute is to be
the cover held, and many members

of sh Iron and Steel Institute are going d. A lot of them are here already. The seame over with J. S. Jeans, the Seame of their organization. The rest of the seame of their organization on Sunday. They will not take .f meetings, however, until part in Wednesday. The meetings will be held in Chickering

Hall. Monday's and Tuesday's sessions will be for the American Institute. The first session, Monday, will be devoted chiefly to welcoming speeches. After they are over two papers will be read-one by J. C. Bayles, of East Orange, on "Explosions from Unknown Causes," and the other by Oberlin Smith, on "Cast Iron Tools for Cutting Metals." Other papers will be printed and distributed. PROGRAMME FOR THE WEEK. There will be a session in the evening and

two papers will be read by W. B. Potter, of St. Louis, and W. F. Durfee, of Birdsboro, Pa. These will be illustrated by stereopticon views. Tuesday morning and after-noon will be devoted exclusively to the reading of papers and there will be another magic lantern show in the evening. On Wednesday morning the Englishmen will take a hand in and will hear ex-Mayor Hewitt, who is the President of the American Institute, deliver an address. On Wednesday afternoon everybody will go on an excursion up the Hudson. On Thursday afternoon the Holley memorial will be unveiled at Washington Square. Friday will be a kind of day off. On Saturday the members of the institute and invited guests will go to Philadelphia on a special train, thence to Lebanon, Harrisburg, Altoona Pittsburg and Chicago, where they will di-

disperse.

The American Institute of Mining Engineers will hold its opening sessions on on the Servia there are a large number of British delegates who cannot arrive before Wednesday, the first meeting of the British Institute will not take place until Wednesday at 9 A. M. in Chickering Hall. The opening address will be delivered by Sir James Kitson. The American Institute are to act as host to the visitors, and one of the features of the coming meeting is to be the presentation of a special Bessemer gold medal to President Hewitt from the council

ESSAYS BY NUMEROUS EXPERTS. A number of particularly interesting papers have been prepared by well-known members to be read at the sessions in New York and Pittsburg. Among them are the

following:

"The Probable Future of the Manufacture of Iron," by Sir Lowthian Bell, Baronet, F. R. S., Middleborough; "The Progress of German Practice in the Metallurgy of Iron and Steel Practice in the Metallurgy of Iron and Steel Since 1876," with special reference to the Basic process, by Dr. Herman Wedding, Professor of Metallurgy at the University of Berlin: "International Standards for the Analysis of Iron and Steel," by Professor John W. Langley, of Pittsburg: "On the Relations of the Geology of the United States to Its Mineral Wealth," by Dr. T. Sterry Hunt, of New York: "Transportation as an Element in Iron and Steel Manufacture," by President W. P. Shum, of the American Society of Civil Engineers; "The Development of American Biast Furnaces," with special reference to large of the American Society of Civil Engineers, "The Development of American Beast Furnaces," with special reference to large yields, by James Cayley, of Bessemer, Pa.; "The Manufacture of Bessemer Steel in the United States," by Prof. Henry M. Howe, Boston: "Recent Progress in Manufacture of War Maierial in the United States," by W. H. Jacques, of the Bethlebem Iron Company, in the works of which the Creusot steel, which stood the recent Annapolis gun tests so well, is to be manufactured: "The Composition and Wearing Quality of Steel Rails," by Dr. C. B. Dudley, of Altoona, the Penusylvania Railroad expert: "On the Manufacture of Spirally-welded Steel Tubes in the United States," by J. C. Bayles, East Orange, N. J.; "The Thomson Electric Welding Process," by Prof. Elbu Thomson, of the Thomson-Houston Electric Company; "On the Testing of Materials of Construction in the United States," by Messrs, Hunt & Clapp, of the Pittsburg Testing Laboratory; "The Coke Industry of the United States," by J. D. Weeks, of Pittsburg: "The Development of the Iron Manufactures of Virginia," by E. C. Pechin, of

SUING FOR SUPPORT.

burg: "The Development of the Iron Man factures of Virginia," by E. C. Pechin,

Cleveland.

Mrs. McKee Rankin Wants a Share of Her New York, September 25 .- Mrs. Elizabeth I. Rankin obtained an order from Judge Lawrence, of the Supreme Court, today, requiring her husband McKee Rankin. against whom she has an action for divorce pending, to show cause why he should not support herself and their daughter Phyllis Rankin, 16 years old. Their other child Gladys, 20 years old, is married,

Mrs. Rankin in her affidavit states that she owns the "Knolls" at Riverdale, but that it is mortgaged at \$20,800 and she has been unable to sell the property. On the other hand her husband is making \$500 to \$700 a week from the "Canuck," play she says is worth \$50,000. He has property, she says, at Spokane Falls worth \$70,000. Although an actress herself, she says she has been ill and unable to support herself in her profession.

FIGHTING OVER BOUCICAULT'S MONEY. The First Wile Intends to File Objections Against the Will. PERCIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATORA

NEW YORK, September 25.-The will of

Dion Boucicault was filed in the Surrogate's

office to-day by Clark Bell. It was executed on March 17, 1887, and leaves everything unconditionally to Louise Thorndyke Boucicault, after all debts are paid. The legatees and John Peter Cadigan are made the executors under the will.

Agnes Robertson Boucleault, the actor's first wife, will file objections at once to the probate of the will through her attorneys, Howe & Hummel, and as soon as she arrives from England the fight over the estate will be begun in earnest.