BARRED OUT.

NO QUORUM

TO SEAT A

COLORED

CONTESTANT

the Lower House.

amount of silver offered for sale to the

Treasury to-day aggregated 1,035,000 ounces, and the amount purchased 250,000 ounces.

THE TARIFF TANGLE.

REPUBLICAN MEMBERS STILL FAR FROM

AN AGREEMENT.

Radical Differences-Metal Mon Threat-

WASHINGTON, September 22.—Although meeting of the Conference Committee on

the tariff bill had been called for this morn-

ing, when the hour of meeting arrived.

the Democratic members were notified that

there would be no meeting. The reason for

the postponement was a desire on the part

further among themselves upon the points

remaining in dispute. It appears that no

progress has been made since Saturday

morning in the disposition of the sugar, binding twine, bonded period and metal amendments, but that these—the most im-

portant matters still open—are in such shape that if an agreement can be reached upon one it will probably also result in agreement

According to Republican members of the

conference, it is impossible to say whether or not a complete agreement can be reached, and a report made to the House to-morrow, but it is hinted that a report may be made

within the next two days that will cover all

points of difference that have been adjusted, leaving the Senate and House free to ex-

ress their wishes respecting the matters

It is intimated that the metal schedule is

bound on the article. Some of the inter-

views between the conferees and these Sena-tors have been quite animated.

At a late hour to-night it was the confi-dent expectation of the Republican con-

ferees on the tariff bill that on Wednesday, or Thursday at latest, would be witnessed the opening debate on the adoption of the

ENGLISH ARMOR NOT IN IT.

The French Plates Prove Far Superio

Under a Severe Test.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.

into judgment the opinion invited by Thurs

day's firing. The inferiority of English

dentally to American plate, has been estab-

results are said to have been obtained

at the European tests, regarding which

there has been more or less useless se crecy. The advantages of impartial com-

parison are denied, since the accounts of the

foreign trials come from prejudiced sources.
Whatever the extent of failure the English

armor has experienced heretofore, that na-

tion has been uninfluenced thereby, and there are those who look for the same in-difference at the Annapolis tests. While

the trials here have been more severe than ever before, and while the demolition of the

English plate may be attributable to this un-

usual and, to some, unnecessary severity, the fact remains that French armor, in its

highest and best estate, proves invulnerable before American ordnauce.

The trials of Thursday closed after four

shots at each of these plates—the Creusot all steel, the Creusot nickel-steel, and the

Cammel compound steel. The Creusot steel plate presented a creditable appearance.

The four shots had not disturbed the surface

of the plate. There were no cracks, no re-

mote indentures. The damage was local. There were no perforations by the projectiles. The Creusot nickel plate was also in good condition. There were no cracks, and the evidence of the attack was confined to

the points of impact. The Cammel plate was in a wrecked condition. All the pro-

jectiles had perforated the plate. There were fissures in the lower half, and the upper quarter was bodily torn out half-way back.

TO BE FINISHED BY NEW YEAR.

Work Pushed Forward on the B. & O.'s

BALTIMORE, September 22 .- The Akron

and Chicago Junction Railroad, which is

being built for the Baltimore and Ohio

Company, will be completed by January 1.

The road extends from Akron to Chicago

Junction, 73 miles, and will give the Balti-

more and Ohio a port route from Pittaburg.

A branch road from Wooster, O., will tap the Akron and Chicago at Lodi, The latter was nearly all graded several years ago and was recently purchased by Byan and McDonald, who will complete it and turn it over to the Baltimore and Ohio.

O'BRIEN GOES FREE

The Presecution Abandons Its Case But

May Try Again.

MONTREAL, September 22 .- As foreseen

this morning, the prosecution has decided

to abandon the case against R. N. O'Brien

for libeling Prince George of Wales in the story published in American papers about

New Orleans Murnby Captured.

Port Route From Pittsburg.

WASHINGTON, September 22 .- The steel

upon the others.

No Meeting of the Conference Committ

en to Defeat the Entire Measure.

## FORTY-FIFTH YEAR.

BOTH OUT FOR 1892. Battle Between Blaine and Reed Already On in the Pine

A FIGHT FOR SUPREMACY

Tree State.

Which Will Decide the Control of the Delegation to the National Convention.

A SENATORSHIP ALSO AT STAKE.

The Plumed Knight in the Most Perfect Health and Ready to Make the Struggle of His Life.

DELAMATER VISITS CHESTER COUNTY.

tion of the Pennsylvanua League of

POLITICS THROUGHOUT THE STATE AND NATION

The returns of the Maine election are scarcely in, and already a new campaign has commenced. This one is entirely inside the Republican ranks. It is now openly admitted that both Secretary Blaine and Speaker Reed are candidates for the Presidental nomination. The struggle for supremacy in the State will be an interest-

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) AUGUSTA, ME., September 22.-Many things have happened since it was first announced in THE DISPATCH months ago that the Plumed Knight was about to once more take an active part in politics, Three things are now perfectly clear to the people

of Maine: First-That Mr. Blaine is now in the field

Second-That Speaker Reed has determined to try for the Republican Presidental Inomination for '92; and,

Third-That the differences between Mr. Blaine and Mr. Reed are to be fought out in open battle from this time on, and that of Joe Manley in his efforts to belittle Reed the supremacy of Mr. Biaine in Maine politics is to be tested.

Monarch of All He Surveyed.

It is hard for any person who has not lived in Maine to appreciate what all this means. It is difficult to realize what it is to live in a community where the wish of an individual has for years and years been absolute law; where ambitious aspirants for office have stepped aside because Mr. Blaine had another candidate; where an unknown private citizen has been made Governor of the State because Mr. Blaine named him: where old-line Republicans have been denied renomination because they disobeyed orders, and where the Legislature has awaited the nod of one man | before it dared to make a bill a law.

This has been the situation in Maine ever since the Morrill party went out of power, Mr. Blaine has been the hope and pride of the State, and his elevation to the Presidency has meant the realization of the dreams of thousands of its citizens. Men who are now contenting themselves with such State offices as have been within his power to give have longed for the time when the whole length and breadth of the Federal patronage should be opened to their grasp with Mr. Blaine as Chief Executive. To antagonize him meant to dissipate all hopes for the future.

Why They Turn to Reed.

But Mr. Blaine has tried and lost. He is now advancing in years and his friends are losing faith. . Just at this juncture a new staff of hope has arisen, and with mingled feelings of State pride at Maine's second distinguished son and loyalty for the old leader the people have turned their eyes on Speaker Reed.

All this Mr. Blaine sees and understands. He has held the party in Maine in his grasp because no other man has had the courage to dispute his supremacy. But the time has come now when Mr. Reed feels equal to the struggle, and the first note of warning to the Blaine-Manley-Hale faction to keep their hands off was sounded by Congressman Boutelle in the leading Republican organ of Eastern Maine.

Mr. Blaine is still at his summer home at Bar Harbor, but his stay this season has been by no means a vacation. He has anxiously watched Speaker Reed's progress in the House of Representatives, and he has formulated his reciprocity scheme-the first notification, the people of Maine say, that he is unmistakably in line for 1892.

Blaine in Perfect Physical Health. Whatever may have been his condition in

Italy after the chill he received in the St. Gothard Tunnel in the summer of 1887, there can be no doubt of his robust physical condition at the present time. He has not aged in appearance since the memorable campaign of 1880, and whatever truth there may have been in former reports of the peculiar pallor of his face, they are certainly not true now.

Mr. Blaine impresses the observer with the fact that he is a man but little beyond the prime of life. He is alert, quick in his movements and converses with the almost nervous energy of an enthusiast. His utterances are punctuated with frequent gesticulation and his conversation is not the languid that of a person in ill health.

Mr. Blaine came here this summer for his vacation. But he brought with him all the executive cares of the State Department. He is as actively in command of the Foreign Bureau at the present moment, and has been all summer, as he could possibly have been had be remained in Washington through the hot months.

An Old Struggle Revived. The trouble between Speaker Reed and the Blaine contingent is not a new one, and it has been an open secret in Maine politics

ever since the death of Lot M. Morrill. At the question arose as to who should be his successor in the most valuable Federal office in the State of Maine. For years past it has been considered that both the post-mastership and the collectorship of Portland belonged to the Congressman from the

But after the death of Collector Morrill arrangements were made by Senators Hale and Frye and Mr. Blaine himself, who was then, as now, in the swim at Washington, to arrange the matter without any consultation with Reed, who represented the district. The candidate of the Blaine party was Fred N. Dow, a son of the famous Gen eral Neal Dow, the Prohibitionist. Dow had always been a hard-working politician and had done good service for the party. This high-handed policy angered Reed

No Hand Lifted to Help Him. It was such a well-known fact that Reed was to have no assistance in his recent campaign from Manley, who controls the Republican machine at Augusta, that it was really thought at one time that Reed, singlehanded, might be defeated in his district. Manley knew this perfectly well, and so did Mr. Blaine, who was quietly summering at Bar Harbor, and who, by the way, did not take the trouble to vote. They determined to let Reed fight his own battle, and if he had lost there would have been no regret in the Blaine faction.

Reed knew this perfectly well, and knowing that the machine at home was in the hands of the enemy, he appealed to the National Republican Committee for help. At the last moment it was agreed that Reed should open a brief but brisk campaign in the First Congressional District, and that he might have Henry Cabot Lodge and Mc-Kinley to help him stump the doubtful

Besides this, the National Committee agreed that Reed should have \$25,000 on the Friday morning preceding election. Lodge was sent out ahead to start the campaign, and Reed and McKinley came down with a flourish of trumpets on the eve of election.

\$25,000 From the National Committee. The \$25,000 arrived in Portland on Friday afternoon and faithful agents of Reed left on evening trains for Biddeford, Saco, Brunswick and a few of the doubtful towns where it was necessary to bolster up the party with more than eloquence. A nortion of the money was of course left in Portland for the business at the polls.

One of the results of Reed's unexpected

victory was the opening up of another Republican family row. Congressman Boutelle suddenly began abusing the Blaine-Manley faction and nailed his flag to Reed's masthead. This is rather a remark-able change of base when it is remembered that Boutelle was the man whom Blaine had selected as the recipient of his famous telegram at the last Republican National Convention forbidding the use of his name

as a Presidental candidate.

Boutelle for the first time openly comnents on the row between Blaine and Reed, and points to various tricks and subterfuge The secret of Congressman Boutelle's sudden change of base lies in the fact that he has po-litical aspirations for the United States Senate and intends to make a fight for Senator Hale's seat when the latter's term of of-fice expires in 1892. With these prelimi-nary movements the Presidental battle is already opened.

DIPPED IN GALL -

Letter to Governor Gordon. ATLANTA, September 22,-The bitter and relentless personal war between Hon. Thomas M. Norwood, prospective Alliance candidate for the Senate, and Governor

Gordon has reopened. In a speech at Decatur Gordon denounced Norwood as a demagogue, and charged him with speaking out of the way because of sore eyes. Norwood retorted in one of the severest letters possible. He addressed his letter to "My Dear John Boycott Gordon;" accuses him of boasting of his bravery; says he is weak-headed and weak-minded; a business schemer, a "mulberry seller," whose mental defects have led him to get up a variety of skin games and South Sea bubbles to empty the pockets of friends. Further on he says: "Stick to the war. Your Conjederate record alone has carried you into big offices four times, and has paid you \$72,000, but you deserted the good peo-ple of Georgia to serve a railroad for less money. Your leaning is toward railroads. You throw away your Senatorship to becom the hired, but useless attorney of a railroad. You got up a railroad scheme, made a large sum of money, gambled it off in Wall stree and ruined your confiding friends." This and much more bitterness Norwood hurls at

Governor Gordon, in an interview, de clares he will not answer Norwood, and pre fers to leave the matter to a more impartial reply from the people of Georgia. Mean while he will continue his canvass.

POLITICIANS COME TO BLOWS.

Two Republicans Arrested on the Streets of Warren.

SPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH. WARREN, September 22.-The campaign was opened here this afternoon by George N. Frazier, a prominent lawyer, and Hon. Henry Brace, both Republicans. The two became involved in a wrangle over politics, during which Frazier alleges Brace struck him, after which proceeding Frazier kicked him all around the street. A warrant for Brace was obtained, and a hearing was had before Justice McPherson, who placed him under \$200 bail for appearance at court. Both men are prominent in politics, and the affair caused considerable excitement. The Democratic Congressional conference meets here next Wednesday.

NO CANDIDATE NAMED.

The Franklin Republican Conference Pails

to Make a Nomination. PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. FRANKLIN, September 22.-The Senstorial conferees to nominate a candidate for the Republicans for the State Senate met here this evening and adjourned without taking any ballots.

It is now believed that no nomination It is now believed that no nomi will be made until after the Congreconvention, which meets at Kane to-night, has named candidates for Congress.

LOOKING OUT FOR THE MINERS. John C. Delancy Will Boom Delamator in the

Coal Regions. SEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. HARRISBURG, September 22 .- John C. Delaney, ex-Senate Librarian and now Receiver of Public Moneys at Oklahoma, finds his new position easy enough to allow him to spend a short time in this State in the inerest of Delamater.

Delaney is to fix up the anthracite coal the Republican candidate for

Did Not Reach a Ballet. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. KANE, September 22 .- The Twentyeventh district Republican Congressional Conference met here to-day. The regular session began to-night, but an adjournment was made before a ballot was reached.

Governor.

DELAMATER IN CHESTER. the time of his death, Senator Morrill was the Collector of Customs at Portland, and THE REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE WARMLY RECEIVED.

> He Shakes Many Persons by the Hand and Talks of Party Fealty and Duty-A Namof Places Briefly Visited. ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCIL1

WEST CHESTER, September 22.—Senator Delamater arrived at Coatesville this morn ing about 9 o'clock and was quite enthusiastically received by a committee of the prominent Republican citizens of the place, with Senator A. D. Harlan in the lead. The band turned out and headed the procession from the train through some of the principal streets, and upon arriving at the Opera House a reception was held, when hundreds of the people paid their respects to the visitor and shook him cordially by to the visitor and shook him cordinity by the hand. The Senator made a brief speech, in which he referred to the need of Repub-lican success, and defined the duty of true Republicans in order to achieve the victory which was theirs if they but set their faces firmly for the right and against the wrong. He was shown through the several iron works of the place by a committee appointed by the Republican politicians. Leaving Contesville about noon he went up the Pennsylvania Railroad to Parkesburg, where a number had assembled to greet him and them has managed a chart time. Taking a there he remained a short time. Taking a private carriage with Colonel Gallagher, Chairman Snyder, Hon. J. B. Robinson, T. L. Eyre, George R. Hughes, George Fargis, D. S. Talbot and several others, he started for Oxford via Cochranville. At the latter

hour the carriages were sought again and the trip continued via Russellville until Oxford was reached, where a large and en-thusiastic meeting was held in the public hall, and where a reception lasting several hours took place.

The meeting was a flattering one, and the various features of the reception in full harmony with what the committee had hoped for it, and Sheriff Gallagher and County Chairman Dr. W. P. Snyder voted the visit of the Senator to Chester county a

place a short stop was made to meet a number of the people of the village and neighboring

districts, and after saying a few words to them as to party fealty and the duties of the

A BIG TIME EXPECTED.

marked succes

Arrangements for the Convention of the State

Lengue of Clubs. PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. PHILADELPHIA, September 22.-Presi dent Stuart, of the Republican State League, and a large corps of clerks were kept busy all day and to-night receiving and registering the out-of-town delegations to the convention of clubs to be held at the Academy of Music to-morrow. Visitors to the head quarters at times made the halls impassable, and the run on tickets by those who desire to hear the speakers of national prominence, such as Speaker Reed, Major McKinley, Congressman Dolliver, of Iowa, and John M. Thurston, President of the National League, was immense. All persons were instructed to be at the Academy early, and from present indications those who wish seats will have to be on hand un-

usually early.

Pittaburg will be represented by a larger delegation than any city in the league, with the exception of Philadelphia. The delega-tion will consist of 60 members, among whom tion will consist of 60 members, among whom are Assistant Postmaster Aibert J. Edwards, of Pittsburg; Wm. H. McCleary, candidate for Sheriff; Deputy Sheriffs John Doyle and Wm. Dietrich, Superintendent of Police Gamble Weir, Chief of the Department of Public Safety (Pittsburg) J. O. Brown, Assistant Controller V. G. Adams, Colonel Brady, of the Tariff Club; Colonel W. H. Reed, of the Americus Club; John N. Neeb, candidate for State Senator to succeed J. S. Rutan; John Murphy, Chief of Police of Allegheny City, and Robert H. Lindsay, of the Home Market Club. Their headquarters will be at the Girard House, where the Scoretary of the League, Robert H. Lindsay, is located.

A DANGEROUS MAN DROPS OUT.

Popular Captala Congrove Refuses the Democratic Nomination.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAN TO THE DISPATCH. BRADDOCK, September 22 .- Captain Thomas Cosgrove, superintendent of the ransportation department and of the laboring force at the Edgar Thomson Steel Works has sent in his positive refusal of the nomination for State Legislature for the Eighth

The letter was sent to Democratic headquarters to-day, and gives as a reason the many duties of the office of Mr. Cosgrove. He was unanimously endorsed at the convention, and his popularity made him a dangerous man to the Republicans here,

ENDED IN A TIE.

No Choice Made by the Democratic Conference at Oil City.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) OIL CITY, September 22. - The Demoeratic conference of Venango and Warren counties met in the Arlington Hotel this evening. All the prominent Democrats of the district were present. J. P. Miller, R. C. Clark and John M. Siegfried acted as onferees for M. W. Boyce, of Warren; Hon. R. G. Glenn was represented by John Barr, J. E. Adams and H. H: Martin. Two ballots were taken, resulting in a tie. Adjourned to meet to-morrow at the same

TWENTY-EIGHT YEARS FREE.

elebration of Negro Emancipation by Old Time Abelitionists. Boston, September 22.-To-day, the wenty-eighth anniversary of the issuing of the emancipation proclamation, the second annual reunion of the old Abolitionists was begun. Men and women who had been devoted to the agitation were in attendance. Among those on the platform were Hon. Frederick Douglass, Mr. Frank Sanborn. Rev. A. R. Muzzey and Rev. Mark Trafton Mr. W. H. Duhey occupied the chair and delivered an address of welcome, after which Rev. Dr. A. P. Putnam delivered a reminiscent address entitled "The Old Guard." Hon. Frederick Douglass, who was enthusiastically received, then ad-dressed the assemblage in a brief speech. In closing he declared that there was no race problem in this nation, and the enly prob-lem was to make this nation live up to the methods of solution which it had proclaimed.

Stephen M. Allen, who was introduced as the Chairman of the first Republican con-vention in 1854, made a few remarks. The afternoon session was occupied in the read-ing of letters from old Abolitionists. This evening there was a largely attended meet-ing in Tremont Temple.

CANADIAN STATESMEN SATISFIED

The Figure Minister Talks on the McKin ley Tariff Bill.

OTTAWA, September 22.-The Hon George F. Foster, Finance Minister, in an address delivered at Sherbrooke to-day, said that Canadians had no reason to quarrel with the United States for enacting the McKinley bill if they thought it was for their interest to do so. Much as Canada must regret that some plan of reciprocity could not have been substituted in its place, Canada must take this as a great utterance of the Republican party. He admitted that the McKinley bill would temporarily dis-turb trade, but he believed it would only divert it into British channels.

The Hon. Mr. Carling, Minister of Agriculture, who was present, spoke in a sim

A TRIO OF CARDINALS,

PITTSBURG. TUESDAY.

One Representing the Church in America, Soon to be Created.

SCOTLAND ALSO TO BE HONORED.

London Laborers Contributing to Australian Strike.

GEN. BOULANGER WILL WRITE A BOOK

It is announced that three new Cardinals, one each for England, Scotland and America, will be appointed. There has been no Scotch Cardinal since the time of the Stuarts. General Boulanger has announced his

intention of becoming an author. [BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] EDINBURGH, September 22.-The Scottish Leader says that coincident with the elevation of Monsignor Stonor to the Cardinalate as the third representative in the Roman Catholic Church of England, the news came to-day from Rome that three other English speaking prelates will be elevated to the Sacred College. These are Archbishop William J. Walsh, representing the Church of Ireland; Archbishop Kendrick, representing the Church of America, and Archbishop Charles Eyre, representing the Church of Scotland. The elevation of the names will be hailed

the last member of the Stuart dynasty. WANTED TO BE EXECUTED.

by Scotland with the same enthusiasm as

the admission of Cardinal' Newman to the

Sacred College was by England 11 years

ago. The last Scotch Cardinal was H. R.

H., the Cardinal Duke of York, who was

Young Mother Who Committed Murder In Attempting Salcide.

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] BERLIN, September 22 .- Louise Lockhoff, servant girl, was charged at the assizes nere to-day with killing her baby by jumping into the river with it, with the intention of committing suicide. She was sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment. As soon as she heard her punishment she begged and demanded to be executed instead of being imprisoned as she would not be able to find any employment when she was released from

The scene, which was very painful, reated a great sensation in court.

AN OLD CUSTOM REVIVED. The Servants Own the Chateau on the Day

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] PARIS, September 22,-Pierre Loti, millionaire of Rochefort-en-Terre, Morbihan, has earned no little notoriety by last week reverting to an ancient custom of Brittany. On the occasion of the marrisge of one of his servants he loaned the magnificent dining hall of his chateau to the happy couple and their guests, and, denning a white apron, waited upon them, white Mme. Loti assisted her husband, and their young son filled the role of page of

BOULANGER AN AUTHOR. He Will Reply to the Attacks Against Him in Book Form.

IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY, 1 PARIS. September 22.-General Bou langer is preparing a reply to the attacks on him that have recently appeared in the Figaro. It will be published in book form, but will only occupy 200 pages, and will be printed in London in French and

Helping the Australian Strikers.

BT DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANT, LONDON, September 22.-The waterside aborers of London are contributing ten pence daily to the Australian strike fund, and the collection is being pushed with vigor. Many of the trades unions are responding to the appeal from Australia for aid, and John Burns says £8,000 has been

already raised. STARTLING PROOFS DISCOVERED Daly Said to be the Victim of Pletting Irish

Emissarles. By Associated Press.] LONDON, September 22. - William O'Brien has written a letter to the papers, in which he says that Secretary John Daly, of the Amnesty Committee in Tipperary, has been for some time in communication with an Englishman of much eminence in Birmingham, who had discovered startling proofs that Daly was the intended victim of plot organized by Irish police emissaries under the authority of the chief constable of one of the principal cities of Ireland.

The chief constable, Mr. O'Brien says, has made a full confession, and his statement has been sent to Home Secretary THE ANTI-SLAVERY CONFERENCE.

PARIS-The anti-slavery conference was pened to-day. President Keller welcomed the delegates. His welcome to the British delegates was especially warm. Great Britain, he said, was a great nation and had done much for civilization. He declared that the Mohammedan religion was incapable of civilizing Africa and that only Chris tian missionaries could elevate the blacks. He urged the congress to arouse such a movement throughout the world as would definitely end slavery. Cardinal Lavigerie will address the conference to-morrow.

HER HONOR MUST BE UPHELD. LISBON-The newspapers here, in announcing the arrival of a British squadron at Mozambique, say that the Cabinet has sent a cable dispatch to the Governor of Mozambique informing him of the resignation of the ministry and advising him to receive the British Admiral with the respect due a representative of a friendly nation. If the admiral, however, should attempt to infringe the status quo it is recommended that the Governor use his own discretion in upholding the honor of Portugal.

A SHOT AT THE M'K INLEY BILL. LONDON-The News says the proposal to hold a series of popular meetings here in opposition to the McKinley bill is worthy only of the wiseacres of protection. The effect of the McKinley bill must be to weaken American competition in the world's markets and to confirm the commercial supremacy of the British people. FEARS FOR THE CZAR.

BERLIN-Extreme precautions were taken for the protection of the Czar during his journey from Warsaw to Skierniewico. So careful were the officials of the safety of the Czar that at one point on the road a large number of passengers were locked up in a train for seven hours until the imperial train

NEW WEAPON TESTED. MANGEBURG-Experiments were made SEPTEMBER 23, 1890.

53 centimeters caliber in the presence of officers from America, England, Russis and other countries. France was not repre-sented. Fifty shots a minute were fired, and the trial was a great success. PARNELL NOT COMING.

LONDON Mr. Parnell desires to wait un-til after the trial of Dillon and O'Brien to see whether it will still be possible for them to go to America, believing that the delay will not effect the object of their mission But Decide to Continue the Struggle to the His health will not permit him to make a personal visit to America.

THE CHURCH VERSUS THE STATE. ROME, September 22,-The Brazilian Episcopacy has published an energetic pro test against the reforms proposed by the Brazilian Government against the Catholic Church. The result of their hostility will be the suppression of the Brazilian legation to the Vatican.

NON-UNION WOOL IN AUSTRALIA. SYDNEY-Another batch of non-union rool was loaded at the quay to-day. The police and military were on guard and the laborers were not molested. The leaders of the strikers have ordered their men to not in-

erfere with the men at work. REBELLION IN INDIA. CALCUTTA-A revolt having broken on

n Cambay, Guzerat, against taxation, roops were sent to the scene to restore order. In an encounter between the troops and a mob 13 persons were killed, 25 injured and 000 made prisoners. NO ROOM FOR CHINAMEN ST. PETERSBURG-The Viedomosti says hat China has secured so much of the

rans-Baikal trade that the Governor of the

district has petitioned Russia to prohibit the immigration of Chinese. HEAVY PROTECTIVE DUTIES. BUENOS AYRES-Minister Roca states that the Government will provide for the payment of the interest on provincial loans. It is expected that congress will impose

they left with the understanding that the protective duties. moment a quorum could be counted with DEATH OF AN ACTRESS. their attendance they would come on im-BERLIN-The actress, Marie Hock, who made he debut in New York, is dead. Her death was due to a mistake in a prescrip

WILLIAM OUT GUNNING. BUNTZLAU - Emperor William has started on a shooting tour in East Prussia.

GONE TO THE JUDGMENT BAR.

chocaburg, the Philadelphia Forger, Re turns Home to Die. PHILADELPHIA, September 22 .- The ormer friends and associates of Emil L. Schoenberg, the fugitive forger who fled from the city about three years ago after fleecing John F. Betz, the millionaire brewer, and other business men out of a large sum of money, were given a shock this morning by reading the announcement in one of the morning papers of his death at his residence in this city on Friday last, and noticed that his funeral would take

place on Tuesday.

When Schoenberg's crooked financial transactions could no longer be hidden he decamped from the city about three years ago, and was supposed to have gone to the far West. He was seen at the Grand Pa-cific Hotel at Chicago after his departure, but from that time all trace of him was lost, and nobody but his family knew of his refurn to the city until the announcement of his death. It is supposed that he was stricken by his disease, and in remorse came back to Philadelphia to die.

A FEUD ENDS IN MURDER.

A Struggle for the Possessien of a Fortune

CHICAGO, September 22 .- To-night a young man named Kessler fatally shot his brother-in-law Richner. The tragedy is the sequel of an elopement from which grew a family feud. Kessler's sister, who had a fortune of \$100,000, was said to be weak-minded, and Richner, in marrying her, was accused of being attracted solely by her

Legal struggles and personal encounters between Richner and young Kessler have been frequent, the latest prior to this even-ing being in a court room where Richner, apparently to place the brother-in-law in a ridiculous light, emptied a small sack of flour on his head.

GIGANTIC LAND SCHEME.

The Town of Pullman to be Excelled by Northwestern City.

MINNEAPOLIS, September 22 .- A land scheme, the most gigantic ever formed in the Northwest, has come to the surface in Minneapolis. About 3,000 acres, at a cost of \$1,750,000, have been bought near the city limits on three trunk railway lines. The land will be built up with manufactories and mechanics' houses, somewhat after the plan of Pullman, Ill., only on a much

It is estimated that \$7,000,000 will be the cost of the land and improvements. Factories employing an aggregate of about 1,000 hands are already secured and others are coming. The leading men of the city are in the deal.

MURDERED BY A BOY.

George Schaefer was Called Crazy and Shot His Offender.

Sr. Louis, September 22.—Harry Grat ton, 25 years of age, was shot and killed last evening by George Schaefer, a boy of 20 years. The exact cause of the killing is not known, but young Schaefer's parents say that their son is quite weak minded and that Gratton has on previous occasions treated him very badly, and threatened to

kill him.

Last night Gratton went to Schaefer's house and angered him by calling him Crazy George. The boy rushed out of the a rage, and a moment or two afterward Gratton was shot. Schaefer gave himself up a couple of hours later, saying that he shot Gratton.

THE SIGNALMAN'S FAULT.

Blame for the Reading Railroad Horrer Fixed by the Jury. READING, September 22 .- The jury im paneled by Coroner Hoffman to-day heard

the testimony of the coal train crew concern-

ing the fatal accident at Shoemakersville on Friday evening by which 21 persons were killed and some 30 injured. The verdict was that the accident was due The verdict was that the accident was due to the negligence of the signal man of engine 347, who remained in his caboose while the train was slowing up instead of getting off and placing the proper signals in such a manner as to enable the engineer of the train following sufficient time to bring his train to a ston.

WON'T WORK WITH SCABS. Chicago Stockyard's Men Go Out on

CHICAGO, September 22 .- All the enfineers and firemen employed by the new switching association at the stockyards quit work this afternoon. Their claim is that two of the men are scabs, and that they cannot work with them.

Fifteen engines are idle and all the work of switching, is at a stand-still.

LONDON, September 22.—Cyprus is suffering from a scarcity of silver coin. The Government prohibits the importation of silver,

here to-day with a new quick-firing gun of MANY VACANT CHAIRS

In Reed's Branch of Congress, but None for Mr. Langston Yet.

REPUBLICANS CAN'T GET A QUORUM

THE TARIFF BILL IN A SAD TANGLE.

Senator Quay Looking After the Appropriation for the New

Postoffice.

Bitter End.

Prof. Langston, the colored gentle-man from Virginia, is not yet a member of Congress. The Democrats obstinately broke a quorum again yesterday, and the Republicans were unable to secure one of their own. A caucus was held, and it was decided to attempt no other business until the

case is settled.

LYROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT 1 WASHINGTON, September 22,-Contrary to all expectations, the quorum of Republicans promised on Saturday did not make itself apparent to-day, and, after failing to muster enough to do business by a persistent "call" of the House, an adjournment was taken, and the Republicans went into a council of war to try and find means to get hold of and publish deserters. Among the absentees to-day were McCormick and Brosius, of Pennsylvania, both of whom are at home looking after their campaign, but it must be said of them that they remained at their post till it became evident nothing would be done until others returned, and

Why the Republican leaders do not declare all pairs off and command the return of the absentees under penalty of a heavy fine is apparently a mystery to everybody but those leaders, and it has been more than hinted that those same leaders do not care whether a quorum assembles or not, and are willing that the Langston-Venable case shall drag along until an agreement is reached on the tariff bill, when the latter measure will be passed, and adjournment reached without further legislation. Whether this be true or not, the most prominent of this be true or not, the most prominent of the Bepublican members are certainly viewing the situation with great equanimity. This explanation of the matter is rather borne out than contradicted by the refusal of the caucus this afternoon to adopt any measure more severe than persuasion to induce absent members to return, and the determination expressed to go on with the election contest—that is, to "go on" as they have been going on, accomplishing nothing. The probabilities are that not only that those members now absent will be allowed to remain away, but that others will go, with the understanding that they will ap-

to be voted upon. Then it is possible the vote will be taken on the election case, as there is nothing to do to end it but to get a quorum and call the roll, the previous question being ordered.

LIGHTNER. TO BUY MORE LAND.

pear instanter when the tariff bill is ready

More Than Six Million Dollars to be Paid to the Indians. WASHINGTON, September 22.—From the House Indian Committee a bill was to-day and Chicasaw nation of Indians for title in fee simple to 6,201,633 acres of land in the Indian Territory, being land which the In-dians in 1866 leased to the United States for the especial purpose of locating other friendly Indians in freedom thereon. Of

the amount to be paid, the Choctows are to receive three-fourths and the Chicasaws one-The report accompanying the bill depre-cates the laud as leased lands, and says that there can hardly be any doubt as to the title to it being vested in the Indians. Of the lands to be ceded to the United States, 427,201 acres are to be set apart to be given

to the Indians, under the provisions of the land in severalty act. BLAIR'S COLD WATER IDEA

Aired for a While in the Senate, but

Vote Yet Reached. WASHINGTON, September 22 .- In the Senate to-day the joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States in relation to the manufacture, importation, exportation, transportation and sale of alcoholic liquors, having been eached on the calendar, Mr. Blaine, who had reported it from the Committee on Education and Labor, called for a vote on it. Mr. Cockrell asked that the report be read. While the report was being read, Mr. Stewart suggested that the reading would occupy too much time, but Mr. Blair thought the Senate might well devote a short time to a subject that was not to be trifled with. The reading of the report having occupied what was left of the hour assigned to the calendar, no vote was taken

on the joint resolution.

THAT LITTLE APPROPRIATION

For the Pittsburg Postoffice Can be Acted Upon Any Day. IFROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. WASHINGTON, September 22 .- During he hour devoted by the Senate to-day to the consideration of measures on the caler dar, the bill making appropriation for heating apparatus, elevators and approaches for the public building at Pittsburg, was reached in the regular order, when Senator Quay arose and suggested that the bill "go over without prejudice, retaining its place

on the calendar It can be acted upon any day during the "calendar hour," and when most convenient will be called up by the Senator and passed.

A RELLIGERENT MEMBER

stroduces a Proposition to Pine the Quorum Brenkers. WASHINGTON, September 22. - Repre entative Moore, of New Hampshire, to-day introduced in the House the following res

Intion: That the Committee on Rules be instruc That the Committee on Rules of Instructed to be post an additional rule: Rule XLVI.: Contempt of the House—When a call of the House discloses the presence of a quorum, any member absenting himself on the succeeding rollcall for the purpose of breaking a quorum shall be arraigned at the bar of the House and fined in a sum not exceeding \$500.

WITHDRAWN THEIR PROTEST.

Chicago Business Men Now Favor t Torrey Bankruptcy Measure. WASHINGTON, September 22.-Twenty five business firms in various lines of trade in Chicago, headed by Henry W. King & Co., who heretofore protested against the passage of the Torrey bankrupt bill, have withdrawn their names from the protest and requested the immediate enactment of the bill. Senator Cullom to-day presented the

Another Big Purchase of Silver. WASHINGTON, September 22, - The LEFT OFF THE LIST.

THREE CENTS.

One Case That the Grand Jury Won't Have to Consider Just Now.

NOT YET COMMITTED FOR COURT TRIAL.

An unusual occurrence was yesterday discovered in time for Judge White to prevent a friendless boy from being deprived of his liberty without a trial. Pending Harry Breckenridge's trial before a magistrate on a peculiar charge of horse stealing, his case was brought before the grand jury. The Court and Assistant District Attorney had the case struck off the list upon learning the

What, unless it can be explained away, eems to be a high-handed outrage, is told regarding an orphan boy of 18. The story is

ver was sent for by a boy in jail named Farry Breckenridge. The boy stated that he I been working for a farmer near Clinton. a bis county, for six weeks, getting in pay
ler, which he traded to a man named
lers for a pony, and that he subse-Was Held Yesterday Because of the or sold the pony for \$20. He had it to the farm of a man named by where he was working at the time, he left there, it is alleged, som e totd Campbell that the a had been stolen, and that unless he part of the boy he would get into trouble 'f. Accordingly he made an 'f. Accordingly he made an

> township, with horse stealing. The accused was arrested while working on the Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railway, and being fatherless and motherless, and a waif on the community, he was unable to get bail and sent to jail, it was at first supposed merely to hold him until a hearing

Armed with this presentation of the case the Pittsburg attorney went before Judge White and made a statement. The judge replied that he would release the boy if the lawyer would go on his bond for \$300 for

the bone of contention. A report was cur-rent this morning that the iron and steel IMPERIAL, PA., September 20, 1886, 2:30 P. M. Hearing continued from Friday until Mosmen are not satisfied with the concession made by the Senate conferees, and are demade by the Senate conterees, and are de-manding the restoration of the rates fixed by the House. They are threatening, it is said, if their demands are not granted, to defeat the bill. The Northwestern Senators inter-ested in free binding twine are using their influence with the others to place a cent a round on the article. Some of the interny, by prosecutor, 1 P. M. HARRY BRECKENRIDGE.

and was regularly held for court, and he as-The attorney states that he does not kn that Campbell meant any wrong, but the coming before the grand jury, he thinks, coming before the grand jury, was irregular in the highest degree, if, as stated by the boy, the case had not yet been

HAS NO SHOW AT ALL armor plate tests were completed to-day at As that body only hears one side of a case, of course a defendant has no show at all before it. When the evidence is plain Annapolis. To-day's results only strengthen and straightforward, and on so grave a charge as stealing, it is thought a friendless armor to the French material, and inciboy ought to be allowed all the legal lati-

pulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor."

The State Constitution makers considered this provision of so much importance that they inserted it in the declaration of rights, the foundation on which the superstructure was built. In section 9 of article 1 is found the following language: "In all criminal prosecutions the accused hath a right to be heard by himself and his counsel, to demand the nature and cause of the accusation against him, to meet the witnesses face to face,

and to have compulsory process for obtain ing witnesses in his favor." Subsequent proceedings may put a better appearance on what now seems highly irregular, but if mistakes of the kind alleged in this case are to occur much more fre-quently than at present, they will furnish a strong argument in favor of the proposition to abolish the office of Justice of the Peace as at present constituted, and substitute fewer magistrates and have them learned in the law. However, there is no irregularity alleged against the Magistrate in the pres-

AT THE HEAD OF THE WORLD.

Our Supremacy Over Great Britain in Iron Production Acknowledged.

The invitation reached the Mayor through the American Institute of Mining Engineers and was signed by Abraham S. Hewitt, President, and R. W. Raymond, Secretary. It reads: "The period of this dinner is peculiarly significant, meaning as at does, the advance of the United States to the rank heretofore held by Great Britain at the head of the iron and steel producing nations of the world, a fact of such international importance as to deserve appropriate tional importance as to deserve appropriate recognition on the part of statesmen, as it will undoubtedly receive extended comment

BAD INDIANS UNDERGROUND.

this arrest.

The prosecution found they had no case, but it is not improbable that O'Brien will be arrested to-morrow on a new charge. What the nature of the charge will be has not yot been divulged. PIERRE, S. DAK., September 23 .- The Indians on the Sioux reservation are daily expecting the coming of Christ. Heis, they suppose, to cover the earth with a stratum of hunting ground" on carth,

JUDGE WHITE SAYS IT MUSTN'T. Rather Peculiar Attempt to Steal a March on a Friendless Boy

Harry Breckenridge Saved From a Horse-Stealing

related as follows: Last Monday or Tuesday a Pittsburg law-

informa .. against Breckenridge, charging of the Republican conferees to consult him before 'Squire Matchett, of Findlay

AN APPEAL TO COURT.

his appearance when wanted. This he did, and notified young Breekenridge to keep him posted as to the time of hearing. On Saturday evening the lawyer received the following telegram:

Yesterday morning the attorney who had necrested himself in the youth was astonished to learn that the prosecutor, with his wit-nesses, was on hand and the boy's case was up for a hearing by the grand jury. He rushed around until he found Assistant District Attorney Haymaker, and imformed him of the state of affairs. Mr. Haymaker supposed that the boy had had his hearing sured the counsel that the case would not come before the grand jury irregularly, and it was marked off the list for the time being.

heard by the committing magistrate, the time for which was fixed for yesterday at 1

tude possible in the explanation of the cirlished beyond dispute. Whether this view will be accepted by English ex-perts remains to be seen. Similar

rumstances.
The story would appear almost incredible, were it not told by one of the leading and responsible attorneys at the Allegheny county bar, as both the United States and the State of Pennsylvania are very explicit as to the rights of persons charged with crime. In Article 6, of amendments to the Federal Constitution, it is said that "in all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to be confronted with the witnesses against him, and to have com-

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE) NEW YORK, September 22. - Mayor Grant received an invitation to-day to dine with the delegates of the British Iron and Steel Institute, who are coming over here next month. The invitation is extended by the council of the Iron and Steel Institute of Great Britain, of which Sir James Kilstron, baronet, is president. The dinner will be at Delmonico's on the night of October 2. The invitation reached the Mayor through

during the approaching meeting on the part of American and foreign technical experts."

Red Men Looking for Christ to Cover the Earth With Soil.

CHICAGO, September 22. - Michael Smith, alias New Orleans Murphy, who is wanted in Duluth for a murder committed on July 12, was arrested here this morning and is held pending the arrival of an officer from Duluth,