

VOTE on Popular Topics at THE DISPATCH Exposition. Fourth Page of this issue. Business Men find the Best Advertising Medium in THE DISPATCH.

The Dispatch

WANTS of all kinds are quickly answered through THE DISPATCH. Investors and business men find the Best Advertising Medium in THE DISPATCH.

FORTY-FIFTH YEAR.

PITTSBURG, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1890.

THREE CENTS.

BOTH OUT FOR 1892.

Battle Between Blaine and Reed Already On in the Pine Tree State.

A FIGHT FOR SUPREMACY

Which Will Decide the Control of the Delegation to the National Convention.

A SENATORSHIP ALSO AT STAKE.

The Flamed Knight in the Most Perfect Health and Ready to Make the Struggle of His Life.

DELAMATER VISITS CHESTER COUNTY.

All Indications Now Point to a Sensing Convention of the Pennsylvania League of Republican Clubs.

POLITICS THROUGHOUT THE STATE AND NATION

The returns of the Maine election are scarcely in, and already a new campaign has commenced. This one is entirely inside the Republican ranks. It is now openly admitted that both Secretary Blaine and Speaker Reed are candidates for the Presidential nomination. The struggle for supremacy in the State will be an interesting one.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.
AUGUSTA, Me., September 22.—Many things have happened since it was first announced in THE DISPATCH months ago that the Plumed Knight was about to once more take an active part in politics. Three things are now perfectly clear to the people of Maine:

First—That Mr. Blaine is now in the field for 1892.
Second—That Speaker Reed has determined to try for the Republican Presidential nomination for '92; and
Third—That the differences between Mr. Blaine and Mr. Reed are to be fought out in open battle from this time on, and that the supremacy of Mr. Blaine in Maine politics is to be tested.

Research of All He Survived.
It is hard for any person who has not lived in Maine to appreciate what all this means. It is difficult to realize what it is to live in a community where the wish of an individual has for years and years been absolute law; where ambitious aspirants for office have stepped aside because Mr. Blaine had another candidate; where an unknown private citizen has been made Governor of the State because Mr. Blaine named him; where old-line Republicans have been denied re-nomination because they disobeyed orders, and where the Legislature has awaited the nod of one man before it dared to make a bill a law.

This has been the situation in Maine ever since the Morrill party went out of power. Mr. Blaine has been the hope and pride of the State, and his elevation to the Presidency has meant the realization of the dreams of thousands of its citizens. Men who are now contenting themselves with such State offices as have been within his power to give have longed for the time when the whole length and breadth of the Federal patronage should be opened to their grasp with Mr. Blaine as Chief Executive. To antagonize him meant to dissipate all hopes for the future.

Why They Turn to Reed.
But Mr. Blaine has tried and lost. He is now advancing in years and his friends are losing faith. Just at this juncture a new staff of hope has arisen, and with mingled feelings of State pride and Maine's second distinguished son and loyalty for the old leader the people have turned their eyes on Speaker Reed.

All this Mr. Blaine sees and understands. He has held the party in Maine in his grasp because no other man has had the courage to dispute his supremacy. But the time has come now when Mr. Reed feels equal to the struggle, and the first note of warning to the Blaine-Manley faction to keep their hands off was sounded by Congressman Boutelle in the leading Republican organ of Eastern Maine.

Mr. Blaine is still at his summer home at Bar Harbor, but his stay this season has been by no means a vacation. He has anxiously watched Speaker Reed's progress in the House of Representatives, and he has formulated his reciprocity scheme—the first notification the people of Maine say, that he is unmistakably in line for 1892.

Blaine is Perfect Physical Health.
Whatever may have been his condition in Italy after the chill he received in the St. Gothard Tunnel in the summer of 1887, there can be no doubt of his robust physical condition at the present time. He has not aged in appearance since the memorable campaign of 1880, and whatever truth there may have been in former reports of the peculiar pallor of his face, they are certainly not true now.

Mr. Blaine impresses the observer with the fact that he is a man but little beyond the prime of life. He is alert, quick in his movements and converses with the almost nervous energy of an enthusiast. His utterances are punctuated with frequent generalizations and his conversation is not the languid chat of a person in ill health.

Mr. Blaine came here this summer for his vacation. But he brought with him all the executive cares of the State Department. He is as actively in command of the Foreign Bureau at the present moment, and has been held in Washington through the hot months.

DELAMATER IN CHESTER.

THE REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE WARMLY RECEIVED.

He Shakes Many Persons by the Hand and Talks of Party Fealty and Duty—A Name of Place Briefly Visited.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.
WEST CHESTER, September 22.—Senator Delamater arrived at Coatesville this morning about 9 o'clock and was quite enthusiastically received by a committee of the prominent Republican citizens of the place, with Senator A. D. Harlan in the lead. The band turned out and headed the procession from the train through some of the principal streets, and upon arriving at the Opera House a reception was held, when the number held in respect to the Senator was about 900. He was escorted to the visitor and shook him cordially by the hand. The Senator made a brief speech, in which he referred to the need of Republican success, and defined the duty of true Republicans in order to achieve a victory which was theirs if they but set their faces firmly for the right and against the wrong.

He was shown through the several iron works of the place by a committee appointed by the Republican politicians. Leaving Coatesville about noon he went up the Pennsylvania Railroad to Parkersburg, where a number had assembled to greet him and there he remained a short time. Taking a private carriage with Colonel Gallacher, Chairman Snyder, Hon. J. B. Robinson, T. E. Byre, George R. Hughes, George Fargis, D. S. Talbot and several others, he started for Oxford by Cochransville. At the latter place a short stop was made to meet a number of the people of the village and neighboring districts, and in the evening a few of them as to party fealty and the duties of the hour the carriages were sought again and the trip continued by Hagerstown until Oxford was reached. A large and enthusiastic meeting was held in the public hall, and where a reception lasting several hours took place.

The meeting was a flattering one, and the various friends of the reception in full harmony with what the committee had hoped for it, and Sheriff Gallagher and County Chairman Dr. W. P. Snyder voted the right of the Senator to Chester county a marked success.

A BIG TIME EXPECTED.

Arrangements for the Convention of the State League of Clubs.
SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.
PHILADELPHIA, September 22.—President Stuart, of the Republican State League, and a large corps of clerks were kept busy all day and to-night receiving and registering the out-of-town delegations to the convention of clubs to be held at the Academy of Music to-morrow. Visitors to the headquarters at times made the hall impassable, and the run on tickets by those who desire to hear the speakers of national prominence, such as Speaker Reed, Major Richard A. Hays, Governor H. C. Folger, and John M. Thurston, President of the National League, was immense. All persons were instructed to be at the Academy building at 10 o'clock, and the various committees who wish seats will have to be on hand unusually early.

Pittsburg will be represented by a larger delegation than any city in the league, with the exception of Philadelphia. The delegation will consist of 60 members, among whom are Assistant Postmaster Albert J. Edwards, of Pittsburg; Wm. H. McCleary, of Pittsburg; J. M. H. Hays, of Pittsburg; J. Adams, Colonel Brady, of the Tariff Club; Colonel W. H. Reed, of the American Club; John N. Neib, candidate for State Senator; J. R. Hays, Jr., of Pittsburg; J. M. Hays, Chief of Police of Allentown; and Robert H. Lindsay, of the Home Market Club. Their headquarters will be at the Girard Hotel, and the Secretary of the League, Robert H. Lindsay, is located.

A DANGEROUS MAN DROPS OUT.
Popular Captain Cosgrove Refuses the Democratic Nomination.
SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.
BRADDOCK, September 22.—Captain Thomas Cosgrove, superintendent of the transportation department and of the laboring force at the Edgar Thomson Steel Works, has sent in his positive refusal of the nomination for State Legislature for the Eighth district.

The letter was sent to Democratic headquarters to-day, and gives as a reason the many duties of the office of Mr. Cosgrove. He was unanimously endorsed at the convention, and the Secretary made him a dangerous man to the Republicans here.

ENDED IN A TIE.
No Choice Made by the Democratic Convention at Oil City.
SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.
OIL CITY, September 22.—The Democratic conference of Venango and Warren counties met in the Arlington Hotel this evening, at which the names of John D. Day, of the Amenity Company in Tipperary, has been for some time in communication with an Englishman of much eminence in Birmingham, who had discovered startling proofs that Daly was the intended victim of a plot organized by Irish police emissaries under the authority of the chief constable of the police district of London. The chief constable, Mr. O'Brien, says, has made a full confession, and his statement has been sent to Home Secretary Matthews.

THE ANTI-SLAVERY CONFERENCE.
The anti-slavery conference was opened to-day. President Keller welcomed the delegates. His welcome to the British delegates was especially warm. Great Britain, he said, was a great nation and had done much for civilization. He declared that the Mohammedan religion was incapable of civilizing Africa and that only Christianity could do so. He urged the congress to arouse such a movement throughout the world as would definitely end slavery. Cardinal Lavigne will address the conference to-morrow.

HEIR HONOR MUST BE UPHOLD.
LONDON.—The newspapers here, in announcing the arrival of a British squadron at Mozambique, say that the Cabinet has sent a cable dispatch to the Governor of Mozambique informing him of the resignation of the ministry and advising him to receive the British Admiral who has just arrived as a representative of a friendly nation. If the admiral, however, should attempt to infringe the status quo it is recommended that the Governor use his own discretion in upholding the honor of Portugal.

A SHOT AT THE MCKINLEY BILL.
LONDON.—The News says the proposal to hold a series of popular meetings here in opposition to the McKinley bill is worthy only of the wisecracks of protection. The effect of the McKinley bill must be to weaken American competition in the world's markets and to confer the commercial supremacy of the British people.

FINANCE MINISTER TELLS ON THE MCKINLEY TARIFF BILL.
OTTAWA, September 22.—The Hon. George F. Foster, Finance Minister, in an address delivered at Sherbrooke to-day, said that Canadians had no reason to quarrel with the United States for enacting the McKinley bill. He thought it was in their interest to do so. Much as Canada must regret that some plan of reciprocity could not have been substituted in its place, Canada must take this as a great utterance of the Republican party. He admitted that the McKinley bill would temporarily disrupt trade, but he believed it would only divert it into British channels.

THE FINANCE MINISTER TELLS ON THE MCKINLEY TARIFF BILL.
OTTAWA, September 22.—The Hon. George F. Foster, Finance Minister, in an address delivered at Sherbrooke to-day, said that Canadians had no reason to quarrel with the United States for enacting the McKinley bill. He thought it was in their interest to do so. Much as Canada must regret that some plan of reciprocity could not have been substituted in its place, Canada must take this as a great utterance of the Republican party. He admitted that the McKinley bill would temporarily disrupt trade, but he believed it would only divert it into British channels.

NEW WEAPON TESTED.
MANGROVE.—Experiments were made here to-day with a new quick-firing gun of 53 centimeters caliber in the presence of officers from America, England, Russia and other countries. France was not represented. Fifty shots a minute were fired, and the trial was a great success.

REBELLION IN INDIA.
CALCUTTA.—A revolt having broken out in Canbay, Guzerat, against taxation, troops were sent to the scene to restore order. In an encounter between the troops and a mob 13 persons were killed, 25 injured and 200 made prisoners of the rebels.

A TRIO OF CARDINALS.

One Representing the Church in America, Soon to be Created.

SCOTLAND ALSO TO BE HONORED.

London Laborers Contributing to the Australian Strike.

GEN. BOULANGER WILL WRITE A BOOK

Regarding the Socialism of Corruption Made Against Him.

It is announced that three new Cardinals, one each for England, Scotland and America, will be appointed. There has been no Scotch Cardinal since the time of the late Cardinal Stewart. General Boulanger has announced his intention of becoming an author.

REBELLION IN INDIA.
CALCUTTA.—A revolt having broken out in Canbay, Guzerat, against taxation, troops were sent to the scene to restore order. In an encounter between the troops and a mob 13 persons were killed, 25 injured and 200 made prisoners of the rebels.

NO ROOM FOR CHINESE.
ST. PETERSBURG.—The Russian minister says that China has secured no success in her trans-Baltic trade that the Governor of the district has petitioned Russia to prohibit the immigration of Chinese.

HEAVY PROTECTIVE DUTIES.
BUENOS AYRES.—Minister Roca states that the Government will provide for the payment of the interest on provincial loans. The last Scotch Cardinal was H. R. H., the Cardinal Duke of York, who was the last member of the Stuart dynasty.

WANTED TO BE EXECUTED.
A Young Mother Who Committed Murder is Attempting Suicide.
BERLIN, September 22.—Louise Lockhoff, a servant girl, was charged at the assizes here to-day with killing her baby by jumping into the river with it, with the intention of committing suicide. She was sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment. As soon as she heard her punishment she begged and demanded to be executed instead of being imprisoned, as she would not be able to find any employment when she was released from prison.

AN OLD CUSTOM REVIVED.
The Servants Own the Chastens on the Day of a Wedding.
PARIS, September 22.—Pierre Loti, a millionaire of Rochefort-en-Terre, Morbihan, has earned no little notoriety by last week reverting to an ancient custom of Brittany. On the occasion of the marriage of his daughter, the magnificent dining hall of his chateau de la Penne was filled with his guests, and denning a white apron, waited upon them, while Mme. Loti assisted her husband, and their young son filled the role of page of honor.

BOULANGER AN AUTHOR.
He Will Reply to the Attacks Against Him in Book Form.
PARIS, September 22.—General Boulanger, preparing a reply to the attacks on him that have recently appeared in the Figaro, it will be published in book form, and will only occupy 200 pages, and will be printed in London in French and English.

HELPING THE AUSTRALIAN STRIKERS.
LONDON, September 22.—The water-laborers of London are contributing ten pence daily to the Australian strike fund, and the collection is being pushed with vigor. Many of the trades unions are responding to the appeal from Australia for aid, and John Burns says £3,000 has been already raised.

STARTLING PROOFS DISCOVERED.
Daly Said to be the Victim of Plotting Irish Emissaries.
LONDON, September 22.—William O'Brien has written a letter to the papers, in which he says that Secretary John D. Day, of the Amenity Company in Tipperary, has been for some time in communication with an Englishman of much eminence in Birmingham, who had discovered startling proofs that Daly was the intended victim of a plot organized by Irish police emissaries under the authority of the chief constable of the police district of London. The chief constable, Mr. O'Brien, says, has made a full confession, and his statement has been sent to Home Secretary Matthews.

MURDERED BY A BOY.
George Schaefer was Killed by a Boy of 20 Years.
ST. LOUIS, September 22.—Harry Gratton, 25 years of age, was shot and killed last evening by George Schaefer, a boy of 20 years. The exact cause of the killing is not known, but young Schaefer's parents say that Gratton has a quite weak minded disposition, and that he had been treated by his father very badly, and threatened to kill him.

THE SIGNALMAN'S FAULT.
Blame for the Hendon Railroad Horror Fixed by the Jury.
READING, September 22.—The jury impaneled by Coroner Hoffman to-day heard the testimony of the coal train crew concerning the fatal accident at Shoemakersville on Friday evening by which 21 persons were killed and some 30 injured. The verdict was that the accident was due to the negligence of the signal man of engine 347, who remained in his caboose while the train was being started, and in so doing placed the proper signals in such a manner as to enable the engineer of the train following sufficient time to bring his train to a stop.

WONT WORK WITH SCABS.
Chicago Stockyard's Men Go Out on a Strike.
CHICAGO, September 22.—All the engineers and firemen employed by the new switching association at the stockyards quit work this afternoon. Their claim is that they will not work with scabs, and that they cannot work with them.

WITHDRAWN THEIR PROTEST.
Chicago Business Men Now Favor the Torrey Bankrupt Measure.
WASHINGTON, September 22.—Twenty-five business firms in various lines of trade in Chicago, headed by Henry W. King & Co., who heretofore protested against the passage of the Torrey bankrupt bill, have withdrawn their names from the protest and requested the immediate enactment of the bill. Senator Callahan to-day presented the petition.

ANOTHER BIG PURCHASE OF SILVER.
WASHINGTON, September 22.—The amount of silver offered for sale to the Treasury to-day aggregated 1,035,000 ounces, and the amount purchased 250,000 ounces.

MANY VACANT CHAIRS.

In Reed's Branch of Congress, but None for Mr. Langston Yet.

REPUBLICANS CAN'T GET A QUORUM

But Decide to Continue the Struggle to the Bitter End.

THE TARIFF BILL IN A SAD TANGLE.

Senator Quay Looking After the Appropriation for the New Postoffice.

Prof. Langston, the colored gentleman from Virginia, is not yet a member of Congress. The Democrats obstinately broke a quorum again yesterday, and the Republicans were unable to secure one of their own. A caucus was held, and it was decided to attempt no other business until the case is settled.

FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.
WASHINGTON, September 22.—Contrary to all expectations, the quorum of Republicans promised on Saturday did not make itself apparent to-day, and, after failing to muster enough to do business by a persistent "call" of the House, an adjournment was taken, and the Republicans went into a council of war to try and find means to get hold of and publish a quorum.

WHY THE REPUBLICAN LEADERS DO NOT DECLARE ALL PAIRS OF HANDS AND COMMAND THE RETURN OF THE ABSENTS UNDER PENALTY OF A HEAVY FINE IS APPARENTLY A MYSTERY TO EVERYBODY BUT THOSE LEADERS, AND IT HAS BEEN MORE THAN HINTED THAT THESE LEADERS DO NOT CARE WHETHER A QUORUM ASSEMBLES OR NOT, AND ARE WILLING THAT THE LANGSTON-VENABLE CASE SHALL DRAG ALONG UNTIL AN AGREEMENT IS REACHED ON THE TARIFF BILL, WHEN THE LATTER MEASURE WILL BE PASSED, AND ADJOURNMENT REACHED WITHOUT CONSIDERATION OF WHETHER THIS IS TRUE OR NOT, THE MOST PROMINENT OF THE REPUBLICAN MEMBERS ARE CERTAINLY VIEWING THE SITUATION WITH GREAT EQUANIMITY.

TO BUY MORE LAND.
More Than Six Million Dollars to be Paid to the Indians.
WASHINGTON, September 22.—From the House of Representatives a bill was to-day reported to pay \$6,211,625 to the Choctaw and Chickasaw nations of Indians for title in fee simple of 6,201,633 acres of land in the Indian Territory, being land which the Indians in 1869 leased to the United States for the special purpose of locating other friendly Indians in freedom thereon. Of the amount to be paid, the Choctaws are to receive three-fourths and the Chickasaws one-fourth.

ENGLISH ARMOR NOT IN IT.
The French Plates Prove Far Superior Under a Severe Test.
WASHINGTON, September 22.—The steel armor plate tests were completed to-day at Annapolis. To-day's results only strengthen into judgment the opinion invited by Thurston's firing. The Northwestern Senators interested in the opening debate on the adoption of the conference report and the final passage of the bill by the House.

BLAIR'S COLD WATER IDEA.
Alred for a While in the Senate, but No Vote Yet Reached.
WASHINGTON, September 22.—In the Senate to-day the joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States in relation to the manufacture, importation, exportation, transportation and sale of alcoholic liquors, having been reached on the calendar, Mr. Blaine, who had reported it from the Committee on Education and Labor, called for a vote on it.

THAT LITTLE APPROPRIATION.
For the Pittsburg Postoffice Can be Acted Upon Any Day.
WASHINGTON, September 22.—During the hour devoted by the Senate to-day to the consideration of measures on the calendar, the bill making appropriation for heat, lighting apparatus, elevators and approaches for the public building at Pittsburg, was reached in the regular order, when Senator Quay arose and suggested that the bill "go over without prejudice, retaining its place on the calendar."

TO BE FINISHED BY NEW YEAR.
Work Pushed Forward on the B. & O. R. Road.
BALTIMORE, September 22.—The Akron and Chicago Junction Railroad, which is being built for the Baltimore and Ohio Company, will be completed by January 1. The road extends from Akron to Chicago Junction, 73 miles, and will give the Baltimore and Ohio a port route from Pittsburg.

OBRIEN GOES FREE.
The Prosecution Abandons Its Case But May Try Again.
MONTREAL, September 22.—As foreseen this morning, the prosecution has decided to abandon the case against E. N. O'Brien for libeling Prince George of Wales in the story published in American papers about his visit to the city.

RED INDIANS UNDERGROUND.
Red Men Looking for Christ to Cover the Earth With Hell.
PIERRE, S. DAK., September 22.—The Indians on the Sioux reservation are daily expecting the coming of Christ. He, they say, will come to cover the earth with a stratum of sulphur 30 feet deep, overlying every body but the good Indians, and will spring a trap to the surface to find a veritable "happy hunting ground" on earth.

LEFT OFF THE LIST.

One Case That the Grand Jury Won't Have to Consider Just Now.

JUDGE WHITE SAYS IT MUSTN'T.

Rather Peculiar Attempt to Steal a March on a Friendless Boy.

NOT YET COMMITTED FOR COURT TRIAL.

Harry Breckenridge Saved from a Horse-Stealing Infringement.

An unusual occurrence was yesterday discovered in time for Judge White to prevent a friendless boy from being deprived of his liberty without a trial. Pending Harry Breckenridge's trial before a magistrate on a peculiar charge of horse stealing, his case was brought before the grand jury. The Court and Assistant District Attorney had the case struck off the list upon learning the facts.

What, unless it can be explained away, seems to be a high-handed outrage, is told regarding an orphan boy of 13. The story is related as follows:
Last Monday or Tuesday a Pittsburg lawyer went for a boy in jail named Campbell. He had been working for a farmer near Clinton, Mo., for six weeks, getting in pay for his work, but for a time named Campbell, which he tried to do, and that he subsequently sold the pony for \$20. He had it to the farm of a man named _____, where he was working at the time, as he left there, it is alleged, some time ago. Campbell, that the farmer had been stealing, and that he had sold the boy to get into trouble. Accordingly he made an informal charge against Breckenridge, charging him before "Squire Metchett, of Findlay township, with horse stealing.

The accused was arrested while working on the Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railway, and being fatherless and motherless, and a wall on the community, he was unable to get bail and sent to jail, it was first supposed merely to hold him until a hearing had had.

AN APPEAL TO COURT.
Armed with this presentation of the case the Pittsburg attorney went before Judge White and made a statement. The judge replied that he would release the boy if the lawyer would go on his bond for \$300 for his appearance when wanted. This he did, and notified young Breckenridge to keep him posted as to the time of hearing.

On Saturday evening the lawyer received the following letter from BRECKENRIDGE:
I hereby appeal from the order of the court made before the grand jury irregularly, and it is requested that you will see to it that the boy is released from the time being. The attorney states that he has not yet been heard by the committing magistrate, the time for which was fixed for yesterday at 1 P. M.

HAS NO SHOW AT ALL.
As that body only hears one side of a case, of course a defendant has no show at all in a preliminary hearing, and straight-forward, and on so grave a charge as stealing, it is thought a friendless boy ought to be allowed all the legal latitude possible in the explanation of the circumstances.

The story would appear almost incredible, were it not told by one of the leading and responsible attorneys at the Allegheny county bar, as both the United States and State of Pennsylvania are very exacting as to the rights of persons charged with crime. In Article 6, of amendments to the Federal Constitution, it is said that "in all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to be confronted with the witnesses against him, and to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor."

The Constitution makers considered this provision of so much importance that they inserted it in the declaration of rights, the foundation on which the superstructure was built. In section 9 of article 1 is found the following language: "In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall have a right to be heard by himself and his counsel, to demand the nature and cause of the accusation against him, to compel the production of witnesses in his favor."

Subsequent proceedings may put a better appearance on what is being reported, but irregular, but if mistakes of the kind frequently in this case are to occur much more frequently than at present, they will furnish a strong argument in favor of the proposition to abolish the practice of committing to the custody of the magistrate as at present constituted, and substitute fewer magistrates and have them learned in the law. However, there is no irregularity in the case against the Magistrate in the present case.

OUR SUPREMACY OVER GREAT BRITAIN IN IRON PRODUCTION ACKNOWLEDGED.
SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.
NEW YORK, September 22.—Mayor Grant received an invitation to-day to dine with the delegates of the British Iron and Steel Institute, who are coming over here next month. The invitation is extended by the council of the Iron and Steel Institute of Great Britain, of which Sir James Kilsron, baronet, is president. The dinner will be at Delmonico's on the night of October 2.

The invitation reached the Mayor through the American Institute of Mining Engineers, and was signed by Abraham S. Hewitt, President, and K. W. Raymond, Secretary. It reads: "The purpose of this dinner is to inaugurate a friendly meeting on the part of the advance of the United States to the rank heretofore held by Great Britain at the head of the iron and steel producing nations of the world, a fact of such international importance as to deserve appropriate recognition on the part of statesmen, as it will undoubtedly receive extended comment during the approaching meeting on the part of American and foreign technical experts."

NEW ORLEANS MARSHY CAPTURED.
CHICAGO, September 22.—Michael Smith, alias New Orleans Murphy, who is wanted in Duluth for a murder committed on July 12, was arrested here this morning and is being held pending the arrival of an officer from Duluth.

REDEEMED FROM A HORSE-STEALING INFRINGEMENT.
WASHINGTON, September 22.—The amount of silver offered for sale to the Treasury to-day aggregated 1,035,000 ounces, and the amount purchased 250,000 ounces.

REDEEMED FROM A HORSE-STEALING INFRINGEMENT.
WASHINGTON, September 22.—The amount of silver offered for sale to the Treasury to-day aggregated 1,035,000 ounces, and the amount purchased 250,000 ounces.