kept referring to its serried columns of fig-

from to-day," he read out, "at the Bank of France. Shortly afterward he asked me if I would care to play a game. I consented, although I was anxious to be off. I have often since compared myself on that occasion to the dog who gets a nice bone, and whose first impulse is to carry it away and enjoy it in some lonely spot. I wanted to be alone somewhere very tar off, to enjoy in solitude my delightful thoughts. Nevertheless, I ac-cepted the game. For some inscrutable reason I thought that extreme dissimulation was needful. I played the game, and, though I was very careless and inattentive, I won. When I had called out "Check-mate," Brunot said, "It is evidently my un-lucky day; but you may have noticed that I was not very attentive. I was thinking how pretty that arbor on the lawn would have

As soon as I had bidden my friend goodnight and found myself in the street my one impulse was to get back to my room as fast as might be and enter on the credit side of my private account book, under the paltry sums registered in it as the receipts, the splendid figure of £20,000. I do not think anything connected with my good fortune gave me more pleasure than the act of penmanship, performed with great deliberation and scrupulous neatness. By a piece of further good fortune, it happened that this sum came just at the bottom of the page, so that I had the turther pleasure of including it in the sum of my balance, and of carry-ing it majestically forward. When this was done I turned to go to bed, my usual hour for retiring having come. Suddenly, how-ever, as though a gadfly had stung me, I halted, turned round, caught up my hat, and rushed wildly from the room with my head on fire. When I came to myself, I found myself on the Louvre quay, walking | great prize, done no more than she was paid in the direction of the Place de la Concorde, and muttering to myself:

"Marie shall have 10,000 francs," Marie was the servant of the Maillards who had bought me the ticket. Yes, it was only fair that she should have andsome present, and would enable her to that project of hers of which the Maillards had often spoken to me, and to marry the waiter in the cafe in their house,

Yes, that was decided. "Marie shall have 10,000 francs." Perhaps 20,000 francs would toward her whenever we met. At one be a fair proportion, but too much money might cause her unhappiness, Ten thousand would suffice.

Then there was Brunot. Poor Brunot,

He was an old triend of mine-my only friend, indeed. Who more than he had a or not. claim on me? Certainly it would be difficult for me to give him a position equal to the one be had hoped for, and, at the same time, to do so might be to render him no pleased as if I had suddenly pocketed that real service at all. But what was to pre- sum. It was the money which had come to vent me buying him a little country house me as the reward for acting in a sensible near Paris, and placing a sufficient sum at his credit at the bank to enable him to keep it up. It could easily be done with 20,000? account at the bank. I then began to think at Brebant's.

About Celestine. It has since struck me as It was while enjoying my cigar and coffee to throw away my liberty almost as soon

how independent I was o' him, and how litcauce out of the room, slamming the door nunouncement everybody, including Brunot, would hear of my good fortune. I did not want that. I wanted to have the enjoyment of feeling that they thought me poor while I knew I was rich. Besides this, it would be absurd to let everybody know of my good fortune. I should never have a moment's sons. After all, there is no purer satisfac

in the morning and continue as in the past until I had come to a resolution.

Twenty thousand pounds-what a magnificent sum it was! Twenty thousand 20,000 francs.
pounds—that is to say, a sum representing With reference to the plans I had made what I should have earned at the the end of a period of 1,760 months at the salary that carried them out, and if neither my sister was being paid me-1,700 months, that is to say, 142 years. I had suddenly become good fortune, it was not because I regretted possessed of what would have taken me by my proposed liberality toward them, but bevorking close on one and a half century to amass, without deducting a single penny for my board, lodging, or other expenses my plan on their behalf until I had no during that period. It represented £1,000 a | means to carry it out. Indeed, it is perhaps year. I had a thousand pounds a year to the only consolation that now remains to me spend, or close on three pounds a day. It | that I did have the intention of helping rich man, a very rich man.

After walking aimlessly about for some

time totally taken up by my thoughts, I inviting them to share her bounties with suddenly turned homeward. As soon as I me. - Rob had reached my room I sat down at my table and prepared the letters in which I should announce to my friends the various gifts I destined for them. It was very pleasant work. The letters were anonymous, except the one that I addressed to my sister. I did not, however mention by what means was able to make such a comfortable alownnee for her. It pleased me to think that both she and my grandmother, who had a somewhat mediocre opinion of my capacity, might imagine that I had earned fortune in some clever way.

with the cheques for the several amounts.

I then went to bed. In the morning I convinced myself from

two at my desk that my opinion about the two persons in the office who usually occupied my thoughts had undergone a complete "These horses," said Mr. Zier, "are pied my thoughts had undergone a complete modification. These two were Brunot and my employer. I had always had a very friendly feeling for the former: I now found myself considering him with pity, which I fear was mingled with contempt. How ridiculous, indeed, it had been of him to expect to win, as if he had any right to win cause he had bought 30 tickets. Thirty tickets—a pretty claim they gave a man to expect 500,000 francs. Everybody rich at that rate. My employer I had ever regarded with great respect mingled with awe. His office was | lion I thought he'd break the bars. It was

well furnished; I knew him to be a rich like giving him leather. It was simply imman. How completely he had tallen in my estimation. Why, I could buy up the office, from the curtains to the sa'e, and not be from the curtains to the sa'e, and not be much the poorer. What could I have seen fit for use, we kill them and feed the meat in the man to excite my admiration? I do not suppose that he was worth so very much feast. They could stand goat meat every more than I was; and, besides, what fortune | day." or capital he had was invested in a some what risky business, whereas mine was in hard eash lying in the cellars of the Bank of France. I had been very patient to put up with his irritability as long as I had done. Did the man think that because he

I regret to-day, for the purposes of this document, that I did not set down day by day, if not hour by hour, the various reflections that occupied my mind. It is handsome colored woman,

paid me £12 a month I was body and soul

really extraordinary how, in my case at least, sudden transition from poverty to wealth completely modified my character. "The winners will be paid a month If I had been otherwise than a tair average are in a fair average specimen of the workaday man, neither blessed with greater capacities nor cursed with worse defects than the general run, the observations I have made would be of little observations I have made would be of little interest. But, considering myself fairly representative of bourgeois virtues and vices, my observations cannot be otherwise than of psychological value. It is extraordinary what a change a large sum of money will make in a man. I wish I could trace step by step my transition from the resolutions of the first moment of my enthusiasm to those which, taken when the money came into my possession, were

I may mention here that of that sum not a penny remains to me. Part of it was squandered in the indulgence of my vanity, the rest was lost in speculations which were looked with the Virginia creepers over it. No, by the way, I think we had decided on intended to largely augment my future, for as I gradually grew familiar with the idea that I was the possessor of £20,000 the more miserable did that sum appear to become in my eyes. What was, after all, half a million francs? A mere bagatelle compared to the fortunes of hundreds of men that I knew-men, too, who in no way could be

compared to me.

For I must mention that, knowing myself to be at least completely independent, my vanity and self-esteem swelled out im-mensely. Formerly I had been timid, diffi-dent and reserved. At the end of the month I found myself loud, incumbrant, full of reliance in myself as the firm foundation of my five-franc pieces.
But it was not till the end of the third

week that I began to entertain a feeling of hostility toward Marie, the servant of the Maillards. Imagine my giving her 10,000 f. ! What possible right had she to such a sum, the fifth of one year's income? She had, in fetching me the ticket which had won the to do. What favor meriting a recompense had she done me? I should be singularly simple to imagine that could she have had even the faintest inkling of an idea that my ticket would win she would have brought it to me. What impertinence on her part it 10,000 francs. As a matter of lact, I owed my good fortune to her. It would be a gift which, acting on my first foolish impulse, I had resolved to give her. No doubt she would have done so, and more than probable was it that she would have been dissatisfied, and have thought me and settle down in the catering business in very mean to give so little, so ungrateful is human nature. I felt quite angry with the girl, and was brusque time I thought of suggesting to the Maillards that they should dismiss her. However, as I had made up my mind shortly afterward to break off all connection with them, it became indifferent to me whether whom I had treated so hadly, and about them, it became indifferent to me whether whom I had had such unfriendly thoughts. such a monster of meanness and ingratitude

I felt very happy when, having comway, and thus doubly precious. 1 was so pleased with myself that on the day when I had torn up the silly letter I had prepared -half for the little house and half for the for Marie, I treated myself to a good dinner

strange that the names of those who had claims upon me presented themselves in an inverse order of pleasant feeling which had been weighing importance. With reference to my on me all through the progress of my other pleasant feeling which had been weighing affianced, two suggestions presented them- wise most pleasant entertainment was the selves. The first was that now I was too rich to marry, and that it would be foolish present Brunot with 20,000 france. Twenty thousand francs! a sum representing the as I had acquired it. The second was that I should at once make my offer and astonish my bride and her parents by the munificence of my settlements and the splendor of the ceremony and celebrations. I did not, however, tarry long on this subject. It | felt sorry for his great disappointment, and thoughts. What was I going to do for them? Here my business knowledge stood them? me by. I decided to purchase for my sister that was of me. Why, there were millions a life annuity sufficient to assure her future of ticket holders who had been just as bitand that of her guardian, my grandmother.

I fixed the amount at £150 per annum.

terly disappointed. Every person who had beld a ticket in this lottery had hoped and held a ticket in this lottery had hoped and I had had of expected to win. Each had made projects course to put up with much annoyance at | for the future; it was not Brunot's air castle the hands of my employer—which is is alone that had come tumbling down when doubtless the experience of everybody in a the result was made known. Was it possidependent position—and more than once it struck me that I would take a delightful redisappointed? Certainly not; the fortune venge. I would be purposely negligent, of the Rothschilds would not suffice for that and at the first rebuke inform my employer | purpose. Nor would it be fair to the others to make an exception in Brunot's favor. the I cared for the meager salary he allowed me, put on my hat and saunter with arro- true, but that made justice on my part to those who were not my friends at all the behind me. But the disadvantage of such more laudable. No, no; as I could not solan arrangement would be that by such an ace all it would be unfair to solace one, and Brunot's letter must share the same fate as

Marie's. I felt extremely satisfied with myself when I had come to this decision. I could imagine the bitter-sweet feeling of the Roman general when he sacrificed his two tion in life than the sensation of having ac No. I would return quietly to the office complished one's duty under the greatest temptation to do otherwise. In my case my act of justice brought with it its own imnediate reward, for I was a richer man by

for my family I must state that it I never nor my grandmother never benefited by my cause from some motive which I cannot was too delightful to think of. I was now a those who have a claim upon me, and I am rich man, a very rich man. the property of the control o me again I should not delay until too late me .- Robert H. Sherard in Pall Mall

# FOOD FOR THE BEASTS.

New York's Wild Animals Get Horse Meat but Won't Accept Mules.

Central Park has a slaughter-house, says the New York Morning Journal, and Henry Zier presides over it. There, worn-out horses, goats and sometimes other animals are killed and the meat prepared for the When these letters had been written and big beasts of the menagerie. Every other their envelopes addressed, I laid them in day Mr. Zier takes an old horse out a drawer to have them at hand when the of the adjoining stable, quietly ties time came for despatching them, together his hind leg to a rope, which is attached to a wheel and pulley and in a jiffy the horse is in the air kicking for life, while, with one well-directed stroke the papers that there was no mistake about of his ax the butcher knocks all consciousmy good luck, and then went off to the office ness out of the animal's head, and within five minutes he is skinned, quartered, and the icebox is filled with as tasty and nicely

usually very old, and we buy them from dealers for from \$2 to \$4 apiece. "On an average a horse will give 400 pounds of meat, and the animals generally get away with 150 pounds a day. So you see we can get along with one horse every

other day.
"Is the meat tender? Why, yes, fairly so. The animals like it as well as beef. But they do object to mule meat. "I've only killed two of them since I've been here, and when we fed them to the possible for him to get a bite. Of course, when the little goats who are used to run

#### A Trick of the Wires. Detroit Free Press.]

A prominent Denver man was married last week with great eclat, but he is already unhappy. He is unhappy because an As sociated Press dispatch which announced that he had married a handsome Colorado woman was mixed in transmission and he now has the reputation of having married a FARMS OF THE WEST.

Wonderful Sights in Grain Gathering and Plowing-The Largest Farms. I have had the curiosity to see one of the big Dakota farms, writes Ben Abou to the New York Press, and went out yesterday with John W. Dwight to the famous Dwight farm. The fields are each 640 acres in size, a mile square. They are surrounded on every side by railways, and there are no fences. The roads are supposed to be 60 feet wide, but the fields are plowed right out to the double wagon way of about 20 feet, and thus no land is left to waste.

I saw 41 reapers cutting grain in two of these hig fields. The reapers require four and five horses or mules to pull them, and and five horses or mules to pull them, and
the bundles or sheaves are tied with cord
automatically and tossed to one side for
shucking. Farming on such a scale is
entirely unlike the old way down East.
The grain is stacked in the field, threshed
on the ground and hauled in great wagons
holding three tons each to the elevators at
the nearest railroad stations. The straw is
hurned.

It rained the day I arrived at the farm, and wheat cutting having just been finished, threshing was suspended and the hands were sent out to plow. They can plow in weather when nothing else can be done. They used teams, and cutting two furrows each of about 13 inches in width. The soil is a deep black loam, its color alone declaring its richness and fertility. It is plowed to a depth of four or five inches only. I saw 21 of these plows being operated in a 640-acre field. Every time the 21 plows

crossed the field they had plowed under a strip a mile long and about 43 or 44 feet wide. It was a great sight. I was driven over the prairie roads, level as asphalt, for 18 miles, and everywhere outstretched be-fore me was wheat stubble, wheat in shocks or in stacks awaiting threshing. The country to the eye looks as level as a board floor. Oliver Dalrymple, of St. Paul, is generally credited with being the largest individual farmer in this section. I saw him at Casselton, N. D., as I came through there on the Northern Pacific road. He was just finishing harvesting, and had cut over 40, 000 acres of wheat. I am told that Mr. Dalrymple has about 20,000 acres of wheat land himself, and that he has nearly as much more land under his control, which is owned by a pool of his friends. It is all known as Dairymple land, and hence he has come to be known as the largest farmer of the United States. As a matter of fact J. B. Haggin, of California, who is a stock farmer, outranks Mr. Dalrymple, having 42,000 acres under cultivation or constant use. The largest land owner out here is said to be James J. Hill, of the Manitob Railroad, who is said to declare that he thinks it is better than life insurance to buy the cheap lands of the Northwest and let them lay for his posterity.

## NEW ZEALAND GUM.

Dreary Life of the Kauri Diggers and the

Extent of the Industry. Kauri gum is found in no part of the world outside of New Zealand. It forms a very extensive item of export and furnishes employment to a large number of laborers. It is not, however, very remunerative, as the most diligent worker cannot average to exceed \$1 to \$1 50 per day. Out of this he must find board, lodging, clothes, tools, etc.; in fact, be must find everthing out of his earning. The gum diggers live in the most primitive manner, and if they have families, which is frequently the case, they have to endure many hardships indeed. Living in little tents or rudely constructed whases Maori name for hut), away from civilization, with nothing to cheer them, nothing to gaze upon but a dreary waste of barren and desolate-looking "gum field"-even the beauties and charms of nature have departed from the scene—as wherever gum is found the land is invariably worthless and unproductive, with nothing upon it but scrubby bush and very scanty vegetation.

There is, however, one person on the gum fields or New Zealand who invariably hecomes well off, if not wealthy—that is the storekeeper. To him the digger must come for supplies, and inasmuch as there is no competition, there is no limit to what the storekeeper may charge, except the digger's ability to pay or his own conscience (the latter, it is admitted, is very elastic).

From the following figures may be gleaned the extent and value of the gum trade of New Zealand: From 1853 to 1888, inclusive, there has been 119,673 tons of gum pro duced valued at \$23,432,670. The quantity produced last year amounted to 8,482 tons, valued at \$1,142,865. Four thousand six hundred and niuety-three tons of this article were exported to the United States, valued at \$1,009,406.

### A DISSERTATION ON BOOMS. What the Sheet From the Wild and Woolly West Has to Say.

For two straight years the Kicker has persistently opposed the idea of a boom to attract attention to our town. We have watched this boom business in scores of other places, and in every instance it has reacted disastrously. Our course has aroused the ire of certain speculators, but we shall continue it just the same. We've got 200 acres of cactus pasture which we should like to dispose of to some Ohio farmer who wants to better his condition, and who could be worked up to part with \$3,000 in cash, but we haven't the cheek. We own half a mile of side hill, which won't even grow rattle snakes, but we haven't the gall to boom i for a peach orchard. A million years hence we may have six railroads here, but we can't force ourselves to whoop-la! hurrah! over the prospect. We own about fourteen billion dollars' worth of wild-cat mining stock, every mine being in the clouds, and but for our honesty we'd proceed to boom and unload. We are at the head of a company to turn the Pacine ocean into the deserts of the west-president of an artesian well company-Secretary of the Great Strawberry Growers' Association, etc., etc., but we were born honest and we can't look tenderfoot in the eve and lie to him.

No. gentlemen, this town is what it is and no more. It isn't going to be a second Chicago. It has no Niagara Falls. There isn't even good fishing within 30 miles of us. We simply have the great Aritona Kicker, 148 saloons, 16 gambling houses, five stores and a population of 3,800 souls, most of which will take "the other road" when the judg-ment day arrives. That's all, and those who don't want to come can stay away.

# A HOMING PIGEON STORY

The Wonderful Arneux Bird New Owned by a New Jerseyite. Philadelphia Record.

A. P. Baldwin, of Newark, N. J., claims

to have at home the Arnoux ben that in

October, 1885, was liberated in Boutte, La., 1,150 miles from home. Although the proofs are lacking which go to establish a performance and rank it among the records, no one who knows Mr. Baldwin's remarkable memory for birds, coupled with the fact that the bird in question at once upon its arrival at the lost took up its old nest-box and perch, but will in his own mind accept the return and congratulate the owner.

The bird Arnoux is one of the most remarkable birds ever flown to an American It was bred in the Baldwin loft from a bird that in Belgium won two Government prizes beside many club honors, and was only sold upon condition that it should be taken out of Belgium. During the year 1885 this bird Arnoux returned from Morgantown, N. C., 535 miles; then from Bristol, Tenn., 510, and finally from Pennsacola, Fla. 1,019 miles, in which journey it had a record for greatest distance by a hen pigeon. Its journeys that year were, all told, 3,150 miles air line. Less than a fortnight after i's return home it was sent to the care of Sergeant Hermann, Signal Observer of the New Orleans station, and by him forwarded to Boutte, La., where it was liberated at 9:36 A. M., October 18, 1885.

#### OIL AND POLITICS. TIEWERS' REPORT-

How Mr. Graham Found Fortune in Both.

A STREAK OF GOOD LUCK.

Dr. W. H. Copeland, after a short rest spent in traveling through the West, which his health made necessary, has returned home again thoroughly recuperated, and will take personal charge of his many patients.

THE GRAHAM CASE.

The recent election at Ewing's Mills, one of the suburbs of Pittsburg, was interesting as developing the popularity of one of the candidates, Mr. John M. Graham. Out of all the votes cast for the office of Justice o the Peace Mr. Graham received the entire number with five exceptions. Mr. Graham's good fortune extends to other fields than political ones. The news has recently been received that he has struck an oil well on his premises that runs 75 barrels a day. This will not him at least \$18 a day.



Mr. John M. Graham, Ewing's Mills, Allegheny county, Pa.

But still another piece of good fortune has befallen Mr. Graham, upon which he is to be congratulated. How this came about is best shown by his own statement. He says: "I had suffered for a good while from catarrhal trouble, It began in my head, My nostrils would close up, first one side and then the other. There would be frequent pains in my head.

"There would be ringing and buzzing noises "There would be ringing and ouzzing noises in my ears. I feared that my hearing was becoming impaired. My throat would fill up with mucus, I could feel the phlegm dropping back from my head. Sometimes my throat would feel sore and inflamed.

"After awhile I began to have sharp, stab-

bing pains in my chest. My heart would beat hard and fast. This would be followed by slow, hard and fast. This would be followed by slow, irregular beating and a sensation of faintness.

"My appetite became affected. There would be a feeling of discomfort at my stomach after eating, and sometimes a nausea and vomiting. My sleep was broken, and I would get up in the morning tired and unrefreshed. Indeed, my entire system was broken down from the effects of the disease.

"I began treatment with Drs. Copeland and Blair and improved from the start, The Blair and improved from the start, The symptoms of the catarrh gradually disap-peared, and I feel strong and well now. I will cheerfully corroborate this statement to any-one who will call upon me."

## HOME TREATMENT.

Mrs. Robert Ramsey, of Washington, Pa., speaking of her successful treatment with Drs. Copeland & Blair, says: Every fall for the past five years I have been troubled with chronic dyspepsia. Have tried countless remedies and various physicians without any relief. I could not get ease from pain in any position I would assume. Every breath I drew was like a knife cutting me. I became weak and pale, losing greatly in weight.

I began treatment by mail with Drs. Copeland & Blair. All these symptoms have disappeared, and I now feel as well as I ever did.

NOTABLE CREDENTIALS.

The credentials and indorsements of these gentlemen are indeed noteworthy. In general, there is no higher collegiate medical authority there is no higher collegiate medical authority in the country than Bellevue Hospital, of which they are graduates; locally, no higher than that of the Western Pennsylvania Medical College, of Pittsburg, which, April 6, 1889, through its Dean and Faculty, and after a searching examination, placed its formal written indorsement upon the diplomas of both Dr. Copeland and Dr. Blair.

Drs. Copeland & Blair treat with success all curable cases it 66 Sixth asympe. Pittsburg.

all curable cases at 66 Sixth avenue, Pittsburg, Pa. Office hours 9 to 11 A. M., 2 to 5 P. M. and 7 to 9 P. M. (Sundays included). Specialties-Catarrh and all diseases of the eye, ear, throat and lungs, chronic diseases. Consultation, \$1.

Address all mail to DRS. COPELAND & Address all mail to DRS. COPELIA BLAIR, 66 Sixth avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.



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EVERY Thrifty Mechanic
EVERY Body able to hold a brush? SHOULD USE

PARAMETTALSOLL TRYIT. WILL STAIN OLD A NEW FURNITURE Varnish WILL STAIN GLASS AND CHINAWARE at the WILL STAIN TINWARE SAME
WILL STAIN YOUR OLD BASKETS time.
WILL STAIN BADY'S COACH AND
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Who Value a Refined Complexion MUST USE

MEDICATED

It imparts a brilliant transparency to the skin. Removes all pimples, freekles, and discolorations, and makes the skin delicate by soft and beautiful. It contains no lime,

hite lead or arsenic. In three ink or flesh, white and brunette FOR SALE BY All Bruggists and Fancy Goods Dealers Everywhere. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

# DRUNKENNESS LIQUOR HABIT.

IN ALL THE WORLD THERE IS BUT ONE CUER. DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC. U.S. HAINES ULLUCIN STEUITIO.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea, or in articles of food, without the knowledge of the patient, it necessary. It is absolutely harmless and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. IT NEVER FAILS. It operates so quietly and with such certainty that the patient undergoes no inconvenience, and cre he is aware, his complete reformation is effected. Spage book free. To be had of A.J. RANKIN, SIXth and Penn st., Pittsburg: E. HOLDEN & CO., S. Federal St., Allegheny, Trade supplied by GEO. A. KELLY & CO., L. H.

OFFICIAL-PITTSBURG. OFFICIAL-PITTSBURG. Charles Ream, 112 feet .... 

VIEWERS' REPORT—
On the opening of McKee Place, from Zuleman street to Wakefield street.
To the Select and Common Councils of the city of Pittsburg:
The undersigned, Viewers of Street Improvements in the city of Pittsburg appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, and authorized by an ordinance passed on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1890, a copy of which is hereto attached, to appraise the damages sustained in the opening of McKee Place, from Zuleman street to Wakefield street, in the city of Pittsburg, and make an assessment therefor under the provisions of, and in accordance with an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act relating to streets and sewers in cities of the second class," approved the 16th day of May, A.D. 1889: respectfully report:
That, having been first duly sworn and qualified according to law, they proceeded in the manner and according to the directions of said act to discharge the duties of their appointment; and having given the notices required by said act, they viewed the premises and heard all the allegations and evidence of the several parties claiming damages, and after full consideration thereof, find that no owner of the property has sustained any damage by reason of said improvement; that, after ascer-

full consideration thereof, find that no owner of the property has sustained any damage by reason of said improvement; that, after ascertaining the whole amount of said costs, they made an assessment of the same upon the properties benefited by said improvement, and caused a plan to be made, and prepared a statement, as required by said act, and having given to the owner of each lot ten days' notice of the time and place of meeting, they met on the 30th day of July, A. D. 1890, at the office of the Board of Viewers, in the City of Pittsburg, heard all complaints and evidence, and after full consideration thereof, present the following report, showing the amount each property holder is entitled to pay as the proper proportion of said cost:

EXPENSES. Printing ordinance and notices...... ASSESSED. 

Emma G. Miller, 96, 106 feet.

John Lose, 36, 40 feet.

Adam Valmer, 38, 40 feet.

Patrick Mullen, 18, 20 feet.

Catherine Burgen, 18, 20 feet.

Margaret Hardie, 58, 65 feet.

M. Shelton, 34, 52 feet.

Henry Johns, 50, 250 feet.

R. Murphy, 25 feet.

Jos. Laughrey, 22, 50 feet.

Frank Gorman, 112, 51 feet.

Frank Gorman, 112.50 feet..... John E. Kennedy, 22.50 feet

Mary Madden, 67.50 feet.

W. J. Wilmot, 39, 117.50 feet.

Wm. McCallin, 83.31 feet.

Louis Zitzman, 26.80 feet.

Adolph Zitzman, 38.20 feet.

J. Meyer, 25 feet.
Mrs. S. J. Boyd, 50 feet.
V. Shook, 125 feet.
W. A. Schlebler, 125 feet.
D. C. Hultz, 62.5 feet. Charles E. Speer, 125 feet... Charles E. Speer, 187.5 feet. Andrew Baird, 125 feet....

Andrew Baird, 125 feet.

John H. Zimmerman, 125 feet.

J. Z. Speer, 98.87 feet.

A. Albert, 23.82 feet. George Miller, 24 feet.
F. Zitzman, 24 feet.
George G. McMillen, 21.81 feet.
R. S. Hays, 30 feet.
H. H. Watts, 33,100 feet. M. Keating, 38, 100 feet .....

McKee Place, west side—
Cath. L. Wallace, 42, 127 feet.
Marv E. Steinmeyer, 42, 127 feet.
Daniel McKee et al, 43,71 feet.
Daniel McKee et al, 43,71 feet. Charles Whitman, 32, 38 feet.....

Charles Whitman, 32, 38 feet.
T. A. Rohrig, 20 feet
P. Rensland, 40 feet.
F. Murray, 40 feet.
E. Murray, 20 feet
B. Hogan, 20 feet
M. J. Tapping, 36, 80 feet
Jas. Pritchard, 40 feet.
Mary S. S. John, 23, 27, 21 feet
Daniel O'Neil heirs, 7, 02 feet
W. M. Munson, 23 feet.
C. C. Anderson, 27, 85 feet.
T. W. Taylor, 23 feet.
J. S. Carson, 23 feet. S. Carson, 23 feet.....

J. S. Carson, 23 feet.
T. W. Taylor, 27 85 feet.
Eliz C. Leonard, 23 feet.
J. Duffy, 40 feet.
A. Barbin, 22.84 feet.
S. A. Russell, 22.88 feet.
Thos, W. Gallagher, 22.38 feet.
Lillian Haslett, 26.50 feet.
R. Hurrell, 22.88 feet. F. J. Guckart, 25 feet..... M. M. Defeny, 25 feet.... Sarah Lewis, 25 feet.... Ellen M. Dolan, 25 feet. L. M. Pritchard, 26.50 fee

Georgett Russell 38 feet Jas. P. Speer, 88 feet.... J. P. Bindernagle, 22 feet... I. H. Aaron, 22 feet. A. J. Prelorezr, 22 feet. 

William Gray, 40 feet.... E. B. Evans, 40 feet.... R. J. Hardie, 113.12 feet E. J. Evans, 31,02 feet... William Gray, 175 feet. H. K. F. Arnold, 25 feet. W. H. Hiltebrecht, Jr., 25 leet. Robert M. Barbın, 25 feet. 

A. Aarkson, 33, 100 feet...... Mark Stinson, 33, 100 feet.... Respectfully submitted,
DANIEL WENKE,
TIMOTHY O'LEARY, JR., Viewers.

PITTSBURG, July 30, 1890.

TIEWERS' REPORT-On the construction of a board walk on Virginia avenue, from Ulysses street to Oneida

To the Select and Common Councils of the City of Pittsburg:
The undersigned Viewers of Street Improvements in the City of Pittsburg, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county and authorized by an ordinance passed on the 29th day of March, A. D. 1889, a copy of on the 29th day of March, A. D. 1889, a copy of which is hereto attached, to make an assessment of the cost and expense of constructing a board walk on Virginia avenue, from Ulysses street to Oneida street, in said c.ty, upon the property benefited thereby, under the provisions of and in accordance with an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act authorizing and directing Councils of cities of the second class to provide for the improvement of streets, lanes, alleys and public highways, sewers and sidewalks, requiring plans of streets, providing for the appointing plans of streets, providing for the appoint-ment of a board of viewers of street improve-

ment of a board of viewers of street improvements, prescribing their duties, granting appeals to Councils and court, providing for the
assessment and collection of damages and
benefits, authorizing the use of private property and providing for filing liens and regulating proceedings thereon, and prohibiting the
use of public streets without authority of
Councils," approved the lith day of June, A.
D. 1887; respectfully report:

That, having been first duly sworn and qualified according to law, they proceeded in the
manner and according to the directions of
said act, to discharge the duties of their appointments; that, having viewed the premises,
they made an assessment of said cost and expense upon the property benefited, and caused
a plot and statement to be made, as required
by said act, and having given to the owner of
each lot ten days' notice of the time and place
of meeting, they met on the 28th day of Au-

each lot ten days' notice of the time and place of meeting, they met on the 28th day of August, A. D. 1890, at the office of the Board of Viewers, in the city of Pittsburg, heard all complaints and evidence offered, and having made all modifications and corrections which they deem proper, assessed the cost and expense of constructing said board walk upon the following property, upon each for the amount set opposite the name of the owner theroof, viz:

Chef Department of Public Works, statement of cost—

ment of cost— 1 942 lineal feet boardwalk, \$0.49.....\$ 951 58 5 ineal feet steps, \$0.77. Ilmeal feet platform, \$0.62. neal feet crossings, \$0.45, neal feet railing, \$0.1334... So linear to the control of the cont Viewers' time.....

D. R. Spear, 250 feet. J. H. Jones, 62, 125 feet. W. M. Falkenberger, 62, 125 teet.

\$ 1,419 77 ASSESSED. Virginia street, north side, from Ulysses Oneida—
Thos. Conroy, 32, 95 feet.
M. and R. Walsh, 76 feet.
Jos. Grover, 100, 200 feet.
Wm. Slater, 56, 100 feet.
Mt. Washington Methodist Church,
55, 100 feer

on the opening of Rebecca street, from Fana avenue to Black street.

To the Select and Common Councils of the city of Pittsburg:

The undersigned Viewers of Street Improvements in the city of Pittsburg, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Aliegheny county, and authorized by an ordinance passed on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1890, a copy of which is hereto attached, to appraise the damages sustained in the opening of Rebecca street, from Penn swenue to Black street, in the city of Pittsburg, and make an assessment therefor under the provisions of and in accordance with an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, emitted "An act relating to streets and sewers in cities of thesecond elass," approved the 16th day of May, A. D. 1889, respectfully report, That having been first duly sworn and qualified according to law, they proceeded in the manner and according to the directions of said act to discharge the duties of their appointment; and having given the notices required by said act, they viewed the premises and heard all the allegations and evidence of the several parties claiming damages, and after full consideration thereof, find that no owner of property has sustained any damage by reason of said improvement; that, after ascertaining the whole amount of costs, they made an assessment of the same upon the properties benefited by said act, and having given to the owner of each lot ten days' notice of the time and place of meeting, they met on the 2d day of Angust, A. D. 1890, at the office of the Board of Viewers, in the city of Pittsburg, heard all complaints and evidence, and after full consideration thereof present the following report; showing the amount each property holier is entitled to pay as the proper portion of said cost:

EXPENSES. Printing ordinance and notices ...... Printing viewers' report.
Making plan and serving notices....
Viewers' time. Rebecca, east side, from Penn avenue to Black—
Richard Dale, 977, 1,127.37 feet.
Richard Dale, 408 feet.
Richard Dale, 408 feet.
J. K. Musgrave, 180 feet.
W. B. Grimage, 45 feet.
Asa Blasey, 50 feet.
Mary McAuley, 95 feet.
W. W. Elderkin, 194.85 feet.
West side—
West side— 37 38 West side—Sarah C. Miller, 150, 299.79 feet.
15 07 J. G. Connell et al., 52, 103.31 feet......
20 14 J. G. Connell et al., 103.31 feet......

EXPENSES.

\$162 50

OFFICIAL\_PITTSBURG.

\$1,419 77

Respectfully submitted, DANIEL WENKE, TIMOTHY O'LEARY, JR., Viewers. Pittsburg, August 26, 1890.

On the construction of a public sewer on Wall-ingford street, from Bidwell street to Neville

street. To the Select and Common Councils of the City

the property benefited thereby under the pro-visions of and in accordance with an act of As-sembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

name of the owner thereof, viz.: Chief Department Public Works, statement of cost—

statement of cost— 966 lineal feet 15-inch page sewer,

4 manholes, \$35 00.

Extra work as per voucher.

8,000 pounds castings (to Fisher F. & M. Co.). \$1 68.

Superintending, engineering, adver-

Wallingford, north side, from Bid-

well to Neville— Mrs. Ellen B. Speer, 381.61 feet...... D. W. C. Bidwell, 200 feet.....

Southside— Henry Laughlin, 138.15 feet Laura B. Childs, 100 feet.....

Laura B. Childs, 100 feet
George Heard, 80 feet
John E. H. Neale, 60 feet
Alice H. Pennock, 90 feet
K. L. Brown, 50 feet
J. C. Aufhammer, 50 feet
J. L. Fundis, 50 feet
J. R. McFarlane, 50 feet
Market M. Was 40 feet

TIEWERS' REPORT-

Respectfully submitted,
DANIEL WENKE,
TIMOTHY O'LEARY, JR., Viewers.

On the construction of a public sewer on Grazier street, from Novelty street to Murt-

land street, To the Select and Common Councils of the

property benefited thereby under the provis-ions of and in accordance with an act of As-sembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled, "An act relating to streets and sewers

l manhole. 775 lbs. castings (Fisher F. & M.

Co.) \$1.68.
Superintending, engineering, advertising, etc.
Printing ordinances and notices.
Printing viewers' report.
Making plan and serving potices....

Grazier, north side from Novelty to

John Menche, 25 feet.

J. McQuaide, 25 feet.

James J. Collins, 25 feet.

John Graham, 25 feet.

William Barr, 50 feet.

South side—

T. Stutchell, 61, 50 feet.

Mary C. Welle, 25 feet.

John Mensche, 50 feet.

M. A. Knorr, 50 feet.

M. A. Knorr, 50 feet. George Warrener, 25 feet. W. R. Wallace, 50 feet.

(71EWERS' REPORT-

Respectfully submitted,
DANIEL WENKE,
TIMOTHY O'LEARY, JR.,
PITTSBURG, September 3, 1890.

ASSESSED.

TIEWERS' REPORT-

I. G. Connell et al., 247.94 feet... I. G. Connell et al., 227.26 feet... J. G. Connell et al., 227,28 feet.
Kirker, 28, 14 feet.
Henry Losel, 25 feet.
F. F. Harrell, 25 feet.
W. J. Mørcer, 30 feet.
Mary Arnött, 30 feet.
Thomas T. Phillips, 30 feet.
Thomas T. Phillips, 30 feet.
John Mooney, 20 feet.
John Mooney, 20 feet.
United McConville, 20 feet.
J. Walter Hay, 20 feet.
J. Walter Hay, 20 feet.
G. C. Hartman, 20 feet. 

F. Pollard, 20 feet

J. Walter Hay, 40 feet Rebecca R. Phillips, 257.82 feet Moses Phillips est., 257.82 feet Wainwright & Co., 142, 115.34 feet D. WENKE.
TIMOTHY O'LEARY, JR.,
PITTSBURG, August 11, 1890.

To the Select and Common Councils of the City of Pittsburg:
The undersigned, Viewers of Street Improvements in the city of Pittsburg, appointed by the Court of Common Pieas of Allegteny County and authorized by an ordinance passed on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1889, a copy of which is hereto attached, to make an assessment of the cost and expense of constructing a public sewer on Wallingford street, from Bidwell street to Neville street, in said city upon the property benefited thereby under the provisions of and in accordance with an act of As-A NORDINANCE-AUTHORIZING THE

A NORDINANCE—AUTHORIZING THE grading of Rose street, from Devilliers street to Addison street.

Whereas, It appears by the petition and affidavit on file in the office of the Clerk'of Councils that one-third in interest of the owners of property fronting and abutting upon the said street have petitioned the Councils of said city to enact an ordinance for the grading of the same, therefore

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburg, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same. That the Chief of the Department of Public Works be and is hereby authorized and directed to advertise in accordance with the acts of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the ordinances of the said city of Pittsburg relating thereto and regulating the same, for proposals for the grading of Rose street, from Devilliers street to Addison street, the contract therefor to be let in the manner directed by the visions of and in accordance with an act of Assembly of the Common wealth of Pennsylvania, entitled, "An act relating to streets and sewers in cities of the second class," approved the 18th day of May, A. D. 1889, respectfully report:

That, having been first duly sworn and qualified according to law, they proceeded in the manner and according to the directions of said act, to discharge the duties of their appointments; that having viewed the premises, they made an assessment of said cost and expense upon the property benefited, and caused a plot and statement to be made, as required by said act, and having given to the owner of each lot ten days' notice of the time and place of meeting, they met on the 5th day or September, A. D. 1890, at the office of the Board of Viewers, in the City of Pittsburg, heard all complaints and evidence offered, and, having made all modifications and corrections which they deem proper, assessed the cost and expense of constructing said sewer upon the following property, upon each for the amount set opposite the name of the owner thereof, viz.:

Chief Despectment Public Works therefor to be let in the manner directed by the said acts of Assembly and ordinances. The cost and expense of the same to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act relating to the contract of streets and sewers in cities of the second of approved the 16th day of May, A. D. 1889.

A N ORDINANCE—AUTHORIZING THE grading, paving and curbing of Torley street, from Friendship avenue to Pearl street. Whereas, It appears by the petition and affidavit on file in the office of the Clerk of Coun-134 40 davit on file in the office of the Clerk of Councils that one-third in interest of the owners of property fronting and abutting upon the said street have petitioned the Councils of said city to enact an ordinance for the grading, paving and curbing of the same, therefore,

Section I—Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburg, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Chief of the Department of Public Works be and is hereby authorized and directed to advertise in accordance with the acts of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the ordinances of the said City of Pittsburg re-

bly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the ordinances of the said City of Pittsburg relating thereto and regulating the same, for proposals for the grading, paving and curbing of Torley street, from Friendship avenue to Pearl street, the contract therefor to be let in the manner directed by the said acts of Assembly and ordinances. The cost and expense of the same to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act relating to streets and sewers in cities of the second class," approved the 16th day of May, 1889.

A N ORDINANCE-AUTHORIZING THE A N ORDINANCE—AUTHORIZING THE construction of a sewer on Shakespeare street and Benitz alley, from Landwehr street to a connection with a sewer on Penn avenue. Section I—Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburg, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same. That the Chief of the Department of Public Works be and is hereby authorized and directed to advertise in accordance with the acts of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the ordinances of the said city of Pittsburg relating thereto and regulating the same, for proordinances of the said city of Pittsburg relating thereto and regulating the same, for proposals for the construction of a pipe sever 15 inches in diameter on Shakespeare street and Benitz alley commencing at Landwehr street, thence along Shakespeare street to Benitz alley, thence along Benitz alley to a connection with sewer on Penn avenue, the contract therefor to be let in the manner directed by the said acts of Assembly and ordinances. The cost and expense of the same to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act relating to streets and sewers in cities of the second class," approved the 16th day of May, A. D. 1889. To the Select and Common Councils of the city of Pittsburg:
The undersigned, Viewers of Street Improvements in the city of Pittsburg, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, and authorized by an ordinance passed on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1889, a copy of which is hereto attached, to make an assessment of the cost and expense of constructing a public sewer upon Grazier street, from Novelty street to Muriand street in said city upon the property benefited thereby under the provisions of and in accordance with an act of As-

in cities of the second class," approved the 16th day of May, A. D. 1889, respectfully report:

That, having been first duly sworn and qualified according to law, they proceeded in the manner and according to the directions of said act, to discharge the duties of their appointments; that, having viewed the premises, they made an according to the directions of said act, to discharge the duties of their appointments; that, having viewed the premises, they A N ORDINANCE—AUTHORIZING THE construction of a sewer on Lexington street, from Penn avenue to Reynolds street. Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the section 1—36 it ordained and enseted by the city of Pittsburg, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same. That the Chief of the Department of Public Works be and is hereby authorized and directed to advertise in accordance with the acts of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the ordinances of the said city of Pittsburg relationships the same for secondaries. ments; that, naving viewed the premises, they made an assessment of said cost and expense upon the property benefited, and caused a plot and statement to be made as required by said act, and having given to the owner of each lot ten days' notice of the time and place of meeting, they met on the 5th day of September, A. D. 1890, at the office of the Board of Viewers, the street of Eithers when the series of Pitchers. ing thereto and regulating the same, for proposals for the construction of a pipe sewer 15 inches in diameter on Lexington street, commencing at Reynolds street, thence along Lexington street to a connection with a sewer on Penn avenue, the contract therefor to be let in the manner directed by the said acts of Asthe manner directed by the said acts of As-sembly and ordinances. The cost and expense of the same to be assessed and collected in ac-cordance with the provisions of an act of As-sembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled, "An act relating to streets and sewers in cities of the second class," approved the 16th day of May, A. D. 1889.

AN ORDINANCE—AUTHORIZING THE construction of a sewer on Plum alley, from Fiftieth street to Forty-eighth street. Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburg, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same. That the Chief of the Department of Public Works be, and is hereby authorized and directed to advertize in accordance with the acts of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the ordinances of the said city of Pittsburg relating thereto, and regulating the same, for proposals for the construction of a pine sewer, 15 inches in diameter. on Plum alley, commencproposals for the course, on Plum alley, in the course of lô inches in diameter, on Plum alley, commencing at Fiftieth street; thence along Plum alley to a connection with a sewer on Forty-eighth street, the contract therefor to be let in the manner directed by the said acts of Assembly and ordinances. The cost and expense of the same to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled, "An act relating to streets and sewers in cities of the second class," approved the 16th cities of the second class," approved the 16th day of May, A. D., 1889.

A N ORDINANCE—AUTHORIZING THE a opening of Duncan street, from Stanton avenue to Fifty-second street.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburg, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same. That the Chief of the Department of Public Works be and is hereby authorized and directed to cause \$755 67 and is hereby authorized and directed to cause On the opening of Rebecca street, from Penn avenue to Black street, To the Select and Common Councils of the city

and is hereby authorized and directed to cause to be surveyed and opened within 60 days from the date of the passage of this ordinance, Dencan street, from Stanton avenue to Fifty-second street, at a width of 50 feet, in accordance with a plan on file in the Department of Public Works, known as "Carnegie & Co.'s plan of lots, situate in the Eighteenth ward," approved by Councils May 27, 1872. The damages caused thereby and the benefits to may the same to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly of the Comassessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act relating to streets and sewers in cities of the second class," approved the 16th day of May, A. D. 1889. second class," approved the 16th day of May, A. D. 1889.

A. D. 1889.

A N ORDINANCE—AUTHORIZING THE opening of Kent alley, from Fifty-second street to McCandless street.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburg, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same. That the Chief of the Department of Public Works he and is hereby authorized and directed to cause to be surveyed and opened within 60 days from the date of the passage of this ordinance Kent alley, from Fifty-second street to McCandless street, at a width of 20 feet, in accordance with a plau on file in the Department of Public Works, known as "John W. Duncan's Plan of Lots," approved October 5, 1874. The damages caused thereby and the benefits to pay the same, to be assessed and cola, 1874. The damages caused thereby and the benefits to pay the same, to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act relating to streets and sewers in cities of the second class," approved the 16-h day of May, A. D. 1889.

A N ORDINANCE-AUTHORIZING THE  OFFICIAL-PITTSBURG.

A N ORDINANCE-AUTHORIZING THE A N ORDINANCE—AUTHORIZING THE opening of Cabinet alley, from Thirty-eighth street to Thirty-ninth street.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburg, in Select and Common Councils a sembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same. That the Chief of the Department of Public Works be and is hereby authorized and directed to cause to be surveyed and opened within 60 days from the date of the passage of this ordinance Cabinet alley, from Thirty-eighth to Thirty-ninth street, at a width of 20 feet, in accordance with a plan on file in the Department of Public Works known as extension of "Mary and Howley street plan" approved December 21, 1874. The damages caused thereby and the benefits to pay the same to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An act relating to streets and sewers in cities of the second class," approved the 18th day of May, A. D. 1889.

A N ORDINANCE—AUTHORIZING THE

sewer's in cities of the second class," approved the 16th day of May, A. D. 1889.

A N ORDINANCE—AUTHORIZING THE construction of a sewer on Woolslayer alley and Main street, from Friendship avenue to connection with sewer on Penn avenue and Main street.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburg, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same. That the Chief of the Department of Public Works be, and is hereby authorized and directed to advertise in accordance with the Acts of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the ordinances of the city of Pittsburg relating the same, for proposals for the construction of a 15-inch pipe sewer on Woolslayer alley, from Friendship avenue to Main street, and along Main street to north side of Penn avenue and connect with sewer on Main street, the contract therefor to be let in the manner directed by the said acts of Assembly and ordinances. The cost and expense of the same to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An act relating to streets and sewers in cities of the second class," approved the 16th day of May, A. D. 1889. the 16th day of May, A. D. 1889.

A N ORDINANCE—AUTHORIZING THE
A opening of Windom street, from Brownsville avenue to Twenty-seventh ward line.
Section 1—Be it ordained and emacted by the
city of Pittsburg, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and
enacted by the authority of the same. That
the Chief of the Department of Public Works
be and is hereby authorized and directed to
cause to be surveyed and opened within 60
days from the date of the passage of this
ordinance, Windom street, from Brownsville
avenue to Twenty-seventh ward line at a width
of 30 feet, in accordance with a plan on file in
the Department of Public Works and an
ordinance locating the same, approved February 28, 1885. The damages caused thereby and
the benefits to pay the same to be assessed and
collected in accordance with the provisions of collected in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An act relating to streets and sewers in cities of the second class." approved the 16th day of May, A. D.

A N ORDINANCE—AUTHORIZING THE opening of Wright's alley, from South I wentleth street to South Twenty-first street. Twentieth street to South Twenty-first street.
Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the
city of Pitisburg in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and
enacted by the authority of the same. That
the Chief of the Department of Public Works
be and is hereby authorized and directed to
cause to be surveyed and opened within 60 days
from the date of the passage of this ordinance,
Wright's alley, from South Twentieth street to
South Twenty-first street at a width of '24 feet South Twenty-first street, at a width of 24 feet, in accordance with a plan on file in the Department of Public Works, known as "McGowan's Plan of Borough of East Birmingham," dated April 5, 1851. The damages caused thereby and the benefits to pay the same to be assessed and collected in accordance with the receivers of collected in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An act relating to streets and sewers in cities of the second class" approved the 16th dap of May A. D. 1889.

A N ORDINANCE-AUTHORIZING THE opening of Wick street, from Colwell to

Reed street.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburg, to Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same. That the Chief of the Department of Public Works he and it hereby authorized and That the Chief of the Department of Public Works be and is hereby authorized and directed to cause to be surveyed and opened within 60 days from the date of the passage of this ordinance Wick street, from Colwell street to Reed street at a width of 40 feet in accordance with a plan on file in 'the Department of Public Works, known as "James Lippincott's Plan," recorded in Plan Book, vol. 3, pages 145 and 147 in the Recorder's office of Allegheny county. The damages caused thereby and the county. The damages caused thereby and the benefits to pay the same to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act relating to streets and sewers in cities of the second class," approved the 16th day of May, A. D. 1800.

A N ORDINANCE-AUTHORIZING THE opening of Spring alley, from Thirty-second street to Thirty-third street.

Section 1-Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburg, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the chief of the Department of Public Works be and is hereby authorized and directed to cause to be surveyed and opened within 30 days from the date of the passage of this ordinance, spring alley from Thirty-second street to Thirty-third street at a width of 20 feet, in accordance with a plan on file in the Department of Public Works known as "Mrs. Denny's Plan," re-corded in Plan Boos, vol. 6, pages 181 and 183, in the Recorder's office of Allegheny county. The damages caused thereby and the benefits to pay the same to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act relating to streets and sewers

AN ORDINANCE-AUTHORIZING THE opening of Fifty-fourth street, from Key-A N ORDINANCE—AUTHORIZING THE some street to Celadine street.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburg, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same. That the Chief of the Department of Public Works be and is hereby authorized and directed to cause to be surveyed and opened within 60 days from the date of the passage of this ordinance Fifty-fourth street, from Keystone street to Celadine street, at a width of 50 feet in accordance with a plan on file in the Department to Celadine street, at a width of 50 feet in accordance with a plan on file in the Department of Public Works known as "A. E. Breed's plan of lots in the Eighteenth ward," recorded in the Recorder's office of Allegheny county in Plan Book vol. 6, pages 88 and 89, May, 1878. The damages caused thereby and the benefits to pay the same to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act relating to streets and sewers in cities of the second class," approved.

in offies of the second class," approved the 16th day of May, A. D. 1889.

sewers in cities of the second class," approved the 16th day of May, A. D. 1889. A N ORDINANCE—AUTHORIZING THE opening of Lexington street, from Penn avenue to Reynolds street. Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburg in Select and Common Councils assembled and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same. That the Chief of the Department of Public Works be and is hereby authorized and directed to cause to be surveyed and opened within 60 days from the date of the passage of this ordinance Lexington street, from Peon avenue to Reynolds street at a width of 50 feet, in accordance with a plan on file in the Department of Public Works, known as "Plan of streets in Twenty-first and Twenty-second wards," approved November II, 1872. The damaces caused thereby and the benefits to pay the same to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act relating to streets and sewers in cities of the Second class," approved the 16th day of May,

A N ORDINANCE — RELOCATING
Thirty-third sweet east and alongside of
Pittsburg Junction Railroad translations A ORDINANCE — RELOCATING
Thirty-third sevent east and alongside of
Pittsburg Junction Railroad tracks, from Penn
avenue to Liberty avenue.
Section I—Be it ordained and enacted by the
City of Pittsburg, in Select and Common
Councils as emoled, and it is hereby ordained
and enacted by the authority of the same, that
Thirty-third street, from Penn avenue to
Liberty avenue, be and the same is hereby relocated as follows, to wit: The center line shall
been at a point on the north five-foot line of located as follows, to wit: The center line shall begin at a point on the north five-foot line of Penn avenue at a distance of 510.71 feet east of a stone monument on the west five-foot line of Thirty-second street; thence deflecting to the right 89-58' 10" parallel to the present location of Thirty-third street, and in a southerly direction a distance of 275 feet to Liberty avenue, and the said Thirty-third street shall be of a width of 50 feet.

A N ORDINANCE-VACATING A POR-TION of an unnamed 20-foot alley laid out in Barbara Houck's plan, Twenty-first out in Barbara Houck's plan. Twenty-first ward.

Section I.—Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburg in select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same. That that portion of an unnamed alley 20 feet in width situate between Mayflower and Carter streets, laid out in Barbara Houck's plan of lots, Twenty-first ward, shall be and is hereby as cated from a point 100 feet southeasterly from Lowell street for a distance of 99.73 feet to a line of property of Matthew Lloyd, being the end of said alley.

Continued on Twelfth Page,