SEPTEMBER

impressed wish the work he saw going on at the college, and was surprised at the mag-nificent grounds and buildings, and that it was an institution well worthy of the State.

**OUAY AND MAGEE** 

THE SAME TIME.

PHILADELPHIA, September 8 .- United

tates Senator Matthew Stauley Quay ar-

rived in this city to-night and registered at

he Continental Hotel. He was accom-

panied by his son Richard, and their visit

here is for the purpose of meeting the Sena-

tor's daughter, who is about to sail for

Europe. The Senator was in an amiable

"What about the campaign in this State?"

"Oh, the campaign in this State," he re

plied. "I can say but little. So much time

Republican State Committee, and Collector

he remained during the day, with the exception of a short time which he spent in

the financial quarter of the city. After breakfasting Mr. Magee started on his way.

Down near Ninth and Chestnut streets he met Collector of Internal Revenue Martin,

who is the acknowledged Quay lieutenan in this section of the State.

"How is Mr. Martin?" said the Allegheny

county leader.
"I am feeling first rate," replied the leader of the local combination of ward

eaders. "We are a little busy down here

just now getting ready for November."
"You are following out a good line of policy by sticking close to the people," continued Mr. Magee, "and as a leader you are making a spacess."

The two remained chatting pleasantly to

DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN PLANS.

The Campaign Committee of the Young

Men's Democratic Association held a meet-

With Wharton Barker.

and I came over to see her off."

the campaign in this State."

was asked.

in the State.

making a success

not of a political character.

1890.

FORTY-FIFTH YEAR.

Several Republican Members Suddenly Kick Over the Traces and

#### REFUSE TO ALLOW A VOTE

On the Tariff Bill Until They Have Fully Discussed the Reciprocity Amendment.

#### HOSTILITY TO THE BLAINE IDEA.

Now Freely Predicted That the Scheme Will be Defeated in the Upper Branch of Congress.

#### PLUMB SAYS THERE WILL BE A DEFICIT.

He Shows a Difference on the Wrong Side of \$50,000 .-000 Between the Probable Receipts and Expenditures.

A DOUNTY IS TO BE GIVEN FOR MAPLE SUGAR

The Senate remained in session until after midnight trying to end the debate on the tariff bill. The attempt proved useless, Several Republican members declined to permit the measure to become a law until it had been more fully discussed. There is a growing opposition

#### SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR.

WASHINGTON, September 8 .- Shortly after midnight the Senate adjourned amid but he was for protecting American interests and the national honor in dealing with debate on the tariff bill was to have finished to-night, but it did not, Several Repub-

ago almost everyone predicted the adoption than by truckling to an aggressive and unof the reciprocity amendment. Now it is friendly neighbor.

Mr. Hawley protested against the closing as freely predicted that it will be defeated. At least half a dozen Republicans Senator having a chance to ask a question Senator Sherman's proposition for reciprocity

gave a resume of the appropriations for the year, and argued that the appropriations for future years would not fall short of those for this year, and would, in regard to pensions, etc., largely exceed them. He estimated the cost under the new pension bill at \$50,000,000 at least. There would be added to the list pensioners' widows and dependent parents to the amount of at least \$10,000,000. And there would be added, he believed, at least 400,000 soldiers. In fact, he should be greatly surprised if, in the next three years, not amount to \$60,000,000 a year.

He continued his summary of appropriations, and said these would have to be added to them the amount that would be reouired under the direct tax bill for the French spoliation claims, for the International Fair, and under the election law. He thus estimated the expenditures of the Government at \$450,000,000 and its revenues at \$400,000,000, and said that a deficit was just as sure as the rising of the sun. If his amendment were incorporated in the tariff bill it would add \$21,500,000 to the revenue.

Turiff on Sugar a Stumbling Block. After some discussion the Finance Committee's amendment imposing a tax on all of promotion to his former grade at \$1,800 agreed to-yeas 39, nays 12. The Finance Committee's amendment making the duty on augar above No. 16 Dutch standard 4-10ths, as in the House bill, was also agreed to-yeas 29, pays 23. Mr. Quay offered the amendment proposed by him on August 1 fixing the duties between Nos. 13 and 16 Dutch standard at 3-10ths of a cent per nound; between 16 and 20 at 6-10ths, and above No. 20 at 1 cent a pound. At the suggestion of Mr. Manderson Mr.

Quay modified his amendment so as to make the duty on all grades above No. 20 8-10 of a cent per pound. Mr. Gorman opposed the amendment as in the interest of sugar refiners, giving them an absolute monopoly. Mr. Vest also opposed it. The refiners, he said, had now all that they wanted. They had triumphed by the votes taken to-day, which would put millions and millions into their pockets. Mr. Quay's amendment was rejected.

The provise in paragraph 223, that in ease of an export duty imposed by any country, the sugars from that country shall be subject to the duties under existing law gave rise to an informal discussion in the course of which Mr. Allison stated that it would exclude sugars from Cuba and Porto Rico. where there was an export duty of one-sixth of a cent a pound, and that export duty was

#### Difficulty and Complication

in the matter, and Mr. Carlisle gave it as his opinion that the provision was objectionable in any form. He could not see how the thing would operate to have some sugar admitted free and some sugar subject to duty. The difficulty was solved by Mr. Aldrich on behalf of the committee withdrawing the

The next question was on the Finance Committee's amendment to include maple sugar among those for which a bounty is to be paid. Mr. Edmunds advocated the amendment and claimed that maple sugar fell within the same policy and the same justice as other sugars. It was a business

Mr. Carlisle declared himself opposed to

their extension to maple sugar. No small farmers, he declared, would ever receive a cent of bounty for maple sugar, because, under the bill, no bounty would be paid unless the product by one person was at least 500 pounds, and he did not suppose that any farmer in the country produced so much maple sugar, unless it might be in unless the product by one person was at least 500 pounds, and he did not suppose that any farmer in the country produced so

#### Maple Sugar Gets a Bounty.

Mr. Edmunds assured Mr. Carlisle that in the State of Vermont there were 1,000 farmers who produced more than 500 pounds of maple sugar annually. The amendment was agreed to-yeas 30, nays 25.

The evening session was opened by Mr. Casey, who addressed the Senate in favor of reciprocity.

Mr. Cullom also addressed the Senate in favor of a reciprocity between the United States and other nations, especially Mexico and Central and South Americas. He was not, however, in favor (he said) of such a system of reciprocity as would in the slightest degree interfere with the policy of protection to American industry and labor. But it was a question in his mind whether it would not be better to allow the whole question of reciprocity to rest with the President and the Secretary of the State who had the constitutional power to make treaties with foreign governments.

#### No Reciprocity With Canada.

As to reciprocity with Canada he thought that the attitude of the Dominion Government was not such as called for any speedy action looking to reciprocity. That Government had pursued in many ways and for many years a policy of aggression toward the United States, and had, in doing so, acted under the domination of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company—whose road had been built by the aid of the Government, besides not for commercial, but for military

and political purposes.

He cited sections of Canadian statutes to show a purpose of the Dominion Govern-ment to aid the Canadian Pacific Railway British Governments to steamship lines intended to divert commerce from American ships and American railroad lines. He declared himself in favor of a national policy that the control of national policy that would protect the inter-ests of the United States against aggression from any foreign nation. He was a protecionist not only in support of a tariff bill

all foreign nations. Spooner Wants Something Definite. Item Senators kicked over the traces at the last moment, and refused to allow the bili to come to a vote until they had expressed their views upon reciprosity.

The Blaine plan grew less and less desirable the more it was examined. A few days able the more it was examined. A few days tracked the adoption to favor reciprocity with Canada. He hoped to see the day when the American flag would fly over Canada and when the British flag would be gone. Commercial union would come with political union and not until then. It would come much earlier than by truckling to an aggressive and un-Mr. Spooner declared himself in favor of

are outspoken in their opposition to it. of the Committee on Finance to get any information touching the question of reciwith Canada with hardly have sufficient folfore the Senate as a pending question.

The presiding officer (Ingalls) confirme the Senator talks of withdrawing it, that the weakness of its support may not be made evident.

Plumb's Figures Show a Deficit.

Early in the debate to-day Senator Plumb

### Another Republican Kicker.

Mr. Evarts (about midnight) said that he proposed to discuss the reciprocity question, which had now been for the first time brought into the debate, in the sense of any action to be taken. He proposed to modify the committee's amendment so as to make it the duty of the President, when satisfied that a country from which sugar, molasses, tes, coffee or hides are imported maintains policy that is reciprocally unequal and unreasonable, to communicate the facts to ongress, that duties may be imposed or such articles. He proceeded to argue in support of his proposition and against em-powering the Pressdent to act of his own accord without direct authority of Congress. Mr. Gray gave his entire assent to the down by Mr. Evarts. Without action the Senate at 12:15 adjourned till

#### to-morrow at 10 A. M. PENSION CLERKS REINSTATED.

#### An Interesting Sequel to the Notorious Cases of Rerating. IFROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT. 1

WASHINGTON, September 8. - It has been kept very quiet, and is only known to a tew outside the Pension Office, that of the two clerks Bond and Engle, who were dismissed on account of the rerating of their pensions. Bond remains out voluntarily on account of ill health, and Engle has been reinstated at \$1,000 a year, with a promise sugars above No. 13 Dutch standard was as soon as opportunity offers. Not only has this been done, but both Bond and Engle have had their pensions restored which were suspended for the purpose of getting back the Government the amount secured by 6-10ths of a cent per pound, instead of the clerks under the rerating, and the restoration is ordered to begin on the first of

> This is a direct and emphatic admission on the part of the authorities of the Interior Department that they were wrong in demanding the resignation of these clerks, and where justice comes in, in taking from these men their pensions for a whole year and then restoring the pension before the full amount secured by the rerating is recovered, is one of the queries among the Grand Army men here which has not yet been answered.

#### TO PASS THE OPTION BILL A Strong Feeling in Its Favor in the Lower

House. WASHINGTON, September 8 .- Knowing the despair and disgust of the agricultural

and industrial elements in regard to bills in which they are specially interested, it is probable that one for the passage of which they have generally petitioned will be yet taken up and considered at least by the House. It is the bill to prohibit dealing in options, which method of speculating has at times so serious an effect on the prices of grain, flour, pork and other necessaries. Mr. Cannon, of the Committee on Rules said to-day that he for one was heartily in pledged for a portion of the debt of Cuba, so favor of fixing a day for the consideration of that there would be he thought a majority and probably all of the committee were in symhowever, for the consideration of the bill by

## SOON REST AT ARLINGTON.

#### Congressman O'Neill Very Confident That the Grant Resolution Will Pass. FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

WASHINGTON, September 8 .- Repre sentative O'Neill said to the correspondent of THE DISPATCH to-day that he expected to make a motion, probably one week from to-day, to suspend the rules and pass the Plumb resolution, providing for the removal of the remains of General Grant from "Stable-Side-on-the-Hudson" to Arlington Cemetery. The only thing necessary was to get a chance to make the motion, and he did all sugar bounties and therefore opposed to not doubt his ability to do that. Mr. for Quebec Saturday.

O'Neill has made a thorough canvass of the House on this question and is assured that the resolution will be supported by fully 300

#### HARRISON MAY VETO IT.

#### The River and Harber Rill Does Not Find Favor in His Eyes.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WASHINGTON, September 8 .- The friends of the river and habor bill are greatly alarmed at a report received at the Capito to-day, to the effect that President Harrison is determined to veto the measure. This report is circulated on the authority of one of the highest officials of the War Department, one whose duties directly relate to river and harbor improvements. This official does not say definitely that the President will not sign the bill, but says he greatly fears that he will not. The bill is unusually large this year, the total sum appropriated being \$24,981,295. It has passed both Houses and will be sent to Cresson Springs at once. The men in the House who have had the bill in charge admit that there is serious cause to fear that the President will not sign the bill. They have endeavored

## not sign the bill. They have endeavored unsuccessfully for several weeks past to induce him to signify his friendliness to it, and now they are almost despairing. Moreover, these members have been quietly canvassing the House during the past few days and they privately express the opinion that they will have votes enough to pass the bill over the Presidental veto, should one be forthcoming. In case a veto, should one be forthcoming. In case a veto. should one be forthcoming. In case a veto bly recommend an appropriation of \$15,000,000 to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War in carrying on work already begun.

## A PRESIDENTAL POSSIBILITY.

#### The Victory of Speaker Reed Enthuses the Capital Republicans.

(FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.) WASHINGTON, September 8 .- The news of Speaker Reed's brilliant triumph was received here to-night with great enthusiasm by Republicans and corresponding depression by the Democrats, who wanted to see him defeated before all others. They can't understand it.

"It does not make any difference how ever," said Senator Turpie. "We will have the majority in the next House, and if Reed

has 13,000 majority we'll get up a contest and throw him out."

One would almost think a Presidental election was at hand to see the interest manifested around the bulletin boards. A good deal of money has been won by Republicans, who found any number of Democrats this morning who were willing to bet that the Speaker's majority wauld not be over 1,000. A rousing reception awaits Mr. 1,000. A rousing reception awaits Mr. Reed on his return. It is freely predicted that the result will make him a formidable candidate for the Presidental nomination.

#### EMBRACED THE HEBREW FAITH

#### So That He Could Wed the Only Girl He Ever Loved.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE. NEW YORK, September 8 .- James Kennedy was formally admitted into the Hebrew faith on Sunday night, and was then married according to the rules of that faith to Miss Lizzie Isaacs. The ceremony was performed by Rabbi Witner, of the Keap street synagogue, at the residence of the bride's mother. A year ago Mr. Kennedy became acquainted with Miss Isaacs, and, falling in love with her, gained her consent to marriage, but with the proviso that he should present himself to her mother and obtain her sauction to their union. Mr. Kennedy presented himself, but was unable to get Mrs. Isaacs to consent to the mar-riage. Baffled, Mr. Kennedy for a time gave up the project.

"But," said an intimate friend, "he did not know how much he loved the little Hebrew, and he soon began frequenting the neighborhood of her house. They took They took walks and drives together until the mother liscovered their meetings. This made him nore circumspect, and we were surprised ately when he told us that he was going to marry Lizzie. His friends made inquirie little by little, and finally the whole story came out. To get the girl he gave up the Christian faith, and at the demand of the girl's mother went through the ceremonies which ended with the marriage."

#### RETURNED AS CRIMINALS.

#### A Lawyer's Plea Fails to Save Itulian Immigrants.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW YORK, September 8 .- Judge Lacombe, in the United States Circuit Court, handed down to-day a decision upon which Giuseppe Verano and Rafaello Aleano, Italians, who arrived here on Saturday on the steamer Bolivia, will be sent back on that vessel. The men told Landing Agent Simpson that they had served terms of imprisonment in Italy for assault with knives Their counsel claimed that the offenses were simply misdemeanors and that they should not be sent back as convicts.

The Judge held that as they had been convicted of using deadly weapons they came within the provisions of the Federal statutes prohibiting criminals from landing. Counsel for the men said that it was extremely unfortunate, as one of them has a wife and three children in this country. If they had come as cable passengers instead of in the steerage, he said, they would not have been molested. It is only passengers that the law is applied, he said.

### TRAIN WRECKERS FOILED.

#### A Flagman Saves the Central Fast Express From Destruction.

POUGHKEEPSIE, September 8 .- A desperate attempt was made to-night to wreck the fast St. Louis and Chicago express which leaves New York on the New York Central road at 6 P. M. The train was stopped by a danger signal south of Old Troy, which is 500 yards south of the new Hamburgh drawbridge. Two minutes previous the flagman had discovered several ties standing endways in the culvert near Old Troy, and when he took hold of one of them to remove it he was fired upon from the bushes on the ast side of the track. Knowing that the fast express was nearly due he ran southward and set the danger signal, which

stopped the train. The flagman said the ties stuck up above the rails and would certainly have thrown the train from the track. The fast train was composed of seven or eight sleeping cars all full, two ordinary coaches and a baggage car. There were eight ties on the up main track. There were also two ties placed along side of the rail toward the placed along side of the rail toward the south in order to ditch the train. The train passed here half an hour late.

#### BRILLIANT RECEPTION TO THE PRINCE.

Grand Turnout in Montreal on the Arrival of George of Wales.

MONTREAL, September 8 .- The reception to Prince George of Wales on the occasion of his visit to Montreal to-morrow, promises to be a brilliant and successful affair. The programme for his entertainment during the week consists of a reception, la crosse match, horse racing and a grand ball, which is to take Wednesday ovening. The ships leave

## FIRM IN THE FAITH.

PITTSBURG. TUESDAY.

The Pine Tree State Clings to Her Republican Idols and

He went through the nail works and glass.
Works here, shaking hands with the horny-handed sons of toil. He left on the night
train for Brookville. REED DOUBLES HIS MAJORITY.

Governor Burleigh Re-Elected by Nearly

the Figure of 1888.

THE BIG SPEAKER OUT FOR PRESIDENT. ages Chairman Mapes,

Speaker Reed was yesterday re-elected to Congress by nearly 5,000 majority, double that of two years ago. There were slight Republican losses elsewhere through the State, but the big victory in the First district holds the Governor's plurality nearly up to the Presidental figures of 1888. The vote was rather light.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH.) PORTLAND, September 8. — Thomas Brackett Reed is undoubtedly the biggest man in the State of Maine to-night. He has carried the First Congressional district by double his majority of last time, and has so held up the State ticket in this section that Governor Burleigh has nearly as large majority as two years ago, though he lost elsewhere through the State. The vote was considerably higher than in the Presidental year, but the Democrats lost fully as heavily

n proportion as the Republicans. The total vote of Portland is: For Governor-Burleigh, 3,570; Thompson, 2,127; Clark, 142. For Representative—Reed, 3,648; Frank, 2,169; Hussey, Pro., 77. Four Republican legislators are elected and one Democrat, the latter on account of local dis-satisfaction.

REED'S PROBABLE MAJORITY. Forty-eight out of 53 towns in the First district gave Reed 16,091; Frank, 11,339. Reed's plurality 4,752 against 2,439 in 1888. The remaining towns are small and will not materially change these figures. Cumberland county is incomplete, but no doubt the Republican county ticket is elected by pluralities ranging from 1,500 to 2,000.

One hundred and fifty towns in the State give Burleigh, 30,799; Thompson, 21,000; Clark, 608; scattering, 609. The last time Burleigh had 38,192, Putnam, 28,372; Cushing, 1,112; scattering, 844. Republican plurality 9,779, against 9,820 two years ago, a Democratic gain of 41. Forty-eight out of 53 towns in the First

There is great enthusiasm in the city over Reed's election, and a big meeting was held in City Hall, with an address by Reed, under the auspices of the Young Men's Re-publican Club. Many of the enthusiastic admirers of the big Speaker are already shouting for him for President in 1892. The result in this district is regarded as a stab at Blaine's reciprocity policy, which Reed

#### A QUIET CAMPAIGN.

A dispatch from Bangor says: There has been a quiet campaign in Maine this year, and people have stood around and wondered why big politicians have not come here to why big politicians have not come here to stir them up. The Republicans, as usual, have claimed everything, and at this writing appear to have got all they claimed. The principal State issue was this, advocated and supported by the Democracy: The repeal of the prohibitory law. It is too early now to decide definitely regarding the sult on the legislative ticket, but the

small doubt of a Democratic gaio.

Bangor gives a majority for Burleigh,
Republican, for Governor, of over 300 votes.

The greatest fight in Penobscot county was The greatest fight in remoused mock pro-on Sheriff. The town is sick of mock proon Sheriff. The town is select George W. hibition, and tried to elect George W. F. Brown, who is probably beaten by W. F. Reed. The liquor sellers were divided on the question, and there seems to be no great hopes for a license law in Maine. On the legislative ticket there was much cutting, and it will take the counters a long time to figure up. It is thought that the Demorats gained in the eastern section. Boutelle is jubilent over a re-election, and expects to

#### CHAIRMAN MANLEY'S CLAIMS. A dispatch from Augusta says: Chairman Manley, of the Republican State Committee, sent at midnight the following dispatch to President Harrison:

Maine gives the largest Republican majority cnown in an off year since 1866, and a larger known in an off year since 1868, and a larger majority than given in a Presidental contest since 1868, with the single exceptions of 1884 and 1888. Governor Burleigh is re-elected by a majority exceeding 15,000. Speaker Reed is 
elected by the largest majority he ever received, exceeding 4,500. Representatives Dingley, Bontelle and Milliken are elected by majorities ranging from 3,000 to 5,000. The Pine Tree 
State indorses your administration and re-State indorses your administration, and re-mains firm in its advocacy of American indus-

### A DIFFERENCE OF OPINION.

### mong the Ohio Democrats as to Who

Should Be State Chairman, PEPECHAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR I COLUMBUS, September 8.-The Demoeratic State Central Committee will meet to-morrow to select an executive committee and organize for the campaign. There are indications of trouble over the selection of Chairman and Secretary of the Campaign Committee. T. E. Cromley, who heads the ticket, wants Senator Van Cleaf for Chairman, while the other candidates are opposed to him, as well as their friends. Governor Campbell returned from the East to-day, and three of the candidates on the ticket held a consultation with him relative to the chairmanship, but without result. Van Clear has been advised that he is not the choice of the Payne or McLean interests in the State, and it is also understood that Colonel Brice has intimated he would prefer another.

Cromley and Van Cleaf were McMahon men during the senatorial contest, and are consequently greatly in the minority as regards forces. The other candidates on the ticket fear Cromley will drive the financial support which would come from these sources away from the committee, if he con-tinues to insist on Van Cleaf. It is believed, however, that the latter will be selected and the Representative Gever. a Thomas worker during the senatorial coutest, will be chosen Secretary. The opposi-tion to Van Cleaf are urging Geyer and Captain Gil Bargar for the chairmanship and would be satisfied with either.

#### WITH BEAVER AND HASTINGS.

#### Not Much Enthusiasm About Bellefonte Reception to Candidate Delamater.

PRPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR. BELLEFONTE. September 8. - Senator Delamater arrived here this morning a litafter 9 o'clock. A number of friends, including General Hastings, met him at the station. There was no enthusiasm whatever on his arrival, or drive up the street to the Brockerhoff House, where he had a reception for a few hours. Quite a number came in to see him, many of whom were Democrats. In the afternoon, in company with a party, he went on a special train up the Buffalo Run Railroad to see the college, Governor Beaver and General Hastings being in the party. There was a large audience awaiting him in the college chapel. Dr. Atherion, the President, made an address of walcome, and responses were made

#### CALLING NAMES NOW by Senator Delamater, Governor Beaver and Hastings, Senator Delamater said he was very much

The Editor Whom Artist Whistler Attacked With a Blackthorn

COMES BACK WITH HARD WORDS.

Trouble is Feared. BOTH PAY A VISIT TO PHILADELPHIA AT

There is no Record of Them Speaking as They Passed By, However-The Pitts-The Great Destruction of Life and Property Caused by barg Lender Has a Leuthy Conference

> Editor Moore, who was attacked in London theater Saturday night by Whistler, calls the artist a shriveled little monkey, and intimates that he is in his dotage. The ravages of the floods in Central Europe continne. The Southampton dock strike is assuming a serious phase.

frame of mind and is apparently undis-[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANT.] turbed regarding the political situation. When asked the object of his visit and the length of time he intended remaining, he Theater Royal, Drury Lane, on Saturday replied: "I left Washington late this afternoon and will return in the morning. My object in coming was to bid my daughter goodby. She is going to Europe, and Dick the forthcoming number of that paper, which will be issued to-morrow, Mr. Moore makes the following statement:

has been so taken up at Washingtou attending to Senatorial duties that I have not had time to pay any attention to the workings of Before retiring for the night Senator Quay had a talk with Chairman Andrews, of the of Internal Revenue David Martin. They gave him points on inside campaign matters, and, in taiking afterward upon the subject. Senator Quay expressed himself as satisfied with the condition of the campaign Christopher L. Magee, the Republican leader, of Pittsburg, also arrived in this city to-day and registered at the Stratford, where

and was kicking about on the floor. Mr. Moore then proceeds to describe how, when he was in the theater lobby, he felt a tap on his shoulder and heard a squeaking voice crying: "Hawk! Hawk!" and turning around expecting to find a playful friend, saw a hysterical hornet of Brobdignadean size bobbing about. He adds that at first he thought it was a pantomime property come out for a spree, but gradually he recognized the little Scotch Yankee dancing a Highland fling and swinging a twopennyhalfpenny cane. Mr. Moore, after stating the nature of Whistler's assault and how he (Moore) knocked the artist down, proceeded I am exceedingly sorry, and hope that I only gave Whistler a shaking. He was ignominiously

The two remained chatting pleasantly together for some little time, but the subject of politics was not again touched upon. Collector Martin, after bidding good-by to Mr. Magee, startee, for his office in the post-office building, while the recognized leader of the Allegheny county Republicans continued on his way to the financial centers. Near Eighth and Chestnut he was met by George W. Childs, with whom he talked for some time. After leaving Mr. Childs, Mr. Magee met with Wharton Barker, and the two entered the private office of the banking firm of which Mr. Barker is the head, and remained in close conversation for some which was produced about four years ago at time. At the termination of the interview Mr. Magee declared that his business was Hengler's Cirque.

### Feured at the Southampton Docks.

Pattison and Chairman Keer Seem to b Very Confident of Success, PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. PHILADELPHIA, September 8.-Ex-Gov ernor Pattison, State Chairman Kerr, ex-Representative John E. Faunce, City Chairman Charles P. Donnelly, Samuel Josephs, United States District Attorney John R. Read and B. F. Hall, of Elk county, met at the Democratic State Headventing the trains from passing from quarters to-night, and discussed at length he political situation throughout the State. resist the importation of blacklegs. Suggestions of every nature were made tending to the election of candidate Pattison and an enthusiastic feeling was prevalent.

ing to-night and empowered Chairman William R. Wright to appoint an Executive Committee of nine members to arrange or public mass meetings to be held at the liscretion of the committee, and to act in conjunction with the Democratic City and state committees. The several ward committees, in conjunction with the Democratic City Committee held their meeting to-night at the rooms o Lives Now Endangered. the Americus Club. Delegates were appointed to make an inspection of the asse

#### the meeting on Monday evening next, RUTAN CALLS UPON MAPES,

sor's list of each division and to canvass the

assessed voters, the result of such investiga

ion to be made known to the committee a

And Whispers Words of Encouragements the Independant Chairman's Ear.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR. PHILADELPHIA, September 8.—Chairoan Mapes, of the Independent Republican Committee, was busy all day to-day answering letters from the interior of the State. Charles S. Wolfe, of Union county, called and reported the organization of a Pattison Republican Club at Sharpsburg, and that a large number of disaffected Republicans were giving it hearty support. State Senator James S. Rutan also called on Mr. Mapes, and whispered very encouraging words in his ear. It had been reported that Wharton Barker would in the near future appoint a committee of 50 to look after the Pattison interest in this city. This had probably been confounded with the Lincoln Republican Committee, who have already issued their manifesto. A State Committe will be formed, as originally stated, but no City Committee will be formed. of the city Citizens' Republican Committee

On Friday next the Executive Committee will hold a meeting at their headquarters to devise some means to promote the election of the Republican State ticket, and also to appoint a permanent Chairman to succeed Frank M. Riter, who has only been tem porarily in charge.

#### MYSTERIOUS SHOOTING CASE,

Arrest of a Hunter Suspected of Killing a Companion.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. HOUTZDALE, PA., September 8,-Yester day two men named G. S. Baker and William Todhunter, each with a gun, went hunting in this neighborhood. Toward evening they reached Atlantic mines, and while there a shot from one of the guns passed through the head of Baker, killing him instantly. Todhunter was arrested for having fired the shot and killing Baker, but he insists that the latter committed

The Dockers' Strike is Spreading and

PRESE OUTBREAK OF AN EPIDEMIC.

the Floods.

LONDON, September 8,-The fracas at evening during the performance of 'A Million of Money," in which the wellknown artist, James McNeil Whistler, assaulted Augustus M. Moore, the editor of the Hawk, is the talk of all the clubs in

I have long prided myself on being the only editor who, from respect to his art, has never helped Whistler to write himself down an ass by publishing his silly letters. There is some thing sofrowful in seeing a great artist in his declining years turning literary cartwheels in the gutter, but this little withered old man, who has sucked the blood of notoriety all his life, and who has fondly fooled himself that he is a great chief, and that by buying donkey hair wigs he has been taking men's scalps, will not be comforted. Alas! you cannot save fools from their friends; only the Almighty can guide our actions. I am punished for my preumption. Only think of it, I have had to slap Whistler, 1 am sorry, but my Irish blood got the better of me, and before I thought of it the shriveled up little monkey was knocked over

#### THE STRIKE EXTENDING.

Considerable Excitement and Trouble

(BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.) SOUTHAM PTON, September 8.-Intense excitement exists throughout the town. The dock laborers have been joined in their strike by the coal porters, sailors and firemen, who demand that their union shall be recognized, and also protest against the offer of the company to give permanent work to the casual hands. The men are also prerailway station to the docks and intend to

Sixty railway constables arrived from London this morning, but before they could enter the docks some of them were very roughly handled by the strikers, who are disposed to be riotous, but who have promised that they will not do anything to interfere with the service of the passenger trains unless the company goes in for importing

#### RAVAGES OF THE FLOODS. Any Amount of Property and Thousands o

TBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. 1 VIENNA, September 8 .- Advices from lieder Poyritz state that 25 people have perished in the floods on the frontier of Bohemian Saxony. The Torgan garrison was despatched in boats to save the villagers. In the inundated districts on the right bank of the Elbe many houses have been swept away and hundreds of cattle have been lost. The water is increasing and more dams are bound to burst, threatening thousands with the loss of their property, if not of

their lives. TWO NOTED MEN DROWNED. The Sail Boat Sprang a Leak and Sauk

During a Storm. IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. BERLIN, September 8.-Herr Joseph Kaffsack, aged 40, a noted sculptor and one of the competitors for the Kaiser Wilhelm memorial, and Paul Weiner, 30 years old, the well-known painter of genre pictures, who are both natives of this city, were drowned in the Great Haxeellak on Sunday night through their own sail boat springing

#### Fresh Outbreak of an Epidemic

a leak and sinking during a storm.

CRY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANT.) VIENNA, September 8 .- A dispatch from Ratibor states that hunger-typhus has again appeared in its old hotbed in the Rybriik district. Many families of weavers are afflicted at Domaine. In the Modlisguck circuit of Guesupsen over a hundred farm hands are stricken with stomach typhus having been compelled to eat diseased pork.

Three New Conneders to be Built. [BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] LIVERPOOL, September 8 .- The Cunard Company is about to add three new fast ships to its Atlantic fleet.

## ANGRY AT CARNEGIE.

Englishmen Take Offense at Some of His Recent Remarks. clated Press.]

LONDON, September 8.-Some of the remarks made by Mr. Carnegie in his recent speech at Dublin raised angry feelings in he bosom of English aristocracy. He attacked the upper classes of the Queen's sub-jects, declaring that were it not for the fact that the property of the aristocracy is entailed, so that they can use only the in-come, they would drink and gamble them-selves into poverty within five years. The speaker also ridiculed royalty, and made some claims for the American system of government which, according to the opin-ion of several Americans who heard him, were hardly borne out by the practical workings of political institutions in that country.

RUSSIA AGAINST THE CHINESE. ST. PETERSBURG-The Russian Government, fearing an increase of Chinese co onization in the Province of Ussuri and wishing to develop Russian colonization in the province, proposes to place a heavy tax upon the Chinese and Corean inhabitants, and to make numerous land grants to Eus-

#### EXPECTING THE EMPEROR. VIENNA - Extensive preparations are being made for the reception of Emperor

William, who is expected to arrive October 2, when he will accompany the Austrian Emperor on a shooting trip in Syria. NO MORE SOLDIERS AT PRESENT. BERLIN-The Post says that the Government does not propose to make a further in-crease in the military until the end of the

STABBED BY SPANIARDS. GIBRALTAR-Three British officers were stabbed here to-day in an affray with Span-iards. The trouble arose over a dispute over

THE DANUBE IS FALLING. VIENNA-The Danube river is falling, but there is still three feet of water in the Prater and on the Freudenau race course.

AN ANTI-STRIKE UNION. DUBLIN—The leading merchants of this city are considering the advisability of forming an anti-strike union.

WRATH OF A WORLD'S FAIR DIRECTOR He Resigns His Position and Answers Sov eral Charges Against Him. CHICAGO, September 8.-In a somewhat tart letter Vice President T. B. Bryan, of

the World's Fair directory, resigned his position this evening. Mr. Bryan has taken prominent part in the World's Fair movement from the very start, and his suddon ment from the very start, and his suddon resignation caused no small commotion. Mr. Bryan's letter opens with a brief paragraph announcing that the coming election of a director general should relieve the directory from the necessity of paying for the services of an active vice president.

The letter their continues through several pages of type-written copy wholly devoted to the self-defense of Mr. Bryan against charges that he got \$10,000 to go to Georgia to the self-defense of Mr. Bryan against charges that he got \$10,000 to go to Georgia and did not get the vote of a single Congressman from Ceorgia for Chicago; that Mr. Bryan sent his son to Sweden for information which any consul in the country could have furnished, and that a gentleman who has been slated for director general

and who has been log-rolling for the Jack-son Park site got \$10,000 for going to Paris for information that was already available in Chicago. Mr. Bryan denies that missions to Paris or Sweden cost the directors cent, but declares that he not only had no money for a Georgia trip, but he never made such a journey. The charges Mr. Bryan ascribes to a State Senator residing in Chicago.

ESCAPE OF A WRECKER. Where the Villains Went After Obstruction the Central Track. ALBANY, September 8 .- It was rumored party to the placing of the obstructions on the New York Central road, which caused the wreck on Friday morning, had skipped the town. The whole story of the move-

structions is as follows: The five men, after completing their dastardly work, took the river road for Lorenzo Miller's house, where it is supposed they stopped for a drink of water. Miller is a Knight of Labor and went out on strike, but has since returned to work in West Albany, having the sauction of the Knights who were out to do so. The name of the man who is missing it is rumored is Egen Yager, a striking Knight, who, on August 23, in company with Kiernan, the man nor in custody, was arrested and fined for assault on Charles Dillon, a Central road passenger

ments of the wreckers after placing the ob-

#### GLASS WORKERS MEET SECRETLY.

Leading Representatives Present From

Different Parts of the Country. LOUISVILLE, September 8 .- The leading plate glass workers of the country are holding meetings at New Albany with closed doors. Among those present from other cities are: James Valentine and James Lester, Butler, Pa.; Arthur Knight, Crystal City; Mr. Harry Payton, Price Dixon, Frank Jones, Kokomo, Ind.; Otto Linne and several others from the great works at Creighton, Tarentum and Ford City, Pa., together with several leading members of the Knights of Labor, who are here to assist in the organization of the union free which were held in Clapp's Hall Saturday night and yesterday, and the work will be continued to-day and to-morrow. Their purpose is to form a national association similar to the Window Glass Workers' As-

#### ociation. COLLISION IN THE RAPIDS. One Barge Is Split Open and Goes to the

Bottom. PORT HURON, MICH., September 8 .-The barge W. F. Tremble, in tow of the steamer Blanchard, was run into by the steam barge W. L. Whitmore in the rapids opposite Fort Gratiot at an early hour this morning and sunk in 35 feet of water.

The Tremble was split open and went to
the bottom in two minutes. All the crew
succeeded in making their escape, except a young man named McWaw, who was

#### PREACHER SENTENCED TO PRISON. He Pleaded Gallty to Stealing a Watch

From Another Minister. GRAND RAPIDS, September 8 .- The Rev. Adolph Dollinger, Secretary of the Northwest Orphan Asylum at Green Bay, Wis., recently arrested for stealing a watch from Louis, Mich., pleaded guilty to-day. The prisoner was sentenced to imprison ent for one year.

#### JUDGE CHRISTIANCY DEAD.

The Sufferings of the Aged Statesman Ended at Last. LANSING, MICH., September 8.-Judge Christiancy died this evening at 6:30 o'clock after an illness of many months. From 1857 to 1875 he occupied the beach of the Supreme Court of Michigan. He was also an ex-United States Schator and ex-

Earned Over \$3,000,000.

LOUISVILLE, September 8.—Frame Clar of Paris, Ky., who abscorded about a mon-age after having forged a paper on I father and grandenther to the amount \$75,000, was brought to the plane.

# WOLD STILLE A WORK IN ALLEGHA

THREE

Found by Quite a Large Party That

Was Sent From New York City TO REPLACE STRIKERS AT IRWIN.

Their Own Story of the Manner in Which They Were Induced to

TURN IN THEIR DOLLARS TO BENEFIT

One of the Metropolitan Representative Employment

Agencies, Men who were brought from New York to Western Pennsylvania, being promised work in the mines at Irwin, tell an interesting story of their treatment by the agent

who engaged them. There were 126 of

these laborers. They did not go to work at but many have found jobs in Pittsout many
vicinity.

N Superintendent John P. Wolf, of
the F Ous Coal Company, informed a
morter Friday last that his

compan tonjunction with the Westmoreland to by, had determined to break
the strike the their resolve, and went systematically to work to accomplish this end. S. F. Sloniska is an employment agent at

No. 10 Battery Building, New York City, whose mission is to provide work for any innocent laborer who is foolish enough to believe in his promises or capability of do-ing so. Mr. Sloniska thrives, as the sequel shows. He inserted an advertisement in a New York German paper, at the instance of some people whose identity is not revealed. but may be surmised, in the following terms:

WANTED-200 men. Steady work. Wages from \$2 to \$3 per day. Fare Free. No strike guaranteed, S. F. SLONISKA, No. 10 Battery Building.

WHAT THEY WERE TOLD. In response to this enticing "ad" of Mr. Sloniska an army of the unemployed of the big metropolis appeared in the gentleman's parlor. From these he selected 126 of the most promising, and told them that there was grand work, plenty of money, comfortable houses, and a perfect Elysium at a place called Irwin, in Pennsylvania. It was a coal mining town; a new company was just beginning to operate and wanted men. Would they go? Oh, yes; delighted. And 126 victims of Mr. Sloniska's wily ways agreed to enter the service of the new pany at the terms offered. When si When should they start? Immediately; but there was a little financial transaction to be arranged first. What was that? Oh, Mr. Sloniska was disposed to help his fellow man in every way in his power, but he had to live. He was under great expense, and would ask each of his friends to pay him \$2 or \$1, as they could spare it, in return for having found them employment. And then each of the needy ALBANY, September 8.—It was rumored that one of the men arrested for being a party to the placing of the obstructions on the New York Central road, which caused them that they would be under no expense. structions to pay their fare. And on last Thursday a motley crowd of Swedes, Germans and Hungarians embarked on board of

> to a DISPATCH reporter last night, INFORMED OF THE STRIKE. Arrived at Irwin, local officials of the United Mine Workers were not slow to acquaint the men that they had come to replace striking miners. scence in the state of affairs they at one determined not to work when they should be called upon. But it seems they were not given the chance of refusing. Upon their arrival there was no accommodation provided for them, and they sought the best shelter they could in deserted houses, and rested at night upon straw.

three special cars, in Jersey City, and found

themselves on route for Irwin station movement

This is the story as related by the men

such food as they could procure from their own seanty store, and for three days they lived in this precarious way. Finally an official brought them to this city yesterday, and procured them quarters at night in the Bethel Home. It was here that a DIS-PATCH reporter learned their tale, as related above. The official who came with them busied himself in finding them work, and successfully, as most of them go to work today, on the Pittsburg, Allegheny and Man-chester electric line for Booth & Flinn. They are all hardy looking men, and accustomed to the ways of the country. There was not a new arrival among the

The local officials provided them with

#### all being in the country for a longe shorter period. Some are mechani-brewery hands, blacksmiths, but as far could be learned, there was not a miner he crowd. The United Miners bore th cost of their transportation and subsequer expense while here.

A WEALTHY YOUNG SMUGGLER. He Tried to Bring in \$9.000 Worth of Jews elry Without Paying Duty.

NEW YORK, September 8 .- W. K. Medhurst, a young Englishman who some time ago inherited \$500,000 from his uncle, arrived at this port yesterday on board the steamship Power Hill from Liverpool. He brought along with him his horses, carriages, etc., intending to remain here for some time. To-day, Special Agent Wilbur, of the Treasury Department, ordered a careful examination of Mr. Medburst's baggage. The result is that there is now in the seigure room of the Custom House about \$9,000 worth of diamonds and pearls, put together

in the most exquisite workmanship.

The jewels were found in Mr. Medhurst's baggage and as they were all ornaments fit only for a lady's use and with monograms on them that did not correspond with the initials, they were promptly seized. The most valuable is a triple pearl necklace, valued at \$7,000. All that Mr. Medhurst said when the seizure was made was that when the goods were sold he would be on

#### hand to buy them in. FAILURE OF NEW YORK HOUSES.

The Firm Follows Georgia Speculation

and Runs Into Debt. NEW YORK, September 8.-The Sheriff

to-day closed the store of E. Karelson's Sons, stocking manufacturers, Nos. 111 and 113 Franklin street; the factory of the Schaped Seamless Stocking Company, One Hundred and Seventh street and First avenue, and the store of E Karleson, importer of precious stones, No. 16 Manual lane, all three concerns being run by January E. Karleson, Adolphus Karleson and Frank E. Karleson, against whom a judgment was entered today by consent for \$8,565, in favor of Marie Anne Levy, on unpaid promissory demand BOSTON, September 8.—Approximated earnings of the Atchingon system including the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway, and one-half of the Atlastic and Pacific for August: Gross, \$3,495,221; Increase \$497,750.

Two years ago the firm became interin the Georgia Hosiery Company, of Macon, Ga., which failed recently, and this failure is the cause of the firm's embarrassment.

The debts of the concern are about \$100,000, and it is expected that the assets will make a good showing.